THE DAILY BEE.

OMAHA AND DENVER.

Omaha has always entertained the

most friendly feeling toward Denver.

The people of the metropolis of Ne-

braska fully appreciate the beauty and

the healthfulness of Colorado's capital

city. They have never failed to duly

honor, also, the energy and enterprise

of Denver's citizens, and to feel grati-

fied at the growth and prosperity of that

city. Omaha is profoundly interested

in all western progress. She thoroughly

believes in the magnificent destiny of

the imperial region lying between the

Mississippi and the Pacific ocean, and

observes with pride and satisfaction

every step in the march toward the at-

tainment of that destiny. She has no

jealousy or envy of any western city.

and among them all the very last of

which she could have such a feeling is

Denver. The two cities are not and can

not be rivals. They are more than six

hundred miles apart, and the conditions

of their past growth and future prosper-

ity are whoily different. The Colorado

metropolis is the market for a rich mun-

ing region still, it is believed, but in

the first stage of development, and a re-

sort for people whose ailments require

the health-giving climate which its

altitude affords. As the mining in-

terests of Colorado are developed, with

the aid of Omaha and other capital.

Denver will inevitably reap a large

measure of the benefits, while her cli-

mate is a possession of which she can

never be deprived by any circumstance

within human control. As a great

mining and medicinal center, therefore,

the future of Denver is assured. Oma-

ha's prosperity rests upon other and

different foundations. She is not merely

the metropolis of a great state, but of a

vast region whose agricultural resources

and possibilities are unsurpassed by any

equal extent of territory on the face of

the globe. She is not wanting, either,

in a most salubrious and healthful cli-

mate, as the mortality statistics attest

but this is not a source of dependence.

As the center of the great corn belt and

the natural market for the cattle and

hogs of a vast region, with her founda-

tions of prosperity firmly laid, Omaha

looks to the future with a serene and

The suggestion for these observa-

tions is found in an interview re-

garding Omaha which a reporter

for a Denver paper recently had

with a business man of that city who

endeavored unsuccessfully to establish

a branch of his business in Omaha.

When a merchant does not succeed in

accomplishing what he claims to do he

is pretty sure to ascribe his failure to

something else than his lack of enter-

prise and good judgment. Thus it is

with this Denver merchant who repre

sents Omaha to be on the verge of finan-

cial ruin, the population steadily de-

creasing, no building going on, the city

filled with unemployed men, and a state

of affairs generally which would in-

deed be deplorable if true. Unfortu-

nately, however, for the veracity of the

Denver merchant, he made the mis-

take of referring to the Omaha mana-

ger of R. G. Dun & Co. as authority for

some of his alleged facts, and that gen-

tleman's attention having been directed

to the statement he disposes of it as fol-

OMAHA, August 9 .- To the Editor of THE

Brr: My attention has been called to an ar

ticle in the Denver Republican of the 2d

inst. under the caption of "Dark Days in

Omaha," in which my name is mentioned as

voicing the views of Mr. Hart, formerly of

now of Denver. I wish to state in justice to

myself and the city of Omaha that Mr.

Hart's assertions are absolutely false and

bear the unmistakable ear marks of rank

prejudice. My views of Omaha and her fu-

ture are clearly set forth in our semi-annual

business outlook of June 29, which was

freely and favorably commented upon by the

It would be a waste of space to point

out in detail the absurdities in the Den-

ver merchant's interview, to which we

should have given no attention what-

ever but for the communication of Mr.

Bell, which destroys whatever force

the alleged facts of the me, chant's

statement might otherwise have.

Omaha cannot be injured by reports of

this character with people who will

take the trouble to ascertain the truth.

PROHIBITION IN KANSAS.

has elicited a reply from Mr. Bailey

Waggener, mayor of Atchison, which

will be found elsewhere in our columns.

We have already referred to the Ingalls

offort on the part of the author to thor-

prohibition in Kansas. The exhaust-

ive reply of Mr. Waggener fully justi-

the conclusion as embodied in his arti-

Mr. Waggener is a far better author-

nity for observing the workings of pro-

sumed to pay much attention to the

illicit liquor traffic. In the one case

there is practical daily experience, and

in the other merely heresay and casual

The statement of the situation by Mr

Waggener shows that prohibition has

never been enforced in the cities and

larger towns of the state, and that the

legal proceedings taken to enforce the

law are for the most part a farce. The

adoption of the constitutional amend-

ment drove the better class of satoon-

keepers out of the state and

brought in their stead a great

army of disreputable scoundrels

and irrepressible vagabonds." These

fellows established joints which now in-

fest nearly every town in the state,

dealing out generally the vilest liquors

and reaping a more lucrative harvest

than could reputable saloon keepers al-

lowed to do business under a judicious

sively

observation.

