acompetent but who will solve it to the damincompetent but who will solve it to the damage of the corporations.

"I am a republican and in favor of meeting all questions within the party lines. The record of the party is such as to give assurance of its competency to treat the railroad question successfully as it has much greater ones. Owing to the lethargy of the rank and file, we are now homesty to confront the situation as we find brought to confront the situation as we find it today. Now let our friends of the alliance exert themselves half as actively in the party

fold as they are now doing and we need have no fears about how the conventions will go. "As to the convention of the 30th I see no harm it can do. What it can or will accom-plish must depend on the character and disposition of those who gather. I want to ex-position of those who gather. I want to ex-press the hope, however, that all who are moving in it are truly moved by the motives they profess. Should there be any ground for suspicion that self-aggrandizement actuated any of its participants, it would do in

Ex-Justice Reese.

Hon. M. B. Reese, ex-justice of the suprem

"Yes, I am heartly in favor of the move ment which has taken form in the call for the convention of May 20. I think it is a for ward step of the better element of the republican party, which must result in good. If properly conducted it will at least result in setting our people to thinking, and when you accomplish this you have secured a victory for the right. The difficulty has been that the people have not thought as they should have done. When solicited for their support by those who have desired to represent them in political conventions or in the legislature, or for the purpose of procuring their proxies to conventions, they have generally said. I have hardly the time and desired to the conventions of the conventions of the conventions of the conventions. not care to spend the money to go mysell and have no objection to you, without thinking about what their representative or proxy would do when the place was secured. This is wrong. No person should be trusted in a position of the kind, nor, in fact, in any official position unless he is known to be a man of bed-rock honesty and integrity, and to be in full sympathy with those whom he represents.

"We hear much of the corruption of politi "We hear much of the corruption of politi-cal parties. I do not believe a word of it, and hence am opposed to the disruption of the re-publican people of the state have trusted those whom they did not know to be honest, and by their perfidy the corporations seem to have taken our state by the throat. The peo-ple—the voters—are not corrupt. They have simply trusted those who were not entitled simply trusted those who were not entitled to their confidence. We thought we could trust our present state board of trans-In this we were do me of them have been true to the interests of the people. A majority have not. Now, the question is shall we again trust those who have been unfaithful? This is a subject upon which the people are new think ing and it apprehends they will not repeat the

"There is another thing you may have no-ticed in the rollics of this state. The men having charge of the political management for the corporations are not fools. They do not always seek to control party nomination but when they do they go at it systematically. They do not hesitate as to their methods. Falsehood and bribery are their principal weapons. They secure the services of the most unscrupulous. The railroads run special free trains for those who will do their bidding and will be lavish with passes. Their treas urers, superintendants and other financia officers will go to the conventions to be ready for any emergency. They send their fagents over the state to pick into proxies and they thus get control of the convention. Now this might endanger the success of the party, and while they are not particularly patriotic, yet if they succeed in capturing the convention, they, of course, want that ticket elected. To make everything safe they To make everything safe the quietly take control of the other party, secure its convention and place a ticket in the field its convention and place a ticket in the field which will cause no stampede to its support. Everything is now safe and the railroads 'are out of politics.' This has been the history of the state. Again, you have observed that when a legislature is elected which is supposed to be in the interest of the people they do not spend much time in trying to secure both branches. They know their men and even before an organization is effected they know just how the majorities will be. They then take charge of the branch which is easiest captured—generally the senate—and if they do not impede legislation altogether, the laws that are passed are tion altogether, the laws that are passed are so badly crippled as to render them to a great extent inefficient."

What would be the best course for the "As I am not one of its premoters I perhaps ought not to suggest, but if I should be per mitted to express an opinion on this subject it would be that it ought to express a willingness to have our candidates thoroughly known before election and therefore demand an early convention. I think it ought to demand a thorough and complete annihilation of the pass system. I do not doubt that if th issuance of passes were abolished, the rail roads of this state would make more money on a two-cent rate than they are now making on the three-cent rate. As used at the presen day, the pass is a great source of corruption The convention should demand the nomination of state officers who would have sens enough to see, and honesty enough to dis-charge the obligations imposed upon them by law. Men who would possess and recognize conscientious conventions, and who would have the moral courage to act in accordance with them. In short, let the convention, by its declarations, take high, strong ground in a favor of the right. Let it demand honesty and courage in official life and that railroad and courage in official life and that railroad and other corporations keep hands off. Let it demand that the state be governed by the people and for the people and not by and for the corporations. I tell you the times are getting dangerous when a whole state can be debauched and its people robbed by the institutions which it has created; when our state officials will stand by and see the crime committed which it is their solemn duty to prevent. The action of the convention can only be advisory; but I think it ought to speak be advisory; but I think it ought to speak

be advisory; but I think it ought to speak with no uncertain sound.

"There is another question, though not included in the call, which I think is so nearly allied to it as to be worthy of notice. That is the money question. Money is getting scarce. The purchasing power of the dollar is becoming too great. Why not favor the free coinage of silver with full legal tender silver certificates or other maner overlains. I think it tificates or other paper circulation. I think i ought to be done. This, with an honest an fearless administration of our state govern ment, would rive relief to our people, prevent a repetition of 14 cent corn and give better wages to the producer and laborer. We want results. This will bring them

General J. C. McBride. LINCOLN, Neb., May 10 .- | Special to THE BEEL General J. C. McBride, in conversa-

tion with your correspondent, said

"My judgment is that the meeting here of the 20th inst. may do a vast amount of good My fears are that instead of a level-headed serious-hearted lot of anti-monopoly repub licans we shall see too great a number among them who are candidates for office and who will not have the good of the people nor the good of the party at heart. In such emergen cies as this a fanatical scheme is to apt to pre vail, and platitudes and platforms demanded that are too rapid to suit the tastes of the conservative element in party politics, and as a result the recommendations or demands are rejected, and an open rupture is the inevita-

