THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

NINETEENTH YEAR. OMAHA, MONDAY MORNING, JULY 22, 1889. NUMBER 33.

MIRAGE OF THE SILENT CITY.

Prof. Willoughby's Tales of a Wonderland in Alaska.

A BEE MAN INVESTIGATES.

Miner W. Bruce Nearly Loses His Life in an Attempt to Explore the Frozen Region of Mystery.

A Correspondent's Experience.

GLACIER BAY, Alaska, July 10. (Via Victoria, B. C., July 21.)—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Early this month, Miner W. Bruce, correspondent of THE BEE, left Juneau, Alaska, in company with a party of native Indians, on an expedition to the Glacier country for the purpose of exploring the region of the wonderful mirages alleged to have been seen there by one Prof. Willoughby. He went particularly to satisfy himself of the existence of the mirage of the "Silent City," the reports of which have mystified hundreds of people.

The party arrived at the glacier and at once set about the investigation. Detachments were sent in different directions with instructions to report at a given point at a stated time. On the 8th of July one of the detachments returned to report the sudden and mysterious disappearance of Mr. Bruce. Search was at once instituted, and over twenty-five natives were soon scouring the mountains and valleys. Grave apprehensions were felt that he had fallen into one of the crevices. Some of Mr. Bruce's shorthand notes were found by one of the natives, and put in possession of L. B. French, a member of the party. Mr. French greatly aided in the search for the missing man, which was continued up to July 15 under the most trying circumstances.

On the morning of the 15th Mr. Bruce was taken from a glacier by the Indians and found to be alive but unconscious. Restoratives were quickly applied and in twenty minutes he gained consciousness. In the afternoon he and party started for Juneau, where they arrived July 15. Bruce will recover. A full account of his sufferings and rescue will be mailed by steamer leaving this port to-morrow.

Bruce is Safe.

JUNEAU, Alaska, July 14, (via Nanaimo, B. C., July 21.)—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Bruce was taken from a glacier by Indians July 15 and arrived this morning fairly well I tried to intercept a steamer with former dispatch; particulars by the next steamer.

ANOTHER DAM DISASTER.

The Hocking Valley Torn Up for Twenty Miles.

LANCASTER, O., July 21.—One of the most disastrous storms ever known in the Hocking valley culminated yesterday in the breaking of Sharp's dam at Sugar Grove, on the Hocking canal. The dam held in store the large body of water that supplies the lower levels of the canal. The heavy rains had filled the reservoir full, when suddenly the dam gave way and the water went out through the valley, taking with it every moving object. For twenty miles the soil is plowed up. Trees, fences, crops and hundreds of head of live stock were swept away. No lives were lost, because the houses are situated on a bluff that overlooks the valley. The canal for miles is wrecked and thousands of feet of railroad track are washed away.

The Old Story.

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LONDON, July 21.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—The unexpected and unusual prices paid at the recent art sale for pictures which a few years ago were hawked about by starving artists and sold for a song, are awakening the usual comment upon the ingratitude of the public and the cruel fate of men of genius, who die gaining a crust and leaving their children in rags to beg for bread at the feet of their statutes. Poor Millet, for instance. What sunshine would have fallen upon his life could he have obtained for his masterpiece half the sum yielded at the recent auction. The "Angelus" was as noble a picture in 1859 as to-day, but the people apparently did not so understand.

Lord Randolph Buys a Paper.

[Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett.]

LONDON, July 21.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—The announcement that Lord Randolph Churchill has become a newspaper proprietor in Birmingham is too important an incident in the present curious state of politics to pass without comment. The journal in question is an afternoon issue and has been doing good and honorable work in Birmingham in favor of the conservative cause, but it means more ambitious ventures and the public are asked to subscribe £50,000 worth of new life and energy.

A Prosperous Company.

[Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett.]

JOHANNESBERG, July 21.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—At the statutory meeting of the Johannesberg Estate company to-day a 5 per cent dividend was declared for the four months which have elapsed since the company's formation. The balance sheets show a clear profit of over £11,000, and since it was drawn up one-ninth of the company's Dornfontein property has been sold at £7,500 profit. Shares were dealt in at 1¼ per cent premium.

The Whitechapel Mystery.

[Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett.]

LONDON, July 21.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—How the "Ripper" spent Sunday the police are ignorant. They are as much in the dark as ever. Whitechapel was crowded to-day with visitors, who bothered the bobies with questions about the various murders. The police directed all inquirers to Scotland Yard, where no information was obtainable for obvious reasons.

KILLED AN OFFICER.

Escaped Prisoners Fire on Their Pursuers.

