THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

TWENTIETH YEAR. OMAHA, MONDAY MORNING JULY 21, 1890. NUMBER 33.

HE FOOLED WITH A REVOLVER.

Tom Benninghall, a Lincoln Youth, Shoots a Son of Eugene Warner.

THE WOUND INFLICTED IS NOT FATAL.

An Adventure With a Tarantula—Burial of Thomas H. Ferris of Geneva—News From Over the State.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—While Tom Benninghall, a youth of seventeen, was fooling with a revolver this evening, near Eleventh and B, he asked a group of boys: "Which one of you wants to be shot?" Eugene Warner's eight-year-old son responded, "I do." Benninghall then leveled the revolver at him and fired. The bullet struck him in the head, inflicting a frightful wound and dropped the boy senseless and bleeding to the road. A physician was called and an examination showed that the brain was not pierced and the wound not fatal. Benninghall protests that he did not mean to shoot. Up to 10 o'clock he had not been arrested.

Conference Camp Meeting.

FREMONT, Neb., July 20.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The annual camp meeting of the Christian Park and Assembly association meets on Thursday of this week. Preparations are being made with the expectation that the attendance will be very large. A new auditorium costing $3,000 and having a seating capacity of 3,000 persons is being completed. A commodious boarding hall has been built and the grounds are greatly improved in many ways. The street car line is being extended to the grounds and will afford convenient and cheap transportation.

The programme for the meetings which continue ten days is an elaborate one. Many distinguished ministers of the Methodist church will be in attendance.

Dodge County Alliances.

FREMONT, Neb., July 20.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Pomona grange has decided to have a grand picnic in the future at some point in the central part of the county. An invitation has been extended to and accepted by the county alliance to unite in the festivities. Prominent speakers will be invited from abroad.

The president and secretary of the county alliance have issued a call for a county convention, to be held at North Bend Saturday, July 26, when legislative and county tickets will be nominated and delegates selected to attend the independent state convention.

Burial of a Brother Knight.

GENEVA, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The memorial services of Thomas H. Ferris, the Sir Knight of Pythias who was accidentally drowned at Milwaukee, was held this afternoon in the M. E. church. Hebron knights, whom Ferris drilled with while at the encampment, came up by special train. There was an immense crowd present. The sermon was preached by Rev. L. T. Fisher, chaplain of the Third regiment, Knights of Pythias. The floral decorations were the finest ever seen in the city. The parade, headed by the Third regiment band, was an imposing and impressive sight.

Business at Wilcox.

WILCOX, Neb., July 20.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Business is good in all branches of trade and money seems to be reasonably plentiful. The banks report the demand from the farmers lighter than usual for this time of the year. One brick building, store building, Congregational church and several brick residences are well under way. Lots have been purchased for three other buildings which will be commenced at once.

Found a Tarantula.

TALMAGE, Neb., July 20.—[Special to THE BEE.]—As Mrs. J. H. Bord, wife of a restaurant man, was opening the stove this morning a tarantula walked into the room, probably driven by the rain. It is supposed that the animal came to this country with a bunch of bananas over a week ago. Nobody was hurt, and the "varmint" was killed.

Sumner Growing Rapidly.

SUMNER, Neb., July 20.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Sumner is one of the new towns on the Kearney & Black Hills railroad, which is now building from Kearney up the fertile Wood river valley, about forty miles from Kearney.

Sumner is located in the very best part of the valley and surrounded by some of the finest farm lands in the state, and this town is destined to become one of the live ones of this section.

Sale of Bonds.

WISNER, Neb., July 20.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The Cuming county $65,000 5 per cent ten to twenty year refunding bonds were sold on Saturday to W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleveland, O., for $1,103, premium and accrued interest, equal to $1,400. This is the best sale of the same class of bonds ever made in the state and speaks well for Cuming county.

The Home Team Won.

BLAIR, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The game of ball today between the Models of Council Bluffs and the home team resulted in favor of the home nine. Score, 11 to 5. Batteries: For Models, Crosby and Nichols; for Blair, Illey and Welbaum.

Brown County Republicans.

