THE BOHEMIAN TURNFEST.

An Excellent Showing Made by Home and Visiting Teams.

INTEREST AMONG THE SPECTATORS.

The Hospitable Reception Tendered to the Delegates from the Various Cities by the Omaha Society.

The good luck of the Bohemian turners of this city attended them yesterday in their efforts to entertain the visiting gymnasts of their nationality on the occasion of their appearance in this city in the athletic tournament of the western district of the United States.

The sky was clear, the air was warm and everything gave evidence of a delightful day, which happily was greatly enjoyed by thousands of friends in this city.

Late Saturday night the last delegate to the tournament arrived, and yesterday morning at 8 o'clock the procession, in honor of the visitors, formed to escort them to the depot.

Early in the morning Lutofsky's band marched to the hall of the Knights of St. George on Williams street between Fourteenth and Fifteenth where they met that organization. With them, they proceeded to Kaspar's hall where they met two lodges of the C. S. P. S. The line then proceeded to Simanek where it found the Turners in waiting. The procession therefore comprised the following: The band, the visiting Turners, the Knights of St. George twenty strong with gorgeous uniforms, plumed hamlets and drawn sabres; Polacky lodge C. S. P. S. forty strong from Omaha; Omaha lodge of the same order, thirty strong, each of the latter two wearing red sashes trimmed with white and silver; South Omaha lodge C. S. P. S., comprising twenty-five men with red regalia trimmed like that of their brethren from Omaha; South Omaha Turners twenty-five strong together with the Omaha Turners who numbered about seventy-five.

The procession marched from Simanek's hall on Thirteenth street to Douglas, thence to Fifteenth and thence to the depot, where the first train was taken for the grounds, leaving there at 10:15 a. m. The train was loaded with excursionists, as was also the second one, which left the depot shortly after noon.

Ruser's park was crowded with the excursionists and nothing had been omitted which might in an innocent manner contribute to the pleasure of the people. The cane fakir was on hand, as were also the darkey, who bared his head in a tempting manner to induce unsteady marksmen to aim antique eggs at his curly pate; Helen's babies in black; the bowling alley, as also a dozen other features, which were liberally patronized.

In the open space, north of the wooded grounds the management had erected the horizonal parallel bars and horses, upon which in a warm sun, the contestants gave evidence of the skill which they had acquired under their instructors.

Around this ground a rope fence had been erected and around this crowds of interested people hung during the day, watching the admirable grace and precision of the competing gymnasts.

In the contest, the participants were as follows:

Chicago—Charles Stulik, Frank Percival, A. Zeman, E. Fiala, Otto Bartos, Joseph Kristan, John Krizan, Frank Kuba, Frank Patera, Frank Hesik, A. Hart, M. Hora, F. Fliegel, J. Englethaler, J. Jemeck, F. Vonasek, Theodore Vavrinek, M. Dolecal, John Halek, V. Lukes.

Cedar Rapids—John Hasek, Joseph Dostal, A. Hac, Al Riedl, John Petraetlka, J. J. Dolezal.

Milwaukee—Joseph Drobnik, J. J. Lissler.

St. Louis—F. Jerabek.

The Omaha turning corps comprised the following: R. Havelka, Frank Jelen, John Valenta, Frank Koran, B. Ningner and Joseph Pecival.

All of these men did excellent work, making a most imposing appearance and impressing everybody with their gentlemanly demeanor and their remarkable skill in their movements upon the bars and horses. It may well be doubted if a finer class of young athletes ever appeared upon any ground. They were all young, with handsome faces and muscles of steel, which served them well throughout the excessive heat which beat down upon them with unrelenting fierceness. Each Turner was attired in a white jersey trimmed with red, and tight-fitting grey pantaloons, with light slippers. The work of some of the young men equalled, if it not excelled, that of any kind ever seen in this city before. This was particularly noticeable on the parallel bars, on which the talent and acquired ability of the Turners both from home and abroad was admirably tested.

The Chicago team was, of course, the most distinguished, but the home lads pressed them warmly on many an important point. The class from the former city was composed of young men of the second division.

Among those who took part in the exercises, and who had achieved distinction elsewhere, were Frank and Joseph Pecival of Chicago; J. Drobink of Milwaukee; Fl. Holek of Chicago, and Otto Bartos.

The turning continued until darkness compelled the people to return to their homes.

The prizes will not be announced until today, because many of the exercises were cut off by the approach of darkness and will be continued this morning.

Today the visitors will be driven about the city, and tonight a grand ball will be given in their honor.

The committee of arrangements comprise the following: John Rosicky, R. V. Mikowsky, R. Havelka, Joseph Percival, Joseph Drosda and Anton Kment. The work of these gentlemen was most complete, and the success of the undertaking was a grand and memorable success.

THE PRESSMEN'S PICNIC.

Members and Friends of the Union Enjoy Themselves.

The pressmen had things their own way yesterday. They held their first annual picnic, and financially and socially it was a winner.

At 8:30 yesterday morning, led by the Musical Union band, the members of the Pressmen's union, followed by the members of the Feeders' union, with their banners floating in the cool morning breeze, marched to the Union Pacific depot where, with their ladies and friends, they comfortably filled ten coaches and were soon speeding on their way to the Waterloo picnic grounds, where they held one of the most enjoyable picnics of the season.

The forenoon was devoted to dancing, singing, boating and having a general good time.

At 1:30 Captain Small marched his job room sluggers out to the ball grounds, where he arrayed them against Captain Willis' press room beauties, and for three innings the two nines chased the leather over a greater portion of the western part of Douglas county. Owing to the heat both sides threw up the game at the beginning of the fourth inning, while the umpire insisted that it was a tie on 8 runs.

