The New Methodist Church Bids-Disposing of the Opera House Exhibi;-Personal and General -News Notes.

The democrats of the Fifteenth judicial district met in convention at the court house in Council Bluffs yesterday forenoon, to nominate three candidates for the bench.

It was long past the appointed hour when the convention was called to order by Judge Rector of Fremont, The delay was evidently caused by the attempt to fix up most of the convention work in the nate-room.

Judge Rector made a brief address in which the prediction of a glorious victory was pictured, and the convention was urged therefore to relect three of their best men as candidntes. There were some slever republicans, but they wouldn't do, as they were under such party discipline that they would proveuntrue to the interests of the people He suggested as temporary chairman, Charles Richards of Montgomery county, and moved his election, which was carried. In like man-W. C Campbell of Shelby county was

nade temperary secretary.

Mr. Richards was surprised, but railled to a very neat little speech. He believed that a judicial convention was of much more im-

a judicial convention was of much more importance than a congressional convention, although there was generally more interest manifested in the latter.

The following committee of one from each county was appointed on credentials: H. U. Funkt of Audubon, Judge Willard of Cass, P. Cowles of Fremont, J. F. Williams of Mills, U. Stevens of Montgomery, E. Timley of Pottawattamie, J. H. Louis of Sheiby, Pagements was not represented. age county was not represented.
The following were named as committee on

permanent organization: William Mallory of Audubon, Dr. L. A. Thomas of Cass, P. Cowles of Tremont, John Cowgill of Mills, James P. Mullimhoff of Montgomery, T. Benjamin of Pottawattamie, James Gregory of Shellay

of Shelby,
The committee reported in favor of L. L. Delano of Cass county as permanent chair-man and W. C. Campbell of Shelby county as permanent secretary.

permanent secretary.

The following were named as a judicial committee for the year: H. U. Funk, of Audubon: Dr. L. A. Thomas, of Atlantic; Fred. Rector, of Bartlett; J. F. Williams, of Glenwood; W. W. Merritt, of Red Oak; H. C. Sectt, of Charloda; James Crow, of Minden; W. C. Campbell, of Harlan. . C. Campbell, of Harian. Judge Rector stated that it was necessary

for more consultation and caucusing, and the work could not be dene in a hurry. He therefore moved to adjourn until 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Benjamin Tood opposed adjournment. He was the only delegate from Page county, and would have to leave the city at 5 o'clock

him business was business, and he wanted the mill togo right on grinding. Enough time was taken up in discussing the matter to have made the nominations. After several motions, amendments and roll calls, it was at last decided to adjourn until

1 o'clock in the afternoon.
On reconvening at lo'clock an informal ballot was taken to bring out the candidates. Audubon gave 8 for Delano; Cass 10 for Callison; Fremont 9 for Draper; Mills 8 for Mitchell, and 6 for Starbuck; Montgomery 7 for Draper; Page 7 for Draper; Potta-wattamie, 24 for Ware; Shelby 10 for Delano.

Mr. Delano emphatically protested against his name being used.

A formal ballet was then taken, each county voting for three candidates. The re-

Audubon 8 votes each for Cullison, Ware and Draper. Cass 10 votes for Cullison, Ware and Mitch-

Fremont 9 votes for Cullison, Ware and Frement 9 votes for Cullison, Ware and Daper.

Mills gave Cullison 5, Ware 7, Mitchell 2, Draper 3, Starbuck 4.

Montgomery, 7 votes for Cullison, Ware and Montgomery, 7 votes for Cullison, Ware and Willard 38, Genung 12.

Then Bowman's men wanted a breathing and whispering speil. The suggestion was speid done. Montgomery, 7 votes for Cullison, Wareand

Page, 7 votes each for Cullison, Draper and Pottawattamie, 24 each for Cullison, Ware Shelby, 10 votes for Cullison, Ware and Mitchell.

The nomisations of Cullison, Ware and Draper were made unanimous and adjournment was had. G. W. Cullison is of Harlan, Shelby county. He was one of the candidates two years ago and was badly defeated,

George E. Draper is of Sidney, Fremont county. He had been a law partner of Judge Thornell until the latter was placed on th

bench. W. H. Ware is of Council Bluffs. He was was elected to the legislature of this stat-last year. He is a brother-in-law of Walte I Smith, the republican candidate who wi make the race against him.

in every department. We show the best line of cook stoves and ranges in the city, from \$10 to \$40. In tinware we carry the best only and sold at bottom prices. Carpets, "Oh, my!" we just beat the world, former price of carpets 65 cts., now 40 cts., and so on through the entire line. We show a large line in novelties in our parlor goods department. In bedroom suits we pride ourselves of carrying the most complete assortment, choice of w styles. Book cases, rockers and dining chairs of every description. Sideboards, wardrobes and centertables go along with this unloading sale. Get prices elso-where and compare Mandel & Klein's 320

A good bose med free with every 100 feet of bose purchased at Bix by's.

