

SENATOR EVARTS ON SILVER.

The New York Statesman Delivers an Address Favoring Free Coinage.

HIS VIEWS ON THE LAW OF 1873.

The House Passes the Urgent Deficiency Bill and One for the Expenses of the Eleventh Census.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—In the senate Mr. Platt gave notice that immediately after consideration of the silver bill he would ask the senate to consider the bill for the admission of Wyoming as a state.

House leaders, executive and judicial appropriation bill was reported from the committee and placed on the calendar.

Mr. Davis presented the conference report on the dependent pension bill, and at the request of Mr. Cullom proceeded to explain it.

After considerable discussion the report was laid over and was ordered printed with the bill as agreed to by the conference.

Mr. Morgan desired Mr. Davis to fix a day when the report could be called up for action.

Mr. Davis said he would be unable to do so, but would give notice to the senate some day next week.

The senate silver bill was then taken up. He characterized the act of 1873 as a "murderous thrust" at silver. After a review of the international conference on the question of silver (of which nothing had come) he said that now for the first time in the progress of the matter of redress, the question confronted the republican party, which had a majority in each house and the control of the executive power. It was for that party to determine that the interval of inaction, which should be no longer extended.

The people of the United States, through their representatives in the two houses of congress and in the election of the executive head, in his opinion had determined that they would not allow disgrace and disorder to continue, either in regard to their domestic money or their money in relation to commerce. Congress was now prepared for the adoption, in one form or another, of a measure which, as compared with anything that had been done in the interval between 1873 and 1890, was like the step of a giant as compared with that of a child.

Speaking of the silver of the world, Mr. Evarts said with the difference in ratio (15 to 1 in Europe and 16 to 1 in this country) that the measure would be utterly impracticable, especially if it was desired also to cause the opening of the mints abroad to silver.

The proposition received a favorable reception from the treasury and pay for it in certificates, leaving the transaction at the will of the owner of the bullion, never to be safely treated as a commodity. It was not to be treated as anything but the force and propulsion of circulation.

Mr. Vance spoke in favor of the unlimited coinage of silver.

Mr. Morgan began a free coinage speech but without concluding yielded to a motion to adjourn.

House.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—In the house today a vote was taken on agreeing to the conference report on the anti-trust bill and resulted 25 to 26.

Mr. Stewart of Vermont raised the point of no quorum, and the speaker, being unable to count a quorum, a call of the house was ordered. A quorum having appeared the conference report was rejected—12 to 115.

Mr. Stewart then moved a further conference, with instructions to the house conferees to recede from the house amendment. Mr. Stewart demanded the previous question on his motion. Agreed to. Yea, 115; nay, 97. The motion was then agreed to—Yea, 105; nay, 98.

The house agreed to the conference report on the military appropriation bill.

Mr. Henderson of Iowa, from the committee on appropriations, reported the urgent deficiency bill appropriating \$3,700,000 for the payment of pensions and \$1,075,000 for the expenses of the eleventh census. Passed.

Mr. Hitt of Illinois, from the committee on foreign affairs, reported a resolution regarding calling on the secretary of the treasury for information as to the refusal of the Chinese steamship company to give return passage to certain immigrants brought to this country in violation of the contract labor law. Adopted.

Mr. Morrow of California presented the conference report on the appropriation bill. The report, which is a disagreeing one, was adopted, and a further conference ordered.

The senate bill was passed granting the Chicago, Kansas & Nebraska railroad company power to convey to the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad company the right of property and franchise in the territory of Oklahoma and Indian territory.

The house then went into committee on the bill on the agricultural appropriation bill. The committee soon rose and the bill passed. The house then took a recess.

At the evening session a number of bills from the committee on commerce were presented.

Mr. Fluey of Kentucky was the objector tonight and allowed but a few bills to come to the point of passage.

A Bucket Shop Decision.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 12.—The supreme court today rendered a decision in the bucket shop case of William Sobey of Jacksonville. Sobey was indicted and convicted under the special bucket shop act. The specific case against him was that of Charles James, who bought \$4000 worth of stock from Sobey, and against closing out the deal in a few days and neither receiving nor delivering any grain. The court finds that he did not buy or sell grain for resale, but for speculation. The decision of the lower court, imposing a fine on Sobey, is affirmed.

