THE OMAHA BEE.

COUNCIL BLUFFS.
OFFICE: NO. 12 PEARL STREET.

Delivered by carrier in any part of the City.
H. W. TILTON..........MANAGER.
TELEPHONES:
BUSINESS OFFICE, No. 43.
NIGHT EDITOR, No. 23.

MINOR MENTION.

N. Y. P. Co.

Council Bluffs Lumber Co., coal.

Paper hangers wanted at Gillette & Ficeman's, 23 Pearl street, Council Bluffs.

Henry Coffeen has taken out a permit for a $1,200 residence in Stutsman's first addition.

Dalby's military band will give their second annual ball at Masonic temple this evening.

The open cars for summer use on the electric motor line are being repainted and fitted up for the work of the coming season.

J. G. Tipton yesterday sold the Widow Frainey property on Fifth avenue, opposite the Catholic church, to E. L. Shugart.

The Veteran Firemen's association will meet at the city building this evening at 7:30 sharp. All veteran firemen are requested to attend.

The cases against Officers Doyle and Bowling for assault and battery of the Zaltmanns a week and a half ago, have been continued till Monday.

J. F. Reed, who was recently sent to the county jail for thirty days by Judge McGee for an assault on Bertelsmerer, is out on bail, having furnished a bond of appeal to the district court.

Attention Knights of Pythias—Regular meeting St. Albans lodge No. 17 at Castle hall tonight. Work in first, second and third ranks. Visiting knights cordially invited. John J. Stork C. C.

The defendant in the case of D. E. Gleason vs George H. Champ yesterday filed a motion in the district court to strike a part of the answer filed by the defendant, out. This is a suit for $20,000 damages for libel.

Henry Powell was yesterday fined $15.10 for the larceny of money from the money drawer of Wardian's meat market, corner of Sixteenth and Broadway. His mother paid the fine and the boy was taken home.

A fine setter dog belonging to Robert Graham died yesterday from the effects of poison which was given to it last Tuesday by some person or persons unknown. This is the third animal which the family have lost in the same way.

The county auditor has just completed the school apportionment of this county for the month of April. The total apportionment is $1,480,194. The total school population of the county is 18,274, and the amount for each pupil is therefore 81 cents.

The sociable of the Congregational church will be held at the residence of Mrs. A. B. Walker this evening. Mrs. Harrington, Mrs. Hazleton, Mrs. McNaughton, Mrs. Marshall and Mrs. Montgomery will assist Mrs. Walker in the entertainment.

An evening session of the district court was held last evening to hear the mechanic's lien case of Crafts vs Jensen. I. N. Flickinger appeared for the plaintiff and Hon. W. H. Ware for the defendant. The case was not finished when court adjourned at 10:30, and will be concluded the first thing this morning.

The police are looking for Frank Carroll, who insulted a young lady on East Pierce street Wednesday afternoon. Carroll has skipped out, and it is not probable that he will put in an appearance here again for some time. He was implicated in several similar cases here about a year ago, but in some way managed to escape punishment.

George E. Jeffers yesterday filed a petition for divorce from Amanda Jeffers with the clerk of the district court, alleging desertion. He sets forth that he married the defendant in February, 1881, asd lived with her until May, 1887, when she ran away and has not been a wife to him since that time. He also prays for the custody of their eight-year-old son, Bertie Jeffers. The case will be heard at the September term of court.

The case of David Gray vs. U. H. White is on trial in the district court. The ownership of certain property in Turley's Glen and a business block on Main street is in controversy. Yesterday's session was consumed in reading depositions in the case. As there are yet nineteen witnesses to be examined on behalf of the plaintiff the case promises to be a long one and will undoubtedly occupy the attention of the court for the remainder of the week.

Since the police department headquarters were moved to the second floor of the city jail the marshal has been crowded for room, as one room used for storing prisoners' effects was taken for other purposes. For this reason the office on the lower floor has been divided by a wire screen, and the common herd will hereafter be barred out from the august presence of the marshal. His screen, however, is not malaria proof, and the sewer gas will get in its work on him just the same.

Judge Thornell will arrive in the city today to hear the arguments in the Frainey contempt case. By agreement of counsel the case was set for a hearing today. Frainey's attorneys will endeavor to purge the contempt under which the defendant is now serving an indefinite term in the couny jail. A half dozen witnesses have been subpœnaed in behalf of the defendent, besides those who recently made affidavit in Frainey's behalf, who will be brought in fer cross-examination by opposing counsel.

Elmer F. Plank, a refreshingly innocent specimen from Pennsylvania, will hold the Bluffs in $15 worth of remembrance for years to come. He was sauntering about town yesterday waiting for his train to leave for the west, when he saw an opportunity to do a little private banking business with an interesting stranger who happened to be short of money. It was the same old "con" man, with the same old racket and the same old check. It was a brand new "sucker," but it was the same old result. Perhaps the guileless youth himself has learned a lesson, but it seems too much to expect that anyone else will profit by his experience.

