IMPUDENT OLD RED CLOUD.

He Orders the Sioux Commission to Leave the Reservation.

YESTERDAY'S NEW DISCOVERY.

American Borse Stumps the Commission on the Question of Lines-An Indian Lawyer Developed-

A Bant for Warner.

The Obstinate Pine Ridgers.

PINE RIDGE, June 20, (via Rushville) .-[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-This has been the most successful council yet had with these people, and at the same time the most satisfactory, as it has developed one of the most talented lawyers in the tribe, a man whose shrewdness is a match for the ordinary white lawyer. It also revealed the further fact of the perfect nature of the three pasts of the commission, which are as perfectly fitted together for this work as the metals in an electric belt. All are necessary.

This afternoon, at the request of American Horse, the commission met the Indians in council and conducted an examination into the merits of the present bill. After American Horse had asked some questions in relation to the issue of oxen Instead of horses, as requested by them while in Washington recently, and mentioned the map which showed the reservation colored in dark red, saying he had lain awake many nights thinking about this matter, but still could not understand it, Major Warner addressed the council firing somewhat of humor at them. He also explained the little box-shaped piece, which shows on the map as land belonging to Nebraska, but which was included in the reservation to prevent the white men selling whisky to the Indians. This brought out the question of lines, which again and again came up in the discussion.

When Major Warner attempted an expla-nation of this matter American Horse coolly informed him he though he knew nothing at all about the matter. He asked General Crook what he knew about the matter, receiving a reply that the general knew poth-ing. The general further informed them that he had asked the secretary of the interior to have the line surveyed, and when the line is thus surveyed it will be permanent. When the general spoke of surveying with an instrument working by the stars American Horse said he guessed the stars jumped about a great deal when some lines were run. The misunderstanding about the line arises from the old agreement made at the time of the treaty of 1868, whereby the Indians were allowed hunting privileges south to the Re-publican river, though the reservation line was then fixed as far north as the Nebraska line. This right to hunt was relinquished later for \$25,000, as mentioned by Red Cloud

the other day.

American Horse spoke of the pleasures of meeting with friends and referred to the adoption of Governor Foster into the tribe by the name of "Young-Man-Proud-of-His-Tail, and hoped he would not soon desert them. He also took consideration of Major Warner, and informed him that there were warrer, and informed him that there were many fine horses here and beaatiful women, who would be happy to ride out with him and entertain him, so he hoped they would be in no hurry to leave soon, but would remain long enough to have this matter thoroughly discussed. He also asked them to telegraph to the great father and ask him to find some-one who knew about the line of the reserva-

This was explained as unnecessary, to which American Horse said, he was glad to know this commission were honest. When he had asked the other commissioners to telegraph to the great father, they had said: "Yes! yes!" and then gone away into a room and written out a dispatch which they brought back saving: "There is what the great father says; now do not be afraid of anything here, for nothing shall mar the Governor Foster also spoke to the length concerning their requests, and promis ing to use his influence to have them granted by the great father and also explained the conditions under which they took the signatures of the squaw-men and half-breeds The council took on the nature of a conversation, each one speaking briefly, American Horse asking question speaking and making statements, quaintly illustrated by natures own references, and the com-mission each taking turns answering questions. The most perfect harmony existed throughout the proceedings, which only were adjourned when the gathering shades of evening made it necessary.

The disposition displayed in the meeting

to know all about the matter is a favorable symptom, and a breakdown is looked for about Friday or Saturday; when this comes the work will soon be completed here.

The Recalcitrant Redskin.

PINE RIDGE, (via Rushville) June 20 .-[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-This morning an opportunity was given those who so desired, to sign the rolls, and a few availed themselves of the opportunity thus offered them, but nothing compared to the rush at Rosebud on the second day of signing. The time is not yet quite up, and further explana? tions are necessary. It will be remembered that at Rosebud

number of half-breeds were employed o g complete explanations and analysis of the at private councils of the Indians. Here this has been largely lacking. With a view to this General Crook held a council with the white men and half-breeds, at which means and measures were discussed and plans laid for efficient work among the Indians who are

Red Cloud asked for a council with General Crook, from which he desired even the official stenographer should be excluded This left the correspondents on the fence to look with longing eyes across the green, where an immense concourse was in council with the general. At this council Red Cloud wes the principal speaker. He persisted in in misinterpreting the treaty of 1868, and said the government had refused to do as it had agreed. He did not want anything to do with the commission. Continuing, he grew very angry and impertinent, ordering all those who came with this commission to

leave the reservation, and at once, too. General Crook called a balt at this juncture and told Red Cloud some of the past parts of his history with which he was familiar. He also mentioned why he issued the order to seize all of the Indian ponies and leave them afoot, because Red Cloud would not listen to reason, but declared his intention of goin on the war path. The general also gave other instances of the duplicity of Red Cloud in the past transactions he had with him, and expressed his obvious desire in this

case to obtain all the rewards. The council broke up by a suggestion of General Crook that those who desired should go to the agent's office and sign, and others who were opposed should so state. This led to a regular stampede of Red Cioud's, Big Road's and Little Wounds' bands passing through the agent's office in single file to the number of nearly four hundred, each one de-

claring himself opposed to signing.

A notable exception to the action of these Sioux is that of the Cheyennes, who held a council in the afternoon and decided to sign in a body. These Indians are a much in a body. These Indians are a much braver and more industrious class than the Sioux, General Crook gives them high praise as soldiers and fighters and promises to give them all the assistance in his power to accomplish the desire of their hearts to be united on one reservation with their people, who are now, most of them, on the Tongue River reservation in Montana.