A Rival of the Cracker Trust.

CHICAGO, June 12.—An evening paper says a rival of the great cracker trust, known as the New York biscuit company, has been formed in the west. The biscuit company, having bought up most of the flouring houses, came here and bought up the Kennedy company, but failed in the negotiations with another large concern, the Duke bakery. The trust has declared war and the Duke company have retaliated by organizing a combination among several large western manufacturers. A sharp fight in prices is looked for.

Advancing the Price of Furniture.

CHICAGO, June 12.—The National Furniture Manufacturers' association at a meeting today decided to raise the price of furniture as necessary, but the methods for obtaining that advance were hard to settle on. The matter was finally referred to a committee. Tonight the manufacturers decided to increase prices after June 1. The necessary 10 per cent advance of the resolution, to be sufficient to cover the increased cost of materials and enable manufacturers to make a living profit.

Andover's Theological Anniversary.

ANDOVER, Mass., June 12.—The final exercises in connection with the eleventh anniversary of Andover theological seminary took place today. The graduating class numbered twenty-six. A new system of elective studies goes into operation the coming year.

Illinois Drainage Law Constitutional.

CHICAGO, June 12.—A special from Ottawa, Ill., says the state supreme court has rendered a decision sustaining the constitutionality of the drainage law passed by the last legislature.

RAILROAD MAGNATES.

General Manager Holdrege and Others Visit Deadwood and Rapid City.

DEADWOOD, S. D., June 12.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—General Manager Holdrege and General Superintendent Calvert of the B. & M., and General Manager Burt and Chief Engineer Almsworth of the Elkhorn are here. They have been holding star chamber sessions, but have agreed upon nothing. It is not likely there will be a union depot.

The principal contention was the right-of-way through the lower end of Deadwood. The B. & M. owns the land, and offered the Elkhorn a right-of-way 1,200 feet long and eighty feet wide, facing on Main street, for \$2,000. The Elkhorn offered \$5,000.

The B. & M. then in order to check any legal proceedings, made a proposition that each road select one man and that these two men select a third uninterested citizen of Deadwood to appraise the land for a right-of-way and abide by his judgment.

The Elkhorn ignored the proposition and the matter rests at present. The Elkhorn men met with but little encouragement from Manager Burt. They want the road to pass through their town and will give a handsome bonus to get it.

They Visit Rapid City.

RAPID CITY, S. D., June 12.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Rapid City will be visited today by Mr. Holdrege and other officers of the B. & M. An effort will be made to induce the company to build to this place.

A Printer Nominated for Governor.

HUON, S. D., June 12.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The nomination of Morris Taylor of this city for governor by the democratic convention at Aberdeen was well received. General Taylor is a native of Pennsylvania, forty-three years of age and a printer by trade.

He has been in Dakota twenty-three years and received a liberal education. He was surveyor general during Cleveland's administration, and was enthusiastically received on his return from the convention.

His nomination is a surprise, as he was not a candidate for the office. He was a member of the legislature, and many prominent democrats in the city have called on him since his nomination.

GOVERNMENT OF UTAH.

Senator Edmunds Reports Favorably the Bill for Its Reorganization.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Senator Edmunds, from the committee on judiciary, today reported back favorably with amendments the bill recently introduced by him providing for the reorganization of the government of Utah.

By the terms of the bill the existing election districts and appointments of representatives for members of the territorial legislature are to be abolished.

The bill provides for the appointment of a governor, territorial secretary and board of commissioners, as soon as practicable after the result of the census is made known, to reorganize the territory and make a report to the legislature for legislative purposes. The offices of territorial auditor, treasurer, commissioners to locate university lands, probate judges, county clerks, solicitors, and assessors, and superintendents of district schools are vacated on the appointment of all these officers.

The bill provides for the appointment of a board of commissioners, to be authorized and empowered in its discretion to cause a new constitution to be framed and to make and enforce rules and regulations not inconsistent with the laws of the United States for the conduct of registration and elections in the territory.

