THE DAILY BEE.

E. ROSEWATER, Editor.

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The Bee on the Trains.

There is no excuse for a failure to get THE BEE on the trains. All newsdealers have been notified to carry a full supply. Travelers who want THE BEE and can't get it on trains where other Omaha papers are carried are requested to notify THE BEE.

THE DAILY BEE.

Sworn Statement of Circulation.

State of Nebraska, } ss.
County of Douglas. }

George B. Tzschuck, secretary of The Bee Publishing Company, does solemnly swear that the actual circulation of THE DAILY BEE for the week ending October 5, 1889, was as follows:

Sunday, Sept. 29	18,805
Monday, Sept. 30	18,609
Tuesday, Oct. 1	18,623
Wednesday, Oct. 2	18,643
Thursday, Oct. 3	18,617
Friday, Oct. 4	18,629
Saturday, Oct. 5	18,612
Average	18,650

GEORGE B. TZSCHUCK.

Sworn to before me and subscribed to in my presence this 5th day of October, A. D. 1889.
[SEAL.] N. P. FEIL, Notary Public.

State of Nebraska, } ss.
County of Douglas. }

George B. Tzschuck, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is secretary of The Bee Publishing company, that the actual average daily circulation of THE DAILY BEE for the month of October 1888, was 18,084 copies; for November, 1888, 18,986 copies; for December, 1888, 18,223 copies; for January, 1889, 18,574 copies; for February, 1889, 18,966 copies; for March, 1889, 18,854 copies; for April, 1889, 18,559 copies; for May, 1889, 18,699 copies; for June, 1889, 18,858 copies; for July, 1889, 18,738 copies; for August, 1889, 18,651 copies; for September, 1889, 18,710 copies.

GEO. B. TZSCHUCK.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 4th day of October, A. D., 1889.
[SEAL.] N. P. FEIL, Notary Public.

HIS name is Norval, although his father's flock was not herded on the Grampion hills.

THE assertion that the railroads had gone out of politics in this state was effectually disproved at Hastings.

SAID Vanderbum to O'Hawes: "You're a drunkard." Said O'Hawes to Van: "You're a bag of wind." Honors are even.

IF the longest pole takes the persimmon, candidates should lose no time in contributing to Dr. Slominski's church spire.

THAT league meeting was a success. The boys didn't rally around Thurston, but they were marshaled against Reese in solid array.

THE report that Vaughn will annex the *World-Herald* is premature. For the present he is content with the Douglas county treasury.

HANDS off the parks. These resorts were reserved and paid for by the people, and corporations should not be permitted to despoil them.

MR. COBURN declares that he will not be a candidate for a fourth term. Thanks, awfully. But Mr. Coburn has not yet been elected for a third term.

THE Nebraska Knights Templar honored themselves and the state by their generous hospitality and handsome appearance at the national capital.

THE Louisville *Courier Journal* says "the tramp of the democracy will be heard in Ohio on election day." Yes, running before the victorious republican hosts.

THE decision of the supreme court in favor of the duplex submission amendment was very adroitly used against Judge Reese and has had its effect, just as was predicted months ago.

EIGHT jurors have been secured to try the Cronin suspects, after a struggle of eight weeks. At the present rate of progress the jury will not be companelled before Chicago secures the world's fair.

THE prolific Seventh ward proposes to furnish the timber for the democratic ticket. The remaining wards should protect themselves by exacting a guarantee for funeral expenses.

THE county treasury is out one hundred and fifty-five dollars on Vaughn's latest bill. But that is not all. It is very doubtful whether the publication of the tax list in Vaughn's paper is legal. The law requires publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county.

JOHN M. THURSTON and Charley Green were kept away from Hastings on urgent business. John was chained down in Omaha by the Pacific railroad senatorial committee, and Charley concluded it was wiser not to be promiscuous. But the supreme court was reconstructed all the same.

THE extreme condescension of Mr. Coburn in agreeing not to run for sheriff a fourth time, indicates that times are out of joint with him. Heretofore he has been only satisfied with two offices at the same time. Is it possible that he is going to try and get along with one in the future? His self-denial is touching.

THE farmers of Saunders county threaten to file a protest with the state board of transportation against discriminating rates on corn shipments to Chicago. Coming on the heels of Senator Sutherland's vigorous kick, there is danger that the members of the board will rise upand rebuke these impertinent disturbers of their slumbers. The labor of drawing their salaries seriously impairs the vitality of the secretaries.

AMERICANS TO FEED AMERICANS.

