OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 5, 1889.

could not expect fair treatment from the hands of Senator Vest, who is notoriously on record as opposed to the dressed beef busi-

ness. He is the champion and advocate of the St. Louis deserted cattle market, and is opposed to Chicago interests. He has been friendly to the nostile usef inspection bills that have been introduced in

that have been introduced in various state legislatures against Chicago dressed beef, which if passed would have destroyed this business. We are

perfectly willing to appear before an impar-tial committee and give any information per-taining to our business which is not of a strictly private nature. We have never ex-erted any influence to depress the price of cattle or increase the price of dressed beef.

On the other hand, it is a well known fact that cattle are \$1 per 100 higher than they would be if it was not for the dressed

beef industry, as we can get a great deal more out of a bullock than the butcher or

man who kills in small quantities. We have never had any association with Swift, Ham-mond or Morris, directly or indirectly, in the purchase of cattle. The telegram Mr.

Vest read this afternoon for the sake of get

ting it on record was directed to our agent, whom we had a perfect right to tell that he should not kill cattle if he sold our dressed beer, and it is entirely stripped of its force

when the fact is understood that the man was our representative."

Senator Vest was shown Mr. Armour's statement to-night. He said: "Mr. Armour must know that, as chairman of this commit-

tee, I have no more power than any other member. Then again, if I have any sympathy at all with the Missouri cattle trade, it would not be with that of St. Louis. I have been a resident of Kansas City for seven years, and I believe it is conceded that the cattle trade of the cattle trade of the cattle.

that the cattle trade of that city is in sympa-thy with that of Chicago. As to Mr. Ar-mour's telegram, it was directed to his agent, but it compelled Schwab, who was not his agent, to quit killing cattle."

AMERICAN WOOL

Business Picking Up and the Out-

look Much Brighter.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 4.- [Special Tele-

gram to THE BEE. |- The American Wool

Reporter's review of the market speaks

most encouragingly of the outlook. The

end of the long lane to stagnation seems to

be reached. Manufacturers, despairing of

bearing down prices from the present high

figure, are beginning to buy to fill the orders

that have been accumulating on their hands

for the past two months. The

largest business doing at the present

is in territory wool, especially in the Mon-

tana clipping, the excellent condition of this

grade last year making it extremely popular,

although, like all this year's wool, it is not

up to the standard of last. Reports from all

the scaboard cities report a similar improved

condition of the market, and the prediction

is that with the pressure of high prices and

a compulsory demand, nething but

unforeseen financial disaster will prevent a

more settled condition of trade in future.

Sales are consequently larger, with the following quotations: No 1 Montana, 24c; fine medium Montana, 59@60c. Some

Michigan X is held at 32c, but the usual quotations are 30@31c; scoured, do, 69c; Michi-

gan unwashed, 21%c; Ohios quiet at 33@35c for XXX, 36c and 40c for No. 2 and 1. The demand for Ohio has been slightly interfered with by odd lots of Australian of good

staple, but there is not enough of it to prove lasting. Texas wool is quiet, the best of

which, some million pounds, is held in Gal-veston at 21c. Georgia wool cannot be quoted above 25@27c; California,

15@30c; Washington territory, 14@17c for fine and 16@20c for fine medium. Sales of carpet wools include autumn Donskois at 16

@17c, though 17%c is obtained in Philadelphia, light gray imported for 16c, but best Kandahar is quoted at 21@25c and Damascus not over 13c. The Philadelphia, Chicago and San Francisco markets all report an increase

sales and a brighter tone in general. Nev

York alone complains of duliness, but there is no failing off of sales and prices remain

POSTAL TELEGRAPH SERVICE.

Dr. Green Thinks It Will Be a

Failure.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.-Postmaster General

Wanamaker recently summoned to Washing-

ton various officials of the telegraph compa

nies in order to lay before them some details

and make propositions for a new postal tele

graph service which he has had under con-

sideration for some time, Dr. Green, presi-

dent of the Western Union, was one of these

officials and has just returned from the con-

ference. He gave this afternoon to a reporter

some details of the proposed scheme. Dr

Green did not look upon the project in a very favorable light. It would be a dis-

tinctly second class delivery service. There would not be immediate delivery by the post-

offices, but at stated times of delivery, as in

the case of letters now. Business and com-mercial men, he believed, would not avail themselves of such service when they can

have first class service - messages being de-livered by the company the very moment

It is, however, the extension of the tele

graph service that forms the chief feature of

Wanamaker's scheme. There are at present 59,000 postoffices in the country. About nineteen thousand have telegraph service.

