SENATOR TELLER RESUMES.

He Argues for Free Coinage and Scores the Windom Measure.

PASSED THE PARNELL PENSION BILL.

The Senate Concurs in the House's Action-On Wednesday at Noon the Tariff Bill Will be Reported to the House.

Washington, May 15 .- In the senate today among the bills reported and placed on the calendar were the following: The senate bill to amend the laws relative to shipping commissioners and the house bill granting a pension to Miss Della Parnell.

The senate then, at 12:40, resumed consideration of the silver bill and Mr. Teller con-

tinued his argument in criticism of it. Mr. Teller argued that it was absolutely essential that the treasury notes provided for should have the highest possible money function. He did not deny that the passage of the bill would put the price of silver up. Its introduction had had that effect. Why! Because it was apparent to people abroad that if the United States government consumed the entire silver product of the country, one-third of the world's product, there would be a demand for that could not be met. It might put the price up to par. He did not know exactly what par would be. He supposed that \$1.20 per ounce would be called par in the United States. It would be less in Great Britain and less in Europe. It it put the price 36 per cent above par purchase by the government under the bilt would cease and the great interests arrayed against silver would obtain their ends. This was no vain supposition. It was borne out by faots. There was a party, not in the United States alone, but all over the world, that held the credits of the world that took toll from all quarters of the world that took toll from all quarters. its of the world that took toll from all quar-ters, levied tribute on all enterprises and was arrayed against silver as money. For seven-teen years that party had held the whole civilized world in its power. It had its seat in Europe, but it had its influ-ences here. It had added one-third to the material debt of the United States by legisla-tion and had added an equal amount to state, municipal and individual debts. Those peo-ple had enriched themselves at the expense of the many. Colossal fortunes had been of the many. Colossal fortaines had been built up in the United States and Europe within seventeen years which had no parallel in the history of the world, and did anybody believe these p-ople were now ready to sur-render their vantage and adopt a financial water that would relieve the tax yilden system that would relieve the tax ridden debtors of this country and the world and out them back on the plane where they were in 1873? The energies of those people were beyond calculation. They could put silver at and above par when they wanted to and if they would thereby destroy silver as a money metal and then (when the United States govremnent could not buy silver under the pend-ing bill) they would come and say: "We told you silver would not do; you will have to go to the only suitable money, gold." Those people would do anything within the range of legislative enactment or commercial transactions to accomplish their purpose, and any bill that contained a provision which would allow such a state of affairs was not a perfect bill. The bill was a half-way scheme. It afforded no relief except in making a special market for silver in excess of the present government demand of \$2,000,000 a

month.

If it was proposed to restore after it would have to be given its full, honey function.

There were at least nine men in the world calling for silver as against one man calling

was to be only one money standed he would welcome a silver basis in the interest of the

race and of the people of this country.

The question now before the senate was the question whether the continual dropping of prices was to centinue, to the enslavement of men, the destruction of enterprise and the special destruction of the debtor class—the greatest and most numerous class in this and ill other countries. "There is in this country a majority of men who believe there is a righteous and just demand for the free coinage of silver. They may be retarded by the fear that we will not be able to enact a free coinage bill into law. My duty is done when I exercise my judgment here as God has given me power to see my duty, and not as the executive or anybody else may see th. I propose to do my duty, and I believe that if the senate will do the same we will have a free coinage act which will relieve suffering industries, increase opportunities and bring prosperity, not to the farmer alone, but to every class of men deserving the good will of the legislative mind."

Mr. Coke addressed the senate in favor of

the free and unlimited coinage of silver. He declared that the persistent defiance of the popular will by the executive department of the government for the past seventeen years was one of the most remarkable facts in the history of free representative government. The bill reported from the finance committee discriminated against silver in leaving to the secretary of the treasury the right to deter-mine how much of the silver purchased should be coined into money, and as the secretary al-ready held that there was too much silver coined, it was sure that with that discretion vested in him not another dollar would be coined. That provision of the bill was neither more nor less than a pro-vision to convert the treasure of the United vision to convert the treasury of the United States into a warehouse for silver, to be held as a commodity on which the government should advance monay. The passage of the bill would prove the severest blow to silver

since its demonetization. The silver bill went over until temorrow. After an executive session the senate ad-

House. Washington, May 15.—In the house today Mr. McKinley, from the committe on rules, reported a resolution providing that the house shall meet at 11 o'clock and that after the reading of the journal and the disposal of the conference reports the house shall go into committee of the whole on the tariff bill; that the bill shall be read through, commencing with paragraph III, and shall be open to amendment in any part of the bill following paragraph 110, and that on Wednesday next at noon the bill, with the pending amend-ments shall be reported to the house.

Mr. Blount of Georgia criticized the major-ity of the

Mr. Blount of Georgia criticized the majority of the committee on rules sharply for reporting this resolution. After the code had been adopted, and all restraints thrown over the consideration of the bill in committee, it was proposed to set aside the rules governing the committee. It seemed the policy of the majority that whenever any matter was of a magnitude requiring debate and careful consideration that this rule should be suspended and become nugatory. It mattered not whether the paragraphs of the bill had been considered; it mattered not that the measure involved the business relations of all the people in this mighty nation; it mattered measure involved the business relations of all the people in this mighty nation; it mattered not that it involved the commercial relations with all the countries of the world; that it involved one of the greatest political issues of the time; that it fastened a system upon the people for years, the majority had determined upon a measure and was impa-tion with debate. He protests against the resolution as unamerican, unwise and a viola-tion of parliamentary proceedure.

resolution as unamerican, unwise and a violation of parliamentary proceedure.