There was patriotism in the observation of the delegate from Brazil to the international congress that "All America could clearly say to Europe that Americans were trying to feed Americans themselves," and he was eloquent when he said: "The soul of all Americans are in one place. Their resources and capabilities should, like the small streams of a great central valley, unite in larger and larger courses until they should flow together like the great Mississippi." The manifestation of such a spirit by those who have come here to discuss commercial relations and cognate subjects is most encouraging, and what was said by the Brazilian representative received cordial approval from the other delegates to the congress.

There is a much stronger and more general sentiment in the countries south of us, favorable to enlarged and closer trade relations with the United States, than is generally supposed. The agents in those countries of European manufacturers and merchants, and the representatives there of European governments, have most industriously disparaged this country and by every means sought to prevent the growth of a sentiment favorable to the United States. But while they have undoubtedly retarded the advance of a friendly feeling toward us they have not been able to stop its progress. The conditions which made this impossible were explained in a recent interview by one of the delegates from South America. After stating that almost the entire South American trade is controlled by Europeans—chiefly by the English and Germans—who charge just what they please, he said: "The people of South America are about tired of being continually kept under this yoke of monopoly. They see in this congress a chance to better their commercial relations with the world, and especially with the United States." Expressions of this kind warrant the hope that the conference of the Americas will not be fruitless.

But the problem presented is an extremely practical one, with the solution of which the interchange of patriotic and friendly sentiments will have very little to do. The vital question relates to what the people of the United States are willing to do in order to secure for this country at least a fair share of the large and steadily increasing commerce of the other Americas. There are barriers in the way of our securing this trade which it is quite as necessary to remove as it is to provide better means of intercommunication. The importance of establishing steamship lines between the ports of the United States and those of the countries south of us is generally acknowledged, but this alone would not enable us to command a much greater share of the commerce of South and Central America than we get at present. We must be able to compete with European countries not only in the carrying trade, but also in the quality and cheapness of our products. Our manufacturers must learn the special requirements of the people of those southern countries and supply them at prices at least as favorable as the manufacturers of Europe can afford. Whatever obstructions are in our way that are not in the way of the manufacturers and merchants of England we must remove, and we must seek this trade as zealously and care for it as solicitously as do Europeans.

All this will require very material and radical changes from present conditions, under which our export trade with these southern countries has been declining. We have increased our commerce with them in a few products, but this gain has been considerably exceeded by the decline in the exports of other products. The causes of this, which it may not be difficult to ascertain, must be remedied before we can hope to get the control of the growing southern markets now held by Europeans, or even secure what might be regarded as our fair share of their trade.

THE LEAD ORE CASE.

The interests concerned in having revoked the treasury ruling under which Mexican silver-lead ore is admitted free of duty seem determined to compel the secretary of the treasury to come to a decision. Several representatives of these interests are in Washington, and they are reported to have intimated to Secretary Windom that it was their purpose to apply to the supreme court of the District of Columbia, which has special jurisdiction of such matters, for an order citing the secretary to show cause why a writ of mandamus should not issue to compel him to collect the duty on lead now imposed by law. It is hardly to be expected that so extraordinary a step as this will be taken, but the mere intimation of it suggests how seriously the matter is regarded by the lead interests of the country.

The matter has been under consideration by the secretary of the treasury for several months. Assistant Secretaries Batcheller and Tichenor recommended that the Mexican ores should pay duty at the rate of thirty dollars a ton, and it was expected by the lead interests that this recommendation would be promptly approved, but thus far secretary Windom has taken no action. Several reasons have been given for his delay in rendering a decision, but whatever the true one may be, it appears evident that the lead men have become convinced that the secretary is not favorable to them, and that in order to find out what his position is they are disposed to carry the case into court. What particular advantage or benefit they could hope to derive from this course is not quite apparent.

Meanwhile the Mexican government, taking alarm from the movement to subject the ores of that country to a duty, the effect of which would be disastrous to the mining interests there, has announced that after November 1 almost prohibitory duties will be imposed by Mexico upon American live stock and dressed meats. This action, evidently retaliatory, has served to give largely increased importance and interest to the lead ore case, and very likely to also increase the perplexity of the secretary of the treasury. The return of Minister Ryan from Mexico, ostensibly on a vacation, is quite generally believed to have had reference to the threatened complications in our commercial relations with Mexico growing out of the lead ore case and the proposed Mexican duties on American live stock, and it is not doubted that these matters have been very seriously discussed by the minister, the secretary of the treasury, and possibly the president and other members of the administration. The views of Minister Ryan were very plainly expressed in a communication to the state department, showing him to be strongly in favor of a most liberal commercial policy with respect to Mexico. Whatever influence he may exert at Washington will undoubtedly be in opposition to a revocation of the ruling admitting Mexican silver lead ores free. The indications are that the lead men, even though they should carry the case into court, will not have their demand complied with. The tendency of sentiment in favor of reducing the restrictions to freer and closer trade relations with American countries is unfavorable to them, and the danger to other interests involved in allowing their demand will not be left out of consideration. The present is not an opportune time to seek the erection of any new barrier against trade with any American country. Effort to find a practicable way to remove existing barriers is more in order.

