for last evening was a grand success. In spite of a severe windstorm the hall was packed to its utmost capacity. The meeting was addressed by Hon. M. D. Jackson, Hon. William M. Roberts, Genton P. Schwenk and Representative Joseph Sterk. The meeting will prove productive of much good for the ticket.

Some Plain Talk from Dorsey.

NORFOLK, Neb., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—In spite of a light but disagreeable rain that set in about 7 o'clock the opera house was filled to its utmost capacity this evening by the immense audience that came out to hear Judge Thurston, Congressman Dorsey and General Conner speak on the issues of the present campaign. Many ladies braved the threatened storm, while the remainder of the audience was composed of the best men of this section. A considerable number of democrats were out, and Dr. Bear, the democratic candidate for lieutenant governor, and wife were among those invited to seats upon the stage. Mr. Dorsey was the first speaker, and after a complimentary reference to Norfolk plunged at once into business by giving the World-Herald fake a thorough dressing down. He said he didn't object to anything the democrats might call him, so long as they did not call him a fool, and when the World-Herald attached his name to a telegram that would stamp its sender as an idiot, he thought it was time to kick. He would admit having sent a number of telegrams to Mr. Quay as chairman of the republican national committee, and to the republican congressional committee, of which he was a member. But he never appealed to Quay to have the manufacturers lower their prices. He was willing that the real telegrams sent to Quay should be published after election, when it would not hurt to reveal the plans and work of the party, and when that time came he was willing to draw his check for $5,000 and place it in the hands of J. H. Millard, Hitchcock to cover it with a check for a like amount, then allow Judge Savage to choose a republican and a democrat, and if the three found that the telegram he sent Quay could be construed to contain any such matter as the World-Herald published he would donate the $5,000 to any charity Hitchcock might name. Mr. Dorsey's address was devoted almost entirely to a review of the work of the Fifty-first congress, showing what had been accomplished for the benefit of the farmer, the workingman, the old soldiers and the whole country. Judge Thurston followed Mr. Dorsey, and for two hours he held his audience spellbound by his eloquent presentation of sound republican doctrine. His review of the intent and benefit of the McKinley bill was masterly, and his telling blows against its enemies were received with storms of applause, in which even democrats joined. The arguments presented completely refuted the statements of independent and democratic orators who have held forth in Norfolk during this campaign, and Judge Thurston and Mr. Dorsey have both made friends and won votes for the republican party by their efforts tonight. Owing to the lateness of the hour when Mr. Thurston closed, General Conner did not speak.

Republican Enthusiasm at Holdrege.

HOLDREGE, Neb., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The most successful republican rally of the campaign was held here tonight. Fully 1,500 people crowded the opera house to listen to Harlan and Nettleton. Nettleton confined himself principally to a review of the state railroad legislation as brought about by the republican party. He was followed by Mr. Harlan, who made a short but impressive speech upon the importance of casting votes where they would count and not be thrown away by sending a man to congress who would be a political nonentity, recognized by neither party, but standing at one side.

Senator Manderson, who unexpectedly ran up from Hastings, followed with a powerful and instructive review of the laws passed by the present congress, notably the silver and McKinley bill. His speech was the finest ever heard here and every point was greeted with enthusiastic applause.

Rev. J. G. Tate at Red Cloud.

RED CLOUD, Neb., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Rev. J. G. Tate addressed the largest political gathering of the season at the opera house here this evening. His speech was full of actual facts concerning the record of the republican party and outlined its work and its principles from its organization up to the present time in a masterly way. His handling of the tariff question and the McKinley bill denoted that he was intimately acquainted with these issues, and the frequent outbursts of applause demonstrated how cleverly he placed the subjects before his audience, many of whom were farmers. The latter are rapidly seeing through the democratic alliance scheme to divide the republican party and are daily abandoning the independent party and getting back into line. Webster county, the home of McKeighan, will roll up a good majority for Harlan on November 4.

Another Democratic Fizzle.

WAHOO, Neb., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The democrats held what was to be a grand rally here today. The affair had been extensively advertised all over the county, and there were by actual count only eighty-seven persons who listened to the speeches, which fell flat. The democrats are on the run, and the rout will be complete by November 4. The republican tidal wave is increasing and will sweep this county with the grandest victory in years. At every republican rally there are large and enthusiastic audiences. Tonight fifty persons in carriages went from here to Mead to hear Hon. M. B. Rees and J. R. Deland. They report a magnificent audience and a splendid outlook for the republican victory.

Dorsey and Connor at Creighton.