Returning to the picnic grounds, the following programme was carried out: Job and book printers' foot race, 100 yards, six starters and one money, $10, was won by Will Bishop.

Cylinder feeders' foot race, 100 yards, fifteen starters and one money, was won by Fred Smith.

Gordon job press feeders, fifty yards, ten starters and one money, $2, won by John McGrath.

The ladies' race was the next event and while it drew a crowd it drew only three starters. The prize was a $10 fan, which was easily captured by Mrs. George Gillenbeck.

There was a free-for-all race, 100 yards with a $5 bill hung up at the end. This was taken by Leon Lozier of Council Bluffs.

The said race furnished any amount of amusement, and while a dozen lads were in at the start, only one saw the outcome and the $5. The lucky youth was Mart Jucknlss.

There was waltzing for prizes, the best lady waltzer to receive a pair of $10 opera gloves and the gentleman a silver handled silk umbrella. Mrs. W. H. Drain and Mike Mullen were the winners.

Then to entertain the throng the Arion quartette rendered several of their choicest selections and the pleasure of the picnic continued without interruption until 8 o'clock when 400 tired but happy Omahans boarded the train that reached the city an hour and a half later.

CHARLES A. DANA.

He Talks of the McKinley Bill and the Central Strike.

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PARIS, August 10.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—Charles A. Dana, who is just now staying here, being asked today what he thought of the New York Central strike, said: "It must have been a great surprise to Depew, who had left such a happy family at home, to hear of the strike. I have been absent from New York for a month, and am not in a position to give an opinion," continued Dana, "but was always led to believe that a strike on the Central railway was an impossibility. Now one has taken place on what appears to be a large scale what are they going to do?"

Anent the McKinley bill, Mr. Dana said he had not studied the question. Being asked whether he thought it would pass or be shelved, he most emphatically assured me that its becoming a law was a certainty. "At one moment," he said, "I was doubtful as to whether the bill would ever become law, but now I am quite certain that it will pass, but in a modified form—that is, on lines formulated by Blaine of reciprocity with Southern American states. The United States say, you take our corn and beef and we will take your sugar, but that modification won't affect people over here, who are clamoring about their silks and velvets. There is no use trying to disguise it from these merchants that the bill will pass, and as regards their case no alteration in it will be made."

DANISH ANTI-PROHIBITIONISTS.

They Propose to Make Their Power Felt in the Present Campaign.

The second meeting of the Danish anti-prohibition club was held yesterday afternoon at Wolff's hall, Twenty-second and Cuming streets. The attendance was very large and the proceedings excited the liveliest interest. All present were Danes, and the business of the meeting was transacted in the native language of the participants.

The executive committee reported that a meeting had been held last Wednesday evening, and the following committees appointed: Finance, William Neve, Christ Hansen, James Henricksen; printing, S. Gorgensen, S. Mathiesen, P. P. Schmidt; state organization, William Neve, H. Theilzard, A. Norgard; naturalization, R. Peterson, William Neve, S. Mathiesen; speakers, H. Thielzard, A. Norgard, William Neve.

The executive committee also reported a constitution which had been adopted for the government of the club. The constitution was short and to the point. The first section provided that every member should agree to vote and work against the prohibition amendment, and to vote and work for the high license amendment. The second section provided that a written pledge should be required from candidates for governer, lieutenant governor and the legislature regarding their stand on these amendments. In the third section it was agreed that all members should vote and work against all candidates who were not opposed to prohibition. The fourth and last section invited all Danish citizens to join in the movement.

The action of the executive committee was heartily approved, after which a short recess was taken in order to allow the members to sign the constitution. One hundred and twenty-two new members came forward to join with the original 200.

When the meeting was again called to order stirring speeches were made by H. Schouboe, F. Jacobson, William Neve, and several others. The speeches were all against prohibition and voiced the sentiment of the Danes, who were bitterly opposed to "bootlegging;" they wanted the saloons run open and above board and not in a sneaking manner. All of the speeches were loudly applauded.

The club has ordered 10,000 copies of the above constitution printed, and these will be distributed among the Danes in the state. It is also proposed to send three men through the state to work up clubs in all the towns and settlements, and it is the intention, as expressed in the meeting yesterday, not to stop until at least 10,000 members are secured, and prohibition defeated.

Another meeting will be held next Sunday at 3 p. m. at Washington hall, to which all Danish citizens are invited.

Army Orders.

Leave of absence for fifteen days has been granted Lieutenant Edward Anderson of the First cavalry.

A board of survey has been appointed to meet at Omaha, 10 o'clock a. m., on Tuesday, to examine into, report upon and fix the responsibility for the loss of 200 cases of mineral oil shipped from Omaha, Neb., to Ogden, Utah, on bill of lading No. 91, dated July 9, 1890, for which Captain John Simpson, assistant quartermaster, United States army, is responsible. Captain James C. Ayres, ordnance department; Captain Douglas M. Scott, commissioner of subsistence, and First Lieutenant Charles M. Truitt, Twenty-first infantry, aid-de-camp, have been detailed for the board.

Did It Just for Fun.

A. J. Mack, the South Omaha tobacconist, called at THE BEE office with his wife yesterday, and wished the article referring to his escapade Friday night corrected. He stated that he had bought a revolver for his wife to use on account of the number of tramps, etc., which infested the neighborhood, but he kept the weapon in his pocket for safety. Friday night he pulled the gun from his pocket and pointed it at his wife, "just for fun," as he expressed it. She was frightened and ran away. He claimed that he was drunk, and said he had extinguished the fire himself before the department arrived.

