THE DAILY BEE

E. ROSEWATER. Editor.

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SWORN STATEMENT OF CIRCULATION State of Nebraska. County of Douglas. George B. Tzschuck, secretary of The Bee Publishing Company. does solemnly swear that the actual circulation of THE DAILY BEE for the week ending May 24, 1899, was as fol-lows.

TO M 9 :	
Sunday, May 18	23.500
Monday, May 19	CR0471
Tuesday, May 20	19,633
Wednesday, May 21	
Thursday, May 22.	
Friday, May 23	19,719
Saturday, May 24	,19,800

Average	
	GE B. TZSCHUCK. I subscribed to in my

(Seal.)
Notary Public.
State of Nebraska.
Courty of Douglas.
George B. Tzschuck, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is secretary of The Bee Publishing Company, that the actual average dally circulation of The Datry BEE for the month of May, 1880, 18,599
copies: for June, 1889, 18,838 copies: for July, 1880, 18,738 copies: for Angust, 1880, 18,651
copies: for September, 1880, 18,438 copies: for October, 1880, 18,957
Goldser, 1880, 18,957 copies: for November, 1889, 18,651
copies: for December, 1880, 20,048 copies; for January, 1800, 19,555 copies; for April, 1850, 20,056 copies; Juschwerk, Sey, Jusch Copies; for April, 1850, 20,056 copies; Jusch Copies; for April, 1850, 20,056 copies; Jusch Co

81	NGLE	COPY	POS	STAG	E RATE	з.	
S-page	paper.	U.	S. 1	cent	Foreign	2	cents
12-page				cent			cents
16-page		NG00 - 14	1 12	cents		2	cents
20-page			1 9	cents	(ef.)	ंध	cents
24-page	paper.			cents		4	centa

Anti-Monopoly Committee Call.

SPRING RANCHE, Neb., May 26 .- The "com mittee of fifteen" appointed by the antimonopoly republican convention held at Lincoln Neb., May 22, 1890, is requested to meet at the Capital hotel in Lincoln. at 4 p. m. on Tuesday, June 4, 1890, for the transaction of such business as may properly come before D. M. NETTLETON, Chairman.

THE spirit of socialism in Spain will have a tendency to arrest the decay of that almost lifeless monarchy.

AFTER a thorough examination of the pure food and drug bill, a committee of the wholesale drug trade has endorsed the measure, Any other action would have laid the trade open to the suspicion of dispensing adulterated drugs.

1 THE rumored raid of filibusterers on Lower California indicates that there are not enough offices in California to supply the local demand. A term in a Mexican jail would have a tendency to cool the ambitions of the raiders.

It is practically settled that the senate will clip the claws of the binding twine trust by placing the raw material used in the manufacture of twine as well as the finished article on the free list. Every effort to break up odious com-

Attorney General Leese has recently been rather rash in furnishing promiscuous opinions to parties who ask for official interpretations of national and state statutes and the constitution.

UNSOUND OPINIONS.

A few days ago he rendered an opinion on the effect which the "original package" decision of the United States supreme court would have in states where license and local option prevail. This opinion, although perhaps within the line of his functions as attorney general, is radically at variance with the views held by Senators Edmunds and Evarts, the two foremost constitutional lawyers in America. It is also at variance with the opinions of nine-tenths of the ablest lawers in the country.

According to a special dispatch from Lincoln the attorney general has seen fit o render an opinion wherein he declares that members of the legislature who since the last legislative session have been elected as county treasurers, commissioners or mayors and city officials are entitled to hold their seats in a special session of the legislature.

While THE BEE highly respects Attorney General Leese as a state officer of unbending integrity, we are compelled to take most decided issue with him on this question. First and foremost the attorney general has no right to give an opinion as to the eligibility of members of the legislature, or to meddle with its composition in his official capacity. The legislature alone is by the constitution made the sole judge and arbiter of the qualifications of its members, and even the supreme court has no right to interpose its dictum or pass an opinion as to who is or is not qualified for membership. The legislature is a co-ordinate branch of government, and neither the execu-

tive department, of which the attorney general is a part, nor the judiciary, is empowered to pass upon the eligibility or qualification of its members.

The only guide for the legislature is its oath to obey the constitution. The latter clearly defines who is or is not eligible to membership of the legislature. Section 6 of article 3, entitled "legislative," reads as follows:

No person holding office under the authority of the United States, or any lucrative office under the authority of this state, shall be eligible to or have a seat in the legislature, but this provision shall not extend to precinct or township officers, justices of the peace, notaries public or officers of the militia.