You can have your sun umbrella and um-brellas recovered at the Boston Store while you wait, at a nominal cost. Prices run, 85c, \$1.00, \$1.15, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00 and \$3.25, according to quality and size.
FOTHERINGHAM, WHITELAW & CO.,
Sole Agents, Leaders and Promoters of Low

Tom Bowman for Congress. The democrats met in convention yesterday in hope of making a congressman for the Ninth district. Colonel J. S. Tam of Guthrie called the convention to order. Judge Harris of Missouri Valleywas made temporary chairman and Colonel A. T. Whittlesey secretary,

with Frank Allen of Audubon as assistant, Jadge Harris was called upon for a spurt of oratory He scored the caucus rule in Washington and urged the democrats to name a man to represent the Ninth district of Iowa and not merely represent Washington. He thought there was something wrong. The farmers were not so well off as twenty years ago. The eastern money lenders were controlling the western farmers as serfs. He didn't want to have a man who would denomee the Mckinley bill and then turn around and vote for it. Judge Reed was a good man. He had beaten him (Judge Hararound and vote for it. Judge Reed was a good man. He had beaten him (Judge Harris) and it teek a good man to do that. Still he had not been acting for the Niath district, but for the east. Judge Reed was a good man to stay at home and watch the interests of the people there, but it was high time to send another man to Washington to watch the interests of the people there. Judge Harris urged the policy of tariff for revenue only, and claimed that when the government took a claimed that when the government took a farthing more than that it was robbery.

The work of organization then began. The temporary efficers were made permanent and the following committees appointed:

On Credentials—W. S. Armstrong of Auduton, J. S. Shurdevin of Adair, G. W. B. Fletcher of Cass, M. T. Carter of Guthrie, R. J. Miller of Harrison, H. P. Gray of Mills, J. A. Reddiger of Montgomery, E. Shupfel of Pottawattamie, W. C. Campbell of Shulls.

On Resolutions—Phillip Bickelhaupt of Auduton, Dr. J. E. Howe of Adnir, C. F. Chase of Cass, Colonel J. S. Tam of Guthrie: C. A. Bolter of Harrison, P. P. Kelley of Mills, G. Dennis of Montgomery, J. N. Casady of Pottawatiamic, G. W. Cullison of Sheibt.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET MAKERS

He said he thought that the democrats in the Ninth district band a soft thing of it. It was easy to beat Reed. Sometimes a record belief a man, but sometimes it damned a man as soon as it was read. Mr. Pusey said he felt proud of having been to congress, at least his children were, but he would not want to take Jo Reed's record, even if he could be president of the United States. He was glad that the bloody shirt was out of the way. He didn't care who the nominee of the convention might be. He should support him with speeches in every county.

There were numerous calls for some of the prospective nominees. Mr. Pasey checked this. "It will do for Judge Harrisand myself—old fellows who have been beaten for congress—we cantalk, but it's hardly fair to get these aspiring joung men to commit themselves. Let them wait until they are neminated.

Then the convention got to work again. committee on credentials a full representation and no contests.

A committee consisting of Messrs. Pasey,
Reed and Delans was appointed to wait on
Col. Kolb, the president of the farmers congress, and mytte him to address the conven-

An informal ballot was taken, resulting: 4 Judge Millard 35 votes, receiving the estire vote of Shelby, Guthrie, Cass and Adair counties, and one from Audubon. Thomas Bowman 21 votes, 7 from Audubon

and 17 from Pottawattamie. Genung 16 votes from Mills and Montgomery counties.
D. M. Havris, 10 votes from Harrison William Groneweg, 4 votes from Pottawat-

tamic. N. H. Bauman, 3 votes from Pottawat-Mr. Lucius Wells spokein behalf of Thom Bowman, stating that he was not a candidate, and that he could do more through his paper to help the party than he could at Washington. His name was therefore with-

Mr. Pusey presented the name of Dan A. Farrellin a very neatly turned nominating Judge Harris said that a remark made by

Mr. Pusey had knockedhim (Harris) out of the race. Mr. Pusey had said that the people had got through scading handsome men to congress, and were bound now to send men for business. Judge Harris, feeling that his good looks were his main recommendation before the people, felt compelled to withdraw

Mr. Crissman made a lengthy nominating speech, in which he became so interested himself that he forget to name his man. As he took his seat he was asked who he was ominating, and disclosed the fact that it was H. Basman, the nominee of the Aveca on vention.

The committee on resolutions reported several pages of typewritten matter. The state platform was endorsed. Judge Reed was arraigned for betraying his constituency for supporting the McKuley bill; for oppos ing free coinage of silver; for making im-proper appointments. The resolutions denounced the McKinley bill, wrged tariff reform, and the placing of the burden of tax-ation upon whiskey, tobacco and other buxuries. Another resolution opposed the bank-ing system. Another urged stringent legislation against corporations and specula-

iegisation against corporations and specula-tions. Another advocated the free coinage of silver and making it legal tender. The first formal ballot resulted: Willard 36, Farrell 29, Gening 29, Bowman 13, Groneweg 4, Bauman 2. No choice. On this ballot Adair gave Bowman 3 and Willard 4; Audubon, Bowman 7 and Willard 1; Cass, 10 for Willard: Gutheie, 3, for Bowman 5, for Audubon, Bowman 7 and Willard 1; Cass, 10 for Willard; Guthrie, 3 for Bowman, 5 for Willard; Harrison, Fairrell 4, Willard 5, Genung 3; Mills, 9 for Genung; Montgomery, 7 for Genung; Pottavattamie, Bowman 3, Farrell 13, Willard 1, Genung 1, Baamna 2, Groneweg 4; Shelby, 10 for Willard.

The second formal ballot madelittle change It resulted: Millard 40, Bowman 33, Genung-17, Gronewig 2, Eurrell.

