

COULDN'T CARRY THE LOAD.

Steenstrand Gives His Reasons For the Cotton Collapse.

TOO MANY BULLS ON HIS BACK.

The Quantity of Property Held by Them Larger Than Many Had Supposed—Manchester Manufacturers Jubilant.

Cause of the Collapse.

Liverpool, Oct. 1.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to The Bee.]—Steenstrand now declares that it was the large number of bulls who rode on his back that caused the collapse. The quantity of cotton held by them was very much larger than anyone had any idea of. The bulls waited till the last moment with the expectation that he would be able to raise the market, but they were disappointed, and must have lost considerable, though he could not give any idea of the amount. He believed one result of the collapse would be to do away with any idea of running on short time in the mills.

The Situation at Manchester.

Manchester, Oct. 1.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to The Bee.]—There was an exceptionally large attendance of cotton manufacturers on 'change to-day, in consequence of the news of the collapse of the corner. On all sides the fall of the monopolists was hailed with satisfaction, and notwithstanding that the condition of affairs is yet one of considerable uncertainty, there was a disposition to believe that the failure of the Steenstrand party to hold stock is the signal for a total breaking up of the ring. A leading merchant said in response to an inquiry:

"The evidence that the corner is smashed is complete, and I have no fear of their being able to recover themselves. Consignments from America have proved larger than we expected and the corner has been unable to take them up, consequently there is every reason to expect that the game is played out. There is yet any amount of speculation, but all expect this to get better and before another week is past we hope to have got down to the ordinary run of business. Undoubtedly the events of the last ten days have demoralized the trade even beyond the present calculation to estimate, and any one who has the opportunity of seeing the smaller ones, have been working up pretty tight. Had the corner been able to hold its own the damage to the weaker manufacturers must have been very great, as they could not have afforded to close the mills during the time needed without serious loss in many cases, whereas the smaller ones, being able to hold their own, have been working up pretty tight. Had the corner been able to hold its own the damage to the weaker manufacturers must have been very great, as they could not have afforded to close the mills during the time needed without serious loss in many cases, whereas the smaller ones, being able to hold their own, have been working up pretty tight.

A Tale of the Cotton Market.

London, Oct. 1.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to The Bee.]—A large meeting was held at the Chamber of Commerce for the purpose of discussing the cotton market. The meeting was held at the Chamber of Commerce for the purpose of discussing the cotton market. The meeting was held at the Chamber of Commerce for the purpose of discussing the cotton market.

England's Maritime Representative.

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Condemns the Quebec Verdict.

Ottawa, Oct. 1.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—The Dominion department of public works yesterday condemned the verdict of the coroner's jury at the inquest on the bodies of the victims of the Quebec landslide, as based on false premises. The officials state that the Quebec engineer in his report of 1881 made the alternative recommendation to build a retaining wall, which plan was faithfully carried out and which has caused the disaster.

American Changes His Pope.

London, Oct. 2.—[The Rome correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says:] The pope has been declared that a portion of the diocese of St. Paul, Minn., shall become a separate diocese under the name of the diocese of Winona and the vicariates of Dakota and northern Minnesota shall be divided, the two Dakota vicariates to be known as the vicariate of Sioux Falls and the vicariate of Jamestown.

BLOODSHED OVER A BOAT.

Shouts a Sailor.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—The trouble between Captain J. W. Lawler and Mr. Black over the ownership of the boat Neversink, has culminated in bloodshed. The boat was seized by Black at Charbourg, France, and taken to Cowes, Isle of Wight, whither Captain Lawler proceeded to look possession. However, an accident to the Neversink at Portsmouth was accused of stealing the boat, and to-day the harbor master and his assistant seized the Neversink. Captain Lawler, on the arrival of the American consular agent at Portsmouth, to retake the boat with the least force necessary, armed himself with two revolvers and a revolver, and proceeded to the Neversink. He climbed over the side of the vessel, and with a crowbar felled the first of the crew who came toward him. He then opened fire with his revolver, and the bullet struck a sailor in the leg. The sailors overpowered Lawler, who was taken ashore in a police boat, and a large number of persons gathered at the landing place, and upon the arrival of Captain Lawler they made an attempt to reach the boat, but were driven back by the police, and the prisoner was lodged safely in jail. He was subsequently arraigned and committed on the charge of attempted murder.

NEW YORK DEMOCRATS.

Lieutenant Governor Jones Arraigns the Administration. Syracuse, N. Y., Oct. 1.—The democratic state convention assembled here to-day and elected Lieutenant Governor Jones temporary chairman. The speaker of the convention, in which he referred to the defeat of the party at the last national election, and stated that its members were not discouraged or demoralized, but ready to renew their allegiance to the platform of 1888.

Democracy Downed.

Bismarck, N. D., Oct. 1.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—The democratic ticket in all probabilities a full vote has been polled at this first state election in North Dakota. The returns thus far received indicate that the entire republican ticket has been elected, although the democratic ticket has not yet been counted. The republican ticket has been elected, although the democratic ticket has not yet been counted.

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PROHIBITION WAS THE ISSUE.

Party Fealty Forgotten in a Common Cause.

THE ELECTION IN THE DAKOTAS.

A Probability That the South Has Taken Water, But the North Would Have None of it in Hers.

At Sioux Falls.

STOCK FALLS, S. D., Oct. 1.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—The most important campaign ever held in South Dakota was brought to a close last night. The election has been hotly contested only in respect to the question of prohibition. The democrats made an effort to push their ticket, and party lines were forgotten. In this city the issue was prohibition in the constitution or not.

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Their Rapid Reduction by the President Administration.

HARRISON KEEPING FAITH.

During the Campaign the General Promised They Should Be Diminished—The President's Reception to the Knights Templar.

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NICE FOR LECONY.

The Foreman of the Coroner's Jury His Dear Friend.

HE WORKED AFTER SIX O'CLOCK.

A Row at Callahan's Camp at Thirty-seventh and Pacific Streets Results in a Young Man's Death.

A Dastardly Deed.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 1.—The coroner's inquest in the LeCony murder case in Camden was resumed this morning. The authorities, at the two former sessions had submitted evidence which they deemed sufficient for the asking of a verdict to-day. It appears, however, a few jurors had determined among themselves to compel the prosecution to show its hand and place upon the stand the witnesses, Murray, Friedman, Farmer, LeCony and Smith, his neighbor, Edward Brough, former of the jury, is a life long friend of Charles LeCony, the uncle of the girl, who is accused of complicity in the murder. The jury, however, also conceded his interest in the suspected farmer's welfare. When the coroner informed the jury this morning there would be no further evidence submitted, and directed the jurors to find a verdict, Brough declared the jury had not sufficient evidence to decide. The jurors also objected to retiring without having additional evidence, and the coroner, after consulting with them for a while, finally called upon the witnesses to be sworn and to testify. Some further parleying the jury reluctantly retired, and after an absence of about four hours returned with a verdict. The verdict, signed by the twelve jurors, was to the effect that Annie LeCony came to her death at the hands of parties unknown to them. The protest signed by eight of the jurors, was that certain evidence had been withheld from the jury by the coroner, and that the jury, in consequence of this illegal action, and one which interfered with the discharge of their duty.

DISREFUSED TO MARRY THEM.

Manager Carson Tries to Wed Maid Harrison, but Is Foiled.

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