Dr. Green said of the 19,000 receiving officer

which the company now has about two thirds were profitless. Dr. Green was very

much inclined to doubt the financial success of extending the lines to 40,000 little places

in order to make the blessings of the tele

graph service well nigh universal for the

Western Water Wa & Convention.

the improvement of western water ways be

gan its eighth meeting here to-day with fully

150 delegates present from the principal river

points between Pittsburg and New Orleans

and Cairo and Davenport. B. D. Wood, of New Orleans, called the meeting to order,

and after a short prayer, Hon, John F. Follette made a welcoming speech on behalf of the city. He was followed by Murat Hal-

stead, who welcomed the delegates on behalf of the commercial bodies of the city. Chair-man Wood replied in a brief address in which

he outlined the scope and purpose of the convention, saying it was intended to reach

definite and wise conclusion with regard to

the need of the different water ways whose importance to the traffic of the country con-tinue to increase. W. H. Holman, of Indiana,

was chosen temporary chairman. He made an address, after which various committees were appointed for the purpose of effecting

a permanent organization, and the conven-tion adjourned to go on a pleasure trip up

Twenty Horses Cremated.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Sept. 4 .- [Special

Telegram to THE BER. |- Early this morning

a fire broke out in a livery barn belonging to

E. Q. Knowlton. The flames spread so rap-

idly that the horses could not be released

and twenty were burned up. About twent buggies and carriages were also consumed

There was no insurance on the barn of

CLEVELAND, Sept. 4.—The German Roman

Catholic Central Association of America

ninished its business to-day. H. J. Spaun

borst, of St. Louis, was elected president

Other officers were elected and a vice-president for each state, among them Anton Nelleson, Frank Haer, Fort Madison, Ia.; E. Mailands, Omaha, Neb.; Gustav Kaister,

Rioting Hungarians.

Pittssung, Sept. 4.—A special from Greensburg, Pa., says: News has just

reached here of a riot among Hungarians at

the Standard mines, near Mount Pleasant, in

which one of the Hungarians was so badly

beaten that he died a short time afterwards. Another was shot severely. Others were injured. The fight was occasioned by a dis-

pute between the Hungarians over a woman.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 4 .- The convention for

eceived.

BLUFFED THE COMMITTEE.

Armour, Swift et al Fail to Put in An Appearance.

THE SENATORS ARE INDIGNANT.

It Will Be Laid Before the Senate-Vest Reads a Sensational Telegram-Why Armour Did Not Appear.

In a Quandary. CHICAGO, Sept. 4.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE !- The United States senatorial investigation into dressed beef transporta tion arrived at a position this morning when it became necessary to resort to vigorous measures or acknowledge the whole affair to be a stupendous farce.

G. F. Swift, the millionaire dressed bee dealer, bad been subposensed for the third time, and it was reported that he had agreed to appear before the commission this morning. He did not come. The messenger who served the summons was called "What did Mr. Swift say?" asked Senator

Farwell.

"He said he would be here without fail." "You are sure you saw him in, person?" asked Senator Vest, who was evidently laboring under suppressed indignation. The messenger acurately described the delinquent packer. "You saw Mr. Armour again !"

"I did."

"And what did he say?" "He told me it would be extremely inconvenient for him to be here at this hour, but he would send word as to when he would

"And he sent no word!"

It began to look serious and the three senators leaned over the table in whispered consultation. Just then Secretary George T. Williams, of the Union Stock Yards and Transit company, entered the room. He was ordered the other day to again appear be fore the commission with certain statistics of shipments and a list of the stockholders in his company. At the request of Senator Vest, Mr. Williams took a seat in the witness chair.
"You have that list!" asked Senator Far-

Mr. Williams looked like a small school boy who had been asked a hard question. He twisted his hat in his hands and mur-

mured, "No, sir."
"What is that, sir?" "I have not the list."

"Why not, sir!" demanded Senator Vest, with flashing eyes.
"I thought best to see counsel about the matter, and I have been advised not to fur-"Then you decline, as secretary of the company, to produce a list of the stock-holders!"

Mr. Williams was only too glad to get away, and again the senators consulted to-President John B. Sherman, of the stock yards company, was the next witness. Mr. Sherman said he had been president of the company for the last five years and was pretty well acquainted with the methods of

doing business.
"Who are the principal purchasers of cat-'The packers and the shippers.'

"Men like Eastman & Munroe, who buy for eastern parties, and dressed beef deal ers, like Armour, Morris, Swift, and the Do you know who the stockholders are?"

'No; that is the secretary's business."
'What do you charge shippers for hay!" "We charge \$1 for prairie and \$1.50 for tame hay. We also get 25 cents for yard

'Can a shipper buy hay outside!" "No, sir, that is the only way we have to gain a revenue." Mr. Sherman said that there had been 20,000 heaf of cattle in the yards at one time. The charge for yardage included considerable service, as the stock yards company furnished the tracks connecting with the various railroads. It sa to the unloading of the curs and weighed th Certificates of weight were issued which were used as headquarters' receipt on change. Banks advance money on them, so there was no delay. All this was included in the yardage charge. pany also watered the cattle and fed then

hay purchased by the shippers. Senator Vest—"Your secretary said there was \$4,500,000 in the stock of the company

"I think that is the amount." "Now what is the market price of "Oh, it varies. Sometimes it is at par. I have known it to be as low as 90, or as high

"It is not quoted on the stock exchange!"

