Sunday Bee, One Year Weekly Bee, One Year OFFICES:
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All communications relating to news and editorial matter should be addressed to the Editorial Department.

BUSINESS LETTERS. All business letters and remittances should be addressed to The Bee Publishing Company. Omaha. Drafts, checks and postoffice orders to be made payable to the order of the Com-

The Bee Publishing Company, Proprietors.

The Bee B'lding, Farnam and Seventeenth Sts.

SWORN STATEMENT OF CIRCULATION Etate of Nebraska. County of Douglas. George B. Taschiek, secretary of The Ree George B. Tzschuck, secretary of The Bee Publishing Company, does sciencily swear that the actual circulation of THE DAILY BEE or the week ending May 31, 1800, was as fol-

lows:
Sunday, May 25,
Monday, May 26,
Tuesday, May 26
Wednesday, May 28
Thursday, May 29
Friday, May 20
Friday, May 30
Saturday, May 31

Sworn to before me and subscribed to in my presence this 3ist day of May, A. D. 1890.
[Seal.] Notary Publica

State of Nebraska.

County of Douglas | 58.

County of Douglas | 58.

George B. Tzschnek, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is secretary of The Bee Publishing Company, that the actual average daily circulation of The Datry Hes for the menth of Jane, 1890, was 18,838 copies; for July, 1880, 18,738 copies; for August, 1880, 18,738 copies; for December, 1880, 18,730 copies; for October, 1880, 18,937 copies; for November, 1880, 19,537 copies; for January, 1890, 19,537 copies; for Pebruary, 1890, 19,537 copies; for Pebruary, 1890, 19,537 copies; for Pebruary, 1890, 19,537 copies; for April, 1880, 23,564 copies; for March, 1890, 20,815 copies; for April, 1880, 23,564 copies; for March, 1890, 20,815 copies; copies

GEORGE B. TZSCHUCK. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 31st day of May, A. D., 1800. [Seal.] N. P. FEIL. Notary Public.

SINGLE COPY POSTAGE RATES. 8-page paper U. S. 1 cent Foreign 2 cents 2 cents 2 cents

DOLLARS for defense, not a cent for bogus claims, should be the motto of the county board.

CONTRACTORS, builders and insurance men are pretty liberally represented on the board of education.

THE returns from recent school elections prove that the Second ward is a dangerous kicker when thoroughly aroused.

CONGRESS has already entered upon its annual sweat, which will continue with slight variations till the ballots are counted in November.

THE remnants of the Chicago gas trust are in the hands of a receiver. Like treatment of other compines would contribute materially to the welfare of the country at large.

THE hospital contractors should be given every encouragement to take their claims into court. It is due to the taxpayers of the county that the jobbers be compelled to establish their demands in the proper tribunal.

SIXTY thousand dollars worth of farmers are to be employed to teach the Indians how to handle modern farm machinery. The returns from the reaper and thresher will undoubtedly show an abundant harvest of good Indians.

THE engineer of the Oakland train which plunged through an open drawbridge has been held for manslaughter by the coroner's jury. This is one of the few instances on record of the failure of the railroad air brake to check an impetuous petit jury.

UNDER the act of congress passed last April a general pardon has been granted to deserters from the regular army. The proclamation of amnesty carries freedom from arrest to thirty-two thousand men, a number greater than the rank and file of the present army.

THE police commission insinuates that the tax levy will be insufficient to meet current expenses for the year, and a reduction of the force will be necessary. This was to have been expected. The board should have foreseen that the money at its disposal would not hold out against the increased drain.

WILL Mayor Cushing allow the rotten council combine to dictate appointments and parcel out the patronage of the mayor's office, or will he manfully assert his prerogative and exercise the powers vested in him by the charter in the interests of good government?

THE government fish bureau is one of the most prolific hatcheries of nepotism supported out of the national treasury. Of the hundreds of thousands appropriated annually for its maintenance, thirty-one thousand goes to the support of the family of one commissioner, while two others draw sustenance for nine members of their households. Certainly this luxuriant trio cannot truthfully claim that republics are ungrateful.

