A PAIR OF DIAMOND SHARPS

Spalding and Selee Seduce Cooney and Nagle from Omaha.

WE HAVE NO MANAGER NOW.

McCormick Controls the Omaha Stock but What the Future May Bring Forth No Man May Tell.

Is it a Combine?

That there is a secret movement going on in league circles, of which the minor bodies are totally in the dark, there is not the slightest doubt. It begins to look to a careful observer that the magnates of the leading base ball associations of the country are quietly entrenching themselves against any inroads upon their former old players that may be made by the brotherhood, and are signing as many of the best players of the minor bodies as they possibly can without exposing their plans to the public. It begins to look as if the national agreement was nil, insomuch as the reservation of players by the minor associations are concerned, and the welfare of the great national game is in imminent peril.

The writer was shown a letter from Jimmy Cooney, Omaha's clever all-round player, in which that gentleman positively states that he will not play in Omaha next season; that he and Tom Nagle have bota signed with Chicago. All reports to the contrary, this is a fact.

President McCormick was seen and apprised of the information conveyed in Cooney's letter and his explanation, in effect, was this:

On the 29th of September Frank Selee wired McCormick asking him his lowest terms for Cooney and Nagle. McCormick wired back, $1,000 for Cooney and $3,000 for Nagle."

Nothing further was heard about the matter until a few days ago, when President McCormick received a telegram from A. G. Spalding, president of the Chicagos, notifying him that he, Spalding, had signed Cooney and Nagle for Chicago for 1890, and that the price for their release, $3,000, would be deposited with Nick Young, president of the National League, subject to a draft by the Omaha management as soon as the deal had been completed with the players.

Through this source it was subsequently developed that Selee, on the receipt of McCormick's telegram, had given Spaulding an option of $3,000 on Cooney and Nagle for thirty days, and that Spalding had finally signed the players, paid them advance money, and closed the compact so far as they were concerned.

McCormick, of course was "red-headed" to use a little effective slang, and wired Spalding that he would not release either Cooney or Nagle; that Selee had exceeded his authority; that he had no right to give an option, sell or release a single player belonging to Omaha until he had a thorough understanding with the directors of the club. He also stated that he had wired and written Selee, two weeks ago, that all prices on Omaha players were off, and that negotiations for any of them should cease.

Further, the telegraph yesterday morning confirmed the report that Selee has signed to manage the Bostons next year, and this should be a pertinent pointer to the base ball people here, as he certainly has not acted in the best faith with Omaha. On leaving the city, Selee promised President McCormick to keep him posted of all his movements, particularly in regard to his negotiations for players, and about his conclusion upon the subject of the Boston management.

According to Cooney's letter, Selee has just been on a tour of the Omaha players' homes, and has seen them all.

What possible business can Selee have with these men at this season of the year? He is interested in them no longer, as his engagement with Boston severs his official relation with Omaha.

Cooney went with Selee to Springfield, Mass., to interview Canavan, but did not divulge the nature of their business.

It may be that the players of the minor bodies are to be gobbled up body and soul by the league, irrespective of all rights vested in these associations by virtue of the national agreement. President McCormick discredits this, however. He argues that the National league can not afford to throw away the annual payment to them of $25,000 by the minor bodies for the privilege of enjoying their protection and the restoration of their players. But this is where McCormick is off. All questions to be settled, judged or arbitrated upon must be left to the committee on arbitration, made up of the potentates of the National league and American association, with Nick Young as chief justice. To this board must go the cases of Cooney and Nagle. Will Omaha be allowed to retain her men after a price has been placed upon their heads by the president of said club to the manager? Not much. Cooney and Nagle have played their last ball in Omaha; that will do to gamble on. Mr. McCormick has succeeded in buying up a controlling interest in the Omaha base ball association, and the next best thing for him to do is to engage a good manager, a man competent to meet and cope with the wolves of the league upon their own ground and at their own game if necessary.

THE CHAMPIONSHIP SERIES.

New York 16, Brooklyn 7.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The eighth of the series of games between the New York and Brooklyn teams was played to-day at Washington park, Brooklyn, before 2,500 half frozen spectators. The Giants won. There was positively no interest in the game after the second inning. Score:

NEW YORK.	r.	h.	o.	a.	e.	BROOKLYN.	r.	h.	o.	a.	e.
Slattery, cf	2	1	0	0	0	O'Brien, lf	1	4	0	0	1
Tiernan, rf	3	2	2	0	1	Collins, 2b	2	0	5	1	0
Ewing, c	2	2	6	0	1	Burns, rf	1	1	0	0	0
Ward, ss	1	1	3	3	1	Foutz, 1&2b	1	1	5	0	0
Conner, 1b	2	3	10	0	0	Pinckney, 3b	0	0	2	2	0
Richardson, 2b	1	1	3	4	1	Visner, c	0	0	4	3	3
O'Rourke, lf	2	2	2	0	0	Terry, p&lb	0	1	3	0	0
Whitney, 3b	0	0	1	4	0	Corkhill, cf	1	0	2	0	0
Crane, p	0	1	0	4	0	Smith, ss	1	1	2	2	1
Totals	16	15	27	15	4	Totals	7	5	27	8	4

BY INNINGS.

