ITS LIGHT CANNOT BE HID.

One of the Pacific Coast's Most Attractive Spots.

'TIS A CITY SET UPON A HILL.

Tacoma is Terraced Up From the Shores of Commencement Bay and For Boom and Beauty is Unsurpassed.

A Place to Be Proud Of.

TACOMA, July 25.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Tacoma is by far the finest city on the coast north of San Francisco. She is still forging ahead with stronger and more rapid steps than ever.

People all ask will there not be a stop to this wondrous growth, and is not the time coming when there will be an end to golden gain and weary waiting for a small return? It seems not, and those who have the greatest wealth have the greatest confidence. Tacoma five years ago was not known. Today she is a full-fledged city of 25,000 people. Then a wilderness of trees and stumps, to-day a city of broad streets, fine buildings, stores, banks, hotels, theaters and handsome homes. A port of entry where ships from all shores come to barter and exchange the products of their lands and take away the wealth of ours. A town moving along with steady trade; no excitement, no false show, no boasting, for there seems no time for anything but steady business. Last year the sales of real estate amounted to a little more than $8,000,000, up to the end of June or in the first half of this year the sales were more than $7,000,000. Two thousand eight hundred buildings are in course of construction, representing an outlay of more than $5,000,000 capital.

There are thirteen saw-mills within the city limits, one of which represents a capital of $600,000 and yet all the mills are not able to supply the demand, nor have they ever been able to get a stick of lumber for shipping or to supply a retail dealer, hence there are no retail dealers in the town. Thirty-five retail grocery stores have been opened this season, but they find it impossible to fill their orders, for although several wholesale stores have begun business this spring, they cannot keep a sufficient stock to meet the demands of the trade.

Tacoma has a magnificent situation at the head of commencement bay. Coming in on a steamer from the eastern waters of Puget sound, the houses of the old town are seen clustering under a sheltering hill, while back of that and climbing the cliff that rises higher and higher along the shore new houses are standing and others are going up. Down by the water's edge are mills and factories and the new smelter.

Following this cliff, busy with traffic at its base, and crowned with handsome homes hundreds of feet above the water upon the green hill's side, we come to where upon the boldest height stands the business center of the new town. Here, in a massive white building, are the general offices of the Northern Pacific railway company, and a little further away, on the very crown of the cliff, stands "The Tacoma," a magnificent hotel built by the same company. It stands "where the rolling tide comes in," and last December the grass was as green upon the lawns and the hillsides, the waters as sparkling and bright as they lay in the sunshine, the forests as fresh on the low-lying hills across the bay, the skies as clear, the clouds as soft and fleecy, the winds as warm as now in the middle of July.

The climate is superb. You hear of the "rainy season," and you picture days when the wind is cold and raw. But this is incorrect. The rains fall gently, like a warm spring shower, and the sun, only half concealed, shines round the edges of the thin light clouds. There is no wind and the ocean breeze is warm, and the terraced lawns and steep hillsides, and the tall ferns, and the shining holly and other dainty shrubs are of an emerald green. And it is always so, for there is neither snow nor ice.

The people of Tacoma have an inspiration in the grand lone mountain that stands off to the northwest. Though it is sixty miles away, it seems an integral part of the place, and adds to the landscape that one touch of sublimity which, with grandeur and soft rarity blended, make the scene as indescribable as it is ineffaceable from one's memory. Mount Tacoma is known on the maps as Mount Racnier, as it was called in honor of the party of English explorers who discovered it. The people of Tacoma have given it its original Indian name, Takoma or Tacoma, which means "the breast or fountain of life," as its glaciers and eternal snows feed the Puyallup, Green, White and other rivers which flow from it.

Yesterday was the first time that it had completely unveiled itself for a week. Sometimes the summit would be visible, with a scarf of clouds drawn across the middle or lower part. But as the sun went down the last fleecy cloud melted away, and the glorious mountain stood revealed in all its matchless dignity and splendor. Our hearts wers lifted up in thankfulness, and in awe as the sun changed the snow to faintest rose and the mountain looked like some shining bride bedecked in fleecy robes. No temple made by human hands can fill the soul with wonder, love and admiration as does this majestic mountain standing there in lonely grandeur.