SENATOR PADDOCK has fished up an old order issued by General Grant as president, which forbids federal office holders from holding any lucrative city, county or state office. That order is still in force. Had it been enforced upon W. J. Broatch, who drew two thousand five hundred dollars a year as member of the Missouri river commission and also drew a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars a year as mayor of Omaha for two years and a half, he would have been in a dilemma like the ass between two bundles of hay.

THE local money market presented no new features yesterday-money is abundant and rates easy at eight por cent. General trade continues good and collections appear to improve daily. The produce market was liberally supplied and quotations were shaded toward the close, but the bulk of the receipts of berries and vegetables were closed out at full prices. Berries and vegetables are arriving from Missouri in refrigerater cars in fine condition. Coffee has advanced one-half cent per pound as was anticipated; the market is quiet. Other staples are unchanged.

AN EARLY CONVENTION.

The republican state central committee, which meets at Lincoln today to formulate the conditions under which the state convention is to be held, is charged with a grave responsibility. Its action will, in a great measure, determine whether the party shall continue in supremacy for the next two years, or be swept from power and place by the

tidal wave of popular discontent. There are those in the state of the anti-monopoly republican conference as an impertinent intrusion and unwarranted interference with the prerogative of the committee. They look upon its demand for an early convention as a threatened bolt. These members apparently overlook the fact that the republicans of Nebraska are confronted by a popular uprising that must be placated before it is too late. a convention in the first week of July is not an early convention. In a majority of the states conventions are to be held during the present month and comparatively few state conventions will be held later than the early part of July. Candidates for state offices have already been nominated in several states. The Illinois and South Dakoka democracy hold their state convention today, and the republicans of states will follow suit those soon after. The Iowa republicans will hold their state convention on June 25, the day that the conference committee originally had agreed to recommend as the latest date for holding the state convention.

It is therefore manifest that the declaration of the conference in favor of a convention not later than July 8 is not at variance with the customs of the great parties in other states, so far as relates to the time of holding conventions.

MAKING HIMSELF SOLID.

Councilman Chaffee has made a peremptory demand for the head of Balcombe and the appointment of Birkhauser as chairman of the board of public works. Wnat business has a republican councilman to ask for the appointment of a democrat, and why does Chaffee want Birkhauser of all other men in Omaha? Are Chaffee and the Seventh ward to monopolize all the appointments and sinecures? It was Chaffee's Italian hand that gave the city hall plans to a Seventh ward architect. Chaffee engineered the Dodlin granite job and dictated a Seventh warder for superintendent of the city hall building. Chaffee substituted Inskeep, a Seventh ward striker, for John Butler as sergeant-at-arms of the council, and the new plumbing inspector is also credited to the yellow pine broker. Now Birkhauser, who lives next door to his bosom friend, Vandervoort, in the Seventh ward, is to be given charge of all our public works, for which he is about as fit as he would be for performing on the trick mule in the circus.

Mr. Chaffee is a very thrifty provider for the political gang in his own ward, and the roustabouts with whom he is associated in the Tammany club. But why should the mayor play into his hands, or appoint anybody at the dictation of the combine, of which Chaffee is the tall and Broatch the head?

OUR LATTER-DAY SAINTS.

The principal stock-in-trade of the prohibition agitators and organ grinders is the alleged nefarious plotting and pernicious activity of the whisky trust in Nebraska. Even Governor Thayer's revocation is represented as an abject surrender and sell-out to the whisky trust. Now we boldly assert that the whisky

trust has had no more to do with the prohibition campaign in Nebraska or with the governor's course than the twine trust, the iron beam trust or the sugar trust. All the talk about the activity of the whisky trust is the invention of mercenaries who are laying awake nights expecting a bid from one side or the other. Peter Her, the Nebraska chief of the whisky trust is in California building stock yards and packing houses near San Francisco and will not return to Nebraska until the latter part of October, if then. Cyrus C. Turner, the secretary of the Liquor dealers' national protective association, is in Louisville or somewhere in the south or east. If anybody else in Nebraska is acting for Her or Turner they have not been heard from up to date.

The only parties who have shown any disposition to antagonize prohibition are the bankers and merchants of the principal cities and towns who desire to prevent commercial stagnation and a land slide in property values. Their right to organize in defense of their property interests and business can hardly be called

in question.