New York	5	4	1	2	0	3	0	0	1		16
Brooklyn	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3		7

SUMMARY.

Earned runs—New York 6, Brooklyn 1. Two-base hits—Ewing 2. Three-base hits—Conner, O'Rourke, O'Brien, Burns. Home runs—Tiernan, Foutz. Stolen bases—Ward, Conner, Richardson, O'Brien 3. Double plays—Ward, Richardson and Conner. First base on balls—Crane 5, Foutz 2, Terry 2. Hit by pitched ball—Ward. Struck out—By Crane 4, by Terry 1, by Foutz 2. Passed balls—Visner 3. Wild pitches—Terry 1, Foutz 1. Time—1 hour and 57 minutes. Umpires—Gaffney and Lynch.

The Match Made.

Tom Conners, the champion catch-as-catch-can wrestler of America, and W. L. Mardis, a local athlete, met at THE BEE office and entered into the following for a match one week from Saturday evening:

Articles made and entered into this, the 27th day of October, 1889, by and between Tom Conners, of Milwaukee, and W. L. Mardis, of Omaha, for a catch-as-catch-can wrestling match, Conners to be handicapped as to time, he agreeing to throw Mardis three times in one hour, two shoulders down to constitute a fall, for the sum of $50 a side. Rest between falls, by mutual agreement, is to be one minute, but the actual time of wrestling to be sixty minutes. Said match to take place at the Coliseum, Saturday evening, November 9. As an earnest of good faith, each party has this day deposited $25 as a forfeit with the sporting editor of THE BEE. Referee to be selected after the men have entered the ring, and should they fail to agree within fifteen minutes thereafter, the stakeholder is empowered to appoint said official. The final deposit of $25 each to be made on or before next Tuesday, October 7.

TOM CONNERS,
W. L. MARDIS.

Live Bird Shoot.

There will be a live bird sweepstake shoot on the Gwin & Dunmire grounds across the river, this afternoon. The main match will be twenty-five birds to each man, thirty-one yards rise, five traps, modified English rules, entrance $10. There will be a good attendance, the fair weather continuing, and undoubtedly a fine afternoon's sport.

Billy Hawkins, of St. Paul.

Billy Hawkins, of St. Paul, has arrived and taken charge of Jimmy Griffin, at his training quarters. Hawkins, although forty-one or forty-two years of age, is yet a splendid specimen of the physical man. He is a lightweight, and one of the most formidable in the country despite his years. He is a modest, gentlemanly fellow, and possesses no little amount of judgment and good sense.

NO TROT FOR ST. PAUL.

The Summer Meeting Not a Success Financially.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—It is announced that there will probably be no trotting meeting at St. Paul next summer. At a meeting called for the purpose of devising ways and means to meet the unpaid expenses of the meeting last July, a great deal of feeling was shown and it looked for a time as if there would be some broken heads. At the close of the summer meeting it was announced by Secretary Simon that the club had made money. This was chronicled in all the newspapers and was commented upon at length, especially as it was the first trotting meeting held in this section of the country which closed with a balance on the right side of the ledger. It now develops, however, that this was not the case. Not only did the receipts fall short of the expenses, but the deficit is larger than it has ever been before. In round figures the club is short $1,750. This it was decided to raise by assessing each of the stockholders.

BALDWIN WON THE RACE.

While Our Own Ned Reading Brought Up the Rear.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—The fifty-six hour bicycle tournament closed at midnight with Helen Baldwin, of Pittsburg, in the lead. She made 884 miles and was awarded first money. Edward Reading, of Omaha, came in last, having made 802 miles.

STATE NEWS.

Dakota County Politics.

DAKOTA CITY, Neb., Oct. 28.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Never before has excitement run so high over a county election as it does this fall, all because of the third party ticket put in by dissatisfied democrats. This county is democratic by 150 to 200 majority, and on account of the third ticket it is expected to elect all the republican nominees but sheriff, which is doubtful, on account of the people's candidate withdrawing from the ticket. The hardest fight will be for treasurer and clerk, there being three candidates for each office, and all being well known, are making a hard fight for the office. The hardest fight will be in Covington precinct, where it is expected there will be plenty of illegal voting tried.