"I think not."
"And there is little sold?" "Very little, I believe." Senator Coke asked the witness if there were any relations between the stock yard at Omaha and Kansas City, and those at Chi cago. Mr. Sherman said there were nonwhatever. Then he was excused, and afte vainly waiting for some time for word from Mr. Armour, the commission took a recess

until 2 o'clock. Two o'clock came, but the hour did not herald the appearance of Mr. Armour. His ac-tion was a direct rebuff to the committee and

the members felt it keenly. Chairman Vest, in discussing the absence of Mr. Armour and other gentlemen, said h was sorry that a number of persons, includ-ing the heads of several of the prominent dressed beef firms, had refused to attend the sessions of the committee, and had paid no attention to its subpeenas. Mr. Vest said there was no doubt about the power of the commission to compel the attendance of per-sons summoned before it as witnesses, and read several statutory clauses providing pun ishment by fine and imprisonment of parties willfully failing to appear before the commit tees of either house of congress. Mr. Vest continuing, said that although they could compel attendance, they could not compe unwilling witnesses to testify to all they knew, and he feared if they had these parties brought in before them now they would find themselves in the same predicament they were in at the start. All they could do, therefore, was to report the facts to the senate with a view to having the matter placed in the hands of the district attorney of Columbia and be brought by him before the tederal grand jury. "I have here a telethe rederal grand jury. "I have here a tele-gram," continued Senator Vest, "about which I had desired to personally ask Mr. Armour, had he appeared here. I intended, in justice, to do so before making it public, but masmuch as he has refused to appear here I will now make him publicly aware o its contents. It was sent to me by a gentle man about whose respectability there can be

FREELAND, Pa., Dec. 18, 1888 .- Can't allow Schwab to continue killing live stock. If he will not stop make other arrangements and make the price so we can get his trade ARMOUR & Co.

The fellowing was unanimously passed, after which the committee adjourned.

Whereas, Phillip Armour, Nelson Morris, Lewis Swift, Frank E. Vogel, J. S. Newman and Jacob Meyer, having been duly and lawfully summoned to appear as witnesses before this committee have repeatedly refused to obey the same, it is ordered that the facts be reported to the chairman of the senate of the United States at its next session, in pursuance of chapter 7 of the revised statutes of the United States.

The committee adjourned to meet in Des Moines on Friday morning.

A reporter for the Associated Press called on Mr. Armour and asked for an interview. Mr. Armour made the following statement:

"The reason we did not appear before the senatorial committee was that we knew we

SERIOUS DILEMMA.

Who Is the Chairman of the Western Passenger Association?

THE MEMBERS DO NOT KNOW.

There is a Chance For a Good Sized Row and Probably a Law Suit Before the Question Is Settled.

When Does Abbott's Term Expire? CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—The Western States Passenger association does not know whether it has a chairman or not. According to some of the roads, Chairman Abbott's term of office expired at the beginning of this moraing's session, and according to others it does not expire until January 1. At any rate, during to-day's meeting Mr. Abbott was not in attendance, and the whole day was spent in balloting for a new chairman. Chairman Abbott had eight faithful friends, who stuck to him all day, and Mr. Newman, formerly of the Union Pacific, and Traffic Manager Wnite were also strong favorites. After a dozen or more ballots it be-came manifest that it would be impossible to elect a permanent chairman, and it was decided to try and elect a temporary chairman. After repeated ballots this almost resulted in the election of Mr. Newman. He was, in fact, declared elected, when General Manager St. John, of the Rock Island, put in a decided negative. He said that the Rock Island could not necognize Mr. Newman as chairman, or, in fact, any one other than Mr. Abbott whose term of office extended to January 1. This position was actively combated by several members. One of them claimed Mr. Abbott was elected chairman for but one year, and since that time he had simply been acting chairman. It was further claimed that by a resolution Mr. Abbott's term of office as acting chairman had been definitely extended until this meeting. The very fact of the meeting being held termi-nated his term of office and he could not continue serving even as temporary chairman

The above is the position in which matters now are and not one of a half dozen mem bers seen on the subject believed there could be an amicable settlement of the subject. A committee had been appointed to wait on Mr. Newman and notify him of his election, but owing to the objection of the Rock Island the committee did not perform its mission.

There is a chance for a good sized row and possibly a lawsuit before the question is settled.

tenure of office of Mr. Abbott, and it is probable that some of the roads will refuse longer to recognize his rulings. There was considerable talk of a split in the association but the cooler heads will try to keep it to gether. One member confidently asserted after the meeting that it would end in Sec-retary Thomson, of the association, taking charge of the office, and the association electing a presiding officer at the meetings until a chairman could be agreed upon.

Chairman Abbott's position is an em barrassing one. According to some of the roads he cannot resign and according to others he owes it to the association to hold on until January I. He is taking no part in the squabble and said to-day he had not and would not ask a solitary road to vote for him. He received an unanimous call from the association nearly three years ago and resigned his position of general passenger agent of the Erie to accept. The position is an extremely important one. its juris diction extending over practically all the western lines except those in the Transcontinental association. The salary is \$10,000

The Illinois Central frouble.

CHICAGO, Sept. 4 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Acting President Harriman, of the Illinois Central, refuses to make any statement relative to the resig nation of General Manager Jeffery, other than that contained in his acceptance of the resignation. He to-day issued a notice appointing General Superintendent Beck acting manager of the Illinoi Central, Superintendent Sullivan acting general superintendent and Wisconsin Superintendent Russell to have charge of the line in Illinois and Wisconsin. The feeling among the Chicago railroad

mee against Acting President Harriman is strong. There is a sentiment in some quar ters that Mr. Jeffery should either have ig nored Mr. Harriman's temporary authorit, or yielded to it until President Fish could be notified. All agree, however, that the end would have been the same. Mr. Harriman was determined on Mr. Jeffery's resignation, and would have compassed it in some way.