Get rid of that tired feeling as quick as possible. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives strength, a good appetite, and health.

CAUSES OF WAKEFULNESS.

How an Abnormal Cerebral Circulation May Be Corrected.

The primary cause of wakefulness is an increase in the quantity of blood circulating in the brain; hence any condition or cause capable of inducing this state of the cerebral circulation may give rise to it, says Medical Classics. As these causes are more or less under the control of the individual, it is important that they should be generally known. (1) Excessive and long-continued intellectual action or powerful mental emotions. (2.) Those positions of the body which tend to impede the flow of blood from the brain, and at the same time do not obstruct the passage of the blood to the brain. Many physicians have noticed the connection existing between bodily position and wakefulness. It is evident that the recumbent position is more conducive to a state of congestion of the brain than the erect or semi-erect. Dr. Forbes Winslow, Dr. Hammond and other physicians have noticed an increase in the number and intensity of hallucinations of insane patients, or persons suffering from delirium tremens, as soon as they assume the recumbent position. These patients have been found to sleep quietly for some time in an arm chair, but to be annoyed by hallucinations as soon as they lie down. (3) Certain substances used as medicine or food.

The chief agents of this class are alcohol, tea—especially strong green tea—coffee, opium, belladonna, stramonium and Indian hemp or hashish. Opium in small doses is often especially potent in inducing wakefulness. A single dose of half a grain has been known to keep a patient awake for three consecutive nights. All the so-called narcotics in small doses induce wakefulness rather than sleep. (4.) Functional derangements of certain organs of the body, whereby an increase in the amount of blood in the brain is produced. As, however, such cases as these are beyond the control of the sufferer, we need not discuss them here. In all those cases of wakefulness dependent upon severe and long continuous mental exertion—and these are the cases to which we especially wish to draw the attention of our readers—all means of relief will be utterly useless until the patient consents to give his brain entire relaxation for a time. Whenever it is possible, a course of travel through a romantic country, or a visit to the seaside should be regarded as imperative. An early dinner, followed by a hearty supper of plain and nutritious dishes, is preferable to a late heavy dinner, and a glass or two of Imperial Crown sherry or some equally choice and good wine at both meals, or a glass of good whisky or brandy and water after supper may often be taken with advantage.

Mercury and potash mixtures dry up the secretions of the body, cause mercurial rheumatism and dyspepsia, and finally run the system down to such a condition that other diseases are induced. Swift's Specific builds up the patient from the first dose, and gives life and vigor to the whole human frame.

IS HE THE OLDEST LIVING MAN.

Nagy Ferencz, a Hungarian Peasant, Born 121 Years Ago.

The oldest man in the civilized world, it may be said with reasonable safety, is Nagy Ferencz, a peasant in Barcs, Hungary. He was born in Hedrahely 121 years ago next September. He passed his boyhood on the little farm of his parents. He was not an especially robust child. He could not haul and split wood, pitch hay, and tame colts as could his three strapping brothers, who died half a century ago. His father regarded him with disfavor because he was too weak to do more than a peasant woman's work, and did not earn enough to pay for his food. At the age of nineteen, however, Nagy suddenly developed into a phonomenally muscular man. His chest widened, his arms and legs hardened, and his girth increased. He became a famous local wrestler, and did more work in a day than most peasants near Hedrahely did in two.

Just 100 years ago last May he fell in love with the daughter of an innkeeper. She promised to marry him July 31, 1789. Two days before the marriage day she jilted him for his best friend. Since then Nagy has been a woman-hater. He never loved another woman.

Four years later he went to the war of the first coalition. For the succeeding twenty years he was almost constantly under arms, in camp or on the battlefield. He was one of the victors under Archduke Carl of Austria at Wetzlar and one of the vanquished at Marengo and Hohenlinden. He helped the archduke win the victory at Aspern, and he did his best to save the Austrians from defeat at Wagram. The second day of the battle at Leipsic he got a bullet in his leg and three more in his hat. He saw the Archduke Carl many times. He saw Napoleon once and Blucher once.