BASSETT, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—At the republican county convention yesterday C. J. Houseman was nominated for commissioner and J. H. Elwell for county attorney. Del Akins heads the delegation to the state convention and J. D. Crelble to the congressional convention. The delegates to the state convention were instructed for L. D. Richards for governor, while the congressional delegates were uninstructed. Every precinct in the county had their full representation and the convention was in every way very harmonious.

The Saunders County Delegation.

VALPARAISO, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Hon. John Steen will have ten if not twelve of the votes of the Saunders county delegation for the office of commissioner of public lands and buildings. Dispatches sent from this county heretofore have been very misleading. Judge Reese's friends state upon authority that he will not be a candidate for governor.

Custer County Republicans.

BROKEN BOW, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The republican county convention met here yesterday and elected delegates to the state convention, headed by W. Boyce. A majority of the delegates are supposed to favor Jack McColl for governor. It is a farmers' delegation.

Wayne County Republicans.

WAYNE, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The county republican convention met yesterday. The delegation is unpledged. A strong anti-Dorsey delegation was chosen to the congressional convention.

Harris and Not Daugherty.

PAXTON, Neb., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The name of M. A. Daugherty is mentioned in the dispatches from Ogallala as heading the delegation to the republican state convention. This is an error, as Dr. R. D. Harris of Paxton received the entire vote and was therefore entitled to the chairmanship.

Worse than War.

CAIRO, July 20.—It is reported that Osman Digna has lost 400 men by famine and sickness.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

A Meeting in Chicago in the Interest of Sunday Closing.

CHICAGO, July 20.—At a large meeting held in Farwell hall this afternoon resolutions were adopted by a rising vote that the legislature about to meet in special session be requested to see to it that the world's Columbian exposition be closed on Sundays. The resolutions declare that the "injury to the city, state and nation of an open European Sabbath cannot be estimated and that the American institution of a quiet Sabbath must not be trampled on. The example set by the United States in Philadelphia in 1876 and Paris in 1889 should be continued, and we owe it to the working people of the world, and especially to those of our nation that this most precious boon of a rest day be saved for them." A copy of the resolution was forwarded to the state senate and house of representatives, Governor Fifer, President Harrison, the commissioners of the exposition and the Chicago board of directors. The meeting was under the auspices of gentlemen more or less identified with the Young Men's Christian association and Chicago Evangelican union. World's fair matters were not the primary objects of the gathering. The resolutions were introduced and adopted after speeches following upon statements made by Major Whittle, just returned from London, regarding the interest being taken across the Atlantic in everything pertaining to the coming exposition.

Forecast of Congress.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Debate on the tariff is expected to begin in the senate tomorrow afternoon. The republicans do not intend to engage in general debate on the bill, therefore the democratic senators will make the opening speeches. The republican members of the finance committee have been informed that the democratic minority will not make a formal report against the passage of the bill. No effort will be made this week to consider the river and harbor bill, but if the tariff debate proves protracted the bill will be laid aside informally to permit the river and harbor bill to come before the senate. Nothing definite has been decided regarding a republican caucus upon the election bill.

In the house the programme has been partially outlined by special order. Tomorrow votes will be taken on the amendments to the original package bill. The bankruptcy bill will come next and occupy the time until Thursday. The elections committee may render reports in the pending cases.

Guatamalans Defeated.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 20.—El Universal publishes an account of the battle between Guatemalans and San Salvadoreans in San Salvador, in which the former were defeated with a heavy loss. The Guatemalan force numbered 9,000. General Barrundia, a Guatemalan refugee, has left Oaxaca to take part in the war. He will probably raise the standard of revolt in Guatemala. Private telegrams from San Salvador say the San Salvadoreans captured the Guatemalan artillery in the battle which took place Thursday. It is rumored that President Barillas of Guatemala talks of resigning.

Notice to Grand Army Men.

BOSTON, Mass., July 20.—The reunion committee of the National Grand Army encampment earnestly desires the names of all organizations that have secured through local members and without application to the committee their own accommodations. The committee also desires all military and naval organizations that contemplate holding reunions during encampment week and have not already notified the committee should do so at once. Notices should be sent to J. Payson Bradley, chairman of the reunion committee No. 2, "A" Beach street, Boston, Mass.