Mr. McKinley denied that the resolution had any purpose to stiffe debate. It was intended to concentrate the debate on the paragraphs and provisions of the bill. The resolution was not to deny to the minority freedom of debate, but to deny it the right to delay public business by dilatory motions and obstrusive tactics. The house had been given thirty-five hours for general debate and fifteen hours under the five-minute debate rule and it was to be given five days more. Did the gentleman from Georgia remember that in the Forty-fourth congress but one day was given to the consideration of the tariff bill, in the

Forty-fifth six days and in the Forty-eighth

Mr. McMillin asked what would become of the amendments offered in committee of the whole and not disposed of at noon Wednes-

Mr. McKinley—They will fail.

After further debate the resolution was adopted by 129 to 98.

Messrs Morrill Sawyer and Yoder were appointed conferces on the senate dependent to the senate dependent.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the tariff bill. The reading of the bill consumed the remainder of the day and at the conclusion the committee rose and the house took a recess.

DEATH OF MARIE GAGGNOL.

The Unfortunate Girl Makes an Unsuccessful Effort to Speak.

[Copyright 1890 by James Gordon Bennett.] Paris, May 15.—[New York Herald Cable Special to THE BEE. |-Marie Gaggnol's troubles are over. She died early this morning at Lariboisiere hospital. After the severe operation yesterday the poor girl lay for hours in a state of apparent calm, but really a stupor. The doctors were hopeful for a while, but as the evening advanced it became apparent that the reassuring symptoms had been delusive and but a prelude to the final crisis. Toward 10 o'clock her temperature began to rise rapidly and soon the patient was tossing in a raging fever. All semblance of intelligence had disappeared and her inarticulate sounds, muttered in delirium, conveyed no meaning. At midnight she was heaving in convulsions, and in spite of the increasing efforts of the attending physicians nothing served to allay her agony. Toward 1 o'clock she breathed her last, carrying with her to the grave the secret of her death,

Just before her death Marie made a terrible effort, and, raising herself on her elbow, pro ounced a name, "Emile." There was no mistake about the word. The director of the hospital and two nurses watching at her bedside heard it distinctly, and their testimony agrees. Unfortunately, strain their ears as they might, they were unable to make any sense of the unintelligible jumble which followed. The girl's eyes stood out from their sockets, the right one bruised and blackened, the chords of her neck tightened, she clutched at the air with bloodless hands and her voice died away in a series of gasps. Plainly there was something she wished to say before she died, but she could not say it. What that something was human justice will never know. Was she making a supreme attempt to denounce her slayer, or was Emile some one she had loved? About 2 a. m. she was borne into the

ampitheater dead. The Herald correspondent saw her there this morn-As you enter this ley room the atmosphere is heavy with disinfectants. Your eyes fall upon rows of tables, on which rest rows of obtong boxes-coffins if you like-painted black. In these corpsesure placed, twenty, thirty and sometimes fifty a Marie Gaggnol was placed, livid and cold as death had left her. About 3 p. m. a wagon from the morgue drew up at the back entrance and the remains of the murdered girl were carried away to a small and sinister-looking building which stands under the shadow of Notre Dame, There, enclosed in a refrigerating box, they will be kapt for two or three months on a chance that the assassin may be

crime was discovered.

FAILURE ON WALL STREET.

The Firm of Doran, Wright & Co. Unable to Meet Its Obligations.

New York, May 15.—The firm of Doran. Wright & Co., Wall street brokers, announced to its correspondents this morning its inability to meet its obligations. Ed Williams, general manager of the house, said today that no statement would be made for a a couple of days. The liabilities, he added, would be in the neighborhood of \$300,000, with would be in the neighborhood of \$300,000,000, with only nominal assets. The loss will be dis-tributed all over the country, but no indi-vidual loss will exceed \$10,000. Williams said that already the firm had received a number of sympathetic and encouraging messages from many persons who were among the losers. The firm has no indebted ness on any of the exchanges in this city The Boston house also suspended business

this morning. More Assets Than Liabilities, Bentan, Wis., May 15 .- W. W. Collins, a dry goods dealer of this city and who is also connected with the clothing firm of W. A. Connor & Co., Marinette, Wis., failed today. Liabilities about \$40,000; assets estimated at

New England Stock Exchange Fails. Boston, May 15—The New England stock exchange failed today; Habilities, \$60,000.

THE FIRE RECORD.

Winona's Immense Flouring Mill and Elevator Burned.

Winona, Minn., May 15.-Fire started in the fire room of the Winona mill company's immense flouring mill about 3 o'clock this norning and the entire plant, including mill, levator and surrounding buildings, was destroyed. Every effort was made to prevent the spread of the fire to the manufacturing interests eastward. The flames leaped hundreds of feet into the air, while the heat was ulmost unbearable. The total loss on the property is estimated at \$300,000; insurance \$200,-000. There were almost 25,000 bushels o wheat in the elevator and 120,000 barrels o flour in the mill. The company employed about one hundred men. The mill had a ca-pacity of 2,600 barrels and was about the finest equipped building of the kind in the

Louisiana Negro Lynched. NAPOLEONVILLE, La., May 15.-[Special Telegram to Tue Bee. |- A negro named Philip Williams early last Monday morning entered the bedroom of Mrs. Thomas G Phelps. The lady awoke before the negro reached her and ran out, screaming for help. Williams was captured and early yesterday ing his body was found dangling from an oak tree.