, Gronewig?, Farrell 1. Mr. J. N. Casady put in an enthusiastic word for Bowman as the choice of Pottawattamic county. Then the fun commenced. On the third ballet Pottawattamic came into line with 24 votes solid for Bowman and his total with 24 votes solid for Bowman and his total reached 41 out of the necessary 48 and Montgomery county had been passed. It had enough votes to mominate Bowman and the amounteement was watched for breathlessiy. It came with a thad for Bowman, he getting but 1 out of the 8, the count being: Bowman 42, Willard 39, granup 14 geaung 14.

and whispering speil. The suggestion was yelled down.

The fifth ballot settled it. It was going very fast Bowman-ward. Mills county, which had been passed, threw its weight into the balance and started a whoop by putting 9 votes down for Bowman, and Montgomery following with six more, and only one for Willard, cliniched the nomination. Genung's followers swinging to Bowman made the nomination of Thomas A. Bowman secure by 68 votes. The deciding ballot, before changes were made, stood:

۲.	were made, stood:	
t	- Bowman, V	Willard
e.	Adair 4	
e	Audubon 5	
٠,	Cass	1
8	Guthrie	
8	Flarrison 6	
P.	I Mills	
1	Montgomery 6	
E.	Pottawattanie	1 .
	Shelby	
8	Total54	
. 1	4. Otel 1	

Adair changed to a solid vote, as did also Audubon and Guthrie, thus making thefinal, Bowman 68, Willard 27.
The nomination was then made manimous.

Thomas H. Bawman, the nominee, is the council Bluffs Globe. He has served in numerous public positions, having been mayor of the city and county treasurer. He was never known to have made a speech, and so he did not appear before the convention to even give thanks or make pledges. and adjournment was taken without either Nearly all the delegates had left the court room when Colonel Kolb, of the farmers' congress arrived underescort of the com-mittee. A small audience quickly gathered and a brief address was made by him.

N. Y. P. Co.

Council Bluffs Lumber Co., coal.

All wishing to attend the butcher's picnic at Loveland, Iowa, will find tickets at train at Broadway N. W. depot, Sunday, August 31, at 9 o'clock a. m. Committee Union,

Commercial men, New Pacific, Council Bluffs, is under management of W.Jones with

P.C. Miller, the painter and decorator, at home to his friends, \$18 South Sixth street. J.C. Bix Dy, steam heating, sanitary engineer, 943 Life building, Omaha; 201 Mer riam block, Council Bluffs.

Disposing of the Opera House Exhibit. The committee who have charge of the matter have decided to present all the fruits and vegetables used for decorating the operahouse by giving the stuff to the three charitable institutions in the city: The Home for the Friendless, the Woman's Christian hospital and St. Bernard's hospital. The work of dismantling the building will be comor dismarting the building will be com-menced as soon as the congress is over, and if there are any persons who have contributed to the exhibit and desire to keep the stuff they are requested to come and get it away as soon after the close of the session as possible. H. C. Ray mond will have charge of the goods, and will distribute all that is left equally among the three institutions named.

Money at reduced rates loaned on chatte and realestate security by E. H. Sheafe & Co

Our retail furniture business, with good established trade. Stock is first class and well selected. Heason for selling, are going into the exclusive jobbing trade. Any one wishing to go into business should

investigate this, as it is one of the few golden opportunities of a life time.

C. A. Beene & Co. The New Methodist Church Bids.

The building committee of the First Methodist church, who have charge of the matter of accepting the plans and awarding the contracts for the new structure, held a meeting in the office of W. S. Mayne yesterday afternoon behind closed doors. There has been so Sheiby.

While the committees were in retirement, Congressman W. H.M. Pascy was called for.

I much said about the plans and the difficulties the committee have encountered in getting the architects and contractors within the

\$30,000 limit that it has been determined not to give out any further information for publication until the whole difficulty is satisfactorily adjusted. The building committee consists of J. H. E. Clark, L. W. Tutleys, W. S. Mayne, Charles Louring and C. W. Browne, and the directors of the church have ordered them to build a \$30,000 edifice. All the plans submitted have been subject to this condition, and all of them have failed to comply with it, ranging from \$2,000 to \$10,000 too high. New plans were asked for and Maxon, high. New plans were asked for and Maxo Bourgeois & Cook submitted a new set which can be worked into stone and mortar for the prescribed \$30,000, but the building is not just what the church people want. The meeting yesterday was to determine whether the Eilis plans should be rejected and the new set adopted or another attempt be made to have the building creeted according to the first set submitted. The building committee feels confident that it, any misse the extra can be worked into stone and mortar for th feels confident that it can raise the extra amount and have the building constructed as first contemplated, and has asked time make

Wall paper at 31% cents per roll; not rem nants, at C. L. Gillette's, 28 Pearlst. Scott House, Council Bluffs, transients \$1.00

J. G. Tipton, real estate, 527 Broadway.

Wonderful Detectives.

All of yesterday there pervaded police headquarters that peculiar air of mystery which so often promises a big sensation, and so seldom develops into one. "No, there is nothing going on. Anybody up stairs! Oh, no." It was evident that they thought they had a big hen on, and had the reporters off. The fact was that the hen was off and the reporters on. Early yesterday morning the police arrested two men on suspicion of being the burglars who get Mrs. Metcalf's diamonds and money. The sispects were "Count" Gunsolus, printer by trade, who has of late been in the saloon business, and a young man named Grevy, who is a brakeman on the Union Pa-cific. Both are well known in Omaha and not altogether unknown here. The pair were hurried to police headquarters, locked in vate rooms upstairs and kept there all giving them even the satisfac-knowing why they were ar-About 3 o'clock in the afterrested. oon Mrs. Metcalf appeared and identified Cunsolus as the man at whom she shot She went out and in a short time returned and deciared she was mistaken. He was not the man. Still the pair were kept until about 5 o'clock, when they were released. They started at once for Omaha, and a spotter was sent from here to watch their further movements. As a bit of detective work, it vas monumental.