But the prohibition campaigners will continue to stigmatize them and everybody who opposes prohibition as "friends of the saloon," "rum boodlers," and "whisky bloats." It is the prerogative of these latter day saints to send everybody to perdition who does not swallow their nostrum and claim for themselves the monopoly of all the virtues.

SILVER LEGISLATION UNCERTAIN. Congressman McKinley does not beieve it to be by any means a sure thing that a silver bill will be passed at the present session of congress, though he thinks there ought to be legislation on the subject because there is a general demand for it. There have been recently expressed opinions to like effect from other members of congress, and the downward course of the silver market within the past week has been construed as indicating that the operators in silver had become convinced that the chances are against any legislation. The subject continues to be discussed in the senate and the house will enter upon its consideration probably during the present week, but the conflicting views in both houses are no nearer to being reconciled than ever, and is seems obvious from what is said by members of congress that the chances of reaching an agreement or effecting a compromise have not im-

proved. If there is a failure of silver legislation the responsibility for it will be on the advocates of free coinage, who in-

sist upon a policy which the conservative judgment of the country disapproves. There would not be the slightest difficulty in securing legidation which would provide for the employment as a currency basis of the entire silver product of the country, and which might lead ultimately to free coinage, if experience demonstrated that that policy could be safely adopted. The country is prepared to accept a note currency based on silver bullion to the full committee who resent the action amount of the sliver product of the United States, as is practically provided for in the bill to be considered in the house, but all who take an unselfish and unprejudiced view of the question are convinced that free coinage is, at this time, inexpedient, would be dangerous to our financial system, and would inevitably bring disaster to all interests. The carefully prepared and elaborate arguments of the advocates They also seem oblivious to the fact that | in the senate of unlimited coinage have not only failed to remove this conviction, but rather have strengthened it, because they have been unable to show that there is the least necessity for their policy, or that it would be any more effective in improving the position of silver as a money metal than would its employment as bullion as the basis of a paper currency under the liberal conditions that have been proposed. In the one case we should invite the world to unload its surplus silver upon us, which it would assuredly make haste to do, while in the other we should simply utilize our own product, avoiding the danger of having any of our gold withdrawn in payment for foreign silver and giving the country a safe and acceptable currency for all domestic purposes.

The bill agreed on by the conference committee of the two houses, and upon which the house will be asked to take action, goes as far as it is prudent to go at this time in dealing with this question. It provides for using about the entire silver product of the United States as the basis of a note currency. It would afford ample protection to the silver interest of the country and would increase the currency annually to the amount of at least thirty million dollars. It would effect a gradual and healthy advance in the market value of silver, ultimately, there is every reason to believe, carrying it to a parity with gold, without seriously disturbing the financial system. In short, it would secure all the benefits and advantages which it is possible to predicate of free coinage without tne dangers and disturbances inevitable to that policy. It is desirable that the country shall have legislation that will enlarge the use of silver as a basis of currency, but the failure of such legislation would be less unfortunate than to adopt

free coinage. PROGRESS ON THE TARIFF BILL. From such information as the Washington correspondents are able to obtain regarding the progress the senate committee is making with the tariff bill, there appears good reason to expect that the measure will be ready for submission to the senate not later than the end of the present month. With regard to what is being done in the matter of changes in the house bill not much can be learned, the members of the committee being naturally and properly reticent on the subject. The room in which the committee works is not only locked, but guarded, and the secreey of the proceedings would seem to be carefully maintained by the members of the committee when not on duty. Statements in a general way indicate that a good many changes have been made in the line of lower duties than those proposed in the house bill, but to what extent these embrace articles upon which lower duties would be of substantial benefit to the people is not known. Reductions in the chemical and metal schedules are desirable, but the senate will need to carry its downward revision much farther than this to satisfy the demands of the country for relief from tariff taxation.

