REFUSED TO DISCHARGE HIM.

The Illinois Central Company Issues Its Ultimatum to the Strikers.

SUPERINTENDENT RUSSELL RETAINED.

Much speculation as to Whether a General Tie-Up Will be Ordered on the System-Labor Matters.

CHICAGO, June 26.-The crisis of the big strike of the Illinois Central train men was reached this evening. After an all day session the conference between the strikers' committee and the officials ended with a positive refusal on the part of the company to discharge Superintendent Russell. This was the ultimatum so far as the company is concerned.

When the conference broke up the men went at once to the strikers' headquarters to report the result.

Speculation was rife as to whether a general strike throughout the Illinois Central system would be ordered and a gigantic struggie ensue.

The strikers backed down on their refusal to

carry the newsboys to Jackson park. In the afternoon yesterday Conductor Penfield of the committee of strikers promised Superintendent Daniels that the Waifs' mission boys would ride over the Illinois Central Later his associates on the committee over-ruled him and decided that no exception in favor of the newsboys could be made. They stood firmly by the agreement to run no train. This morning Penfield urged his fellow-committeemen to take the Waifs' mission to the park and back, declaring that it would create public sentiment in favor of the strikers. Finally an agreement was reached and one of the strikers led the boys procession to the suburban depot. boarded the Illinois Central cars in waiting and the strikers managed the engine and posted the brakemen on the train. The boys are the first passengers the road has carried since the strike began.

The Strike Extending.

CAIRO, III., June 26 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-A committee of the strikers came here today and on their orders every freight train between here and Centralia on the Illinois Central was sidetracked. The passenger coaches were detached from two trains and local roads were notified not to handle Central ears going to other lines.

A Striking Moulder Fatally Shot.

San Francisco, Cala., June 26.-James Kerr, a prominent foundryman, while walk ing on the street with a non-union moulder today, was assaulted by a crowd of strikers. Finding that he was being worsted Kerr drew a revolver and fatally shot Edward

There is great excitement over the tragedy, The non-union man, Clausen, has been intimidated frequently by the strikers. He went to work for Kerr's firm a couple of days ago and Mr. Kerr, on account of the threats of last night, escorted him home. This morning he called at Clausen's house and they walked down to the foundry together. When near it a gang of strikers jumped out from a door way, set on them and beat them severely. Kerr will not talk, but Clausen says his employer did not shoot until he was beaten down and men on all sides were striking at him. Clausen says his recommend to the strikers and the strikers and the strikers and the strikers are strikers. him. Clausen also attempted to draw a re volver, but the strikers got it away from him.

One Road Granted the Raise. St. Louis, Mo., June 26.—The Mobile &

Ohio road today granted the demands of their warehouse men in East St. Louis. All the other roads refused and unless the men return to work tomorrow will hire new men

Returned at the Old Wages.

DENVER, Colo., June 26,-The strike of mill and benchmen, which has been on for two months, ended this morning and 1,500 men returned to work at the old schedule

Street Car Employes Strike. JOLIET, Ill., June 26.—The street car employes here struck today for more wages and shorter hours.

The Sunday School Convention. PITTSBURG, Pa., June 26.-The morning

session of the international Sunday school convention was taken up with reading reports and other routine business of an unim portant nature.

In the afternoon the nominating committee presented a long list of presidents and mem-

pers of the executive committee, one person from each state, territory and province being named for vice president and one on the ex e committee. Quite a contest took between St. Louis, Chicago, Denver, Los Angeles and Toronto for the next inter-national convention in 1833, but Chicago withdrew in favor of St. Louis and that city was selected. In the atternoon and evening a number of addresses were made. Miss Frances Willard in her address said she lidn't know that national constitutional pro-hibition legislation will ever come, but be lieved it would.

The Lutheran Synod.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 26 .- At today's session of the Lutheran synod President Schwan made report in which he advised the synod to take proper action on the Bennett compulsory school law. He expressed regret at the universal experience of the German Lutheran churches that large numbers of the younger members are drawn away by the churches of other denominations. Rev. Link of Springfield III., read the report of the board of supervision on the theological semi-nary at Springfield. The report mentioned a lack of sufficient dormitories for the accom-modation of students, and recommended that the erection of a building at a cost of \$25,000 be authorized forthwith.

Physicians and Surgeons Organize. SPHINGPIELD, III., June 26.-A meeting of physicians and surgeons from all over the tate who served in the army and navy during the war was held today and the Illinois Army the war was field today and the lithnois Army and Navy Medical association organized. The following officers were elected: Presi-dent, H. A. Johnson, Chicago; vice presidents, A. T. Burns, Bloomington; H. W. Kendall, Quincy; Ira Brown, Milford; A. B. Agnew, Samoth; E. Gulick, Alton; treasurer, W. J. Chenoweth, Decatur; secretary, J. H. Ranch, Springfield.

Nominations.

Washington, June 26,-The president today sent to the senate the following nominations: Lieutenant Colonel Richard N. Batchelder deputy quartermaster general, quartermaster general with the rank of brigadier general.

Prisoners Pardoned. CANEA, CRETE, June 26 .- [Special Cable gram to THE BEE. |-The sultan has pardoned all prisoners convicted under the common law in the island of Crete, whose sentences do not

exceed three years.