Hose at cost. We are going to handling garden hose, and have doubly the largest stock in the city. To close out we will sell all grades and fixtures at dead cost, or cash. C.B. Paint & Oil company, Nos. and 3, Masonic temple.

New fall goods just received at Reiter's, mer-chant tailor, 310 Broadway.

Congressman Reed Accepts.

Congressman Reed furnished the press last evening with the following brief letter of acceptance of the renomination for congress tendered him by the republican convention two weeks ago:

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., August 27, 1830.— Hos. J. J. Steadman—Dear Sir: On the 14th inst. I received your telegram advising methat the republican convention of this congressional district had placed me in nomination as a candidate for representative in congress.
I announce to you, and through you to the

district, my acceptance of that nomination.
I will not at this time enter upon any dis cussion of the questions at issue between the political parties of the country. But between this and the election I will avail myself of such opportunity as I may have to present my views upon those questions before the people. For the present I deem it sufficient to say that I am in accord with the principles of the republican party as amounced in the last national and state platforms.

It take this opportunity to extend to you and the members of the convention over which you preside my appreciation of the honor which, without solicitation on my part, they have conferred upon me. I am, with respect, etc., Joseph R. Reed. Dr. C. H. Bower, 20 N. Main st.

The Manhattan sporting headquarters, 41 Cut-Off Island is Ours.

Officers Fultz and Murphy were sent over to Cut-Off island yesterday morning to do patrol duty and take formal possession of the territory. The mayor and Officer Wyatt were over there on Tuesday afternoon and held numerous conferences with the residents and property owners' and they were all anxious to have a substantial local government established. Ten of the eleven saloonkeepers volunteered to come over today and pay up their monthly license of \$27.70, and observe all the ordinances of the city. At the present time there are about two hundred and fifty people living there and the saloons constitute the sum total of the business houses, but greery and dry goods stores will quickly follow the establishment of good local government. The people who live there are law abiding and peacefully inclined, and there is little demand for police protection except on Sundays, when the saloons are made to furnish the drinks for all of Omaha. The number of fights and brawls that occur then gives the place a very bad name and makes life and property unsafe, and the peo-ple feel very grateful for the protection the presence of the officers afford.

Officers Fultz and Murphy are careful up-Officers Fuitz and Murphy are careful upright men of good judgment, and they will fill their difficult positions well. They will not leave the island to report, but will remain there without communicating to the home government until Sunday, when they will be reinforced by two other officers.

The island is now joined to the Nebraska shore, but prior to 1877 it was a part of Iowa and in the corporate !imits of Council Bluffs. In that year the Missouri river changed its course and switched about three thousand acres of land over on Nebruska. The property lay idle and was considered part of Nebruska.

ay idle and was considered part of Nebraska lay idle and was considered part of Nebraska. An Omaha syndicate of well known capitalists was farmed several years ago under the name of the East Omabiand company. This company secured a patent deed from the government of 2,000 acres of the land. No taxes were paid in 1887, 1888 and 1889. Last year, however, the land company paid the taxes to Pottawattamie county, in which Council Bluffs is situated.

Bluffs is situated.
Mr. DeLong, of the land company, says that the members of his company will do nothing as there is nothing for them to do, inasmuch as they recognize the fact that the property belongs to Council Bluffs or Potta-wattamic county. The land company has spent thousands of dollars in improving the property by laying water mains, establishing a sewerage system, grading and paving, and \$1,600,000 mere is to be put in the property.
The Carter white lead works, Adamant wall plaster company, Martin steam feed cooker company, the Omaha pearl hominy company and many other large factories are

Teachers' Meeting. All teachers who have been elected to positions in the city schools for the ensuing year and who have not heretofore taught in them are requested to meet the superintendent at a is office at 9 a. m., Saturday, the 30th inst. nts office at va. a., Saturday, the soft hast. Children to enter the first grade in the city schools who have never attended school should be present before the close of the second week of school. First grade classes will not be formed again until the last of January.

A Pleasant Social Event. Tuesday evening Miss Eunice Wells gave a pleasant social party at the residence of her father, Hon. Lucius Wells, on Oakland avenue, in honor of Miss Baldwin of Keckuk. The residence and laws were brilliantly lighted and there was describe on the lawn and in the pariors. Dainty refreshments were served, the ice cream bearing the in-itial "W."

Dr. Birney cures hay fever. Bee bldg. Through coaches-Pullman palace sleepers, dining cars, free reclining chair cars to Chicago and intervening point via the great Rock Island route. Ticke office 1602, Sixteenth and Farnam. SILVER AND COLD.