Vandevander's Fireman Arrested.

VAN WERT, O., July 20.—The shocking murder of Engineer Vandevander and the probably fatal wounding of his fireman, Samuel Roadhouse, resulted today in the arrest of the latter, charged with the crime. He protests his innocence and says they were both assaulted by an unknown man. They were known to have been quarrelsome for several days and the detectives' theory is that Vandevander knocked him down, injuring his head horribly, and the fireman then waited his chance and struck the engineer with a hammer.

Steamship Arrivals.

Browhead—Passed, the Servia, from Liverpool.

At New York—The Aurania, from Liverpool; the City of Rome, from Liverpool; the State of Alabama, from Glasgow; the Holland, from London.

At Boston—Arrived: The Scythia from Liverpool.

At London—Sighted: The Bretagne, from New York.

At Baltimore—Arrived: The Ohio, from Hamburg.

A Hero Burned to Death.

DENVER, Colo., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Commercial hotel, an old time structure, burned near the union depot at an early hour this morning. The loss was not large owing to the worn out character of the improvements. About forty persons came near being suffocated, and seven were carried out of the burning building in an insensible condition. John Johnson, having carried out a number of people, mostly women, lost his own life finally in attempting another rescue.

A Former Omahan Dies in Denver.

DENVER, Colo., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—George W. Kassler, formerly cashier of the First National bank of this city, died here today, aged fifty-four. He has been in ill health for some years. Mr. Kassler came west in 1857 and settled in Omaha. In 1869 he came to Denver, where he has ever since resided. He was a man of wealth and high character, but has not been prominent in financial circles since retiring from the First National.

Internal Debt to Be Created.

LONDON, July 20.—Cable dispatches from Montevideo say the government contemplates the creation of an internal debt at 10 per cent interest, in order to withdraw from circulation national bank notes. Merchants and foreign bankers have signed an agreement to refuse forced paper currency in settling gold transactions.

Thanked the Sultan.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—Premier Stambuloff of Bulgaria has thanked the sultan for appointing Bulgarian bishops in Macedonia, and has assured the porte of the support of the Bulgarians should necessity arise.

The Austrians, Gerson and Mejor, recently seized by brigands near Smidt, have been released.

Argentine Republic Affairs.

BUENOS AYRES, July 20.—Conflicting reports are current of a discovered plot against the government. A semi-official paper declares that the reports have no foundation. A national convention will be convoked in January to designate a candidate for the presidency.

Secret Societies Denounced.

DUBLIN, July 20.—In his sermon at the cathedral at Armagh today Rev. M. Macneece denounced secret societies. He referred especially to the Ancient Order of Hibernians. He said this society, which was founded in America, was seeking new members in Ireland and he warned all Catholics against having anything to do with it.

A Severe Sentence.

VIENNA, July 20.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—Alfred von Keudler, a banker, formerly Swedish consul in this city, has been tried and convicted here on the charge of fraud and embezzlement and sentenced to seven years penal servitude and the loss of all his titles.

THE ORIGINAL PACKAGE BILL.

Congressman Walker's Death Will Delay the Vote Upon It.

SOUTH DAKOTA'S TIN MINE INTERESTS.

The Conger Lard Bill Will Probably Be Brought Before the House this Week—Freaks of Washington Society.

WASHINGTON BUREAU THE OMAHA BEE, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 20.

The death of Congressman Walker of Missouri, which occurred yesterday, will probably prevent the vote upon the original package bill, which was to have been taken tomorrow afternoon. It has always been the custom for the house to adjourn at once after the announcement of the death of one of its members, and there is no reason to expect that a different course will be adopted in the present case. The immediate adjournment of the house will put the vote on the bill over until Tuesday, and that will necessitate the postponement of the vote upon the bankruptcy bill until Tuesday, or one day later than was intended.

Those who are most active in the interest of the original package bill are no better able to judge of its fate tonight than they were a week ago, but the return of many absent members tomorrow morning will afford an opportunity to make a canvass and to give the members of the judiciary committee an opportunity to decide whether it will be advisable to insist upon the Wilson amendment in view of the opposition and the strength of the following of Mr. Adams of Chicago.

TRYING TO CONSOLE THEMSELVES.