Lord Hartington Regrets. London, June 26 .- Lord Hartington has sent a telegram to the Barrow regretting that Caine's attitude compels him to advise the unionists to support the conservative candi-

Osman Digna on the March. Cargo, June 26.-It is reported that Osman Digna is marching northward with a large

Bound for Behring Sea. San Diego, Cal., June 26,-The British man-of-war Espiegle arrived today from Acapulco under orders to coal and proceed direct to Behring sea.

A MINNESOTA EXECUTION.

William Brooker Hanged at Pine City This Morning.

PINE CITY, Minn., June 27.—[Special Telegram to The Bre.]—1 a. m.—William Brooker was hanged here shortly after midnight under the John Day Smith law, which requires that all murderers shall be executed between midnight and dawn. Just before going to the scaffold Brooker made a confession, in which he accused his wife of in-fidelity and said he committed the double murder in self-defense.

Last October Brooker killed Mrs. William Coombs and her husband after a heated quar-

rel over Brooker's wife's character.

Three or four days age—one of the jurymen in the case made affidavit—that he had not on any ballot voted Brooker guilty of murder in the first degree. No attention, however, was paid to this and the hanging proceeded ac-

cording to the programme. IOWA NEWS.

The Iowa Chatauqua. DES MOINES, Ia., June 26.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Iowa Chautauqua has began a ten days' session at Colfax, with a good attendance and fine prospects. There are exercises of various kinds nearly every hour during the day and evening. Prof. Bartlett gives lessons in music and voice cul-ture, and Dr. Case and others conduct classes daily in the Chautauqua normal work. Classes in Young Men's Christian association and Christian Endeavor work will also be conducted by the officers of the state so-cieties. There will also be daily lectures by noted speakers on various topics. Yesterday was physicians' day. Today the old soldiers had the programme. Tomorrow will be temperance day, and Saturday young peoples' day. General Gibson was the chief speaker today, and George W. Bain will talk to-

Omaha Riflemen at Davenport. DAVENPORT, Ia., June 26 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The Omaha sharpshooters rolled into Davenport this morning in style in their own Pullman car to attend the enth biennial tournament of the Upper Mississippi Valley Rifle association, which Mississippi Valley Rifle association, which opened here today. The tournament is attended by more than a hundred visiting riflemen from the upper Mississippi states. The shooting has been interfered with by the heat, but has been lively all day. The riflemen made a parade of the city this morning, and were banquetted and addressed by Mayor Ficke on entering the park at noon. The tournament continues over South. tournament continues over Sunday.

The Jobbers Alarmed.

DES MOINES, Ia., June 26.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- The railroad commissioners have received a letter from Van Patten & Marks, wholesale grocers of Davenport, in which they express a fear that the new order for joint rates issued by the board will not have the desired effect with roads like the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific and the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern. If the latter is to be considered a class B road they are fearful that the roads will pu in other rates than the class which the board has given them. E. L. Spencer of Oskaloosa expresses the fear that the Iowa Central will change its rates from class A to class C, and thus make the ruling of the board not advan-tageous to the shippers.

An Important Invention.

ATLANTIC, Ia., June 26 .- [Special to THE BEE.]—An Atlantic inventor, C. K. Harding, has perfected an entirely new underground system for operating electric street cars system for operating electric street cars without the use of the overhead wires. It is on a new principle, abandoning the slot idea which has been fruitiessly worked upon by numberless inventors and using a tight conduit in which the main wire may be thoroughly insulated. Its many advantages are obvious. Not the least among them is its freedem from the danger of lightning. A com-pany has been formed here with a capital stock of \$600,000 to push the merits of the in-

Blown Off the Foundation. Montezema, Ia., June 26.- Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-During the storm last night the house of Dennis Roberts, five miles west of here, was blown off the foundation, the doors blown in and the windows broken. His stable and cattle sheds were also blown down. The storm had the appearance of a small eyelone. The house of William Durbin, four miles west, was struck by lightning and Mr. Durbin severely shocked and burned, but he will recover.

Fatal Case of Sunstroke. Marshalltown, Ia., June 26 .- [Special to THE BEE.]-Rasmus Oleson, a farm hand, was the victim of a fatal sunstroke yester-day. He was found nearly dead in the field where he had been engaged in plowing. He had only been in this country thirty days,

Killed by the Cars. OTTUMWA, Ia., June 26.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-William Beldell, an engineer on the "Q," was overcome by heat and laid down near the track at Batavia last night. He was struck by the fast train and instantly

Hot Weather at Davenport. DAVENPORT, Ia., June 26 .- The thermome ter today registered 97 5-10, the highest record for June since the signal service was es tablished here, eighteen years ago. All out

door work was abandoned. Judge Sherwin Nominated. Mason City, Ia., June 26 .- [Special Tele gram to The Ber. |—The republican judicial convention for the Twelfth district was held

in this city today. Judge John C. Sherwin received the nomination by acclamation. Ordered the Liquor Destroyed. Hamburg, Ia., June 26.- Special to The Bee.]—Squire Campbell ordered the liquor that was seized by Constable Morgan from the American express company a few days

ago destroyed today. The Kendals Welcomed Home, LONDON, June 26 .- [Special Cablegram to THE BEE.]-An enormous gathering, includng many persons prominent in aristocratic literary and artistic circles, welcomed Mr. and Mrs. Kendal home at the Whitehall rooms of the Metropole hotel this evening Genevieve Ward delivered an address of welcome and the Lotus Glee singers performed

Mr. Kendal, in returning thanks, said:
"The great success which Mrs. Kendal
and myself met with in America was due to the generosity of the American people. Everything in America is on a gigantic scale and the people have hearts as big as their country. Their kindness was overwhelming. But while the hospitality that was showered upon us was enough to turn our heads, it has not turned our hearts, which beat none the less the warmly toward our old friends be-cause we have made new friends in America."