CREIGHTON, Neb., Oct. 29.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Hon. G. W. E. Dorsey and General Connor last evening addressed a large audience in the opera house. The house was crowded from pit to dome. Mr. Dorsey's speech was delivered under a constant storm of applause. He discussed the tariff and silver bills and reviewed the last session of congress. General Conner followed in an address which held the attention of the immense audience for an hour. The meeting was a perfect success.

Boyd and Gannon at West Point.

WEST POINT, Neb., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—James E. Boyd spoke in West Point this evening. In his address he stated his position on prohibition, harrangued the audience on the tariff issue, discussed the railroad question, and attempted to show how the poor laboring man suffered from the tariff. M. V. Gannon and others then spoke, after which the meeting merged into a mutual admiration society.

Hon. F. I. Foss at Dorchester.

DORCHESTER, Neb., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The opera house was filled to overflowing to listen to the eloquent address from Hon. T. I. Foss of Crete upon the issues of the day. He convinced all by his logic that the welfare of the state and the prosperity of our people was sure in the election of the republican state ticket. Many votes were made for Harlan and the legislative ticket of this county.

Anti-Prohibition Meeting at Gibbon.

GIBBON, Neb., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The high license party has made preparations and engaged speakers for a meeting to be held on the evening of October 31. This is the first anti-prohibition meeting held in Gibbon, and the prospect is good for a large attendance. Many people are expected from surrounding towns.

Mr. Tate at Ashland.

ASHLAND, Neb., Oct. 25.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The final republican speech of the campaign was made by Rev. J. G. Tate of Lincoln in this city this evening. He dwelt principally on the tariff bill and other republican measures. A rousing meeting was held notwithstanding the rainy weather.

To Relieve Distressed Ireland.

DUBLIN, Oct. 29.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—Balfour has pushed forward his arrangements for the construction of railways in the distressed districts in the west of Ireland. The work of building roads will furnish employment for hosts of laborers, besides those living in districts through which roads will be built. Men coming from a distance can, if they desire, have part of their wages remitted free of charge to their families.

STATE NEWS.

Was Farmer Dolison Murdered?

EXETER, Neb., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Over three hundred men met at the farm of Thomas Dolison this morning and spent the day in thoroughly searching the premises and the country for miles around without result. The prevailing opinion now seems to be that Dolison was decoyed away and murdered. A neighboring farmer heard a pistol shot in the direction of his house upon the night of his disappearance. The missing man has been living here two years, coming from Odell in Gage county. He left about $500 worth of property and his indebtedness was small. He lived alone and had no family.

Bound Over in $500.

IMPERIAL, Neb., Oct. 29.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Charles Bogenrief, living several miles southwest of this place, was arrested a few days ago and had his preliminary examination before Judge Burke yesterday. About two months ago Bogenrief executed a warranty deed to one Heckman, but the deed was never recorded. He afterwards made and executed a deed on the same quarter section of land to C. C. Burr of Lincoln, which was recorded. Heckman is the prosecuting witness. Judge Burke bound the prisoner over to the district court in $500 bonds, which he was unable to give, his own father even, who was on his bond before the preliminary, refusing to sign his bond for appearance at the district court.

Libel Suit for $5,000.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—B. S. Littlefield, editor of the Nebraska State Laborer, has commenced suit against Bushell & Cox, publishers of the Lincoln Call, for $5,000 damages. Littlefield declares in his petition that he was brought into public scandal and disgrace and has suffered financial loss by certain libelous statements made in the Call of August 26. Among these statements are the allegations that Littlefield had been expelled from the Knights of Labor for violating the laws of the order and that he was a tool of the railroads.

Fire at Fremont.

FREMONT, Neb., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—At 12 o'clock tonight the fine barn belonging to Fred Meyer caught fire and was burned to the ground with its contents, including three horses, a cow, grain and hay. Loss about $3,000; insured.

Will Issue the Bonds.

LEXINGTON, Neb., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—An election was held here today to determine whether or not the council should issue water bonds in the sum of $19,000. The vote was affirmative by about two-thirds' majority.

Sudden Death of a Banker.

WEST POINT, Neb., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—John Pfeiffer, a banker died this evening. He lived in Fremont and returned to this place only a few months ago. His death was very sudden and its cause is not yet known.

The Baptist State Convention.