Nagy's boyhood, says the New York Sun, was lived long before the days of compulsory education, so he never learned to keep a diary or write memoirs. He has an immense fund of anecdote, however, which is at the service of any one with a half hour to spare at Barcs. The children of the town have heard from him every week for many years the stories of the famous charges, retreats, sieges and campaigns in which he has participated. The great event of his life, he thinks, was his attendance at the funeral of his dead queen, Maria Theresa, 109 years ago. Although but twelve then, he has treasured up for more than a century every detail of the procession and burial.

Nagy Ferencz is penniless, but he is not a beggar nor a public charge. A score or more of families in Barcs are ready to give him food, clothing and shelter. He takes all his meals with seven families, whom he has known for fifty years. Each one entertains him one day in the week. Between meals he walks from house to house, chatting with all the men and children whom he meets. He rarely talks with women, for he has not forgotten that young woman who jilted him one century ago this month. After each meal he smokes a pipeful of strong tobacco. He has been smoking three pipesful of strong tobacco every day for 104 years. He is fond of his wine and an occasional beer. The friends with whom he dines give him every day 10 cents with which to buy tobacco and liquor.

Altogether Nagy Ferencz is a sturdy, contented, amiable old man. His health is good. His mind is fairly clear. He has plenty of friends and all the money he wants for smoking and drinking. He looks as well and happy as he is. He has clear, dark eyes, clean cut, regular features, and a smooth, bronzed skin. He has a bushy head of white hair and a heavy white mustache. He is erect and quick in his movements. He is scrupulously neat in his person. He looks to be about seventy or seventy five years old.

Shaken, Broiled and Drenched.

These are three participles of English grammar. They are also the three successive conditions undergone every day, every other day, or every third day, by the unhappy wretch heedless enough to allow fevor and ague to fasten its clutch upon him. No need of it—none. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will and does preserve those who use it from every type of malarial disease, whether intermittent or bilious remittent. For nearly thirty-fite years it has been a professionally recognized specific for and preventive of these tenacious maladies, not only on our own soil, but in tropical and equatorial lands where the scourge is prevalent at all seasons and in its worst forms. Biliousness, dyspepsia, rheumatism, kidney complaint, nervousness and debility are also ailments to the complete removal of which the Bitters long since demonstrated its adequacy.

The Largest Cut Diamond.

The largest cut diamond in the world is now at the Paris exposition. The prince of Wales recently christened it the "Imperial." It was found in South Africa in 1885 and was taken at once to Amsterdam, where it was being cut and polished for a year and a half. The "Regent," formerly the largest known diamond, weighs 136 carats, and is valued at 12,000,000 francs. The "Imperial" weighs 180 carats and is valued at from 15,000,000 to 17,000,000 francs.

G. A. R.

Grand Reunion of the soldiers and sailors of Nebraska at Kearney, August 12 to 17, 1889. The committee have secured for location, the spacious grounds overlooking Lake Kearney, and the programme, consisting of sham battles, dress parades, artillery drills and duels, and magnificent display of fireworks, will be the most attractive ever offered.

For this occasion the Union Pacific, "The Overland Route," will sell tickets from all points on its lines in Nebraska at a rate of one fare for the round trip. Don't fail to attend. For other information apply to your nearest ticket agent, or E. L. LOMAX,
Gen'l Pass. Agt., Omaha, Neb.

A WORK OF EMANCIPATION.

What the Alliance Aims to Do For the Farmers.

THE WATCHWORD GET TOGETHER

Present to the Enemy an Unbroken Front—Non-Partisan But Non-Political—Hints For the Agriculturist.

The Farmer's Alliance.

Farmers and laboring men all over this great land of boasted liberty are painfully conscious of the existence and power of the combinations of capital that have monopolized nearly every industry except that of agriculture; and, while they have reduced the price of raw material, they have at the same time advanced that of the matured product to the material detriment of all classes of consumers. They are conscious that existing laws are framed in the interest of these monopolies, and the state and national legislatures, and too frequently the judiciary, are influenced by selfish interests to maintain this unnatural and unjust supremacy of capital says the Farmer's Alliance. These are facts of common knowledge, and the masses of the people groaning under these seemingly legalized oppressions, are anxiously scanning every movement that seems to promise any hope of relief.