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Century, Harper, Scribner, St. Nicholas Youths' Companion and all magazines bound neat and substantial by Morehouse & Co., Pearl street.

◆

Special sale of Japanese water drop tea sets, unique, new and beautiful, at Lund Brothers'. Prices 15c, 20c and 25c.

◆

Do you know that you can be suited better and save more money, whether you be lady, gentleman, youth or child, by buying your shoes at the Boot Upside Down shoe store, 25 Main street, than you can at any other place in the west? It will pay you to investigate this, for to be suited and save money is the royal road to wealth as well as health.

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PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Mrs. W. H. Beck is recovering from a serious illness.

George Wise left yesterday for a trip of two weeks through the state.

Sol Bloom of Deadwood, S. D., is the guest of John T. Stewart, on Bluff street.

Rev. Dr. Phelps and Thomas Officer left yesterday for Red Oak to attend the meeting of the Council Bluffs presbytery.

Senator Groneweg and Representative W. H. Ware are home from Des Moines, where they have completed their legislative labors.

City Physician H. B. Jennings, Dr. J. M. Barstow and Dr. Macrae are attending the state medical convention now in session at Des Moines.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Chaney left Wednesday evening for the east. Mrs. Chaney goes to visit in Philadelphia and Mr. Chaney will accompany her as far as Chicago.

Justice Hendricks met with a painful accident Wednesday night by stepping on a corn cob, which rolled with him, turning his ankle and compelling him to use crutches.

C. H. Taylor of Red Cliff, Colo., is in the city, the guest of George H. Wheeler, on Harmony street. Mr. Taylor is extensively interested in mining property, and is associated with Mr. Wheeler in several heavy real estate deals.

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Have you any paper-covered book? Have them bound neat and attractive by Morehouse & Co., Pearl street.

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Cream pitchers at Lund Brothers'.

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Water Works $16.

Without doubt there are many persons now building houses here who want to use the city water, but are unable to pay the usual price for introducing the water into their premises. Appreciating this fact, the New York Plumbing company will locate a yard hydrant sixteen feet from the curb line, and connect the same with water main, with everything complete and the water ready to use for $16. Cash with order. This offer applies to unpaved streets where mains are laid.

IN AND ABOUT THE BLUFFS.

The Driving Park Boom Proposition Meets With General Favor.

DEATH OF FRANK E. LAWRENCE.

The Location of the West End School Agreed Upon—A Crazy Canadian Cared For—The Bayliss Park Fountain.

Henry Somerfield is the name given by an insane man who came in over the Northwestern yesterday morning. He jumped from the train at Logan, but the trainmen captured him and brought him to this city, as he was ticketed to this point. When the train arrived here the police were notified and Somerfield was locked up. He said he had murdered his family and then denied it, and finally said that he knew he would be hanged for the commission of the awful crime. He particularly requested that his body should be decently buried and his murdered family cared for. His statements were so disconnected that no dependence was placed in them. He said that he came from Chatham, Ont., and had clothing wrapped in a paper bearing the name of a Chatham firm. He had a Canadian $5 bill and some tobacco bearing the brand of a Montreal firm. He undoubtedly came from Canada and lost his mind during the trip. He says he has a brother, Amos Somerfield, living at Dunlap, Ia., and a sister named Mrs. Bethers in this city. He will be held here until his friends appear, or in case they cannot be reached will be sent to the asylum for treatment.

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BOSTON STORE.

Council Bluffs.

The Boston store, Council Bluffs, is now showing the latest in beaded wraps, capes and mantillas. Ask to see our capes and wraps at $1.95, $2.25, $3.00, $3.50, $4.25 and $5.00 The latest in cloth capes in blacks, tans, etc., at $2.25 and $3.00.

Special bargains in jersey coats at $2.25, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $4.75, $5.50 and $6.00, actually worth from 25 to 33 per cent more.

Our jersey coats at $2.25 and $3.00 beat the world.

Shawls we show a complete line of at prices that are sure to suit almost anyone, all the latest style and best value in the market. Second floor.

Boston store, Fotheringham, Whitelaw & Co., leaders and promoters of low prices, Council Bluffs, Ia.

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The Driving Park Deal.