THE CRONIN CASE.

No Jury Yet-An Interesting Ruling by Judge McConnell. CHICAGO, Sept. 4 .- The work of securing a jury in the Cronin case was resumed this morning. The only matter of interest developed thus far was the ruling by Judge McConneil excusing Talesman W. P.

Turner. Turner testified he was a member of the American League of the Independent Order of Deputies, whose object is to prevent members of the Roman Catholic church from holding or controlling political offices in this country. The talesman, however, thought this would not influence his actions and that he could give the defendants a fair triel, even if it were shown that they were members of the Clan-na-Gael. The defense challenged him for cause and the court sustained the challenge. A number of other talesmen were examined. Two were tem porarily passed and a recess taken until to morrow in order to give the defendants' counsel opportunity to consult as to whether they will turn four men now in waiting over

Wintry Weather in Dakots. Sr. Paul. Sept. 4. -Reports from North Dakota and portions of this state tell of a heavy storm last night. Grand Forks says that a terrific electric and wind storm prevaried last night within an area of 100 miles of that city. Telegraph poles between there and Fargo were blown down and communication interrupted. The damage in that neighborhood is thought to be heavy. A Jamestown correspondent says that the beaviest wind, rain and thunder storm in years prevailed last night, but no great dam age has yet been reported. The weather is now wintry and considerable damage will

result. The Musgrave Failure. NEW YORK, Sept. 4.-Wall street con-tinues to discuss the failure of the old and well-known house of T. P. Musgrave & Co., and there were rumors to day that the liabilities would be greatly in excess of the figures first stated. Henry Kuhn said that personally he had no voice in the conduct or di-rection of the business, but believed that the liabilities would fall vastly short of \$500,000, and that a satisfactory settlement would be made with creditors within a reasonable

Drowned in Lake Michigan. CHICAGO, Sept. 4 -Two fishermen, John and Edward Brocher, and fifteen-year-old Charles Bluhm, were drowned in Lake Mich igan to-day off Thirty-eighth street. The trio were a mite and a half from the shore when a sudden squall capsized their smack. Too heavy a sea was running for them to cling to the boat or swim ashore. All three went under almost immediately. None of the bodies were recovered.

SOUTH DAKOTA DEMOCRATS. The State Convention Imrzely At-

tended-Every County Represented. HURON, S. D., Sept. 4 - | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- The democratic state convention this afternoon was largely attended. Representatives were present from all parts of the fifty counties of South Dakota and

there were many visitors. J. E. Carpenter, chairman of the state central committee, called the convention to order. Colonel Steele, of Lawrence, and General Hardin, of Jerauld, were nominated for temporary chairman. The vote by counties gave Steele four majority and he took the chair. E. M. O'Brien, of Yankton, H. S. Valkmer, of Grant, and O. W. Goddard, of Minnehaha, were made secretaries. After appointing credentials and permanent organization committees an adjournment was taken until 7 p. m. On reassembling the credentials' committee report was adopted, showing all counties entitled to a full vote. The chairman appointed five on rules and nine on platform, when another adjourn-

ment was taken till 10 p. m.

After appointing a committee of nine on platform, the convention began the discussion of various methods for the appointment of a state central committee

McClure Declines the Nomination. PIERRE, Dak., Sept. 4 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Hon. P. F. McClure, who was solicited to accept the democratic nomination for governor of South Dakota positively declines the honor, preferring to use his time in the interest of the Pierre cap-

Pennsylvania Democrats, HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 4 .- There was a long delay in the assembling of the democratic state convention to-day. At 11 o'clock it was called to order and the usual prelimi paries were gone through with. Samuel W. Wherry, of Cumberland, was chosen temporary chairman, and after a short speech, in which he arraigned the republican party and eulogized the democracy and Cleveland the usual committees were appointed and a recess taken for half an hour.

The convention reassembled at 1 o'clock and made J. B. Riley, of Schuylkill, perma nent chairman. The platform was then read and adopted. It reaffirms the declaration of principles made by the democrats at St. Louis in 1888, especially that part demanding the revision and reduction of the tariff taxes; favors the admission free of duty of all raw material where it will enlarge our product and increase the demand for labor; renounces trusts and favors the labor; renounces trusts and favors the Australian ballot box system. The platform advocates a liberal pension law in order to have justice done honorably discharged soldiers who by reason of their wounds and other infirmities are prevented from performing manual labor, but the giving of pensions to other persons is denounced as an injustice to those entitled to this recognition.

A resolution was unanimously adonted com-A resolution was unanimously adopted com-mending the course of Gladstone in his atti-tude toward the Irish people. Edward A. Bigler, of Clearfield county, was then nomi-nated for state treasurer, and the convention adjourned.