FREMONT, Neb., Oct. 22.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The attendance today, the second day of the Baptist state convention, reached 190, and with the increase in the numbers present there is an apparent increase in the interest and enthusiasm of all discussions. Today's programme was opened with a devotional meeting conducted by Rev. S. Miller of Chapman. This was followed by the election of officers for the Sunday school convention for the ensuing year, which resulted as follows: A. H. Weir, Lincoln, president; W. C. Macleod, Omaha, vice president; Wilmot Zediker, Grand Island, recording secretary; Rev. E. A. Russell, corresponding secretary.

Rev. Thomas Stephenson of Omaha followed in an able address on temperance. Among other things he urged the necessity of training the children if we were to see temperance millenium. He declared that it was also the duty of the Sunday school superintendent and pastor to abstain from the use of the sweet-scented Havanna if they would have the boys kept from the vile cigarette. Dr. Tolman of Chicago and Editor Williams of the Kansas City (Kan.) Chronicle also spoke on kindred topics. Rev. M. M. Lewis of Nebraska City discussed the subject of books, papers and lesson helps for Sabbath schools. The general discussion brought out many new ideas and valuable suggestions. Dr. Hulbert of Morgan Park (Ill.) theological seminary made answers to questions in the question box. Among other things he said that no preparation could fit a woman for the ministry.

The afternoon session began the state convention and opened with a devotional meeting conducted by Rev. J. M. Wood of Plattsmouth. At 2:30 the annual sermon was preached by Rev. J. D. Palis of Red Cloud. His theme was missionary work and spirit, and the sermon a forceful and eloquent one. Rev. E. R. Curry, pastor of the local church, made an address of welcome. It was responded to by the president, L. G. M. Baldwin. Committees on organization, resolutions, etc., were appointed and will report tomorrow morning. The committee on Christian beneficence reported through Rev. J. V. Whiting of Blair, who pleaded for vigorous work along that line.

The paster's conference elected as officers for the ensuing year: President, Rev. J. C. H. Read, D.D., Grand Island; secretary, Rev. L. W. Terry, Lincoln.

The officers chosen by the young people were: President, E. E. Bennett; vice president, M. G. Macleod; corresponding secretary, Miss L. Zediker; recording secretary, Miss Alma Benedict; treasurer, Miss Lettie Legge.

Committee on Programme—C. H. Bottum, W. E. Zediker, Mrs. James Carpenter. Committee to represent Nebraska young people on the national executive committee—M. G. Macleod and Rev. L. W. Terry.

The matter of co-ordinate organization with the state convention was referred to the last named committee, and notice given of proposed amendment to the constitution. The report of the committee on resolutions was adopted as follows:

Resolved, That we recognize in The Loyalist the first Baptist young people's organ, which gives exclusive attention to their needs. We endorse its motto and aims, and hope that it may be found in the hands of every member.

Resolved, That our watchword shall be organization for the Baptist young people in church and association in state and nation.

THE SPEED RING.

Independence Races.

INDEPENDENCE, Ia., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The first race called today was the unfinished free-for-all pace. Wilky Russell won in two straight heats. Summary:

Wilky Russell	2	2	1	1	1
Almont Bashaw	1	1	3	3	3
Tangent	3	3	2	2	2

Time—2:18¾, 2:15¾, 2:17, 2:17¾.

The next was the unfinished 2:35 trot. Egbentine won, Ashland Prince second, Ocala third. Best time—2:25.

In the regular events Raymond Wilkes won the two-year-old class, Primrose second. Best time—2:22¼.

Second race, 2:40 pace—Sunset Patcheon won the third, fourth and fifth heats, Mike Logan standing second. Best time—2:25¼.

Third race, 2:40 trot—Greenbash Star won, Jim Star second, Clingstone II third. Best time—2:25¼.

The free-for-all that was declared off, thus ending the regular events. Tomorrow will be devoted exclusively to standard breeders' stakes.

DIED.

DOSTER—October 29, Mabel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Milton J. Doster, aged four years and nine months.

Funeral today at 10 a. m. from the family residence, 1812 Paul street to Prospect Hill cemetery. Star, Fremont, Ind., please copy.

REGISTER TOMORROW.

BOURBONS TURN TO BURGLARY

A Dissolute Young Man Hired to Pilfer Republican Headquarters.

THE FARMERS' ALLIANCE CONVENTION.

An Independent Political Movement Favored by the Speakers—International Bee Keepers' Association—The Joint Rate Cases.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—George Hutchins, son of ex-Labor Commissioner E. R. Hutchins, confessed today to the burglary of the republican state central committee's headquarters and the abstraction of a large number of letters, some of which have been published by the democratic papers. The letters are mostly the views of the local republican workers as to the political situation, some of them acknowledging the receipt of funds from the state central committee, and one purporting to be from J. S. Clarkson at Washington, promising funds for Iowa, which Chairman Mack pronounces a forgery. Forty-three of the letters were returned today by the democratic state committee and the Des Moines Leader, and it is thought others are still in their hands.