The high character of the gentlemen who called this meeting makes me believe that so far as the signers are concerned they intend to recommend a conservative policy to the republican state convention, which would accord with the ideas of the majority, but I fear that the broad character of the call will admit a class of hot-heads, who will be unreasonable in their demands. We shall see later on what

Federal Officials Talk. United States Marshal Slaughter was aske I to give his views as to the course to be pursued by the anti-monopoly conference at

Lincoln on May 20. He said: "If they are meeting together simply as republicans they have a perfect right to do so to determine the course they will pursue at the republican state convention next fail just the same as any body of republicans would have who had gathered together in any part of the state for the benefit of their

"If they are organized for the purpose of forming a separate party I have no advice to Judge Dandy's opinion of the matter was "It looks to me like a plan to break up the ling.

party in favor of a certain faction and I have no use for it. They are trying to make the other members of the party come to them, and when you can get a fellow to come to you

The judge didn't care to say much about it. but what he did say was forcibly in disfavor of the conference and those who had called it

Attorney Baker's Views. District Attorney Baker said:

"I believe in the proper regulation of rallroads and that while the railroads should be allowed to live the people should be allowed to live also. But if they are organizing for the purpose of managing and controlling the roads it simply amounts to class legislation roads it simply amounts to class legislation which is pernicious and should not be allowed; it is asking too much. It would be a peculiar state of affair if the farmers or the merchants or laborers or any class of people would get together and try to legislate for or against one another. I believe that there should be a proper restriction of the railroads, but it is not an easy thing to do this. But give the railroads a proper show. The very men who are trying to frame these restrictions will in ninety days find out what a hard job they have on hand and how difficult it would be to enforce. I do not know whether a schedule law would work to the interests of the farmers or not; there is a the interests of the farmers or not; there is a question as to whether it would not work

I believe in a railroad commission who should be elected by the people or appointed by the governor and confirmed by one or both houses, in that way we could get the law in pretty good shape. I have not the conceit to think that I could draft that kind of a law; some people think they can do it but I think they would find out their mistake in a very

SERVICES AT TRINITY.

Dean Gardner Preaches a Sermon to the Royal Arcanum Lodges.

The members of the Royal Arcanum lodges of this city, to the number of about seventy, attended service at Trinity cathedral last night at the invitation of Dean Gardner. After the usual evening service the dear

welcomed the members of the order to the church. "It gives me pleasure," he said, "to offer you from my heart, and in behalf of all those who call this church home, a most earnest welcome. You are welcome always beneath the rooftree of your facer's house, and this is God's house-the house of the Father of us all, so you are doubly welcome here. I would be glad to see you here oftener. This church has come to be called 'The young men's home,' and I would like to ee all of you here at every service. I wel-ome you also as brothers.
"The Royal Areanum has grown wonder-

fully since I joined it, eight or nine years ago. It embraces in its fold men we would be glad introduce into our families, men we are glad to meet on the street. I advise you to cultivate a fraternal feeling. Do not think o the order inerety on account of the good which may come to your families, but because of the possibilities of fraternal intercourse it may bring to its members. Push the order on these lines and I am sure you will realize benefits other than the insurance

which your families will receive."

The dean then announced as his text the 25th verse of Paul's epistle to the Ephesians: "For we are members of one another," and also the epistle to the Romans wii:5., "Love, being many, are one body in and everyone members, one of another. The reverend speaker then showed the re-lationship of all mankind as members of the family of God, being therefore members of

one another, and spoke of the history of the world as showing examples and proof of the tendency of man to always unite when it was desired to accomplish any great point.

He said the underlying principle of all brotherhood and friendly feeling was self-denial. In the scene on Mount Cavalry was seen the effort to reconcile man to man and bring all men within the bond of fellowship The world was covered with societies in which men were bound together in the bonds of fellowship which could only be severed by

The dean said that which made men good nembers of the Royal Arcanum should also make them good members of the church of Christ. There was no organization in the world, he said, which will touch the soul ex-cept the church of Jesus Christ. In conclusion the dean said his only prayer was that by painstaking service the members

should train themselves for a life in the city of God.

St. John's Day.

Yesterday was a day of unusual solemnity at St. John's Collegiate church. The titular feast of the church falls on May 6 and the Sunday within the octave was yesterday and will always be hereafter a red-letter day at St. John's. The altars were exquisitely festooned and banked with flowers and the sanctuary tastefully decorated with a profusion of rare exotics. Quite a large audience marked the 7 o'clock mass, it being the hour at which fourteen of the college students received their first communion and made the clemn renewal of their baptismal vows. The names of the young recipients are: Theo-dore Bedessem, C. H. Buel, Frank Bon-neau, John Casey, Harry Furay, Gustave Hellwig, Frederick Hofman, Walter Hauser, rd Kenny, Thaddeus Leary, Mel-McHugh, Lee McShane, Hugh n, Frederick Nash and Edward Mullen, Frederick Nash John O'Mallery. After mass young gentlemen took breakfast

the college and in the afternoon at 3 o'clock reassembled in the domestic chapel where they were invested in the scapulor of the blessed Virgin Mary.

The first communicants were prepared by Rev. Father Averbeck, and under his direc-

tion for two months preparatory of this great At 10:30 o'clock another large audience asembled to assist at the solemn high mass elebrated by Father Mathery as celebrant Father De Shryer as deacon, and Mr. Henne

man as sub-deacon. Mr. Mora's spicadid altar society was out in full force and added notably to the solemni-St. John's choir, aided by Prof. Schenk as organist and Mrs. E. A. Cudahy as soloist, sang Weber's mass in G in its usual brilliant

Rev. Fitzgerald preached the sermon.