CLEVELAND, O., July 21.—Two prisoners, W. A. Smith and Richard N. Mansfield, broke from the county jail last night, going through the slate roof. Deputy Sheriff Goldsol went to the western part of the city, where one of the men lived, and with a policeman, lay in wait for the fellows. About midnight a carriage containing the two men passed along the street. The officers called to the occupants of the vehicle to stop. Several shots were exchanged and Goldsol was fatally wounded. The carriage was driven rapidly away. An hour later the rig was found a mile from the place of shooting. In the buggy was the dead body of a man. It was at first thought that the dead man was Smith, but those who knew him failed to identify the corpse, and the police are still in the dark. They think, however, the dead man was up to mischief, for in the buggy were found two revolvers, a club, a screw-driver and a piece of rope. The horse, which had been stolen in the eastern part of the city, was wounded.

SALT LAKE NEWS.

A Trusted Brother Beats the Mormon Church—The August Election.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—William Fisher, of Oxford, has been cut off from the Mormon church. Some two years ago the church deeded to Fisher $13,000 worth of cattle to keep them out of the hands of the United States marshal, who was confiscating Mormon church property. A few days ago the church requested Brother William to hand them back, but the good brother, with a bill of sale in his possession, told the church authorities to "go to." This is only one of a score of similar cases.

The campaign has commenced here in earnest for the August election. While the Gentiles have no great hope of carrying this election, yet the prospects for carrying the city next February are excellent. The city has been under Mormon domination for forty years and to-day some wards of the city are without a drop of water, the result of rank misrule. Taking this as a text, George Q. Cannon, in a tabernacle address, Sunday, made the following assertion: "If our water supply is scarce, bear it patiently, not seeking to blame somebody for that which God is the cause." That is, not to blame the city council for not providing an adequate system of waterworks. Brother Cannon also opposed the sewerage system some time since, because, "If the Lord had wanted sewers, they would have been placed here long since." The Gentiles are taking the water question as their text and propose to push it. Never before have the Mormons been so dissatisfied with their chiefs as now, and the indications point to a rebellion against those in authority, and that very soon.

A PROPOSED CONSTITUTION.

Lawyers Prepare a Document for North Dakota's Consideration.

BISMARCK, July 21.—The constitutional convention has been given a surprise by the presentation of the complete constitution which is to be considered during the coming week. This constitution is said to have been prepared with great care and after consultation with some of the ablest constitutional lawyers in the union. In many respects it is identical with the articles already introduced. It is a compilation of the best provisions of the constitutions of the different states and the United States fitted to North Dakota. In regard to taxation it has no specific provisions, embodying the Wisconsin constitutional provision on this subject, which provides that the rate of taxation shall be uniform upon property made subject to taxation by the legislature, leaving the power of regulating the mode of taxation with the legislature. It also provides that the property of non-residents shall not be taxed at a higher rate than that of residents, gives the legislature power to fix passenger and freight rates on railroads and transportation companies, the rates to be reasonable, and the courts to decide what are reasonable rates; prohibits the loaning of the credit of the state to any association or corporation; vests the judicial power in a court of impeachment, consisting of the senate, supreme court, district court, county courts and justices of the peace, thus providing for the establishment of county courts; limits the number of judges of the supreme court to three, which may be increased after five years. It provides against female suffrage. The house of representatives shall consist of not less than seventy-five nor more than 120 members, and the senate shall not be less than one-third nor more than one-half the size of the house. Each organized county shall be entitled to at least one member of the house. Senators are divided into two classes—one to be elected every two years and the other every four. It provides for biennial sessions of the legislature, not exceeding ninety days. Two-thirds of the members-elect may override the veto power. It is against minority representation, providing for elections by a plurality vote. It gives the legislature full power to regulate liquor licenses. Any coal lands which the state may acquire by congressional grant shall never be sold, but may be leased. The school fund shall be invested in United States bonds, bonds of state or first mortgage securities of state, at not more than half the value of the land. The school fund shall be considered a trust fund, the interest to be used for schools, and in the case of the loss of any part of the principal the state must make it good. It prohibits the passage of special laws. The property of a wife before marriage, and what she may acquire during marriage, shall be exempt from execution on claims against the husband. It directs the legislature to pass liberal homestead laws; prohibits foreign corporations from transacting business in the state until they appoint an agent in the state who shall be subject to process by law; provides that no foreigner shall vote until two years after he has declared his intention to become a citizen and that the reading of the declaration of independence with facility be considered a test of the qualification of a voter. No act of the legislature shall take effect until within sixty days after adjournment unless specially provided in the preamble or body of the act.

This constitution will furnish abundance of material for discussion, and those who have read it predict it will be adopted with very few changes.