The article of Senator Ingalls in the

CRARLES J. BELL,

Manager R. G. Dun & Co

press of this city. Yours truly,

lows:

unquestioning confidence.

E. ROSEWATER, Editor. PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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The Bee Publishing Company, Proprietors. BER Building Farnam and Seventeenth Sta

THE DAILY BEE. Sworn Statement of Circulation. State of Nebraska, County of Douglas, George B. Tzschuck, secretary of The Bee Publishing Company, does solemnly swear that the actual circulation of The Daily Bee for the week ending August 10, 1859, was as follows: Wednesday, August 6 Wednesday, August 7 Thursday, August 8 Friday, August 9 Baturday, August 19

Sworn to before me and subscribed to in my presence this 10th day of Angust, A. D. 1889, [Seal.] N. P. FEIL, Notary Public. [Seal.] N. P. FEIL, Notary Public.

State of Nebraska,
County of Douglas.

State of Nebraska,
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County of Douglas.

State of Nebraska,
State of The Bear of The Dally Bear for the month of August, 1888, 18,183 copies; for September, 1888, 18,154 copies; for October 1888, 18,054 copies; for November, 1888, 18,285 copies; for December, 1888, 18,223 copies; for January, 1889, 18,554 copies; for March, 1889, 18,554 copies; for April, 1889, 18,559 copies; for May, 1889, 18,559 copies; for May, 1889, 18,559 copies; for June, 1889, 18,559 copies; for July, 1889, 18,559 copies; for March, 1889, 18,559 copies; for July, 1889, 18,559 copies; for May, 1889, 18,559 copies; for May, 1889, 18,559 copies; for May, 1889, 18,559 copies; for July, 1889, 18,559 copies; for May, 1889, 1889, 1889, 1889

FROM Pan-electric to Union Pacific would not be such a difficult descent for px-Attorney General Garland.

THE skipper of the Black Diamond stealing his own vessel is looked upon as a good joke in Washington.

Now that Kalakaua has squelched an incipient rebeilion he can go to the Paris exposition as a conquering hero.

A LEVEL bet might be made as to whether the Cropin murderers or the new postoffice foundation will be on view first.

is already acting like a strong magnet in drawing the Missouri Pacific and other roads in that direction. OMAHA wants the Woodman collec-

THE opening of the Sioux reservation

tion of tropical plants. Gardner Cleveland's objections should be dropped into the park commission waste basket.

FOR every bushel of oats raised by the farmers of Nebraska, two-fifths goes to the railroads for transporting it to market. This is about all that the traffic will bear.

THE struggle for the right of way over the streets of South Omaha between the two rival street car companies has developed a good sized hot-box in the municipal affairs of that city.

LIKE the small boy who wants to trade back, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad is trying to recall its letter to Attorney General Leese in which the company threw up its claim to the abandoned grade in Holt county.

THE outlook for Merchants' Week is most promising. Unusual interest among the committees in charge of the celebration, as well as the merchants themselves, insures the success of the movement. All that is now necessary is to keep up enthusiasm and to spread its influence all through the state and in western Iowa.

THE early completion of Stanford university is now assured, and within a year the great school will be dedicated for the high purpose for which it is intended. The main buildings are almost finished, and the work of selecting the faculty and professors is now going on. From all appearances Se nator Stanford is in no haste to open the doors of the university until its scope shall have been fully determined upon. There is in contemplation a system of education from the kindergarten to a post-graduate course. Should this plan be carried out Stanford university would combine completeness with thoroughness and stand preeminently the model school of the land.

THE board of education has had its interest revived in extending the course of manual training in the public schools. It is now proposed to make it co-extensive with the other branches of instruction in the high school and to lenghten its course to four years. This is as it should be. A merely superficial system of manual training such as now exists is both a waste of public money and the time of the pupil. If manual training is to be retained in our schools it should be given that character and importance which the subject demands. Manual training has reached that stage in its development where it is no longer an experiment. The experience of Philadelphia with manual training as a part of public school instruction has been eminently successful. The graduates from this department are well prepared to take up mechanical pursuits without of time and error in choice of occupation, while the increasing interest developed by the pupils is a most encouraging sign of its usefulness. It can not be expected that the work of manual training in this city at present will be as comprehensive

as that of Philadelphia and other cities.