While the democratic members of the house are trying to console themselves with the idea that the majority for their party in the next congress will be something enormous, they are at the same time greatly worried over the reports which are being received from several of the congressional districts where they have heretofore regarded themselves as having a "cinch." It is generally admitted that nearly every district in Georgia is in danger, owing to the activity of the farmers' alliance, and that South Carolina is in about the same fix, without, even the federal elections law, and now comes word that one of the supposed safest of Virginia districts is in imminent danger. This district, now represented by General Lee, is in an uproar over the methods of that gentleman. So bitter is the feeling that it is openly admitted that if he is renominated, and this seems certain, he will be snowed under and democrats will lose the seat. The republicans are active and intend to try hard to win.

THE SURPLUS STILL WITH US.

The talk of the deficit in the revenues of the government, and the complete abolition of the surplus, which seems to be agitating the democratic press at present, was effectually answered by Secretary Windom yesterday in the circular which he issued inviting offers for the sale of bonds of the government. The surplus is still with us, and the secretary estimates that it now amounts to $50,000,000. Should the revenues for the current fiscal year threaten to fall below the expenditures authorized by congress, it will be largely on account of the increased expenditures on account of pensions, and it will be remembered by all but those who refuse to recall the facts connected with the last campaign, that the republican party promised to make good the pledges to the soldiers which the democrats had given, and which their late president squashed by vetoing the dependent pension bill when it went to him for his signature.

MRS. FREMONT'S PENSION.

It seems to be admitted on all sides that the bill to place the name of the widow of the late General Fremont on the pension roll will pass at this session of congress. In spite of the fact that the Pathfinder was the first republican standard bearer in a national campaign, there is less opposition to the proposed pension in this instance than there has been to any similar measure for many years on the part of the minority in congress. It is likely to be called up at an early day.

MARSHALLING FOR THE FRAY.

The District democrats are already laying pipes for the control of the convention here, which will send delegates to the next national democratic convention. It is expected to prove a rather hard fight for the friends of Mr. Cleveland, among whom are ex-Marshal Wilson, ex-Commissioner Wheatly and Register Claggett. They are expected to use strenuous efforts to capture the convention in the Cleveland interest. Arrayed against them will be many of the old rank and file of the party in the district, who do not regard Mr. Cleveland as the best candidate at this time, but look with more favor on Governor Hill of New York. There will be a hard fight in some of the districts for control and the clans are already marshalling for the fray. The central democratic committee had a called meeting for last Thursday, but as no quorum showed up the meeting was adjourned until the middle of August. The composition of this committee is antagonistic to ex-President Cleveland.

THE CONGER LARD BILL.

The friends of the Conger lard bill will besiege the committee on rules during the present week for an opportunity to bring the measure before the house, and it is confidently expected that their demands will be complied with. Members of the house have received so many petitions and memorials from individuals and commercial bodies all over the country, both favoring and opposing the measure, that it is evident to the committee on agriculture having the measure in charge that the deepest interest is felt in the bill, and they will insist that the committee on rules give them an opportunity to discuss the bill.

FIFTEEN DAYS ANNUAL LEAVE.

The senate committee on postoffices and postroads, at its meeting tomorrow, is expected to take final action on the bill it has had under consideration for some time to enforce the eight-hour law in first and second-class postoffices, and to give the clerks therein an annual leave of fifteen days. The committee has investigated the subject with thoroughness, and it is said has come to the conclusion that it is not practicable to apply the eight-hour law to these offices.

Communications have been received from the clerks themselves saying they do not crave relief in that direction, but they do want their salaries increased. The arguments they have used in their communications have satisfied the committee that to make the eight-hour law effective, and to pay the clerks extra for overtime, would result in a deficiency for clerk hire, however large in reason the appropriation might be. So the wishes of the clerks in regard to their salaries will be met by the committee as far as possible, now, by recommending that fifteen days annual leave or pay be given them.

SOUTH DAKOTA'S TIN MINES.

One of the hottest fights that will arise in the senate during the debate on the tariff will be led by Senators Pettigrew and Moody of South Dakota in favor of protection for the development of the tin interests of that state. There has never been any serious effort made until now to develop the tin mines of this country. In the Black Hills of South Dakota are undoubtedly some of the richest tin mines in the world, and they have only been looked into sufficiently to ascertain the quality of the ore and something of its extent.