The day's solemnities concluded with beads, instruction and solemn benediction of the blessed sacrament at 8 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS. Efflie Ellsler opened her engagement a Boyd's opera house last night in "The Gov erness," quite an interesting four-act play never before seen here. Her audience was light down stairs, large above and very appreciative. They liked the piece because i old an old story of domestic misery, of ad venture, deception, villalay crime and ism. Miss Elisler's part in it not give her the advantages other productions offer though she was as charming and entertaing as ever. Frank Weston, Orrin Joenson, Mr. John A. Ellsler, Effic's father, Paul Evarton, Joseph Wheel oek, jr., Miss Emma Beller, Miss Lucille La ock, fr., Miss Emma Beller, Miss Lucille La-Verne, are artists of rare ability and afford the star excellent support. Mr. Ellster is one of the old time actors, a man of vast stage experience and well known powers. In his day he has played many parts well, conse-quently it is not to be wondered at that he should impersonate a thieving tramp better than anybody else.

Will Walk Out in July. Cuicago, May 11 .- The fizzle of the proected packing house strike on May 1 is nov reported to have been due to a secret plan for a better organized walkout in July, when the packing houses will be extremely busy, thus augmenting the chances of success.

A Missing Boy. Yesterday afternoon the six-year-old son of Henry Kauffman strayed away from the

family residence at 148 South Thirteenth street, and at midnight had not been found. The lad wore light colored clothes, and answered to the name of Henry. An Old Offender Jailed.

Ed Babbington, an old offender, with gilistic proclivities, exercised them upon his wife last night, and for this he now languishes

A musical service, in which all the Episco pal choirs in the city will participate, will be given at Trinity cathedral Thursday even

IN THE ALLIANCES

What the Farmers' Organizations of the State are Doing.

UNGALLANTRY AT FREMONT

Ladies' Blackballed in One Alliance Outwit Their Lieges-A Nelson Man's Opinion-The Alliances Elsewhere.

FREMONT, Neb., May 10 .- [Special to THI BEE.]-A little episode of rare occurrence took place in the Estina alliance at its last meeting. Among the several candidates for membership were four ladies. When the ballots were counted six black balls were found in the box and the ladies were accordingly refused admission to that lodge. Nothing daunted, however, two of these rejected candidates went to a neighboring alliance the next week and were voted into the order Then the week following, at the last meeting of the Estina alliance, they were on hand at the opening of the meeting and were in pos session of the proper credentials to remain and participate in the proceedings of the meeting. They displayed a good deal of po-litical shrewdness and succeeded in outwit

litical shrewdness and succeeded in outwitting those who antagonized them.

An alliance has just been organized at Purple Cane and officered as follows: John Bixler, president; George Thrush, vice president; Charles Mumford, secretary; James McVicker, treasurer; Edward Quigley, doorkeeper; Thomas Porter, sergeant-at-arms; D. A. Biggs, lecturer.

Farmers at Glencoe have organized an alliance with the following officers: H. W. Lewis, president; James H. Montgomery, vice president; Thomas Pitman, assistant vice president; David Montgomery, secretary; Joseph Forney, treasurer; William Brown, chaplain; G. Bechtolk, lecturer; D. C. Westfall, door-keeper; James Glenn, ser-C. Westfall, door-keeper; James Glenn, ser

Flourishing in Gage County. Beathice, Neb., May 11.—[Special to The Bee.]—The alliance is flourishing in this county like a green bay tree. There are not less than twenty-five branches of the alliance in the county and all are in a vigorous and healthy condition. That the alliance will be an important factor in shaping the legislative ticket in this county this year, goes without saying. As a consequence the farmers who are suspected of being members of the organization are being liberally courted by aspiring honorables. It might be well to observe that at least four-fifths of the farmers of the county are members of the alliance, among whom are many of the leading and brainless men in southern Nebraska. While not openly affiliating with either of the leading political parties, the unalterable conclusion has been arrived at that no man of uncertain sentiments on the questions that vitally onsideration at the hands of the alliance in their political aspirations. The proposition for the organization to affiliate with or adopt the prohibition amendment movement has met with signal discouragement to the ma-nipulators of the scheme from the start. The discussions in the alliances point to the fact that the interests of the farming class are of sufficiently vital importance to demand the untrammeled energies of the alliance as a po-litical lever, without resources to any side issues favoring isms of any description strong fight will be made on the legislative ticket, and three of the late members of the Nebraska legislature who are ambitious to succeed themselves will be quietly and effectively relegated to the rear. Active representatives of the alliance will be present at each of the county conventions and they will exact of the candidates soliciting their support a clear record on the tariff and railroad transportation questions.

Little Doing at Hartington. HARTINGTON, Neb., May 11 .- [Special to THE BEE.]-Alliance movements have been very slow. An attempt was made to organize in Bow Valley. This section is composed of nearly an exclusive Catholic population. Rev. Father Uning said they should not organiz until he could have time to consult some higher authority. The Catholic faith is very strongly opposed to secret societies. Rev. Father Loecker of the Hartington pastorate has permitted his members to join the alli-

ance are republicans and their members are at least three-fourths republican. They, as I wrote before, seek not to organize a third party unless proper relief is not granted in either of the old ones. They look for the republican party to take a strong stand in their interests and if disappointed republicanism is bound to suffer. The majority of alliance members will also favor the prohibitory