MacLeod Discharged from Custody. NEW YORK, May 15.—Leslie MacLeod, as sociate editor of Wallace's Monthly, was dis charged fram custody today. MacLeod was charged with being implicated with Robert L. Wallace in stealing money and bonds from John H. Wallace, proprietor of the Monthly. The court held there was not suffi-cient evidence to keep MacLeod longer a prisoner.

To Carry Up the Elmwood Case.

Arcuison, Kas., May 5.—[Special Telegram to Tue Ber.]—It is announced from the Missouri Pacific legal department that the Eliawood elevator case will be taken to the United States supreme court. The company claims that the decision of the Nebraska su-preme court is taking property without due process of law and therefore unconstitutional.

Washington, May 15.—[Special Telegram The Bee.]—Bonds offered: \$246,550 at \$1.28; \$14,300 at \$1.03%.

THEY VIEW IT WITH ALARM.

A Certain Class of Congressmen Feel Uneasy About the Farmers' Alliance.

SENATORS PLEDGED. SIXTEEN

They Will Vote Against the Duty on Silver Lead Ore-A Bill to Repeal the Timber Culture Act.

WASHINGTON BUREAU THE OMAHA BEE, 1

513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15. The Farmers' alliance is attracting widespread attention in congress. The organization of farmers for political as well as busiiess purposes is frightening a great many centlemen who have for years occupied seats without respect to the wishes of the voters of the rural districts. The argument made this week before the house committee on ways and means in favor of the bill providing warehouse receipts from the government for deposits of grain show, if nothing else, that the farmers intend to wield an influence in politics. The Farmers' alliance is cutting quite as strong a figure in the south as in the west. It has already decided not only to nominate a state ticket in Georgia, with Colonel Livingston as its candidate for governor, but also to run candidates for congress in at least seven of the ten districts. The exceptions are the districts now represented by Crisp, Turner and Lester. This determination has thrown such men as Bloant, Barnes, Stewart and Clemons, who have hitherto had matters their own way, into an agony of fear. They seem to realize that any agency which will be strong mough to protect the agricultural laborers in the exercise of their political rights, which for years have been denied, and which shall be able also to win the support of those oe able also to win the support of these voters is one which means the ruin of their political future. Men who for years have been complacently holding office in Washingington greatly to their own enjoyment and advantage and who expected to continue to do so indefinitely naturally feel disturbed at the stormy outlook before them. What they will be able to do a year, the storm wanting will be able to do to avert the storm remains to be seen.

Sixteen senators have promised already to tote against that clause in the McKinley tariff bill which imposes a duty of 1½ cents per pound upon silver lead ore, which is now admitted free of duty. The lead smelters are here in force working against this provision of the bill, and it is possible, though not probable, that they may succeed in striking it from the bill in the house. Chairman McKin-ley relterated today that the bill would become a law practically as it stands; that the members of the committee on ways and means in framing the bill consulted extensively the wishes of the senute, and that all efforts to break down the bill will fail.

AN OLD STORY. The house of representatives has passed a bill to repeal the timber culture act, as it has done in every congress for several years, but the senate committee on public lands will not accept it, and has prepared a substitute re-pealing both the timber culture and the pre-emption law in the same bill. The measure has not yet been reported to the senate, but its consideration by the committee will prob-ably be completed on Monday. The bill, as it months on a chance that the assassin may be discovered. In that time, should such be the case, he will be brought face to face with his speechless accusor.

Unfortunately the police seem almost as far from finding the guilty man—for, of timber culture act and who has for four years in good faith complied with the provisions of said law shall be entitled to make final proof and acquire title to the same by the payn of \$1.25 per acre. The desert land act is amended in the bill by adding to it a provision requiring the party entering land under that act to file a map showing the mode contemplated for irrigation and the source of the water to be used for irrigation. The bill also repeals the pre-emption law and leaves all public lands subject only to settle-

ment under the homestead act. MUST COME TO THE SENATE'S TERMS. "It looks as though the house would have to recede from its position and agree to the senate bill if there is any general pension legsenate bill if there is any general pension legislation at this session, and pension legislation we must have," said Chairman Morrill of the house committee on invalid pensions, this afternoon. Mr. Morrill is the principal house member of the joint committee on conference and will have almost absolute control of the position assumed by the house. Mr. Morrill said further: "The senate seems to be determined not be accordingly of a service." determined not to accept any kind of a service pension clause in the bill, although the bill pension clause in the bill, although the bill which the house passed reaches a much larger number of claimants and will do a a great deal more good than the one which is presented by the senate. The conferees on the part of the house will not take the responsibility of yielding to the demand of the senate, but will report from time to time as the work of the conference progresses and ask the house for instructions. presume we shall have some kind of final letion within a very short time."

There is great anxiety on the part of the house for a service pension. It is under-stood that President Harrison looks with much favor upon the house bill, as he has very liberal ideas as to pensions and believes that the greater the number of pensioners who can be relieved the better it will be for the people at large. He would gladly sign an ab-

solute service pension bill.

The objections to the senate bill are that it does not go as far as the house bill and requires the persons who receive the pension to either prove disability or dependency. The latter clause is offensive to a great many claimants. The Grand Army of the Republic is a charitable organization and it will not be more humiliating and should not be more obectionable to prove dependency before the pension bureau in order to secure a pension under the senate bill than it would be to nake proof to the Grand Army of the Repub-ic in order to secure relief from that body Nor would it be more difficult or humiliating to secure a pension under the senate bill than t would be to secure relief from any organi-

ation having mutual benefit in view. INGALLS WILL SPEAK. Senator Ingalls intends to speak on the silver and general pension bills. He is in favor of free coinage and of making the certificates a full legal tender. He favors not only a dependent and disability pension bill, but one that has a per diem service provision. His speeches on both of the subjects will un-doubtedly attract widespread attention, as he is said to have some very positive, popular and original ideas, which he will clothe in picturesque language.