The great, fixed and unalterable purpose of the Farmers' Alliance and Co-operative Union of America is the absolute overthrow of all monopolies and legalized systems of robbery and oppression; the restoration of industrial pursuits to a competitive basis; the emancipation of the producing and laboring masses, and their elevation to the legitimate plane to which the dignity of their avocations entitles them. All other objects are merely subsidiary to these. The first essential to the success of the Farmers' Alliance is the absolute and irresistible force of numerical strength. Farmers outside of the order in too many instances are waiting to see what the alliance shall accomplish before they unite with it, and members of the order are many times too impatient to see something done to justify their hopes of relief. It should not be forgotten for a moment that until the great mass of the farmers and laboringmen are enrolled, and present an unbroken front to the enemy, we cannot hope for victory; and all measures attempted prior to such enrollment, though they may yield some good results, can only give promise of partial success.

Let the farmers in all unorganized counties awaken from their legarthy, and bestir themselves in this matter. Let our members who know the objects and purposes of the order exert themselves to extend its limits. Let Kansas take her stand beside those states that are now practically solid in this organization, and we will not have long to wait for results. By the invincible force of numbers we must succeed.

The order is most unquestionably non-partisan in its character, in the strictest sense, but not therefore necessarily non-political. It would be well for politicians to discern the significance of this distinction. It is in its strictly non-partisan character that its great political strength consists; and when the proper time shall come it will make itself manifest in no uncertain manner. We must have no weak knees in the political arena. The officials elevated to responsible positions by the 80,000 majority of the dominant party in our state have many of them failed to redeem the pledges given to their constituents before the election. This is signally true of the legislature, and it is incumbent upon the people to see that the next representative body that assembles at the capital to enact laws for the general weal shall be chosen from the ranks of the masses whose interests they are to represent. The writer of this article has always been a republican, and voted with that party at the last election, but in view of the signal failure of our last legislature to enact any measure looking to the relief of the people from their many burdens, former party affiliations to sink into insignificance in relation to any future contest; and in this declaration I am confident that I voice the sentiment of a majority of the people in this district, at least. Our national legislature has yet to act for the redemption of its pledges; and if another adjournment of that body ensues with no effectual enactment for the suppression of the greedy monopolies that have paralyzed the industries of the nation, and are practicing systematic robbery upon the people, it is safe to predict that the next election will witness such a political revolution as this country never witnessed before. The farmers' alliance and the kindred orders that have been consolidated with it under the general title of the farmers' and laborers' co-operative union now numbers, in the aggregate over 3,000,000 members. The various labor organizations of the country with kindred interests number undoubtedly as many more. These all unite in a common demand of existing authorities for redress for existing wrongs; and the "powers that be" will do well to observe the significance of this just demand.

Dairying in Kansas.

This year will demonstrate the adaptability of Kansas climate, soil, and productions dairying. A considerable number of new establishments have been started and the report is favorable from all of them, says the Kansas Farmer. Probably one of the principal difficulties in the way of successful dairying in Kansas will be found to be in the lack of running water in some portions of the state. This can be remedied by the use of wells and wind pumps. There is no serious trouble about getting water in wells anywhere in the state and at a reasonable depth. In all of the eastern counties wells of excellent water have been made at a depth ranging from twelve to fifty feet, the average will not exceed twenty feet, and in nearly all cases where good water is obtained it is permanent. The writer of this knows of many wells less than twenty feet deep which have furnished large quantities of water continuously during all of the dry seasons of the last three years. With such a supply to draw from there need be no fear on account of water.

The next important matter with many farmers who prefer to do their own dairying would be to procure cool storage. This can be arranged by making a building partly underground, or more properly speaking, partly below the surface, so that a draft of air may be passed through a lower plane. A heavy covering which will be sun proof will preserve a moderately cool atmosphere in the low basement. Vessels containing water may be placed on the floor so that the passing air may be saturated with water and thus assist in cooling the premises. With the exercise of care, diligence and good business tact, there is nothing in the way of successful dairying in Kansas.

Bee Notes.

With Italian bees it is quite easy to discern an Italian queen, says the Western Apiarian, of Placerville, Cal. They stay on the comb much better than the common bees, and do not run like a drove of sheep every time the hive is opened.