Dissatisfied But Inactive. CRETE, Neb., May 10 .- | Special to THE BEE.]-While it seems strange that in Salire county, a county that six or seven years ago was looked upon as the banner county of the alliance movement, there is today hardly anything done or said about the alliance nevertheless it is a fact. From the best in formed sources your correspondent can only hear of a few isolated cases throughout the county where the Farmers' alliance is kept I am informed that Munroe, Silver Creek and Ohio precincts are the only pre-cincts in which any alliance organizations are now in working order, and the membership of these clubs is small. The only explanation for this state of affairs lays in th fact that the leaders of the alliance in years gone by used the farmers to foster their po-litical ends. Some were successful and jumped into office by the help of the alliance and after getting the plums dropped the while others, less successful, after defeat at once started out in search of pastures new. There is no doubt that the farmers of this county are dissatisfied and are studying the problem as from which of the old partic they should seek relief. If the anti-monopoly movement will show or give any assurance of success in the fight against monopolies of all kinds, not railroads alone, it will have the entire support of the agricultural population and the workingmen of this county, irre-spective of any of the political parties. A great portion of the business men of the towns will join them, they claim they suffer as much from monopolies of the diverse kinds as does the farmer and the laboring man. This county presents a grand field to a party which will honestly carry out its promises and will take cognizance of the actual needs of the party. of the people. Ten years ago the republican party had a majority of 1,000 in this county. Today they cannot elect anyone to office unless he is so popular that he will draw a goodly number of democratic votes to his support Let the anti-monopoly conference in Lincoln speak out in plain terms what they intend to do, and then do what they promise and they will sweep this county by an overwhelming majority.

Nelson Will Celebrate.

NELSON, Neb., May 11.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The county alliance has decided to hold a monster celebration at Nelson on July The grounds, in a beautiful grove used for such purposes on the bank of the Elk, close to town, have been secured and every alliance in the county is to be represented. The alli-ance men claim that it will be the greatest celebration ever held; in this part of the

Strong at Tecumseh. TECUMBER, Neb., May 11 .- [Special to THE Bur.]-The Farmers' alliance of Johnson county numbers over seven hundred voters and is growing very rapidly with a proportionate increase in the next few months they will have everything their own way and it is given out by the alliance that if the republi-cans persist in sending such men as is usually the case to the state convention from this county they will bolt the old parties and run and elect a ticket of their own. The princi-pal relief sought for is more money in circuation which would lower the usual 2 pe

Will Watch the Primaries. WISNER, Neb., May 11.-[Special to THE]

BEE.]-The Cuming county Farmers' alli-ance of Wisner with a membership of about forty is the only alliance in Cuming county. forty is the only alliance in Cuming county.

It was organized in December, 1889, [George Timblin is president, P. B. Titus, secretary:

J. P. Milligan, freasurer. Meetings are held every Saturday at Wegner's hall. The officers complain of a lack of interest on the part of members and the meetings are not very well attended.

A prominent member says the alliance does not favor independent political action, but will look after the primaries and vote for the nominees who will best serve their interests.

nominees who will best serve their interests if elected. Branch alliances will be started at Beemer and other points.

Thinks There Will be Dissention. Lincoln, Neb., May 11.—[Special to THE BEE.]—H. H. Anderson of Nelson, was at the capital today. He reports the alliance organizations as being very numerous in his part of the state. The tendency, however, e thinks is to dissention in the ranks and be lieves that one or the other of the two great parties will assimmilate their vote. The alliance people, however, are making threats that if the republicans or democrats do not make the necessary concessions they will em-bark in their own cance. Mr. Anderson re-ports that the Irish nobleman, Lord Scully, owns thousands of acres in that country and has retarded the growth of that part of the state by not allowing his land to be tilled, is yielding to the popular will there and has al-lowed several hundred acres to be put under

Organizing All Around. CEDAR RAPIDS, Nob., May 11.- [Special to THE BEE. |- The farmers are organizing al liances all around this place. They now have seven organizations with 200 members.

Holt County Alliance Resolutions. At a meeting of the Holt county Farmers alliance held in O'Nelll, May 3, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

liance held in O'Nelll, May 3, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Observation and experience has demonstrated this truth, beyond the probability of a doubt, that lawyers, bankers, money loaners, and professional men in general, who have been elected to represent the people in our state legislature have proven themselves to be failures when the producers' interests were up for consideration; therefore, be it Resolved, That we will not support by our vote any man who will not represent the true interest of the industrial class of Nebraska.

Resolved, That we demand of the next legislature a reduction of our local freight rates to those in force in lown, and which have been declared both by the courts and railroad officials to be just and reasonable.

Resolved, That we demand of our next legislature the Australian system of voting; that we desire the free coinage of silver and that more United States bonds be issued to perpetuate the national banking system.

Resolved, That we comdemn in the strongest manner our state railway commission, in their late conference with the railway officials, in accepting a 14 cent reduction per bushel on corn, when justice demanded a fail 16 per cent reduction on all grain.

Resolved, That we will forgive our chief state executive, with Christian fortifude, for his hamiliating position of begging from railroad barons for reduced rates when, as a matter of right, they should be demanded in the name of justice, for the state of Nebraska; and we will make a vigorous effort to see that his successor in office will be a man whose sympathies are with the class of men who create the wealth of this state, rather than with those who extort it from the farmers by unjust rates.

Resolved, That under the present system of

miust rates. Resolved, That under the present system (Resolved. That under the present system of collecting money to defray the expenses of the government, it is about the same as taxing the people so much per head, regardless of the amount of property owned by them, or the amount of income. We believe this system is building up millionaires in the east by the hundreds and making paupers in the west by the thousands.

he thousands.

Resolved, That we are opposed to the present system of collecting taxes in advance of cetual need; said money remaining idle in the reasuries, or placed on deposit in pet banks oaned back to the people at a big rate of increst. terest.

