

NINETEENTH YEAR.

CANADIANS CALL IT PIRACY.

Angry Over the Seizure of the Black Diamond.

NOTHING KNOWN IN WASHINGTON.

Absolutely No Official Information at the Department of State Regarding the Seizure of the British Ship.

Waiting For Information.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 31.—The report that the cabinet is considering the Behring sea matter is untrue. The minister of customs has telegraphed to Victoria, B. C., for a report of the seizure of the Black Diamond.

The Toronto Empire prints a special dispatch from here which says: "The latest account of piracy by the United States in Behring sea continues to be much discussed in official circles. A dispatch has been received at the British consulate at Victoria, B. C., giving additional particulars of the seizure of the Black Diamond. It appears that the vessel was seized when seventy miles from shore. The British minister at Ottawa has a strong feeling of resentment and indignation has been engendered among the inhabitants of British Columbia by this wanton outrage."

Under construction by the company yesterday. Until an official report is before the government no action can be taken, and the minister of customs accordingly telegraphed to the collector at Victoria to forward full particulars without loss of time. The collector's reply was received last evening, but it appears that the information which he has to give is no fuller than that already published.

Indignation at Victoria.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 31.—Great indignation is felt here over the seizure of the schooner Black Diamond in Behring sea by the United States revenue cutter. A public meeting will probably be held and resolutions passed for transmission to the imperial parliament, asking that the imperial government interfere in behalf of British vessels engaged in the sealing trade. It is believed here that if but one man has been placed aboard the Black Diamond her captain will not only be released and will sail for Victoria instead of Sitka.

Discussed at Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Inquiry at the department of state this morning was met by the statement that there was absolutely no information here respecting the seizure of the Triumph and Black Diamond by the revenue cutter Rush for sealing in Behring sea, except that contained in the Associated press dispatch on the subject. In conversation with a prominent official, he said that whatever might have been the policy of the last administration in behalf of the present administration did not look with disfavor upon the seizure of British or other vessels suspected of poaching on United States fishing grounds. It is believed here that an understanding existed, by which the British government was to be taken notice of such seizures. He knew nothing. If any such understanding existed, he was not aware of it. The case of the seizure and search at Sitka, Alaska, of the British vessel released because no sealings were found on board, this official intimated, might be a mere serious, but it is evident that the detention of the Black Diamond, for which the United States government has taken notice of the seizure, is a matter of jurisdiction.

An Interview With Blaine.

BAXTON, Me., July 31.—A reporter called Secretary Blaine's attention to the declaration of a Boston paper of to-day to the effect that it would be impossible for the national government to sustain the pretensions of Secretary Blaine that Behring sea is distinctly American water. The secretary simply remarked that it might be well for the paper in question to indicate the occasion, official or unofficial, where he had said anything at all on the subject. Blaine said the further statement that everything done on the fur seal question since the 4th of last March was in a literal compliance with the directions contained in the act of congress which was approved by President Cleveland on the last day of his term.

No Child's Play.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Tichenor, in a talk with a Post reporter to-night, about the Behring sea seizure, said: "Behring sea is not a child's play. The officers of the revenue cutter in Behring sea have plan and unequivocal orders. They will seize every vessel, American or British, found delinquent in Behring sea. It is not a child's play. It is in the habit of claiming everything. All idea of redress or indemnity under the circumstances is absurd. The matter will be treated as a trespass."

At Deer Park.

DEER PARK, Md., July 31.—No official information has been received here regarding the seizure of the sailing vessels, but advices are supposed to be waiting the return of the president and secretary of the treasury to Washington. Mrs. Harrison was in receipt at the white house cottage this afternoon. Mrs. Harrison will not accompany the president to Bar Harbor.

SALISBURY'S SPEECH.

The Premier Takes a Very Pleasant View of All Things English.