Several of the stockholders of the Union Driving park were seen yesterday regarding the proposition of certain Omaha parties to take a half interest in the park, as outlined exclusively in yesterday's BEE. Of those interviewed not one was opposed to the plan, but on the contrary were heartily in favor of it. Said one of them:

"The only trouble will be to get hold of the property at a reasonable figure. Some of our stockholders have refused for months to put in another cent in the way of making repairs and have refused to give racing meetings or any kind of entertainments for fear they would have to put up something out of their own pockets. They have been crazy to sell out and have almost prayed for somebody to come along and take the property off their hands at what it cost them. Now that there is a chance to sell out they have advanced their prices and some of them want fully 50 per cent more than they did a month ago. They are unwilling to help boom the park themselves, but if someone else will do it they are ready to sit still and get what benefit they can. I have never cared to sell my stock, but if that is the only way in which these Omaha folks can get an interest here I will sell it at just what it cost me and a fair rate of interest, although I prefer to hold it. These men who are pushing the scheme are all wealthy and are financially able to put the park on a paying basis. They are interested in the Omaha park, but the lease has nearly expired and the track, which is only half a mile long, is not as good as it should be. What they want to do is to organize an association similar to the Twin City Jockey club of Minneapolis and St. Paul and run it in a manner that will not only pay the stockholders but will creditably advertise our twin cities of the Missouri valley. We have a joint population of 150,000 and we could have an association that needn't take a back seat for any of them.

"With the electric motor line in successful operation our park is as easy of access for Omahans as is the park on the other side of the river and the paved drive on Broadway makes it better in that respect than their own. If the deal can be carried through we ought to have a lively season at the park this year. Such men as Nat Brown, J. H. Millard, W. A. Paxton and John Creighton can certainly make a go of it if anyone can and I am anxious to have them show what they can do."

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Chamber sets at Lund Brothers'.

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New goods received today at the New York Racket store, 302 Broadway.

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A good hose reel free with every 100 feet of hose purchased at Bixby's.

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The Manhattan sporting headq'rs, 418 B-way.

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Several desirable dwellings with modern improvements for rent in vicinity of the Presbyterian church. E. H. Sheafe & Co., rental agents.

◆

We want you to list your rental property with us and we will secure you good, reliable tenants. Rents collected and special attention given to care of property. E. H. Sheafe & Co., Broadway and Main st., up stairs.

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Death of Frank E. Lawrence.

Frank E. Lawrence, son of Dr. and Mrs. N. D. Lawrence of this city, died Wednesday evening at San Diego, Cal., of Bright's disease, after a long and painful illness. His wife and sister were at his bedside. The deceased first went to the coast about two years ago, hoping to benefit his failing health, and for a time was very much improved, but a few months ago began to fail rapidly, and his relatives here were notified that he could not live through the summer. He had a wide circle of friends in this city who will be pained to learn of his death. The remains will be brought to this city for interment.

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Don't fail to see the beautiful line of library lamps at Lund Brothers', 23 Main street.

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Finest photo gallery in the west—Sherraden's new place, 43 and 45 Main street.

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Dr. H. S. West, porcelain crown and bridge work, No. 12 Pearl.

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If you wish to sell your property call on the Judd & Wells Co., C. B. Judd president, 606 Broadway.

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West End Education.

The school board meets next Monday evening in regular monthly session, and will then formally select a site for the location of the proposed new building in the western part of the city. As a matter of fact, the site is already agreed upon, and is located on the Cochran tract between Twenty-second and Twenty-third streets and Second and Third avenues. It consists of five lots and is 250x130 feet in size. It is the intention to arrange all preliminary matters as quickly as possible and then push the work on the new structure.

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J. C. Bixby, steam heating, sanitary engineer, 943 Life building, Omaha; 202 Merriam block, Council Bluffs.

◆

Choice residence property centrally located for sale by E. H. Sheafe & Co.

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The Leaders

of fine watches and jewelry in the city, and the place to buy the best goods at the lowest prices, is the establishment without rivals, the most reliable firm of

C. B. JACQUEMIN & Co.

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The Bayliss Park Fountain.

The contract for the stone work for the new fountain to be placed in Bayliss park was le

yesterday to Drexell & Fall of Omaha. The material to be used will be the Lake Superior red sandstone. The basin will be thirty-two feet in diameter and the fountain in the center will rise above it to a height of twenty-five feet. The work will be commenced at once, and before the leaves on the trees surrounding it are full blown the handsomest and most costly fountain in the west will be dashing its spray heavenward. The total cost of the fountain will exceed $4,000.

Flower pots at Lund Brothers'.

You can select your binding from samples at Morehouse & Co.

Good paper hangers at Crockwell's.

Drs. Woodbury have removed their dental office to 101 Pearl street, up stairs.

S. B Wadsworth & Co., 207 Pearl street, loan money for Lombard Investment company.

Important to Horsemen: Large line horse and turf goods. Probstle, 552 B—y, C. B.

If you want the best Wall paper go to J. D. Crockwell's.

An Enjoyable Programme.