But it should be planned intelligently

and broadly so that it may develop

gradually into its proper functions,

eaching a thorough knowledge of

drawing and the use and application of

tools in the industrial arts. In short,

that it may educate all the faculties of

the school boy and train him mentally,

physically and ethically for his life's

joints the state swarms with drug stores where liquor is sold as bitters, elixirs and other concoctions, while social clubs for tippling are numerous, and these places are tolerated because they pay a certain amount toward defraying the expenses of the government. It is true that the practice of a little discretion is generally necessary in order to obtain liquor, but there are few places in the

state where it cannot be had. Meanwhile, nearly every city in Kansas, says Mr. Waggener, is groaning under the burden of taxation, and relief must come from some source. The population of the state has increased, but the burden of taxation has not decreased. The cities have advanced, but the percentage of taxation has not declined. The explanation of this anomalous condition is found in the greater cost of police departments of the cities since the enactment of prohibition. The facts presented by Mr. Waggener are a conclusive refutation of the claim that prohibition is a success in Kansas, and prove, on the contrary, that it is as great a failure there as it has been elsewhere. They will repay careful perusal by all who are interested in this question.

A PERSONAL APPEAL NECESSARY. No one will be inclined to find fault with the object of the State Development association to collect reliable statistics of the products and resources of Nebraska and to spread this knowledge broadcast through the land. Such information can not fail to influence the advent of both capital and immigration in the state and to contribute to the general welfare of our people. With this purpose in view the association has addressed a circular to the boards of supervisors, county commissioners, boards of trade and other organizations, soliciting both their co-operation and a guaranty of financial aid to carry on the work until proper appropriations can be secured by legislation. It is doubtful, however, whether such a circular of itself will be wholly effective in bringing about the desired results. Circulars, no matter how well written, as a rule, are laid aside and are either forgotten or thrown into the waste basket. To make the State Development association representative both in name and in fact, it will be necessary to make a personal appeal to the various county organizations. This can be done through the vicepresidents of the association inasmuch as each county in the state is entitled to one vice-president. In a measure however, the circulars will be valuable. They will call attention to the objects of the association in the counties of the state who failed to respond to the invitation extended some weeks ago. They will pave the way for the co-operation of local boards. But it will take the earnest appeal of individual efforts to influence such bodies to contribute the necessary financial backing promptly in order that the work of the association

EASTERN RECOLONIZING. It is curious to read of the efforts to recolonize portions of the east. The common impression is that, that section is greatly overcrowded, and that the desire is to reduce rather than increase population. There is a move ment in Vermont, however, to repeople the abandoned lands of that state, estimated to amount to two hundred thousand acres, and to that end a comthe Hart Carpet company of this city, but missioner appointed under an act of the last legislature is devising a plan for accomplishing this object. He is said to have conferred with a prominent Swede of Nebraska, who is experienced in the business of founding colonies of his countrymen, and this man proposes to examine the depopulated lands in Vermont, and, if found satisfactory, to bring a colony of fifty Swedish families next spring. There are some difficulties in the way, but these will not be found insurmountable.

may not be unnecessarily delayed.

This attempt of Vermont to repeople its waste lands will be watched with interest, particularly in New England. and if it shall prove successful the plan is likely to be widely imitated in the east. Other states there have more or less waste land, which they would doubtless like to make productive if a practicable way to do so can be found, and the Vermont movement will, perhaps, demonstrate what August Forum on prohibition in Kansas may be done. But so long as new sections are opening in the west, of fertile and cheap lands, promising greater profit to the agriculturist than he can reasonably hope to obtain in the east, article as evidently written without any the repeopling of the waste lands of that section is certain to be slow, under oughly investigate the operation of the most favorable conditions that may be offered. The idea of an eastern contemporary that the western capacity of immediate absorption fies this judgment. It shows concluhas been stretched to near the that had the senator taken the trouble to look up the bearable limit would not be sustained facts, he could not possibly have reached by an investigation. Nebraska, for example, could absorb a hundred thousand families, or more, as rapidly as they might come, and there is a great deal of territory outside of this state offering ity regarding prohibition in Kansas favorable opportunities to home seekers. than Senator Ingails. He was an advocate of prohibition before Senator In-Whenever the pursuit of agriculture galls became a convert. He has been shall become more profitable in the east constantly on the ground and his official than at present, and this will doubtless position affords him the best opportuhappen in time, the waste land problem will be easy of solution. Meantime no hibition. The senator is not in the harm can come of trying such an experstate more than two or three months in iment as is proposed in Vermont. the year, and at best could not be pre-