LONDON, July 31.—Lord Salisbury, speaking of the annual ministerial banquet at the Mansion house this evening, said England's aim in foreign affairs was always "peace with honor." The thunder clouds of war still overcast Europe. Concerning the immediate danger of a conflict he regarded the great preparations that have been made as vast security for peace. The issues involved in a war would be so frightful that the nations shrink from challenging one another. Europe is in a state of tension. Disaster on the frontier would be suppressed. England had entered into engagements not to abandon Egypt, and the latter was able to maintain her own government in the face of foes, and these engagements England had assumed by referring to the Cretan troubles, he did not consider there was any need to fear the present movement there would lead to European disturbance. He repudiated the remotest desire of seeing England in possession of Crete. The reports current to the effect that England had referred to Ireland, he held that the result of the government's action was bringing order and prosperity throughout the country, and wherever any section of the peasantry believed their interests lay rather in defying than in obeying the law, that illusion was rapidly disappearing.

Earthquake in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—One of the heaviest shocks of earthquake felt in this city for years occurred here about 4:45 this morning. People were awakened by the rattling of windows and shaking of buildings. No damage is reported.

GIRLS OF ONE MIND.

Princess Louise's Sisters Pleaded With Her Matrimonial Policy.

Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett. LONDON, July 31.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEZ.]—Apropos of the marriage it may be added that the two younger princesses of Wales—Toria and Harry, and who are affectionately called in family circles—are much of the same mind as their married sister, and that they greatly prefer Englishmen to the representatives of any other nation. Now, therefore, that the standard of royal marriages is a policy of German unions has been raised, it is not improbable the example of the Duchess of Fife will be followed by Princesses Victoria and Maud.

It is in contemplation to call Prince Albert Victor to the house of lords before the next session. There is a little difficulty in the selection of a title. He is to be called in the house of lords as the Earl of Chester is out of the question, since he has a brother-in-law a duke, and there seems nothing for it but the creation of a new title or the prince's assumption of the dukedom of Lancaster. It is probable that the latter course will be pursued. It is not probable that Prince George will be led to the house of peers during the present reign.

Brewery Shares For Sale.

Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett. LONDON, July 31.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEZ.]—Shares of the Peter Schenckhoffen brewing company were placed on the market to-day. The capital of the company consists of 7 per cent cumulative preference shares amounting to £300,000, ordinary shares amounting to £300,000 and 217,500 5 per cent first mortgage debentures. The brewery is situated in Chicago. The prospectus states that the capacity of the brewery is 300,000 barrels, and the output can be increased to 400,000 barrels per year by the purchase of an additional ice machine. The prospectus states that the beer celebrated at the Mississippi to the Atlantic and that its special brew—Eldelweiss—commands \$1 a barrel more than any other beer in the market. In the prospectus the population of Chicago in 1888 is given as 1,091,000. Subscriptions are to close on Saturday.

Studebaker Gives a Banquet.

Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett. PARIS, July 31.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEZ.]—E. P. Studebaker, the carriage manufacturer of Indiana, gave a banquet last evening in brilliant company at the Hotel Maurice. Among those present were Whitelaw Reid, Russell Harrison, Consul General Rathbone, Consul D. C. Halsey, John S. Cunningham, of the United States navy; Mr. W. B. Franklin, commissioner general at the Paris exhibition; Charles H. McCormick, D. A. Lytle, of the United States navy; H. P. Macfarland, Clarence R. Edwards, Gilbert McCullough, H. S. Spaulding, James R. Goodman, F. H. Hubbard, Captain Cleaver, John J. Hubbell, A. Q. Tishler, Dr. Sherwood, Judge Johnson, Alexander Hanson and Theodore E. Rock. Mr. Reid described the sensation of finding his wife in the evening dress in broad daylight. Russell Harrison told of his arduous labors in finding perfect roses in Paris.

Mrs. Maybrick on Trial.

Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett. LONDON, July 31.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEZ.]—The trial of Mrs. Florence Maybrick began at Liverpool to-day. The case attracts considerable attention here. The first witness was Michael Maybrick, brother of the defendant, and his testimony was of little account against the prisoner, Edwin Maybrick, another brother, said his brother had never taken arsenic as a medicine. Mrs. Briggs, a friend of the Maybrick family, testified to finding several bottles in Maybrick's room. She gave to the police. Two chemists said they sold arsenic to Mrs. Maybrick. The general impression is that Mrs. Maybrick has an even chance of acquittal. Her lawyer is Sir Charles Russell.

A British Admiral Dead.

Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett. LONDON, July 31.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEZ.]—Admiral Thomas Baillie, of Weyburn, died this morning at Kelso. The admiral joined the naval service shortly before the battle of Navarino, in which he took part, but he then a lad of sixteen years, rather than the age of eighty and his Navarino medal. During the Crimean war the admiral commanded the British fleet in the White Sea and successfully blockaded the Russian fleet. He was an uncle of the present Earl of Haddington and of Lord Portwarthen.

Arrested for Forgery.

Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett. LONDON, July 31.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEZ.]—A man named John B. Morris, of New York, described as a steamship agent formerly employed by the Travelers' exchange, at No. 30, Union Square. The arrest was effected in accordance with a warrant issued by the district attorney, stating that Morris was wanted for forgery. He was remanded for a week pending an application for his extradition.

The Grouse Shooting Outlook.

Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett. LONDON, July 31.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEZ.]—There will be either plenty of grouse shooting or none at all this season. Reports from Scotland describe the grouse as plentiful and strong there, while disease has decimated English grouse. Reports from the north of England describe the condition of grouse in Scotland as pitiable. The English grouse were never more plentiful or quite so healthy.

Honors to Our Rifle Team.

Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett. LONDON, July 31.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEZ.]—The Massachusetts rifle team left London last night for Liverpool, and sailed to-day for New York in the City of Chicago. The members called on Minister Lincoln yesterday. He presented each member of the team with a beautiful badge. The design is exceedingly artistic. The English and American colors stand side by side, and below is a shield bearing the names of the English teams whom the Americans have met in competition, and under this a scroll with the legend "England 1889." Lincoln also gave each man a sleeve badge bearing the words, "Wimbledon, 1889." The team was given a farewell dinner at the Hotel de Ville, and the farewells were given by the Hon. Mr. Woodruff Williams. Besides the team and the host there were present several members of the London Artillery company, Sir John Puleston, M. P., Consul General New, Assistant Consul General Moffatt, General Woodruff and the Hon. Mr. Gladstone. The dinner was pronounced an excellent one. The speakers were Major Williams, Colonel New, Major Frost, Sir John Puleston, and Captain Gratwicke.

She Pleads Not Guilty.

LIVERPOOL, July 31.—Mrs. Maybrick, the American, when arraigned for the murder of her husband to-day, pleaded not guilty.

WAIT TILL BURKE GETS BACK.

That is What Everybody in Chicago is Saying.

GREAT REVELATIONS EXPECTED.

States Attorney Longenecker Promises Some News After the Winnipeg Suspect Arrives—Beggs Sees Liberty Dawning.

The Key to the Cronin Mystery. Chicago, July 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEZ.]—Martin Burke, of Chicago, temporarily detained in Winnipeg, must be the key to the problem of Cronin's murder. "Wait till Burke gets back," that's what everybody says.

"Wait till Burke gets back and I'll tell you some news," says States Attorney Longenecker. "Wait till Burke comes back and he'll tell you some facts that will get me out of here," says John F. Beggs.

In either view of the matter Burke must know a great deal about the secret history—the real facts of the conspiracy. It is more than probable that the officers have good reasons for believing that Burke has a story to tell, and that he will tell it. Burke undoubtedly talked about the Cronin murder. He was conversant with Clann-na-Gael matters an insight into the truth. Officer Collins was friend, and so was that of Burke's. Burke talked to him and told him certain things which at the time they were revealed were significant. After Cronin's murder was found and the facts concerning the inner circle of Camp 20 began to be exposed, Burke's remarks to Collins assumed a new interest and showed to Collins as he recalled that that Burke must have known the actual facts with regard to the murder of Dr. Cronin. Collins sought Burke and demanded further details. Burke became suddenly reticent. Then Collins told his suspicions to Captain Schuetler, and officers were sent to arrest Burke, but he was gone. Officer Collins went to Winnipeg as much for the purpose of having a talk with his quondam friend as of identifying him. But the Canadian authorities would not permit this. Now that Burke must return to Chicago Collins will be his persistent powers will be brought to bear on Burke to induce him to confess. The authorities here think the effort will be successful. Mean while little or nothing is being done here. Everybody is waiting for Burke. Burke can tell it all. "Wait till Burke gets back," that's what everybody says. Burke's companion at the Clark street car, he can tell who told him to hire the Carson cottage, and who was depicted to call for Dr. Cronin. He can tell who was in the hands of the murderer, the disposition of the body, what was done with the clothes and the doctor's instructions when the fatal weapons were hidden; in fact, he knows that Burke can tell everything about the conspiracy except the ring-leaders of it, and he may be able to identify them. The warrant was sent to Winnipeg to-night.