Nobody will contend that men who have become ineligible by reason of their election to any lucrative office, not excepted in this section, can legitimately hold a seat in a special session if they were barred from holding a seat in a regular session. While it is true that some legislatures, including the present legislature, have wilfully ignored the mandate of the constitution and allowed men who held city and county offices, and even federal offices,

to hold seats and make laws, that fact does not warrant the opinion that county treasurers, mayors and other county or city officials may legally take part at the special session.

The fact that the constitution excepts precinct and township officers and justices of the peace, who are all county officials in the general inhibition, affords conclusive proof that salaried county and city officials not specially enumerated among the exceptions are ineligible to

proposed regarding the most important products of Mexico, the Argentine Republic and Chill, can we reasonably expect those countries to become very prooundly interested in projects the success of which would in the nature of things inure more largely to our penefit than to theirs? If we adopt a policy of complete selfishness we must expect that other countries will emulate the example. Just now it would certainly be to no purpose to appeal to Mexico for support of these proposed enterprises. From what can be learned of public sentiment in that country it is not friendly to promoting the commercial interests of the United States, but is disposed rather toward a retaliatory policy, and it is by no means improbable that this feeling exists in other American countries, though most of them are perhaps less concerned about trade with us than is Mexico. Doubtless no one understands this situation more clearly than Secretary Blaine, and

knowing the hopelessness of any effort to extend our commerce with such a barrier as the house tariff bill would erect, it may reasonably be expected that Mr. Blaine's influence will be exerted for material modifications of that measure.

RIVER AND HARBOR LEGISLATION. The discussion which the subject of river and harbor improvements is receiving in the house of representatives, both as to the general policy of such improvements and specific propositions for enlarged water communication, is reassuring of a desire on the part of the representatives of the people to give more careful attention to this very important matter than has been the rule for a number of years. For a long time appropriations for river and harbor improvements have been clouded by a warrantable suspicion of more or less jobbery and trading, until the country had learned to look upon every bill for this purpose as contemplating to some extent a robbery of the treasury. Money counting up into the millions was voted away upon so-called waterways and alleged harbors that had never been and never could be made to be of general public benefit. Every congressman who had a stream of water in his district dignified on the map as a river, though it never con-

tained more than enough water to float a scow, demanded an appropriation for its improvement, and as there is always a number of this class whose votes are essential to carry through the larger demands of those who can present a legitimate reason for a liberal appropriation, the useless streams have been provided for. This method of wasting the public money has frequently been shown up on the floors of congress, and more often exposed and denounced in the press, but the needed reform has not yet been introduced. It has been suggested that the whole subject of river and harbor improvements be placed in the hands of a competent board of ergineers, which should annually report to congress what improvements are absolutely needed and their cost, so that congress would be relieved of the trouble of examining into details, and also of the

danger to which it is always tempted of making wasteful appropriations. But this proposal was not received with general favor. It may take form in law at some future time, when congressmen do not need these appropriations to help them with their constituents.

American countries? In view of what is | Davis & Cowgill you were directly inter- | ested in the work done for the city of Omaha by that firm for which the council appropriated five hundred and twenty dollars and twenty-seven cents within the past three months. Can you under any protense clear yourself of personal knowledge that this work illegally let to yourself and your company was paid for out of the city treasury? As a member of the finance committee, which is wholly composed of members of the combine, viz; Wheeler, Davis and Olsen, you helped to make up the appropriation 'ordinances and could not fail to have knowledge of the items included in the ordinance for your firm. When those appropriations were voted on by the council on March 5 and May 6 your vote is on record in the affirmative.

In other words, you have done work for the city in defiance of the law and you have passed upon your own claim in the committee and finally voted for it in the open council.

It is also notorious that the firm of Davis & Cowgill is doing a great deal of work for corporations that have contracts with this city, notably the gas company, street railway and waterworks company, the profits of which work are shared in by you and necessarily make you ineligible as an unbiased agent of the taxpayers.

What say you, Edgar P. Davis? Are you guilty or not guilty of a high misdemeanor punishable by fine and imprisonment and incidentally by removal from the office of councilman?