Continued from Fifth Page.

because the capitalists would rather loan it out at 5 per cennt than risk it in any venture. What has happened since the passage of the silver bill! While the silver bill was pending, speculators, not only in Wall street, but also on the British exchange, in Holland and everywhere, were watching the outcome, anticipating a great rise in mining stocks and silver buillon. A very large quantity of silver buillon was exported from Holland and held in New York. On the British exchange one party made a very large fortune in India rupees, and there is no doubt that in Washington there were many who made vast Washington there were many who made vast sums because it was given out all round that there would be millions in it for those who had stocks. What has been the result! The government has bought a very large amount of siver bullion and increased the volume of money by issuing additional entitled. woney by issuing additional certificates. The price of money rose right away and is much higher now in New York than it has been for years. Why! Because the moment you start speculation you start a demand for money. Those who invest expect to make a great dea of money and are willing to pay a high pric or money in order to realize big profits of for money in order to realize big profits on their ventures. In the ordinary course of business I know this by my own experience. In 1868 the rate of interest for money was 15 per cent in Nebraska. Today we can borrow at 6 per cent on good real estate security. Why! Because there has been a depression in all the markets of the world. Those of you who want to borrow cheen money should not who want to be row cheap money should not be deluded by the free coinage idea. When silver advances up to the standard of \$3,29 an ounce I venture to say that free coinage would not be demanded by any of the mining men, because they can do just as well by selling their silver in bullion.

A silver brick would be worth as much in

the metal as it would be if it were coined by the treasury. Why should Uncle Sam pay a bonus for bullion? Why should not Uncle Sam have the benefit of the difference between the face value of bullion and the value of it after it has been coined into silver doliars! I do not know of any farmer who has got any bullions to bring to market, nor do I know of any merchant who had any. The Omaha smelting works, after the silver bill had passed, are reputed to have made over \$100,000, but I have not heard of any body outide of the stockholders getting a dime out of their profits. The speaker then quoted facts and figures to sustain his position, and was subjected to a

crossfire of questions by a number of green-back delegates in attendance, which contimed for nearly an hour.

Messrs. Chaffee, Davis, Osthoff and Lowry, representing the Omaha city council, at the close of the crossfire between Mr. Rosewater and "Calamity" Weller, through Mr. Delano of the Nebraska delegation, extended an institution to the council to the c

vitation to the congress to become the guests of the city of Omaha for a trip to Omaha and South Omaha.

The invitation was unanimously accepted with thanks, and B. F. Clayton, "Calamity" Weller, L. A. Casper and W. S. Delano were appointed a committee to decide upon the time of making the trip and the arrangements for it. The committee met and reported the programme of the trip as follows: Leave Broadway depot on Union Pacific at 8 a. m. direct for South Omaha; return to Omaha via the Missouri Pacific, where the excursionists will be taken in South Omaha. the excursionists will be taken in carriages on a drive through the city and a return to Council Bluffs. The report of the committee was adopted and the delegates to the number of

100 declared their intention of participatin in the excursion.

It was decided to hold a session in the evening in order to get the work out of the way for the excursion today. Adjourned until 2 p. m.

The Afternoon Session.

The increasing interest in the work of the congress was shown by the attendance Every delegate was present, while the quota of spectators tested the seating capacity of the house to its utmost.

After the preliminary exercises, Mr. B. F. Clayton, chairman of the finance committee, made a report. Here are the figures:

	and the forest and the same in the same
	EXPENDITURES.
r	Accounts rendered
r	Printing reports 150 00
	Postage, etc 15 00
	Minted and the second
	. Total\$599 50
- 1	RECEIPTS.
H	Balance on hand\$125 00
- (From Council Bluffs
8	
21.	Total\$375 00

Leaving a deficit of \$224.90. The committee reported in favor of a \$2 assessment upon the delegates present to make up the deficit.

This report was acceptable, but one member of the committee wanted an amendment added. He said this assessment would give a small sum, about \$75, more than would be necessary to meet the deficit. The member of the committee, Mr. Jones of Alabama, moved that the balance, whatever it might be, go to the secretary as a small part of the roward due him for his faithful services in the interest of the congress. This motion

the interest of the congress. This motion unanimously prevailed.

The first speech of the afternoon session was delivered by Hon. William Freeman of Maine on "The Agricultural Interests of Maine and the Eastern States." The address was one of the best of the session and was heartly applanced. In prief, Mr. Freeman's remarks were as follows:

"At the convention at Montropport Ala.

"At the convention at Montgomery, Ala., last year, some one placed on the desks of the members a piece of paper conveying the in-formation that New England produced on her farms only enough to last her population just seventeen days. It will be my province to undeceive those, if there be any such, who entertain such an erroneous idea of the agri-cultural products of the east. This congress, in order to act intelligently for the interests of agriculture, in all its branches, should possess a knowledge of every industry which draws its life blood from it. When we consider that two-thirds of the population of the United States are either wholly eneaged in agricultural pursuits or indirectly interested in them, we need not stop to in-quire what class of people is capable of wieldng the greatest power in tais nation.

"It is true that there is not so large a proportion of the population of the east engaged in agricultural pursuits as in the west, yet in New England, which is honeycombed with manufacturing establishments and other in-dustries, the agricultural interests form no insignificant part of the industries."

The speaker went on at length to present statistics of Maine and New England, showing the number and value of farm lands, the statistics of the various kinds of crops, live stock facts, points about fruits and factories closely allied to the farm. Continuing, ne "These are some of the many industries of

the eastern states which draw their life from the husbandman and which could not exist but for his labors, and which too is nece should prosper in order that agriculture should thrive; that a market may be found for all the agricultural products not only of the east, but which the earth yields from her bosom under the skillful bands of man in the south and west, on the Pacific slope as well as on the Atlantic coast and across the borders of the great gulf. "Agriculture in Maine is on the increase. The present consus will show that her far-

the present census will show that her far-iners as a class have been prosperous, while throughout the whole country it is well known that, as a general rule, farming is in a somewhat depressed condition. "It is true and we do not conceal the fact that there has been in the past a large emi-gration from New England and from Maine especially. The census of 1880 shows that 182,257 of the sons and daughters of Maine have gone to swell the population and in-crease the wealth and intelligence of all the

your honorable and distinguished citizens. They help form the props and foundations of your best societies. They are supporters of religion, morality and virtue. "Notwithstanding this seeming drain from the very vitals of New England and Maine they both continue to increase in wealth and population. While the sons and daughters of New England have in the past been instrumental in founding new states she will yet in the future have a surplus to spare, if neces-sary, to build up other states, and still grow and increase in business, wealth and popu-