COSTLY WEDDING PRESENTS. Secretary and Mrs. Blaine have given their daughter Margaret, as a wedding gift, a resi-dence on Madison avenue in New York. It was selected by her several months ago and was selected by her several months ago and has recently been purchased. The mother's gift will be an outfit of linen. The presents still continue to come in large numbers and the parlors of the Blaine residence look like the show room at Tiffany's. A solid silver tea service was presented by the diplomatic corps. Congressman and Mrs. Hitt have sent a dozen sets of small pieces comprising everything that can be used on the modern table. There are twelve dozen pieces in all and comprise one dozen oyster knives, one dozen fish knives, one dozen asparagus knives and theo emplement of forks for each set; one dozen teaspoons, one dozen for each set; one dozen teaspoons, one dozen salad spoons, one dozen dessert spoons and one dozen coffee spoons. President and Mrs. Harrison and Vice President and Mrs. Mor-ton each have sent beautiful pieces of silver. Senator and Mrs. Stanford will give one of the righest presents a being cover presided the richest presents a bride ever received, being a case of gold carving knives and forks and thirty odd large speens for vegetables, pudding and other service. Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie have no sent their present yet, and there is a good deal of curiosity awaiting it, | wounded.

because it was through them the young people became acquainted, and they have taken a great interest in the wedding.

TO ECONOMIZE TIME,

The action of the house today in changing the plan for the consideration of the tariff bill is intended to prevent waste of time. Any person may offer an amendment to the bill and that amendment must be voted upon, but the discussion will be limited to five minutes. Heretofore a great deal of time has been wasted in useless talk.

been wasted in useless talk.

The tariff bill will go through on schedule time. The republicans are going to carry out their plans and will do so with the discipline of a well organized army. There was never a better organization in the house than now and the comparison with the condition of things in the last house of representatives is very marked. That was a go-as-you-please congress, for the democratic leaders had no control whatever over the rank and file and were never able to tell what they were going to do or when they were going to do it, but under the new rules and the decisions of Speaker Reed the machinery of legislation is working with absolute precision. The speaker could tell if he machinery of legislation is working with absolute precision. The speaker could tell if he were of the mind to dp so just what bills will pass before the house-adjourns and just what bills will be buried until after the congressional elections. The people here know pretty generally what the legislation of the summer is going to be. The tariff bill will be disposed of first and the vote will be taken at noon on Wednesday next. Then silver legislation and the appropriation bills, the bill to prevent speculation in food products, the compound lard bill and several other measures of interest to the farmers will be taken up and disposed of in farmers will be taken up and disposed of in order. There will be no waste of time and

an early adjournment may be expected. MISCELLANEOUS. The Geona Indian school is to have an inrease of appropriation amounting to \$20,000 over last year when the Indian appropriation bill is adouted. The bill gives the school \$70,000 as it now stands, and it is not improbable that an additional \$10,000 will be probable that an additional \$10,000 while added. The increase is to give additional capacity for the school in the way of more ground, buildings, etc. It has capacity but for 200 persons now, but when the additions are made will accommodate 150. W. B. Backus, superintendent of the school, is here

The supervising architect, through the secretary of the treasury, has asked congress to make an appropriation of \$25,000 in the sunmake an appropriation of \$15,000 in the sundry civil appropriation bill, now pending, for the purpose of acquiring title to the site for the public building at Fremont and for work upon the excavation and foundation, which can be done this year. There is little if any doubt that the appropriation will be made.

Representative Dorsey had with him at luncheon in the house restaurant today Major George W. Steele of Indiana, the new governor of Oklahoma, and Representative nor of Oklahoma, and Representative Springer of Illinois. They talked over affairs

Springer of Illinois. They talked over affairs in the new territory and gave the chief executive of that country the primary features of the law, which Mesers. Dorsey and Springer were active in forming.

The nomination by the president yesterday of J. I. Nesbitt to be land register at North Platte, D. E. Baumgardner, receiver at McCook, and A. A. Baldwin, receiver at North Plutte completes almost the last, land office Platte completes almost the last land office change to be made in Nebraska. J. P. Lindsay is to be appointed register at McCook and Mr. Secter is to go in at Lincoln, and then the list of changes will be complete. Yesterday's appointments were favorably reported from the senate committee on public lands to-day and will be promptly confirmed.

Mr. Dorsey will offer an amendment to the tariff bill in the house placing lumber on the free list. The bill reduces the duty from \$2 to \$1.50 per 1,000 feet.

PERRY S. HEATH.

WILL ASSERT THEMSELVES. The Stock Dealers Desire Plenty of

Space at the World's Fair.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 14 - Special Telegram to The Bee. |-A large number of gentlemen representing the live stock interests of the representing the live stock interests of the country gathered at the Pacific hotel this morning to consult regarding the representation of their interests at the world's fair.