And what say you, John McLearie? Are you not aware that the American waterworks company is a contractor with the city of Omaha, not merely for supplying water but for fire hydrants? As a member of the firm of McLearie & Ochrle are you not directly interested in the very extensive contracts which your firm has with the waterworks company for casting hydrants, etc.? Do you pretend to say that you can as chairman of the committee on fire and water works and member of the council, serve two masters at the same time? Are you guilty or not guilty of the high misdemeanor as defined in the section cited?

Mr. F. L. Blumer, are you or are you not interested indirectly, if not directly, in the earnings of your partner, Birkhauser, as a city appraiser, and in various speculations with contractors who are co-operating with your combine? Have you and Chatfee and Wheeler and Olsen and Shriver been entirely ignorant of the jobbery and awlessness which your combine has been promoting ever since it was formed? Do you pretend to say that you did not

cnow that Davis was interested in the Davis & Cowgill machine shop which has been thriving on city and corporation work?

Perhaps you don't know that your asociate conspirator in the combine, Dan H. Wheeler, has been expediting claims through the council for people who exchanged insurance patronage for influence.

If any or either of you do not know that you have laid yourselves liable to impeachment you will presently find it out.

THE enormous growth of traffic between Omaha and Council Bluffs amply justifies a reduction of fare to five cents. The assertion that such a reduction would lead to bankruptey is absurd. Reduced rates invariably increase the volume of traffic sufficiently to make up the difference. The truth is that the revenue derived from the bridge had reached such proportions on the first of the year that the company increased its capital stock in order to absorb the surplus. The refusal of the company to voluntarily reduce fares is sufficient justification for the authorities of both cities to use their reserved powers and apply sufficient pressure to bring about the change.

ator Cameron's straight flush. But at Springfield next winter Senator Farwell's four ace Columbus Telegram (dem): The objects will easily beat ex-Governor Paimer's flush, are proper. The advisability of calling the which will not be of the straight, but of the session is questionable. The present members bob-tail variety.

Congratulations to the Colonel. Washington Post.

It is announced that Colonel Perry Heath is to be wedded next month to one of Louisville's fairest daughters. An engagement of this kind beats an alliance with a congressional seat all to pieces. Colonel Heath.

Did Ben Do It for Nothing? St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

General Ben Butler, in a lefter of advice to young men, says: "Never do a mean thing for money." If Ben has been acting on his own maxim through life he has rendered a tremendous amount of gratuitous service.

A Direful British Threat. Kansas City Journal.

A London weekly proposes that Englishmen inaugurate a social boycott against any congressman hostile to the international copyright bill, who may hereafter visit London. To people who are acquainted with the elaborate courtesy which has heretofore been extended to the American congressman by the English nobility the full terror of this threat will be apparent.

Reading the Signs of the Times,

Minneapolis Journal (Rep.) Iowa is certainly not "Not for high tariff ' by any means. Neither is Minnesota, North or South Dakota. If a close canvass were made even of the middle states the high tariff contingent would be found weakening. The change is becoming more apparent daily. Not only Senator Allison but many other leading republicans, with clearer vision than McKinley, read the unmistakable signs of the times and are acting accordingly.

May Resume the Task.

Chicago News,

Explorer Stanley has touched a train of dynamite in his caustic criticisms of the British government's weak policy in African colonization. If there is any one subject on which the average Britisher is sensitive it is the "lingo" policy of colonization and conquest. If Lord Salsibury has realy been outwitted by Germany in regard to African matters another nail has been driven into the present tory government's coffin. In the meantime Mr. Gladstone continues his triumphal campaign in the provinces, and is preparing himself for an almost certain resumption of the task of governing the empire.

Looking for a Way Out. Sioux City Journal

If the purpose of the call is, as some surmise, to formulate a compromise upon which the state and party can stand, thus avoiding the danger of more extreme legislation from a legislature to be chosen this year on the issues now disturbing the politics of the state, it is doubtul if the policy will work out satisfactorily in results. The better way, it would seem, would be to call an early convention of the republican party and permit it, in authoritative form, to give assurance to the people of the state that the republican party is at their back in any reasonable contest they may have to make against the exercise of arbitrary corporate power.