"We draw no invidious comparisons be-"We draw no invidious comparisons be-tween any sections of our common country. We yield pre-eminence to the west in her marvelous growth. But the west can not be wholly independent of the east. The east taps her granaries and furnishes her a market. The south too sends the east a portion of her cotton and her crops, receiving in exchange many luxuries not raised in the south

and also streams of gold to develop her long slumbering resources.
"The interests of all states and sections

are identical so far as they go to make us a great people. It matters not on which side the balance is struck the debt and credit are for the mutual advancement and benefit of all, and all are one.
"The government is the heart of this public-the states and territories are arteries and blood vessels. From its pulsa tions flow the streams of life which are access sary to preserve and strengthen and give vitality to every member. If the most remote state in the south bleeds, Maine feels the hart. Let Texas be invaded by a hostile force and Maine will rise as one man to her defense. By so doing she only protects part of herself, bone of her bone and flesh of her flesh.

sh. "We in the east believe in one solid gor ernment—one great and glorious country We believe that the flag that floats over the we believe that the flag that floats over the capitol at Washington is the flag of the south and of the north, of the east and of the west—that its glorious folds are unfuried to project all alike—the emblem of our nation's greatness, prosperity, majesty and power—the hope and freedom of a united people."

Mr. Freeman's speech was exceptionally well received and a hearty vote of thanks was extended to him for his effort and for his interest in the work.

erest in the work.
An intermission was then taken and an op-

portunity given to the delegates to contribute to the fund for the relief of the treasurer's William Clayton, Ohlo Knox and Henry Dye were selected as assistant accretaries

Hon. H. F. Work of Indiana, under the title "Imponderables," read a vigorous paper on the needed legislation for the benefit of the farmers. The following is a brief abstract of is remarks: "During each succeeding political empalgn a class of corruptionists with political aspira-

tions go bunco-steering through the agricul tural states, telling us that there is an over

production of farm products; that other countries do not want our staples and we will create a home market for all we raise. "What! A home market for 73 percent of the world's cotton, of which we exported to the amount of \$250,968,792 last year. A home narket for one-fifth of all the wheat produced on the globe. We sent away \$155,000,000 worth of breadstuffs last year; of provisions, \$136,000,000, while other agricultural pro-lucts swell the amount to the enormous sun of \$592, 164, 316. Talk about the operatives in protected industries consuming all these ex-portations. If they and each member of their families were as large as Jumbo and had fifty times the means for paying for the

same, they could not consume it "At present there is a tariff bill pending which, if it becomes a law, will enable the manufacturer to run his hand still deeper into the pocket of the farmer and further cripple agriculture. Mr. Blaine says of that bill: 'There is not asection or a line in the bill that will open a market for a bushel of wheat or a barrel of pork.' But nearly every line a tax on the farmer for the benefit of the manufacturer. The cry of 'infant industries and home market is getting stale, and other

delusions are in great demand.

"These same sophistries have been sounded over and over again to tickle our ears and to have the effect of quieting our minds, allaying our fears and bave us still longer wait for the good time coming, promised by the protectionists. We are asked to suffer a little longer, sharpen our appetites by self-denial, walk upon backle teeth, sit upon flints, sleep upon thorns, make ourselves as miserable as possible and keep us uneasy as a loose shutter so as to appreciate that good time when it does come to its fullest extent.

"The national congress, composed largely of everyday hypocrites, have by their acts shown their base treachery toward the farmer for the past twenty-five years, and can aptly be compared to Zebadee's be a which laid three rotten eggs to one good one. "Brother farmers, right about face an look to your interests in the future. Unit with the other hardy sons of toil and right these wrongs. Ditch this car of Juggernaut built in the east by fostered monopolies with their false god of protection mounted there on, and which they are attempting to roll west and south commanding us to fall down and worship it as it passes by.
"Put men in office who will return to hon

est legislation, giving all branches of indus-try their just share of recognition. Then the American farmer will be as happy as the days are long."

After allowing the various delegations express a wish for the next meeting of the congress an adjournment was taken until 7:30 o'clock.

The Delegares. The following is a complete list of the delegates in attendance:

Alabama—Colonel R. F. Kolb, Montgomery; F. L. Nesbit, Oswichee; J. B. Ward, Abbeville; A. B. Brassell, Montgomery; D. F. Sessions, Union Springs; W. V. Metcalf, Montgomery; O. W. S. Anderson, Clinton; T. K. Jones, Greensboro, Colorade—John Churches, Golden; P. E. Levner, Kampfeld

Leyner, Kampfield. North Dakota—H. P. Helgeson, Grand Hilmois—J. M. Stahl, Quincy; J. B. Foley Gibson City; D. Kenyon, McClane; J. W

Gibson City: D. Kenyon, McClane; J. W. Barber, Albion.