Has the "elixir of life" at last been discovered, and can old men be rejuvenated by a hypodermic injection of pulverized lamb in distilled water? The experiments of Dr. Hammond, of New York; Dr. Longfellow, of Cincinnati, and other eminent physicians through the country, based on the Brown-Sequard theory, would have us believe so. But before this great life-restoring "elixir" will be universally accepted it must be subjected to tests more searching than have yet been attempted. The truth is, however, that the new discovery is likely to turn out to be nothing more nor less than one of the reviving stimulants familiar in medical science, which every surgeon has time and again used hypodermically. It is well to know that alcohol injected under the skin has a reviving effect providing the real clixir of life, the vital spark itself, has not burned too low. While beef tea, anohigh license system. Besides these dine, cocoaine, solutions of quinine are

frequently used with satisfactory effect in rallying old and infirm men whose power of absorption of stimulants by the stomach has been impaired. There is nothing so far to show that the Brown-Sequard lamb's-ten is anything else but such a tonic. A real elixir means a renewal of tife, a rejuvenation which calls for new teeth, new hair, new strength new activities both physical and physiclogical. A real clikir should make the blind see, the lame walk, the deaf hear and the dumb speak. Until such a life-giving fluid shall be found, it is folly to speak of Brown-Sequard's stimulant as an "elixir."

WHEN it is understood that the annual loss to the farmers of the United States from hog cholera amounts to twenty million dollars, the importance of finding a way to prevent this disease can be appreciated. Upon this point nothing of value resulted from the investigations of the commission appointed by the agricultural department. As a contribution to the literature of the subject the report of the commission may have merit, but what is desired is a means of preventing the disease, and as to this the report is altogether inconclusive. The opinion is expressed that the only real hope of preventing hog cholera lies in inoculation, but this the commission was not prepared to recommend without further investigation. The positive opinion of the report is that disinfection cannot be made effective under the conditions which exist in the west, and that that treatment of the disease is utterly futile. In view of the enormous annual loss from hog cholera, it is manifestly necessary that investigation, with a view to discovering a means of preventing the disease, shall not be abandoned.

VISITORS to Omaha during fair week will doubtless admire the symmetrical poles that adorn our streets, erected by the tasteful generosity of the motor company. In Antwerp they have had electric cars running for years, with storage batteries in each car. This, of course, is a trifle more expensive, but there the public is considered more important than the increased profits of a street railway

Ungrateful Missouri Democrats.

Chicago Herald. Does hero-worship stop at the grave? No monument yet marks the resting place of Missouri's illustrious citizen, Jesse James.

From Force of Habit.

Chicago News. Train robberies are becoming so frequent that whenever the conductor shouts "Tickets!" all the passengers hold up their bands.

Colorado Can't Boast.
Kansas City Times. The Utah train robbery was so danger ously near the Colorado line that the Den ver papers will be obliged to call in their jokes on the recent robbery in this state.

Are Von There, Maish? Chicago Tribune.

Can it be possible that Governor Dave Hill, of New York, is laying pipes for the United States senate, with the view of mak ing connections ultimately with the white house! Up. Majah Jones, and at him.

A Rich Field.

It is rumored that the civil service com mission will next turn its attention to Balti more. This is getting down into the terri tory of Senator Gorman and Eugene Higgins, and thare ought to be some rich finds.

Editor Dana's Way.

Cincinnati Enquire Charles A. Dana, of the New York Sun remembers the old adage of the man of words and not of deeds," &c. Accordingly ne seasoned his talk in favor of the World's exposition by sending in his check for \$10,-000 to Mayor Grant.

A Hint to Pernicious Gotham. New York Press. But while talk of the fair Permeates the air Let Knickerbooker do his duty. Let him finish Grant's tomb

Ere the crack of doom, And make Washington's arch a beauty,

Canada's Coolness. Kearney Enterprise. It requires an iron sort of cheek for a Canadian to get excited over the seizure of an English vessel by an American man-of-war in view of the fact that his English vessel have been seizing American fishing smacks for several years past with perfect freedom. And it is pleasant to see him wax indignant

Getting Ready to Get Mad.

over his own medicine.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat. A railroad trust could not be attacked by he same weapons or the same methods as an ordinary commercial trust, but it could be mashed just as readily. The trusts will have no "show" when the people get aroused and the people are on the road to that frame of mind just now.

The Kentucky Prohibition Vote.

New York Sun. The astounding news comes from Ken ucky that the prohibition vote in Monday's election was very light. This sad news i enough to drench the dryest dry with salty and shining tears. The time for a prohibi ory amendment to the Kentucky constitu tion is still hidden in the dark forward and tabyss of time.

AS OTHERS SEE US.