North American Turners Adjourn. NEW YORK, June 26 .- The national convention of the North American Turners adtourned today to meet in June, 1892, at Washington. The New York central verein feels very sore at the adoption by the convention of a socialistic platform and it is probable the New York society will withdraw from the

Fight Between Armenians and Kurds. CONSTANTINOPLE, June 26. Serious conflicts are reported between Armenians and Kurds, in which many were killed on both

The Death Roll. Halifax, N. S., June 26.-The lieutenant governor of Nova Scotia, Archibaid Wood-bury McLean, died this morning.

Bond Offerings. Washington, June 26.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-Bonds offered: \$500 at \$1.22.

A KICK FROM LAND OFFICES.

The Government's Refusal to Allow Rent a Basis of Complaint.

APPROPRIATION STILL FURTHER REDUCED.

No Doubt That the House Committee on Elections will Favor the Unseating of Breckenridge of Arkansas.

WASHINGTON BUREAU THE OMARA BEE,) 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., June 26.

A growl is heard here from Nebraska and other land offices because the government won't allow "rent" to receivers and registers. The fact is that the appropriations have never been sufficient to make this allowance to all the land offices, hence the practice has been to allow rent to such land offices only as were doing less than a maximum business and to allow clerk hire to offices doing more than a maximum. Should the business at any land office fall so low that clerks are not necessary the rental item will be allowed. Last year the appropriation for 105 local land offices was \$183,000, while this year the house has cut the total for 121 land offices down to \$175,000, or \$8,000 less than last year, although there is an increase of eighteen more land offices. This is \$50,000 less than the amount really necessary, so says Land Commissioner Groff, and Senator Manderson will look into the matter.

BRECKENRIDGE WILL PROBABLY BE OUSTED. There can now be very little if any doubt that the house committee on elections will report in favor of unseating Clifton R Breckenridge of the Second district of Ar kansas. During his speech on the election bill in the house this afternoon Chairman Rowell reviewed the Breckenridge case in such a way as to indicate that the committee intends to report against the sitting member intends to report against the sitting member. He said, among other things, that the voters had been intimidated by a display of artillery and after republicans had east their ballots the boxes were stolen so that the franchise of the opposing party might be thrown out. It is thought the committee will recommend that the salary of the office (\$10,000) shall be paid to the children of John M. Clayton, who ran against. Breckenridge and who was muragainst Breckenridge and who was mur-dered while taking testimony in his contest.

NEEDS CORRECTING. It is probable that the president will send back to congress for correction the dependent pension bill. The measure has been sent to the interior department for comparison and analysis as to phraseology, etc. In the first section the word "sailor" is omitted in two instances so as to provide only for the consid-eration of claims of dependent parents of sol-diers and the widows of soldiers. Only the word "sailor" should be inserted in connec-tion with soldiers in each instance. The section with soldiers in each instance. The sec-ond, third and fourth sections of the bill are so framed that it is believed the sallors would be provided for the same as soldiers, as the bill stands, but inasmuch as some doubt may arise it is likely that the bil will go back to congress for correction, which would be promptly made.

THE NATIONAL ELECTION LAW, As was expected, the debate upon the national election law created considerable of a stir in the house today. It was opened by Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts, who introduced the first measure upon the subject, who is one of the authors of the measure under dis cussion, and who has made a close study of the question for years. He submitted a lot of figures showing that while in Kansas, Ohio, Indiana and the northern and western states generally, there were cast from 40,000 to 60,000 votes at congressional elections, in Georgia, Mississippi, Texas and other south states, congressional elections were where only from 3,000 10,000 votes were cast. was only one explanation for this continued condition of affairs-voters were kept away from the polls, their votes suppressed or the districts had a smaller representation of voters than the law requires.

Chairman Rowell of Illinois made a large number of similar statements. The only man who attempted to explain the cause of the small vote at congressional elections in the south was Mr. Crisp of Georgia. He said the people did not take interest in congres-sional elections, that they remained away from the polls, and that if they did not want to vote and nave their votes counted as cast it was the fault of the voters and no law could compel them to attend the elections.

Mr. Rowell replied that the object of the bill under discussion was to induce the people to vote by guaranteeing them safety at the poils and a fair count, to which no response was attempted, but the republican side smiled audibly and the hundreds of colored men in the galleries applauded so vigorously that the chair had to admonish them to de sist. The burden of the complaint of the democratic members against the bill is that the certificates of the supervisors are made primafacie evidence of election and the clerk in making up the roll of the house will seat members who hold supervisors' certificates, M'KIBBEN'S WHEREABOUTS.

Charles H. McKibben, late purchasing agent of the Union Pacific at Omaha, is now and has been in or about Washington for several weeks. He was seen on the streets of Washington yesterday. His father, General Joe McKibben, is one of the proprietors of Marshall hall, a popular summer resort down the Potomac, and it is stated that his son is living with him. The son's friends say he refuses to talk about the charges made against him by Union Pacific officials.