Navigation Suspended.

EASTON, July 31.—The Lehigh and Delaware rivers here are rapidly rising. Navigation is suspended. The mills are closed and trains on the Lehigh and Jersey Central are suspended. The water is so high that in many places being covered with water.

Over a Million and a Half in Cash Yet Available.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., July 31.—At a meeting of the relief committee to-day a statement of the Western movement of the Governor was rendered, showing that the Governor Heaver had received a total of \$2,389,414.46, and that of that \$890,896.00 had been paid out, leaving in his hands to-day \$1,558,517.86. Of this \$211,216.04 had been deposited or would be used in the paying of contracts or bills advanced by the State. The balance of \$1,347,301.82. To this fund there will be added the proceeds of the sale of the property of the Pittsburgh committee, making \$1,622,801.82 available now. There is also said to be \$100,000 in the hands of the Boston committee, and \$100,000 in the hands of the New York committee.

Western Packing Interests.

The Western Hog Movement Continues Moderate at Volume. CINCINNATI, July 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEZ.]—To-morrow's hog current will show a moderate volume of hogs, and moderate volume, packing returns for the week showing a total of 133,000, against 145,000 for the preceding week and 95,000 for the corresponding time last year. For the season from March 1 the total packing is 4,925,000 against 3,494,000 a year ago.

The President of the Baltimore Corn Exchange Protests.

BALTIMORE, July 31.—Louis Miller, president of the corn and flour exchange, has sent an appeal to First Vice President of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, president of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, saying that the wheat trade of Baltimore is idle and no deliveries can be contracted for beyond the General Smith's warehouse. The increase will go into effect promptly as agreed upon by the joint committee of the Central Traffic and Trunk Line associations. He will observe the effect upon the market the result calls for a return to the basis of 20 cents, some action may be taken by the Baltimore and Ohio and the Pennsylvania.

The Transcontinental Association.

CHICAGO, July 31.—The Transcontinental association finally succeeded to-day in laying off the storm that has threatened it, and secured an extension of existence for three months. The dispute between the Southern Pacific and Canadian Pacific was settled by a compromise. The latter, though still retaining its differential entirely, agreed to reduce them to the extent of from 25 to 30 per cent, which is a greater concession than has offered last week. The Southern Pacific accepted the offer, and the extension for ninety days, agreeing to suspend action on its notice of withdrawal during that time. The Transcontinental Association is now in progress with the Union Pacific.

HARRISON'S LETTER TO SEXTON.

The Postmaster General Wants to Examine the Envelope. LONDON, July 31.—The postmaster-general has requested Sexton, lord mayor of Dublin, to forward to him the envelope which contained the letter of President Harrison to Sexton thanking him for the generous contributions made by the citizens of Dublin for the relief of the Johnstown sufferers, and which Sexton declares was tampered with by the postoffice authorities. Sexton, in reply to the postmaster-general's requisition, stated he would show the letter to the postmaster-general, but that he would be deceived if he should give it to the postoffice department, as it had already proved itself unworthy of trust.

The Weather Indications.

For Omaha and vicinity—Light showers. Nebraska and Dakota—Threatening weather and light local showers, preceded by fair in Nebraska; cooler, followed by rising temperature in northwestern Dakota, northwesterly winds. Iowa—Light local showers, cooler, brisk to high southeasterly winds, becoming variable.

Colonel Arkins Improving.

DENVER, July 31.—John Arkins, who was brutally assaulted Saturday night by "Soapy" Smith, has greatly improved. To-night he was resting quietly, although his condition was such that the physician deemed it inadvisable for him to see callers.

A Stage Coach Held Up.

SAN ANTONIO, Cal., July 31.—The Sonora and Milton stage was stopped by two highwaymen near Cooperopolis. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s safe was blown open but found to contain nothing. Fifty-seven dollars from passengers was all the robbers got.

The Valkyrie Wins Easily.