Kaw City Don't Understand. Kansas City Journal. Interstate Commerce Commissioner Groff would be a name that would make the ears of every Nebraska republican tingle with

St. Louis Pleased.

Kearney Enterprise. Queer tennis they play up in Omaha. The Republican, in its description of a tourna ment, says that the players took their positions and two men served; the games were played rapidly and the score was soon "thirty deuce." We presume that this unheard of score can only be made when two players

Was This an Omaha Landlord?

Ulyses Herald. Frank Stiles was in Omaha last week and disposed of his residence property in the metropolis. Frank says he wouldn't have kicked if he could have got half of the rent. but when the agent commenced keeping the whole business and charged Stiles up with street car fare extra, he thought it was time

One of Life's Amenities. Kearney Enterprise.
Social life at Fort Omana must be quite spicy and interesting at times. There is

nothing like a trial, either by a court martial or before a jury, to find the true inwardness

They Were Lucky to Escape.

Kearney Hub. The republican state central committee assemble at Omaha to-day. If reports in the papers of that city are reliable the members of the committee are liable to be run in for vagrants by the police.

Our Diamond Giant.

The petrified arm of a giant has been dug up in Nebraska. It held in its clinched hand nine large diamonds. It is evident that the arm belonged to a prehistoric hotel clerk.

St. Paul Wants Him Removed. St. Paul Pioneer-Press. Chief Hubbard's attention is called to the fact that Cooney, the Cronin suspect, is

catching for the Omahas. No Prohibition For Him. Chicago Times.
The lieutenant-governor of Nebraska has

had a narrow escape from drowning. He

says that he is no longer a prohibitionist. Hoping Against Hope.

Minneapolis Tribune.

The young gentlemen from Omaha rather put a crimp in our athletes yesterday, but let us not be discouraged. The summer is not yet ended nor is the harvest passed. We shall be happy yet.

STATE PRESS COMMENT.

Wahoo Wasp: Judge Groff, of Omaha, has been summoned to Washington and will be appointed either to the vacancy in the inter-state commerce commission or the United States land commissioner. Judge Groff can fill either place completely and Nebraska will be satisfied with either.

Nebraska City Times: It now seems to be settled that Thayer will not be a candidate for re-election for governor. We propose Major John C. Watson for governor, and would have Otoe to go to work with a determination with the view to send Colonel Ransom to congress. We don't want the earth down this way, but we'll be satisfied with this.

Hastings Nebraskan: The Nebraskan would like to see the next republican ticket made up of men who are rooted firmly in the faith. A man is not fit to represent his party who thinks it good policy or incumbent upor him to propitiate his opponents with official patronage to win strength for himself.

Orleans Courier: John Clark Ridpath, the historian, late professor in Du Pauw university, is spoken of as the coming man for chancellor of the Nebraska state university. It not known whether he will accept the po sition, but if so, he would in a short time give our state university a national reputation. As an educator and scholar Prof. Ridpath stands at the head of the list.

Fremont Tribune: The Telegram clamors for the next democratic state convention to be held in Columbus. That paper boasts of that city having four good hotels and thinks the crowd could be entertained in good shape. But how many saloons has Columbus! Almost any town has ample hotel accommodations for the democratic convention of Nebraska. It requires something more than hotels to satisfy the democrats.

Greeley News: A great many Nebrasks editors are trying to throw a damper on the work of the State Development association by spreading the rumor that Omaha is making it an Omaha advertising dodge. This sectional feeling won't do, boys. We must all work together to make it win. The state is well represented on the executive board, and in the vice presidents, and the directing and pushing depends largely upon them. I the Omaha members are allowed to be the only ones to put life into the concern we

think Omana should reap the benefits. Fairmount Signal: Judge Lewis Groff, of Omaha, is being urged for the vacancy on the inter-state commerce commission. Judge Groff has made such a very creditable record during the past ten years that no doubt of his fitness is entertained.

COUNTRY BREEZES.

Evangelizing Under Difficulties. West Point Republican. Owing to the fact that the reverend gentle

nan's teeth were shot out at a revival meeting in Texas be cannot properly frame and speak all words correctly, yet his general discourse contained much of truth and interest, and what it lacked in elegance was offset by earnest and forcible expression. He had a fund of anecdote which was sandwiched in with sacred topics in an attractive manner

He Was Too Effusive.

Tecumseh Chieftain, An exchange concluded a neat little notice of a wedding by "wishing the happy couple a sonny future." The results of the flourish are an angry husband, a discomfitted editor, a typo looking for a job, and the loss of one subscriber, and possibly more.

Draws the Line at Scrap Iron. Fairbury Democrat.