THE DEBATE ON WYOMING'S ADMISSION. During the debate on Wyoming's admission this afternoon Senator Paddock challenged Senator Jones' statement that the preliminaries to Wyoming's adoption of the consti tution were unheard of and unusual and the rote cast for the constitution absurdly on the basis of the constitution absurdly small on the basis of the population claimed. He took the floor and quoted the experience of Nebraska in advocacy of the Wyoming bill, explained the steps taken prior to Nebraska's admission and showed the comparative small vote cast for statchood. Senator Pa dock insisted that the absence of oppo always results in a light vote, as it did in Nebraska and Wyoming, and made a strong plea for the admission of the territory. He was antagonized by Senator Reagan, wheread from the records the Nebraska enabling act of 1864, which he claimed alone made p sible the admission of the state. sided without a protest when Senator Pac dock called his attention to the fact that th convention which assembled under the en abling act adjourned within an hour without action and that it was two years later be-fore steps were taken through the territorial legislature for the admission of Nebraska as

Senator Manderson and Major Powell, su-perintendent of the geological survey, had a lengthy consultation this afternoon in regard appropriations for irrigation and the repeal the act of 1880, which withdraws from public entry arid lands. Major Powell disclaims all responsibility for this act and says he has no objection to its repeal, as he does not think that the great belt of country west of the Missouri which may be held from entry under this act should be kept out of the hands of the honest settlers who are willing

to improve and irrigate them. Senator Dawes reported favorably today e bill authorizing the secretary of the interfor to procure and submit to congress a pro-posal for the sale to the United States of the western part of the Crow Croek the western part of the Crow Creek Indian reservation in Montana. The bill is accompanied by an amendment providing for the appointment of a commission of three persons not residents of Montana to negotiate with the Crow Creeks for the purchase of their reservation. Nothing the purchase of their reservation. Nothing shall be valid until ratified by congress. The amendment appropriates \$5,000 for the expenses of the commission.

The Indian depredation claim of G.P.

Beauris of Stockville, which was allowed by

the Indian office and sent to congress in 1889, has been provided for through the influence of Senator Manderson by a specific item in

Sergeant-at-Arms-Elect Valentine is here and expects to enter upon his official duties on next Monday. Rev. J. E. Tate and wife of Shelton are here on their way home from Boston.

E. Gibbons has been appointed a fourthclass postmaster at Dyersville, Dubuque
county, Iowa, vice R. W. Gadsden, resigned.
PERRY S. HEATH.

FILED ITS CERTIFICATE.

The First Mormon Church to Incorporate in Wyoming. CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 26.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-The first Mormon church to incorporate in Wyoming or elsewhere, as far as is known here, filed its certificate of association at the office of the territorial secretary yesterday, "Evanston

Ward of the church of Jesus Christ of Latter

Day Saints." Six trustees will conduct the affairs of the society.

Evanston is the home of the corporation and its term of existence is given as perpetual. Evanston ward has well defined and commendable objects which are stated as followed. ows: For the maintenance of religious worship to maintain, hold and keep in repair a house of public worship, with a parsonage house appurtenant thereto, to provide, hold, maintain and keep in repair a place for the burial of the dead; to establish and maintain a library and an academy for the education of the youth, to promote the diffusion of useful information by other means not herein enumerated; to provide for the mutual as-sistance of the members of said association in time of sickness or necessity and to establish and maintain a hospital for the care of the

Indian Blood May Flow. CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., June 26.— [Special to The Bre.]—The Lower Brule Indians are again actively agitating their removal to the south side of the mouth of White river. This question has for years worried them and they are becomin gdetermined on moving and will take the matter into their own hands unless the goverament soon takes action. All but seventyfive of this tribe are anxious to move and it would not be a surprise any day to see the whole outfit, bag and baggage, heading for the south to pitch their tepees on the south side of White river, where they claim the country is better than around the present

They are liable to have trouble with the Rosebud Indians, however, should they at-tempt to move south of White river, as that country belongs to the Rosebuds, and they have notified the Lower Brales that they must not intrude upon their reservation or Indian blood will surely flow. These threats do not discourage the Brules in the least.

The agent at Rosebud agency has entered a protest against the proposed removal and the matter has now been referred to the authorities at Washington. General Crook, while on the reservation last summer, promised these Indians that he would use his influence toward the removal and they believe that he did so before his death.

The International American Bank. Washington, June 26.—Representative Dorsey of Nebraska, from the committee on banking and currency, today reported a substitute for the bill for the incorporation of the International American bank. The substitute, while preserving all the essential features of the original bill, has been drawn with the object of maintaining the largest and most thorough control of the covporation without making the government a party to or responsi-ble for the business it may do.

Didn't Tar and Feather Him.

Kansas City, Mo., June 26 .- A mob of about forty gathered at 12 o'clock last night at the house of Watt Squires near Cameron, Mo., to tar and feather his son Bud, who, it rted, ruined a young wo forty shots were exchanged, during which Watt Squires was shot in the stomach. though not fatally, and Will Noland of the

American Murderers in Mexico. El Paso, Tex., June 26,-C. R. Walters was yesterday sentenced in the court at Paso del Norte, Mex., to be shot, and J. R. O'Laughlin was sentenced to ten years' imrisenment for killing a lewd woman in Paso del Norte in May 1889. The condemned men are both citizens of the United States and have appealed for protection.