Michigan Press Excursion.

The Michigan press excursion will arrive in the city this evening from Denver over the Union Pacific. There are fifty-four persons in the party. The board of trade some time ago appointed a committee consisting of Messrs. R. C. Cushing, W. N. Nason, E. Rosewater, Frank Colpetzer, G. M. Hitchcock and J. W. Savage, to complete arrangements for entertaining the visitors. This committee will meet at 11:30 this morning in the office of the secretary of the board of trade. It is intended to drive the guests about the city, showing them the various points of interest, with possibly a trip to the South Omaha stock yards.

Personal Rights League.

Another branch of the Personal Rights league was organized yesterday at Millard, with a membership of nearly 200. P. J. Land, president, and John Baumer, vice president of the local branch, and Charles Herbertz, member of the state executive committee from this county, were present from this city and assisted in organizing the new branch. The majority of the members of the Millard league are farmers, who represent the public sentiment of that part of the county.

Funeral of H. B. Welsh.

The funeral of H. B. Welsh took place at 4:30 yesterday afternoon from the residence of his son, W. L. Welsh, 607 South Twenty-ninth street. Rev. J. M. Wilson, pastor of the Castellar Presbyterian church, officiated. A large number of the friends of the deceased were present and contributed many beautiful floral offerings. The remains were taken to Dubuque, Ia., for interment.

The Damage Was Slight.

A blaze in M. Toft's row of one-story frame stores on Park avenue, between Poppleton and Woolworth avenues, called out the fire department about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The rooms in which the fire was located were unoccupied, and the orgin of the blaze is a mystery. The damage will not amount to more than $50.

DIED.

SLAVEN—Margaret Ellen, only daughter of Owen and Ellen Slaven, age 4 years 11 month and 18 days.

Funeral Monday, August 11, at 10 a. m. from family residence, Tenth and Hickory streets. Interment Holy Sepulchre.

REMARKABLE FOR WEAKNESS.

The Democrats at Cedar Rapids, Ia., Put Up a Very Feeble Ticket.

MOST OF THEIR CANDIDATES UNKNOWN.

It Is Freely Predicted That Iowa Will Roll Up One of Her Old Time Majorities Again This Fall.

DES MOINES, Ia., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The ticket nominated by the democrats at Cedar Rapids last week is remarkable only for its weakness. Only three of the nominees, so far as I have been able to discover, were ever heard of outside of their own precincts. The head of the ticket, W. H. Chamberlain of Independence, for secretary of state, has been a member of the lower house of the legislature for the last three sessions, and has no record of note. His chief use in the legislature seemed to be to secure an appropriation for the Independence asylum, which he accomplished by logrolling methods. He is a general merchant, and has been fairly successful in business, but as a speaker or intelligent politician will be no match for his republican opponent, Hon. W. M. McFarland. Cyrus H. Mackey, for attorney general, is a bourbon of the old school, and is really a strong man and would make a good official, but he can hardly hope to carry the day against so shrewd a politician and good lawyer as Attorney General Stone. The chief contest will be between Hon. Peter A. Dey, present railway commissioner, and Captain Luke, his republican opponent. Mr. Dey has been a member of the board since its organization, and has always been regarded as the strongest member. There would be little surprise if his personal popularity should succeed in re-electing him. So far as the balance of the ticket is concerned, however, the general opinion seems to be that there is hardly the ghost of a show. It is freely predicted that Iowa will roll up one of her old time majorities again this fall.

The nomination of Hon. George R. Struble in the Fifth district to succeed Congressman Keer, seems to have been an especially good one, and the republicans all over the district are sending congratulations. He was born in New Jersey fifty-three years ago, and came to Iowa in 1856, first making his home at Iowa City, but in 1857 removing to his present home at Toledo. He has been a lawyer ever since 1860, a portion of the time on the circuit bench. He represented Tama county in the Eighteenth and Nineteenth general assemblies, being speaker of the latter. The democrats talk strongly of nominating Speaker Hamilton of the last legislature to run against him. The district has about two thousand republican majority.

The nomination of Senator Barnett of Warren county by the farmers' alliance and other labor elements in the Seventh district for congress, probably pits one of the strongest opposition leaders in the district against Captain Hull. There is still doubt that the democrats will endorse him, as it is anything with them to beat the republicans. Colonel Budd, the disgruntled Marion county republican, still poses as an independent candidate, but he will do little harm. With nearly three thousand majority at his back, Captain Hull feels pretty safe.

General J. B. Weaver will undoubtedly be the democratic and combined opposition candidate against Major Lacy in the Sixth district, and the fur will fly this fall. Major Lacy has made a good record in congress, but the Sixth district is exceedingly doubtful, and may go against the republicans this fall.

This week is going to be a lively one for Des Moines. The head camp of the Modern Woodmen of America will be held on the 12th, at which a very large attendance is expected. The state convention of the Knights of Pythias will also begin on the 12th, at which it is expected the location of the state castle will be decided. There seems to be little opposition to locating the building in Des Moines and matters have even gone as far as to publish a cut and plans of the new building, and to indicate the exact site.

A malignant form of dysentery has been prevailing in Jackson county, near Preston, for a number of weeks, and a score of deaths have occurred. After death the bodies turn black, which gave rise to a cholera scare. The town is cut off from the rest of the world and it is almost impossible to get reliable news. It is now said the epidemic is subsiding, but people in the vicinity claim to know nothing or refuse to say anything about it.