These stock breeders are thoroughly aroused perior; William Bruce, Holdrege; E. M. over the question of a site for the exposition. What the breeders want is sufficient room for a grand exhibit, and they are here also to protest against any division of the fair would separate the live the remainder of the from Since the report has gone abroad that the lake front had been recommended as a site for the exposition the horse, cattle and agricultural interests have become alarmed lest there should not be sufficient space for their contemplated part of the show. A call was issued about ten days ago for the present meeting and it was signed by the president of the American Clydesdale association, the president of the American Short Horn breeders' association, the president of the American Aberdeen-Angus association and the sec-retary of the American Percheron horse breeders' association.

Mr. Emory Cobb of Illinois was chosen tempoary chairman and J. H. Pickrell tem-porary secretary. Mr. J. H. Sanders read letters from Secretary Rusk, Governor Fur-nas of Nebraska and Governor Hoard of Wisconsin, regretting their inability to be present and wishing Godspeed in the work. The following permanet officers were elected: President, Emory Cobb, of Illinois; first vice president, N. P. Clark of Minnesota; second vice president, Judge H. W. Blodgett of Illinois; third vice president, H. H. Clough of Ohio; fourth vice president, Judge Baylof Illinois Saventus, T. B. Wales John Boyd of Illinois; secretary, T. B. Wales of Iowa, and assistant secretaries, L. D. Thompson of Illinois and Thomas McFarlane

The following subjects will be in turn dis The following subjects will be in turn discussed by the convention: What space will be required for the various live stock exhibits? What position shall it occupy? When shall it be held? How long shall it continue? Shall all kinds of live stock be exhibited at the same time? What limitation shall apply to exhibitors! What recommendations, if any, as to premiums? any, as to premiums?

Inducing Subscribers to Pay Up. Chicago, May 15.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The Chicago World's Fair association is having great trouble inducing the thousands of small subscribers to pay up, and now a prize is being offered to every man that chips in promptly. An additional bid has now been made by the directors to secure the speedy payment of small—subscriptions Some time ago the beard announced that each subscriber who paid up in full before July 12 would be entitled to two admission tickets for each share of stock. It is now proposed to give to each subscriber who pays his stock in full before the date mentioned a testimo-nial in recognition of the prompt payment of his subscription, signed by the officers of the company and certifying that the holder is one original subscribers to the capita stock of the world's exposition of 1892.

The testimonial will be embellished by an engraving of an historical pleture commemorative of the landing of Christopher Columbus in America. A good many of the small subscribers are taking advantage of this last offer and turning in the payment of their stock. Mayor Crogier has resigned the chalrman-ship of the committee on machinery and

ship of the committee on machinery and appliances.

It is thought here that President Harrison will appoint the eight commissioners at large this week. Four of the commissioners are to be republicans and four democrats. Among those mentioned for appointment are ex-President Cleveland, ex-Secretary Whitney, Chauncey M. Depew, Warner Miller, Colonel Elliott F. Shepard, ex-Governor R. C. McCormick of Long Island, General Stewart L. Woodford, Andrew D. White, General Francis A. Walker, William A. Russell of Massachusetts, ex-Senator Chency of New Hampshire, Henry Watterson, Patrick Walsh of Augusta, J. W. Spalding of Alabama, H. R. Kimball of Atlanta, Thomas Dolan of Philadelphia, A. T. Goshorn and Colonel George R. Davis of Chicago.

Riotous Prussian Strikers. VIENNA, May 15 - At Neutitschein, Uie

the control of the guarries who are on a strike stormed the houses of the officials of the quarries and tried to murder the director of one of them. Gendarms finally quelled the disturbance after a conflict with the strikers, during which a number of the former were wounded.

FALSE RUMORS. REFUTING

Southwestern Nebraska Farmers and Business Men Hold a Meeting.

A DENIAL OF FINANCIAL DISTRESS.

The Lie Given to the Stories Which Have Been Circulated Broadcast Throughout the United States.

Hastings, Neb., May 15 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-At a meeting of the representative farmers and business men of southwestern Nebraska this afternoon in this city, pursuant to a call of the Hastings board of trade, a strong representation was present from every county in southern and western Nebraska, over three hundred representatives from twenty-three counties and farmers being present. The interest in the meeting exceeded every expectation. The meeting was called to order by M. Lebmore of Hastings. W. W. Fisher of Chase county was made chairman of the meeting and James Kelly of Red Willow county secretary. The committee on permanent organization recommended that the name of the proposed organization be the Southwestern Nebraska bureau of information. Permanent organization was accomplished as follows: President, John N. Lyman, Hastings; vice president, J. L. Trobee, Elwood; secretary, J. E. Kelley, McCook; treasurer, C. E. Adams, Superior: chairman executive committee, J. C. O'Brien, Hayes Center. Letters were read from Senators Manderson and Paddock, endorsing the object of the meeting. The following resolutions were unanimously passed:

Whereas, Damaging reports of the financial condition of southern and western Nebraska have been circulated in the eastern portion of the United States and in the great money centers of the union, representing that our farming interests are in great financial distress, that the farms are mortgaged for a sum equal to or more than their actual value, and that there is danger of great financial distress in this portion of Nebraska; and
Whereas, These reports are having an injur-

tion of Nebraska; and
Whereas, These reports are having an injurious effect on the financial condition of our state by raising rates of interest on farm mortgages and other securities and affecting the amounts of loans; and
Whereas, Said reports will have a tendency to keep capital from investing in our securities, thereby retaeding further development and keeping immigration from us; therefore, be it

lies, thereby retaigning further development and keeping immigration from us; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the farmers and business men of southwestern Nebraska in convention assembled, that we invite investigation of our condition and assert that the financial affairs of our portion of Nebraska were never so sound as they are today; that it is not true that our farming and business interests are on the verge of financial ruin, and that an investigation will disclose the fact that every dollar of enpital invested in the farms of Nebraska by honest agents is perfectly safe; that farms are steadily increasing in value and securities constantly growing better year by year; that the principal factor in the settlement and development of a new or thinly settled country is that of immigration; that more population means more wealth, more and better homes; that the entire state is in carnest and anxious for more immigration to our midst; therefore, be it

Resolved, That this convention recommends that our next legislature pass a law establishing a board of immigration and make such appropriations as may be deemed necessary to advertise the resources and advantages of our state, that immigration may be directed to our beautiful paradise, thereby adding millions to our population and wealth.