Attempt to Derail a Train. HAVANA, June 26 .- Special Cablegram to THE BEEL .- A gang of robbers attempted to derail a train between Aguate and Sabinde roble yesterday. The train safely passed through a heavy fire from the bandits The latter have sent a threatening letter to the government authorities here. The govern-ment has taken measures to secure the capture of the bandits.

Rold Illinois Hobbers. Seneca, Ills., June 26.-Robbers entered the house of Charles Decker, a well-to-do cittizen, last night. Decker was confined to his bed with a broken collar bone, the result of an accident. The robbers attacked and beat him and his mother into insensibility. feared that both will die. Two men been arrested and one has been identified as one of the robbers.

United Association of Lumbermen. CHICAGO, June 26.—The United association of lumbermen was formed here today, the membership to consist of the officers of all lumber associations in the United States. R. D. Gribble of Gainesville, Tex., was elected president, W. C. Sunderland of Omaha, treasurer, and W. G. Hollis, of Min neapolis, secretary.

Ran Into a Lake.

TROY, N. Y., June 26 .- This morning the ocomotive, baggage car and two coaches of a train on the Delaware & Hudson road ran into Glen lake, near Glen Falls. Most of the passengers were in the car which did not eave the track, and no one was seriously The water was not deep. Spreading of the rails caused the accident.

Withdrew the Proposal.

London, June 26. - Special Cablegram to THE BEE. - In the house of commons this afternoon W. H. Smith stated that the government, finding no alternative, withdrew the proposal relating to funds for the purchase of publicans' licenses. He would say at a fu ere day what ought to be done with funds thus released.

YANKTON, S. D., June 26.- Special Telegram to The Bee. - Ralph Z. Frizzelle. formerly of Omaha, now a merchant in Clin ton, Ia., was married in this city vesterday to Miss Lillie M. Richardson, formerly an attache of the Omaha Excelsior office.

Charged With Attempted Bribery.

Frizzelle-Richardson.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 26 .- A warrant has been sent here from Madison, Wis., for the arrest of Herman Mossler of the firm of Oppenheimer & Co., liquor dealers, on the charge of attempting to bribe the collecter of internal revenue at Madison. Under One Portfolio. SAN SALVADOR, June 26.—The supreme pro-

place for the present the different branches of the administration under one portfolio of the administration under one portfolio, which will be in charge of General Guivola. Call directing the secretary of the senate to The Drummers' Convention, DENVER, Col., June 26. - The eighth annual convention of the Travelers' Protective asso-ciation today elected T. S. McGreat of St.

visional government decided yesterday to

THE FEDERAL ELECTION LAW.

Congressman Lodge of Massachusetts Opens the Debate in the House.

A FLIGHT OF ORATORY FROM THE SOUTH.

the Bill for the Admission of Wyoming-A Vote to be Taken Today. Washington, June 26 .- In the house, upon

The Senate Resumes Consideration of

motion of Mr. Dunnell of Minnesota, the house bill with the senate amennments authorizing the construction of a bridge acrooss the Mississippi river at Winona, Minn., passed. The house bill was passed granting fifteen

days' leave to clerks in first and second-class postoffices.

The regular order being demanded Mr.

Lodge of Massachusetts began the debate upon the national election bill, He proceeded to sketch the bill in outline, and said the act which it was proposed; to extend had been called into existence by the gigantic frauds in the city of New York prior to 1870 and 1871. There were other cities and districts where the law was needed. The other side had criticized frauds committed in northern cities. He would put a secret official ballot in every election district, because he believed that was the only way to stop the use of money in elections. If the belief that such a thing as a fair election in the south was unknown, was true, then it was high time the United States should put a stop to the evil if it had to exercise every power the constitution put into its hands No intelligent and fair-minded man would deny that there had been frauds in the north Where wrong doing occurred it is where one party sought to get ahead of the other by vulgar means. As to the south, it was largely a question of race. The negro prob-lem was one of the gravest before the American people. It was one in which all were concerned and were responsible, whether living in the north or the south. The bill had been called revolutionary. The revolu-tion was to be found in the speeches he read, speeches which showed that constitutional representation did not exist. The national government must extend to every citizen the equal rights which the constitution guar-

Mr. Hemphill of South Carolina argued that it was unconstitutional. It was not na-tional, but sectional. There was no more iniquitous provision in the bill than the one providing for the appointment of an unnumered number of men absolutely under the di rection of a supervisor. He had examined in detail the provisions relating to supervisors and said that the whole bill seemed framed against the voters and in favor of the super-visor. A good deal had been said about the new south, but what the country really needed was a new north, a north that will take a view suggested by facts and not by preconceived prejudices; that does not be-lieve it has all the virtue and the rest of the country none; that would not waste all its time in remedying a sup-posed abuse of distant places; that would not think an Anglo-Saxon in the south always in the wrong when he has any trouble with the African. What was the use of talking about a free ballot in Kansas when the state had been so gerrymandered that 147,000 democrats of Kansas had never been represented on this floor!
Mr. Kelley of Kansas asked: "How do

you expect to get a democrat here when there are not four democratic counties in the