LONDON, July 31.—The London yacht club held its annual regatta to-day. The Valkyrie won easily with the Irex third. Official time: Valkyrie, 8 hours, 41 minutes and 11 seconds; Irex, 8 hours and 53 minutes; Irex, 8 hours, 56 minutes and 49 seconds.

Cretan Insurgents Appeal so Greece.

ATHENS, July 31.—The Cretan Mussulmen have burned over one hundred houses in a village near Canea. The insurgent bodies have appealed to Greece for assistance.

STILL RAGING.

The New Jersey Storm Continues—Milburn Approbative.

NEWARK, N. J., July 31.—Reports from all over Essex county indicate that the storm is still raging, and that the damage will be much greater than was thought last night. Bloomfield suffered most severely by the breaking of the dam. Fifty families were driven from their homes, but no lives were lost. The water is subsiding this morning and the people are returning to their homes. The dam across the river at Zelleville broke last night and flooded Mills street, doing considerable damage to the low section of the town. The greatest apprehension is felt at Milburn, which has been placed on the dam of the Orange reservoir, two and a half miles from town and 230 feet above it. The people are prepared to move at a moment's notice.

Eight Dams Washed Away.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., July 31.—The damage by the flood is greater than at first supposed. Eight dams in all were washed away near here. Scotch Plains is entirely submerged, but the loss is small. The damage to the business portion of Plainfield, caused by the breaking of the dam, is not less than \$50,000. Fifteen large brick buildings are undermined, and in a dangerous condition. All the bridges in Plainfield, Pawmaw and Warren townships are washed away. The loss to the city of Plainfield is \$40,000 for the bridge. It is believed the loss in and near Plainfield by the storm will reach \$100,000. The water has subsided and repairs are rapidly being made.

Patterson Partially Submerged.

PATTERSON, N. J., July 31.—The lower part of this city is partially submerged. Huge boulders have been washed down into the lower streets and front yards. Blocks of street curbing have been washed out and sidewalks undermined. The curbs near the city hall are being washed away. The Passaic river is rising. The dam at Haledon is liable to burst at any moment.

Billings Surrendered Himself.

WYOMING, July 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEZ.]—M. E. Billings, who was reported to have escaped from the sheriff at Gary, Dak., last Wednesday, arrived here to-day. He at once secured a copy of his bail bond, saying that he wanted it in case it became necessary to surrender himself to the sheriff. To-night an order came from the officers at Gary for his arrest, but when the sheriff went after him Billings forestalled the Dakota business by surrendering himself on his bond for murder. He says that there is nothing in the matter in Dakota except a row between himself and an attorney, and the matter was stirred up to prevent his return to Wyoming for trial on charge of murdering Kingsey.

Visual Signaling.

STOUC CITY, Ia., July 31.—[Special to THE BEZ.]—J. D. Whitney, who is in charge of the government weather station here, last night began a course of instruction for Company H, Iowa National Guards, in "Visual Signaling." Two reviews per week will be held. It is a feature of military tactics in the regular army. The Morse telegraph alphabet is used, the dashes and spaces being represented by motions with flags. When the company are on duty they will use the flags they will be drilled in the use of the telegraph.

The Still Was an O'One.

DES MOINES, Ia., July 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEZ.]—It appears now that the still seized by a revenue agent on the farm of John Dolan last Saturday was an unused still. It had been registered and last used in 1887. The fact that it was covered up in the granary and had veridgeris over it indicated that it was out of use. It is reported that a relative had tried to sell it, but it was refused, and was sent to the officers of the revenue.

A Correction.

TABOR, Ia., July 31.—[Special to THE BEZ.]—The statement that Canfield, Fleming & Co. had been given the job of constructing a railroad grade from Tabor to Malvern for the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad is incorrect. It was the Tabor & Northern road that awarded the contract.

LeMars a Distributing Point.

LEMARS, Ia., July 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEZ.]—The Consolidated Tank Line company has decided to make this a distributing point for northwestern Iowa. The line will be extended to LeMars, and extensive buildings will be put up at once. The station was formerly at Sioux City.

Woodbury County's Assessment.

STOUC CITY, Ia., July 31.—[Special to THE BEZ.]—The assessors in this county have practically completed the biennial assessment. The total valuation will be between \$20,000,000 and \$21,000,000. The valuation in 1887 was \$15,544,320.