The executive committee comprises J. C. O'Brien, Hayes Center; C. Hildreth, Bloomington; W. B. Helling, Aurora; C. D. Fuller, Immerial: W. C. Sloan, Geneva; C. E. V.

Perkins, Red Cloud; J. A. Piper, Alma; Jos-eph Myers, Glenville; M. Lebmore, Hast-ings; L. J. A. Voller, Benkleman; D. R. Callahan, Stockville; T. D. Lee, Ellwood; Joseph I. Bixby, Diller; C. E. Chase, Wallace D. Sheets, Elsie; William Coleman, Mc-

At a meeting of the executive committee at the Union club this evening measures were taken to raise money at once, securing correct figures of mortgage indebtedness, value

of cattle and grain shipped each month, etc.

Hebron's Saloon Licenses. HEBRON, Neb., May 15 .- [Special to THE BEE.]-Our village board has been quite busy for some time hearing objections and taking testimony on remonstrances against granting licenses for saloons. One of the village trustees made application for a license and some of his associates were in favor of granting him the exclusive privilege. This caused so much opposition that the trustee applying for the license has resigned and the balance of the board are now in favor of granting more than one license. The board will neet on Tuesday evening of next week to further consider the matter of issuing licenses. The parties making application are still hunting for bondsmen.

The Dunbar Spicide Identified. NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., May 15,- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-It developed today

that the man who committed suicide at Dunbar last Friday by throwing himself under a Missouri Pacific train is Bud Bales, a young man of this city. He left this city for Tal-mage about a week ago, but it is just learned that he never reached his destination. The description fits him perfectly and the body will be exhumed. The cause of the suicide was probably caused by despondency because out of work.

Observed Ascension Day,

Beatrice, Neb., May 15.- Special Telegram to Tue Bee.]-Mount Herman commandery, Knights Templar, attended Ascension day services at Christ Episcopal church this evening. Rev. Robert Scott delivered the address. Following the services at the church the knights returned to the Masonic hall, where the following officers were in-stalled for the ensuing year: E. C. Saiisbury, commander; G. L. Cole, generalissimo; Jesse Richards, captain general; D. A. Walden, pre-late; B. F. Taylor, senior warden; H. J. Chambers, junior warden; S. W. Wadsworth, treasurer; E. E. Hawkins, recorder, A sumptuous banquet, music and social diversio

Will Make it Hot for Him. FREMONT, Neb., May 15 .- [Special to THE BEE.]—The brother-in-law of W. W. Woomer, a young farmer who lived six miles north of lating notes of banks which may come into Fremont and who suddenly disappeared a its possession subject to redemption. The BEE.] - The brother-in-law of W. W. Woomer, Fremont and who suddenly disappeared a short time ago, has blood in his eye. Soon after Woomer's disappearance his father came out from Pennsylvania to look after his son's affairs and there were some mysterious things about the case that he could not satis-factorily solve. He is said to have expressed on opinion that there was fool play and that the brother-in-law was connected with it The slandered young man has just gone to Pennsylvania to have a reckoning with Mr. Woomer, sr., the son having turned up in

Took His Life by Drowning.

FREMONT, Neb., May 15,-|Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- The mysterious disappearance of Nels Trulson of Logan township three or four weeks ago was solved yesterday by the discovery of his body in Logan creek by August Wagner. The body was in a had state of decomposition, but not past identifi-ration. Coroner Devries held an inquest on the remains this morning and the verdict was suicide by drowning. Trulson was an old resident of the county, fifty-seven years of age, and unmarried.

Suicide or Somnabulism. NIOBRABA, Neb., May 15 .- [Special to THE BEE. |-Kate Hornstra, a young Hollander | audience to Mr. and Mrs. Smith.

living n of here, was found drowned in a lake bed her parents' house on Tuesday, She was to have been married to a young man named John Holland on Saturda. It is re-ported that she objected to the marriage, but her parents insisting upon it, she committed suicide some time during the previous night. She was in her night dress, and some think she met her sad fate while in a semnambu

Niobrara's Big Immigration.

NIOBRARA, Neb., May 15 .- | Special to THE Ber. |-Niobrara rejoices exceedingly over the fine prospects. New settlers have gone into the Nebraska strip of the Sioux reservation by the hundreds since its opening in February, and they go to stay. They bring their cattle by the score, and several parties have come in with numbers ranging from fifty to five hundred head. The crop pros-pects thus far look bright, with an increased

Holt County W. C. T. U. EWING, Neb., May 15.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—The annual convention of the Holt county W. C. T. U. adjourned this morning after an interesting session of two days and evenings. The attendance was good, including, besides representatives from the various unions of the county, ministers, educators, and several winners of gold and silver Demorest medals from O'Neill and other places. Mrs. C. M. Wocdward represented the state union and her assistance was some highly averaging large large large. very highly appreciated, having large and attentive audiences.