AN EXTRAORDINARY BEQUEST.

A Woman Leaves All Her Property to a Couple of Curs.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The most extraordinary will ever known was probably made public here yesterday. Mrs. Mary Ann Schaub, an aged German lady, who has lived in Nashville for the past sixty years, died at her home in the northern suburbs of the city, where she has lived for nearly half a century. She had no kin in the world of whom any one knows, and had surrounded herself by a number of dogs and cats. She had accumulated property valued at about $6,000, and this she leaves in trust for two of her favorite dogs. The animals are of the commonest breed. She provides that a sufficient sum shall be reserved from her personalty to maintain these dogs in comfort as long as they live, and especially one bed and clothing for their occupancy. A young lady whom she adopted some years ago is made second beneficiary upon the condition that she will live in the house and care for these dogs for a period of eight years. If at the end of this term her task has been dutifully performed, she shall come into possession of the entire property.

A Narrow Escape.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Early this morning fire gutted the three-story building occupied by Moses Weill as a storage place for carriages. The neighborhood being a tenement district great excitement was created and it was necessary for the police to clear the street, which was filled with half clad people. This was hardly accomplished when the front wall of the building fell into the street. Several firemen and policemen were slightly injured by the flying bricks; loss, $35,000.

Three Negroes to Be Lynched.

NEW ORLEANS, July 21.—A Vicksburg special says: A dispatch received here from Clinton, La., states that three of the five negroes who murdered Pratorian a few months ago, were captured at Red River Junction, brought to Clinton to day, and will be lynched to-night at the scene of the murder.

Steamship Arrivals.

At New York—The State of Indiana, from Glasgow; the Daventry, from Hamburg; the Persian Monarch, from London; the Indian Prince, from Havana, and La Normadie, from Havre.

ALMOST A DOUBLE DROWNING

W. H. Paton Meets His Death in the Cedar River at Fullerton.

MEIKLEJOHN'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Nebraska's Lieutenant Governor Attempts to Rescue His Friend and Very Nearly Finds a Watery Grave.

Sad Drowning at Fullerton.

FULLERTON, Neb., July 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Fullerton was the scene of an accident this morning which resulted in the death of W. H. Paton and came near costing the life of Lieutenant Governor Meiklejohn. Meiklejohn and Paton had spent Saturday night at Paton's ranch, a short distance from Fullerton. Sunday morning they walked to the Cedar river, and Paton stepped in to measure the stream for the purpose of finding out if there was a sufficient depth of water to float a small yacht which they talked of putting on the river. Paton got beyond his depth and commenced calling for help. Meiklejohn at once threw off his clothing and plunged into the water. The water was deep and the moment Meiklejohn reached his friend the latter grasped him, rendering help impossible. Meiklejohn finally succeeded in reaching the shore and called for help. The Emery brothers, at the Union Pacific depot, were the first to reach the place. They found Meiklejohn nearly dead from exhaustion and heat. Paton's body was not found until two hours afterwards. Meiklejohn will undoubtedly recover unless brain fever should attack him. At present he is resting quietly at the Union Pacific station. Paton and Meiklejohn were firm friends and the latter is wild with grief over the accident. He was powerless to avoid it.

Grant Forging Ahead.

GRANT, Neb., July 21.—[Special to THE BEE.]—A gentleman traveling for a safe company came into town the other day, and, in the course of conversation, said: "You fellows here at Grant have a remarkable faculty for keeping your town before the public. Grant is the best advertised town of its age in Nebraska. I travel all over the state, and everywhere I run up against Grant. There is always some one around who has been there, or there is some daily paper or circular lying around which has something to say about the town. But then it is all right. I think myself, without any of the enthusiasm of interested parties, that Grant deserves every word ever said in her favor. There is a 'get there' expression in the face of every man you meet on the street, and you can see the same indomitable spirit in the various improvements going on. I was over this road in July, 1887, and if anybody had told me then that in two years I would see such a town here as this, I should either have considered him insane or an abnormal Nebraska liar. The public is watching you with a good deal of interest, and you have but to pursue your present bent to make Grant first among the western cities of the state."