The young man has been in the employ of the republican state committee as a sort of assistant clerk, but was not entrusted with any of the keys. He says he was paid $11 by the democratic committee at one time and $40 at another, and intimates that he had an accomplice. He is a dissolute character, and was only employed by the committee at the earnest solicitation of his father. The democrats have sought to make a great sensation out of the matter, but their criminal connection with the matter will be likely to overcome any harm they may have done to the republican party.

The Alliance Convention.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 29.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The state convention of the farmers' alliance opened this morning with about four hundred delegates present, and a large number of others arrived during the day. President Furrow, in his annual address, said:

"We hailed the opening of last spring in the hope of a bountiful harvest. In that we have been disappointed, but we know of no better plan than to hang to the willows. Some of the industrial conditions must be remedied by better farming, some by legislation, and if at present the public men do not give the relief they must step down and out. But will anyone desert the alliance because of discouragement?"

He exhorted the members of the alliance to band together, vote together and present a firm and united front to the monopolies of the country.

Among the five minute speakers following was Rev. Henry Wallace, editor of the Iowa Homestead. He saw no failure in the farm movement. The farmers' alliance had given the state of Iowa the best railroad law in the United States. No organization had as much influence at Washington as the Iowa alliance, because it had been moderate, firm and just in its demands. H. H. Haff, editor of the Dehorner of Chicago, being present, entertained the convention with an interesting account of the workings of the Farmers' Mutual Benefit association in Illinois, but advised the Iowa farmers not to join it, saying the alliance was good enough. He warned the alliance against any consolidation with the national farmers' alliance or industrial union, saying there was fraud in that organization. Mr. Rogers of Dallas county said that the alliance must organize for a political force, not as a partisan force, but to control political action. He said politicians must be kept out of the ranks. He thought the alliance must organize as a political party. There was no other way. E. P. Brown of Pottawattamie county, candidate for secretary of state on the union labor ticket, thought political action was necessary. Mr. Miller of Sac county warned the farmers against independent political action. Farmer organizations were not strong enough to be successful by an independent party. They should rather go to the polls and cast an independent ballot, voting for the best man in whatever party. Griffith of Cass spoke upon the folly of the staying out of politics. He said it was foolish to endeavor to control the party caucus and the old parties. These old parties were opposed to each other, and brought alliance men into conflict. The farmers must organize a political party. He referred to the political action of the southern alliance and the movement in Nebraska, and eulogized their action.

Committees on resolutions, dues and secret work were appointed in the afternoon amid much confusion.

The secretary's report shows that in the past year the membership increased 14,836. The secretary recommends action looking to a lessening of the burden of taxation on farm property and placing it more largely on railway and personal property.

The Supreme Court.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—In the supreme court today a decision was rendered in the case of the state against M. E. Billings, in which it was sought to tax the cost of printing the state's abstract to Bremer county. The court holds that the state must pay its own bills in such cases. The matter was brought before the executive council some time ago, and the payment was resisted by Governor Boies; hence the decision. Other decisions filed were:

Judge vs Jordan & O'Connor, appellants; Clinton district; affirmed.

Smith & Smith, appellants, vs Decock; Marion district; affirmed.

Fullerton lumber company, appellants, vs Spencer; Woodbury district; reversed.

Brooke, administratrix, vs Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway company, appellant; Jasper district; affirmed.

Cook & Wheeler vs Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad company, appellant; Jasper district; modified and affirmed.

Furman vs Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad company, appellant; Muscatine district; reversed.

Beyer, appellant, vs Thoeming; Scott district; affirmed.

To Enforce the Joint Rates.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 29.—[Special to THE BEE.]—According to instructions issued yesterday, the attorney general will at once begin suits against the Iowa Central, the Chicago & Northwestern, the Rock Island, the Milwaukee, Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Sioux City & Pacific and Minneapolis & St. Louis railways, to compel them to adopt the Iowa commission's schedule of joint rates, which took effect October 25. The commission is informed by the attorney general that these suits will be brought immediately in the Council Bluffs court and pressed to an early conclusion, providing the supreme court in the case now pending does not sooner decide that the law is unconstitutional, which, of course, the attorney general thinks is not likely to happen.

The Bee Keepers.