The following programme will be presented at the Royal Arcanum musicale tonight at the Royal Arcanum hall:

Address........................Rev. T. J. Mackay
Cornet Solo { a. In Old Madrid.........Trotere
{ b. Dreams ....Strelezki
Master Willie Murphy.
Solo........................"Little Annie Rooney"
Ed Cogley.
Recitation...........................''Garnaut Hall"
Miss Sophie Gerner.
Soprano Solo.... ..."When the Lights are Low"
Mrs. W. W. Sherman.
Recitation in Signs..............."Rock of Ages"
Mrs. D. W. McDermid.
Vocal Duet..............................."Trusting"
Mrs. Judd and Miss Ellis.
Piano Duet. ....Grande Galop de Concert
Misses Maud Cavin and Gertie Gleason.
Instrumental Quartette........Mandolin Club
Messrs. Keating, Ross, Michiner and Patterson.
Accompanists: Miss Anna Patterson and Mrs. Ed Cogley.

J. G. Tipton, real estate, 527 Broadway.

HAY FOR SALE.

One hundred tons of hay for sale in stack at Lake Manawa. BEN MARKS.

Scott house, 22, 24 Main street, Council Bluffs, newly furnished, $1 a day; meals 25c.

The gasoline stove is more dangerous than the unloaded gun. Save life and property by using the C. B. Gas and Electric Light Co.'s gas stove.

Big Bargains at the Carpet Store.

These days are filled with important events for the housekeepers. It is the beginning of the house cleaning season, when people realize that they need new carpets, curtains and drapery. At the Council Bluffs Carpet Company's low prices and big discounts will be the rule. Look at these prices: All wool ingrains, 60 cents a yard; other grades, 50, 40, 30 and 25 cents a yard; Brussels, from 60 cents to $1.25; Moquettes, $1.25 and $1.35. Chenille curtains $7, former price $14; lace curtains cheaper than ever. Five foot pole with brass trimmings. 25 cents.

MOUND BUILDING IN NEW YORK.

Valuable Archæological Discoveries Made by a Civil Engineer.

A valuable archæological discovery, says the New York Commercial Advertiser, was recently made by Alexander Crawford Chenoweth, an engineer on the Croton aqueduct, who lives on the Kingsbridge road, near Inwood street. Three mounds in the fields opposite his house excited his interest as an amateur archæologist, and he determined to examine them. He found flint arrowheads and several flat, square stones on the largest mound, and on digging unearthed a human skeleton a few feet below the surface. It was surrounded by broken bits of pottery.

Mr. Chenoweth sent an account of the discovery to Prof. F. W. Putnam, of Harvard university, who replied that the discovery was of great value, and instructing him how to proceed. Within the last few days Mr. Chenoweth has exhumed six skeletons and a quantity of broken pottery and stone implements, and has found a grave with seventeen more skeletons.

The graves have been cut into the rock. Each skeleton was found lying on its back, with arms extended and hands crossed. One of the skeletons was that of a man about seven feet six inches high. The skeletons were evidently those of Indians. The pottery had been broken to render it useless, if dug up by Indians, and some of the articles were simply roughly shaped stones, made to do duty instead of the more valuable implements. The mound in which the remains were found was about twenty-five feet high and one hundred feet in diameter.

"Fight Fair," Said the Judge.

"When you fight again, fight fair. When I was a boy we fought fair."

Judge Moore of the court of sessions, Brooklyn, said this yesterday to twelve-year-old Danny Whitman, who had been indicted for stabbing with a penknife a playmate named Paul Dubey.

The knife was used during a quarrel and when Dubey and his "crowd" were pounding Danny, says the New York Morning Journal. The wound was a pretty severe one, but Dubey is now recovered.

The little culprit was in great terror while he stood before the judge. He cried and moaned and evidently expected to be sentenced to be hanged. But the tears ceased when the judge said:

"I let you go home this time because I know you are not a bad boy, but if you come here again I'll have to send you home to be thoroughly flogged or else put you in prison. Never use a penknife. Fight fair."

"Yes, sir; I'll fight fair," said Danny, and in another instant he was skipping out of the court room with his pleased father. As he went through the door he said: "Father, I wonder if the judge ever had a crowd all jump on him at once as they did on me."

Dakota Farmers Don't Like It.

A large majority of the farmers of North Dakota, says a dispatch from Larimore, are indignant over the alleged charity of the business men of St. Paul and Minneapolis, and it is the intention of most of them to refuse the seed wheat purchased with the $300,000 guarantee fund raised in the Twin Cities. They look on the arrangement as a scheme concocted by the elevator companies, the millers and bankers to sell wheat at 25 cents a bushel more than it is worth in the market and get 12 per cent interest on their money under the agreement. A needy farmer must pay $1 for every bushel he secures for seed out of the first money he receives on his crop because the seed-wheat loan becomes a first lien and is ample security to those who furnish the wheat if the yield is even five bushels an acre.