Resolved, That in our opinion if the people of Nobraska elect a legislature composed of railroad tools, one-third of the farmers of this state will be compelled to abandon their

omes. Resolved, That we the farmers of Nebraska. demand equal privileges for all, therefore we demand that the government shall loan mone; to the farmers on real estate security at the same rate of interest that money is now loaner to national banks on government bond security.

to national banks of curity.

Resolved, That over-production is not the cause of low prices, but the scarcity of money and exorbitant freight charges by the railroad companies, which prohibit the interchange of products.

products.

Resolved. That we will not further support any newspaper in this state that supports the railroads in their monopoly, or that support any other monopoly or trust.

Resolved. That we are in favor of mortgages Resolved. That we are in favor of mortgages being taxed in the county where recorded and the property which they cover be relieved of tax on that amount of indebtedness.

Resolved. That we are in favor of the state printing a series of school books to be used in the common schools and furnishing the same to the schools are cost.

Resolved. That these resolutions be furnished to the press and that the secretary see that they are published.

The Pierce county alliance will meet at Foster, Saturday, June 7, and a large attend-ance is expected. The Nemaha county alliance has been

called to meet at the court house in Auburn next Saturday, May 17. J. C. Van Wey, assistant organizer for the Polk County-Farmers' alliance, organized an alliance at Liberty school house May I with the following officers: G. A. Anderson, president: J. C. Johnson, vice President; S. C. Salisbury, secretary; Mrs. A. E. Johnson, Treasurer; Zerah Hurd, lecturer; N. Kreis, chaplain; A. N. Hurd, doorkeeper; H. S. Johnson, sergeant-at-arms. The first regular meeting of the alliance was held Saturday. meeting of the alliance was held Saturday. Dawson county's first farmers' alliance

was organized February I. In the three months since twenty-one lodges have beer organized with about six hundred members The next meeting of the Holt county alliance will be held in McCafferty's hall, O'Neill, June 7. The secretaries of the local alliance will send in their quarterly reports on that

A meeting of the Saunders county alliance will be held in Simington's opera house, in Ashland, on Saturday, May 24. The morning and afternoon sessions will be devoted to business. In the evening a public meeting will be held to which the public are cordially invited. A special invitation is extended to members of the alliance and line board of Cass and Sarpy counties. GHon, James B. Weaver, who represented Hon, James B. Weaver, who represented the Iowa democrats and greenbackers in gress several terms, but was finally defeated it the last election, will address the evening

The Phillips county (Kansas) Farmers' al-iance has resolved to sever all relations with nance has resolved to sever all relations with political parties and refuse to recognize any candidate who may be nominated for office by a political party, although he may be identified with the alliance. The meeting also adopted an alliance system of nominating candidates for county offices, which is that the sub-alliances shall each choose one member who would night an avuilable candidate, which names shall be submitted to the county which names shall be submitted to the count alliance in July, and the county alliance shal designate which of those named shall be can didates and for which of the several offices each shall run. The expense of electioneer-ing shall be borne by the county attlance.

The Farmers' alliances of Harlan count The Farmers' alliances of Harian county are very wisely preparing to use their power in the county conventions, says the Alma Tribune, and phice in nomination suitable men who belong to the old parties and make no nominations themselves. The alliance can make its power felt in this way to a greater extent than in any other.

The Farmers' alliance appears to be moving on and learning the benefits of hanging together, says the Schuyler Quill. Four-fifth of the country population of Illinois belong to. In the Fifth congressional district of Kansas the alliance will nominate a candidate of their country. date of their own for congress. In Nebraski they are getting to be numerous and will have effect. Farmers, hang together.

The following resolution was adopted b the Farmers' alliance at Grant, Nemaha county: That we, the members of said alliance, ask the commercial and mechanical classes and all others who are in favor of equal rights and opposed to unnecessary taxation and legalized extertion, to join us at the ballot box and vote for such men only past lives shall be a guaranty of their future conduct.

William Ryan, Banner county's organizer for the alliance, organized at Chimney Rock Saturday, and one at Redington Monday, says the Ashford Advocate. This makes nine subordinate alliances in and adjoining Banner county with a total membership of about two hundred. Mr. Ryan is pushing forward the good work, and every brother should unite it making the alliance a power in western Ne brester.

Eighteen Farmers' alliances have been or

ganized in Burt county and more are to fol Harlan county has nineteen Farmers' al

liances and a membership of 1,500. The chronic office seekers note the growth of the movement with fear and trembling.

REFORMING DRUNKARDS.

Francis Murphy Tells Why Temperance Societies Fail.

"My dears, the Lord will bless you," exlaimed Francis Murphy as he gazed at the vast throng that filled every inch of space in the Grand opera house last night.

It was a great audience; so great that half in hour before 8 o'clock the standing room sign was put out and Rev. Savidge and Rev. Lamar took a portion of the crowd and went to the First Baptist church, where they conducted services.

The Murphy meeting was opened by Rev.

Wheeler, who led in prayer. This was followed by a number of mutes rom the deaf and dumb asylum, who, under the direction of Prof. Gillisple, sang. "Shall We Meet Beyond the River," using the sign language in the rendition of the same. This was received with such applause that

'This has been a great day," said Mr. Mur-"This has been a great day," said Mr. Murphy. "This morning I was with my friend and brother Mr. Savidge; this afternoon I talked to men only, and here tonight we have this grand outpouring. Who is it says temperance is not popular. Even in the newspaper offices the qualification of a newspaper offices the qualification of a newspaper man a few years ago was to be able to hish up and get as full as the moon. That time has passed. Even church members are sobernow. The preachers a few years ago would take a trip now and then, but now even they have quit. Now I am going to talk five minutes tonight, and now, as my time is up, I will let

onight, and now, as my time is up, I will let ny friends talk."
Attorney Townsend was introduced. He stated that he had consecrated his life to the cause of temperance, and that Mr. Murphy was the man who had saved him from a drunkard's grave, "What's the matter with these meetings, and what's the matter with Omaha where we can

"Nothing," responded the audience.
Where is Mr. Dick?" called Mr. Murphy. Mr. Dick appeared upon the platform, and in the time allotted made a telling speech "Politics are what brought me down, and created a reason why I should sign the pledge," said Mr. Dick.

said Mr. Dick.