Beatrice Liquor Men in Trouble.

BEATRICE, Neb., Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Henry Spahn, a temperance saloonkeeper, and Samuel Shinneman and C. S. Porter, keepers of the "O. K." restaurant, were arrested to-day, charged with selling whisky on Sunday. Spahn was sent to jail in default of $500 bail for a hearing to-morrow. Porter was tried this afternoon and found guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $100, and to stand committed until the fine is paid. Shinneman is still in jail and will be given a hearing to-merrow. The deputy United States marshal stands ready to give the trio a whirl for selling liquor without a license as soon as the city authorities get through with them.

A Pay Car Collision.

FREMONT, Neb., Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—At 3 o'clock this afternoon a rear end collision occurred on the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley road, three miles north of Fremont. As freight train No. 18 was approaching the city the pay car special ran it down and crashed into the way car. Three of the cars were damaged considerably, though none of them were thrown from the track. Engineer Judson, of the pay car special, jumped from his engine when he saw the impending danger and sustained a fracture of one of his legs.

Ellis Rearrested.

BEATRICE, Neb., Oct 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Frank Ellis, the hackman, who escaped from the custody of a special official Tuesday night last, was rearrested at Leweston, Pawnee county, yesterday afternoon and brought back here. Ellis is wanted for rape and perjury. He was arraigned before Justice Shelton this morning and waived examination. His bond was fixed at $1,500, and in default thereof he was committed to jail to await the felony term of the district court.

Murderer Garrison Declared Insane.

ALBION, Neb., Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—In the case of Hanserd K. Garrison, who was convicted of manslaughter about two weeks ago, a jury was drawn and the matter of his sanity inquired into Saturday. Their verdict was that he was insane. Sentence was suspended, the commissioners of insanity adjudged him insane and he will be sent to the asylum in the morning.

Cuming County Republican Ticket.

BEEMER, Neb., Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The republican county convention held here to-day nominated the following county officers: Judge, Uriah Bruner; sheriff, J. H. Gallon; coroner, W. D. Gibbon; treasurer, F. N. Scharfen; clerk, S.C. Licke; surveyor, F. R. Kline; superintendent, A. J. Snider. It is acknowledged to be a strong ticket.

Hohl Captured.

FREMONT, Neb., Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Ernest Hohl, wanted at Scribner for raping the seventeen-year-old daughter of Farmer Kruz while the two were in the corn field gathering corn, was found Sunday in that vicinity and placed under arrest. The girl is reported greatly prostrated on account of her fright and the brutal treatment she was forced to submit to.

Reformation of Divorce Laws.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28.—Under the leadership of the National Reform association, a public meeting to discuss the reformation of the divorce laws in the United States was called together this afternoon in Association hall. The association urges the clergymen to impart sound instruction from the pulpit on the laws underlying the family relation and calls upon them to refuse to unite in marriage persons who have been divorced on other than scriptural grounds.

Ministers were also urged to join in petitions and by other manifestations bring influence to bear on congress to secure a national marriage and divorce law that will eradicate the evils which now exist. Addresses were delivered including the statistics of Commissioner Carroll D. Wright, of the department of labor, at Washington.

Hansbrough's Appeal.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28. – Representative Hansbrough, North Dakota's new congressman, called upon Secretary Proctor today in the interests of the residents of Ramsey county in that state.

The crops have been bad for the past two years and the people are in a destitute condition. As winter is approaching and they are not able to purchase fuel, Hansbrough has asked Secretary Proctor to permit the destitute settlers to cut firewood from the timber tract on the Devil's Lake reservation at Fort Totten. The secretary not being certain of his authority in the premises, promised Hansbrough an answer to-morrow. He feels inclined to grant the request.

He Killed His Brother.

NORTHVILLE, N. Y., Oct. 28.—A tragedy occurred near here late Saturday night.

Oscar Barclay made himself notorious by his visits to two women at the house of Samuel Carrington. Barclay's father, two brothers and a dozen neighbors disguised as White Caps went to Carrington's house, took Carrington out, tarred and feathered him and rode him on a rail. Going back for young Barclay he met them at the head of the stairs with a gun. As the party came on he fired, killing his youngest brother, Fred. Barclay made an effort to escape, but was arrested yesterday afternoon. Four of the White Caps are under arrest.

Cannon Throws the Frenchman.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—Cannon to-night defeated the French wrestler, Pietro. The stakes were £250.

FOR THE IOWA LEGISLATURE.

A List of the Nominations Made By the Republicans.

SUPREME COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Farmers Urged to Support Hutchison For Governor—Accidental Shootings—The Vacant Brigadier Generalship.

The Law Makers.