We are willing to take anything in the produce line on subscription, but we draw the line at old iron. The enterprising gentleman who wanted us to take \$1.50 worth of scrap iron last week will please take notice.

A Summer Song. St. Louis Globe-Democrat

Fair summer, from lands of the far sunny south, Comes gayly with music and dancing along,

With light, springing steps o'er the heath bells and daisies: From shady retreat, with a reed in her mouth,

She pipes to the echoing woodlands her song, And hears them repeating, repeating her praises, And laugning rejoices in days that are long

The hyacinths bend at the fall of her feet, And shine as the shaken bells rustle and ring;

Her sweet-scented breath in the valleys She sits, flower-laden, where bright waters meet. On banks where the happy birds twitter and

SIDE. Her life like a fountain of joy overflowing With pleasures the purest that nature can

The green seas of corn wave and swing as she passes, The wind of her wings in their billowy song,

To waken the woods to her wide exultation She scatters her pears on the silvery grasses; Where kine rest in day-dreaming peaceful

and long; Her notes touch the song of a fairer crea tion.

Her heart it is light and her spirit is strong She chases cloud-shadows on sun-lighted wing.

With light feet and laughter she runs o the hills, the walks on the waters and bathes in the billow;

Her beautiful motions her draperies fling On glenns where she trips to the musica rills: Till deep in the twilight, the roses her pi

His wife, with true wifely solicitude (mayhap curiosity), questioned him closely upon low. his return as to what the ceremonies were. She sleeps, and her vision white innocence "Well," he said, "the chief feature of the fills.

BUZZINGS.

nitiation was the riding of the goat, which,

you know, is a standard coremony among

secret societies. An ancient goat, which

could give a bucking broncho cards and

spades and beat him, was led out, with a

little red saddle on him, and I was ordered

to mount. When I had got seated a fellow

with long, red whiskers, dressed in a green

swallow-tail coat, stuck a pitchfork into the

goat, and I thought a cyclone had struck

"You see," be continued, "you must stick

"And did you stick on, George?" she

"Oh, yes, I got around all right," he re-

plied; "but that's not all; there is another

and larger goat to ride, and one still larger,

"Why, how delightful!" exclaimed the

"Because they have no side saddles," re-

The silence which followed was so cold

"When I was 'cowboying' in the Niobrara

country, some years ago, it was a rather

dangerous occupation. The country was full

of Indians and the cowboys, on the round-up,

"There was a man in our camp who owned

large number of cattle, and who was the

most particular, and also the hardest man to

"On a round-up he would insist that his

party search every 'coules,' and even would

"One day he went out with a party, but

became separated from them and got lost.

On account of the proximity of the Indians

we had made a compact to gather to the

rescue when anyone was reported lost and

"Oh this occasion we were all called in

and told off in parties to go in search, the

agreement being that no man should fire a

gun, unless absolutely necessary, until the

"Along in the afternoon we heard two

"The cowboys were very indignant and

"cussed" the cook from "rook to soda" for

firing the gun, saying that the man was still

missing, and that valuable time had been

"The cook took the matter very philosoph-

cally, and exonerated himself by saying,

"Well, what in h-- is Jim Creighton along

This story was related by a wealthy and

iolly cattleman from the west, who has

grown up with Nebraska, and passed through

"This is a deuced strange kentry, don't ye

know," said a white-flanner trousered young

Englishman, the other day, as he toyed with

a B. and S. at the Paxton bar. "Ye go into

a tap-room heah, and find a lot of men, don't

ye know, standing in front of the bar. They

lift their glasses aloft and sai: 'Heah we

go,' and blawst me eyes if they go for an

TIS BEER, MY COUNTRYMEN.

The True Explanation of Englands

Royal Grant Imbroglio.

No one need assume to understand the

English constitution or give an opinion on

the royal grants, to pay which Johnnie Bull

has annually put his hand into his breeches

pocket, until he has mastered the subject of

peer. Beer is at the root of the question

In tracing the course of the political stream

in that country, the explorer will cross the

the verdant fields of commerce, the rocky

imperial ambition, the muddy flats of per-

sonal vindictiveness, but when he reaches

the source and fountain of this broad sheet

of a nation's destiny, he will find it in the

plain, round, well coopered barrel of malt

iquor, on which the inland revenue officer.

with much deference and con side ration, puts

Why is it that Victoria can present a peti-

tion to parliament for money to support her

children and grandchildren, and why is I

that in spite of the remonstrances of the

radicals and of those affected, contempt is a

form of envy and jaundiced regret that they,

too, are not counted worthy of public recog-nition; why is it that the house always comes

forward and acceeds to the request! Beer,

why it's beer, don't you know! We must go back to the time when the par-

liament had King Charles II, by the neck, so

to speak, and that gallant gentleman was bargaming away many of the prerogatives of

the crown; and principally among them his rights accruing under the feudal system of

land tenure; for, up to that time, the king

was but only the nominal lord of nearly every square inch of real estate in the king-

dom, but he was the practical recipient of a

large fee, exacted from any one who was for-tunate enough to come into property by de-

scent, or whenever an army and to be raised.