At this time there are about three hundred names signed to the rolls, and it is hoped a reaction will soon take place and the work by done rapidly from this day on.

POOR PROHIBITION. Rhode Island Repeals It by a Vote of

28,449 to 9,853. PROVIDENCE, June 20 .- The fifth amendment to the constitution of Rhode Island (the prohibition amendment) was to-day repealed by a vote of 5,469 more than three-fifths of the total vote necessary to carry the amendment. The total vote is: Approve. 28,449; reject, 9,853. In 1886, when the amendment was adopted the vote, which was about 14,000 smaller, stood: Approve, 15,113; reject, 9,230. The vote will be officially counted on or before July 15, and will be announced by proclamation on or before July 20.

LACHAN DESTROYED.

1,200 Chinamen Killed and 10,000

Homeless. SHANGHAI, June 20 .- One-balf of the important city of Lachan, in the province of Szechuen, was recently destroyed by fire. The conflagration raged four days. It is estimated that 1,200 persons were killed. Most of them were crushed trying to escape in the narrow streets. Ten thousand persons are

The Northwestern Saengerfest. MINNEAPOLIS, June 20 .- The Northwest ern Sangerfest, a musical event which promises to be the most successful festival in the history of the northwest, opened here this evening in the music hall of the Exposition building. The hall has a scating capacity of 5,000. In the rear of the performers an immense sounding board has been constructed. and directly in front of this the singers will be seated. In front of the singers will be stationed the orchestra and band, and still further forward will be the principals. Over one thousand trained voices will join in the chorus. Delegations of visitors and singing societies from Rock Island, Ill., Milwaukee. Freeport, Ill., Dubuque, Ia., Chicago, Davenport, Rockford, Ill., and many other cities are present. Gilmore's famous band will form a prominent feature of the festival. Among the prominent artists in sttendance are the following of world-wide reputation: Campanini, tenor; Delpuente, attendance are the following of world-wide reputation: Campanini, tenor; Delpuente, baritone; Whitney, basso; DeDankwardt, Mme, Blanche Stone-Barton, soprano; Miss Helen Dudley-Campbell, contralto; Signor Rodotpho Ferrari, pianist; Signorini Devere,

Mr. McMullin Speaks la Piece. CHICAGO, June 20 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Vice-President McMullin, of the Alton, declares the figures relative to Kansas City shipments of live stock, sent out last night by Chairman Walker, of the Inter-state Commerce Railway association, to be misteading. "There is no use trying to obscure the main question," said he, to-day "the controversy was on cattle and live stock of all kinds. Here are the correct figures and they show our reason for withdrawing from the association. For the week previous to the decision of the executive board ordering the St. Paul to take no more than two train loads of cattle a week from Kansas City, that road hauled sixty-eight cars. For the week following the decision, and when it was supposed to be in full force and effect, the St. Paul hauled 128 cars. Now that the St. Paul is making a great display St. Paul is making a great display of the fact that it is carrying no cattle, cuts no possible figure. Just bear in mind that the St. Paul only refused cattle shipments after the Alton was out of the association business we are now doing. Our own agents get it for us in the open market. We have no hard feelings at all against the associa-tion. We are out and intend to stay out, but

The Northwestern Cut. CHICAGO, June 20 .- | Special Telegram to HE BEE.]-The break in the north rates is docketed for consideration by the Western Freight association for to-morrow morning. Chairman Faithorn announces that a resolution will be proposed that through rates on northwestern business be advanced to the local basis. If adopted, this will make the through rate to St. Paul the sum of the local to Chicago and from Chicago to St. Paul. Many of the roads favor this plan, as it will punish the trunk line roads, which control central traffic roads, for pro-rating with the lake lines. It is hinted that the question may be postponed until a week from to-day. If it is, the North ern Freight association, or its individual members, will have large-sized suits on their

hope the association will have a long and prosperous existence."

hands, brought by the Chicago Freight bu-reau, charging discrimination against the Chicago merchants. The Parnell Commission. London, June 20 .- At a meeting of the Parnell commission, to-day, Thomas P. O'Connor, member of parliament, stated that the turning point in the agrarian struggle in Ireland, was the rejection of the compensation for improvements bill. There upon tenants were compelled to combine in accordance with Parnell's policy, which sub stituted constitutional agitation for revolu tion, and open for secret combination. O'Connor denied that either the league or he sympathized with crime.

A Belligerent Mutter.

Benlin, June 20 .- | Special Cablegram to THE BEE. |- The North German Gazette accuses Switzerland of promoting socialism. It says: "Had any great power practised such ail ses against another power as Switzerlan, has been guilty of, war would have re sulted. Neutrality becomes unnatural and untenable when an offensive disregard for the interests of a neighboring state is held to

A Fourteen-Year-Old Murderer. LONGTON, Ont., June 20.-Last evening near this village, a boy named Davis, aged fourteen, shot and instantly killed John Rohrer, aged twelve, against whom he had a grudge. Davis was arrested.

Fined For Voting Paupers. INDIANAPOLIS, June 20.-Hiram W. Miller, ex-treasurer of Marion county, and Smith Williams, superintendent of the county poor asylum, indicted for voting idiotic and insane inmates of the county asylum at the last election, pleaded guilty before Judge Woods, Miller, who as election inspector is to-day. the precinct, disregarded challenges in re-ceiving the votes of the unfortunates, was fined \$250, and Williams, who conspired with Miller to vote the paupers, was fined \$50.