The people of Grant will give this opinion a unanimous endorsement. In fact, every Grant man is, using a western expression, utterly stuck on the town. Her strokes of good fortune have come with such regularity and frequency that we believe the town born, like the happily lamented Mr. Cleveland, to have greatness thrust upon her. Will THE BEE and its readers listen to a story? It is short. It is fact. The story will show that it must, governed by the law of cause and effect, have a sequal. The man who runs and reads may tell the sequel without waiting for time to write it. In 1886 Grant, or the spot on which it was destined to stand, was a howling wilderness of buffalo bones and buffalo grass. Not only was Grant destitute of a house, but the surrounding country abandoned to coyotes, prairie dogs and owls. In 1887 the conquering army of settlers invaded the country, and Grant rose from the earth like a sphynx. What mysterious power is it that championed the new town and forced it at one stride to prosperity and stability? In 1888 that power increased the inspiration of her people and sent her many more of the same mettle. A wilderness of buffalo bones and buffalo grass in 1886; a wilderness of water trenches and rising houses in 1889. There is an army of men opening up and laying pipe in five miles of ditches. There is an army of men engaged on the foundation for the stand pipe, which, when completed, will stand nearly one hundred feet above the level of the town.

A visiting stranger who heard us talking about the water works in March, remarked that half the men in town were stark crazy and the other half visionary idiots. But, as has before been remarked, there is a getthereness about Grant which turns up its nose at ridicule and doubt. She singles out her object, sees that her gun is loaded before she fires, and then shoots a hole through every barnacle who puts in an obstructing appearance. She undertakes nothing but to succeed, and there is but one end to her undertakings—success. It will be heard by and by that Grant has a system of water works embracing all modern improvements, and that the event of their completion will be duly celebrated. Grant, at the age of two years, stands infinitely in advance of any town in the west.

Politics at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Neb., July 21.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Politics in Platte county are warming up. Candidates for the various offices in great numbers are being groomed for the fall campaign. First in importance is the treasurer, who has the funds at his disposal. The republicans will, without doubt, renominate the present incumbent, August G. Becher, who has served but one term. He is the only official in the history of the county who has paid a surplus of fees into the county treasury. He is not a politician. The democrats are somewhat frustrated in their efforts to find an available candidate to run against Mr. Becher. J. B. Delsman, a prominent merchant of this city, and Michael Maher, a wealthy and influential farmer, will try for the empty honor of representing Platte county democracy in the race for treasurer.

For county clerk the republicans are looking for the man who can beat John Stauffer, the present democratic incumbent. Men are scarce who think themselves capable of performing this feat. Mr. Stauffer has been clerk for more than twelve years and a short time ago stated that he would not run again; that G. W. Phillips, his deputy, would be the candidate; but later information indicates that the party managers have induced him to reconsider his former statements. Should he accept the nomination he cannot be defeated.

For county superintendent L. J. Cramer will be renominated without opposition by the republicans, and the democrats have not found a man yet who wants to measure swords with Mr. Cramer, who is a capable official and understands the workings of politics throughout the county. H. J. Hudson, the present incumbent, will undoubtedly be renominated by the republicans for county judge, as he has had but one term. He has been an excellent judge and possesses political strength. The democrats thus far have found no candidate for this place.

For sheriff the democrats have a half dozen candidates, embracing some of the best and some of the worst men in the county. Among the most prominent candidates are Charley Taylor, one of the Columbus city police, who has made quite a record as a shrewd officer and detective.

Curley Caldwell, at present the coroner, is a candidate who will develop strength if he makes an active fight for the nomination. He is a resident of Humphrey and has a large following from the northern part of the county. D. C. Kavanaugh, of Platte Center, and Carl Brandt, of the western part of the county, are making an active canvass for the nomination. On the republican side William Bloedern, the present incumbent, is the only one mentioned for the nomination. He has made a good official and will probably be re-elected.

For county surveyor, Richard L. Rossiter, of Platte Center, and John Eusden, of Columbus, will contest for the nomination before the democratic convention. George L. Truman, of Monroe, will be nominated by the republicans without opposition.

Platte county on a straight party vote is democratic by 200 majority, and if the campaign is properly managed every man on the ticket could be elected, but a division of the democratic party into two factions has for the last few years resulted in dividing the offices with the republicans. By nominating a clean ticket the republicans can re-elect every man now in office and perhaps gain one or two more.

The Kearney Camp Meeting.

KEARNEY, Neb., July 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—It is estimated that over five thousand people attended services at the lake this morning. At 9 a. m. the love feast was administered by Rev. F. W. Ware, of Lexington. Evangelist J. H. Webber, of Chicago, delivered a discourse on "Are These Things So?" which was taken with interest. This afternoon the sacrament of the Lord's Supper was conducted by Presiding Elder Stevens, president of the Camp Meeting association. Rev. T. B. Lemon, of Omaha, preached one of his inimitable sermons to a large crowd. The singing was furnished by Prof. H. M. Draper's chorus class, assisted by a double quartette. The association now congratulates itself upon the great success of the first series of meetings held under its direction.

Sherman County Crops.