Massachusetts Prohibitionists. WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 4 .- The state prohibition convention was called to order this morning, and a permanent organization was perfected by the election of Gerge Hempton, of Sharon, as chairman. The usual committees were appointed and they retired committees were appointed and they retired for conference. It is understood the com-mittee on resolutions is engaged in a wrangle over a woman's suffrage plank. When the committees reported, Dr. John Blackman, of Springfield, was nominated for

governor and B. F. Sturtevant, of Jamaica Plains, for lieutenant governor. The plat-form was presented. It advocates the insertion of every state; says local option, while a good thing locally, is totally inadequate on the whole; heartily rejects high license as opposed to its experience and utterly miseading in its promises.

Wyoming's Convention. CHEYENNE, Wyo., Sept. 4 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- Very little work was expected of the constitutional convention today. The committee on rules reported. They have arranged for nineteen committees to look after the principal subjects which will engage the attention of the convention. The matter of printing was considered. A proposition was submitted to do all the work needed and then trust to the legislature for reimbursement. The convention then ad ourned so that President Brown might silowed time to fix up the committees. possible that an adjournment may be taken for a few days after the announcement of committees.

The New York Prohibitionists SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 4.-The prohibition state convention opened this morning When the convention reassembled a per manent organization was effected. The com mittee on finance reported a deficiency of \$2,300 last fall, several counties hav ing failed in their contribution, thousand dollars were needed pay the deficiency and meet meet the expenses of the coming campaign. This would help to destroy the liquor traffic. In a short time \$5,087 was pledged by those present The convention then adjourned until to-morrow morning.

The New Mexico Convention. SANTA FE, N. M., Sept. 4 .- The convention to-day completed a permanent organization and agreed to the appointment of eleven standing committees. The incident of the day was the election of chaplain, a Protest ant minister being pitted against a Catholic, and the latter coming off victorious by a ma-jority of ten. The committee expects to get down to hard work soon.

The Deadwood Conference. DEADWOOD, S. D., Sept. 4 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Bishop John H. Vincent, of Chantauqua fame, and author of the International Quarterly Sunday School Lesson, arrived to-day and will lecture at the M. E. church to-night. He will preside at the M E. annual conference, which begins to mor-row morning. Other prominent divines in the city are Bishop Morley, of the Catholic church; Dr. A. Hodgetts, of Nelizh, Neb., presiding elder of the Elkhorn conference, and Dr. T. C. Webster, of the Chadron M. E.

Nagle's Strict Instructions. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4.-In the habeas corpus case of Deputy Marshai Nagle to-day, Marshal Franks said that when Justice Field left for Los Angeles about August 7, he instructed Nagle to accompany him, watch the Terrys and prevent them from doing Field any violence. He called Nagle's attention to the fact that Terry was not an ordinary man and warned the deputy to take no chances but to protect Field at all haz-

Suicide of a Railroad Man. SEVILLE, Fig., Sept. 4 .- William Kimble Leute, a prominent railroad and real estate man, committed suicide here to-day. was thirty years old and a son of the late Dr. Frederick Leute, from whom he inherited a large fortune. Nearly all of this inheritance had been lost or tied up in such a way that it was unremunerative, and financial troubles are supposed to be the cause of his suicide.

National Bankruptcy Convention. MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 4.—The National Bankruptcy convention reconvened this morning. A committee of five was appointed to wait on President Harrison and ask him to recommend to congress in his next annual message to that body a bill similar in import to the Torrey bill. The convention then adjourned, subject to the call of the executive committee.

STORE BURNED BY NEGROES.

The Merchant Refused to Sell Them Powder.

KILLED HIS OWN BROTHER. George Allen, the Leader of the Out-

laws. Enforces His Authority With Death-A Posse in Hot Pursuit.

A Deserter Will Pilot the Whites. NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 4 .- A Greenwood, Miss., special says: The most dastardly out rage since the beginning of the trou-ble in the upper part of the county was perpetrated by George Allen and his squad of fifteen negroes last night, in burning of Mr. Jamison's store at Shady Grove, on the Tallahatchie river. They went there and asked for powder and shot. Jamison there refused to let them have any and they told him they would either burn his house or kill him. They caught him, set fire to his bouse, firing off their guns in the meantime and making other hostile demonstrations. Jamison got away and went to Sunny Side informing the people what had happened. About the same time a negro deserter from Allen's band offered to pilot the whites to Allen's camp at Lone Star bend if they would spare him and his two brothers who were among Allen's men.

About two nundred men at once started for the hostile camp, which is about six miles above Sunny Side, but it has not been learned whether they succeeded in capturing Allen. It is not likely he will be taken alive as he is a very esperate negro.

It now transpires that the negro whom he killed last night for refusing to take up arms against the whites was his own brother. Yesterday evening the sheriff's posse got sight of two negroes who had gone to Cleveland for ammunition. The negroes jumped from their mules and fled into the cornbrake. The posse captured the mules and 2,000 Winchester rifle caftridges, ten pounds of

buckshot and four pounds of powder.