THE SUPREME JUDGESHIP.

The nomination of Judge Norval, of Seward, by the republican state convention will be a surprise to many people in this state. It does not in the least surprise us. Months ago THE BEE called attention to the fact that Judge Reese had made himself offensive to the railroad managers and might expect a concerted effort to prevent his renomination. But Judge Reese and his admirers were confident that no power on earth could defeat him. Even ten days ago many of them predicted that he would be nominated by acclamation. To this excess of confidence and lack of vigilance Judge Reese must attribute the outcome.

The selection of Judge Norval was the rational result of the combination that carried the convention against Judge Reese. Among the numerous candidates supported by the factions that opposed Reese, Judge Norval was the most available. His location was central and the political complications in the Second district over the Laird succession were materially simplified by his nomination. Judge Norval is a man of fair ability as a lawyer, and his experience on the district bench qualifies him for the higher judicial office. While the underhand method by which Judge Reese was retired will meet with a great deal of resentment among the people of this state, the election of Judge Norval is of course a foregone conclusion.

Personally Mr. Norval is a man of unimpeachable character and integrity. He made no unseemly effort to get the nomination and will appreciate the peculiar circumstances to which he owes his nomination.

THE childish antics of the commissioners would be amusing were they not so costly to Douglas county. The utter incompetency of the board to manage the great interests intrusted to it has been displayed so frequently of late that it is looked upon as a matter of course. It is ridiculous for the members to accuse each other of negligence to divert public attention, and it is foolish to assert that they did not intend to do wrong. The fact remains that the commissioners in open session approved a bogus claim and voted away public money without taking the ordinary precaution of inquiring into the justness of the bill. A thorough reorganization of the board is necessary for the safety of the county treasury.

ONE good result of the secret ballot system is visible in the returns of the municipal elections in Connecticut. Heretofore the large and small manufacturing towns were ruled by the friends and favorites of the mill owners. It was worth a man's situation to vote against the corporation candidate. But the secret ballot has effected a radical change, and employes cast their ballots for their own choice without fear of detection or discharge. The result in many towns is a complete change in the character of the men elected, and a rout of the bosses. The potent influence of the secret ballot places local affairs again in the hands of the majority.

THE action of the council in placing the union depot and viaduct question in the hands of a special committee, with instructions to bring the matter to a focus at the earliest possible moment, s commendable. Great interests are involved in its settlement, and the committee should lose no unnecessary time in presenting a detailed report to the council. The proposition should go to the voters at the December election.

THE strongholds of democracy in the east are in open revolt against the domination of party bosses and rascally rings. Symptoms of rebellion are spreading in Maryland; New York and New Jersey. When the staid Jersey article rebels against his party leaders, it is certain that affairs are in a malodorous condition.

THE local democratic schooner is floundering rudderless at sea for a candidate for county treasurer. There is a surplus of aspirants, but the great want is a man with sufficient energy and capacity to keep within hailing distance of George Heimrod. Party pride prevents them from giving up the race at the start.

THE Australian system of voting, with its advantages and defects shown in recent elections, will not come into general use in this country without being radically changed. While based on sound principles, it is altogether too cumbersome.

AN investigation will soon be made into the causes leading to the numerous desertions in the regular army. In fact it has already commenced at Jefferson barracks, Missouri. Fully one-fourth of the recruits and an eighth of the rank and file of the army desert every year. Some remedy is needed to overcome an evil which is rapidly bringing our small army into disgrace.

ALLEN O. MYERS, of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, has finally landed in the clutches of the Ohio courts. Myers achieved notoriety by his championship of boodlers and open approval of boodling methods and election frauds.

BEE FLATS.

Somebody has asked Jay Gould to write a book. Hasn't the country suffered enough at his hands already.

If the county fathers had charge of that surplus at Washington for about six months it would be too thin to cast a shadow.

A monkey recently brought a murderer to justice in Singapore. There is a fine opening for this intelligent animal on the Chicago police force.

Two more Georgia gentlemen are talking of fighting a duel. There is little cause for alarm, however. The Georgia duel is very much like the proverbial turnip.