DES MOINES, Oct. 28.—The republicans of Iowa have practically completed the nomination of the Twenty-third general assembly, and below will be found the first complete list of nominees. The first is the republican nominees for the house, divided into classes.

TO SUCCEED THEMSELVES.

Adair—A. D. Crooks, Greenfield.
Audubon—William Walker, Exira.
Benton—J. C. Kennan, Vinton.
Black Hawk—Edward Townsend, Cedar Falls.
Bremer—John Homrighaus, Denver.
Buena Vista—E. L. Hubbs, Mansan.
Cass—Silas Wilson, Atlantic.
Cerro Gordo—James E. Blythe, Mason City.
Cherokee—J. C. Lackin, Aurelia.
Dallas—Thomas A. Thornburg, Linden.
Delaware—W. C. Oakman, Uniontown.
Dickinson, Emmet and Palo Alto—W. M. McFarland, Estherville.
Fayette—G. D. Darnell, West Union.
Floyd—E. W. Wilson, Rockford.
Franklin—J. W. Luke, Hampton.
Greene—Albert Head, Jefferson.
Guthrie—Ira R. Shepley, Yale.
Henry—S. L. Steele, Mt. Pleasant.
Ida—D. Nicoll, Ida Grove.
Jefferson—George W. Ball, Fairfield.
Lucas—H. L. Byers, Lucas.
Madison—J. H. Mack, Macksburg.
Marshall—Charles Eckles, Marshalltown.
Mills—A. J. Charity, Malvern.
Mitchell—J. A. Smith, Osage.
Montgomery—John Yerger, Sciota.
Muscatine—John A. Evans, West Liberty.
Page—E. S. Field, Shenandoah.
Poweshiek—V. M. Redman, Montezuma.
Ringgold—William Brown, Tingley.
Sioux—Henry Hospers, Orange City.
Taylor—C. M. Pascnal, New Market.
Wayne—L. W. Lewis, Seymour.
Winneshiek—Nels Larson, Hesper.

In Wright county A. S. Chapman was nominated to succeed himself, but has since died, and a convention will be held October 26.

TO SUCCEED REPUBLICANS.

Appanoose—Madison W. Walden, Centerville.
Boone—Swan Johnson, Dayton.
Butler—S. W. Sorsby, Greene.
Clarke—F. M. Kyte, Oneota.
Clay and Pocahontas—James Mercer, Fonda.
Decatur—J. W. Brown, Leon.
Grundy—G. M. Bronson, New Hartford.
Hamilton—D. C. Chase, Webster City.
Hancock and Winnebago—John Law, Forest City.
Hardin—John Dolph, Eldora.
Harrison—W. O. Riddell, Woodbine.
Humboldt—D. F. Coyle, Dakota City.
Jasper—S. B. Powers, Kellogg.
Kossuth—George Hanna, La Verne.
Louisa—J. F. Haliday, Morning Sun.
Lyon and Osceola—W. J. Miller, Sioley.
Mahaska—A. J. Jewell, Oskaloosa.
Monroe—Josiah T. Young, Albia.
O'Brien—O. M. Shoutavitier, Hartley.
Sac—A. B. Smith, Odebolt.
Stony—C. G. McCarthy, Nevada.
Tama—John Young, Traer.
Van Buren—W. A. Tude, Bonaparte.
Warren—J. Van Gilder, Milo.
Washington—Sam C. Gardner, Lexington.
Worth—C. T. Jewett, Kensett.

TO SUCCEED DEMOCRATS.

Adams—F. M. Davis, Corning.
Allamakee—C. D. Breeman, Waukan.
Buchanan—J. A. Laird, Independence.
Cedar—Charles Cope, Attalissa.
Chickasaw—W. E Perrin, Nashua.
Clayton—Thomas Edgar, Mendon.
Crawford—E. A. Packard, Manilla.
Davis—J. D. Jones, Ash Grove.
Des Moines—R. B. Foster, Burlington.
Dubuque—E. C. Wicklin and George Waterhouse, Dubuque.
Fremont—John F. Watkins.
Harvard—Charles D. Cutting, Riceville.
Iowa—John Hughes, jr., Williamsburg.
Jackson—Dr. William M. Ames, Preston.
Johnson—Dr. M. Young.
Jones—James Davidson, Monticello.
Keokuk—J. L. Ramsey, Keota.
Lee—Edwin B. Sargent, Keokuk.
Marion—J. B. Hendershott, Otley.
Monona—J. L. Bartholomew, Moorhead.
Plymouth—J. D. Smith, Remsen.
Pottawattamie—W. H. Freeman, Oakland, and F. S. Thomas, Council Bluffs.
Scott—William Wilkin and M. L. Marks.
Shelby—H. B. Kees, Harlan.
Ninon—W. W. Monan, Afton.
Wapello—Dr. A. K. Berry, Chillicothe.
Webster—J. L. Skinner, Dayton.
Woodbury—Albert W. Holman, Sargent Bluffs.