The whole affair is considered doubly an outrage because the North Dakota farmers were last fall forced to have this same wheat graded No. 2, and received 50 cents a bushel for it. Now they are asked to receive it from the elevator companies as No. 1 hard and pay $1 per bushel for it with interest at the rate of 12 per cent. In many communities the more thrifty farmers will aid those who are needy, while in others there is a disposition to sow no grain at all rather than submit to this new species of robbery.

Job Briggs, the mail carrier on the Campbell, N. C., route, delivers his mail to the offices on foot, walking twenty-four miles one day and thirty-one miles next day. During a year he steps over 8,450 miles, and at this rate would cover the circuit of the globe in three years, exclusive of Sundays.

AIMED AT PRODUCE GAMBLERS

What the Committee on Agriculture Has in Mind to Do.

GROSS WRONG TO THE FARMERS.

How the Natural Law of Supply and Demand is Made Inoperative—The Regulation of Adulterated Food Traffic.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—[Special to The to The Bee.]—A day will shortly be given in the house for the consideration of measures from the committee on agriculture. It is understood that Chairman Funston intends to first push to a conclusion the Butterworth bill prohibiting speculation in the future delivery of farm products. This is undoubtedly the most important measure in the interest of farmers before congress. Chairman Funston and in fact all of the committee on agriculture, are in earnest about this measure becoming a law at the present session of congress, and should its consideration be reached there is no doubt of its adoption.

Unquestionably speculators are largely responsible for the prices paid for farm produce, and it is believed that the adoption of the bill to prohibit speculation in the future delivery of cereals, cattle and other articles produced by farmers, will have the effect of immediately bringing up prices for these articles of commerce. The glut in the markets which is causing a depression among farmers is producing great concern in congress, and relief in this direction is of much more importance just now than anything else. Chairman Funston in an interview with your correspondent today said:

"Supply and demand lie at the base of all legitimate trade and commerce. The function of congress is to manipulate the supply and to take it from the place of production and distribute it along the channels of trade to points of consumption, and each citizen who is entitled to the respect of the community is engaged in some manner in the field of production or in that of legitimate trade and commerce. Those who play with the markets in such a way as to make fictitious prices for articles really existing by reprobating the conditions of supply and demand are a curse to legitimate commerce, and should be restrained. The farmer gives his honest labor to the production of articles which are necessary in every day living, and it is a crime for speculators to trifle with the highest interests of the farmers, even for a consideration such as is given speculators. There is no boubt whatever that the bulls and bears on the market join hands in keeping prices down, and there is never a high market from which the farmers benefits, except when a 'corner' is made, and the history of our commerce shows that there are a hundred depressions in the market to one 'corner.' A lull in the market at first takes the place of the work of the bear, and there is a great depression. The Butterworth bill will put a stop to what-are termed 'puts' and 'calls,' which mean options permitting the speculator to buy or sell at will. Under the present arrangement of speculators, a lot of gamblers can get together and fix prices upon farm products in such a way as to put the legitimate producers' supply at their mercy. It is impossible, under the existing conditions for a farmer to figure in advance, and disappointment more than short crops result in the downfall of our friends in the rural districts.

"To my mind, the first act of congress should be to put a stop to this speculation in farm produce and permit the natural law of supply and demand to regulate the prices. We talk about farmers producing a greater variety of crops in order to avoid a glut in certain staples. The farmers may turn their attention to the production of other articles than these, but our farm products are nearly all sold through the boards of trade, and the big dealers can easily get together and in spite of the volume of production say just what the prices shall be. The committee on agriculture has beside the option bill a measure creating a labratory under the department of agriculture which shall have jurisdiction over our food articles, so that nothing can be manufactured or sold which is deleterious to health, and everything adulterated must be sold for what it really is; also the Conger pure lard bill, which taxes compound lard and requires it to be sold under a special brand; but to my mind, the highest interest to the farmer is involved in the bill which prohibits speculation upon the future delivery of farm products, and permits the supply and demand to regulate the prices of the markets. The option bill covers the entire field of demand for articles produced on the farm, while the measures affect only stated articles, of more or less importance."