A bread trust has just been organized which is said to include the leading bakers in most of the large eastern cities. If this sort of thing keeps on we shall soon be obliged to buy air by the cubic foot.

Ex-Mayor A. Oakey Hall has brought suit against the author of "The American Commonwealth" for ten thousand pounds for libel. A. Oakey's reputation must have had a boom since the days of the Tweed ring.

Injected strychnine is said to destroy the desire for alcoholic stimulants. The tanglefoot sold at Iowa drug stores, although not so rapid in its operation, is said to be quite as effective in the long run.

Doubly Embarrassing.
Chicago Times.

The governor of Chihuahua denies that that state is financially embarrassed, but the man is embarrassed who tries to tell his neighbor of what state the governor says that.

Our Modest Selves.
Chicago Tribune.

You are right, Mr. Gladstone. This is a great country, a glorious country, and a marvel among the peoples of the earth; but if you want to make us really happy call us a modest nation.

Pierre is Pretty Dry.
Chicago Herald.

Gentlemen who desire to avail themselves of the prevailing cheap railway fare to Pierre are cautioned to take their own liquor along. Pierre consumed all the home supply the day after the election.

The Atlases of the Army.
Minneapolis Tribune.

Our army of 25,000 men costs $25,000,000 a year and the average lieutenant, fresh from West Point, looks and acts as if the entire expense and responsibility rested upon his cotton batting shoulders.

An Untenable Position.
Louisville Courier-Journal.

Mr. Atkinson's assertion that slow cooking is best will never do. With slow cooking, how would our lady fairs ever get the stove burned out? And what would become of the enormous business of furnishing new stove pipes?

THE AFTERNOON TEA.

When you hear a young man say that a girl has no heart you may be pretty sure that she has his.

Merchant Tailor—Good morning, Mr. Truepay. What can I do for you this morning? Mr. Truepay—I want a suit of clothes. "Yes, sir. John, the tape and book, please." "Oh, I don't want a suit to measure. I want a ready made suit." "Eh! Ready made!" "Yes, a—a cheap one." "Certainly, certainly. Right this way, please. I hadn't heard of your marriage."

He that courts and goes away
May live to court another day;
But he that weds and courts girls still
May get to court against his will.

Mrs. Grover Cleveland has been revisiting her Buffalo home and friends, and every day of her stay has been marked by a dinner, a luncheon or an entertainment of some sort.

Miss Ancientmaid (to Rusticboy)—"Yes, dear, I return to the city to-morrow. Alas! we must indeed part! But why do you weep?" Rusticboy—"I am sympathizing with the city fellows."

The beautiful embroideries on muslin with cotton by the East Indian and Canadian women are well known. The embroidery practiced by the latter is curious enough; they work their own hair as well as that of animals, with which they make splendid representations of flowers, foliage, etc. They also insert the skins of eels, serpents, banshees, mermaids and other outlandish kinds of fish.

She—Did you think of me while you were away? He—Oh, yes. And especially at the barber shop. She—I'd like to know what you could find at the barber's to remind you of me. He—The fellow was a little awkward, and nearly everytime he powdered my face some of the stuff got into my mouth.

A St. Louis man has a daughter who enjoys the unique distinction of having refused a kiss to no less a personage than the Prince of Wales. It was at Nice, and the child who is just old enough to have a mind of her own—she is about seven—was out of doors playing with some other children. The prince came up at this moment, saw the pretty child, and asked for a kiss. "Deed, I don't kiss gemmen," answered the baby indignantly, as she rejoined her parents and told them that "that man out there wanted a kiss."

Queen Maria Pia of Portugal, who has been spoken of frequently as the best dressed woman in Europe, is said to enjoy occasional flights to Austria, Belgium or Germany on sympathetic missions. A writer in the Pall Mall Gazette observes: "Nothing pleases the good queen more than to be made a confidante in a matrimonial tiff or love affair. Excessively goodnatured, and known among her younger relatives as a kind of fairy godmother, Maria Pia plays quite a part on the regal boards of Europe, and is said to have had a part in the Bonaparte-d'Aosta marriage.

Oh, woman in our hours of ease,
Uncertain, coy, and hard to please;
Yet seen to oft, familiar with her face,
We first endure, then pity, then embrace.

STATE AND TERRITORY.

Nebraska Jottings.

There are thirty-two schools in the sixty-two school districts in Cheyenne county.

The base ball park at Holdrege will be transformed into a skating rink the coming winter.

The occupation tax ordinance in Platte county has been declared defective in the district court.