LOUP CITY, Neb., July 21.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The crop outlook in Sherman county has very materially changed for the better in the last two weeks. Very heavy rains have thoroughly soaked up the ground again and grain shows a wonderful improvement. The oats crop will be light, but of better grade than that of last year. In some localities wheat is rather short, but the heads are large, well filled and plump kernel. Taking the county over the acreage is about 10 per cent increase and the grade 30 per cent better than last year's crop. The corn crop promises to be much better than that of last year. The recent heavy storms did no damage to crops. Farmers are now in the midst of harvest and are jubilant over the prospective results of their labors.

The Long Pine Chautauqua.

LONG PINE, Neb., July 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The trains from the east and west this morning brought many people to attend the assembly. At 9 a. m. Mr. J. D. Stewart conducted a Sunday school. At 11 o'clock Rev. A. W. Lamar, of Omaha, preached a sermon, which was highly appreciated. Rev. Annie M. Palmer, of Boonsboro, Ia., also delivered an excellent discourse on gospel temperance. This was followed by an address to young folks by H. Bross, a children's meeting, and vespers. Rev. Meacham, of Boston, preached a practical sermon in the evening.

Two More Conductors Bounced.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., July 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Two more B. & M. conductors, Redfield and Gadd, were discharged from service last night. This makes the third in a week. Their friends claim it is because they belong to the Conductors' Brotherhood, but it is more than likely that the reason was for drunkenness, as they were known to imbibe too freely. The alleged trouble threatened by the conductors' order will probably amount to nothing.

Coming to Omaha.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., July 21.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Mrs. Green and children, colored, who have been under quarantine here for some time because of a small pox scare, will be sent away to-morrow by charity. Her husband sent her here from Denver to get rid of her. She wants to go to Omaha.

Mrs. Carey and children, wife of the embezzling blacksmith, will also be sent to Omaha to-morrow, where they have friends. They are in destitute circumstances here.

A Wisner Citizen's Demise.

WISNER, Neb., July 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Frank B. Van Dorn, proprietor of the Wisner rolling mills and president of the Citizens' State bank, of Wisner, died at 8 o'clock this morning after two days' illness, aged thirty-three. He leaves a wife and one son in good circumstances. His death is a great loss to this community, and a sad blow to his family and relatives. The remains will be interred Wednesday afternoon by the Masonic fraternity.

Phillips to Be Bailed Out.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., July 21.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The B. & M. officials have promised Mrs. Phillips, who has been earnestly working in behalf her husband, the engineer who committed the murderous assault on Wallace Roach, to secure his release from jail to-morrow by going on his bond for $300. It is likely that the case will not come up for trial in court, as Roach has entirely recovered from the stabbing.

The Sheriff Chosen Assignee.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., July 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The creditors of Thomas Garrett have chosen Sheriff E. A. Wedgerwood as assignee and the stock will be sold in a few days.

D. F. Jamieson, mortgagee, bought the furniture of the Jamieson house, which was owned by Frank Rice. The house was closed about three weeks ago.

A G. A. R. Surprise Party.

BLOOMINGTON, Neb., July 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The members of Antietam post, No. 131, accompanied by their wives, gave Hon. O. G. Bailey a birthday surprise party yesterday afternoon at his home, four miles north of here. A handsome cane, with his name engraved thereon, was presented to him by Chaplain S. Cole in behalf of the members.

Cuming County's Harvest.

WISNER, Neb., July 21.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Harvesting is in full blast. Rains during the past week have damaged barley greatly. Wheat and oats are about half cut and in good condition. The wheat yield is large and quality fine. The oat yield is a little short, but of good quality. Corn crop in splendid condition and promises an immense yield.

New School House at Wabash.

WABASH, Neb., July 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The bids for the new school house were opened yesterday. Abraham Ficker received the contract for $899. Work will begin at once and this improvement brings Wabash up to the front with other Cass county towns.

Overcome by Foul Air.

HOBART, Ind., July 21.—On the farm of Henry Hoffman, near here, this morning, the hired man went down into a well to get a piece of meat which had fallen into the water. He was overcome by foul air and fell into the water. A neighbor named Michael Hoffner went down to rescue him and was also overcome. Neither of the bodies have been recovered up to this evening.

Four Hundred Houses Burned.

PESTH, July 21.—Four hundred houses and public buildings were destroyed by fire in the town of Paks to-day. Many children are reported missing. Hundreds of people are rendered homeless by the fire, and the greatest distress prevails.

POLITICS ACROSS THE RIVER.

Wheeler Ahead in the Iowa Governorship Race.

ANTI-MONOPOLY WILL WIN.

Railroad Rule Over and Corporation Candidates Getting the Cold Shoulder—Democracy's Forlorn Hope.