Mr. Funston is undoubtedly correct in his premises. If he succeeds in securing the adoption of the option bill, he will make himself famous with the farming interests of the United States. Besides this, there is a division in the house on the other two measures now pending, which will bring apout a discussion of the details resulting in the defeat of at least one of the bills, that effecting the compound, because it involves the interests of the south, which produces cotton seed oil, while there appears to be no division of consequence upon the question of the option bill. Nearly every man in congress concedes that the measure against speculation in farm products should become a law, while not only every cotton producing state in the south is dead against the Conger pure lard bill, but the organization of Knights of Labor and the people who are compelled to buy the cheapest articles of food. Messrs. McClommy of North Carolina and Morgan of Mississippi, members of the committee on agriculture, have submitted a very interesting and important report against the Conger lard bill. Undoubtedly they occupy the popular position with the poor people of the country, and the entire south, which is interested in the production of cotton seed oil, the latter interest being deeply involved in this measure, the destruction of which is threatened in the event of its adoption. These gentlemen contend in their minority report that the real object of this bill is to legislate the manufacturing and sale of compound lard in this country out of existence. They show that compound lard is fully as good if not better than slaughter house lard, and that since it sells at a lower price it is the popular food article with the common people, and that inasmuch as it is sold for just what it is, there being a special brand upon it, to drive it out of the market would be unjust and criminal There has been all winter and is now a lobby here representing the slaughtering house interests, and it has been maintained for several years, working for the adoption of this bill, and the report of Messrs. McClommy and Morgan shows that the demand for the passage of this measure is a demand from a rival business interest, and that there is no demand whatever from the consumers. It is proposed in the bill to tax compound lard and place it under the odious supervision of the internal revenue department, which will prejudice its sale, subject it to a rate of taxation which will compel it to be sold for a price as high as the slaughter house lard, and have the effect of driving it out of the market. Representatives of the southern states and organized labor will make a fight against this measure when it comes up in the house which it is believed cannot be resisted, and which will have the effect of defeating the proposition, fo that it will come up at some future day in a general bill covering the entire subject of food adulteration. PERRY S. HEATH.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

An Attempt to Ignore the Civil Service Law Creates a Breeze.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—In the senate today Mr. Cullom presented a petition signed by many citizens of Ohio, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan, Colorado, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, North and South Dakota and Washington praying that sugar, lumber, salt, binding twine and materials entering into its composition be admitted free of duty and that a cut of at least 50 per cent be made on woolen, cotton and linen fabrics.

Mr. Plumb presented a resolution of the Newton, Kan., board of trade protesting against the imposition of any duty on ores containing lead imported from Mexico and

favoring the negotiation of a reciprocal treaty with that country.

Among the petitions and memorials presented was one from the Charleston board of trade protesting against the passage of the Butterworth anti-option and future bill.

Among the bills introduced was one by Mr. Regan, proposing an amendment to the constitution for the election of senators by a vote of the people.

A number of bills making appropriations for public buildings were then passed, among them being one for Mankato, Minn., for $150,000.

The house bill for the appointment and retirement of John C. Fremont as major general in the army was passed.

The house bill to transfer the revenue cutter service from the treasury to the navy was then taken up for consideration.

Mr. Sherman opposed the bill, which was laid over, and the senate proceeded to consider the house joint resolution for the appointment of thirty medical examiners for the pension bureau, without reference to the civil service law.

Mr. Faulkner moved to strike out the provision taking the appointments from the civil service.

Mr Cockrell said he had hoped some republican—the party of civil service reform—would have raised his head in defense of the civil service. Mr. Cockrell taunted the republican senators with a lack of sincerity and said the commissioner of pensions is now trampling under foot the civil service law and rules approved by the president, in which he is aided and abetted by the secretary of the interior. If the republicans intend to trample the civil service law under foot it should be done in a bold, manly way and not by skulking behind this joint resolution. He charged that the object of the pending measure was to destroy and break down the civil service law.

The vote on Mr. Faulkner's motion resulted: Yeas—18, nays—22. Not a quorum.

Messrs. Aldrich, Hoar and Sanders (republicans) voted in the affirmative with the democrats.

Roll call disclosed the presence of forty-four senators.

Mr. Hoar moved to amend the amendment by inserting the words "Under regulations to be prescribed by the president of the United States." These examiners, he said, were to be appointed only for a brief service—an emergency—and this was an additional reason why the general civil service rules should not apply. It was perfectly clear to him that the record of no party, no president, and, he, suspected, no senator could be found absolutely in accord with the strict letter of their declarations in regard to civil service reform.

Mr. Plumb hoped the senator from Massachusetts would limit his confessions to himself and commented upon the "combination" which seemed to exist between the democratic party and the senator from Massachusetts. The bill, he said, simply put the whole question of appointments in the president's power. It did not seem to him that the bill should have excited debate. The appointments were merely temporary ones.

After considerable further discussion Mr. Hoar modified his amendment to read: "Examination for appointment of these examiners shall be under the regulations prescribed by the president."

This was agreed to—yeas 38, nays 8—and without finishing the bill the senate adjourned.

House.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—After the reading of the journal the house adjourned out of respect to the memory of Mr. Randall, whose funeral was held today.