Took Snap Judgment.

RED OAK, Ia., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—At the close of the republican county convention here yesterday, and after at least two-thirds of all the delegates had left the hall, a motion was put and carried endorsing Silas Wilson for congress, and instructing the congressional delegation to support him. However, as the county is strongly for Judge Reed, the instructions will be ignored, even on the first ballot, as the Reed men think snap judgment was taken and the delegation is a strong Reed delegation.

STATE NEWS.

District Turners at Fremont.

FREMONT, Neb., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The active turners of the Nebraska district held their regular quarterly "turn day" exercises here today. The gathering was held in Pierce's grove, adjoining the city on the west. Owing to many similar gatherings being in session elsewhere the attendance today was not so large as expected. Active turners from other cities present and participating in the exercises were as follows:

Omaha—C. Buechner, F. Freuhauf, G. Blattert, H. Rix, C. Rehschuh, G. Stangel, J. Peterson.

Lincoln—Lou Hasse, Charles Schwartz, A. Eisner, O. Junge.

Sioux City Eiche—R. Schneider, A. Haupt, C. Monasch, H. Metz.

South Omaha—Frank Henni.

West Point—William Berehns, William Malchow, jr., Martin Kerl, M. O. Gentzke.

This forenoon these classes did a little preliminary practicing at Turner hall. At 1 o'clock this afternoon the exercises were opened at the grove and there were hundreds of citizens present to enjoy the festivities. The turning was done under the instruction of Prof. Kostlan of Fremont, who put his pupils through many new exercises and inspired them with new zeal in the matter of physical culture.

The weather was all that could be desired, and the occasion was a happy one in every particular. A large dancing pavilion was constructed, and the gay crowd tripped the light fantastic until late this evening.

A New Hog Complaint.

BEATRICE, Neb., August 10.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A report comes from the southwestern part of the county of a mysterious and peculiarly fatal disease among the hogs in that section. The disease seems to try the spinal order and is not wholly dissimilar to the kidney worm disease. The hind quarters of the animals become paralyzed, and death ensues in from three to five days. The remedies hitherto successfully applied in the kidney worm complaint have no effect in this new ailment, and it has thus far resisted every known remedy. Quite a number of hogs have already died of the complaint.

The Long Pine Assembly.

LONG PINE, Neb., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The trains from the east and the west are bringing a great many people to the Chautauqua grounds, so much so that all the tents on the grounds are filled and also all the hotels in town, and some are without places to stay and have to be provided for in private houses. Yesterday and today's weather was very pleasant and the regular programme was carried out to the letter. In the evening a very entertaining lecture was delivered by Rev. H. K. Warren, A. M., and president of Gates' college of Neligh, Neb., showing to parents the absolute advantage and the permanent good it is to be compelled to work in boyhood days. He showed by statistics that 80 per cent of all the successful business men and social leaders of our cities have been reared to have work while boys. That the youth must first learn to work hard physically before he can work well mentally, and that nothing is gained without the most persevering application.

Today Rev. J. T. Duryea, D.D., of Omaha, Neb., delivered in his characteristic way an instructive lecture to a crowded pavilion. His subject was "Instincts and Intelligence of Animals." The subject was well handled and the delineations and comparisons were of the most appropriate kind, although it was psychological in its nature, there was not a statement nor an explanation regarding the nature of the mental or physical structure of the lower animals but what the most unsophisticated could comprehend as was manifested from the attention and interest paid by everyone to the remarks of the doctor. In the evening was a lecture by John Askin, Ph.D., Kearney, Neb., whose subject was "Browning." All appreciated the lecture for it was well arranged and the people who heard it know more about Browning now than they knew before. Tomorrow morning Rev. J. T. Farland, D.D., and president of the Wesleyan University of Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, will deliver a sermon and Dr. J. T. Duryea, president of the association in the evening.

Goldsberry Blames His Wife.

BROKEN BOW, Neb., August 9.—[Special to THE BEE.]—In THE BEE of August 4 appeared a communication from THE BEE's Lincoln correspondent in which it was alleged that one Goldsberry had left his wife at Lincoln in destitute circumstances and gone to Grand Island, where he lived with and introduced another woman as his wife. The man referred to is now in Broken Bow, working in the barber shop with his brother, having come here a few days ago from Grand Island. He was seen relative to the matter by your correspondent here and has the following to say: "Yes, I left my wife. We have been married about seven years, the last two or three of which have not been happy ones for us. My wife has for some time been disposed to visit questionable places, to which I objected. I also have other reasons for leaving her. As to the assertion that I had married her in opposition to the wishes of her parents, there is nothing in it. She had neither father nor mother when I married her, and I had the consent of her brother and other nearest friends.

"Instead of leaving her destitute, as stated, I left in the house plenty of provisions, and when I went to Grand Island, made a deed to her of lots in Lincoln.

"As to the charge that I lived with and introduced another woman as my wife, after going to Grand Island, it is as false as the other statements referred to. I was associated with no woman there and introduced no woman as my wife, which I can prove, if necessary. The Lincoln correspondent of THE BEE was misinformed in regard to the whole matter, except that I had left my wife, which is true."

Gothenburg is Prosperous.

GOTHENBURG, Neb., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—This beautiful little village is still moving onward and upward in progress and enterprise. Quite a number of dwellings are being built and the demand for them exceeds the supply. The State bank and H. L. and A. V. Carlson are building a two-story double brick block 48x70 feet to be occupied by the bank and used for store, offices and lodge hall. The Vail Villa people are also erecting a large brick block on their addition to town. A company has just been organized to build a fine three-story brick hotel costing $10,000 or more. The necessary stock is nearly all subscribed and the directors of the company have been elected. Plans are being prepared and work will begin at once.