The Situation in Iowa.

DES MOINES, Ia., July 20.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The political canvass in this state becomes more and more animated as the weeks roll by. The three leading candidates for governor, Hull, Hutchinson and Wheeler, are contesting the ground inch by inch, and have no scruples against invading each other's territory. Locality, which always figures largely in political struggles, has been lost sight of in some instances, and the candidates are having a "free-for-all race." Wheeler, aided by the powerful influence of the Sioux City Journal, will likely hold northwestern Iowa solid, but neither of the other candidates will be able to secure the unanimous support from his immediate section; Captain Hull is meeting with very hard luck in this particular. Both Boone and Story counties, which adjoin Polk, Hull's home, on the north, are likely to go for Wheeler, and so may Dallas on the west. Jasper county on the east, will probably go for Hutchinson. Warren county, which joins Polk on the south, will stand by Hull to the last. Hutchinson is also finding things anything but lovely with his immediate neighbors. Keokuk county, which joins Wappello, Hutchinson's home county, on the north, has elected a delegation divided on first choice between Hutchinson and Hull, and Davis on the south, went solid for Hull. An attempt is being made to work up a boom for Hutchinson in southwestern Iowa, but the movement finds only weak support outside of Montgomery county. Senator Wildman, of Montgomery, who voted with the railroads and broke his pledges to the people in the last legislature, is out strong for Hutchinson and may be able to carry his county for the "Wappello statesman." Fremont and Mills prefer Larrabee, but as the governor has most emphatically declared himself opposed to a third term, and has positively stated that he would not accept the nomination under any circumstances, these votes will likely go to Wheeler, as being a more radical anti-monopolist than either Hull or Hutchinson.

In the days when railroad politicians ruled the state, a candidate living on a leading line of railway was almost sure of the votes of the counties which the road penetrated. Under the old regime, southwestern Iowa would come up to the convention howling for Hutchinson as the "Q" candidate, but since Peter Hepburn and his followers are no longer directing political affairs in that section, it is not likely that such will be the case in the present contest. The influence of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad as a political factor, which formerly ruled the Eighth district with an iron hand, has been reduced to the minimum, and since Hepburn's defeat the "railroad politician" has not dared to assert himself in party councils. It is therefore safe to say that the votes of that section will go to that candidate who is the least influenced by corporations. In the county conventions held this week, Wheeler is clearly in the lead, and, if the same ratio holds out, he will come into the convention with a small majority over both the other candidates. The four banner republican counties of Hardin, Hamilton, Marshall and Story, which lie contiguous to each other, are almost certain to go for Wheeler. Marshall voiced her sentiments last week, and a few days ago Hardin selected a strong Wheeler delegation by a vote of more than two to one. Other counties in northeastern Iowa which adjoin these have caught the infection and this part of the state will undoubtedly cast a heavy vote for the "farmer candidate."

Senator Finn, the irrepressible anti-monopolist from Taylor county, has finally decided to become a candidate for lieutenant-governor in earnest, and is now raising his forces and getting ready for the fight. His leading opponent will probably be Senator Payneer, of Tama, who is a farmer of exceedingly conservative tendencies, and who would be entirely unobjectionable to the corporations. Hull and Payneer live in almost adjoining counties, and would not make a good team on account of locality, but Payneer would make a good running mate with Hutchinson. Wheeler and Finn, from the standpoint of locality, would make a good team and pull well together on general principles, and "to this complexion will it come at last" or all political signs will fail.

The democrats do not seem to be able to recover from the demoralization produced by the railroad combine last year and are hopelessly floundering in the mire of political despondency. No candidate has applied for the empty honors of a nomination for governor, and it is doubtful if any man of state reputation can be found who will accept the position as a free gift. Hall, of Burlington, says he will not take it under any circumstances. Judge McHenry is being petted and coaxed and flattered and constantly reminded of his great popularity with the masses, and it is possible that he may yet reluctantly consent to lead the forlorn hope to its certain defeat. McHenry is probably the strongest candidate that the democracy can name, but if the republicans are united he will come many thousand votes short of the necessary numbers. In his own city and district he would run much ahead of his ticket without doubt, but not enough to overcome the 30,000 majority rolled up last year for Harrison.