IN DIVIDED DISTRICTS.

Clinton—D. S. Bullock, Lost Nation, and G. A. Griswold, Andover.
Linn—Henry J. Neilert, Walker, and John Dance, Lisbon.
Polk—W. J. Stewart, Grinnell, and B. B. Lane, Maxwell.

The list is complete, except as to Carroll county, where the nomination has not been made, and in Wright county. The former is democratic and the latter republican. The following are the senatorial nominations:

SENATORS.

Polk—Colonel C. H. Gatch, Des Moines.
Black Hawk and Grundy—Matt Powatt, Waterloo.
Chickasaw and Floyd—R. G. Reiniger, Charles City.
Henry and Washington—John S. Woolson, Mt. Pleasant.
Case and Shelby—Lafe Young, Atlantic.
Page and Fremont—G. W. Perkins, Farragut.
Howard and Winneshiek—A. K. Bailey, Cresco.
Sac, Carroll and Greene—Z. A. Church, Jefferson.
Jasper—B. C. Ward, Prairie City.
Buena Vista, Pocahontas and Humboldt—E. E. Mack, Storm Lake.
Wapello—S. Harper, Ottumwa.
Benton and Tama—S. S. Smet, Belle Plaine.
Hamilton, Hardin and Wright—E. S. Ellsworth, Iowa Falls, and W. C. Smith, Eagle Grove.
Harrison, Monroe and Crawford—J. B. Romans, Denison.
Muscatine and Louisa—R. R. Huff, Muscatine.
Des Moines—George H. Lane, Burlington.
Keokuk and Poweshiek—S. H. Craver.
Lee—S. H. Evans, Keokuk.
Dubuque—General George W. Jones, Dubuque.
Scott—Seth P. Bryant, Davenport.
Clinton—Jessie Stine, Wheaton.

The first five on this list are renominated to succeed themselves. The succeeding eight on the list are in districts now represented by republicans, and the remainder are in democratic districts. Messrs. Ellsworth and Smith both claim the regular nomination, but have consented to arbitration to settle it.

Of the representatives thirty-five are renominations, twenty-six are to succeed other republicans, thirteen are in districts now represented by democrats and six are in the divided districts. Undoubtedly several of the districts that are now represented by democrats will be represented by republicans.

They All Endorse Hutchison.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Oct. 28.—[Special to THE BEE.]—In an authorized interview here Governor Larrabee emphatically contradicts the rumors systematically floated by the democratic press of Iowa to the effect that his letter endorsing Senator Hutchison is not cordial. He says he is desirous of making his expression of confidence in Senator Hutchison as emphatic and complete as language can express it. Governor Larrabee says: "Senator Hutchison frequently consulted me during the last session of the legisture and I know he was largely instrumental in securing our present railroad law. I have entire confidence in him, and if it hadn't been for that talk about 'the swinging back of the pendulum' the Ashby letter never would have been written. Senator Hutchison is an honest, conscientious man, and I am fully satisfied that the people of this state will have good service at his hands."

Senator Allison was asked about the expression, "The jig is up with Hutchison," which is put into the senator's mouth by democratic papers all over the state. "What a lie that is!" said the senator. "The remark attributed to me had no foundation whatever. The only remark I ever made about the Ashby letter was to the effect that in my judgment it did not amount to anything. The reports that have appeared in certain democratic papers, and that have been telegraphed to Chicago touching that matter and of any alleged pilgrimages I may have made in regard to it, are pure fabrications."

Hon. John A. Kasson, who has been here to meet the all-American excursionists, and who is one of the astutest of Iowa politicians and campaigners, in an interview ridicules the pretensions which democratic stumpers and newspaper organs are making. He says he has heard the same stories and witnessed the same tactics for twenty years in Iowa. There being no break in party lines, the democratic spokesmen are trying to make such a break by the sheer assertion that it exists. He says he has been over the state somewhat lately, and that "there will be the usual republican victory on election day."

Farmers Wheeling Into Line.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Secretary Post, of the Farmers' Alliance of Iowa, has now come out in a letter endorsing the republican ticket and giving his reasons why the farmers should support Hutchison. The letter was written to all alliance members in response to an inquiry as to how Hutchison stood on the railway question. Mr. Post says he has investigated his record and talked with him and he is now prepared to say that Hutchison is all right. This letter, taken with that from the president of the alliance, indicates that the Iowa farmers are going to support the republican ticket without any break, and completely upsets the democratic plot to capture the alliance.