KEOKUK, Ia., Oct. 29.—The twenty-first annual convention of the International Bee association met in this city today, delegates being present from all parts of the United States and Canada. The day was devoted to the annual report of the president and the reading of various papers relating to apiculture.

At tonight's session a committee was appointed to secure an appropriation from the general government, to be used in securing the best bees in the Orient or elsewhere for the purpose of experiments looking to still greater improvements in good bees.

A Verdict for the Paper.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The jury in the case of Frank Millar against the Gazette company of this city for $10,000 damages for libel, after being out over twenty-four hours, returned a verdict this afternoon in favor of the defendant.

Using the Safety Couplers.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 29.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The Illinois Cenral railway company has commenced the work of equipping all freight and coal cars intended for use on the Iowa division with air brakes and safety couplers, as provided by the Coffin bill passed by the last assembly. All new cars are being so outfitted, while the old ones will go into the shops to be equipped in this way as fast as they can be spared. The Coffin bill gives all the roads of the state two years in which to make the change.

A Fatal Hemorrhage.

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 29.—John W. Duffy, who came here from Burlington, Ia., in April, was seized with a violent hemorrhage on the street today and died before the flow of blood could be stopped.

BORN OF MALICE.

President Adams Refutes Reports About the Condition of His Road.

In regard to the physical condition of the Union Pacific and the stories recently put in circulation about it, President Adams said last night: "They are mainly malicious and originate, as we here well know, with some of the officials recently discharged from the company's service. I have just been over the main line from Ogden to Omaha and it is in better physical condition than I ever saw it before. The condition of the Oregon Short Line is not nearly so good, but this is wholly due to the fact that the 370,000 ties contracted for it last year were largely swept away by the spring freshets and the deliveries which should have been made in March, April and May were not made until August, September and October. These ties are now being put under the track as rapidly as possible, and if the cold weather holds off the road will be in good condition by the first of December.

"As to the traffic of the road, the only mistake the officials have made has been to try to do this year's business with last year's equipment. The board of direction, fully appreciating the probable growth of tonnage, made ample provision for it. One hundred and seventy locomotives are to be added to our power and some thirty-six hundred freight cars, or a new locomotive every other day of the year and half a full train of freight cars for every day of the year. The orders for this equipment were given at the usual time, but owing to the crowded condition of the shops at the east the contracts have not yet been filled and the deliveries, which should have been made October 1, have not yet come along.

"Accordingly our facilities have been overcrowded and we have had more than the usual number of wrecks and delays. This is rapidly being remedied and there is every reason to believe that the difficulties under which we have labored will be wholly removed by the middle of November. After a very careful examination I am satisfied that the only thing the Union Pacific is now suffering from is a plethora of riches. It is much in the position of a hundred horse power engine which is worked to move machinery requiring a hundred and fifty horse power. The engine is badly racked in the effort. Whatever rumors may be circulated, these are the facts, and in regard to the Union Pacific it will inevitably so appear a little later on. The necessary remedy for the trouble has already been applied; that is, the service has been reduced within the limits of the facilities at the company's command, and the effort to do too much with insufficient means has been checked."

TWO GHASTLY WOUNDS.

They Will Undoubtedly Cost Otto Weinstone His Life.

A farmhand named Otto Weinstone, working on M. F. Chapman's farm about two miles west of Florence, shot himself yesterday morning, about 9 o'clock, with suicidal intent.

At a late hour last night the unfortunate man was still alive, but no hopes were entertained of his recovery.

Yesterday morning Weinstone harnessed his team, as usual, for the purpose of hauling manure. At the hour mentioned it is supposed he went to the well to take a drink and while doing so his team took fright and ran away, being stopped by a couple of trees which stood in their path.

Whatever the effect produced upon his mind by the unexpected accident, Weinstone rushed immediately to the residence of Mr. Chapman and then again back to the field, stopping near the corn crib.

His conduct was noticed and marvelled at, notwithstanding that it has been supposed his mind, has been for some time deranged. He had left the house but a few moments when Mrs. Chapman and a lady friend who were at home, heard two shots fired in rapid succession.

They looked in the direction Weinstone had gone, shouted to the men who were working in the adjoining fields and finally ran toward the corn crib, a short distance from which they found Weinstone lying on his back and groaning in agony.

Mrs. Chapman approached him fearlessly and noticed that his shirt was burning and that two holes through his garments showed that he had shot himself. She asked him why he had done such a deed and he replied that it did not trouble him and that he was pleased with what he had done. Later, however, his pain became excruciating and he lost his equanimity.

The other farm hands were summoned and Weinstone was carried to his room in the house and medical assistance was called.