It is reported that the senators from the tariff reform states of the northwest, while professing to favor lower duties, are giving very little encouragement to Senators Allison and Aldrich, the republican members of the finance committee who are understood to be making the fight for a reduction of duties. These senators are said to be unfavorable to any increase in the wool duties over the existing law, or any increase in the duties on woolen goods except where it may be necessary to equalize conditions, but although they unquestionably in this view represent the great majority of the people of the west and northwest, the other senators from those sections are said to give them little support. Special interests which are seeking to draw an increased tribute from the people are represented in the senate as well as in the house, and it is to be apprehended that combinations may be made in the former which will prevent such a reform in the tariff as the predominant sentiment of the country calls

It is not necessary, however, to abandon the hope that the more conservative and unselfish among the republicans of the senate will be able to earry through that body a tariff bill materially different from the measure now under consideration. It is still to be believed that there is on the republican side of the senate sufficient honest statesmanship and sincere regard for the pledges of the party not to allow so objectionable and indefensible a measure as the McKinley bill to be inflicted upon the country. It must be that there are republican senators who understand that no greater burden could be placed upon the party in the congressional campaigns of this year than to have to defend the tariff bill passed by the house. One of these senators is quoted as saying: "We promised to reduce taxation, not to increase it. We must fulfill our pledges or lose the next elections." The welfare of the republican party and the highest interests of the people require the reduction of tariff taxation. It is possible for the senate to subserve both, and it is still to be hoped it will not fail to do so.

FOR flendish ingenuity and premeditation, the attempt to wreck a passenger train on the Union Pacific tracks near | husband is worth \$1,000,000.

the city is without a parallel in the history of Omahin. The object could not have been robbery, for had the wreckers succeeded it would have been impossible to loot the train before assistance arrived from Omaha and South Omaha. It is evident that the motive of the fiends was to bring about a disaster for some fancied wrong and gloat over the wreck of life and property. The fact that they possessed switch keys and selected a dangerous point, goes to prove that they must have been former employes of the company, and familiar with the road. It is to be hoped that the desperadoes will be run down and severely punished for their dastardly attempt on the lives of five hundred people.

THE money market continues easy and bankers are looking for good, safe securities in which to invest their loanable surplus at profitable rates. Exchange is in fair supply. General trade continues exceptionally good for the season and collections are easy. The local produce market received a liberal quantity of green stuff and was well eleaned up at an early hour, quotations being virtually unchanged.

THE famous Texas cattle trail is a thing of the past. A drive of ten thousand cattle recently completed the journey to Wyoming, but not without costly delays and detours to dodge cultivated lands and farm fences. Western development is the great leveler of all landmarks.

PROSPECTIVE candidates for county commissioner are sprouting and spouting in the verdant suburbs. It is proper to remind these anxious patriots that there are many painful slips between anticipation in June and realization in November.

What They Must Do.

Sioux City Journal. The people of Nebraska are to be congratu lated upon their escape from an extra session at this junction. It ought never to have been called. There was no popular demand for it and nothing suggestive of a popular demand. In the political situation in Nebraska an extra session could not, in the very nature of things, settle the questions which are up before the people, but on the contrary could only tend to confuse and postpone a settlement.

There is profound popular dissatisfaction in Nebraska with the manner in which the government of the state has been controlled, especially with reference to transportation corporations. The republican party is responsible both for the legislation of the state and for the administration of the laws, and the feeling is entertained by thousands of republicans in Nebraska that the organization of the party has been manipulated and steered out of direct and sympathetic service to their interests, the interests of the great mass of the community and of the public generally. The farmers especially had therefore made uncompromising demand that the organization of the party this year, and the administration of the state government should unequivocally be brought to the service of the people and that the railroad question should be settled on this basis. And this demand had brought on an issue, involving the time of holding the convention, the declaration of the platform and the characters of the candidates.

It was a foolish thing to suppose that a call for an extra session of the old legislature could allay such revolt within the party, to say nothing of the popular agitation, or that it could take out of the impending political campaign the resolute purpose of the people. Nothing less than the accomplishment of that purpose, by agents immediately chosen by the people with a view to present conditions, could be of any avail; and for such a purpose a legislature elected last year, under different conditions, and whose sands are running low, was obviously incompetent. It was incompetent, in fact, and under the circumstances of popular distrust it was impotent in any event.