A Court of Inquiry. WASHINGTON, June 20.-Secretary Tracy has ordered a court of inquiry to investigate the circumstances connected with the grounding of the Constellation. The court will meet in the Norfolk navy yard tomorrow.

Creighton After a Paving Contract. DENVER, Colo, June 20 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. !- J. A. Creighton is here hobnobbing with the board of public works. It is surmised that he is after a slice of the which a quarter of a million is to be expended soon.

The Chicago Story Denied. Boston, June 20.-The Union Pacific off nals here state they have no advices such as ome from Chicago as to the threatened strike on their lines. They state there is some trouble with their engineers, but that an early adjustment of the difficulty is looked

Trayles Won the Cup.

LONDON, June 20 .- At Ascot to-day the race for the gold cop, valued at 1,000 sovereigns, added to sweepstakes of 20 sovereigns each, was won by Trayles.

DULL DAYS IN WASHINGTON.

News Gatherers Take Advantage of the Dearth of Items.

THE EXTRA SESSION ANXIETY.

Congressman Browne Will Interview the President About the October Rumor-Clarkson Explains.

WASHINGTON BUREAU, THE OMARA BEE, 1 513 FOURTHENTS STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., June 20.

The next few days promise to be more than usually dull in Washington. To-morrow morning the president will leave for Cape May to spend Sunday with his family. Later in the day several members of the cabinet depart for their homes or the seashore or mountains. To-day a great many newspaper correspondents called on Secretary Windom and asked him to say whether there is danger in "scoops" in important treasury appointments. The secretary informed each one that it would be perfectly safe to take a brief vacation, as it is not at all likely that there will be any important appointments during the next few days. The correspondents therefore went away happy and to-morrow morning 90 per cent of all now in the city will accept the invitation of the Pennsylvania railroad company to spend a few days at Cresson Springs in the Alleghany mountains. This company makes it a practice to invite the newspaper men of Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia to accept of its hospitality, and the trips are extremely enjoyable. The party will start from Washington at 8 o'clock to-morrow norning and will return on Monday evening.

EXTRA SESSION ANXIETY. There is the utmost anxiety expressed among members of congress of both political parties to ascertain whether or not it is the parties to ascertain whether or not it is the intention of the president to call congress to another extra session in October. No satisfactory information has thus far been secured from any reliable source on this point. Congressman Browne, of Indiana, is one of the anxious ones, and he has made up his mind to know if the probability of such a thing is possible. Consequently he will inthing is possible. Consequently he will in-terview the president on the subject as soon as the latter returns from Cape May, and at that time it is likely that some general infor mation will be given out.

A FEW WORDS BY CLARKSON.

To a caller who made some inquiries of him, First Assistant Postmaster-General Clarkson to-day said, in a few words, what ought to open the eyes of his mugwumpiar

critics.
"It should be remembered," said he, "that if President Cleveland had not appointed democrats in place of republicans there would be very few democrats for the present would be very few democrats for the present administration to remove, in order to make room for the republicans now being appointed. There is another thing which is not generally known, and that is that nearly all the democratic postmasters who are now being removed are losing their places on the reports of inspectors upon the conduct of their offices, and in almost every instance the their offices, and in almost every instance the inspector who makes the report is a demo-crat, for the very good reason that we have very few republican inspectors to make

reports."
Mr. Clarkson added that the men who are now going out have almost invariably served four years, and it seemed that the people, when they had had anything to say lately. had voted that four years was about the proper time for a federal official to hold

A PRETTY SCHEME "BUSTED." It was reported at the postoffice department, to-day, that the action of the president in signing the amendment to the civil service rules, which permits the reinstatement of exunion soldiers and sailors who have been dis-charged from the civil service, without ex-amination, will result in the reappointment of fifteen or twenty postoffice inspectors who were removed during the last administration. Chief Postoffice Inspector Rathbone said, to-day, that the service contains at present about one hundred and forty democrats to ten republicans. It will be remem-bered that the last administration applied the civil service rules to this branch of the government soon after nearly every republi-can had been turned out. The design of this was, without doubt, to placate the mug-wumps and prevent the return of discharged republicans. The scheme was a very pretty one, and if it had been allowed to stand there would have been precious few republicans on the force of inspectors until the present 140 democratic incumbents resign or die. The change in the rules insures the appointment of some men at least whose army records are as honorable as their civil records. It will result also in the appoint ment of men who are familiar with the duties of the positions which they will be called upon to perform. The change will also have a decided effect in the appointment of clerks in the railway mail service and will prob-ably remove the necessity for calling upon the commission for certified lists for some time to come. It is estimated that it makes eligible for reappointment in this service be tween two and three hundred ex-soldiers who were dismissed solely because they were republicans. As the change is dis-cussed it meets with more and more ap-proval, and it is only regretted that the ac-

tion was not taken sooner. IOW POSTMASTERS.

The following fourth class postmasters for Iowa were appointed to-day: Mackey, Boone county, H. C. Hill; Meltonville, Worth county, G. R. Overholt; Rockford, Floyd county, Alexander McEbroy.

WAITE'S APPEAL GRANTED. The appeal of Fred G. Waite, transferee from the decision of the general land office requiring new publications and new proof in support of the pre-emption cash entry No 22:20, of the north 14 of the northeast 14 and the north 14 of the northwest 14 of section 29,713 north, range 20 west, made May 29, 1884, at the Grand Island land office, Neb., was decided, to-day, by Assistant Secretary Chandler, who holds that new proof is not necessary, and that the entry should be PERRY S. HRATH.