One of the wounds was found about half an inch above the navel and the other an inch and a half below the apex of the heart. The wounds were dressed, but no attempt was made to locate the balls.

Mr. Chapman was in Omaha at the time. A messenger was dispatched for him but did not succeed in finding him until late in the afternoon, when Mr. Chapman returned home immediately.

Weinstone has lived on Mr. Chapman's farm for the past year. He had previously lived for five years as a hermit on the adjoining farm of Peter O'Rourke. He was a hard-working man and so far as known had but one relative, a brother, alive, and he is supposed to be in St. Paul.

The weapon with which the deed was done was a 22-calibre with pearl handle, and, for a small weapon, made a pair of ghastly wounds. Nobody around the farm knew that Weinstone had a pistol and the wonder now is that in his periods of insanity he did not use it upon some of his associates.

WESTERN PACKING INTERESTS.

An Unprecedented Output Predicted for October.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Price Current says:

An especially large number of hogs have been marketed in the west the past week, packing returns showing 380,000 against 250,000 last year. The indications are that October will reach fully 1,200,000, far exceeding any previous record for October. Complete returns for the eight summer months will probably show fully 9,300,000 hogs, against 6,880,000 last year, implying a total of approximately 16,000,000 for twelve months. Leading places compare as below since March 1:

Cities.	Oct. 29, 1890	Oct. 31, 1889
Chicago	1,180,000	2,294,000
Kansas City	1,372,000	1,027,000
Omaha	904,000	660,000
Sioux City	414,000	311,000
Indianapolis	414,000	314,000
St. Louis	357,000	391,000
Milwaukee	357,000	281,000
Cedar Rapids	287,000	195,000
Cincinnati	225,000	193,000
Cleveland	221,000	179,000
Wichita	195,000	72,000
Ottumwa	176,000	141,000

Russia and Her Jews.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 29.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—The government is still debating on a scheme in reference to the Jews, but it is certain that it will be long before it comes into force, owing to red tape ures. Inmess the meantime, subject to the anti-semitic feeling of the government and the public, the existing regulations in regard to the Jews will be applied with the utmost vigor.

The Patriarch Refuses to Arbitrate.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 29.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—The Greek patriarch has refused to take any notice of the commission appointed to effect an understanding between the Porte and the Greek synod or to abide by its decision. Thirty Armenians have been arrested in this city on the charge of conspiring against the government.

A REPENTANT IOWA MAN.

The Error of Prohibition's Ways Experienced and Denounced.

HIGH LICENSE VIEWS OF W. A. PARK.

The Prohibitory Law Admitted to Be a Failure, Harmful to the State and Morals of the People.

Among the names of the registered arrivals at the Paxton yesterday afternoon, a representative of THE BEE noticed that of Hon. W. A. Park, a prominent citizen and attorney of Des Moines. It is understood, in a general way, that Iowa people are heartily sick of the prohibitory laws of that state, and an undefined and desultory conversation with Mr. Park, introductory of the subject, soon drifted to the point and resulted in a very satisfactory interview, in which he expressed himself in no uncertain way as against prohibition and a pronounced high license man.

Mr. Park was chairman of the Polk county independent club in 1887 when the first revolt of the leading business men, professional men and taxpayers was made against the prohibitory laws, and the revolt was successful in the election of Hon. A. B. Cummins to the legislature. He is an enthusiastic Iowan, and grudgingly gave away any evidence that would prejudice the interests of the state, but the cold facts as to the harmful results of prohibitory laws were too potent to the people of other states, he said, to warrant an attempt to hide them.

When the question, "Did you not favor the prohibitory amendment in 1882?" was asked him, he lost his reserve, and unbosomed himself as follows:

"Yes, I voted for the prohibition amendment, and believed then that I was doing so for the good of my family and country. I think now, after years of actual experience with prohibition, that I made a mistake.

"I am convinced that prohibition as a moral cause is hypocrisy itself, and that in a business way it is vitally wrong and has seriously retarded legitimate business.

"You ask me why I think it is a moral failure. I answer, because it does not prohibit. Of my own knowledge I now speak, and having given it some thought, I believe I speak with accuracy. When we had well regulated, licensed saloons in the city of Des Moines we had no tippling places except those I conned. We now have, and ever since the law has been in force we have had, hundreds of places where liquor is handled. We have in lieu of saloons, club rooms supported by respectable men and boys. These club rooms are found in many places of course known to but those interested. Then we have places where boys congregate, and purchase liquors, carry them to their rooms and drink them out of sight of their parents. In short, to have free whisky. Let anyone stand at the counter of a druggist who holds a 'permit' and see the boys purchase beer by the bottle and carry it away, and conviction will surely follow that the right place to sell liquor is in a liquor house controlled by license.