The Switching Order.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Milwaukee railroad officials have filed their answer to the complaint of Lima, O., parties before the railroad commissioners on account of refusal to switch cars of fuel oil from Dubuque to the lime kilns situated on a spur of the Milwaukee track, the oil being carded to Dubuque proper by the Diagonal Railway company. The Milwaukee takes the ground that the switching is the completion of an inter-state shipment, over which the Iowa commissioners have no control, and declares its intention to resist to the bitter end any endeavor of the commission to enforce its switching order.

The Norwegian Plow company, of Dubuque, has also filed complaint on account of the refusal of the Illinois Central to switch its cars when destined to competitive points.

The Supreme Court.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The supreme court decided the following cases to-day:

Jane F. Doolittle vs M. B. Doolittle, appellant; Howard district; affirmed.

McQuade vs the Rock Island railway company, petition for rehearing; overruled.

Kauffman Bros. & Co. vs the J. P. Farley Manufacturing company, appellant; Dubuque district; reversed.

Gregg et al. vs Myatt et al., petition for rehearing; overruled.

George Beck vs German Klinik, Gustav Hoepfner et al., appellants; Scott district; affirmed.

State Insurance company, appellant, vs Thomas Waterhouse et al; reversed.

Shot His Head Off.

MASON CITY, Ia., Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Mr. Charles Laydon, living near Swaledale, in the south part of this county, accidentally shot the whole top of his head off yesterday morning while pulling his gun out from a corn crib with the muzzle toward him. He was about to shoot a turkey he had purchased of a neighbor for a christening dinner party. The deceased leaves a wife and young babe.

The Farmers Mean Business.

CRESTON, Ia., Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Farmers' alliance of Spaulding, this county, have called a meeting for the purpose of devising means to dispose of their butcher stock, either by establishing a market in Creston or selling in quantities direct to consumers. Butchers have been buying cattle at 2 cents and selling meat at 10 and 12½. The Farmers' alliance is well organized and says it means business.

The Vacant Brigadier Generalship.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Governor Larrabee today issued an order for the election of a brigadier general of the Second brigade to fill the vacancy caused by the promotion of General B. A. Benson to be adjutant general. The election will be held in the armories of the different companies of the brigade on Saturday, November 23.

An Accidental Shooting.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A young man named Usher, of Palo, while preparing to go hunting yesterday, discharged his shotgun accidentally, the charge entering just in front of the shoulder joint, making a fearful wound. He may recover.

Killed by a Fall.

OSKALOOSA, Ia., Oct. 28.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Henry Lee, a bridge carpenter, fell from a bridge on the Iowa Central railway near here and was instantly killed on the rocks thirty feet below. He leaves a family.

A Fire at Keokuk.

KEOKUK, Ia., Oct. 28.—The wholesale millinery store of Spiesberger Bros. burned tonight. Loss, $75,000

THAT MILL DEAL.

The Sale of the Washburn and Pillsbury Plants in Process.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 28.—The recent report that the C. C. Washburn mills had been sold is followed to-night by the announcement that the sale of the Pillsbury mills and also of the Washburn mills is about to be consummated.

For the first time in connection with these deals the price is given as regards the Pillsbury interests. It is that the option on the Pillsbury system of mills and elevators calls for $5,300,000.

The purchaser is the English syndicate heretofore mentioned, and the sale is on the same plan as outlined in these dispatches some time since. The Pillisburys will retain an interest in the new company.

When seen by a reporter of the Associated Press late to-night and asked regarding the sale of his mills, Pillsbury handed him the following type-written statement in addition to which he would say nothing:

"If our property is sold, it will be to a joint stock company in which we will retain very large interests and we shall have to agree to continue in the management of the same. The sale, if made, will be made to a company organized in New York or some other eastern city, and as far as the public are concerned, I cannot see how it will affect them one way or the other."

FOUNDERED AT SEA.

The British Ship Bolan—Thirty-three Lives Lost.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 28.—The British ship Bolan, from Calcutta to this port, has foundered at sea. Thirty-three lives were lost.

Burst Her Boiler.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The general trans-Atlantic line steamer Ville de Brest burst her boiler in Tunis bay. Five persons were killed by the explosion.

Saved from a Watery Grave.

NORFOLK, Va., Oct. 28.—A picked life saving crew succeeded this morning in rescuing the only surviving members of the crew of the schooner George T. Schriver, wrecked last Wednesday night near False Cape.

The Portsmouth Arrives Safely.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 28.—The United States training ship Portsmouth arrived here from her summer cruise this morning. She reports having met with no accident as was rumored.

DRAW THE LINE DISTINCTLY.