While lead, silver, especially copper, and nearly all other ores indigenous of the United States have been given specific attention in the tariff laws, our tin has been permitted to receive only general attention, and very little of that. Tin is one of the most popular articles of consumption in the country, for it goes into the use of every family to a greater or less extent. The South Dakota senators say that they have enough tin within an area of sixty miles square to more than supply the United States, and that it can be fully developed within two years if there is proper encouragement given by congress. They say that they will not ask as much encouragement as is given either copper or lead, and they declare that tin is a much more essential product than either of the others named.

Mr. David Day, chief of mines and mining in the geological survey, has been out to the tin mines in South Dakota, and intends to prepare a statement of the promises of the South Dakota tin mines. He says that undoubtedly these mines are as rich as any that can be found in the world, if not much richer, and that they are much easier to get at than can be found elsewhere, but the difference in the prices paid for labor in this country, and Wales and other tin-producing countries make it essential, he says, to have protection at the hands of congress for two or three years until the mines may be developed.

SERVICES OF SENATOR JOHN SHERMAN.

The announcement made last week that Senator Sherman would at the expiration of his present term, March 3, 1893, retire to private life, has brought out a great many expressions concerning his character and usefulness which probably would never have been heard had it been believed that he intended to continue in the senate or had no ambition to remain a public man.

Unquestionably Senator Sherman has been the central figure in the national legislature for at least a score of years. There have been men since the beginning of his public career who have cut a more conspicuous figure in the proceedings of congress, but surely none which have lasted so long and worn so bright. John Sherman entered public life here in the Thirty-fourth congress and was a member of the lower house eight years. He was a candidate for speaker in the session just before the rebellion began and at the opening of the war was promoted to the senate. Since March, 1861, he has been continuously a senator, with the exception of his secretaryship under the Hayes administration. He was president of the senate almost two years, from the winter of 1885 till that of 1887. Having been born in May, 1823, he is consequently over sixty-seven years old. He was trained to be a lawyer, but having a natural political inclination, began very early in life to show conspicuous political abilities in the conventions in his native state, Ohio.

There have been three or four characteristics which have made John Sherman lastingly a great man. His honesty was never questioned. He is frank and plain spoken. He always goes directly to the point in treating every subject. He was never accused of beating around the bush or making a point by indirection. He was never guilty of duplicity; double dealing was never charged against him by even his bitterest enemies. Whenever he made an utterance in any place, at any time, his statements were taken for the truth and his apparent aim was never challenged. This can be said of very few men. He has always been surrounded by men of strong friendships, who would go to the extreme end in a political or personal battle, because they knew he would in turn fully reciprocate their fealty.

The republicans in the senate have for many years leaned against Senator Sherman whenever there was a great tariff, financial or international subject to be handled. He is as a lawyer, diplomat, financier and political economist surely the peer of any man in the United States. There may be men stronger in one of these features, but none stronger in all of them. He is a great all-round fighter, and he never skulked to the rear or refused to show the proper courage at a critical moment. He has always been at the front and in the thickest of the affray. For these reasons his absence in the senate would be keenly missed for many years, and it is not likely that the country would be so fortunate as to fill his place in the present generation.

John Sherman's face and form are as familiar in the senate as any of the most popular pieces of furniture; indeed he is a fixture and everybody likes him because he is invariably courteous and outspoken. According to the reports Senator Sherman has grown weary of public life, and in his declining years wishes to secure some of the comforts of which his public services have deprived him during the past quarter of a century. He has always been a hard worker and has given his best services to his country.

FREAKS OF WASHINGTON SOCIETY.

The recent escapades of the young man White, who is now under arrest for forgery and embezzlement, and who, it is said, has no small amount of negro blood in his veins, is only another instance of the cosmopolitan life in Washington. This young fellow came here several years ago and nobody knew who or what he was. He was bright, handsome and clever, and after a year's stay succeeded in squandering money right and left, dressing in the best taste and gaining entrance into the best society. He stopped at one of the best hotels and lavished flowers and presents on some of the best girls in this city, and one of the saddest parts of the present scandal is the intimate connection of young White with the name of the daughter of a prominent southern senator. As stated, he had entrance into the best society. His attentions to the daughter of a member of President Cleveland's cabinet were so marked at one time that the engagement was generally spoken of and since her departure his name has been coupled again and again with some of the very best families in this city.