Laura Yakum, the eight-year-old daughter of a Grant county farmer, was shot and instantly killed by her young brother. It was the old story—didn't know it was loaded.

B. F. Welch, a young man who was arrested for selling mortgaged property, and who escaped from jail at Lexington but was recaptured, has been tried and acquitted.

A Red Willow county veteran applied for a pension on account of lameness in the back and received one on the ground of total deafness in one ear, caused by the roar of a cannon.

An effort is being made to establish a state base ball league for next season to be composed of clubs at Kearney, Lincoln, Hastings, Grand Island, Fremont, Beatrice and Plattsmouth.

The safe in R. M. Gillan's store at Auburn was blown open by burglars, who secured $30 in cash and a few papers. The thieves also entered an adjoining store and carried off clothing and shoes to the amount of $50.

An Omaha Indian, who claimed to be establishing agencies for the sale of all kinds of robes, induced two gentlemen of Friend to advance money on the project, since which time neither Indian nor robes have been heard from.

A Polish farmer named Secora, residing near Ravenna, fell from a hay stack last week and injured himself internally. Physicians performed a delicate operation and the patient rallied, but three days later he died suddenly.

Iowa Items.

Water brings 50 cents a barrel at Jefferson.

A paid fire department will be established at Clinton.

Burglars mulcted Mulkey & Son of $400 worth of clothing at Osceola.

Dubuque's pail and bucket factory has been sold to a St. Louis syndicate.

A potato shaped like a complete human hand was dug up by John Ellis, of Little Sioux.

Rev. J. H. Hedges, of Gladbrook, has been dismissed from the Upper Iowa conference for immorality.

A bootlegger with eighteen bottles of whisky concealed on his person was captured at the Perry fair.

Al. W. Davis, a Creston salesman, has eloped with a notorious woman named Jennings, leaving his wife and aged mother without means of support.

Gus Yager, who was sentenced to the penitentiary for eight years for manslaughter for killing a man named Peters, has been released from state prison, having been granted two years for good behavior.

The engine attached to an excursion train of eight cars of Knights Templar from California to Washington, broke down at Atlantic, and was laid up for two hours for repairs. The excursionists had a liberal supply of wine on board and the city marshal wanted to arrest the whole party for violating the law, but was persuaded not to do it.

A Mount Joy man named William Henderson claims that he has bought the state of California from the Lord Jesus Christ for $50,000,000, and that the celestial city will be located there. He wanted to borrow some matches from a neighbor and declared his intention of burning the world up. The commissioners of insanity at Davenport have adjudged him insane.

The Two Dakotas.

Ninety-two varieties of fruit were on exhibition at the Yankton fair.

The city hall at East Grand Forks was destroyed by fire started by an incendiary.

The Black Hills Pioneer association held its annual meeting and banquet at Deadwood Wednesday.

Sixteen artesian wells are to be put down in Beadle county for private parties by an Oil City, Pa., firm.

Mayor Dunn, of Aberdeen, was robbed of $1,500 which he had just received from Washington as a back pension.

Jerry Gawin is in jail at Chamberlain for throwing a panful of pepper into the face of James Parish, with whom he was having a dispute.

Great flocks of sea gulls have been hovering over the prairies near Jamestown in the past few days on their journey from the Arctic ocean to the gulf.

While playing "shinny" at Grafton Joe Gace got excited and hit Sam Ilstad on the head with a club, knocking him senseless and probably fatally injuring him.

Peter Neisendorfer, of Sioux Falls, had his hand accidentally shot off by a dog. He discovered a hawk in the vicinity of his henhouse, and seizing his gun started to lay him low. While watching for an opportunity a pet dog which was gamboling about him accidentally pulled the trigger of the gun with his paw, the charge entering Pete's hand and rendering amputation necessary.

TWO DRAWN BATTLES.

Rhode Island Pugilists Fight Twice in One Night.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 9.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—William Sullivan and Joseph Murphy, of this city, fought two drawn battles, in two different towns, last night. They started at midnight, at Warwick, to fight to a finish with two-ounce gloves, for $100 a side. After twelve rounds of slugging the referee called it a draw. The friends of the men then put up $100 a side once more, and the party, numbering about one hundred, went to Pontiac, where another fight took place a little before 4 o'clock this morning, in a barn. The first twelve rounds were all in Sullivan's favor. Murphy, however, had the best of the fight at the end of the fifteenth round. Then a free fight took place, and, with the men pummeling each other in the most approved fashion, the referee called time and declared the battle a draw for the second time. The fight will be held again at an early day.

MRS. M'DONALD RETURNS.