Let your aim be to have every pound of your honey first-class. Have it put up in neat and attractive packages; honey poorly put up makes a poor market. Comb honey, as you all know, is sold largely by its appearance, and a poor article, well put up, sells better than a good article poorly put up.

Everyone who has a liking for the bee business should be encouraged to take a hand in it. An active man can do well in any business he is qualified to push. There are too many drones in the human hive already. If you think you are suited to the vocation of bee-keeping, be sure to select a good location, as a great deal depends on a good location. You should especially look well to the flora of the country.

Black Heart in Apple Trees.

A correspondent of the Nebraska Farmer says black heart is usually caused by trees growing too late in the fall and then being caught with unripe wood by the first early freeze. The sap not yet having turned to starch and the cellular structure not being solid, the minute cells are ruptured by the freezing, the same as water in a pitcher turning to ice bursts the pitcher. The wood already formed now being injured discolors in a short time and the question of how much injury the tree has sustained depends on the care which is given it later. Thorough cultivation inducing a vigorous growth will usually surmount the damaged wood with sufficient new healthy wood to support the tree, and the tree go forward bearing ample crops and live a long time. Injury by freezing of the unripe wood, followed by such neglect as would render the tree unable to make sufficient growth to support itself, would probably result in the trees breaking off in a short time. As a rule, apple trees grown in a Nebraska nursery are very well ripened before winter sets in. Our long, dry falls are well suited to the proper ripening of the nursery wood, and as a rule trees grown in Nebraska will be found well ripened. It sometimes happens that, to give a strong growth, trees are pushed by high manuring or by being grown on alluvial bottom land where there is a super-abundance of moisture, pushes the trees to late growth, and the result is that most of them are black-hearted, ofttimes so seriously as to impair their value.

Ingersoll is credited with saying that "Love is the only bow on life's dark cloud." If the colonel was troubled with cramp, colic, or cholera morbus, he would, we believe, admit that there were two and that the other one was Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. Those who try this remedy under such distressing circumstances become its most enthusiastic advocates.

A One-Oared Boat.

Samuel L. Farmer, of Henderson, Jefferson county, N. Y., has invented a boat which, he claims, can be rowed faster than any now in use. Only one oar is used, which is thrust through the middle of the boat, somewhat after the fashion of a centerboard. The boat is propelled by working the oar backward and forward. The leverage obtained is enormous, and the inventor says that a small boy in his boat can beat a professional oarsman in a shell.

For a disodered liver try Beecham's Pills.

The Darkey Ate the Melons.

A white man at Smyrna, Fla., a day or two ago bet a negro that the negro could not eat the two watermelons before them. The negro was to pay double price for them if he failed. He cut the melons, weighing thirty pounds each, up into sections, and it was fun to see his lips slide up and down the sections of those melons. Within five minutes nothing was left but the bare rinds which he turned over to the white man, who just paid 75 cents for them.

A cure for chronic diarrhœea. Most persons who are afflicted with this disease have been led to believe that it is incurable—a very serious mistake. There is one remedy that has cured many cases and that is Chamberlain's Cholic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. A 25 cent bottle, which can be obtained at any of our leading drug stores, will satisfy the most skeptical on this point.

Red Rain.

Red rain fell recently in the province of Lublin, Russian Poland. The shower lasted for about ten minutes. The peasants who mistook the red liquid for blood, became panic stricken, and crowded the churches, where they were quieted by the priests. Several bottles of the red rain were sent to the chemists and microscopists of Warsaw for examination. For several days after the shower all the surface water in Lublin was of a dark pink color.

Sleepless nights made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by Goodman Drug Co.

Cultivated Talents.

A novel method of raising funds has been tried by a Sunday school in Burlington, N. J. Some time ago 250 new 5-cent pieces, called "talents," were distributed among the scholars and teachers, with instructions to do whatever in reason they could to increase the sum. Last Thursday the talents were called in, and, notwithstanding all the scholars did not make returns, the sum received was $537.

Have You Catarrh?—There is one remedy you can try without danger of humbug. Send to A. G. Coleman, chemist, Kalamazoo, Mich., for trial package of his catarrh cure. His only mode of advertising is by giving it away. Postage 2c. Judge for yourself. Mention this paper.