But so far as the republican party is concerned the revocation of the extra session defines its opportunity. Its opportunity is merely to meet, honestly and promptly, the popular need of a political party in Nebraska. That need is for a party which in its organization, in its purpose and in its control is devoted to the interests of the public, and not to those of the railroad corporations or any other concern. What the republican party of Nebraska in the present exigency must do above all things is to demonstrate its responsiveness to the popular demand, to reassure the masses of the party by the ring of the platform and by the character of the candidates nominated.

And to this end the very best thing that the party can do, now that the call for an extra session is out of the way, is to call an early convention. Meet the situation boldly; meet it promptly; meet it candidly and honestly and fully. A call for an early convention now will be the sign that the party is ready to meet the people.

ABOUT WOMEN.

The German empress will not accompany circles this summer.

Queen Victoria will confer the Order of the Bath on Emperor William. The ceremony will take place privately. Miss Ellinor, a daughter of Sir Charles Halle, designed the gold medal which the

ographical society gave Explorer Stanley Miss Ethel Chase Sprague, who as was re-

cently announced had given up all idea of going on the stage, made her debut in Buffalo and is said to have made a hit. Miss Charme Brown, a Cincinnati belle, can onverse with fluency in French, Italian, Spanish and German. She also knows Latin Spanish and German. She also knows Lat and Greek, and is a vlever amateur actress.

Fanny Davenport/Ivas a witness in Minne-

apolis, defending a suit for libel against her, and evaded a question as to her ago by sayng that she was twenty years on the stage. Mrs. Wise, a daughter of Hall McAllister, and a niece of Ward McAllister, recently made her debut at a concert in San Francisco. She has a fine voice and is a beautiful

Mrs. Glacometti Prodgers, the terror of London cabmen, is dead. Her habit was to drive the fullest possible distance for the money, pay the exitet legal fare, and then cause the arrest of the cabman for expressing bis faultures. his feelings. Annie Jenness Miller is an advocate of com-

plete rest, and part of each week gives her body and mind as nearly nothing to do as is possible. She can afford to do this. Her physcal culture fad pays. Miss Raffalovitch, who is to marry William O'Brien, is an accomplished linguist and has been a frequent contributor to the conti-nental journals. She has also translated Mr.

O'Brien's novel into French. Mme. Catacazy, widow of the ex-Russian ambassador, is still a beautiful woman and retains the glorious golden hair which was the envy of her acx when she was in Wash-ington. There is some little silver in her

Mrs. Millais, the famous artist's wife, and the ex-wife of John Ruskin, lives like a royal princess, and has a staff of artistically dressed servants who care for her every desire. Sho is beautiful, accomplished and captivating, and is regarded as her husband's muscot. Her Greek dresses are poems and her poses the perfection of grace. She has oriental couches in all her apartments, and is said to be the happiest woman in all Europe. Her husband is said to be the happiest woman in all Europe.

THE CENSUS MAN'S TROUBLES.

A Bee Reporter Tells the Tribulations of a Lincoln Enumerator.

DAMAGES FOR WATERED WHISKY.

A Capital City Saloonkeeper Sues the Corporation-Articles of Incorporation Filed by a Paper

Factory.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 3 .- | Special to THE BEE.]—One of the poor unfortunates who are acting as census enumerators called at the home of your correspondent today and declared that this was the first time he had been treated as a human being during the two days that he has been collecting facts and figures that are for the best interests of the very people, who are treating him like a tramp. He was a gentlemanly fellow, and as he had never been a canvasser or solicitor he was not accustomed to the rebuffs that he received, The \$300 fine and imprisonment that hung over his head were the only stimulus he had to continue his work. He gratefully accepted the offer of your correspondent to accompany him on his rounds and was willing to share his sorrows with one accustomed to such ad-

A volume could be written about the half day's experiences that followed, but it had sufficient of the facetious to relieve it of its depressing features. The universal trouble was in getting admission to the houses of the people, and in most instances the politeness of a Chesterfield and the diplomacy of a Ralicgh would have availed nothing in the face of the phalanx of frowns and scowls that confrounted him at every door. "Beg pardon, I am the census enumerator."

was the usual form of address, and the re plies were as varied as the people. In one re spect only did all agree, and that was in re-buffs and rejuctance to let the enumerator cross the threshold

don't want any books," said one "We have all the pictures we need," said

another.
One declared, "We den't need any censes," and the enumerator yielded to the impulse and said: "I see you don't use any " But the force of the sareasm was lost.