The recent crushing defeat of prohibition in Massachusetts and Pennsylvania, and the adoption of high license as the settled policy of the republican party in so many states, has in a measure opened up the question in this state. Many conservative republicans are quietly talking resubmission. Just whether the question will take definite shape is hard to determine. The more radical prohibitionists, led by B. F. Wright, president of the State Temperance alliance, are clamoring for more legislation and boldly threatening to knife the party at the polls if it falters or fails to adopt the most radical means for the enforcement of prohibition. A state constabulary is favored by some, while others are warmly supporting the scheme to confer municipal suffrage upon women. Both of these measures will likely be presented to the coming legislature and in some localities will have a bearing on the campaign. The party is in no condition to adopt any such radical measures and it is highly probable that no advanced temperance legislation will be recommended by the state convention.

REX.

A SOUTH OMAHA MAN.

Jacob Heller Dies From Sunstroke in St. Joseph.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Jacob Heller was sunstruck yesterday and died at the city hospital to-day. He is unknown in St. Joseph. His name was learned from letters he carried in his pocket, which also state that he is in the employ of Jetter & Co., of South Omaha. He is probably about thirty years of age.

Weather Indications.

Nebraska—Fair, preceded by slight showers, cooler, winds becoming northwesterly.

Iowa—Fair, cooler, northwesterly winds.

Dakota—Fair, cooler in southeastern, warmer in northwestern portion, northwesterly winds.

A Cyclone in Manitoba.

WINNIPEG, July 21.—A report has reached this city that a cyclone passed over the Dolo raine district yesterday.

THREE AFTER THE HONOR.

Pettigrew, Moody and Edgerton Want to Be Senators.

HURON, N. D., July 21.—[Special to THE BEE.]—As stated in your Sioux Falls correspondence, only three names are now mentioned for the senatorship—Pettigrew, Moody and Edgerton. Mr. Loucks and his friends desired that he should go; but the constitution of the United States declares that Mr. Loucks can't, in these words: "No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States." This gentleman is a native of Canada and only took out his first papers in 1882 or 1883.

Judge Moody made two very fine speeches on Thursday and Friday at Foster's grove, near Redfield, and on Armadale island, in Spink county.

Reports are coming in from the conventions. Hamlin county's five delegates to the state convention are instructed for Mellette for governor; two of them are for Matthews for congress and three will oppose him. In Brown county McCoy has the entire delegation of twenty-four for congress, who will also vote for Mellette for governor. There is no organized opposition to Mellette, and it is impossible to foresee how he can be defeated for the nomination.

Judge Gifford for the first time announces himself in the race for nomination as congressman. Major J. A. Pickler, special agent of the interior department, would also be a congressman.

THE CLEARANCE RECORD.

Financial Transactions of the Country the Past Week.

BOSTON, Mass., July 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The following table, compiled from dispatches to the Post from the managers of the leading clearing-houses of the United States, shows the gross exchanges for the week ended July 20, 1889, with rates per cent of increase or decrease as compared with the amounts for the corresponding week in 1888:

CITIES.	CLEARINGS.	Increase.	Decrease.
New York	$681,135,035	13.5	....
Boston	94,[illegible]6,758	10.8	....
Philadelphia	70,870,677	11.5	....
Chicago	61,984,000	1.6	....
St. Louis	17,890,962	14.8	....
San Francisco	17,587,101	12.8	....
Baltimore	13,420,479	4.6	....
Pittsburg	13,457,089	20.3	....
Cincinnati	10,359,250	13.0	....
Kansas City	8,294,418	6.0	....
New Orleans	6,024,578	15.2	....
Louisville	6,064,318	32.3	....
Minneapolis	5,688,643	81.2	....
Providence	5,301,000	10.9	....
Detroit	4,650,880	20.7	....
St. Paul	4,469,210	2.9	....
Cleveland	4,163,126	20.0	....
Milwaukee	3,917,000	....	2.9
Omaha	3,866,247	11.8	....
Denver	3,161,524	37.8	....
Columbus	2,112,500	2.0	....
Hartford	2,558,944	11.0	....
Richmond	2,424,098	15.2	....
Memphis	1,769,058	31.8	....
Indianapolis	1,060,929	....	8.2
Peoria	1,344,090	11.8	....
St. Joseph	1,230,018	....	24.6
Portland	1,092,469	5.3	....
Dallas	1,567,149	89.8	....
Duluth	1,455,922	....	38.9
New Haven	1,409,196	19.3	....
Springfield	1,213,743	6.1	....
Worcester	1,179,853	2.6	....
*Halifax	1,036,500	....	....
*Portland, Ore.	1,587,363	....	....
Wichita	887,000	42.4	....
*Montreal	8,779,976	....	....
Fort Worth	847,210	41.5	....
Syracuse	762,316	8.5	....
Grand Rapids	673,904	33.3	....
Lowell	659,405	1.6	....
Los Angeles	617,493	39.1	....
*Des Moines	680,430	....	....
Galveston	579,948	8.4	....
Norfolk	597,823	14.7	....
*Birmingham	576,172	....	....
Sioux City	458,404	....	....
*Tacoma	438,450	....	....
*Topeka	370,776	3.5	....
*Buffalo	3,698,138	....	....
Total	$1,064,881,529	10.4	....
Outside New York	383,743,473	10.4	....