MAINE REPUBLICANS.

The Convention Unanimously Renominates Governor Burleigh.

ALBANY, Me., June 12.—The republican state convention met today. Hon. Frederick A. Burleigh of Portland was the temporary chairman. Governor Burleigh was renominated by acclamation. The convention then took a recess pending the report of the committee on resolutions.

The platform was unanimously adopted at the afternoon session. It unreservedly renews the admission of the republican party of Maine to the national and state conventions, and demands of congress the enactment of such legislation as shall enable the state to exercise its right to make and enforce its laws in full and complete independence.

It also demands of congress the repeal of the liquor traffic and demands of congress the enactment of such legislation as shall enable the state to exercise its right to make and enforce its laws in full and complete independence.

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BECOMING VERY SPIRITED.

A Lively Contest for the Quartermaster Generalship of the Army.

GENERAL TOMPKINS LEADS IN THE RACE.

The Senate Committee on Finance Decides Against Increasing the Duty on Imported Tobacco Used for Wrappers.

WASHINGTON BUREAU TEL OMAHA BEE, 513 FOURTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., June 12.—

The contest over the appointment of the quartermaster general of the army is becoming very active and interesting. General Halibut, the present quartermaster general, retires June 16, and it will be necessary to fill the vacancy as soon thereafter as possible.

General Tompkins, the assistant quartermaster general, who is well known in Chicago and the west generally for his long service there, stands at the head of the list and is the natural and logical successor, although some younger officers of lower rank are pressing their claims with great persistence. Unfortunately for General Tompkins he is a democrat, although he is not a politician and has never attended a political meeting in his life. Once only has he voted, and that was for General Hancock, a fellow army officer, in 1880.

General Tompkins is the son of Daniel Tompkins, formerly senator from New York and at one time vice president of the United States, and his democracy is inherited rather than acquired.

Some of the opponents of General Tompkins are using against him an incident in his experience that occurred many years ago, which, although it resulted in a court-martial and a reprimand, did not injure him in the least in the estimation of his superior and army officers. He was in Montana twenty years ago. At that time the quartermasters of the army were given specific allowances for various expenditures it was necessary for them to make. General Tompkins allowed them for the purchase of hay, so much for fuel, so much for lumber, and so on. It so happened that during the winter of 1871, which was unusually cold and severe, the fuel of the troops at a certain post was exhausted early in the season. The details were slow, the telegraph wires were down, and General Tompkins appealed repeatedly for further allowances. The interior secretary, to his request, whereupon he cut the red tape and sent some of his hay money for fuel, and some of the lumber for the telegraph wires. The citizens of whom it was purchased received for hay when they had furnished wood. A court-martial was ordered, which cleared General Tompkins of all charges. The officers of the regulations of the service, but found that the offense was committed for the interests of the troops. General Tompkins was in command of the department at that time and it was he who called the court, and one of the last acts of his life was to order the court to be held. He was not his own witness, but he had led him to order this court and that he believed General Tompkins to have been guilty of the crime. He had been guilty of cutting the red tape.

General Tompkins is recommended for the appointment by General Schofield and General Howard and has their active assistance. There is also on record in his interest very much to be said. He is a man of high character and high ability, and his record is without a stain.

DECIDED AGAINST AN INCREASE.

The senate committee on finance has decided against an increase of the duty on imported tobacco used for wrappers, which is a matter of great importance to the cigar manufacturers of the west. The tobacco growers of Connecticut, Kentucky, Wisconsin and other states succeeded in inducing the house committee on finance to increase the duty on imported cigars, but the increase has been vigorously resisted by the manufacturers. The senate committee has decided to leave the duty as it is.

CARING FOR THE COUNTRY'S DEFENDERS.

A statement was made on the floor of the house this afternoon which showed that the republicans have taken unexploitable and unimprovable advantage of the country's defenders. The statement was made by a republican member of the house, and it was a statement of the kind that is always made by a republican member of the house when he is speaking of the country's defenders.

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