"It is not a good law as far as the protection of morals is concerned, because it is bad to teach morals by law, and in the second place, in communities where they look with disfavor upon the law, it is not enforced. It is well known that in all the river cities in Iowa, as well as many others, no attempt is made to enforce the law, thereby rendering the law a nullity.

"But you ask me how it has affected Des Moines in a business way. The attempted enforcement has cost Polk county enormously. It has thrust upon us a set of fee-eating, fee-creating officeholders, and to be a justice of the peace is greater than governor of Iowa.

"Taxes this year in Des Moines are higher than ever, and they have been increasing at a very much higher ratio since the prohibitory law went into effect than before. Real estate has not materially increased since prohibition took away our greatest industry—the distillery. And while the city has not gone back, yet it has not grown with that rapidity which her location, her people and advantages warrant. General business has been injured by the fear capital has had that the increase in county expenses would not warrant investments.

"The principle underlying our law is bad, and so is any law that requires officers to enforce its provisions and not to punish its violators. The law of prohibition is against the fundamental principles of free government, and we find in Des Moines that since the distillery property was confiscated that men of means will not invest in any business that is liable to be influenced by such pronounced legislation as a prohibitory law must bring about. All legislation of this character hurts business.

"The fact that men can prowl into business houses under the guise of searching for liquor is serious to large business interests. One of our largest starch works was threatened by one of the searchers, because the works were operated on Sunday, and cattle were fed from the slops. We are cursed with spies, searchers and blackmailers; free men will not submit long to a law that can only be enforced by such measures.

"I believe that but for prohibition Des Moines would today have 75,000 people, instead of 50,000.

"If the good people of Omaha wish their boys to learn the use of liquors, then vote for prohibition and they will find that the secret club will take the place of the open saloon. Give me a high license law in preference to a society club. I believe that the young men will not so readily step into an open public place as a secret dive.

Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills.

An important discovery. They act on the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new principle. They speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles and constipation. Splendid for men, women and children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 30 doses for 25 cents. Samples free at Kuhn & Co.'s, 15th and Douglas.

Nebraska, Iowa and Dakota Pensions.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Pensions were granted today to the following Nebraskans: Original—Peter Anderson, Juniata; Byron H. Sawyer, Grand Island; Jason G. Sawyer, North Platte; Henry H. Hunt, Bradshaw. Increase—Louis Alves, Zuniata; William C. Carrier, Grand Island; Charles Dunlap, Arapahoe; John H. Edmonds, Stanton; David Dings, Grand Island. Reissue—Roger W. Thomas, Bronson.

Iowa: Original—Robert J. Ripley, Shenandoah; Miles Price, Zero; William Brown, East Des Moines; Thomas L. Tubbs, Burlington; John F. Hull (deceased), Prescott; Charles F. Golding, Newton; John C. Matheny, Platteville; John Madden, Farmersburg. Increase—George K. Reed, New Virginia; Reinham Sickle, Leando; George B. Painton, Oskaloosa; William Fisher, Olin; Thomas Denny, Cantrell. Reissue—John W. Bamoo, Mingo. Reissue and increase—Thomas J. Robinson, Harlan; Benjamin Fern, Dubuque. Original widows, etc.—Rosina, widow of John P. Hull, Prescott; Mandana, widow of Francis Champion, Dubuque.

South Dakota: Restoration and increase—John R. Mabbott, Mount Vernon. Increase—Joseph Gurchinsky, Bridgewater; Alexander Kerr, Turton; Charles V. Ellis, Faulkton.

A Democratic Murder.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 29.—Lawrence Roach, a republican, was shot and killed by James J. Allen, a democrat, last evening. Allen had caused a number of voters to be cited to appear before the election commissioners, and when Roach met him he was accused by Roach of being an informer. Allen says Roach attacked him with a knife and he (Allen) then drew his pistol and fired two shots. The only weapon found on Roach was a small pocket-knife.

Rousan About to Return.

PARIS, Oct. 29.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—M. Rousan, French minister to the United States, who has been visiting France on leave of absence, is about to return to his post at Washington. He was received by President Carnot today.

REGISTER TOMORROW.

ON THE FIELD OF HONOR.

Two Gotham Bloods Meet With Buttoned Foils.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Herald publishes a story of a duel between two clubmen who had quarreled over a woman in a Broadway billiard room. Only the initials of the men's names are given.