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Nebraska, Iowa and Dakota Pensions.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Pensions have been issued as follows: Nebraskans: Original—Henry Crischfield, Falls City; Stephen Feather, Panama; Lewis Brown, Lincoln; Philo L. Smith, Central City; Charles C. Dodnen, Grand Island; William S. Reeves, Lincoln. Increase—Richard Kinannon, Plattsmouth; Zaphaniah Munson, Blue Springs; Thomas E. Davis, Hastings. Reissue and increase—George W. Dunn, Chadron. Original widows, etc.—Cordellia A. Hall, formerly widow of William A. Sweet, Cedar Rapids; Mary J. Newton, former widow of Lewis Bowen, Lincoln.

Iowa: Original—James M. Gregg, Glasgow; Struble Hedgecock, Shenandoah; James N. Alexander, Carson; William Holliday, Hancock; John H. Miles, Corydon; Aaron Phillips, Lacy. Increase—Pierce Gilbert, Mason City; Robert W. Coulter, Farmington; Augustus Willifird, Burlington. Reissue—Alex. Moreland, North Liberty; Fred Zorn, Montezuma.

South Dakota: Original invalid—James Jones, Mermosa.

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IT WAS INTIMIDATION.

Only a Stuffed Lamb With a Dog's Tail Glued On.

It was in University place. A boy, preceded by a dog, was crossing by one of the paths, when he encountered a woman, preceded by a smaller dog, says the New York Sun. The two canines halted. So did their respective owners. The animals looked at each other fixedly from a distance of six feet each with his tail waving over his back, and each uttering low growls.

"Call off your dog!" exclaimed the woman, as she saw the situation.

"Call off yours," replied the boy.

"Can't you restrain your dog?" she demanded, in a high key.

"He ain't doin' nuthin'."

"Yes he is; he's intimidating my Fido."

"But your Fido is givin' him sass. I ain't goin' to restrain my dog when your dog is a-sayin' he kin lick him with one hand tied behind him."

"Here, Fido; haven't you more care for your reputation than to face such a low-down dog as that? Come here, this instant! I shall punish you for this!"

"Here, Shakspere," said the boy, as he gave his dog a light kick, "you let that animal alone. You tackled one just like him last fall and you had indigestion for two months. He ain't alive; he's just pretendin' to be. He's a stuffed lamb with a dog's tail glued on, and the woman works him with a string. Come along with me and I'll show you a reg'lar live dog down here."

◆

HAS SOME UNLIKELY STORIES.

The Rev. Robert Collyer Tells Why He Cannot Believe All the Bible.

The little handful of Hollanders who gathered in the meeting room at Eighteenth street and Blue Island avenue last evening heard the Rev. Robert Collyer tell in a most charming offhand manner the story of his break with the Methodist church, says the Chicago Tribune. It was a chat rather than a sermon, and Mr. Collyer sat comfortably in a chair on the platform with his legs crossed while he said:

"I remember more than twenty years ago when I was a Methodist preacher and a pretty good one, too, if I do say it, who shouldn't, going to a protracted meeting and hearing a young man preaching on the text: 'God is Love.' I'd been worried for a long time about the way the Methodists viewed God. They made the Almighty such a terror that you couldn't understand his love. The young man whom I speak of was just out of a theological seminary and he had it all right. He talked of the necessity of accepting religion right away. He said: 'There's that fire. I might hold my hand in it for five minutes and my suffering would give not even a faint idea of what the sinner suffers who dies in his sins.' I said to myself: 'I won't stand it. It's blasphemy against the most high.' I began to grumble, for I wasn't brave at first, and then I was summoned before the general conference. I said I didn't believe in total depravity. 'There's good and bad in all of us. We've got to cultivate the good and put our heels down on the bad. I've been happy in the Unitarian church."

Mr. Collyer said everything in the bible was not to be taken for true. "My little grandson, when he heard the story of Jonah and the whale, said: 'I don't think that it is a likely story,' and I isn't. We can't believe these things. I was puzzled over the story of Joshua having the sun to stand still at Ajalon while he hammered the poor fellows that he had no right to hammer, and that other one of the ram's horn that battered down the wall. They may do for the meeting house, but they wouldn't do for the world. So I concluded that the bible is made up of fine gold and dross. As we discover the dross we regret, but we take the gold to our hearts and crush it."

"You believe," he concluded, "in honesty. You believe in standing by the truth. You believe first, last and always that God is love. In the fullness of time every human being will be saved. It may be long, long years for some of them who go the wrong way, but through the mercy of God they will all reach home."

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Whisky Kills a Boy.

John Flynn, thirteen years old, who lived with his father, a laborer, of the same name, in the basement of a small frame building at No. 95 Watts street, died there early Tuesday evening of alcoholism, says the New York World. The boy had been in the habit of tippling for some time. He secured 10 cents on Tuesday and spent it for a soda water bottle of whisky, which he obtained at one of the numerous saloons near his home. He drank the whisky and became intoxicated. He was found a short time afterwards unconscious in a small closet. He died before a doctor could be summoned. Deputy Coroner Jenkins investigated the case, but was unable to learn where the boy got the whisky.