Mike Will Probably Forgive Her and Stop Divorce Proceedings.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A dispatch from New York states that Mrs. Mike McDonald, wife of the well-known Chicago ex-gambler and political boss, has returned from Europe, whither she was reported to have eloped with a Catholic priest last July. In an interview last night, in New York, she denied she had eloped, or that there was anything in the slightest way improper in her relations with Father Moysant. He left Chicago before she did because some evil-minded people had spoken in a scandalous manner about his friendship for Mrs. McDonald, and she thinks he has gone into a monastery. She says she was impelled to leave home because of ill treatment by her husband's father, and that she will not return.

Mike was seen, and said he had heard of his wife's return. The millionaire seemed to be in a milder mood than when his wife left, and said he always knew she would return to her children. From the way he talked it looks as though the couple will soon be reunited and the divorce proceedings quashed.

BROTHERHOOD BALL PLAYERS.

They Secure Backing and Grounds in New York City.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—John Ward informed John B. Day to-day that the brotherhood players belonging to the New York nine had decided they could not purchase the franchise of the New York club, but they would start a new club. He notified Day that the players of the New York club had voted to refuse all positions offered them for next season, and had appointed a committee to secure suitable grounds, and at the same time to solicit the financial aid of such men of wealth as might care to take stock in the new enterprise. Ward added that the committee had been very successful in both directions. They not only found plenty of moneyed men who were glad to go into the new enterprise, but they found a man who was quite willing to furnish them with grounds not a stone's throw from the present polo grounds. All that the owner of the property asked was that he should have stock enough in the new club to represent the value of the property secured to the uses of the association. In short, Ward intimated that the stockholders of the present New York club had better leave the sinking ship.

Bond Offerings.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Bond offerings: $719,000 at $1.27; $100,000 at $1.27½; $100,000 at $1.27½; $250,000 at $1.27½; $8,700 at $1.28, and interest; $38,200 at $1.27; $10,500 at $1.05¼.

Courtships average three tons of coal each, and scores of bad coughs and colds; but then every prudent gallant is provided with a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, which costs only 25 cents.

All our city fathers say: "Use Salvation Oil, the greatest cure on earth for pain." Price 25 cents.

THE CAPITAL CITY GRIST.

State Association of the Home For the Friendless in Session.

THE ADDRESS OF THE PRESIDENT

The Institution Crowded—No Room For Aged Women—State House Gossip—Supreme Court Matters—City Notes.

LINCOLN BUREAU OF THE OMAHA BEE, 1029 P STREET, LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 9.

The annual meeting of the state association of the Home for the Friendless met this morning at the First Presbyterian church, and was called to order by Mrs. R. C. Manley, of Lincoln, the state president.

The following is a list of the delegates in attendance: Mrs. E. T. Huff, Lincoln; Mrs. J. D. Parrish, Lincoln; Mrs. E. M. Munin, Mrs. McIntyre, Palmyra; Mrs. John Sharon, Crete; Mrs. J. Burrows, Mrs. Hayden, Mrs. E. R. Tughpaugh, Melroy; Mrs. Dr. King, Mrs. A. E. Thomas, Lincoln; Mrs. C. Pollock, Pawnee City; Miss Mary F. Appleget, Tecumseh; Miss Taylor, Crab Orchard; Mrs. Wm. Conrad, Tecumseh; Mrs. W. J. Cooher, Mrs. W. E. Kuker, Mrs. H. A. Babcock, Mrs. Nelson C. Brock, Miss Elliott, Mrs. W. H. McCreary, Miss Amy Crandall, Lincoln; Mrs. W. H. Marshall, Hastings; Mrs. John Desh, Crete; Mrs. R. C. Manley, Lincoln; Mrs. A. D. Yocum, Hastings; Mrs. A. B. Slaughter, Mrs. C. W. Hoxie, Lincoln; Mrs. C. K. Chamberlan, Tecumseh; Mrs. O. C. Bell, Mrs. C. C. Munson, Mrs. H. W. Hardy, Mrs. M. H. Garten, Lincoln; Miss Nellie Johnson, Osceola; Miss E. S. Little, Ames, Iowa; Mrs. C. S. Jones, Lincoln; Mrs. H. S. Ladd, Rising City; Mrs. C. W. Poole, Tecumseh; Mrs. Slates, Mrs. G. L. Laws, Mrs. E. H. Curtice, Mrs. J. P. Wallon, Mrs. S. S. Swinson, Lincoln; Mrs. Haddaway, Weeping Water; Mrs. J. N. T. Jones, Lincoln.