Iowa—J. T. Stewart, Shenandoah; J. P. Bowdish, Marion: C. W. Blodgett, Des Moines; J. T. Templeton, Forest City; John Scott, Nevada; F. F. Taylor, Newton; James Leegasick, Earlville; B. M. Bills, Vinton; W. G. Kent, Fort Madison; Ed Campbell, Fairfield; S. L. Bestow, Chariton; John Latterson, Burlington; Daniel Camp. Campbell, Fairfield; S. L. Bestow, Chariton;
John Patterson, Burlington; Daniel Campbell, Blanco; O. Mills, Lewis; J. T. Carter,
Sharpsburg; P. Boylson, Waverly; William
Holsman, Guthrie; J. F. Babcock, New
Hampton; J. B. Matthews, Taylor,
Kansas—N. W. Taylor, Mulberry Grove;
John Kelly, Wichita; Joshua Wheeler, Nortonville; R. W. Shroeder and wife, Oskaloosa; A. P. Forsythe, Liberty; C. H. Lewis,
Fontana; A. W. Smith, McPherson,
Maine—William Freeman, Cherryfield;
Charles B. Rounds, Calais; R. S. Bartlett,
Eliott.

Eliott. Missouri-Levi Chubuck, Columbia; R. M. Missouri—Levi Chubuck, Columbia; R. M. Barnett, Gallatin; Robert McCulloch, Jefferson City; J. C. Evans, Harlem; R. W. Nicolds, Marshal; A. L. Perrin, jr., Ca.nden Point; P. D. Etne, Kansas City; F. W. Vertican, Portshorn; U. S. Hall, Hubbard; Green Clay, Mexico; B. F. Harvey, Moberly; B. W. Hannan, Pickering.

Montana—W. H. Sutherlin, White Sulphur Springs

Springs. New Jersey-Ralph Ege, Hopewell; J. J. New Jersey—Ralph Ege, Hopewell; J. J.
Mitchell, Whippony.
Nebraska—W. S. Deiano, Lee Park; J. McCarty, Friend; E. E. Sanborn, Springfield;
E. Stoddard, Douglas; B. M. Carpenter,
Papillion: S. C. Brewster, Irvington; C. W.
Key, Ashland; H. A. Fisher, Wahoo; C. C.
Turney, Bertha; R. F. Jones, Lyons,
New Mexico—M. W. Mills, Springer,
Oregon—John P. Robertson, Salem City;
Samuel Layman, Woodburn,
Pennsylvania—Hon John B. Smith, Kingston.

ton.
Indiana—W. W. Goodwin, West Labanon;
H. F. Work, New Washington; D. P. Munroe, Salada,
South Carolina—T. J. Moore, Moore,
South Dakota—J. T. Hamilton, Montrose

S. G. Updike, Brockage; Robert Hills, Springfield. Tennessee—C. A. Mee, Nashville. Michigan-F. S. Porter, North Branch; D. Buell, Union City.
Woming, Isaac N. Bard, Little Bear.
Wisconsia-Colonel C. E. Warner, Windsor; E. Eaos, Waukesha; John Bender,

Rhode Island-Charles P. Flagg, Providence. Ohio-J. H. Smith and W. S. Shepherd,

The Evening Session. At the evening session the first matter con sidered was the selection of a place for holding the next session of the congress. A number of the states that had been nominated withdrew, leaving the contest between Illinois, Colorado and Missouri. On the call of states Missouri developed the greatest strength and was, by motion of the Illinois and Colorado delegations, selected by acclu-mation. The time of holding the convention states and territories of the union. They are was fixed as the first Tuesday after the sec-ond Monday in November, 1891, the place to be decided upon by the Misseuri delegation. "The Farmer in Politics" was the subject The Farmer in Folitics Was the subject the only paper read at the evening session. The author was Alonzo Wardell of South Dakota. He arged the farmers to take united and energetic action for the accomplishment of four great reforms, viz. The abolishment of the national banks; the government con trol of railways and telegraphs; the restora tion of lands granted to corporations, and the adoption of the Australian ballot system. The paper brought about a lively discussion, in which a number of delegates took part.

The delegates will join the excursion to Omana this morning and will hold the final business session of the congress this afterThe Programme.

THURSDAY.

10 a.m.—Resolutions and memorials.

Reports of committees.
Address.
"Farming the Best Business," Hon F. B. "Farming the Best Business," Hos. F. B. Norton, Wisconsin,
"Agricultural Interests of Maine," Hon. Willam Freeman, Maine,
2:00 p. m.—"The Progressive Agriculturist" by Hon. Willam Businest, president of the Minnesota State Agricultural society,
"Imponderable," Hon. H. E. Work, Indiana, 7:00 p. m.—Repartson resolutions,
"Political Obligations of the Farmer," Hon. Alonic Warfell, South Dakota,
"Legislation for Farmers," Hon. Josiah Wheeler, Kansas

FRIDAY. 1:000 a. ra. Miscellanceus tustness. Finar report of the committee on resolu-

tions.
Call of the states for ten-minute speeches speakers to be designated by the president, and in no case to run over the ten minutes, to be timed by the secretary. Dr. Birney cures hay fever. Bee bldg.

MINOR MENTION.

The carmen at the Union Pacific transfer working for the association railway lines, went to work yesterday decorating their car shops with sunflowers for the benefit of the shops with sunflowers for the benefit of the delegates to the farmers' congress when they pass through on their excursion to Desvertomorrow. The plans for the work were drafted by Morris Stewart, foreman of the yards, and all the boys worked heartily to complete the work. It is a very handsome piece of cruamentation, and is greatly enjoyed by the passengers in the yed by the passengers on the incoming and

The grand jury will hold its first session for the September term of the district court on Tuesday morning. There are a great many cases to be inquired into, and the in-quisitors will have a long and busy session.