*Not included in totals; no clearing house at this time last year.

A BLOODTHIRSTY WRETCH.

An Ohio Politician Kills His Wife and Father-in-Law.

CLEVELAND, O., July 21.—A special from Bryan, Williams county, says a horrible tragedy was enacted at Edgerton to-day. The wife of Hiram Hoadley, jr., left him some time ago on account of domestic trouble and returned home to her father, a farmer named Newman. This morning Hoadley went to Newman's residence early and when his wife came out to go into the barnyard, seized her by the left hand, and held her while he fired three bullets into her breast, leaving her for dead. Her father hurried out on hearing the shots, and was fired on and killed by Hoadley. The miscreant then pursued his mother-in-law and his wife's younger sister, and but for the timely aid which reached them, would doubtless have killed them, too. He then returned to where his wife was lying, and, finding her still alive, emptied two more chambers of his revolver into her head and then shot himself, inflicting a fatal wound from which he died soon after. He had three revolvers on his person and it is believed he intended killing the entire family. Hoadley left four children by a former wife. He was a prominent politician of Williams county and was prosperous in business affairs.

HE WAS A SOCIETY MAN.

The Absence of a St. Joe Boy Deeply Mourned by Creditors.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—William A. Perry, a real estate agent doing business at 519 Edmund street, has left the city under a cloud, and numerous creditors are bemoaning his sudden flight. Perry left Thursday night, presumably for Omaha. He told his office boy he was going to that city to purchase a farm which a correspondent had for sale. For several years Perry has been boarding his horse at Rogers' livery stable, and the bill having reached the sum of about $150, he was informed on last Thursday he could not take his rig out of the stable again until he had settled for the provender furnished. He promised to pay $75 on the following evening and to give a negotiable note for the balance. While the proprietor was at dinner in the afternoon of Thursday he obtained possession of the horse, buggy and harness and sold them at ridiculously low figures, obtaining only $20 for the horse and $10 for the harness. His bills aggregate a large sum. Perry belongs to one of the most prominent families in the city and his father is C. A. Perry, one of St. Joseph's pioneers. He was a leading society man.

Holyoke Happenings.

HOLYOKE, Col., July 21.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Rev. Hervy, of Ohio, is here organizing a United Presbyterian church society. The trustees have made the selection of a site and contemplate building soon. This will give to Holyoke, a city of twenty-two months' growth, four good churches.

An installation of the officers of the Knights of Pythias was held here last night. The lodge is in a flourishing condition.

Cole Is Now a Sport.

DENVER, Colo., July 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—H. E. Cole, the mysteriously missing real estate agent, is here and passing himself under the name of Ellsworth. He does not want to be known, and meets old Omaha acquaintances as a stranger. He was recognized by the writer instantly. Cole appears as the manager of the lady bicycle rider, Williams.

Spain and the Pope.

MADRID, July 21.—The government has forbidden any demonstrations calculated to encourage the pope to come to Spain in the event of his leaving Rome.

BOULANGER WANTS OFFICE.

He Will Again Place Himself In the Hands of His Friends.

GETTING AROUND THE NEW LAW.

The Scheming Frenchman Will Stand For Election in Districts Which Are Not Covered By the Plural Candidacies Bill.

Boulanger Will Test His Popularity.

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PARIS, July 21.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—General Boulanger, being prevented by the recently passed plural candidacies bill from presenting himself as a candidate in several departments for the chamber, intends to test his popularity by standing for conseils generaux and coseils d'arondissement, the plural candidacies bill not being applicable to the latter elections. Boulanger will therefore be at liberty to present himself as a candidate in eighty centers, which he has promised to designate, although, not fulfilling the legal conditions of residence in France and the consequent payment of direct taxes, he is ineligible. Electors are at liberty to vote for him, and their votes will be counted and made public. Moreover, if he heads the poll he will be declared to have been elected. The council of state will, of course, afterward annul the election, but this will not detract from the importance of the demonstration upon Boulanger's name.

But what is the importance of the demonstration? Even if Boulanger is elected in eighty centers for which he stands it will mean very little. The general's plan looks like the parody of an appeal to the people—a plebiscitum on a small scale, a mock consultation of the nation.

Out of the 3,000 municipal seats which the electors are about to fill, Boulanger asks for only eighty. The proposition is modest. Even if fortune favors him to be returned for eighty out of