It is the general comment among the older people living here that the lines of social intercourse seem to be more loosely drawn here than in any city in the union. No one seems to inquire who any one is. It is an occurrence of almost every year that some young fellow cuts a very wide swath, becomes for the time the social lion and then disappears, usually in a very distinct cloud, leaving behind him a long line of gloomy creditors and sometimes an indictment or two. It is hard to explain why a man when he leaves his own home and comes to live in Washington without his family, should throw to the wind those precautions which he guarded at home, but the hospitalities of Washington seem to be so lavish that every man, provided he has a dress coat and keeps his finger nails in good condition, has the entre everywhere. There are dozens of cases, in this town, for instance, where men who are known to be thoroughly worthless are received here with the greatest favor. There are cases of men masquerading as noble men in their own country, who are known by those of their native country here to be sharks and perfect scamps. Nowhere is the question of chaperonage more loosely considered.

The chaperon in Washington seems to be considered a nuisance to be avoided and deceived where ever it is possible. Young girls go out by themselves, and no one seems to think it anything remarkable. A few nights ago a young girl arose from her seat in the theatre in the middle of an act, long before the play was out, was joined by her escort, and the two left the theatre, and entering a carriage waiting for them, drove off. As the coachman gathered up his reins the young man was heard to say: "Drive to the ——," naming a very well known resort just outside of Washington. This was 10 o'clock in the evening, but there seemed to be no comment about it except a general smile.

In matters of dress Washington can claim the distinction of being farther advanced, so far as evening costumes are concerned, than even New York. Washington is the paradise of the gentlemanly beat. Just why it should be so is a mystery, except that it lies in the fact that the ruling principle of Washington life seems to be, "Mind your own business." In the case of young White, who just now seems to be the most striking example of what brass and nerve can do, there are dozens of young men who are going around the city who admit that they knew all about White and what he was doing, but they all say with a shrug: "It is none of our business." Some ultra-patriotic Americans blame this condition of affairs to the presence of the diplomats here. Every legation has a dozen or more of young attaches, who come to Washington avowedly for the purpose of having a good time. No one knows anything about them, and indeed no one cares to know. Some of them may have less white blood in them than the very waiters who hand them refreshments, but they are none the less popular, provided they have enough money to buy a dress-coat, or failing of that to borrow a dress coat—as young White did time and time again—and have credit enough to buy an occasional bunch of roses, they are received and welcomed with open arms, and some of the ugly scandals in Washington life occur from the arms at times being too far opened. It will be little to hope that the White episode will teach young girls in Washington a lesson. The chances are that six months hence there will be just as disgraceful a scandal as this, and just as many girls in a fear and trembling of just as disgraceful an exposure as there is here today.

PERRY S. HEATH.

IN THE FIELD OF SPORT.

The City Steams Taken Into Camp by the Missouri Valley Team.

A CLOSE AND PRETTY CONTEST.

The Black Sox Again Overtaken by Misfortune at Milwaukee—Other Western Association Games—Standing of the Clubs.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Minneapolis	69	44	25	.638
Milwaukee	70	43	27	.614
Kansas City	64	36	28	.562
Denver	65	37	30	.569
Sioux City	67	33	34	.493
Des Moines	68	29	39	.425
Omaha	69	29	40	.420
St. Paul	67	20	47	.299

Missouri Valley 3, City Steams 1.

The City Steam laundry and Missouri Valley teams played a very close and exciting game at the ball park yesterday afternoon, which resulted in a victory for the visitors by a score of 3 to 1. The playing of both teams was indeed brilliant, especially the battery work. The Missouri Valley pitcher struck out no less than sixteen men, while Hart served six in a like manner and only allowed his opponents three hits. The score:

CITY STEAMS.