Van Wyck's Advice to the Farmers at Weeping Water.

MORE PATRIOTS, LESS PARTISANS

The Anti-Monopolistic War-Horse Scores the Trusts and Sounds the War Cry of a New Conflict.

Van Wyck and the Farmers.

WEEPING WATER, Neb., Oct. 28.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Saturday afternoon a very enthusiastic meeting of the Farmers' Alliance was held in this city. Farmers from the surrounding country turned out in large numbers. Ex-Senator Van Wyck had been invited to address the gathering and he spoke for a few minutes substantially as follows:

Am I right? You have not gathered here from idle curiosity, for amusement, or even for information, but to prepare for action, and to earnest men there is inspiration in the text "come let us reason together."

Many have for a long time been awaiting another emancipation. The patient are almost hopelessly looking for the first breaking of the light in the east. With more or less of suffering or oppression, power has always been aggressive, and organized capital extortionate. Years of injustice culminating in great wrong is followed by spasmodic rebellion, attended by a short period of victory and right, only to be succeeded by another cycle of injustice, agravated by new and refined inquisitions to wrong and extort. The multitude cry for peace; but there can be no rest. Each stage and condition represents man's nature, which climate, civilization and christianity can but little control. We are taught that it is not only human but right for power to clutch everything it can hold, and wealth to absorb the earnings of the toilers, by all schemes that ingenuity can devise, and the basest betrayal enforce; while the masses have always been taught that it is the part of wisdom to bear the ills we have, rather than seek to repress injustice or redress wrongs.

In some form oppression and injustice, resistance and rebellion, are the principal chapters in the world's history, and that history continually repeats itself. Many of this generation well remember the domination of slavery, its gradual growth, complete control of the social, religious, financial and political elements; its cruel and brutal contempt of those who would not bow the knee and recognize its divine origin and right to rule. Its power, though held by a minority in numbers, was in no danger until it dominated every branch of the government and every avenue thereto. This generation has also seen that corporate power and organized wealth in trusts and syndicates is on a par with slavery; that by its insidious growth all branches of the government have been absorbed, and when courts could not be controlled, they have been defied. Like slavery, not content with all that complete supremacy usurps, it becomes overbearingly insolent and issues the decree that the nation shall not only be submissive, but positively and humbly acknowledge its right of supremacy—no more murmurs or complaints as to financial thefts and political robberies.

In your own expression you have witnessed one and another degradation and spoliation, until the state is prostrate, helpless, held in the slimey clutches of many devil fishes. Certain organs of your corporate masters make pretense of great weariness because of continual complaints and insist that they must cease. So slavery, drunken with power, made the same gentle demand, and sought violently to repress the groanings of the slave and the argument of the defenders of liberty. The protest against wrong and humble prayer for relief, the last solace of oppressed humanity, has not alway been denied even by despots. The Israelites enjoyed that slight solace in the time of the Pharoahs with about as much effect on the taskmasters as does your repining upon your taskmasters. So did the workmen in the vineyard in Christ's parable in the days of the Cæsars. They received respectful attention, while you are sometimes invited to be damned.

This gathering to-day is because of discontent. See to it that it becomes more than a meaningless protest. Throughout the republic labor is organized in various unions and farmers in wheels and alliances. Why? Because of burdens and extortions imposed. Thus you allege to-day. Are you quite sure of it? Do you believe it? I ask this question, for you sometimes act as if you did not. It may be you had not borne the cross long enough to rebel, or have borne it so long that chafing has become a second nature, and, therefore, not only endurable but enjoyable. And do you really think you need protection from corporations? You know western roads have been built principally by the bounty of the government, states, cities, counties and precincts, and even then the road is stocked and bonded for three times its actual cost, and charges must be upheld on the people to pay large interest and dividends on this watered stock and bonds.

Do you earnestly think you need protection from trusts, which have introduced the tactics of corporations in the ordinary business of life, as the sugar trust, with a liberal assessment of $12,500,000 as the value of the refineries entering the practical compact, and at once issuing certificates for $50,000,000—four times more than the actual cost—and then arbitrarily increasing the price of sugar 3 cents per pound, taking $30,000,000 annually from the pockets of the consumer? And in this manner all the trusts have been formed.

Now while larger and more dangerous corporations are proposed by corporations, and more trusts to embrace the necessities of life, even British capital, without restraint or hindrance, invading our shores and with not as much right and more arrogance than King George, when he only asked a penny a pound tax on tea—British capital, aided by American capital, aids to manacle the people, scheming to take the last dollar that can be wrung from them without rebellion.