If suspicion obtains that this extra session of the legislature is merely a step to foreclose against a growing public opinion, even the merit of its work will be discounted in the public thought and judgment. Therefore its work is neither to be expected to be taken as a settlement nor as calculated to eliminate from the fall election the questions that now distract and divide the working energies of the republican party.

the cost to the state will be only the mileage Whatever the truth may be, the producing of the members. classes of the state do not feel that the pres-BHastings Nebraskan: The rate question ent membership of the general assembly is in is the only one of the three which could be sympathetic relation with them. There is a distorted into that magnitude and import. growing doubt among them as to whether the ance requiring a special session of the legisrepublican party is, or as to whether the malature to act upon, and the governor's idea is chinery of the party can be controlled in the that this question shall be settled in only one promotion of the ends they esteem to be in-

EXTRA SESSION COMMENT,

effect it will have upon the political situation

too much faith for our own worldly good.

since the legislature has adjourned. The con-

the question as effectually as they did sixteen

Grand Island Independent: This measure

essary, as the regular time for the new legis-

will be about \$16,000. It is to be considered.

cause it will not be encumbered by any other

work, and because the present members, in

view of the next election, will be anxious to

make a good record. And the introduction of

a maximum freight rate and of the Australian

Hastings Nebraskan (rep.): Without bring-

ing into question the motives of the governor

for this most remarkable step, it is plain that

he has made a very serious mistake. This is

the prevailing opinion here, and so far as we

are able to learn it is almost the universal

sentiment throughout the state. The loud

murmurings of discontent heard on every

side emanate chiefly from the politicians who

paiga now coming on. It is simply a political

crisis, and a clash of interests between poli-

ticians that does not call for legislative inter-

Norfolk News (rep.): Governor Thaver's

proclamation convening the legislature in

extra session may be far-reaching in its re-

sults. Suppose the legislature, when con-

vened, should fail to pass a maximum rate

law, what will be the effect on the chances

Fremont Tribune (rep.): The pest thing

Governor Thaver's extra session can do after

it meets is to instantly adjourn. In that case

of republican success at the polls this fall?

are laying their plans for the political cam-

system may be worth the money.

vention at this time.

their own petard."

months ago.

Clay county claims a population of 9,750. A new Lutheran church is being built at

of the legislature had sixty days in which to Postville A large shirt factory has been established f do the work mapped out for them and failed at Boone

pany contemplates moving its plant to Cres-

entirely. There proved to be too many re-The corner stone of the new Grace church publican-monopoly tools among them. That at Cedar Rapids will be laid June 11, they will do botter in an extra session is A barrel of liquor exploded at Keekuk the other night, seriously injuring R. J. August, who was drawing some of the spirits by the doubtful. What prompted the move on the part of the governor is plain. He sees that in order to be elected governor for a third

light of a lantern. The Creston Sunday Times and the Misterm he must do something extraordinary to souri Valley Eye have consolidated. The ro-organized paper will be published at Greston, with W. H. Lewis as editor and N. A. Cole as business manager. Both gentlemen are please the people. The desire to curry favor with them more than any particular interest in their welfare, has prompted the move. The experienced and versatile newspaper mer d they will undoubtedly make a strong is problematical, but it is our opinion that it team.

will only serve to put the republican party During a firemen's exhibition at Audubon deeper into the hole than ever before. Howthe other day Wallace Van Gorder, while as-cending a ladder, slipped and fell. In his descent his leg caught in the joint and rungs ever, the time is now short and we can afford to await results. To expect any relief from a of the ladder, suspending him about twenty feet from the ground. It required three men legislature composed of the material which we saw in the state house in 1889, is to have to release him from his perilous position. He was severely injured.

Superior Journal (rep): The startling po-The printed record of the Des Moines river litical announcement is the governor's proclaland cases makes 157 pages and is quite a volume. This was prepared in part by Gatch, Connor & Webner, counsel for the defendants, mation convening the state legislature in extra session at Lincoln June 5. We say and Attorney General Stone, assisted by J. Whiting Clark, for the United States. It is expected that the case will come up in the 'political," for whatever good or bad comes of this act, the motive that actuated it was sim-United States circuit court at Fort Dodge at ply to help some fellows at the state house the June term. out of the "soup" into which they have fallen

During a storm at West Liberty, Muscatine ounty, the other day, the teacher of the pub-ic school kept the children after school was vening of the extra session is a mistake if not something much worse, and in our opinion dismissed expecting that the parents of some of the smaller ones would call for them. The two little sons of Otto Post slipped out in will do the commercial interests of the state a thousand times more harm than good, and observed by the teacher and started for home, a distance of two miles. When they were within a short distance from home they found if we are not mistaken, the governor and the select few who concocted this method of the road transformed into a raging river. Both fell down, and the eldest managed to harmonizing things and advancing their own political aspirations will get "foisted with scramble to a place of safety, but the young

est, aged about six years, was carried by the force of the flood into a ditch at the side of Nebraska City News (dem): Besides applying the healing salve and trying to rethe road and was drowned. unite the republican party, what will be ac-