	AB.	R.	IB.	SH.	SB.	PO.	A.	E.
Hutchins, 3	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	2
Flora, 2	4	0	0	0	0	2	2	2
Etyner, ss	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Linahan, c	4	0	2	0	0	5	1	1
Bowman, 1	3	0	0	0	0	16	0	0
Hart, p	3	0	0	0	0	7	1	0
Butler, 1	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Purcell, r	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
Cody, m	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	28	1	4	0	0	27	9	7

MISSOURI VALLEY.

	AB.	R.	IB.	SH.	SB.	PO.	A.	E.
Austin, ss	4	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
Cusack, m	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Grover, c	4	1	1	1	1	16	1	0
Keim, 1	4	0	0	0	0	7	0	0
Burkett, r	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beymer, p	3	1	1	0	0	0	2	0
Walters, 2	4	0	0	1	0	1	2	0
McGonin, 1	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Erickson, 3	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Totals	32	3	3	2	1	27	7	3

SCORE BY INNINGS.

City Steams	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1
Missouri Valley	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	—3

SUMMARY.

Two-base hits—Beymer. Base on balls—Off Beymer 2. Struck out—By Beymer 16, Hart 6. Passed balls—By Grover 2. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—Farrish.

Milwaukee 4, Omaha 1.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Following is the result of today's game:

MILWAUKEE.	R	B	O	A	E	OMAHA.	R	B	O	A	E
Poorman, m	1	1	1	0	0	Canavan, lf	1	2	1	0	0
Pettit, rf	0	0	1	1	0	Walsh, ss	0	0	4	4	2
Dalrymple, lf	0	3	3	0	0	Kearns, rf	0	0	1	1	0
Shock, ss	0	1	1	3	0	Cleveland, 2b	0	0	1	2	2
Morrissey, 1b	0	0	8	0	0	Hanrahan, 2b	0	1	2	1	2
Westlake, c	1	0	10	0	0	Andrews, 1b	0	0	9	0	0
Alberts, 3b	1	0	1	2	0	Willis, p	0	0	2	1	0
Welch, 2b	1	0	2	2	0	Urquhart, c	0	0	8	1	1
Griffith, p	0	0	1	0	0	Newman, m	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	4	6	27	9	0	Totals	1	5	27	11	7

BY INNINGS.

Milwaukee	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	—4
Omaha	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

SUMMARY.

Earned runs—None. Two-base hits—Canavan 2. Three-base hit—Poorman. Bases stolen—Pettit, Dalrymple, Alberts, Andrews 2. Struck out—By Griffith 7, by Willis 3. Passed balls—Westlake. Wild pitches—Griffith 2. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—Hengie.

Denver 8, Des Moines 3.

DENVER, Col., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Following is the result of today's game:

DENVER.	R	B	O	A	E	DES MOINES.	R	B	O	A	E
McGlone, 3b	1	0	1	3	1	Patton, lb	0	0	0	0	0
McClellan, 2b	2	2	7	2	1	Trafley, c	2	1	5	0	0
Treadway, rf	2	3	0	0	0	Flanagan, lb	1	1	13	0	1
Curtis, m	2	2	0	0	0	Phelan, 2b	0	1	1	4	0
White, ss	1	0	2	1	0	Clare, m	0	0	5	0	1
Reynolds, lb	0	0	8	0	0	Brim'com, lf	0	0	1	0	1
Whitehead, lf	0	0	0	0	0	Sommer, cf	0	1	0	0	0
Lohbeck, c	0	0	5	1	0	Macullar, ss	0	1	2	4	1
McNabb, p	0	1	0	2	0	Hart, p	0	0	0	5	0
Totals	8	7	27	10	3	Totals	3	5	27	13	4

BY INNINGS.

Denver	5	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	—8
Des Moines	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	—3

SUMMARY.

Earned runs—Denver 1. Two-base hits—Treadway. Base hits—Denver 2, Des Moines 3. Double plays—Macullar to Phelan to Flanigan. Base on balls—Off McNabb 2, off Hart 8. Hit by ball—Lohbeck. Struck out—By McNabb 3, by Hart 3. Passed balls—Lohbeck 1. Wild pitches—Hart 3. Left on bases—Denver 11, Des Moines 5. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpire—Hoover.