Mr. Hemphill—It does not matter about how many democratic counties there are. The democrats have never been represented here. If there was a fair representation on this floor the proportion would be 163 democrats, 154 five probin bor men. Messrs. Hiscock and Evarts wer on the floor of the senate misrepresenting the state of New York and the same was true of Connecticut, which had been democrats for years. When the republicans of the north had taken the beam out of their own eyes and fixed the laws so the people's wish might be honestly expressed, when they practiced as they preached, southern democrats would receive them with open arms. Under this system which it was posed to revive the people of the south been robbed some years ago by picked villians of the north, backed by the United States army. The south did not want to be put in that position again. "We," Mr. Hemphill continued, "know we must either Now, for myrule that country or leave it. self, before the people of the United States and before God, in all reverence, I swear we will not leave it. [Applause,] not hesitate to say that a ored man has as many rights as I [Applause,] I do but he cannot have his rights and mine, too and this law is intended to put him again it control of the southern states, intended to awaken that race prejudice which is fast dying, intended to bring about that constant irritation and clash between the two colors in he south which will retard its growth and be destructive of the very principles of human

government.' Mr. Hemphill was loudly applauded by the lemocrats as he sat down and nearly all of them pressed forward to congratulate him. Mr. Bingham, from the postoffice commit-tee, reported the senate amendments to the

postoffice appropriation bill and the house non-concurred in them. Consideration of the election bill was resumed and Mr. Rowell of Illinois addressed the house in favor of it. He said the number was not few of those who believed that six years ago Cleveland was counted into the presidential chair by corrupt officials at the polls in his own state, to say nothing of the suppression of votes in the south, and the suppression of votes in the south, and the number was increasing every day of those who believed it. If that belief honestly existed ought it not to be the wish of every representative of the people to so conduct elections as to make the charge impossible of belief in the future! It was everywhere in northern circles believed that the black vote of the southern states was suppressed and the fifteenth amendment nullified. and the fifteenth amendment nullified

Messrs. Oates of Alabama, Crisp of Georgia, Lewis of Mississippi and others took occasion at this point to state that the elections in their districts were perfectly fair.

Mr. Rowell declared that in some districts of the south bodies of armed men went from poll to poll and destroyed the ballot boxes, in others the boxes were stuffed and the true ballots thrown away, in others military com-panies were organized to fire a cannon, mornng and night, "to let the darkies know that there is going to be a fair election." Cabins of negroes were fired into, and if that were not successful and the negroes turned out the military officers made the polls a target for

target practice. Mr. Outes of Alabama asked for the names of the districts and Mr. Rowell named three in Mississippi and one in Arkansas.

This brought Mr. McRae to his feet with a strong denial and soon he and Mr. Breckin-

ridge were talking at the same time.

When quiet was restored Mr. Rowell finished his speech and Mr. Lehlback (republican) spoke againgst the bill. Such a law would bring about a conflict of authority and a deplorable state of affairs.

Mr. Tucker of Virginia also spoke against the bill and the house adjourned.

Washington, June 26.-In the senate, among the bills reported from committees and placed on the calendar was the house bill to authorize the secretary of the interior to procure and submit to congress proposals for the sale of the western part of the Crow Indian reservation in Montana. The resolution offered yesterday by Mr

prepare a table showing the number of bills introduced by each senator and the number of them passed, was taken up, and Mr. Edmunds moved to lay the resolution on the ta-

After an explanation by Mr. Call of his mo-

tive in offering the resolution, the motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

The house bill for the admission of Wyom-

ing as a state was taken up and Mr. Jones of Arkansas addressed the senate. He declared himself in favor of the admission of Wyoming and of all other territories except Utah ing and of all other territories except Utah when they had sufficient population and sufficient wealth to justify their assumption of state governments. But he was unwilling to see Wyoming admitted in the way now proposed, and he proceeded to state the reasons why in his opinion the passage of the pending bill would be exceedingly unwise. There was no authority for holding a constitutional convention, Mr. Jones said, and he opposed the participation of women in the vote on the convention. He opposed the constitutional previsions for woman suffrage. constitutional provisions for woman suffrage, for the holding of real estate by aliens and for the holding of real estate by aliens aim for compulsory education. In conclusion Mr. Jones declared himself in favor of passing an enabling act for all the territories except Utah and admitting them as states after they had complied with the provisions of the act, and he moved as a substitute for the pending and he moved as a substitute for the pending bill one for such an enabling course. In the further course of his arguments Mr. Jones referred to the wives of Mormons in Wy-oming and Idaho voting and said in answer to Mr. Morgan that he did not know how many wives a Mormon had to vote with him. Mr. Stewart replied to Jones and said it would be time enough to act on the cases of the other territories when they were before the senate. They were not before it now.

Mr. Reagan opposed the bill. He argued against the provision for woman suffrage, the effect of which was, he said, to make men of women and co-relatively to make women of men. It was only latterly that the people had become wiser than their creator and wiser than all generations that preceded

At the close of Mr. Reagan's speech the understanding was reached that the vote on the bill and amendments should begin at 4

'clock tomorrow.
Mr. Edmunds wanted it understood that it did not amount to an order of the senate. There ought to be one body in the country, he said, where there was freedom of debate. The following bills were taken from the calendar and passed: House bill to provide for a term of court at Danville, Ill.; senate bill to aid the state of South Dakota to sup-port a school of mines, donating 50 per cent of the money received from the sale of mineral land not to exceed \$12,000 a year nor to exceed the amount contributed by the state. After executive session the senate ad-

WORLD'S FAIR COMMISSIONERS. They Hold Their First Meeting in Chi-

cago Yesterday. CHICAGO, June 26 .- The world's fair national commissioners began their first meeting at noon today. Judge John T. Harris of Virginia was chosen temporary chairman and made a brief speech, reviewing the historical significance of the work in hand.