Tyson on Trial for Murder. DENVER, Colo., June 20 .- | Special Tele gram to THE BEE. |-The trial of Henry Tyon, the Omaha man who killed John King here on May 5, has been in progress two days and will last the week out provided the ante mortem statement of King shall be admitted in evidence. A verdict of murder in the first degree is deemed inevitable. Two more murderers await trial.

Nebraska and Iowa Pensions. Washington, June 20 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Pensions granted Nebras kans: Original invalid-William Lewis Patrick H. Soele, William Hurley. Increase -Ellison Street.

Pensions issued to Iowans: Original in valid—Henry Huff, Fred Stoddard, Rufus E. Bennett, Albert Alexander, Joseph Hague, Emanuel Dann, John M. Gates, Thomas W. Brice, Charles W. Reading, In-crease—Archibald Roberts, Daniel Necomb. Patrick Noonan, Charles Kerle, Haran Arnold, Samuel P. Kelly, Adam S. Carper Josiah F. Umbaugh, Josiah Shott, Reissu -William S. Summerville, James K. P. Baker. Origidal widow, etc.-Linna A., widow of Henry Coonfare.

Death of a Confederate Officer. Washington, June 20 .- General A. C. Myers, late quartermaster-general of the confederate army, died at his residence here, this morning.

Proctor Returns to Washington, Washington, June 20.—Secretary Proctor has returned to Washington from his home in Vermont, and was in his office this morn;

PATRIOTIC SONS OF AMERICA. The Articles of Their Faith, With

Plea For Fair Consideration. Washington, June 20.—At the session of the national camp of the order of Patriotic Sons of America, to-day, George P. Smith, of Illinois, was elected president for the ensuing two years. Boston was chosen as the next place of meeting, in October, 1890. At the afternoon session the following was

prepared for the press: To the press of America: In view of the fact that the principles of this order and the objects of its existence have been incorrectly presented, and inasmuch as an incident connected with the presidential reception has been misrepresented, this national camp requests a fair and impartial consideration of our declaration of principles.

Article 1. Next to love for the Creator, w believe patriotism is the highest and noblest affection of the human soul. We believe the institutions of no country are safe without patriotism, and that none will so jealously guard and protect them as those who are born and raised under their influence. We believe we have the best form of govern-ment for the masses on the face of the earth. Article 2. For the welfare, prosperity and liberty of all American cittzens and their de-scendants, we desire to protect our form of government, preserve it intact from the the influence of any foreign power by discriminating sentiments of loyalty and patriotism, and by establishing a fraternal feeling of devotion to our country amongst all Americans. We hope to make it in possible for any one to live under the protection of the 'stars and stripes' who does not honor and revere it, and who would not be willing to give up his life in defense of the principles of freedom and justice which it represents. Article 3. We desire to sustain the purity

of the ballot, and to have it intelligently and

legitimately used.
Article 4. We believe our system of free public schools is the bulwark of our liberty and we insist that they be kept absolutely free from all ecclesiastical and sectarian in-fluences, and under the influence of local secular officers elected by the people.

Article 5. We cordially welcome all those foreigners who come to this country with the honest desire of becoming loyal Ameri-can citizens, and who sincerely disavow any and all allegiance to foreign potentates and governments, and who honor and revere our national flag.

Article 6. We are opposed to the occu-

pancy of any part of our land by foreign speculators who do not wish to become citzens, and we believe all resources and priv lieges of this country should be reserved fo the exclusive use of its citizens, either native or naturalized

Article 7. We are in favor of crushing out those which are already here, and of taking measures which will prohibit from entrance into our parts in the future of that foreign element which comes here to advocate com-munism and nihilism, and which does not identify itself with our country, and does not

respect our flag. Article 8. We invite all native born citizens who believe in their country and its institu-tions, and who desire to perpetuate free gov-ernment, and who wish to encourage proper feeling among Americans, to the end that we feeling among Americans, to the end that we may exalt our country, to join with us in this, our work of fellowship and love. We call the especial attention of those reporters who have styled us as "know nothings" and "anti-Catholies," to article 5, and quote from our official expose, "We have no quarrel with any man on account of pationality or religion but we wish to a said equal institute to

ion, but we wish to accord equal justice to all American citizens."

The article from the address of our national president, so extensively quoted, requires no apology, and this order in national convention assembled unhesitatingly declares there is no recombine this resultation. there is no room in this republican govern-ment for any organization, under whatsoever name, which advocates and practices murder and assassination, and we believe every in-telligent citizen, native or foreign born, who has read the evidence presented to the coroner's jury, of Chicago, relative to the Cronin murder, has felt this to be true and that their existence is a constant menace to our gov ernment. The badge incident, so sensationally characterized as a "Burchardism," is a misrepresentation. The reception, by the int, was cordial and gratifying to the members of this order.

STRIKE AT JOHNSTOWN.

Many Men Quit Work and a Riot is Feared.

Johnstown, Pa., June 20.-The strike among the laboring men here is fairly on. and this morning there are not a thousand men all told at work. Those employed by McKnight, the Pittsburg contractor, are idle and dissatisfied, and the discord is spreading to the other workmen. Overbearing bosses and short rations, for which the men are made to pay liberally, are the grievances. The military are on active duty this morning, and the local company of the Fifth regiment has been ordered out. While overything appears quiet on the surface, there is fear that the undercurrent of discord will break out at any time, and that a riot will follow.