Looking for Her Sister.

BEATRICE, Neb., May 15.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—Mr. and Mrs. Morse of Omaha were in the city today hunting for a sixteen-year-old sister of Mrs. Morse, who ran away from Omaha yesterday. The girl was found here in the family of a relative, and was, after some persuasion, induced to return. The cause of the escapade cannot be

Horn Goes to the Missouri Pacific. FREMONT, Neb., May 15 .- [Special to The BEE.]-E. T. Horn, who is well known in Nebraska railroad circles, and until recently division superintendent of the Fremout, Elk-horn & Missouri Valley road, has just ac-cepted a position with the Missouri Pacific road, with headquarters at St. Louis, and leaves Fremont tomorrow with his family for that city, where he will reside.

Death of Mrs. Carl Colby. Beatrice, Neb., May 15.- | Special Telegram

to THE BEE. |- Mrs. Carl Colby, daughter of D. G. Fiske, and wife of the agent of THE OMARA BEE at this point, died this afternoon of puerperal fever. An infant child survives her. The deceased was one of the most highly esteemed and popular ladies in this section and her death is generally deplored.

Doctors Close Their Session.

BEATRICE, Neb., May 15 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE .- The state medical society closed its its twenty-second annual session here this afternoon and the members have about all returned to their homes. The society pledged itself to labor diligently to secure the meeting of the national medical association at Omaha in 1891.

A Young Doctor's Death. REYNOLDS, Neb., May 15.—[Special Tele gram to The Bee.]-Dr. J. D. Pitts, aged twenty-nine, died four miles west of Reynolds to-day. He has been drinking quite hard and also used hypodermic injections of morphine and cocaine. It is supposed that the instrument he used was unclean, resulting in blood-poisoning.

Coal Discovered Near Niobrara. NICERARA, Neb., May 15,-[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-Coal has been discovered in Grape Creek, a small tributary to the Niobrara, ten miles from here, by John R. Joll, who has been prospecting during the winter. The vein is six to eight feet.

Broke His Arm FREMONT, Neb., May 15.—[Special to THE BEE.]—"Bud" Richards, the fifteen-year-old son of Hon, L. D. Richards, last night fell from a pair of stilts upon which he was walk-

ing and broke his arm. A Newspaper Sold. OSCEOLA, Neb., May 15.—| Special to The Bee.]—D. M. Butler sold out today the Osceola Record to H. H. Campbell,

Campbell is a young man, having lived in this county most of his life, and is a rustler. FARMERS' ALLIANCE HEARING. Sixteen Million Dollars Wanted

Build Warehouses. WASHINGTON, May 15 .- The hearing of the Farmers' alliance representative was continued by the ways and means committee this morning. Mr. Livingston the national lecturer of the organization, took up the argument. He quoted President Lincoln's prophcey that the corporations would be enthroned; that the property of the country would be concentrated, and the republic itself overthrown. Thank God the last prediction was not fulfilled, but the others had been. One-twentieth of the people owned three-fifths of the property. If congress refused to approve the sub-treasury plan, then let it remove the restrictions hedging in the national banking system. The farmers would say nothing about trusts and combinations and the concentration of money if they could hold their crops in sub-treasuries and were not compelled, as at present, to sell them at stated times. It would be a Godsend to the country to pass the sub-treasury bill for the reason, if for no other, that there would not be a bucket shop left in the United States. The day of speculation in crops would be dene away with and the producer and consumer would be brought together.

brought together.
Sixteen million dollars would build all the warehouses the alliance wanted. warehouses the alliance wanted.

What good were river and harber improvements to the debt-ridden, oppressed farmer?

In conclusion he said that if the committee thought a landed basis best; if they could not accept a crop basis, let them put it in the bill. "Do something to relieve the farmers. Don't make it a question of tariff or politics, but let the bill stand on merits."

Sherman's Silver Amendment Washington, May 15 .- Senator Sherman

today submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the pending silver bill. It provides that the balances standing to the credit of national banks for deposits made to redeem circulating notes shall be covered into the treasury as miscellaneous receipts amendment also provides that upon the cer-tificate of the comptroller of the currency such notes shall be received and destroyed, that new notes shall be issued in their place as a reimbursement, the amount to be made good to the treasury from the appropriation created by this amendment, to be known as "the national bank notes redemption account."

Opened F re on the Officers. DANVILLE, Va., May 15.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE. [-John Staples, a young

man living at Stuart, Patrick county, got on a spree yesterday and defled arrest. The mayor summoned a posse of men to arrest him, and they started to Staples' house. He saw the officers coming and went out to meet them, armed with a double-barrelled gan, and when within thirty yards opened fire on Hamilton Wolverine, a United States marshal, and fatally wounded him. He then tried to shoot Mayor Martin, but his mother, who was with him, knocked the gun down. Staples was then arrested and lodged in jail

Mr. Smith Greets the Czar.

Sr. Perensutuo, May 15.—Charles Emory Smith, the new American minister to Russia, presented his credentials to the czar yester-The ezarina subsequently gave an THE ROCK ISLAND'S POSITION,

President Cable Says That Corporation Will Take Care of Itself.

LOCAL BUSINESS TO BE PROTECTED.

He Thinks That if Western Railroad Men Had Any Sense There Would Be an Immediate Restoration.