After the speeches the roll of the 106 persons who make up the full commission was called. A few state commissioners were absent. All the commissioners-at-large were present except Mr. Henry Exall of Texas, who telegraphed that he had missed a train, A resolution by J. H. McKenzie of Ken-tucky that a committee of twelve on permanent organization be appointed to recommend to the commission the names of permanent officers created a warm discussion. It was finally amended to the effect that the crimittee shall merely point out the offices and the duties of those who shall fill them without recommending the nomination of gnyone John Boyd Thompson of New York stated that the New York commissioners had been requested by Channeey M. Denew to say that his name should not be used in connection with the presidency of the commission.

Colonel H. C. Corbin, U. S. A., was made temporary sergeant-at-arms.

Chairman Harris then announced the commission.

mittee on permanent organization as follows McKenzie of Kentucky, Ewing of Illinois McDonald of California, Smalley of Vermont, Cochran of Texas, Widener of Pennsylvania, Goodell of Colorado, Breslin of New York, Martindale of Indiana, Harrison of Minne-sota and Keogh of North Carolina.

Adjourned until tomorrow. The Live Stock Exhibit,

CHICAGO, June 26.-The executive committee, which was given full control of the exhibition of stock at the world's fair by the National Live Stock association, met here today. One of the members, in an address, declared the opposition of the live stock interest to any division of the fair as would be necessary if the lake front site was selected. The election of permanent officers resulted: President, N. P. Clarke, Minnesota; secretary, S. D. Thompson, Illinois; treasurer, J. H. Pickerill, Illinois: first vice president, Governor Hoard of Wisconsin; second vice president, J. L. Woodward, New York. A committee was appointed to prepare a uniform classifica-tion of premiums and another to prepare a bill to be submitted to each state legislature providing such appropriations for awards and exhibits that the live stock interest should not, as heretofore, be overlooked.

Evidence Against Moore's Murderer. Ottawa, Ill., June 26.—[Special Telegram] to THE BEE. |- The chain of evidence necessary to convict the murderers of David Moore has been completed. After arresting O'Brien the officers went to the houseat which he was boarding and secured the clothes worn by him on that night. The pants worn by him had evidently been washed since the affray, but spots of blood remained on them and in the pockets of the pants were found tw handkerchiefs covered with blood. Th lothes were handed over to State Attorney Blake and will be kept by him until the trial The coroner's jury this evening brought in verdict holding James Ford, Mattle Ford, William O'Brien and Minnie Winterling for the murder of David Moore of Omaha on the

evening of June 23. In Favor of License Purchase. London, June 26.-A huge petition in favor of license purchase was presented in the commons tonight. It was gotten up by publicans and presented in three immense rolls of paper bearing 600,000 signatures. Sir Wilford Norton created much amusement by moving that use read the petition and verify the

signatures.

Pacing Horse Breeders. CINCINNATI, O., June 26.-The National Association of Pacing Horse Breeders held its first annual meeting here today with forty

delegates in attendance. The object is to form a permanent organization and keep an authentic register of the pedigrees of pacing F. B. Bufford of Fuford, Ky., was elected president. Good Order in Guatemala.

general of Guatemala in this city, today received the following dispatch from Guate-mala from the minister of foreign affairs:

NEW YORK, June 26.-Jacob Baiz, consul

'A revolutionary movement has taken place in Salvador. Everything in Guatemala is quiet and tranquil." The Weather Forecast.

For Omaha and vicinity-Fair weather. For Nebraska and Iowa-Fair; slightly cooler except continued high temperature in

eastern Iowa; southerly winds; cooler in Iowa Friday, For South Dakota-Fair; slightly cooler; variable winds. Suicided Over Financial Troubles. NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 26. - Lucien W.

Sperry, a prominent citizen, shot and killed imself this morning. He was seventy years old and had served the city as mayor and represented it in the legislature. The suicide which was caused by financial troubles. To Prosecute Census Enumerators.

Washington, June 26.—The attorney general this afternoon ordered District Attorney Hav of Minneapolis to begin immediately a prosecution for conspiracy to defraud against he three enumerators accused of making false returns of the population of Minne

DILING OVER WITH RAGE

Wabash and Canadian Pacific Head

THE 'UST QUIETLY STEAL A MARCH.

There Will be an Exceedingly Lively Old Time at the Next Meeting of the Central Traffic Association.

CHICAGO, June 26 .- (Special Telegram to THE BEE.] - The Wabash and Canadian Pacific did not wait for the Grand Trunk this time and have filed with the inter-state comcommerce commission a tariff reducing the rate on dressed beef, Chicago to Boston, with proportionate rates to other points to 30 cents, effective June 30. The Wabash thus assumes the right to the Grand Trunk differential and introduces a brand new firebrand. Central traffic efficials are boiling over with rage at the Wabash and an exceedingly lively time will be had at the next meeting of the Central Traffic association,

The Way Clear for an Advance. CHICAGO, June 26 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- For the first time in four months, the way is apparently clear for an advance in western rates. Yesterday's meeting encountered no opposition in advancing through rates to the northwest from interior points, It was consequently decided this morning to call a general meeting of all western lines to take action next Wednesday. At that time the committee appointed some time since on advancing rates and of which Vice President Newban of the Northwestern is chairman,

Newban of the Northwestern is chairman, will make its report.