The boy's father said that his son had been sickly ever since birth and had for years been given whisky and milk as a stimulant. For the past year or two he has been taking a soda-water bottle of whisky daily and had purchased it with his parents' consent. He was in the habit of getting the whisky at one of the cheap saloons in the neighborhood.

◆

A Negro Butts an Ox to Death.

To win a wager of $5 "Big Six," a negro pugilist, butted an ox to death, says a St. Louis dispatch to the Chicago Tribune. He caught the animal by the horns with his hands and butted it between the eyes. Four times in rapid succession the negro's head struck the ox squarely in the forehead, causing the animal to reel and stagger. Drawing back a full arm's-length he ran his head against that of the ox with the force of a battering ram, knocking the four-legged brute to the ground, the ox dying inside of five minutes. There was a small lump on the negro's head after the butting feat, but he suffered no pain. "Big Six" stands five feet ten inches, weighs 240 pounds, and the muscles of his arms, shoulders and chests stand out in knots.

◆

Prohibition Reacted Hard.

A remarkable condition of affairs has been brought about here by the recent election, says a Weston, W. Va., dispatch to the New York Sun. A month ago a prohibition council and mayor were elected. Their refusal to grant liquor licenses cut down the estimated revenue for the year nearly 50 per cent. The town had made heavy contracts for lighting and improvements, and the prohibition council foresaw a heavy deficit. In order to escape the difficulty the entire council has resigned within the last two weeks, and nobody can be persuaded to fill their places. The town is without a government and without revenues, and meanwhile the sale of liquor goes merrily on.

◆

A Plucky Lady Journalist.

A young lady journalist in London, who was seeking admission to the reporters' gallery in the house of commons, scored an important point in securing the admission from the speaker, through Mr. Bradlaugh, that there was no law or order forbidding the admission of women to the gallery. She has shown so much pluck in pushing her claim that she has received four requests for "interviews" in the interest of other journals, one request for her portrait for publication and one offer of marriage.

◆

The Effect of Coffee.

According to the Lancet, Dr. Luderitz has recently made a number of observations on the destructive power of coffee upon various microbes. He found that the organisms all died in a longer or shorter period. In one series of experiments anthrax bacilli were destroyed in three hours, anthrax spores in four weeks, cholera bacilli in four hours, and the streptococcus of erysipelas in one day. Good and bad coffee produce precisely similar effects.

◆

The phonograph is to be utilized in preserving the language of the Passamaquoddy Indians by a plan arranged by the Massachusetts society.

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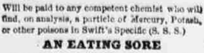

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WANTED to Trade—A clear farm in Nebraska, a clear business lot in Omaha for clear or encumbered residence lots. The Judd & Wells company, 606 Broadway, C. B. Judd, president.

WANTED to Trade—Houses and lots ranging in price from $300 to $5,000 for unimproved property. The Judd & Wells company, 606 Broadway, C. B. Judd, pres.

FOR RENT—Room, 60x20, suitable for woodworking or blacksmith shop; terms reasonable. Inquire on premises, rear of Gregory's horseshoeing shop. No. 123 S. Main st.

FOR $1 I will send by return mail to any address a splendid cabinet photograph of William Morgan, said to have been abducted and killed by Masons near Niagara Falls in 1826 for publishing the secrets of Masonry. E. A. Cool, Underwood, Ia.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Mrs. W. R. Reed, 325 Scott st.

FOR SALE—On monthly payments or terms to suit by the Judd & Wells company:

7-room two-story house, cor 8th ave. and 10th st., lot 55 by 132 feet, two blocks from motor line.

10-room house on 6th ave., one block from motor line.

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6-room house, two stories, ave. A and 12th st.

6-room story and a half house, ave. E, near North 7th st.

6-room house, also 4-room house on the motor line, between 20th and 21st sts.

Houses and lots in all parts of the city. The Judd & Wells company, 606 Broadway, C. B. Judd, pres.

FOR SALE—At a bargain: One double saw and slicer; one veneer machine with gearing complete, all new, suitable for basket factory. Inquire at Snyder's commission house, 22 Pearl st., Council Bluffs.

FOR RENT—Hawkeye roller flour and feed mills. Swan & Walker, Council Bluffs, Ia.

FOR SALE---New 8-room house with modern improvements, large grove lot, in 1st class neighborhood. This is a bargain, $3,500.

New 7-room cottage on Ave. F, near Oakland ave., with fine lot, $2,800.

Modern 2-story house on 8th ave., $2,500.

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7 acres inside acre property at a bargain.

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