F. M. Springsteen has sold the Independent to Messrs. Grant & McKnight, young men of intelligence and business ability who will keep the paper up to its established standard and reputation.

A two-story addition is being built to the school house.

Business of all kinds has kept up well during the season.

The yield of small grain is larger and of better quality than was at first anticipated and, notwithstanding the shortage in crops, our farmers will continue to be in pretty fair circumstances owing to the better prices they will get for what they have for sale. The corn crop is quite short, and corn is now 50 cents per bushel here.

The Union Pacific railway is building 2,600 feet of additional sidetrack at this station to accommodate the needs of their increasing business. The stockyards are being moved a short distance east of the present location and being remodelled and enlarged.

E. G. West, the oldest grain and stock dealer of the place, has sold his elevator to Kearney parties. He still retains the stock and coal business.

The Star mills company will begin work on their building in a few days.

Notes from Randolph.

RANDOLPH, Neb., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Northeastern Nebraska is jubilant over the recent rains. The farmers are anticipating a bountiful harvest and the business men a season of great activity in trade. Randolph is building up rapidly, yet substantially. Three splendid brick business houses are in process of construction and other in contemplation. Dwelling houses are going up every day and the town is in every way improving.

The Pacific Short Line is now running regular trains and the work on the Randolph extension of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad to the north west is rapidly going forward. This will give Randolph railroad facilities which will be of inestimable benefit.

The state ticket is meeting the universal approval of the republicans in this community. Richards will have a strong following in Cedar county.

Items From Arcadia.

ARCADIA, Neb., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The Congregationalists of this place have just completed a very fine church. Cost, $3,000. The money has been raised and the church is entirely out of debt.

John G. Schaupp's flouring mill is now running full blast night and day, with a big crop of wheat pouring in. Mr. Schaupp is building a brick molasses factory here. It will be run by water power, in connection with his large flouring mill.

Arcadia has a new brass band of eleven pieces, with Prof. C. S. Rossetter of Loup City, Neb., as instructor.

This section has been visited by one of the best and most soaking rains that we have had this year. Everything looks better and the farmers now say that we will have one-half a crop of corn and a good crop of hay.

Oats are about one-half a crop. Wheat will be a full crop, and is of better quality than has been raised here for the past three years. Potatoes are worth $1 per bushel and are in great demand at that figure. Wheat is worth 50 cents per bushel.

There have been eighteen car loads of hogs bought and shipped from Arcadia to Omaha within the past seven days.

Railroad Rumors at Beatrice.

BEATRICE, August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Union depot rumors are again current and the subject now seems to have reached a culminating point. It has been practically agreed between the Burlington and Union Pacific to unite in this matter and they now await the entry of the Rock Island into the compact to begin work on the structure.

The well-known lack of perfect harmony between the Rock Island and Burlington leads, however to the presumption that the former road is not especially solicitous to enter into any social combine with that road, especially in view of the fact that the Rock Island already has a handsome passenger depot of its own in easy access to the business heart of the city.

Notes from Wabash.

WABASH, Neb., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The democratic county convention convenes in Park hall in this place September 3 at 11 o'clock a. m. There will be a barbecue given by the local democracy. The convention will be addressed by William J. Bryan, democratic nominee for congress, and other prominent speakers.

Work on the new Rock Island has fairly begun all along the line in Cass county. The right of way has largely been obtained without the action of the commissioners appointed to condemn land. Judge Ramsey, however, appointed a board of commissioners last week, composed of S. C. Patterson, South Bend; L. C. Eichoff, Louisville; A. S. Cooley, Eagle, Frank A. Creamer, Elmwood, and John Kleizer of Weeping Water who will proceed to wipe out the difference between the road and the owners of the right of way. The road traverses the finest portion of the

county, and will seriously injure some of the finest farms in Nebraska.

Crops in Bad Shape.

MONROE, Neb., August 9.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The corn crop in this vicinity is so injured by the drouth that under the most favorable circumstances from now on it could not make over 15 per cent of a crop. I visited most of the largest farms here and find that in some fields of early corn the ears have formed and will make some corn, but in all late planted corn the tassell is dead, no ears have been formed, and the stalks are drying up. Last year I shipped over 300 cars of corn from this place, I don't think I shall be able to get a single car from the new crop.

Oats are yielding from fifteen to twenty-five bushels per acre, wheat fifteen to twenty bushels, barley about thirty bushels and rye twenty-five bushels per acre. Flax is about half a crop. Hay is very short, but we will have plenty of rough feed, as farmers will cut up their corn stalks, which will make a very good substitute for hay. Potatoes are a failure.

Red Cloud Matters.

RED CLOUD, Neb., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The Webster county teachers' institute, after a highly successful session of three weeks, closed today. One hundred and twenty-two teachers were enrolled to have given their whole attention to the work during its entire session. Under the able direction of our county superintendent, Miss E. J. King, assisted by Prof. A. K. Goudy, Miss J. L. Graves of Boston and other excellent teachers, the institute just closed will be of enduring benefit to those attending.

The Red Cloud Republican, which was founded here two years ago and which has grown into one of our leading county papers, has been sold to G. M. Plumb of Chicago, who will assume control the 11th inst. The only change in the policy of the paper under its new management will be the supporting of the amendment.