"Yes, those politice are bad bedfellows," responded Mr. Murphy.

Judge Felker said he had visited Mr. Murphy in his room and there signed the pledge. The judge then told how Mr. Murpledge. The judge then told how Mr. Murphy had importuned him while in Chicago eighteen years ago to sign the pledge, but he had refused. "Now," said Judge Felker, "I have sought Francis Murphy and now, thank God, I am saved. I had the courage to stop drinking that stuff that takes the variash off the top of the counter."

Lawyer Hitt put on the blue ribbon, stopped upon the platform, and said he had

stepped upon the platform, and said he had quit because his friends had signed and there was no one left to drink with; so he thought would try temperance for awhile Mr. Murphy said he, was ready to receive signers, "but," said he, "there are several temperance organizations in this city. Why

are they not here! If the temperance people are here, what is the reason they are not here tonight tying on their blue ribbons! I will tell you," he continued. "There is no political motive in the temperance work I am engaged in, and that's why they are not here tonight." You want a revival of religion. For God's sake, it you want this go out among the sinners and work. The Christians do not need to be saved, for "they are going to get there anyway. You are too proud. If you was not you would go among the drunkards and work instead of working in the churches and at your prayer

meetings. meetings."

Another hymn was sang by the choir, after which an opportunity was given to sign the pledge, and nearly one hundred persons availed themselves of the privilege.

FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN.

The Fifth and First Artillery Regiments Changing Their Station. Last night about 7:30 o'clock, the Fifth artillery from New York passed through the city on its way to California to exchange places with the First artillery, which, for

Pacific coast. The regiment was under the Lieutenant Colonel Abram C. Wildrick and comprised nearly four hundred men.

some years past, has been stationed on the

The officers and men were in excellent con dition and expressed themselves as delighted with the change. Many of them had been for a long time stationed on the At-lantic coast, and welcomed the change which savored of novelty and, at the same time, promised variety and features to which they had long been unacsustomed in the eastern part of the country. Some of the officers, however, remained be aind and will, it is thought, be transferred to other commands.

At Ogden the regiment will be joined by

light battery D, Captain Kinzie, which has een stationed at Fort Douglas, at Salt Lake

The train conveying the regiment was divided into two sections, and consisted of ten passenger coaches, two baggage cars and ten The train containing the First artillery is

on its way from the coast. It is under the command of Colonel Langdon, and consists of 313 men and thirty officers. It left Ogden yesterday morning, where light battery E, consisting of four officers and thirty men, left the train for Fort Douglas, to take the place of the light battery the Fifth above alluded to.

The train containing the First also runs in two sections, and consists of ten day coaches, three sleepers, three baggage cars and foursome time today.

THE BEE a few days ago announced the fact that James Douglass had gone to Hartford, Conn., as delegate from Douglas county to the national convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, which assembles in that city on Tuesday next. When he left his famil was in excellent health. Yesterday, ever, his little boy, aged thin months, sickened and died. The sence of the father and the protion of the mother have made the circum-stances all the more sorrowful. But earnest friends have shown the kindliest sympathy for the bereaved parent and done all that in them lay to assuage her serrow. They have sent tender dispatches to the absent father what disposition shall be made of the remains pending his return. Mr. Douglas is still on the way to Hartford and may not be apprised of the sorrowful fact until he reaches the hall of the conven

Tonight there will be a special meeting of Division No. 1, A. O. H., to which Mr. Doug-las belongs, to act in the emergency and, in the event of his so deciding, to make arrangements for the burial of the child before the father's return. If such should be de-cided upon all the divisions of the Ancient Order of Hibernians in the city are invited Mr. Douglas resides at 417 North Four-

Two Italians Hack Each Other Badly NEW YORK, May 11.-Pasquale Marrescola and Francisco Michanli, Italian laborers, are dying in the Chambers street hospital. With others they played cards till a late hour last night, and on the way home they quarreled and backed each other horribly, one with a stilletto and the other with a razor.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 11.—Father Benedict, abbot of the famous Trappist monastry at Gethzmane, near Bardstown, has resigned on account of having become a paralytic and therefore incompetent to attend to his duties. Father Edwards has been chosen in his place. Killed by a Blow in the Neck.

La Chosse, Wis., May 11.-Oliver W. Olson

was killed this afternoon by a blow in the

Father Benedict Resigns.

heck from a bartender named Dewey, Olson's refusal to pay 40 cents for a round of drinks was the reason for the barteader striking Beware of Pneumonia. Use at once Baker's pure Cod Liver Oil of Baker's Emulsion. The genuine only. O

TOTALLY DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Valuable Stocks of Millinery and For Goods Go Up in Smoke.

CREIGHTON BLOCK BADLY DAMAGED.

The Loss Fully Twenty-five Thousand Dollars, Covered Partially by Insurance-Three Firemen Injured.

While people were returning from their evening devotions at the churches of the city last night, an alarm of fire was sounded from engine house No. 8. Hose companies Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6, chemicals Nos. 2 and 3, and hook and ladder companies Nos. 1 and 2 quickly responded to the call.