Further particulars from up the river confirm the statement that the four negro leaders who were killed up there yesterday were killed by the sheriff's posse while resisting The number of hostile negroes are now estimated at from 100 to 150 and they are in large squads one of which is led by George

Allen and the other by a negro named Backitt. The object of the sheriff is to capture the leaders and deal with them according to law. Their followers are merely ignorant negroes who hardly understand what they

are about. BATTLING WITH STARVATION. Terrible Condition of the Locked Out

Spring Valley Miners. CHICAGO, Sept. 4 .- Mr. Henry D. Lloyd, formerly on the editorial staff of a Chicago morning paper, has been investigating the condition of the destitute miners at Spring Valley for several days and makes an appeal through the press in their behalf. He says there is greater need than ever for

help for these people. There are thousands there suffering for food, clothing and medicine. Most of the sufferers are children and

most of the children are little ones. There are families where adults and drep are grievously sick and without medical attendance and medicines because there is no

money to pay for them. The men at Spring Valley, Mr. Lloyd says, are not strikers. They are victims of two

ockouts. Last Christmas a thousand of them were shut out of work by the order closing a part of the mine. For the rest of the winter the other miners divided their work with these unfortunates. This lasted until April, Then the community, exhausted by this strain of supporting three men and their families on the earnings of two men, received its final

the miners were told to take away their tools, and the mines were closed. They had no thought or plan of striking. They were not even given a chance of

working for lower wages. From the day they received this notice until Mr. W. L. Scott, of Erie, Pa. made his recent offer to them of a reduction of wages from 30 cents a ton to the equivalent of 55 cents or less, coupled with the demand that they give up their labor unions, these men have been waiting in involuntary idle-ness to learn what was to be their fate. "Before the lockout they earned, according

to the figures they gave me," says Mr. Lloyd about \$30 a month. According to the figures given by an officer of the company they arned about \$43. If these were their earnngs at 90 cents a ton, what would they be at 55 cents!"

"This community of 5,000 persons, in the state of Illinois, is in the throes of starvation," adds the appeal, "and has been so for months. It is a public scandal and a catastrophe which would seem to demand as prompt and thorough action from the government and the people as the Johnstown disaster, and I trust the press and the public will use all their influence to request the governor to recognize the emergency by all the action within his power. "There must be funds at his disposal for

such an emergency.
"A personal inspection of this battle of 5,000 persons with death, would, I am con-vinced, spur the governor to instant action. "Whatever are the merits of the dispute as to wages, the starving must be fed and the children saved."

Transfer Boats. CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Sept. 4 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The Last Chance, a transfer boat, has arrived here to do trans ferring to the Sioux reservation. A steamer has also been ordered here by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to do transferring for that company. Trying to Burn Pierre.

St. Paul, Sept. 4 .- A Pierre special says: Great excitement prevails in this city over the third attempt within a week to burn down the place. No great damage has been done. The people are much excited and somewhat nervous over the situation. A Dakota Farmer Suicides.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Sept. 4 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE.] -A prominent farmer of Charles Mix county name Clarence Gabler has committed suicide by shooting himself through the head, dying almost instantly. He was wealthy and no cause is known for A Prominent Mason Dead.

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.-Grand Master Mason smith is advised by telegraph from Bloomington, fil., of the death of Dr. Alexander E. Darragh, jr., past commander. The funeral will occur at Bloomington, Friday. The Largest Gold Bar Ever Cast.

HELENA, Mont., Sept 4 .- The largest bar

of gold ever cast in the world was turned

out at the United States assay office here to-day. It weighed 500 pounds and is worth a little over one hundred thousand dollars. A Battle Near Suakim. SUAKIM, Sept. 4 .- The dervishes defeated a force of "friendlies" near here to-day. The loss on both sides was very heavy.

AN ACCOMPLISHED RASCAL.

Max Jacobson Arrested For Embezzle ment From His Employers.

CHICAGO, Sept. 4 .- Max Jacobson, until recently western superintendent of the Fidelity & Casualty company, of this city, was held to the criminal court to-day for embezzling money from the company. Jacobson first made his appearance here a year ago, and was, on the strength of good recommendations, given a minor clerkship in the office of the company. He soon won the confidence of the managers by his ability and was advanced rapidly to the po sition of western superintendent. General Manager Alexander says they had no suspicion of irregularity until a couple of months ago, when he was found betting months ago, when he was found betting largely at the race track. The general man-ager remonstrated with him and he prom-ised to reform, but a week ago it was discovered he was behind again and was dis charged. He went over at once to anothor company and they advanced him money company and they advanced aim illoney.

"The assurance of Jacobson," said Mr. Alexander, "is shown by the fact that he went to Joliet and on the strength of forged letters got prominent citizens to go on his bond. Jacobson is understood to belong to a noble family in Austria. It has been learned that hefore in Austria. It has been learned that before he came to Chicago he served three terms in the penitentiary for forgery. He has been very successful in this city in securing money under false pretenses and there is no means of knowing how much he has obtained aside from the \$1,000 or so of the Fidelity's money.
When arrested last night Jacobson was

about to take the train for the east. His lawyers this evening sued out a writ of ha-

A LEAVENWORTH MYSTERY. Strange Disappearance of a Citizen

of That City. LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Sept. 4 .- [Special to THE BEE. |-This city has almost a parallel of the Wichita Brown mystery, so far as a sudden disappearance and continued and inexplicable absence are concerned. Last Sunday one week ago Mr. E. O. Webster, who resided in a suburban addition to this city, left his home to go to the Baptist church, located in the central part of the city. Since that time nothing has been seen or heard of the missing man. The most careful search has utterly failed to lead to the slightest clue to his whereabouts, or explanation of his continued absence. case is assuming an alarming phase, being no possible reason suggesting itself which will clear up the case.