Pistol Shot at a Prize Fight.

A New York Tough Knocks Out the Sport. NEW YORK, July 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEZ.]—One of the most disgraceful sights ever witnessed at a prize fight occurred in the battle between Jack Quinn, the Scotch heavyweight, and supposed "Jack Kelly" of Trenton. The ring was pitched in a little pavilion attached to a hotel near Laurel Hill. The posts were drawn and quite a lively scene followed the referee's decision, which was given at the end of four minutes of severe battling. There were some broken heads and probably one or two were badly injured. In the second round Kelly was knocked out and a well known "bookie," Rod Madison, stepped forward to the ring to ask if Kelly was received a blow on the head from a "billy" in the Scotch heavyweight's possession. Here came a scene which is seldom witnessed at a fight. A tough named Henry Flaherty jumped into the ring, discharged a revolver, and called upon the spectators to halt and throw up their hands, as he would shoot the first person who tried to leave the room. He had every one at his mercy and no one attempted to stir. But he kept on blazing away, for what, so no one could find out. There was a mad scramble and sports and reporters made a dash for the place of safety. They wasted no time and no one was anxious to go to back where Flaherty and his gang were holding forth.

A Congress of Catholic Laymen.

CHICAGO, July 31.—The committee to-day issued calls for a general congress of the Catholic laity of the United States to be held at Baltimore on November 11 and 12, to celebrate the centennial anniversary of the establishment of the Catholic hierarchy. A general discussion of matters of interest to the laity will be held. The formal opening of the Catholic University of America at Washington.

Boulanger Didn't Suicide.

PARIS, July 31.—Reports were in circulation here to-day that General Boulanger had committed suicide in London. Dispatches from that city in response to inquiries pronounced the reports untrue. In an interview to-day Boulanger expressed much amusement at the reports circulated in Paris that he had committed suicide. He declared he had no intention of killing himself at present.

Cardinal Lavergne Recovering.

LUZERN, July 31.—Cardinal Lavergne, who was reported critically ill yesterday, is now recovering.

The Pop's Adversers.

MADRID, July 31.—The Spanish government supports Austria in advising the pope to take up his residence in Portugal if he is obliged to leave Rome.

DECAPITATED BY A MOWER.

A Boy's Head Completely Severed From His Body.

THE CAPTURED WHISKY STILL.

Order of the Adjutant General on the Dates and Places for Holding the Regimental Encampments.

Cut Off His Head. DES MOINES, Ia., July 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEZ.]—A twelve-year-old son of Captain Glass, a farmer, a few miles from Waverly, was driving a team attached to a mowing machine when the machine struck an obstruction, throwing the boy off his seat. He fell in front of the machine, and a few rods very promptly, and in effort to save himself the sharp teeth of the sickle had severed his head from his body.

The Regimental Encampments.

DES MOINES, Ia., July 31.—[Special Telegram to THE BEZ.]—The adjutant general has sent out a final order on the dates and places of regimental encampments of the Iowa National Guards, as follows: The First regiment, at Vinton, commencing August 29; Second regiment, at Fort Madison, August 5; Third regiment, at Newton, August 20; Fourth regiment, at West Union, August 9; Fifth regiment, at Keokuk, August 12; Sixth regiment, at Iowa Falls, August 12. Governor Larabee, with members of his staff and the brigade commander, will review each regiment on the following days: First regiment, at Vinton, Friday morning, Friday afternoon; Second regiment, Wednesday afternoon; Third regiment, Wednesday afternoon; Fourth regiment, Wednesday afternoon; Fifth regiment, Thursday morning; Sixth regiment, Friday morning. Captain J. T. Davidson has been detailed as inspector of the First brigade.

Miners Decide to Strike.

PITTSBURG, July 31.—The Monongahela district miners decided to strike against a reduction in the rate of mining in the first three pools from 3 cents to 2 1/2 cents per bushel. This action was taken to equalize the rate in the fourth pool. The men entered on a suspension of work in the river mines is anticipated. The strike will affect 5,000 miners.

Dunlop Takes Charge of the News and Editorial Department.