The committee appointed at a meeting of

the striking laborers this morning reported to a meeting held an hour later that all foreign workmen had quit work, but at the request of the strikers the local men continued work. Another meeting will be held to-day.

Five bodies were recovered this morning. ong them being a mother and two chil-en. The children were locked in the mother's arms.

Sixteen bodies were found to-day and many of them were immediately buried after being completely covered with oil. The stench is becoming daily more sickening and unbearable. The Women's Christian Tem-erance Union opened coffee stands for the purpose of giving hot coffee free to laborers.
The first clear day here since the awful
calamity found work among the ruins
practically suspended, and upon the same
ground where havoc was so recently wrought capital and labor are wrestling in a bitter and threatening contest, and the quiet, subdued feeling which prevailed since the flood is giving way to one of unrest, discord and danger. As yet there has been no open outbreak, but repeated breaches of the peace occurred during the day and open outbreak, but repeated breaches of the peace occurred during the day, and to-night a free fight occurred in which one man was probably fatally injured. All the idle men who can get intoxicated are drink ing to-night. It has been announced toing to-night. It has been announced to-night that the strike, which began this morning, has been declared off, and a thous-and more men have been paid and dis-charged, but the discharged men as yet re-fuse to abandon the place, and the authori-ties have announced that all idlers must leave to-morrow, else the militia will be called to drive them away. In such an event scrious trouble is anticipated.

Dr. Foster to day started a subscription Dr. Foster to-day started a subscription for a monument to the "unknown dead."

Help From Chadron, Neb. Johnstown, Pa., June 20 .- A train consisting of eighteen freight cars, loaded with provisions of all kinds, arrived at Johnstown to-day from Chadron, Neb. Among other things the cars contained horses and carts. The roofs of the cars were full of citizens of the town, who have tendered their services to General Hastings.

The Reduced soo Rates. CHICAGO, June 20.—The Soo line having retuced rates on all rail traffic from the seaboard to St. Paul to the same rate in effect as from the seaboard to Chicago, the St. Paul is placed on an equality with Chicago. The complaints of discrimination by Chicago sbippers grow more aggravated. The railroad officials and shippers will hold meetings morrow to consider the matter.

Closed a Creamery. TOPEKA, Kan., June 20 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-The Manhattan creamery has been closed and the sheriff has taken posses sion for the benefit of the stockholders. Su-perintendent Douglass drew from the sev-eral banks what money he had and has dis-appeared. The indebtedness to farmers is appeared. The about \$12,000.

DETERMINED MURDERER.

A Nebraskan in Iowa Tries to Kill a Family.

THE LEAVITTS ARE ARRESTED.

Crete as a Cattle Market-A Parsonage Wrecked by Lightning-The Sioux Commissioners

-Crops and Crime.

Nick Foley's Bloody Work. ELGIN, Neb., June 20 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-Word was brought to town at an early hour this morning that Nick Foley had shot Pomeroy Clark and wife, killing Mrs. Clark instantly and slightly wounding her husband. Mr. Clark lives about three miles north and one mile east of this place, and when the report reached here warrants were sworn out and placed in the hands of the constable, who, in company with a doctor, started at once for Mr. Clark's. It seems that Foley was in love with Miss Effic Riggs, a sister of Mrs. Clark,

and the young lady wished to have nothing to do with him. His prospects in that direction were not very encouraging and he became desperate. Last night Foley went to Clark's residence about 12 o'clock, and going up stairs shot Mr. Clark, inflicting a slight wound in his side. Mr. Clark grappled with him and threw him cut of the door.

Foley then procured a ladder and clambered up to the chamber window. Mrs. Clark heard him at the window and, sitting up in bed, asked what was the matter. In reply she received a bullet in the head, instantly Foley then fired several more shots at Clark and Miss Riggs, who had hastened to the scene, but without any effect.

THE BEE correspondent went to the scene of the murder, but was unable to interview Clark on account of the doctor's positive

orders to the contrary. The coroner's inquest was held at 5 o'clock this afternoon, and the evidence was as follows:

Foley, who had been staying at Clark's off and on for several years, went to Clark's a few days ago and commenced to quarrel with Miss Riggs. Mrs. Clark interfered, and attempted to drive him away, but Foley turned on her and commenced to curse her Mrs. Clark then called her husband, who was at the barn, to come and help them. Clark came to the house and ordered Foley to leave and not come back again. Foley left, swear-ing he would kill Henry Riggs, the young lady's father, before the week was out. Last night one of Clark's children became restive, and about 11 o'clock Clark arose and gave the child some medicine. He went to ped and fell asleep at once. How long he slept he does not know, but thinks it was only a short time. Suddenly he felt something strike him in the sid and he sprag something strike him in the sid and he sprag up in bed, exclaiming: "Who is striking me!" Mrs. Clark cried out: "Some one shot you." Clark sprang out of the bed and ran into the adjoining room and heard some person down stairs in his socking feet. Clark turned to the room and pulled the bed against the door to prevent the assassin's return. About eighteen or twenty minutes elapred when Mrs. Clark, who was sitting on the side of the bed next to a glass door in the ped chamber, heard a noise glass door in the sed chamber, heard a noise and said, "I hear some one climbing us to the window." She then parted the curtain peered out, dodging back immediately, and again peeped, when a pistol flushed in her face and she dropped back dead, without word. The assassin then turned his firing on Miss Riggs, who was sitting in the oppo-site corner of the room, and fired four shots at her without doing any damage. This ended the firing, and as one of Clark's horses is gone, it is supposed the murderer took it and fled. As soon as the firing ceased Clark went to