It was almost invariably wash day and in every instance the only head of the family present was the divinity presiding over the kitchen or toying with the soap suds, and the enumerator was generally given the politic "I am too busy to waste any time with

Once inside the house a myriad of difficulties arose. A number believed that the enumerator was a detective assessor attempt ing to ascertain whether their property was sufficiently taxed, and their answers were tinged with feeling all the way from fright to At the suggestion of your correspondent

the enumerator asked one more in addition to the thirty on the list, and that was: "Do you take a newspaper regularly!" It was a noticeable fact that the h where the answers were in the affirmative to this question were the only places where the enumerator was treated with common de-

"What makes you so inquisitive?" said one 'Shure an' Oi belave yer a noost apper reporter," said a pugilistic looking Amazon of Gaelic ancestry. "Oi don't want annie noty-ryty an' ye'd betther be careful how ye trate

One female of mammoth proportions and whose breath was perfumed with the nectar of onions and limburger answered every ques-

'Ask Feelup, mein man." No other reply could be secured from her, and she gave the address of the saloon in which "Feelup" was engaged in the intellec-tual labor of filling schooners of beer.

Some difficulties were experienced as to age, particularly with persons of the femi-nine gender. But this question was a charmed one compared to the interrogations concern-ing acute or chronic diseases and those in regard to defects in mind, sight, hearing, speech or body. Not a single person had even a blood disease, and out of curiosity your correspondent asked the enumerators of the city concerning the replies of these questions. Not a single person had been found who was in any way affected with any chronic disease or in any way deformed, and in nearly every instance the enumerator admitted that he stopped asking these questions.

Statistics in these respects promise to be of little value, and if the same course is universally pursued by the enumerators the result will prove a nation devoid of mental or phys-

Some persons expressed surprise that such questions were on the list, saying that the enumerators had not even read them when the call was made at their home, and if this course is pursued Nebraska will have the record of having but one person in the state having any chronic disease, and that catarrh, reported voluntarily by your correspondent, who had read the list of interrogatories be-

Few states will be able to show such a rec ord unless the same course is pursued in omitting questions that require an affirmative an-

PAITHLESS ENUMERATORS. Tom Cooke, superintendent of the census

in this district, is incensed at the failure of certain enumerators in Omsha to come to time. These are the only ones in the district who have failed him, and are the only ones who have been given districts for which they applied. Mr. Cooke left today for Omaha to choose enumerators to fill the vacancies. He will not bring the delinquent enumerators to time as he could if he chose, and will through mercy only spare them a fine of \$300 and imprisonment besides. WATERED WHISKY.

Judge Chapman listened today to the case of John Kaden, a saloonkeeper who is suing the city for \$473 for whisky and other liquors too freely watered to suit John's customers. Kaden claims that the city is re-sponsible for the same. Several months sponsible for the same. Several montas ago he claims that the contractors in the employ of the city, while filling in the street in front of his place of business at 124 North Twelfth street, carelessly filled up the catch basin at that point and stopped the flow of water into the basin. When the next rain the point and stopped the flow of water into the basin. came the water from the sewer came pouring into Kaden's cellar, where his liquors were stored. The entire excavation was filled with a combination of water and whisky too weak to retail and John asks for the value of the liquor from the city. ANOTHER LINCOLN INDUSTRY.

The Lincoln paper bex company has finally naterialized and this morning articles of in corporation were filed with the secretary of state. The company will manufacture any and all kinds of paper and wooden boxes. The capital stock is \$10,000. The incorporators are Messrs. G. A. Bush, F. C. Fuller and Joseph Oppenheimer. Work is to be commenced soon, and heimer. Work is to be commenced soon, and in case Lincoln proves a good market, the business will be enlarged.

THE ENIGHTS' JEWEL. Articles of incorporation of the Pythian Publishing company of Omaha have been filed. The capital stock is \$2,500 and the object of the organization is the publication and continuance of a periodical to be called The Knights Jewel. The incorporators are F. J. Sackett and Will L. Scism. CITY NOTES.