A Painful Accident to a Lady.

PERU, Neb., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Mrs. H. M. Mears, wife of one of the most prominent merchants of this place, met with a painful and serious accident yesterday. A man by the name of Milstead was driving a cow near the residence of Mr. Mears when the cow became unmanageable. Mr. Milstead threw a stone at the cow which missed the cow and struck Mrs. Mears, who was standing in the yard, breaking two ribs.

The rains of the past few days have given new hope to the farmers. The corn in this locality will yield more than was counted upon in July.

A Timely Rain.

ORD., Neb., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The long continued drought that has afflicted this section of the state has been broken here by a gentle but copious rain. This means a large addition to the wealth of the county, as so poor was the prospect of a corn crop that provident farmers were buying up what little old corn was to be found in the county at 50 cents a bushel. Hay has been selling on the street at $5 a ton. This rain is yet in time to save a large portion of the corn and also supply a crop of late hay. Good judges look for three-fourths of an average corn crop.

Death of a Railroad Man.

ALMA, Neb., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The death of J. H. Rankin occurred this morning at 4 o'clock at the Burr hotel. He was taken suddenly sick Monday with an attack of biliousness which terminated in hernia of the bowels. All medical aid was given, but without any good results. A special train bearing the remains, accompanied by members of the Masonic lodge of this city, was run to Fairfield today, where he will be buried. He was a conductor on the Kansos City & Omaha branch of the Union Pacific railroad.

Custer County Democrats.

BROKEN BOW, Neb., August 10.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The democratic county convention met here yesterday, one-half of the townships being represented. Delegates to the state and congressional conventions were elected. A resolution recommending Miller, independent candidate for county attorney, was introduced and adopted after a bitter fight. Many of the radical democrats refuse to support Miller.

Nemaha County Crops.

BROCK, Neb., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Rain is much needed in this vicinity. Potatoes and all garden produce is a total failure on account of the drouth. Oats are poor and hay will not be half a crop. Corn has set and if there is rain in a week or ten days it will be a fair crop. Threshing has commenced and wheat is an average crop.

Turnverein Picnic at Talmage.

TALMAGE, Neb., August 10.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Nebraska City Turnverein held a picnic here today. About two thousand were on the grounds. An excursion run from Nebraska City of three coaches well loaded. The Nebraska City band furnished the music and everything passed off smoothly. One hundred kegs of the "foaming liquid" were disposed of.

Nest of Human Bones Unearthed.

WAKEFIELD, Neb., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—While a gang of men were grading Second street yesterday their plow struck a nest of bones, which proved to be human bones. Physicians, after a careful examination, decided that the bones were the remains to be those of at least six persons, supposably Indians.

Better Prospects for Corn.

LOUP City, Neb., August 10.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Heavy rains for the last two days have proved of inestimable benefit to the corn crop. Much of the crop will now be saved, as will also the hay crop, which promised to be very short.

Another Newspaper Goes Under.

COZAD, Neb., August 10.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Cozad Messenger, a weekly journal published by S. I. Stevens, has collapsed. The paper has not been paying lately, and another paper opening in opposition forced the owner to the wall.

Fire at Nehawka.

NEHAWKA, Neb., August 10.—[Special to THE BEE.]—I. Pollard's stone blacksmith shop, occupied by L. Applegate, was burned between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning. Applegate's loss, $800; Pollard's loss, $400; no insurance.

DASHED TO DEATH.

A Sewing-Machine Agent Meets With a Terrible Accident.

LEXINGTON, Mo., August 10.—The body of Scott Coulter, as it was brought into this city this evening, presented a horrible sight. His legs and arms were all drawn up and his head looked as if it were a solid mass of blood. He had met his death at the Little Sni creek, several miles west of this city, last night during the severe hail storm. He was a sewing machine agent and had left Wellington in a spring wagon at about dark to come to his home near this city. He reached the Sni bridge, a covered one, it is supposed he was overtaken by the heavy hail storm and sought refuge in the bridge. His horses became scared at the noise made by the hail falling on the bridge and ran away. The darkness was intense. Neither he nor the horses could see where they were going. They left the road, turning southward and going up to the banks of the creek. They soon came to a place where the bluffs along the creek were about fifty feet high, over this the horses, driver and all went headlong into the creek. Coulter was evidently instantly killed. One of the horses remained in the creek all night and was taken out by the persons finding Coulter. The other horse grazing around furnished the clew that led to the horrible discovery. He leaves a wife and three children.

Emperor William Visits Heligoland.

BERLIN, August 10.—The German imperial yacht Hohenzollern and the accompanying squadron anchored off Heligoland this morning. Emperor William and Prince Henry landed at noon and were met by Von Boetticher. The inhabitants gave the emperor and his brother a hearty reception. The emperor delivered a short address and the German flag was hoisted, the land battery at the same time firing a salute. After taking luncheon the emperor departed at 3:30 o'clock amid the cheers of the populace.

THE CARISBAD OF AMERICA.

Something About the Famous Health Resort in South Dakota.

HEALING WATERS OF HOT SPRINGS.

Their Efficacy Proven by Many Well Attested Cases—The Wild and Beautiful Scenery in Which This Region Abounds.