St. Paul 5, Sioux City 1.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Following is the result of today's game:

ST. PAUL.	R.	B	O	A	E	SIOUX CITY.	R	B	O	A	E
Murphy, m	2	1	0	0	0	Clae, rf	0	1	0	0	0
Shepard, rf	0	1	0	1	0	Black, m	0	0	0	0	0
Abbey, lf	0	0	1	0	0	Gilens, lf	0	1	1	0	0
Hartnett, lb	0	1	12	0	1	Kappel, 3b	0	0	0	5	2
Broughton, 2b	0	0	4	1	0	Brosnan, 2b	0	1	0	3	0
M'Laughlin, ss	1	1	2	0	0	Powell, lb	0	1	11	0	1
Farmer, c	0	1	2	0	0	Shellhasse, c	1	1	7	1	1
O'Brien, 3b	1	0	2	2	0	Gessing, ss	0	0	4	2	2
Maines, p	1	1	1	3	1	Devlin, p	0	2	0	4	0
Totals	5	7	27	10	3	Totals	1	6	27	15	6

BY INNINGS.

St. Paul	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	0	—5
Sioux City	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1

SUMMARY.

Runs earned—St. Paul 2, Sioux City 1. Home runs—O'Brien. Bases on balls—Off Maines 1, Devlin 1. Struck out—By Maines 2, Devlin 6. Umpire—Bausewine.

American Association.

AT SYRACUSE.

Syracuse 2, Toledo 4.

AT LOUISVILLE.

Louisville 7, Brooklyn 6.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

Athletics 1, St. Louis 5.

AT ROCHESTER.

Rochester 8, Columbus 3.

The Weather Forecast.

For Omaha and vicinity—Fair; slightly warmer weather.

For Nebraska—Showers—variable winds; stationary temperature.

For Iowa—Showers; easterly winds; warmer.

For South Dakota—Showers; easterly winds; warmer except in western part; stationary temperature.

Thirteen Lively Rounds.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A prize fight took place at Hyde Park, a suburb of Scranton, twenty miles from here, Friday night between Frank Clark, lightweight champion of Canada, and Richard Dunn of Chicago. Thirteen lively rounds were fought in the presence of about one hundred and fifty spectators. In the thirteenth round Clark forced the fighting to a finish, chasing the Chicago man into his corner, where he dealt him some terrible blows upon the head and body. Dunn's seconds, seeing that their man was too weak to defend himself farther, threw up the sponge, and the purse, $150, was awarded to Clark.

Gun Boats for the Shire.

LONDON, July 20.—[Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]—H. M. S. Stork has launched at the mouth of the Zambesi river two stern wheel gun boates for service on the Shire river.

BANK CLEARINGS.

Financial Transactions of Country for the Last Week.

BOSTON, July 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The following table, compiled from dispatches from the clearing houses of the cities named, shows the gross exchanges for last week, with rates per cent of increase or decrease, as against the amounts for the corresponding week in 1889:

CITIES.	CLEARINGS.	Increase.	Decrease.
New York	$939,812,559	.....	4.4
Boston	99,426,499	4.1	.....
Chicago	76,874,003	24.0	.....
Philadelphia	80,156,153	13.1	.....
St. Louis	21,848,801	24.9	.....
Pittsburg	19,608,134	23.2	.....
Baltimore	19,049,374	23.9	.....
San Francisco	14,640,889	8.8	.....
Cincinnati	11,581,500	11.8	.....
Kansas City	10,085,418	21.6	.....
Louisville	8,410,960	20.8	.....
New Orleans	6,988,250	11.0	.....
Cleveland	6,033,615	44.2	.....
Buffalo	7,075,325	10.8	.....
Minneapolis	5,050,430	.....	11.6
Milwaukee	5,555,000	27.4	.....
Detroit	5,798,317	24.5	.....
Denver	5,175,867	69.0	.....
Omaha	4,500,054	21.8	.....
Providence	5,264,300	.....	.7
St. Paul	4,635,506	2.9	.....
Columbus	3,010,100	19.4	.....
Richmond	2,803,282	18.2	.....
Dallas	1,984,844	7.3	.....
Indianapolis	2,111,141	16