New York, May 15 .- Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- President Cable of the Reck Island was asked about the rate troubles today and said: "The Rock Island will protect itself. It proposes to do business on a paying basis. It will protect its local business even at the cost of through rates. If the western railroad men who insist on fighting had any sense there would be an immediate restoration. As it is, the conditions are more favorable than they have been, and it really speedily come to an understanding as to the looks as if the railroad managers would responsibility devolving upon themselves. I expect to stay here a few days only, and my

visit is without any public import." Provided for Minimum Charges.

Chicago, May 15.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—The Western Freight association has provided for minimum charges of 50 cents on small shipments to Trans-Missourt territory. A committee was also appointed to take up the matter of equalizing through rates via Chicago and Milwaukee vs. Daluth

to Mentana common points.

The Burlington today lined up its rate from St. Paul to St. Louis to \$10.50, there being no other change in the passenger situa-tion. All lines are now paying \$2 commission tion. All lines are now paying \$2.000 on \$3 tickets, thus, except to the public, making a \$1 basis between nearly all western

COFFIN REPLIES.

Employes Only Ask That Cars Be Finished Before Being Used.

Washington, May 15 .- The senate interstate committee today continued the hearing upon the bill relating to the equipment of freight cars with power brakes and automatio couplers.

Ex-Railroad Commissioner Coffin of Iowa, and the author of one of the bills, stated to the committee that he represented the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Firemen and Trainmen, 75,000 organized railroad employes. In answer to the argument of the railroad efficials that the proposed legislation was unnecessary, Coffin asked when did railroad officials ever consider legislation affecting their proposed in any degree. interests in any degree. He did not believe there was any road in the country so poor that it could not provide these safety appliances. All that is petitloned for is that in the future railroad companies shall finish their cars before they put them into use.

SHOT HIS MOTHER'S LAWYER. Brutal Deed of a Young Man Whose

Funds Had Been Attached. NEW YORK, May 15 .- A terrible tragedy occurred in Wall street this morning when a vindictive young man, Alphonso J. Stephanie, shot and mortally wounded Lawyer Clinton G. Reynolds. The murdener was but a few hours in the city, having just arrived on the White Star steamer Majestic from Liverpool: The cause of the tragedy is as follows: Stephanie's father carried on a fruit business in this city. He died two years ago, leaving his wife as sole executrix. Alphonso carried on the business, but converted much of is into cash, depositing \$50,000 with a safe deposit company. He quarreled with and assaulted his mother and two months ago went to Europe. During his absence his mother consulted Lawyer Reynolds, who advised an

attachment against him and the safe deposit ompany. He probably heard of this this morning on arrival, and at once went to Reynolds' office, where he held an interview with him in his inner office. Hearing a shot fired, the occu-pants of the outer office rushed in, found Stephanie standing over Reynolds with a smeking revolver in his hand and Reynold's probably fatally wounded, with a bullet just below the heart. Stephanie was arrested and

Reynolds was removed to a hospital. Eloped with a Traveling Man.

Owatonna, Minn., May 15.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE. - The sensation of the season here is the elopement of Mrs. Perry Rolfe with Andrew Bulson, a traveling salesman for a Chicago drug house. Bulson's home is in Michigan, and for the past year he has been carrying on a claudestine courtship with the pretty Mrs. Rolfe. Bulson made his last visit here about a week ago, and as usual he and Mrs. Rolfe took advanand as usual he and Mrs. Rolfe took advan-tage of every opportunity to be in each other's company. Both parties are young, good looking and well connected, and the fair Juliet has constantly had more male admirers here than the better element of society thought just proper under the cir-cumstances. Her husband seemed com-lettly information in the proper under the cirpletely infatuated with his pretty and viva-cious wife and was evidently blind to her weakness. The erring couple were seen to leave here together Tuesday night at 10 o'clock, Mrs. Rolfe's baggage being checked upon the mileage book of Bulson for Chicago, The distracted husband was evidently not aware of this, as he went to St. Paul and Mineagolic in search of them. Minneapolis in search of them,

The Irrigation Investigation. HURON, S. D., May 15, -[Special Telegran to THE BEE. |-Horace Beach, the noted stratigraphical geologist, sent here by Secretary Rusk to assist in the artesian wells and irrigation investigation now in progress by irrigation investigation now in progress by direction of the general government, acrived today. Prof. Beach's business is to ascertain if water exists in places where boring has not proved a success. His report will accompany the report of the commission and must be ready before June 20. He will visit Aberdeen, Webster, Millbank and points in North Dakota, then go to Montana, Nebraska, Colorado and Kansas. He will be in Omaha May 20, accompanied by Major Coffin, state engineer of irrigation.

Pacific Funding Bitl.

Washington, May 15. The house commitee on Pacific railroads has finally decided to report favorably to the house the Pacific railroad funding bill which it has had under consideration for several weeks. The bill will be a substitute for the Vandever bill, but this bill is really the bill reported by the senate committee amended in some respects.

Will Open Sedgewick Reservation. WASHINGTON, May 15,-The president has approved the act providing for the opening of the Fort Sedgewick military reservation in Colorado and Nebraska to actual settlers under the provisions of the homestead law, the act for a public building at Burlington, la., and the act providing for the entry of townsite lands in Oklahoma.

An Original Package Case.

Bandon, Me., May 15.—James McGuire, respondent in an original package case, was fined \$100 and costs or alnety days in tall by Judge Brett in the municipal court today, it being held that he was amenable to the state laws. He appealed to the supreme court. Commander McCalla's Sentence.

Washington, May 15.—Commander Mo Calla has been sentenced to suspension from rank and duty for three years and to retain his present number on the list of commanders while suspended. The sentence was an-