The Two Dakotas.

complished! The same legislators at the A colt with only three legs is a curiosity at last session refused to grant the people the Minnesela. A Woman's Relief corps has been organ measures asked for, and now they will dodge

ized at Armour. Hill City is to have a brass band filled out

with \$615 worth of instruments. Codington county equal suffragists will meet in convention at Watertown June 20. was not expected, and seems hardly to be nec-A company is being formed at Springfield put in a plant for the manufacture of Portlature to convene comes in little over half a land cement. year, and the expense of this extra session

The fifth annual fair of the Lincoln counts agricultural society will be held at Canton though, that the passage of good laws by this September 9-12. The Deadwood Times chronicles the arrival extra legislature is somewhat probable, be-

in that city of a carload of pint and half-pint original packages. An Indian exhibited several pieces of ore at

Pierre the other day, taken from the hills up Bad river, which contained a large percentage of iron.

The state board of charities will hold its first meeting under the new law at Pierra June 4, and will consider several applications for pardon. While using vitriol with a syringe Dr. R.

G. Montgomery of Forest River got some of the poison in his eyes, and it is feared his

sight will be hopelessly destroyed. So far this season the auditor of Dickey county has paid bounty on 59,771 gopher scalps. It is estimated that nearly \$2,000 will be paid out as the result of one month's hunt. Mrs. Olang Aasen, the woman accused of during a killing an old man named Lomen during a raid on the saloons at Hatton last fall, was tried at Caledonia the other day and ac-

Lightning struck the house of a family named Terrill, near Wessington Springs, the other night, doing considerable damage Mr. Terrill, who had retired, was stunned by the shock, and the fluid as it passed through the room, set the bed clothes ablaze, seriously burning him before his wife could extinguish struck by the bolt and killed.

The Indians appear to be pretty badly scared by the presence of troops here, says the Oclrichs Advocate. A lot of them started for Oclrichs one day last week and on arriving at Burt Brookfield's they learned that the soldiers were still here, wherenpo the squaws refused to take another step h the direction of the town. In fact, they eve eft their tepees and sought refuge in Mr Brookfield's house. The Indians are evi dently as foolish as some of the palefaces.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

AMUSEMENTS.

Boyd's Opera House

BOYD & HAYNES, Managers.

WILLIS P. SWEATNAM.

TIAN NIGHTS.

PERFORMANCE: Thursday, May 28

hold sents in the legislature. bines will meet with universal approval.

THE men who are scheming for the superintendency of the new postoffice building need not exert themselves too much just yet. It will be at least six months before the appointment is made and by that time the Brontch boomlet will have gone glimmering. By the way, the new postoflice building is the chief stock-in-trade of the Dodlin gang of conspirators and their oathbound club.

CANADIAN seal fishers are not as auxious for a fight as they were a year ago. They no longer strut around the Behring sea looking for a scrap. The fact that the United States was ready to accommodate them produced a painful weakness in the lion's tail. Now that the Dominion government has withdrawn its support, the seal catchers will be prosecuted as trespassers and common thieves. It is a melancholy end to the warlike mutterings of the pugnacious poachers.

THE prediction made in 1885 that New York would not fulfill the pledges given when the remains of General Grant were laid at rest in that city have been verified. After five years' struggle the monument association now appeals to congress for assistance. A more disgraceful exhibition of bankrupt patriotism is hardly possible. Coming from the chief commercial city of the union, possessed of countless wealth, it shows a shameful disregard of public obligations and a penurious spirit that is discreditable to the great metropolis of the new world.

JUSTICE MILLER is the only member of the United States supreme court who has seen fit to answer the tirade of intolerant abuse poured on the court by the prohibitionists. In a calm, dignified manuer, the eminent jurist delivers a stinging rebuke to a class of fanatics who sit in judgment on the motives and consciences of those who do not agree with thom. Judge Miller declares that he felt bound to concur in the original package decision in obedience to a sense of conscientious duty, and "to follow the decision made by this court more than sixty years ago, which has never been disputed from that day to this-a decision delivered by the greatest constitutional lawyer that this government ever had." No defense of the decision is attempted because it is not necessary. It is a credit to his sense of the duty he owes to the country that personal opinions on questions of right or wrong were ignored in interpreting the law and the constitution. If the highest court in the land were to respond to the wishes and demands of impracticable theorists, national stability would be impossible. The security of the republic depends on the lefty and consistent adjudication of constitutional questions, regardless of praise prejudice or censure.