F. J. Doyle, the fellow who so wantonly stabbed a mule belonging to Mr. Charles Putnam, was tried in the police court today for malicious destruction of property and was sentenced to thirty days in the county fail.

Some horse thief entered the barn of Charles Roberts at 621 South Eighth street. last night and stole a roan horse worth \$150. The steed was large in size and weighed nearly twelve hundred pounds.

Dick Berlin of Omaha was in the city today shaking hands with friends.

STATE AND TERRITORY. Nebraska Jottings.

The McCook Tribune has entered upon the inth year of its existence. The Colfax county creamery is now turn-ng out nearly two thousand pounds of butter

Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Burns of York celebrated the fiftleth anniversary of their wed-ding last work. A meeting is to be held at Calloway June 14

to devise plans whereby Custer county can be divided into four parts. W. J. Stanabury of Pierce has been bound

over for trial on the charge of obtaining property under false pretenses

A pension examining board was organized at Springview last week and it will meet every Wednesday for the present.

After Rev. Mr. Lamar of Omaha had de-livered two lectures in that city and the bills

were paid only 15 cents was left in the treas-

W. H. Korns, editor of the Tekamah Her

ald, was arrested Monday on a charge of cruminal libel preferred by County Judge H. Wade Gillis. Korns was released on his own

Bartley is preparing for a substantial growth this year. A flouring mill, the resumption of work on the college building,

improvements of the water power, etc., are among the improvements in hand.

John Mundt, a German farmer living near

Central City, feeling very despondent over the loss of his wife, resolved to drown his grief in a good drink of brandy. The brandy proved to be carboile acid, and it required the

Tony Stark, a brakeman, was struck by

the flyer at Oxford the other day and was se

verely injured. He had just recovered from having his hand crushed by the cars and was

making his first trip when the second acci

The marshal at Homer is very considerate of the village funds, says the Wayne Gazette, and instead of occasioning the expense necessarily incurred when a drauk is arrest-

ed, he dumps his incoriates into their wag ons, gives them a quart of whisky to amuse

themselves with and starts them out of

The Great Northwest.

Over \$300,000 worth of houses are in pro-

Most of the wool of the Judith basin In

Montana will this year be shipped by way of

Immense quantities of treat are now being

The Boise City, Idaho, city council has

granted a twenty-five-year franchise to an

Mrs. Isabella Irish of Tacoma, Wash., was instantly klied the other day while entertain.

ing a guest in her parlor by the accidental

discharge of a revolver in the hands of her

Out of 4,000 sheep which F. A. McDermit

Louis Wortheimer, a clerk in the Butte,

Mont., postoffice, who was arrested last No-vember charged with tampering with the

mails, has been discharged from custody. It

is now hinted that his arrest was spite work

Wong Ham, his wife and daughter, arrived

the husband, having the required certificate, was allowed to land, but his wife and child were detained. Judge Deady decided their

habeas corpus case and ordered that they be discharged from custody and allowed to land.

Mr. and Mrs. Potts of; Carson, Nev., will

hang Jane 20 for the murder of a man named

Fawcett January 31, 1888. The board of par-dons has refused to interfere. The body of

Fawcett was literally cut to pieces and other

wise horribly mutilated. The whole thing was done at the suggestion of Mrs. Potts,

Frank M. Ostrander, ex-district attorney

of Merced, Cal., and secretary of the Merced

board of trade, was found lying on his child's

grave dead the other day. It is supposed that he committed suicide by taking laudanum.

F. M. Ostrander is the son of Hon. H. I. Os-

trander, and was the first white child born in

The reported discovery of large quantities

of free-milling gold-bearing quartz in the hills just west of Boulder, Mont., and above the placer ground at Taylor's lake, has caused

considerable excitement among prospectors. The principal strike so far is that of George

It is supposed that

"Colona" last week at Portland, and

had on his ranch north of Cherry creek, Nevada, last fall, he sheared only 1,800 this

caught in the Stillwater river near Demers

Oakland, Cal., has a female footpad.

cess of erection at Salt Lake City.

lectric street railway company.

spring—a loss of 62 per cent.

on the part of some official.

with Potts as a tool

Merced county.