the window and commenced to cry "Murder!" with all his might, in hopes of arousing some of his neighbors. None came, however, until daylight, when Henry Duvall was passing, and hearing went to investigate, finding Mrs. Clark dead on the floor and Mr. Clark very badly wounded, the bullet striking a rib on the left side, and passing through the lower part of the lung, lodged in the back. Duvail at once spread the alarm and posses were sent out in all directions to hunt for the murderer. Telegrams were sent all over the There was nothing heard from him until about 2 o'clock this afternoon, when a telegram was received from Erickson, Wheeler county, saying that atman answering the description given had passed through there about an hour before they received the telegram from here. The evidence against Foley is purely circumstan tial, but every one seems to feel certain that he committed the deed, as he had made nu-

merous threats to kill them all.

The following is a good description of Foley: Twenty-six years old, dark complexion, black eyes, deep dimple in the chin; shaven smooth, except a stub of a moustache weight about 160 pounds; height, 5 feet inches. He was riding a sorrel horse. The coroner adjourned the inquest until to-morrow at 8 o'clock a. m., when new evi-

dence will be taken. On a Charge of Murder.

GRESHAM, Neb., June 50 .- [Special Tele gram to THE BEE. |-The phase of the question which was generally given credence vesterday that the arrest of John Leavitt and his wife was merely to remove them to a place of safety from violence that was feared might be done, is to-day changed, and the real meaning of their arrest begins to be realized. The deputy sheriff this morning issued a summons for the appearance at Seward of a number of persons to be used as witnesses. On what theory or circumstances the arrest is based does not appear, perhaps. to none but the officers who are adepts at keeping their own council. If they have any grounds for their belief, the examination wil reveal it. Several newspaper representatives visited the scene of the great double tragedy this afternoon. There have been comparatively few visitors to the place today and it begins to take on its usual every day appearance. Two of the old people's sons and three of their married daughters are the occupants of the house. One of the men constantly patrols his bea around th house and warns those who come to get a glimpse of the place not to tie their horses to the trees, which have been already ruined by teams. The grass all about the premises is trampled almost into the earth and the row of cottonwood trees which lined one side of the farm is robbed of its bark for nearly half The Garnishee Law.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 20 .- [Special Tele gram to THE BEE.]-A case, that might be called inter-state garnishment, was com menced in the county court, this afternoon and is decidedly a new phase of treating a much abused law. The case is that of Fred Walter vs Patrick W. O'Connor, to recover money obtained from him by the garnishee process in Iowa. Walter sets up that he was a resident of Cass county, and employed by the Burlington railroad company. He had his wages garnisheed by one D. M. West, be fore a justice of the peace, in Council Bluffs, for \$18.50 on an account alleged to have been assigned to him by one P. W. O'Connor, also

assigned to him by one P. W. O'Connor, also a resident of Nebraska. "That by the laws of Iowa, a resident of Nebraska is not entitled to the exemption from attachments and garnishment granted to heads of families, by the laws of Nebraska, and that in spite of the fact that the railroad and the statements and garnishment granted to heads of families, by the laws of Nebraska, and that in spite of the fact that the railroad and the statement of the fact that the railroad and the statement of the fact that the railroad and the statement of the fact that the railroad and the statement of the fact that the railroad and the statement of the fact that the railroad and the statement of the fact that the railroad and the statement of the fact that the railroad and the statement of the fact that the railroad and the statement of the fact that the railroad and the statement of the statemen and that in spite of the fact that the railroad company made a showing before the court that Walters was the head of a family, his wages were garnished and the company paid it. Walters now brings suit to recover from O'Connor the amount of the claim and costs. amounting to \$27.90. This lows garnishment is an old and much used method of evading the Nebraska law, exempting from attack

ment and garnishment the property of the head of a family to a specified amount. It is extensively practiced by merchants, in spite of the fact that there is a law expressly for-bidding the assignment of such claims to for-eign parties. eign parties.

Burglary in Ashland.

ASHLAND, Neb., June 20.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Last Friday night, the hardware store of Blodgett & Ludwig was burglarized. About \$125 worth of knives and revolvers were stolen. One hundred and six knives and about a dozen revolvers were found by Commissioner Parks under the approach of the bridge on Main street, The place was watched till last night, when two men were discovered searching for the goods. One who gave his name as DeWitt Gauger was captured. He said he was hunt mg for a button hook. After a trial before Justice Travice he was bound over to the district court. Being unable to give ball, which was fixed at \$350, he was taken to Wahoo for safe keeping.

Grand Island Sewerage. GRAND ISLAND. Neb., June 20.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The bids for the contract of laying the sewers were opened by the city council to-night. Bids were received from Blackmar & Post, Phillips & Stanley, Luciede Fire Brick Manufacturing company, George S. Miller, Globe Sewer Company, George S. Miller, Globe Sewer Pipe company, Racine Cement & Pipe, Mon-mouth Mining & Manufacturing company, W. R. Mercer, Riley & Penfield, Doyle & Farrell, C. J. Rasen, and Shaw, of Kansas The contract will be awarded to-morrow night.

Pawnee City Waterworks.