HOT SPRINGS, S. D., August 8.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Much has been said and written about the waters here that it seems almost like romance, certainly like exaggeration, but a short sojourn at this beautiful spot of nature's peculiar framing will convert the most skeptical, especially so if they are rheumatic invalids, of the merits of these waters. They are different from any others in America, not only in their ingredients, but also in the fact that the cures that have been effected are entirely without the aid of medicine or the assistance of physicians. The marvelous cures that have been performed, and corroborated by hundreds of persons of unquestioned veracity, and certified to by eminent physicians, seem like fairy tales. The chemical combination is so perfect, that notwithstanding the great specific gravity, the water is as clear as crystal, through which the smallest object can be seen at a great depth. The natural temperature of the water is 95 degrees and they are a specific for rheumatism, nervous, liver, kidney and stomach diseases and have given relief in many others. Two railroads are vieing with each other to reach the springs and two first-class stage lines have all they can do, besides running extras daily, to handle all the travel coming here from each of the railroads. In a few weeks, however, the latter will be completed and staging will be a thing of the past.

About half a mile due west of the Minnekatta hotel on an elevated plateau that commands the situation for miles around and is seen for miles from the stage coach, rises the imposing structure of the soldiers' home, conceded to be one of the finest buildings of the kind in the west. It is built of cut sandstone in which the vicinity abounds. It is 132 feet long by 38 feet wide with four towers 56 feet high. The location is lovely. It stands in the midst of a grove of native pine timber overlooking the city. Battle Mountain is in the distance, with the dark green foliage of the pine backed and blended with the red cliffs of gypsum proverbial to the foot hills of this vicinity, and beyond the vast ocean of prairie stretching into the distance until it seems to loose itself in the blue, unclouded sky. Here in this valley of the springs the panoramic view is an Eden. From Bradley's flats to the west and Martin's valley to the east, nature seems to have absolutely lost itself in loveliness.

No wonder that the redman for ages past revelled in the pure air, bathed and found a panacea for all his ailments in their healing waters, and battled for their rights with tribal foes as the fortifications that still exist on Battle Mountain testify.

The Seventh United States cavalry opened to the pale face a new Eldorado. Inyan Kara, Bare Butte and the dark granite crest of Harney looked down in grim and silent wonder on the daring intruders, and thus the magic tread of civilization opened to the western hemisphere an oasis in what was known prior to 1874 as the "Great American Desert."

No name is dearer or more revered by the Black Hills pioneers than George A. Custer's. A prominent peak and the first city built in the hills were named after the chivalric commander of the Seventh cavalry. The city is thirty miles north of here and will be reached in a few weeks by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad. It is the oldest and most picturesque city and of a higher altitude than any other in the Black Hills. It was selected by Custer in July, 1874, for his cavalry camp. There are many reminiscences of this daring trooper among the natural avenues that lay to the east and north of the city. Among others is his name, carved by himself in roman characters (discovered by the writer in the winter of 1874), on one of the granite pinnacles of Harney's peak, about seven miles from the city.

The climate of the Hot Springs rivals southern California or Colorado for nature generously fixed the barriers against the storms and blizzards in this favored valley that are proverbial in other parts of the two Dakotas. Gently undulating mountains and hills protect the valley from the winds from all directions. While the water is not so warm as the Carlsbad springs of Germany, yet a comparison of the two waters shows a striking similarity, and it is believed that the main reservoir or basin, located in Stewart's addition a few hundred yards from the springs, that now supplies the various medicinal baths, and from which all the hot water rises, when tapped will supply water of a much higher temperature. For this purpose a company is now being formed to run a tunnel into the hill directly west of the post-office to tap this basin. The hotel accommodations of the springs will compare creditably with any in the country. They are Minnekatta, Gillespie, Stratton, Catholican, Avery and Ferguson. The two former cannot be excelled anywhere in the west. The Catholican is situated a short distance below the city. The twenty bath tubs in the basement are supplied from a spring that has the distinction of being the only one in the world containing phosphorus in solution. Lenord & Avery, the present lessees, have performed some remarkable cures of catarrh, rheumatism and other diseases. The hot springs of South Dakota were located in 1881, when this region was a comparative wilderness. Now all branches of business are fully represented. A Methodist college, built of native sandstone, four stories high, will be opened for occupancy in September. A Catholic college will also be under construction. Three banks are in operation. The First National was incorporated June 10. Two of the greatest trunk lines west of Chicago will soon be running into the springs—the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy and the Fremont & Missouri Valley, a branch of the Chicago & Northwest. The route of the former line will rival in scenic grandeur the Denver & Rio Grande, or any other picturesque route in America. It runs directly through the center of the Black Hills, taking in the great tin districts of Custer and Hill City, and following the great bonanza belt of Lawrence county until it reaches Deadwood, the metropolis.

CAPTAIN T. H. RUSSELL.

THEY DON'T UNITE.

Two Independent Candidates Who Fail to Agree on the Tariff.

O'NEILL, Neb., August 8.—To the Editor of THE BEE: O. M. Kem and J. H. Powers, independent candidates for congressman and governor, addressed a small audience at Atkinson yesterday. Many were drawn by curiosity to learn what these gentlemen had to offer by way of a remedy for the evils of which they complain.

One of the remedies suggested by Mr. Kem was to tax every man after he accumulated $50,000 so high as to make it uncomfortable. He said the actual cost of building the Union Pacific railroad was $20,000 per mile, whereas it is watered up to $100,000 per mile, and then added: "We are in favor of reducing this, and if we can it will reduce the cost of transportation one-half, and if we can cut down the stock to its actual cost of $20,000 per mile transportation can be reduced to one-fifth what it is now."

He spoke at length on the evils of the present system of taxation and claimed that a revision of the tariff would tend to remedy this. He expatiated on the tariff for some time.