Billings.

use of a stomach pump to save his life

recognizance pending a hearing.

A new town will be laid out in Buffalo county two and a half miles northwest of Stanley and will be christened Amhurst. The new Methodist church at Seward was

Says the Brings (Mont.) Gazette: Range foremen are encountering great difficulty in securing competent cow hands for the pount; ups about to take place. The trouble is due to the fact that all good cowpunchers have left the country or quit the business show the runches have adopted the plan of employing men but six months in the year. As dedicated Sunday. The building cost \$12, 237,27, and there is still \$3,000 to be raised. result the range riders are poorer at the Allie Clark of Craig, at one time a wealthy and intelligent Burt county farmer, was the other day fined \$8 at Tekamah for being drunk. Whisky has made him pountiess,

Lectures evidently don't draw well in York.

After Rev. Mr. Lamar of Omaha had debusiness each year. A little three-year-old daughter of James

McNamara was the victim of a peculiar acci-dent at Butte, Mont., the other evening. The child was walking on the sidewalk opposite the old Lexington foundry, when a severa gust of wind blew her bodily into the street, about ten feet below. The shock broke her arm and she also received other injuries. A suit for damages will probably be brought against the city by the parents of the little

Barton, who has a twenty-foot vein of rock

which promises to develop into a most valua-

Says the Billings (Mont.) Gazette: Range

Mrs. Hannah Sullivan, of Newcastle, Wyoming, has reached the age of one hun-dred and ten years. She is a native of Ire-land and came to America in 1852. She has been twice married and is the mother of ten children, three boys and seven girls, most of whom are living. She is grandmother of forty people, great-grandmother of twenty-two, and has been a great-grandmother for twenty-five years. She has enjoyed good health most of her life and has been able to walk up to three weeks ago. She could thread a needle with perfect case at the age of one hundred and nine, and her eyesight is still good and health fair, with the prospect of reaching the age of one hundred and twenty-five or one hundred and thirty.

NEBRASKA HOMGEOPATHISTS

They Will Convene at the Paxton Hotel This Afternoon.

The Nebraska Homoeopathic Medical soclety convenes in this city this afternoon. The meeting will be held at the Paxton hotel and about two hundred delegates are expected to be in attendance. The society has members in all parts of the state and a large number in this city. Among the latter are the following physicians: W. A. Humphrey, C. L. Hart, Mrs. H. B. Davies, Miss Emma J. Davies, George H. Parsell, E. S. Allen, J. U. Barnesdale, C. G. Sprague, D. A. Foote, W. H. Hanchett, R. W. Connell, Mrs. Amelia

The officers of the association are A. L. Macomber of Norfolk, president; W. II. Hanchett, Omaha, first vice president; J. B. Hawk Grand Island, second vice president W. E. Buck, Minden, secretary; O. S. Wood, Omaha, treasurer.

The association will convene at the Paxton at 2 p. m. today, and the afternoon session will be devoted to reports of the secretary and treasurer, and the board of censors, as well as the reports of members on prevailing

This evening will be devoted to miscellaneous business and the address of the presi-

The morning and evening sessions tomorow will be taken up by clinics and papers on various subjects.

Tomorrow night Prof. J. S. Mitchell M. D., L.L. D., of Chicago will lecture at the Young Men's Christian association hall on "Medical Progress," This will be followed by a ban-quet at the Paxton, at which Mayor Cushing will deliver an address of welcome.

The sessions on Friday will be given over

to clinics and papers. In the morning Prof. J. B. S. King of Chicago will deliver an address on "Personal Influence in Medicine. The session will close Friday afternoon. The local committee, consisting of Drs. W. H. Hanchett, D. A. Foote, C. G. Sprague and

C. F. Bruner, has made very complete ar-rangements for the entertainment of the

The Omana Stenographers.

The Omaha Stenographers' association held their regular bi-monthly meeting in the rooms of the Standard shorthand school with President John A. Rooney in the chair. The attendance was not as large as it might have been, but those present spent a very pleasant and profitable hour or two in shorthand practice for speed. The next meeting will take place on Tues-

day evening, June 17, when it is hoped there will be a large attendance, as business of very important nature will be brought before

-8

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