PAWNER CITY, Neb., June 20.-Special The Bee.]-At a special meeting of the city council, last night, the contract for building the waterworks was taken away from the contractor, Charles Schroeder, and the city will now proceed to build them. This action was taken by the earnest solicitation of the citizens, as they claim their patience has long since been exhausted by the negligence of the contractor to finish the works, which have been in building for about two years.

Committed Suicide. DAKOTA CITY, Neb., June 20,-[Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Hans P. Knudson, of Jackson, a brother-in-law of John Severson the famous Jackson murderer, died last night from the effects of a dose of paris green, administered by himself with suicidal intent. He was lodged in jail at this place, last week, on the charge of insanity, and was thought to be suffering from some mental strain when the deed was committed. He had been a hard drinker for several years.

CURTIS. Neb., June 20.- | Special Telegram

to THE BEE.]-The Curtis board of trade has elected the following members delegates to attend the state convention of the boards on the 26th: S. R. Razee, M. D., A. M. Jonson, A. R. Cruseen, R. M. Boggs, jr., and George

Curtis Board of Trade.

Crete Cattle Operations. CHETE, Neb., June 20 .- | Special to THE BEE. !- The second patace stock car train from this city, started for Chicago yesterday morning at 10 o'clock via the Missouri Pacific. The train consisted of fourteen cars of corn-fed cattle, and will make the run in twenty-four hours. Two car loads of horses, for Illinois, left also via the B. & M. There have been heavy shipments of horses this season from here and the surrounding coun-try. Several buyers from the far east are now in the market here, picking up all the desirable pieces of horseflesh. As a grain, cattle, hog and horse market this part of the south Platte can not be excelled.

A Railroad For Beatrice. BEATRICE, Neb., June 20 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-Articles of incorporation were filed to-day with the county clerk, of the Kansas City & Beatrice railroad com pany; incorporators: Newman Erb. C. F Brotherton, Elias Summerfield, A. L. Apple white and C. A. Jewett. The stock is 10,600 shares of \$100 each. The principa place of business will be Beatrice. The di-rectors are N. Erb, E. Summergeid, C. F. Brotherton, W. P. Dunavant, W. D. Bethel, L. A. Applewhite, Samuel Rinaker, and the officers, W. P. Dunavant, president; E. Sum-

merfield, treasurer; C. H. Trimble, secre Normal School Commencement. PERU, Neb., June 20 .- [Special to THE BEE.]-The commencement exercises of the State Normal school took place yesterday The chapel was crowded to its utmost capac ity, there being many not gaining entrance The graduates are Anna Ord, Emma Lisco Edith Clark, Bertha Bloomingdale, Isabe Lisco, H. W. Bouton, John Orton and Ed ward Alford. All of them delivered their orations in a very creditable manner.

Messrs Kennedy, Spencer, Lase and Howe,
members of the board of education, were
present, and expressed themselves as well

The Trial of Carson. BEATRICE, Neb., June 20. - [Special Tele gram to THE BEE. |-The case of William Carson, for the murder of Chauncey F. West at a negro dance, May 18, in this city, began in the district court to day before Judge Broody. County Attorney Dobbs and R. W. Sabin will prosecute: Alfred Halzett and R. S. Bibb appear for the defense. The cour m was crowded. The case will probably

last several days.

Lexington's Enterprise. LEXINGTON, Neb., June 20 .- Special to THE BEE. |- A petition praying the city council to submit a proposition to the voters to bond the city for waterworks is being circulated to-day, and is meeting with indorse ment from nearly every resident of the city A large number of fine dwelling houses are now being erected in the city, and a scheme for building a fine \$2,500 hotel is assuming

A Mill on Fire. HOOPER, Neb., June 20.- | Special to THE BEE. j-About 2 o'clock this morning the coal house attached to the large steam flouring mill of Briggs & Uehling was found to be on fire. The mill was built fire proof, but the intense heat set fire to the walls inside the

The iron siding was torn off

to get at it and it was put out without much damage to the mill building. Getting Ready for the Commission. NIOBRARA, Neb., June 20 .- | Special to THE BEE. |-Agent Hill, of the Santee agency, has gone up to Swift Bear's camp, about fifty miles above here, to have them at sion. The commission will visit Santee agency after they get through with Pine Ridge.

The Pensions Board. Columbus, Neb., June 20 .- [Special Tele gram to THE BEE.]-Dr. F. J. Schug received his commission, to-day, as one of the exam-ining surgeons on the United States pension board. The board now stands Evans, Martyr

and Schug. Sent to the Pen. GRAND ISLAND, Neb., June 20 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-In the district court to-day, Charles W. Tracy, alias "Indian Charles," was sentenced to three years in

the pen for blowing a safe. Gage County Court House Bonds. BEATRICE, Neb., June 29 .- | Special Tele gram to THE 13HE. |-The official count to-day, of the \$199,000 court house bonds elec-

tion, gives a majority of only 119 in favor of Crops in Knox County. MIOBBARA, Neb., June 20.- [Special to THE BEE. !- Plentiful rains in this vicinity for

the past two weeks have assured all crops.

The past two nights have been rainy.

LE CARON THE BRITISH SPY.

Hancock Post of the Grand Army Looks Up His Record.

WAS DISMISSED IN DISGRACE.

The Man Who Joined the Army and

Secret Societies to Betray Them -No Fears That He Will Appeal.