The seats of all such officials, as well as those of members like Gilchrist and Brink, who hold lucrative offices under the state, created by the legislature, remain vacant until filled by the people at a special election called by the governor.

INTERNATIONAL PROJECTS.

Secretary Blaine is getting into form as rapidly as practicable the international projects which were recommended by the Pan-American conference. Last

week the president transmitted to congress, with his endorsement, a letter from the secretary of state upon the proposed intercontinental railway. In this congress was asked for an appropriation for surveys, the share of the United States being the moderate sum of sixty-five thousand dollars. Legislative authority was also asked for the appointment of commissioners and engineers to conduct this work, this country to be represented by three commissioners and a detail of officers of the army and navy to serve as engineers. Last Tues-

day the president sent to congress another letter from Secretary Blaine with reference to the prosposed international American bank, which was favorably reported on by a committee of the conference and approved by that body.

There are projects which Secretary Blaine, as shown by his letters to the president, regards as of very great importance as means of promoting closer relations between all American countries and enlarging the trade of the United States with the countries south of it, He says with regard to the construction of the intercontinental railway,

that in no other way could the government and the people of the United States contribute so much to the development and prosperity of our sister republics and at the same time to the expansion of our own commerce. The president speaks of the contemplated work as vast, but entirely practicable, and indicates his full approval of the scheme by recommending that congress make the appropriation required of the United States as its share of the amount estimated to be necessary for surveys. In regard to the proposed international American bank, congress is simply asked to give it a corporate franchise, without in any way involving the government in financial responsibility. It will be a private

institution, but subject to such public scrutiny as is now exercised over the national banks of the country. Both of these enterprises are undoubtedly feasible, and it is altogether probable would be valuable aids in pronoting the purposes for which the Pan-American conference was called. But in case the fiscal policy approved by a majority of the house of representatives should go into effect is there the least likelihood of either project receiving any further consideration from the other

The present congress may institute a much needed reform in this matter by refusing appropriations wherever they are not shown by the best attainable authority to be necessary and for the general good. As to the policy of river and harbor improvements, there can be no controversy regarding its wisdom when indiciously carried out. No man concerned for the general public welfare will doubt that it is in the highest degree expedient and important to maintain the waterways of the country in a condition that will render them to the fullest extent possible available to the demands of commerce. The views of the statesmen of the past, before and since the railroad came in, as to the value of the great rivers and lakes to the producers of the country, are not less worthy of attention now than when they were proclaimed. Our water ways are still necessary to our internal commerce, and vitally so in the influence they exert upon rates of transportation. The consumers of the east are not less

interested than the producers of the west in having these natural channels of trade kept in the highest state of usefulness and the government can hardly go to any expense in doing this that will not be many times repaid in the advantages secured to the whole people. The danger is not in expending too much in extending useful waterways and making more serviceable those that we have, but in wasting money upon streams and harbors that never have been and never can be of any general benefit. If local interests desire these improved local capital should do it. There is favorable promise that the present congress, while liberal in the matter of river and harbor improvements, will

not permit the extravagance and waste which for a number of years has been a reproach on both houses.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE COMBINE.

Section 171 of the charter for cities of the metropolitan class reads as follows: Any officer of the city or member of the ity council, or any employ entrusted with the supervision of any public work, who shall, by himself or agent, or as the agent or representative of any other person or corporation, become a party to or in any way interested in any contract, work or letting under the authority and by the action of the city council, or who shall in any manner be pecuniarily interested in or receive any portion of the wages or pay of any person or team in his charge or under his supervision or control, or furnish any material to be used in such work, or under such contract, or who shall accept or receive any valuable consideration or promise for his influence or vote,

shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding six months, or both, in the liscretion of the court. What have the members of the com-

bine to say to the charge that they have disregarded the plain mandate of the law either by themselves or by connivance and conspiracy with each other? What say you, Edgar P. Davis? As the senior member of the firm of

THE decision of the city republican and democratic committee to unite on a non-partisan school board ticket is commendable. There is no place for politics in the management of the schools. What the taxpayers and friends of education demand is the selection of responsible, competent men who will apply to the public interests the zeal and sagacity displayed in their private business. The only objectionable feature is the lateness of the convention.