Hurrying to the corner of Fifteenth and Douglas streets, 114 South Fifteenth street, the north room of the Creighton block was a sea of seething flames.

The plate-glass windows were broken in and seven streams turned onto the stock of millinery goods owned by the Misses Greenman & Richardson and the stock of furof E. Pinkert.

The fire in this room was quickly subdued, but not before the entire stock had been totally destroyed. It was then discovered that fire was in the basement. The door was broken in and as the firemen groped their way through the smoke and darkness a loud explosion followed. At the same time an inner door that separates the rear from the front basement burst open and and the flames shot out, completely enveloping the men.

Another squad of men were sent down and three firemen were taken out, seriously injured. Pipeman Anderson of hose No. 1 received a badly sprained aukle; Driver Demp-sey of hose No. 1 was badly burned about the face, and Captain Carter of hose No. 2

the face, and Captain Carter of hose No. 2
was burned and badly cut by striking
against a box while falling.

The material in the basement, which consisted of furs, belonging to parties in the city
and left there for storage, burned rapidly and
was almost totally destroyed before the fire was brought under control.

An examination of the building indicates

that the fire broke out in the northwest cor-ner of the basement, in a pile of boxes, which contained furs that had been packed away and might have been burning for several hours before it broke through into the room The ladies who own the millinery stock

were at the store at 2 o'clock yesterday after-noon and when they left there was no fire in the furnace, nor had there been for several days. They knew nothing about the base ment, only that it was used for a storcroom, and that there were no gas jets or other lights used there.
Fritz Kooper, the manager for E. Pinkert

Fritz Kooper, the manager for E. Pinkert & Co., stated that the room in the basement where the fire originated was full of boxes containing furs and winter goods, and that in these were packed at least one hundred seal sacques belonging to ladies in the city, left with his house during the summer. He said he was in the store yesterday but was not in the basement.

The theory of Kooper is that the origin of The theory of Kooper is that the origin of the fire was from spontaneous combustion, and originated in a pile of undressed furs that had been packed away in the rear of the

After the fire had been subdued the store presented a sorry sight. Down in the base-ment, floating around in four feet of water, were costly scal-skin garments, partially burned, boxes of ladies' hats, totally ruined, together with gloves and a thousand and one other articles that help to keep out the win-In the room above the condition of affairs

In the room above the condition of minars was even worse, as where but a few hours before had been a complete and costly stock of millinery, hair goods, ladies' furnishing goods and furs, nothing remained but the wire frames of a few bonnets and the burned remnants of the two stocks.

The stock of tobaccos owned by Erleck &

Dongstadter, although not destroyed by fire, was badly damaged by smoke and water. Where the fire burned through from the basement it worked its way through the partition smoke and necessitating the turning of a stream into their room.

The building is damaged to such an extent

that both the basement and the first floors will have to be relaid and general repairs made before it will be ready for occupancy. The losses are estimated as follows: Greenman & Robinson, millinery goods, \$18,000, with \$5,000 insurance.

E. Pinkert & Co., furs, \$6,000, with \$2,000 insurance. Erleck & Langstadter, cigars and tobacco,

J. A. Creighton, loss on building, \$3,000, The loss to the two ladies is the most severe, as they moved into the building last. September, investing their entire capital, which they had accumulated by hard labor and years of toil. Last night, when seen, they stated that they were financially ruined, and it would be doubtful if they would be able to resume busi-

The Pinkert firm, which is a branch of Kansas City house, and is wealthy, will open again as soon as new quarters can be secured n a suitable location.

Regarding the origin of the fire, members of the department differ with Mr. Kooper, as they claim it would be impossible for a case of spontaneous combustion to occur, as the quantity of furs stored was not sufficient to generate enough heat to cause the fire, and again, they claim that had this been the case, in the close room, without ventilation, it would have taken days for the fire to have gained any headway, and the smoke would have been discovered yesterday afternoon, when parties were in the store. The case is regarded as a mysterious one by the depart-ment and will be fully investigated. ment, and will be fully investigated.

The Pharmaceutical Convention. The state Pharmaceutical association will hold its annual meeting at Washington hall, commencing Tuesday and continuing until Thursday.

About seven hundred members will be in attendance and the committee of arrange ments have completed the details for the entertainment of the visitors. This com-mittee of arrangements consists of C. F. Goodman, president of the association; J. C. Penfold, D. W. Saxe, N. A. Kuhn, James Forsythe and Max Becht.

The meeting of the association will be given up principally to the reading of papers upon various subjects, pertinent to the profession of the members, and the question of prohibi-tion will undoubtedly be presented for consid-eration. A local pharmacist, who is posted on the feeling of the members generally, says the members of the association will undoubt-edly unite in opposing the prohibition move-ment.

ment.

During the meetings of the association displays of drugs, etc., will be made by wholesale drug houses.

Wednesday evening the members of the association will attend the performance at Boyd's opera house in a body, and Thursday afternoon they will be driven about the city.

The meeting will probably adjourn Thursday will probably adjourn Thursday and the city.

afternoon they will be driven about the city. The meeting will probably adjourn Thursday afternoon.

The state board of pharmacy will hold an examination of applicants for permits to practice pharmacy at the Murray hotel today. The board econists of Henry Cook of Red Cloud, president; Max Becht of Omaha, first vice president; J. E. Riggs of Lincoln, second vice president; Henry D. Boyden of Grand Island, secretary, James Reed of Nebraska City, treasurer. These examinations are held quarterly and are usually attended by about forty applicants.

Friday next the board will hold an examination at Lincoln, and on Saturday an examination will be held at Red Cloud.

The perfume of violets, the purity of the by, the glow of the rose and the flush of Hebe combine in Pozzoni's wondrous Powder. Thomas Passed a Bad Dollar.