This report goes fully into the cause of the reduction and the necessity for an advance in rates. Figures show that this year's remarkable tonnage is the only thing which has kept western roads from each showing a deficit.

To provide for the future, therefore, and especially to avoid keeping the reduced basis in effect until it is thought it will permanent, the following advances are recommended: To St. Paul and Minneapolis an advance in the proportions of through rates from inin the proportions of through rates from in-terior points to the present local basis of 40 cents; at the close of naviga-tion that the proportions of through rates from the seaboard be advanced from the present 22 cent scale to 35 cents and that the present local basis of 40 cents be advanced to 60 cents; to Missouri river gateways from Chicago that the present local basis of 60 cents be advanced to 70 or 75 cents and that through rates be advanced in

proportion.

There is hardly any question that the report of the committee will be unanimously adopted and the advanced scale go into effect in ten days from next Wednesday.

Granted a Rehearing.

Chicago, June 26 .- Judge Gresham teday granted a rehearing in the case of Brown & Paton against the Toledo, Peoria & Warsaw railway company. This is the case in which the court held the Wabash railway after the failure responsible for full interest to the To-ledo, Peorla & Warsaw on first mortgage bonds under an agreement to pay the interest as rental for the latter's lines. The Wa-bash claims it is only liable for interest as far as it can be met by the carnings of the To-ledo, Peoria & Warsaw lines.

Nebraska, Iowa and Dakota Pensions. Washington, June 26.—[Special Telegram to The Bee. |-Pensions were granted to Nebraskans as follows: Original-Michael Trefes, Cedar Rapids. Increase—Charles Hibbard, York; Baxter June, Clearwater; Adam Reitz, Arapahoe; Stephen Mason, Hastings; John A. Osborne, York; Benjamin Tilden. Reissue-Jared

Moulton; Henry H. Neal, Auburn, Iowa; Original—Torbet C. Canfield, Chilli-cothe; Daniel W. Stutsman, Bonaparte; Essex P. Smith, Sibley; Isaac Baerrett, Van Meter; Ocran Dickinson, New London; John C. Wilson, Monterey. Restoration, reissue and increase—Edward A. Martin, Des Moines, Increase—Samuel Hartzler, Corning; Jesse Oaks, Des Moines; Henry Goodman, Primghar; Asbury Houchin, Woodward; Hamilton Reed, Hepburn; Fred Reed, Elliott; Samuel Beckwith, Ashton; Robert B. Ramsey, Floris; Peter Mohn, Burlington; John Dwire, Ageney; John C. Morgan, Olivette; William Morton, Modale; Hans Simonson, Waukon. Reissue—William Waltembaugh, Volga City. Original widows, etc.—Editha V., widow of Jeptha M. Van Meter, Marshalltown; Susan, P., widow of Abram Morse, Sibley. , widow of Abram Morse, Sibley. South Dakota: Original—Francis H. Leigh,

Hecla. Increase — William Posey, Woon-socket; Emery S. Cowlin, Gary; Acquilla, Coates Cowgill, Spearfish; John C. Casey, Bristol; Noah Brown, Gettysburg; H. Houn, Miller.

Heela.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26,-The weather since Sunday has been the hottest of the season and the mercury has ranged higher than for any corresponding days in June for several years. Yesterday and today were excep-tionally warm, the thermometer registering from 90 to 98 degrees in the shade from early in the morning until nearly sundown, and up to 3 p. m. today nine deaths and sixteen prostrations, some of them serious, have been caused by the heat. Everybody is suffering more or less and there is much sickness among children.

Hot Weather in St. Louis,

The Captain to Blame.

LIVERPOOL, June 26 .- The board of trade gave judgment today in the matter of the accident to the Anchor line steamer City of Rome, which ran on Fastnet rock. It finds that the accident was due to the failure of Captain Young to attend to the warnings of

Pottawattamies Cede Surplus Lands, Washington, June 26.—The secretary of the interior has received a telegram stating that the Pottawattamie Indians in the Indian territory today in council signed the agree-ment with the Cherokee commission cedling to the government the surplus lands of their

Phi l'eta Kappa.

Boston, Mass., June 26.—The annual meeting of Howard chapter, Phi Beta Kappa, was Bishop Potter of New York and the poem by R. W. Gilder of New York. Mrs. Cleveland was present with Mrs. Gilder.

Canadian Coal Miners Strike. HALIFAX, N. S., June 26. Twelve hundred coal miners are out on a strike at the Spring Hill collieries, the largest in Novia

Scotia. Everything is at a standstill. The men object to the system of "docking" for short measure or stone. A Mississippi Treasurer Sentenced. Jackson, Miss., June 26.—The jury 1 the case of State Treasuer Hemingway, today rendered a verdict of guilty. The court

then passed a sentence of five years' impris-

onment in the penitentiary.

A London Land Syndicates. YANKTON, S. D., June 26 .- Special Telegram to The Bee. |- Some 3,000 acres of Portland cement land, lying five miles west of this city on the Missouri river bank, has been purchased by a London, England, syndi-

Another Canadian Absconder. St. John, N. B., June 26 .- A. Ferguson, a

umber dealer at Sussex, has disappeared. Ferguson handled over \$50,000 for other people and what disposition he has made of the money is unknown. It is thought he has gone to the states.