THE light is penetrating into the dismal recesses of the combine. It is worthy of note that the acting mayor has so far forgotten his duty to the hungry patriots of the tax eating club as to veto an ordinance creating a sinecure office. The ground upon which the veto rested was that the combine wants the chemist paid from some other than the health fund as the ordinance provided.

THE activity of the Farmers' alliance threatens to produce a large rent in the political affairs of Georgia, as well as in other southern states, this year. The producers are figuring to realize their power and are delegmined to exercise it for their own protection. The only question is whether they will be able to give their reforms practical shape.

SOME three thousand dollars were quandered in equipping the annex with heating apparatus. Now the plant can be had for a song. Councilmanic economy is wofully and wenderfully constructed

AS AN inducement for the establishment of a workhouse Judge Helsley agrees to furnish a fresh supply of workers every week. His employment agency is always ready for business.

> Train as a Boomer. Kansas City Times.

Train may justly claim a world wide circulaaccordingly.

A Boston man when under the influence of comething strong does not wabble about in a vague and uncertain way nowadays. He nerely sits a little more crect in his chairthat is all.

Who Takes the Trick.

St. Louis Globe-Demoerat In a recent poker game in Washington Sen-

dyed in justice and in the promotion of good government in behalf of the people.

What the party needs in Nebraska is the confidence of the voting masses. The question in polities at this time is wholly one of confidence. Governor Thayer or the legislature, at this stage, cannot speak for the party. The party must speak for itself, and there must be evidence in the composition of the convention, in the character of the ticket it shall put forth, and in the ring of the platform it shall adopt, that the party is in earnest, that it is sincere, that it is in position of thorough commitment, and that in very fact it is the enlisted agent of the people in behalf of the essential reforms the people have determined upon as requisite to meet the case.

In other words, there can be no dodging. Subterfuge will not answer. The answer must be intelligible and wholly without equivocation. The party is at the forks of the road. It must choose through its majority which way it will go. If there be danger in either idrection, still it must choose. It cannot with dignity to itself, with any prospect of putting behind it aggressive support, with any prospect of winning in its own behalf conviction in its truth, sincerity and trustworthiness, dodge, equivacate. This is the republican situation in Nebraska

as the Journal sees it. It is called upon this not be surprised to see the proclamation reday to choose whom it will serve. The conroked before the date fixed for the meeting of vention of the party this year must make the the legislature arrives. choice.

The convention of the party ought to be called at once, before its strength is further vitiated or its operative influence with the people further weakened.

Governor Thayer's proclamation has not changed the situation one whit. The extra ession gives no promise of healing the threatened break in the republican party of Nebraska.

Better far an early session of the party than any extra session of the legislature.

THE MILLENNIUM DEFERRED.

Indians Disappointed Because the Great Spirit Failed to Materialize. CHEYENNE, Wyo., May 28 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-Disappointment reigns supreme in the breasts of the western Indians, but it seems to be particularly among the Arapahoes and Shoshones in Wyoming. For the past year the Indians have been looking for the advent of the aboriginal millenium. The date does not seem to have been definitely settled, but a regeneration of things was looked forward to this spring. For a year the Indians have been making preparations for the tremendous event, and a spirit of unrest has prevailed among them during all that time. Dances of various kinds, accompanied by invocations, seem to have been the usual methods of giving vent to their overcharged feelings. Until very lately, the whites scarcely more than suspected the true intent of all these incantations. The cat true intent of all these incalinations is now out of the bag. Bill Friday of the Arapahoe tribe has just returned from a pil-grinage to the coast, but strange to say the great snirit performed no miracles. Accordgreat spirit performed no miracles. Accord-ing to the prophesy the great spirit was to be met on a lone rock in the Pacific. The rock was found as laid down in the programme. Bill took his sont upon it and waited there expectedly and confidently for several days. He expected a voke to issue forth from the bowels of the rock, followed soon by the physical incarnation of the great spirit who was to be led by Hill in triumphal procession physical incarnation of the great spirit who was to be led by Bill in triumphal procession one-third of the way across the continent. But the great spirit failed to come and Bill Friday, disgusted and disheartened, resumed his journey toward the rising sun. His arriv-al at Shoshone reservation, fostaore and dea-pondent, created the bitterest disappoint-ment. It will take the Indians some time to resume their interest in subjunty affairs. ator Farwell's four aces were beaten by Sen- 1 resume their interest in sublumary affairs.

ay, the establishment of a maximum This one-sided view increases the absurdity of the call itself. The Fremont Tribune well says: "The governor's call necessitates the passage of a maximum rate law. It will have to be that or nothing. Perhaps it had better be nothing."