But what had all this to do with beer! you will say. Be patient. To understand the

question we must start at original rerum (or beerum in this case). The parliament, bard as it was on the unfortunate monarch, gave

him something in return for these conces-

Sions, (which he could not help) to his be-loved people. It did not rob the poor king of

his beer. The parliament undertook to pro-vide a purse sufficient for maintaining the honor and dignity of the crown, and amongst

other things secured to him and his hoirs forever the heriditary duties on malt liquors,

This was what Victoria inherited when she

ascended the English throne. But by act of parliament, section 2 of 1 and 2 Vict. c. 2, sho

surrendered this endowment during her own life, the condition of which was that, "Her

majesty felt confident that her faithful com-

mons would gladly make adequate provision for the support of the honor and dignity of

This act was passed in order that by the reduction of the imposition of 15 pence per barrel the honest workingman would be re-

lieved from contributing in an undue pro-portion to the public revenues, and be able

statesmen have claimed, one of his necessities, at a reduced price and of a better

quality.
Johnnie Bull knows when he has a good

to secure his one luxury, or, as some eminent

the crown.

amounting to 15 pence per barrel on beer.

his stamp.

shots in rapid succession, and hurried back to

camp. We found the cook with a dead ante-

lope, but our man was still missing.

side of fresh meat, anyhow!"

Omaha on his way east.

send parties out in every direction to search

look down prairie dog holes, for cattle.

always rode in pairs, or by threes or fours.

fond young bride. "Why don't they let

on and ride around the hall, or you are inel-

igible to belong to the society."

before I am regularly installed."

The bride had "tumbled,"

ladies join !"

plied the brute.

that both shivered.

ride with in the outfit.

for the missing.

lost man was found.

"Do you know why it is illegal for a courtmartial to sit after 3 o'clock?" asked Major Clapp, the courteous counsel for Colonel Fletcher, now on trial at Fort Omaha on a charge of conduct unbecoming a soldier and a gentleman. "Well," said the major, having received a negative reply to his query, "all of our older customs we derive from old England, and there in 'ye olden tyme' gentlemen were expected to be too drunk by 3 o'clock to transact business, and therefore it was made illegal for governmental bodies to sit after 3 o'clock. Hence the law governing our courts martial.

"There goes the finest lot of boys,"-said a young business man to the Buzzer, as a squad of policemen marched past, under a sergeant, to their beats. The Buzzer looked somewhat astonished, when he continued-"tnat ever robbed a hen roost."

"Now you see that stoop shouldered police man there, with a profusion of long, ragged whiskers, and the lunch basket, I know him. Why, he couldn't catch a street car if he had three 'fly coppers' to head it off."

"I said to him one day, 'you'd be in a nice fix if you tried to arrest a fellow some time and he got his fingers in your whiskers, wouldn't you!'

"'Why, I'd take me billy and club the dom'd head off'n him, that's what I'd do, be gorry,' he replied.' " "My friend," said I, "he would have enough of whiskers to stuff a mattress be-

fore you could get at it." "'Well,' said this economical officer reflectively, 'that 'ud save the price uv a shave, wudn't it! Say, can't you say something,

to-day.' " "Yes," continued the business man, "'our finest' make me very tired. Some of them don't know enough to pound sand down a rat hole with an elm club, but some of them are fairly intelligent and do good work."

"Not very long ago I was going home from the club, where a little party of us had been playing high-five 'to a finish.' It was a few minutes after midnight. When within i block of my house a policeman stopped me, and in a thick, fragrant brogue asked me what I was prowling around for at that hour. I told him I was going home, and gave him my name (which is well known in Omaha, by the way).

"P'fwat hev yez got under yer arm there," he asked. "I don't consider it any of your business" I replied. "I have auswered your questions, and I consider your interference

an impertmence." With this he bridled up, and flourishing his baton, said: "I am an officer av the la-a, and I'll vag ye, Come along wid me."

I saw the predicament I was in, and real ized that my wife was waiting up for me, and would be very much worried if I failed to come home, so I said, "Hold on, officer, "I don't want to go down to that beastly police station." Then I told him more minutely who I was, showed him my house and told him I only had some flannel shirts that I had purchased that day, in the bundle under my arm."