Now you believe you need, must have protection from all this. So did our fathers in 1776, with much less cause for grievance. Their action showed they believed it. Does yours? Our fathers petitioned and were spurned. You have petitioned and begged and been more rudely spurned. You have believed moral suasion and entreaty would secure justice. You found that source not more effective in free, Christian America than it had been in other countries and other centuries. To-day the country is honey combed with all sorts of devices and tricks to absorb the earnings of toilers and producers, to grow rich by unholy gains, by rank plunder.

Now, what? Have you experimented long enough? You know there is no relief except by legislation. The courts are powerless, because the men of wealth and corporations can trample on their decisions and steadily, step by step, they are capturing one and another of the judicial bulwarks. You well know it in this county. You have seen them seeking to control every district nomination and election. You saw them two years ago endeavor to assassinate Judge Maxwell, whom every man in Cass county respects as a faithful citizen and venerates as an upright, fearless judge. Then they failed, but they continue their attack on the judiciary and only because they have acquired more strength in conventions by means you well know, they succeeded in striking down another judge whom the people admired and supposed would be renominated by acclamation—one against whose ability, character and uprightness no one would "ope his mouth." No stain upon the ermine worn by him. Is it not mockery to talk about the people ruling, the majority controling?

You have learned by bitter experience that no relief can come from boards and commissions or legislatures and conventions ruled in corporation interests. Year after year you have primaries and caucuses and conventions with the same results. You know that the farmers united can control the government, state and national; that labor, allied with you could secure your and their rights and undo the wrongs inflicted. You could break down every legal and unjust combination of capitol. You could wring the water out of all railroad stocks and bonds and fix the rate of transportation charges.

Are you not yet satisfied? The convention of a great party struck down Judge Reese and mocked the people when with grim humor and in a vein of irony it resolved that corporations shall be the servants and not the masters of the people, and at once the sleight of hand political jugglers commenced preparation to behead the next official who is honest in the discharge of his duty, expecting the people not only to witness the execution but to give them the power. While you are going to your daily toil, to raise corn for 15 cents a bushel, to fatten cattle at a loss, and in gloomy despair, whisper to your despairing co-sufferer, "What can we do?" Servilely take your position in the party where the corporation sergeant directs and are drilled in the manual of the railroad catechism.

The nation is afflicted with too much and bitter partisanship. Continue the same partisan if you desire, but be not entirely dead to your own interest and the prosperity of the country. "Come let us reason together." The national government is in the hands of republicans and cannot be changed for three years. Where is the possible benefit to mouth party shiboleths during that time, when there are matters of vital importance affecting democrat and republican, which will remain injurious to all alike if those interested are to be kept apart by party names at the scheming of certain leaders in the pay and for the interests of corporations? For three years there will be no politics in this state, except the continued and increasing power of corporations and trusts, the continued depression of business and gradual impoverishment of producers and laborers. The glitter of wealth as it appears in the census reports is reflected from the gold of the few, while the slick editor and well paid attorney will assure, with tales like Aladdin, that you are accumulating riches more rapidly than that portion of the world owned by Gould and Vanderbilt. Don't you tire of being taught and led by that class of self-assured leaders? Are you not satisfied that it is becoming as "dangerous to meet the dog as the wolf. Just as sure as pestilence follows military glory will privation and suffering follow the brilliancy of wealth when massed in a few centers. You know there is no other issue. Act as brave men or cease grumbling and shout thanks to American masters and British sydicates that they leave you clothing and subsistence. The mass of the democratic party did not believe in the divinity or right of slavery to extend, but they had not the courage to lay aside the party yoke and take slavery by the throat until it became so defiant that a bloody and cruel war was the result. Learn what that party teaches. Discard the partisan and act the patriot, when victory will not cost blood. Your enemies should remember the world is full of examples of the danger of forcing an overburdened people beyond the point of despair. For three years you cannot disturb national issues. You and I may think the tariff should be reformed, that lumber and sugar should be admitted duty free. Our masters, however, will never consent. The republican pine barons of the north will unite with the democratic sugar planters of the south. We may favor reduction on coal and iron, but democratic millionaires like Scott, of Pennsylvania, and republican iron kings like Carnegie, of the same state, aided by democratic leaders like Randall, will make common cause and defeat any hope. Why should not producers and laborers, every one "whose hands are his riches," make common cause for their interest? Do it as our masters do, inside the party if you can; if not, outside. You have been trying inside, and, while in a great majority, are always defeated.

There is practically but a narrow margin between parties. Whatever political brand the administration bears at Washington, Wall street controls the financial policy and the treasury tariff reform will be clogged under either. At the last election greater liberality to soldiers was an issue, and triumphed. It is to be feared those hopes, like "dead sea fruits, will turn to ashes on the lips."

The crisis is upon you. The time