The morning hour was devoted to the reception of reports from officers and from the various auxiliary societies in the state.

Mrs. J. D. Parish, the financial secretary, made a report of the collections and disbursements of the society.

The following is a recapitulation of the report:

Receipts during the fiscal year	$1,388.76
From green house	122.34
From contribution box	123.05
From miscellaneous sources	216.37
From donations	155.22
From auxiliary societies	418.12
Total from all sources	$2,423.86
Cash on hand at last report	378.23
Grand total	$2,802.09
Paid to treasurer	$2,420.00
Balance in hands of secretary	$1,382.09

The proposed new constitution was taken up for discussion and the question of changing the name of the society to the Nebraska Society for the Home of the Friendless was considered. It was suggested that by changing the name the incorporation might be effected. The following committee was appointed to look into the matter and report to the convention: Mrs. G. L. Laws, Lincoln; Mrs. A. D. Yocum, Hastings; Mrs. Sherrill, Crete.

The new constitution was discussed until noon, and will be resumed again to-morrow.

THE AFTERNOON SESSION.

The afternoon session was opened with music. The auditing committee made a report on the accounts of the treasurer and the financial secretary and found them correct.

Mrs. R. C. Manley, the president, delivered the annual address.

Mrs. Manley began by saying: "To do intelligently and faithfully the work which belongs to a charitable organization has always been the highest aim of the association which we have the honor to represent in annual convention to-day. Representing as we do the leading charitable organization of Nebraska, acting for a large and intelligent constituency, trusted with the expenditure of thousands of dollars from the state treasury, and responsible as we must be for the safety of scores of human lives, it is but just that we question the past and ourselves, ere we assume the grave responsibility of planning for the future."

She continued: "Our membership has not increased in the past year as rapidly as we could desire, but since we have had no regular organizer in the field, we have had no reason to expect large numerical gains."

She spoke of the financial condition of the association and said that it was never in a better or more satisfactory condition. She praised the work of the auxiliaries and said they were doing excellent services and were never more needed than to-day.

Speaking of certain epidemics that have visited the institution in the past year, she said that a system of quarantine had been introduced which would materially lessen the danger from such diseases in the future. Very few adult inmates have been received in the year just past, in fact applications have been received for a small number, as it seems to be generally conceded that the children should have the preference. The aged women that have received shelter for some time are still in their quiet corners, but it is impossible to receive more, as there is only room for a limited number. Mrs. Manley continued: "If it is not deemed advisable to establish a state home for the aged, we earnestly hope that some benevolent or christian association will undertake the case of this deserving and dependent class. The rules which govern the admission of inmates are unchanged. No more old ladies can be admitted, because we have no room for them. Young infants can not be received unless the mothers accompany them, because it is cruelty and injustice to the little ones and a great injury to the home. Half orphans are received when the remaining parent can pay a small sum per month for their maintenance. Surrendered children are made welcome and need only remain in the institution until a good home can be secured."

Miss Elliott, the corresponding secretary, made an exceedingly interesting extemporaneous report in which she reviewed the work in the state.

The reports from the various auxiliary societies in the state show that the good work of the association is spreading all over Nebraska.

THE EVENING'S SESSION.

The public exercises at the First Presbyterian church this evening were especially entertaining. The following is the programme:

Organ solo by Prof. Curtis.
Music by a quartette—Prof. Curtis and others.
Exercises by the children of the home.
Address by Dr. Curtis, of the First Presbyterian church, "The Children and the Humane Society."
Violin solo by Prof. Frankforter.
Address by Dr. Warner, of the state university, "The Children and the State."
Music by the quartette.

State House Gossip.

The board of public lands and buildings was in session to-day in connection with the advisory board of the soldiers' and sailors' home at Grand Island.

Hon. Henry St. Rayner, of Sidney, was at the capitol to-day.

The day after the battle, the state officials were not on deck for much business. They formed a sleepy looking crowd.

The Supreme Court.

The supreme court held a session this forenoon, at which the following business was transacted:

Messrs. M. B. Mallory, of Brown, and A. G. Greenlee, of Lancaster, were admitted to practice.

In the case of Packer vs Courtney the defendant was ordered to return the record instanter.

The following causes were argued and submitted: Lincoln Brick and Tile Works vs Hall; D'Gette vs Sheldon; Birdsall vs Cropsey; Gibbons vs Sherwin; Sanders vs Quick; C., B. & Q. Ry. Co. vs Richardson.

Court adjourned until Thursday, October 10, at 8:30 a. m.

The following new cases were filed for trial: Mary J. Page vs the County Board of Nuckolls county, et al., appeal from Nuckolls county; National Lumber Company vs City of Wymore, error from Gage county.