The name of a prominent political candidate was mentioned by one of the clubmen—C. E., in connection with a woman, and the other G. V.—resented it hotly, being a partisan, and characterized the assertion as a "falsehood." A blow followed and they clinched. While they were being separated C. E. said, "I could kill you." And his whilom friend dared him to meet him elsewhere. Nothing more was said. The two men did not care to make a public exhibition of themselves and each went his way with anger in his heart. Both men are good boxers, good shots and good swordsmen, in fact, all-around athletes. A challenge passed between them. A mutual friend, who is one of the finest swordsmen in the city, suggested that the duel should be fought after the German university fashion with swords. C. E. and G. V. had been in Heidelberg and knew the fashion and consented. The very first thing was to swear all hands to secrecy. Besides the principles there were present only the seconds and the umpire, who is the swordsman referred to. These five men met shortly after daybreak across the Harlem river and proceeded to a secluded spot not far from a boat club house on the Sound. The seconds had arranged that first blood should end the matter.

The weapons used were foils, with leaden buttons fixed a short distance from the keen points. The two men saluted each other courteously as the foils were placed in their hands. At the word they advanced and crossed swords. C. E. was a trifle the taller, and with a rather longer reach, but G. V. was wiry and alert. At first they merely played with each other and were very cautious in attack. The taller man's swift lunges were skillfully parried, but he had constantly to shift his ground, being closed pressed by his opponent. They fought fully fifteen minutes without either getting an advantage, but as they fought they became more eager, and at last a thrust in tierce drew blood from C. E. He was struck in the right shoulder. He went on with the combat, however, but umpire and seconds interfered, and it was well they did, for the button on the foil of C. E. had slipped and there was danger of a fatal termination of the fight if the terms of the duel had been disregarded.

The wound was bound up and both men resumed their clothing just as if nothing had happened.

Before they went their several ways they saluted each other. On Monday night C. E. was all right. They met at a theater and shook hands, and they are now as fast friends as ever, but refrain from discussing politics or women.

Who Is "the Colonel?"

LONDON, Oct. 29.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—Inquiries were made at Marley's hotel in Trafalgar square today to ascertain what truth there is in the story from Montreal that Reginald Birchall, now under sentence of death at Woodstock, Canada, for the murder of F. C. Benwell, Mrs. Birchall and "the colonel," the alleged author of the letter received by Birchall in which he acknowledges that he shot and killed Benwell, were at the hotel last January.

Political Meetings.

Samoset association will meet this evening, over 1321 Douglas street, at 8 o'clock. All members are requested to be present.

The personal rights league will hold a mass meeting at South Omaha on Friday, October 31, at Rugby hall. The Hon. John L. Webster will address the meeting on the question of prohibition. Everybody is invited to attend and particularly employes of Swift's packing company.

Prominent Kansas City Man Killed.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 29.—Last evening Drury Underwood, president of the exposition driving park association and Kansas Missouri interstate fair association, and a prominent brick manufacturer, and contractor, was killed by a freight train while returning from Hunt. He leaves a wife and ten children.

A Diplomatic Promotion.

MADRID, Oct. 29.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—The Official Gazette today announces the appointment of Senor Guanes, now Spanish consul general at New York, Spanish minister to the United States, in place of Senor Murnaga, who recently resigned.

Leopold at Frederick's Tomb.

BERLIN, Oct. 29.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—King Leopold, of Belgium, today visited the mausoleum in which were recently placed the remains of the Emperor Frederick. His majesty placed a wreath upon the tomb.

Quiet Restored at Freibourg.

BERNE, Oct. 29.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—Quiet is restored at Freibourg, the capitol of the canton of the same name, the scene of conflicts between radicals and conservatives growing out of elections.

Murdered by Moonlighters.

DUBLIN, Oct. 29.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—A band of "moonlighters" in County Clare have murdered a girl named Flanagan and her mother.

A Snow Fall in Dakota.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Oct. 29.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The first snow of the season began falling this morning in flakes as large as a dime. The thermometer registered 40 degrees above.

Sleeplessness, nervous prostration, nervous dyspepsia, dullness, blues, cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Samples free at Kuhn & Co.'s, 13th and Douglas.

A Drop in Gold.

BUENOS AYRES, Oct. 29.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—Gold closed today at 150½ premium.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of leavening strength—U. S. Government Report Aug. 17, 1889.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.
THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a sequence of self-abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity or consumption and a premature grave.
Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.
The Specific Medicine is sold at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the