Thomas J. Hywhn was at a chop house with a bad dollar last evening. With it he paid for a meal. Later in the night the quali-ty of the coin was discovered and Thomas was hunted up to be jailed. Today he will be turned over to the United States au-

Van Houten's Cocoa-Delicious, made la



The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is wor. by your confidence. It is peculiar in that it strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. Give it a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

BANK CLEARINGS.

Financial Transactions of the Country for the Last Week.

Boston, May II.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The following table, compiled from dispatches from the clearing houses of the cities named, shows the gross exchanges for last week, with rates per cent of increase or decrease as compared with the similar amounts for the corresponding week in 1889:

CITIES.

CLEARINGS.

New York	\$824,890,574	14.5	
Boston	109,077,804	18.5	
Chicago	88,777,000	188.2	
Philadelphia	78,6a1,041	. 2000	1 67
St. Louis	24,465,874	127.2	
San Ermocisco	15.029.334	8.0	
Pittsburg Baltimore	14,955,174	136.4	
Baltimore	14,380,552		
Cincinnati	13.865.300	24.1	
Kansas City	11,840,413	33.9	
New Orleans	8,645,432	24.1 31.9 16.5	
Louisville	8,231,245	76.8	
Minneapolis	7,000,407	2017.4	
Buffalo Milwankoe	7,692,562	\$49.01.75	
Millwankee	6,400,000	55.0	
Denver	6,381,629	22.0	
Omaha Detroit Providence	6,174,562 6,050,283	66.0	
Detroit	 6.050.256 	26.1	
	4,912,700	4.9	
St. Paul	4,758,406	1 10 10	
Cieveland	4,560,045	1357 (198)	
Cotumbus	8,293,400	6.6	
Dallas	2,008,375	128.0	
Richmond	2,265,936		16
Memphis	2,165,400	4.1	
Hartford	2,070,132	5.4	
Duluth	1,588,005	1977,179	2.4
Washington	1,872,078	D4.0	
Indianapolis	1.779,707	2000	3
Fort Worth	1,689,701	9.614	
Peoria	1,605,548 1,600,902		3
St. Joseph	1,600,902	29.2	
New Haven	1,647,514	41.1	
Galveston	1,300,401		
Springfield	1,800,886 4,965,945	9.9	
Portland, Me Worgester	1,050,420	21.0	TA
Syracuse	1,001,253	10.3	10
Wichita			
Silver City	861, 110 867,010 844,814 785,613	21.0	
Sionx City	844 814	50.0	
Norfolk	795 613	23 0 23 0	
Tacoma	777 456	135.0	
Chattanoora	771,458 736,000	100.0	
Chattanooga Lowell	734 000	3.4	
Des Moines	7/14,000 706,739	100	156
Wilmington	690.854	2011	A)
Lincoln	-645,838	10.1	1
Los Angeles	ARTA CHIPATA		1
Los Angeles Lexington, Ky	448.814	21.0	Ä
Popeka.	644,300 448,814 306,900 306,702 9,704,816 1,214,569 2,098,209		3
Topeka New Bedford	306,102	6.6	
Montreal	9,704,816	77.1.0.0	2
Hallinx	1,214,569	8.4	100
Portland, Ore	2,098,209		
Sait Lake			
*Toledo	1,469,612		
*Rochester	1,412,941		
Seattle	1,139,288		
Birmingham	1,400,012 1,412,941 1,139,288 883,304	+++++++	-
Total Outside New York	\$1,313,489,023 \$480,003,449	16.1	51
Juraide New York	\$480,009,4491	19.7	

Two Chinamen Found Cut to Pieces in

a Cabin. Curco, Cala., May 11.-A terrible highbinder tragedy occurred on a ranch in Colusa county some time last week. Au Won, Au Chung and Au Foy, Chinese woodchoppers, occupied an isolated cabin. Not having been seen for several days a visit was paid to their cabin yesterday and the bodies of Au Chung and Au Soy were found literally cut to piece and partially devoured by coyotes. The cut ting had been done with an ax. Au Wong was missing. Last Tuesday a strange Chi-naman called on a physician in Colusa to have a pistol wound treated, saying he had been shot in a quarrel with two companions. The

wound was not very serious and he soon dis-

Steamship Arrivals. At Boston-The Scythia, from Liverpool, At London-Sighted: The America, from

At Hamburg-The Rhaetia, from New At Glasgow-The Austria, from Philadel-At New York-The Goscogne, from Havre, the Brittannia and Rugia, from Hamburg.
At Queenstown—The British Prince, from
Philadelphia; the Aurania, from New York.

At Havre-The Normandie, from New Foul Play Feared. Миррывоворон, Ky., May 11.—Fears are entertained that Captain Hawkins, chief revenue officer, and his posse of twenty men, who left Middleborough Wednesday last to destroy illicit stills in the Comberland mountains, met with foul play at the hands

of the moonshiners. Thursday afternoon Hawkins telegraphed for a special train to convey seventy-five prisoners and witnesses to Covington. Since that time nothing has been heard or seen of him or the posse. A search party will be organized. Catholic Societies Federate.

Pirrssung, Pa., May 11.-At a meeting of Roman Catholics tonight an organization was perfected to be known as the American Federation of Catholic societies. It is proposed to consolidate all the Catholic organizations in the country under that name. Arrange ents have been perfected for a grand published demonstration in this city June 4 next.

Signed the Samoan Treaty. San Francisco, Cal., May 11.-The Zole landia brings from Samoa the particulars of the signing of the treaty by King Molieton and the American, British and German con suls on April 19. Much interest was manifested and there was a great gathering of natives.



A cream of tartar baking powder. Higher of leavening strength.-U. S. Government He-