MORE MEN AT WORK. A Marked Increase of Work rs on the

London Docks. LONDON, Sept. 4 .- There is a marked increase this morning in the number of dockmen resuming work, and business on the wharves presents a rather brisk aspect. John Burns delivered an address to the strikers to-day at Tower Hill. He denounced arbitration through intermediaries, and de nied the reports that the dockmen were going to work. He said it was expected that strikes would be inaugurated in Glasgow and in Southampton Thursday.

Report on the Eight Hour Day. DUNDER, Sept. 4 .- At the session of the trades union congress to-day a census report on the eight hour movement was presented. showing 39,639 for and 62,883 against it, The strike committee was in session until 2 o'clock this (Thursday) morning. It was agreed that the committee would consent to the men resuming work at any wharf paying 6d an hour, ordinary time, and 8d over time, the "plus" in piece work to be equally di-

vided between journeymen and for Strikers Victorious at Liverpool. LIVERPOOL, Sept. 4.-The strike is ended here, the employers having granted the advance demanded.

Russia's New Imperial Train. [Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett.1 LONDON, Sept. 4.—[New York Her-ald Cable—Special to The Bee.]—A new imperial train has just been built for the emperor of Russia. The saloons are covered with iron outside and theu comes eight inches of cork instead of steel plates, with which the carriages of the old train were protected. All the saloons, which communicate by a covered passage, are exactly the same in outward appearance, so that he outsider may be able to discover in which carriage the czar is traveling. During the emperor's journey last autumn he passed most of his time in a carriage which from the outside looks like a baggage van.

A l'a tor in Hot Water. [Copyright 1839 by James Gordon Bennett, 1 LONDON, Sept. 4 .- | New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE. J-J. G. Gregory. incumbent of Emmanuel church, Brighton,

in hot water. He presided at a public meet ing at which Dr. Fulton, "an American." lectured. In the course of the lecture Fulton said: "The Virgin Mary was not much of a virgin," and much more to the same effect. This profane utterance was brought to the attention of the bishop of Chichester, who in a most temperate letter calls upon Gregory to disavow any agreement with Fulton's statement. The Maybrick Children Adopted.

[Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett.] LIVERPOOL, Sept. 4 .- | New York Herald Cable - Special to THE BEE. - The Daily Post states that the two children of Mrs. Maybrick have, by the consent of their father's brothers and of Baroness Von Roque, their grandmother, been adopted by a lady and gentleman in London, who are in good circumstances and who will see to their maintenance and education. The children, a boy and a girl, will assume the names of their foster parents, and thus, it is hoped, in their future life escape the stain attach ing to the name of their mother.

Quite a Grape Vine. Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett 1 LONDON, Sept. 4 .- [New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE. |-A vine known as the "Great Vine." at Hampton court, has nearly 1,600 bunches of grapes on it, all well colored and looking healthy.

Steamship Arrivals. At London-The Trave, from New York for Bremen, passed Scilly this afternoon. At Glasgow-The Circassia, from New York.
At New York—The Nordland, from Ant-werp; the State of Nevada, from Glasgow.

A Cabinet Mee ing Saturday. WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 4 .- It is under stood a meeting of the members of the cabinet will be held at noon Saturday next. The subject of an extra session of congress will probably be discussed then and a de-

Pauls, Sept. 4 .- The editor of Cocarde has been sentenced to four months imprisonment, and to pay a fine of 500 francs for purloining The German Empress a Catholic.

VIENNA, Sept. 4.-An inspired article in

Paying For His Scoop.

the Vaterland announces that Empress Augusta Victoria, of Germany, has joined the Dr. Peters Recalled.

Berlin, Sept. 4.—Dr. Peters has been re-called from East Africa. The expedition for the relief of Emin Bey has been aban-doned.

THE BELL TELEPHONE SUIT.

The Government Case Gets a New

Lease of Life.

A VERY MYSTERIOUS GERMAN.

Who is Mr. Wabner That Mr. Wanamaker is Showing the Workings of the Postal System?-Western Workmen in Washington.

WASHINGTON BUREAU, THE OMARA BEE,

513 FOURTHENTH STREET. WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 4. The government suit against the Bell Telephone company took on a new lease of life to-day with the filing in the patent office of a document in which the Peoples' Telephone company assigns all its rights and title to some sixty patents and applications for patents which it controls to three mutual trustees, Frank Jones, the millionaire of New Hampshire, John R. Bartlett and Henry C. Andrews, of New York. The result of this assignment is to concentrate all the elements in opposition to the Bell Telephone company in a strong working force, and it is said at the patent office that it is upon this combination that the hope of the government's success in the suits against the Bell

company rests. ASTONISHED THE NATIVES. Workmen and mechanics are being treated to a sample of wild western ways which causes their eyes to bulge out with astonishment. Recently the Washington & Georgetown Raitway company entered into a contract with a concern in Kansas City to lay a cable road along the Seventh street branch of their line. Work was begun on this inno vation in street service in this city yesterday morning. The contractors brought their morning. men with them from Kansas City and put them to work as work is usually done in the west. The ease with which the track layers performed their work has caused quite a commotion in Washington labor circles. At the upper end of Seventh street this afternoon one hundred or more men were engaged laying the temporary track upon top of the granite blocks, and at least five hundred of Washington's population watched the operation for hours. work is being done with energy which is surprising to the people of this section, and already the indications are that the Seventh street line will be built with twice the rapid-ity, the work was upon the company's main line running from the navy yard to George-