Mr. Powers then took the floor and said he much feared that his friend Kem intended to drag out the old corpse, the tariff issue, which was dead and buried, and was only held up before the people by politicians for political purposes.

If these gentlemen are going to stump the state together it would be wise for them to unite a little more closely on the tariff question, so that each would not make the other appear ridiculous.

Mr. Powers is quite a pleasant speaker and makes each point very clear to his audience, but some of his ideas appear very visionary. He advocated a law compelling banks to loan government money to the people at 1 per cent per annum.

The general verdict was that, while the speakers dwelt at great length on the evils that afflict the farmers, they suggested no feasible remedy.

A. M. C.

Dyspepsia

Makes the lives of many people miserable, causing distress after eating, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, loss of appetite, a faint, "all gone" feeling, bad taste, coated tongue, and irregularity of the bowels. Dyspepsia does not get well of itself. It requires careful attention, and a remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acts gently, yet efficiently. It tones the stomach, regulates the digestion, creates a good appetite, banishes headache, and refreshes the mind.

Distress After Eating

Sick Headache

"I have been troubled with dyspepsia. I had but little appetite, and what I did eat distressed me, or did me little good. After eating I would have a faint or tired, all-gone feeling, as though I had not eaten anything. My trouble was aggravated by my business, painting. Last spring I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, which did me an immense amount of good. It gave me an appetite, and my food relished and satisfied the craving I had previously experienced." GEORGE A. PAGE, Watertown, Mass.

Heart-burn

Sour Stomach

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

THANKS TO RATHBONE.

The United States Consular Convention a Success.

[*Copyright 1890 by James Gordon Bennett.*]

PARIS, August 10.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—Dr. St. Clair, who presided over the sittings of the United States consular convention held last week, was found by the Herald correspondent, who called upon him today, lying on a bed of sickness with a complaint of a paralytic character and hereditary, having already proved fatal to several members of his family. St. Clair was, however, much better this evening, and there is every probabability that tomorrow will see his complete recovery, though suffering acutely.

St. Clair was good enough to inform the correspondent that the immediate outcome of the convention was the appointment of a committee, which will meet at Frankfort August 20 to digest and formulate a specific report of the labors the last week. This report will be submitted to St. Clair, who will transmit it to headquartes at Washington. This special committee is to be composed of the following gentlemen: St. Clair, A. K. Tingle, supervising agent of treasury; Colonel O'Neill Hull, of the same department, Consul General Edwards of Berlin, Captain Frank Mason, consul general at Frankfort, and Dr. Crawford, consul general to Petersburg.

We learn from an exceptional source that previous to adjourning the convention drew up and unanimously approved a resolution congratulating Consul General Rathbone of Paris on the high efficiency displayed by him in the exercise of his official duties, and thanking him for the pains taken to make the stay in Paris of the members of the convention comfortable. Speeches to the same effect were made by several members, and among the number the president, who referred to Rathbone's high standing at the consular department and characterized his retirement as a public loss.

The convention was the direct outcome of Rathbone's effort and suggestions to the state department and that its results are considered eminently satisfactory.

BEAT THE PREACHER.

Father Saponara Loses $3,000 to New York Confidence Men.

NEW YORK, August 10.—Rev. Peter Saponara of the Italian Roman Catholic church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel in North Eighth street, Williamsburg, is looking for three swindlers, two of whom captured $3,000 of his money very easily last Wednesday. He is a comparatively young man who has been working very hard in Williamsburg. He deposited his savings for the last fifteen years, amounting to $3,000, in the Emigrant Industrial Savings bank in Chambers street, in this city. About six weeks ago a man called on him at his home in Havemyer street. He was well dressed and a good talker. He neglected to tell Father Saponara his name.

"I am a resident of Williamsburg," he said, "and I am perfectly familiar with your name and your good work there. I want you to take charge of an orphan nephew of mine. His father was a wealthy man in Louisville, Ky."

To Police Captain Short of the Bedford street station the priest told this story: "Some time ago I got acquainted with an old man who wished me to take care of and educate his boy. He visited me several times, finally he came and said the boy had sickened and died. Several times thereafter he called on me and gave me to understand that he would give me $10,000 to help me in the church and build a house adjoining it for my occupancy. I had often explained to him the condition of my affairs and I believed everything he told me. He said he would send over for me some day, and he did so. I went over on Thursday, and as I was passing Broadway and Twenty-third street three men met me. They said they were envoys from the old gentleman and had his gift for me in a tin box, and I saw what I thought was a roll of money. They said it was $10,000. After handing me the box, one of the men said I ought to give some security, and they spoke of the money I had in the bank. I then went with them to the bank and drew the money out, $3,000, and gave it to them. They told me that when the old gentleman got the money he would know that they had delivered his gift to me, and that he would be over with the money I gave them in a few days. When I got home and opened the box all I found were these rolls of worthless paper."

Captain Short notified the police of this city, giving a description of the men, including the old man, as furnished by Father Saponara.

The Coming Week in Congress.

WASHINGTON, August 10.—Owing to the fact that many members have gone to Boston to attend the Grand Army encampment it is probable that little or no business will be transacted in the house before the latter part of the week. It was the intention of the leaders to assign the week to the agricultural committee, which seeks action on the compound lard and meat inspection bills, and the committee on education, which is ready to call up the bill to extend aid to agricultural colleges.

In the senate the tariff bill will be discussed until Friday, when it is expected the river and harbor bill will be taken up. It is expected that the conference reports on the sundry civil appropriation bill and the land grant forfeiture bill will also be presented.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of leavening strength—U. S. Government Report Aug. 17, 1889.