City News and Notes.

The hotel lobbies were crowded this morning with delegates returning from the state convention. The most of those appearing were of the Norval crowd, and consequently jubilant.

The unselfish gentlemen who acted as judges and clerks of the republican primaries in West Lincoln are not satisfied with the honor and eclat which they derived from those offices, and are now demanding pay for the same from the successful candidates at the county convention.

R. J. W. Seamark has transferred his allegiance from the Burlington to the Missouri Pacific.

Harry Hanna, the city ticket agent of the Missouri Pacific, has tendered his resignation to take effect October 20. He will enter the lists as a commercial traveler for a Milwaukee house, making Wisconsin territory.

G. P. Smith succeeds Holmes Blair as resident engineer of the B. & M. at McCook. Mr. Blair goes to Tucson, Ariz., to accept a position with a mining company.

The district court docket for the November term contains over 600 cases.

The new Nebraska conservatory of music, at Thirteenth and L, opened to-day with a good showing. The building is not yet completed but will be in a short time. Regular instructions will begin Monday.

Rev. Lewis Gregory, of the First Congregational church, is in attendance at the national councils of the church, at Worcester, Mass.

W. H. Baird is enjoying a visit from his father, P. Baird, of Zionsville, Ind. The elder Baird is eighty-three years old.

State Senator Ransom, of Nebraska City, was at the capital to-day.

Representative Towle, of Niobrara, was a belated delegate who saw the city to-day.

Captain Murfin, of Superior, who was reported dead, strayed or stolen, was in the city to-day, hale, fat and hearty. He had been in California some months on legal business.

MRS. HAMILTON'S STORY.

She Married Robert Ray and the Child is Their Own.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The World this morning prints a couple of columns interview had yesterday by a female reporter with the noted Eva Hamilton in the New Jersey penitentiary. She told the story of her relations with her husband, Robert Ray Hamilton. She asserted the genuineness of the child, claiming that she bore it near Elmira, and says she married Hamilton on his entreaty.

"I found out about his being off on a spree with women," said she. "We had a terrible quarrel, and I said I was going to leave him. He begged me not to, but I was determined, so he said for me not to leave him and he would marry me. We had never thought or spoken of marriage before, and at this moment our child was not born. Mr. Hamilton had been wishing we would marry from the time he knew it was to be born, so did not have much to say on the subject. This fight was on the night of the 6th of January". The next day Mr. Hamilton and I went to Jersey and were married. Mr. Hamilton never raised objections to my giving money to the Swintons. I kept Mrs. Swinton, Josh Mann, Mrs. Swinton's granddaughter, Carrie Swinton. I kept them all because they threatened me. I went to Jersey and they all went along and lived with me. Mr. Hamilton knew it and did not object. When I went to Europe he gave me money to pay Josh's expenses along with me."

After that Mrs. Hamilton was constantly blackmailed by Mrs. Swinton and Josh. She was for one year an actress, part of the time with Florence.

To the young face Pozzoni's Complexion Powder gives fresher charms, to the old renewed youth. Try it.

LOVES AN ACADIAN MAIDEN.

This Causes Sir John Ross to Secure a Divorce.

HALIFAX, N. S., Oct. 9.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The social sensation of the hour here is the news from London announcing that Major General Sir John Ross, K. C. B., commander of the British forces in Canada, at present residing here at headquarters, has been granted a divorce from his wife, Lady Mary. The causes leading to the separation have long been a source of scandal in home and colonial military circles. Sir John is a handsome man on the shady side of fifty, a veteran of the Indian mutiny and various Afghan and Indian campaigns. He is a son of the late Sir Hugh Dalrymple Ross. He was married in 1868 to Mary MacLeod, daughter of Alexander MacLeod Hay, Esq., of Stonehouse, Hayton. His foreign service took him much from home, where his wife insisted on remaining. She was younger than her husband, and being of a vivacious nature, sought to console herself for his absence with others and developed habits as incompatible with matrimony as they were injurious to her husband. Hearing of his ill-treatment, Sir John refused to live with her, accepting the post here. Sir John would doubtless have allowed the scandal to die out had he not, since his arrival, met a beautiful young girl, the daughter of a magistrate in Picton, N. S., a descendant of the old Acadians, whom he wooed and won. Divorce proceedings were instituted to make him free to wed his new love, who is thirty years his junior.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

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By an analysis of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder I find it carefully compounded, and I regard it as the best baking powder in the market in every respect.
PETER COLLIER.
Late Chemist of the United States Department of Agriculture.