The Summer Sea Serpent.

The irrepressible sea serpent has bobbed up again. This time at Cape May. The great monster had a square black head and was of immense proportions, with flappers, fins and feelers like a crab's, and a most ugly sight to behold.

Germany's Military Chiropodists.

A chiropodist will henceforth be attached to every German regiment. This may seem rather odd, but keeping soldiers' feet in order is one of the most important elements of successful war.

An Old French Coin.

A French coin of the time of Louis XIV. was found in a cornfield at Marengo, Ind., a few days ago. It is supposed to have been there since the days when the French traded with the Indians.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pains, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. 25c a bottle.

The Romance of a Pigeon.

Conductor Parker, while at Ash Hill, 130 miles out on the desert from Daggett, Cal., saw a pigeon flying around as though hunting for water. He tried several times to catch it, but when close the bird would fly away. Having a small rifle along, he crippled one wing, when he discovered that it was a carrier pigeon, bearing a love letter in a goose quill tied to the right wing, dated New York and directed to a young lady in San Francisco. The name he would not give. As soon as the bird recovers it will be turned loose to complete its journey.

Good morning
Have you used
PEARS' SOAP?

RADWAY'S
ALWAYS RELIABLE PILLS PURELY VEGETABLE.

For the cure of all DISORDERS OF THE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS, KIDNEYS, BLADDER, NERVOUS DISEASES, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION COSTIVENESS, COMPLAINTS PECULIAR TO FEMALES, PAINS IN THE BACK, DRAGGING FEELINGS, &c., INDIGESTION, BILLIOUSNESS, FEVER, INFLAMATION OF THE BOWELS, PILES, and all derangement of the Internal Viscera.

RADWAY'S PILLS are a cure for this complaint. They tone up the internal secretions to healthy action, restore strength to the stomach and enable it to perform its functions. Price 25c per box. Sold by all druggists.
RADWAY & CO., New York.

USE PEARL TOP LAMP CHIMNEYS
THE BEST IN THE WORLD
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Steam, water, railway and mining supplies, etc. 920, 922 and 924 Farnam street, Omaha.

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Sheet-iron work, steam pumps, saw mills. 1213-1215 Leavenworth street, Omaha.

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Desk rails, window guards, flower stands, wire signs, etc. 121 North 15th street, Omaha.

OMAHA SAFE & IRON WORKS,
Manf'rs of Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,
Vaults, jail work, iron shutters and fire escapes. G. Andreen, prop'r. Corner 14th and Jackson sts.

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NO PAY.
20 to 60 DAYS.
This is a disease which has heretofore Baffled all Medical Science.
When Mercury, Iodide of Potassium, Sarsaparilla or Hot Springs fail, we guarantee a cure.
We have a Remedy, unknown to anyone in the World outside of our Company, and one that has
NEVER FAILED
to cure the most obstinate cases. Ten days in recent cases does the work. It is the old chronic deep seated cases that we solicit. We have cured hundreds who have been abandoned by Physicians, and pronounced incurable, and we challenge the world to bring us a case that we will not cure in less than sixty days.
Since the history of medicine a true specific for Syphilis has been sought for but never found until our
MAGIC REMEDY
was discovered, and we are justified in saying it is the only Remedy in the World that will positively cure, because the latest Medical Works, published by the best known Authorities, say there was never a true specific before. Our remedy will cure when everything else has failed. Why waste your time and money with patent medicines that never had virtue, or doctor with physicians that cannot cure you, you that have tried everything else should come to us now and get permanent relief, you never can get it elsewhere. Mark what we say, in the end you must take our remedy or NEVER recover and you that have been afflicted but a short time should by all means come to us now, not one in ten of new cases ever get permanently cured. Many get help and think they are free from the disease, but in one, two or three years after it appears again in a more horrible form.
This is a blood Purifier and will Cure any Skin or Blood Disease when Everything Else Fails.
NOTICE—We desire to caution patients in regard to parties claiming to use the Cook Remedy. Our formula is not and CANNOT be known to anyone but ourselves.
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