Plattsmouth Herald: Governor Thayer's action in calling a special session of the legislature can be considered in no other light than puerile and foolish. The people, as the governor must know, are not demanding the abolition of the board of transportation ; they are simply demanding that the board take immediate action on the rate question. No sensible man favors an ironclad maximum rate bill, the history of the past being a suf ficient reason for opposing such a measure. The maximum rate bill sanctioned by the late conference at Lincoln was to be a measure that would stiffen up the spinal column of the board and give them less latitude than they now have; if we are not to have a board of transportion then, most assuredly we don't want a maximum freight law. The Australian ballot law would be far preferable to the present costly registration farce, but we could well afford to await a regular session of the legislature. The silly action of the gov-

Nebraska.

Bloomington's creamery has commenced

The Beaver City creamery is doing an ex-

ensive business and the output this season

Two Franklin county boys were given a \$5 fine and thirty days in the county jall for stealing two halters worth about 40 cents.

will be much larger than last year.

he manufacture of cheese

snake bite.

W. S. CLEVELAND'S Magnificent Haverly Minstrels Headed by the universal favorite, known to the stage as the Bill Nye of minstrelsy, FAT AND FUNNY BILLY RICE. Gorgeous Spectacular First Part--VENC-WONDERFUL--THE JAPS--MARVELOUS Grand Street Parade at 11:45 a.m. Regular prices. Seats will be put on sale Wednesday ernor we opine will find hitle or no favor Boyd's Opera House throughout the state, and the Herald would

Friday, May 30 Afternoon & Evening STATE AND TERRITORY.

Blatchford Kavanagh, Blanche, Chase county, will celebrate the Fourth in patriotic fashion.

The Phenomenal Boy Soprano -ASSISTED BY-

BOYD & HAYNES, Managers,

Master Harry Dimond. (13 years of age.)

The Furnas county Sunday school associa Wonderful Violin and Mandolin Solistion will meet at Beaver City June 14 and 15. Several other musical features will be introduced, rming a most entertaining programme. Prices, 26c, 56c, 75c and 11; matinee, 5 c and 75c. A young son of E. E. Brower, near Sidney died last week from the effects of a rattle

Dime Eden Musee

WEEK OF MONDAY, MAY 26. Roars of Laughter Great Fun

Raffins Trained and Performing

An interesting combination

One Dime Admits to All.

locis taxus.

S. E. Cor. 16th and Douglas Sts.

The public school house at the town of Pleasanton, Buffalo county, was burned last week. It is supposed to be the work of tramps.

The next term of the Furnas county dis

rict court will convenent Beaver City. Only equity cases will be tried and the

ession will be short An Elkhorn fast freight was wrecked near Cody, Cherry county, by a broken whe enteen cars being derailed and badly smashed. No one was burt. The proposition to issue \$24,000 in bonds to build a court house was defeated in Thurston

county by 200 majority. The Indians voted folidly against the bonds. An attempt was made to burn the residence of Mrs. S. J. Dunn at DeWitt by placing rags saturated with oil under the building, but the es were discovered before much damage

was done The Plattsmouth Herald office fell into the hands of the sheriff Tuesday on a replevin issued on behalf of Knotts Brothers, who three months ago leased the plant to a syndi

cate with George H. Holton as manager Dawes county is triumphant again, says the badron Advocate. Last Thursday Mrs arson, a Swedish woman, whose about seven miles northwest of Whitac gave birth to five children. The little op weighed about two poundds each, but wer all dead when born. This is the most remark ableoccurrence in Nebraska. Other coun-ties have reached four, but it can be safely

aid that Dawes county is in the lead at pres ent

Iowa Items.

The Stuart carriage manufacturing com-

And an intellectual treat. PIGS@MONKEY

2 Great Stage Shows. 20 New and Clever Artists.

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Subscribed and Guaranteed Capital. 46(0.00) Paid in Capital. 250,000 Buys and sells stocks and bonds: negotiates commercial paper: receives and executes trusts; acts as transfer agent and trustee of corporations; takes charge of property; col-lects taxes.

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SAVINGS BANK.

As a successful advertising medium Citizen

tion, and he should make Tacoma come down

How They Do It in Boston. Chicago Tribuin