The city schools commence next Monday. The Skinner whisky case pending in Justice Schurz' court, was adjourned vesterday afternoon on account of the democratic conventions, to which the court and all the attermons, to which the court and all the at-torneys interested were delegates. The hear-ing will be resumed this morning. At that time several of the Sarpy county authorities will be as hand, and if the court decides that Skinner's saloon is located in Nebraska, he will be asked to pay up the \$500 demanded by the Nebraska license law.

It is reported that an Omaha saloonkeeper was spending the night in the Metcalf place when it was robbed and that he had placed a large sum of money in the care of the man-agement, and that this money was a part of the amount stolen. It is also said by the former owner of the diamonds that they were not worth the amount claimed by the woman and that she actually paid aim \$120 for them, and he purchased them of a diamond broker in Omaha for \$50. There are some very re-markable things about the allegel robbery that puzzle the police considerably, and the report that the Omaha salconkeeper who was staying there is not in a condition to report his loss adds a little to their perplexities

Permits to wed were yesterday issued to Lombard Plagge and Elizabeth Mestemarker, both of Neola; George H Speacer of Omaha and Mary C. Ford of Berkey, 0

J. J. Bell has disposed of his interest in the J. J. Bell has disposed of his interest in the New York racket store at 739 Broadway to his partner, J. D Stevenson, who will con-tinue the business at the old stand, Mr. Bell is contemplating a visit to the Pacific coast, and will probably locate there. The new proprietor is a progressive and energetic business man, and will pash his business to the front. the front. T. L. Burnett was discharged by Judge

McGee yesterday morning upon the heaving of a charge against him of insulting a lady on the street. McGuire, the assallant of the little Rich

McGuire, the assailant of the little Richmond girl, was arraigned in Justice Rarnett's court yesterday morning at 9 o'clock, but owing to the absence of Colonel Dailey, his attorney, the case was continued until Monday at 9 o'clock. It is probable that McGuire will waive examination and permit his case to be passed upon by the grand jury. There is a good deal of anxiety among the local coal dealers over the prevailing prices of coal, which are lower than it can be sold for and allow a profit. The wholesale prices in the east are steadily and rapidly climbing upward. Dealers are selling anthracitenow, and will continue to sell it during the month

of August, at 89 per ton, but they will make no contracts at that figure beyond that time. The New York Racket store at 739 Broadway, is now under the exclusive control of J. D. Stevenson, who will enlarge the stock and he Rucket store has its fountain head in New York city, in the largest wholesale and auction house in America, and is enabled to give its patrons prices that cannot be dupli-cated. The stock embraces everything in the dry goods and notion line.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS. "

L. A. Devine and family left yesterday for Jacksonville, Ill., and Akron, O. on a two weeks' visit. .

W. H. Olemacher returned yesterday from a business trip in Missouri. Mr. S. P. McCormick, of Tabor, Ia, is in the city attending the congress. He has been a resident of Fremont county for the past thirty-three years, and has taken occasion to

assure the delegates to the farmers' congress

that he has never seen anything nearer a failure of crops than we have here this year, when we will have a surplussufficient to feed NERVE-PAINS. Cures Neuralgia. Neuralgia. Neuralgia.

Salt Point, N. Y., April 16, 1889.
I suffered six weeks with neuralgia; a half bottle ofst. Jacobs Oil cured me; no return of pain in three years. Have said it to many, and have yet to hear of a single case it did not believe at neural party sure. relieve or permanently cure. G. JAY TOMPKINS, Druggist. Green island, N. Y., Feb. 11, 1889.
I suffered with reuragia in the head, but found instant relief from the application of St. Jacobs Oil, which cured me.

E. P. BELLINGER, Chief of Police.

SPECIAL NOTICES. COUNCIL BLUFFS.

FOR RENT-Hotel Jameson, all furnished.
Possession given October 1. For information address Wm. Siedentopf, or Chris Straub,

FOR SALE-Or will trade for a good road lace. By Dr. Arcalbaid, dam by Kentucky Clay, 5 years old. Apply to Dr. Macrae.

FOR SALE or Rent-Garden land, with houses, by J. R. Rice. 101 Main st., Council Bluffs. FOR RENT-Two new modern 7-room houses. Good location. Apply 62 Fifth avenue. J. R. Davidson.

W Hypay rentwhen you can buy a home on the same terms, and incase of your death atmy time leave your family the home clear onthe following terms:

A home worth \$1,000 at \$12 per month.

A home worth \$1,000 at \$13 per month.

A home worth \$1,000 at \$22 per month.

A home worth \$1,000 at \$35 per month.

Other priced homes on the same terms. The above monthly pay ments include principal and interest. For full bardiculars call on or address the Judd & Wells Co.. 556 Broadway.

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FOR RENT-The store room, No. 18, fronting

A HOTEL BARGAIN Hotel Jameson Council Biuffs, Ia., for rent Furnished and in good repairs. Best hotel in the city. Centrally located. Doing a first-class business. This is a bargain for some good hotel man. Apply to

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For 25 years I saffered from bods, erysipelas and other blood affections, taking during that time great quantities of different medicines with cat giving me any perceptible relief. Friends induced me to try S. M. S. It improved me from the start, and after taking several bottles, re-stored my health as far as I could hope for a my age, which is now seventy-five years. Mus. S. M. Lucas, Bowling Green, Ky. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseasesmailed free SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Allants, Ga.

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