CHICAGO, July 31.—The Daily News says: The affairs of the Chicago Times, which have recently been the subject of a great deal of newspaper comment, underwent another change at 4 this afternoon. Mr. Joseph Dunlop, editor of the Chicago Times, has taken charge of the news and editorial department. The affairs of the Chicago Times, which have recently been the subject of a great deal of newspaper comment, underwent another change at 4 this afternoon. Mr. Joseph Dunlop, editor of the Chicago Times, has taken charge of the news and editorial department. The affairs of the Chicago Times, which have recently been the subject of a great deal of newspaper comment, underwent another change at 4 this afternoon. Mr. Joseph Dunlop, editor of the Chicago Times, has taken charge of the news and editorial department.

DOUBLE KENTUCKY HANGING.

One of the Victims Had to Be Strung Up Twice. LOUISVILLE, July 31.—Charles Diger, who murdered two policemen last August, and Harry Smart, murderer of Meisner Green and Harry, were hanged early this morning. When Diger's body dropped, the end of the rope which formed the knot was seen to unravel, and the noose refused to tighten. The knot so unraveling as to be unusable. The end of the rope was held in place by one coil and the rope was caught directly under the point of the chin. The scene was unfeeling, the strained breathing of the suffocating being heard all over the place. Two of the officers reached through the trap, and catching hold of the noose near the neck, the Diger's body swung up, opening the trap. Another rope was adjusted and the drop fell a second time. Diger was pronounced dead in twenty-four minutes.

The Fish Commission's Work.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The United States fish commission distributed during the past fiscal year 100,000 yearling fish in the indigenous species of the Mississippi valley, consisting of catfish, huff, croppie, white perch and black bass, sunfish, pickered, white perch, walleyed pike, and native carp. Of these, 46,000 were planted in Illinois rivers, 16,000 in Missouri waters, 10,000 in Geneva lake, Wisconsin, and 9,000 in the waters of Nebraska. Of brook trout eggs there were 27,000, and of rainbow trout, 10,000. The commission, during the season 25,000 rainbow trout eggs were shipped from New Yorkville, Michigan, to the commission, and 110,000 from the Wytheville, Va., station to various state commissions for planting in suitable places. One-way 27,000 of a number of 90,000 were distributed. Among the allotments are these: To Indiana, 9,000; Iowa, 15,000; Nebraska, 3,000; Pennsylvania, 50,000; Wisconsin, 10,000. There were also deposited in the public waters of the country 30,000 German carp, of which Dakota received 3,000. Sandusky, Pa., received 10,000, and 10,000 were deposited in the public waters of Idaho, Washington territory and Oregon. Walleyed pike to the number of 50,000 were deposited principally in the public waters of Minnesota, Illinois, Ohio, New York and Pennsylvania. During the season 10,708,000 fry were deposited on the Atlantic coast.

The Swift City of Paris.

NEW YORK, July 31.—The City of Paris arrived at Sandy Hook light ship at 8:14 this morning, having completed the journey in five days, 23 hours and 10 minutes, which is within three minutes of her former record. The record of the City of Paris in her former record voyage the actual miles by chart were 2,385, whereas in her present voyage the actual distance was 2,707 miles. The City was behind her former record three minutes and fifty-eight miles.

Passed the Second Reading.

LONDON, July 31.—The debate in the commons on the royal grants bill collapsed to-day. After a speech had been made by Wallace, liberal, the speaker put the question on the second reading of the measure. There being no call for a division the speaker declared the second reading carried.

Massachusetts Republicans.

BOSTON, July 31.—At a meeting of the republican state committee to-day, September 25 was fixed as the time and Boston as the place for holding the state convention.

Killed by an Earthquake.

YOKOHAMA, July 31.—Thirty persons killed and eighty injured by the earthquake on the island of Kiu Siu.

TO TRANSPLANT A NATION.

A Scheme to Move the Icelanders Into Alaska.

THE PENSION INVESTIGATION.

Nothing of a Sensational Nature Turned Up Yet—The Payment of Government Telegraph Bills Suspended.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 31.—Among persons of a scientific turn of mind a certain project of international importance has been quietly discussed, and it only needs publicity to place the subject in the forefront of the news of topics always of interest to the people of this country. It is nothing more nor less than the transplanting of the entire population of Iceland, 75,000, to the