"He then graciously consented to walk down to my house with me to verify my statement, remarking on the way, "Ye'd betther kape a civil tongue in ye're head, young felly, when ye meet an officer of the

"I could have reported him, but what good would it have done. His superiors would have said he was justified in stopping me and enquiring into my business at that hour of the night, and I would get the laugh "

"Rate" he concluded "a good many of them make me tired. I wouldn't mind it so much if they only had horse-sense. I wonder if they couldn't accumulate a little horsesense if they were to persue a diet of baled hay. I believe I'll suggest it to the police commission."

A short time ago a young practicing physician of this city was called upon to attend a wastes of party interest, the lofty peaks of The man laid in a nondescript shanty upon the bottoms, and, putting it mildly, the surroundings were somewhat uncleanly. Th man's leg was set in plaster of paris moulds.

and the doctor visited him daily. Upon one of these visits the physician found a large bowl of cream-topped milk upon the table, and beside it a plate of bread. He helped himself, dipping the bread in the cream and then eating it, and found the combination very palatable. The good woman of the house could not speak a word of English but noticing the avidity with which the doctor devoured the bread and cream, she was particular to have a goodly supply each upon the table at the hour for the physician's daily call. She refused to accept pay for these little luncheons and so the good doctor would leave a bright quarter with one of the children each morning. One day he chanced to make his call at an earlier hour than usual, and white examining the man's leg, his hand came in contact with a sticky, doughy substance. He threw back the covers and there, close beside his patient, was a pan of dough, set to raise by the natural heat of the man's body, a custom very prevalent among the inhabitants of the ice bound regions. That morning, and upon all mornings thereafter while the doctor at tended the case, the cream and bread ap appealed to hun in vain, and the youngsters

missed their bright quarters.

There resides upon West Farnam street a most reputable young married man, who, for many months past, has been a martyr to insomnia. He tried about all the allege remedies the market affords, and had about resigned himself to his unenviable fate, when a friend suggested that he try drinking a small glass of whisky before retiring for the night. The young man had never drank any liquor in his life, but thought he would try the recommended remedy, and with this ob ject in view he purchased a half pint of "Old Crow." Inexperienced in the use of liquor, and unacquainted with its effect, this mis guided young fellow, thinking he would be sure to bring about the desired result, drank the whole half pint and rolled into bed. He went to sleep all right, but before long, with difficulty, was aroused by his wife, who was ignorant of her liege lord's condition, and told to go to the front door, as some one was knocking. He took his staggering away through the hall, and without stopping to make any inquiries, threw the door wide open. Under the full glare of the hall light he stood in robe de nuit before the astonished gaze of the estimable daughter of the landlady and her best young man. The situation was embarrassing to the two, but not so with the victim of insomnia. He stood leering idiotically at the young lady, seem ingly perfectly ignorent of any mistehavior upon his part. The daughter of the house was equal to the emergency, however, and turning, bade her young man good-night and ran upstairs. The cause of all the trouble calmly closed the door in the other young man's face and returned to bed. Next morn ing at breakfast he was conscious of an un usual frigidity upon the part of the landlady and her daughter, and later in the day his wife informed him as to the cause of the coldness. It took days and days to effect a reconciliation, and now whisky is taboved in that household and the young man still suffers from insomnia.

A newly married man relates that a short

time ago he took his first degree in the

Knights of Pythias.

J. H. C. in Puck. A sailor on the topsail yard While reefing softly sings:
"I'd rather pick some cherries here
Than pull on these 'ere strings.

"I'd sooner of a kicking mule Be undisputed boss Than haul this weather-ear-ring out "I rather steer my Betsey Jane

Up to the altar rail
Than be aloft on this e're night,
A-reefing this 'ere sail.

"I swear that when I get asbore I'll splice that lovely lass, Buy that aforesaid mule as kicks,

thing, as a rule, and he has availed himself of this concession to such on extent that the last census shows in that year there was consumed two rallons of beer to every man, woman and child in the three kingdoms, and by the annual budget it appears that the excise on Johnnie's 'alf and 'alf, such as it is,

for it would amount to a good deal less than the excise taken by the average Omana saloonkeeper froth, yields a larger amount than any other single item in the schedule. The country has really made money by this deal, and even at the present figure of the deal, and even at the present figure of the yearly grants to the royal family, if Vic had kept her beer, the balance would have been in her favor.

The end of it all is that parliament, having ordered and got its beer, feels it has to pay for it like a gentleman.

for it like a gentleman. The Sailor's Resolve.