MYSTERIOUS MR. WABNER. A representative of the German govern-ment named Gustav Wabner has been in the city for the past two or three days to consuit with the postoffice officials in relation to the manner of the conduction of the postal and telegraph business of the country, Post-master General Wanamaker has received master General Wanamaker has received Mr. Wabner with every courtesy and has extended to nim all the facilities at his disposal, besides supplying him with a number of letters of introduction, which will be invaluable to introduction, which will be invaluable to introduction, which will be invaluable to introduction. him in his researches. The gentleman, how-ever, has maintained a secretiveness which ever, has maintained a secretiveness which is entirely unaccountable. He has not called upon the German minister nor upon any of the principal German-Americans in Washington, and although strengous efforts have been made on their part to flud Mr. Wabner, they have been unable to do so up to the present time.

GROPP'S CHANCES GOOD. It was announced to-day that the president would appoint a commissioner of the general land office before departing for Philadelphia this afternoon, but up to the present time the name of the gentleman who is to occupy this position has not been given to the public. Ex-Congressman John R. Thomas, of Illinois, is confident of his ap-pointment, but his confidence is no greater than that of numbers of others who are un-derstood to be in the field for the position, and the interior department people express the same degree of ignorance upon the subect which has pervaded that department since the resignation of Commissioner Stockslager. It is believed there, however, that Judge Groff, of Omaha, is the coming man,

out the basis of this belief can not be ascer tained at this writing. ARMY CHANGES. So much of the special orders as direct the transfers of certain lieutenants in the Fifth artillery to take effect October 1, 1889, is so amended as to direct the following transfers instead to take effect on the day named: First Lieutenant David D. Johnson, from Battery L to Light Battery F, vice ieutenant Harvey C. Carbough, from Light First Lieutenant George E. Sage, from Battery K to Light Battery D. vice First Lieutenant S. E. Allen, from Light Battery D to Battery L. Battery F to Battery K.

IOWA POSTMASTRES APPOINTED. Cottonwood, Lee county, J. R. Sypher; Marathen, Buena Vista county, E. E. Eld-field; Richardsville, Dubuque county, Mrs. Margaret Blake Francis C. Grible, of Omaha, is at the Arlington.

A caplegram received at the cavy

ment to-day announces the arrival of the Galena under the command of Commander Sumner, at St. Nicholas Mole, Hayti. Admiral Gherardi, of the Kearsage, is also at St. Nicholas Mole in communication with the navy department. It is probable that the Kearsage will come porth scenario. the Kearsage will come north soon, but that will be left largely if not entirely to the admiral's discretion. The secretary of the interior to-day ap-

pointed Albert F. Childs, of Ohio, chief clerk of the census office.

Captain Robert Boyd has been selected by Secretary Tracy as supervisor of the port of Judson Hudges has been appointed storeceeper for the district of Nebraska. Nebraska and lowa Pensions.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Pensions granted Nebraskans: Original invalid-James Frone, George W. Berry, Israel C. Tobias, Frances Hicket, Henry C. Streator, Pranz Plot, Vincent F. Stevens. Increase-Peter Roney, John Gorman. Pensions allowed Iowans: Original m-Peasions allowed lowans; Original in-valip-Simon Beedie, Jasper N. Johnson, William Richardson, Benjamin E. Egard, Thomas J. Holliday, John Chamberlin, Lor-enzo Gano, Charles Tobey, Martin Vandyke.

Restoration—William Rice. Increase— Thomas H. Lee, William Sheehman, George O. Brown. Roissue—Thomas L. Doble. Or-iginal widows, etc—Martha, mother of Thomas Johnson; Rosanna, widow of John Sears. Harrison Home and Away Again, WASHINGTON, Sept. 4 .- The president and

Mrs. Harrison, accompanied by Dr. Scott and Private Secretary Halford, arrived at the white house to-day from Deer Park at 2:45 p. m. There was no regular cabinet meeting, but within his hour's stay at the white house the president managed to see Secretary Tracy, Attorney General Miller, and Assistant Secretary Bateneller and thus gather an idea of the course of business in most of the departments. A few chuster in most of the departments. A few minute before 4 o'clock the party again entered carriage and were driven to the Baltimore of Ohio railroad station, where they took the train for Philadelphia.

The Weather Forecast. Nebraska-Fair, stationary temperature, lowa-Rain, followed by claring weather, ower temperature, winds shifting to north erly. Dakota-Fair, lower temperature except

in northern, northerly winds. Burgiars Visit the Vice President. RONDOUT, N. Y., Sept. 4.—Burglars made an unsuccessful attempt last night to rob the residence of Vice President Morton.