Court-martialing a Scoundrel. CHICAGO, June 20 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Le Caron, the British spy, was to-night tried by his comrades in Winfield Hancock Post, No. 560, G. A. R., and summarily dismissed from the Grand Army of

the Republic. The charges against him were that he was unworthy of being a comrade of the other members, and the trial was brought about by his testimony given in the Parnell case. Added to this is a story of peculiar interest as to his identification by the members of the post, and which points to the fact that Le Caron not only spent his time in America in acting as a spy against the Irish revolutionists, but also joined the United States army, and the G. A. R. for the purpose of giving

information to the British government, About two years ago an Irishman of this city brought Le Caron to Lieutenant of Detectives George Heintzman, and introduced the two; Le Caron had joined Post 560 some time before. Heintzman, who was major of the Eighty-second regiment, Illinois volunteers, has great influence in Grand Army circles and is also a member of Post 560. At the time of the introduction, Major Heintzman paid no attention to Le Caron, and the matter passed out of his mind. The day after Le Caron gave his testimony in the Parnell inquiry, the Irishman came to Major Heintzman in a most excited frame of mind. He asked the major if he remembered Le Caron, to whom he introduced him. The major replied that he did not. The Irishman then denounced Le Caron in most vigorous terms and declared that if he had known the in-former's true character he would never have introduced him or have been seen with him in Grand Army circles. It happened that in a room adjoining that where the conversation took place was the Rev. Father Dunne, of Joliet, Will Cowl and a brother of Dr. Dunn, formerly city physician of Chi-cago. When the Irishman left the major asked Father Dunne what he thought of that yarn. The latter said: "It is true, every word of it. He is the same man who has confessed to being an English spy. He and

his family are my parishioners.

An investigation was immediately started.

Le Caron's papers, on which he got into the post, were examined. It was found that he was a private in the Sixteenth Pennsylvania. infantry during the war and rose to the rank of lieutenant in a colored infantry regiment. His history in Braidwood, Will county, Ill., where he kept a drug store, was looked into.

It was found that he simply acted as a spy on the actions of the miners in that section, who were members of the L. E. B. Then his Chicago record was looked up, and the inference was made that his object in joining the G. A. R. was to spy into the se-crets of that order, and especially to look after the Irish members of it.

When these facts were learned Father Dunne procured a photograph of Le Caron. This was exhibited to all the members of the post. It was immediately recognized. A notice of the intended proceedings was sent to Le Caron, but no reply has been received. A court martial was ordered. The court met to-night, and after duly considering the evidence, Le Caron, alias Beach, was dismissed in disgrace. He has a chauce to appeal to James S. Martin, department com-mander of Illinois, and if this fails he can take one to General William Warner, of Kansas City, Mo., commander-in-chief. Hancock post has no fear of an appeal.

MORE YELLOW JACK.

Two Cases Brought to Brooklyn by a Pacific Mail Steamship.

New York, June 20 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. 1-Dr. R. A. H. Duncan, of the Pacific Mail steamship Colon, was last night placed in quarantine. He is very sick with yellow tever. The nature of his disease was not known until last night and the health officers have little fear of the disease spreading owing to the precautions taken, although Duncan rode to the house from the boat while sick in a horse car. The physician who attended him also cared for other patients. The physician has been arrested for failing to comply with the quarantine laws. The Brooklyn board of health and the Pircellyn newspapers blame the New York health officer's attempt to stifle knowledge of another yellow rever case on the Colon, that of a young lady who was re-moved from the ship to the Windsor hotel, and who shortly afterward died. It is also claimed that there was a mysterious death and speedy burial at sea on the Colon. The agent of the steamship line says he don't be-lieve Duncan has yellow fever. He admits there was a young lady on board slet, but says she had Chagres fever only, and that is not contagious. The man who died on board was a waiter who had been suffering a long time from kidney disease. Under the direc-tion of the board of health, the Colon is be-ing thoroughly fumicated. ing thoroughly fumigated.

THE HAYTIEN TROUBLES. Hippolyte Still Marching on to Easy

Victory. NEW YORK, June 20 .- The advices received to-day by the steamer Saginaw from Cape Hayti, under date of June 5, report the continued success of Hippolyte, leader of the northern forces, and the continued defections from Legitimes forces. Several of the lat-ter's best o flicers have been captured. It is claimed not a single place in any of the three departments of the north is now occupied by Legitime's forces. At Port-au-Prince it is stated the archbishop and other friends of Legitime begged him to leave the country, so as to insure peace, but he refused. The foreign merchants in the city are anxious, owing to the rumors that they are liable to owing to the rumors that they are liable to be banished because considered friendly to the north.

Cornell's Athletic Profs. Humiliated. ITHACA, N. Y., June 20.- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- Two weeks ago one of the society base ball nines challenged the university faculty to play a ball game on the Campus and were beaten by a score of 35 to 5. A rumor was circulated that the boys were afraid to beat the professors for fear were afraid to beat the professors for fear there would be retaliation and their term marks would suffer. When the faculty nine, embeldened by their success, challenged the regular university nine, the latter taid low and prepared to "sit down" on the pompous professors. The picnic came off yesterday professors. The picnic came off yesterday afternoon with the students as masters and the professors were walloped so unmercifully, that even the street arabs pointed

their fingers with scorn at the learned dig-nitaries and said, "Booh, they are nothing but profs." Steamship Arrivals.

At Southampton-The British steamer Columbia, Cape Garrick, at Avonmouth, from New York, lost twenty-three head of cattle on the passage, At Liverpool—The Peruvian, from Balti-

The Weather Indications. For Nebraska and Iowa: Fair, slightly

warmer, preceded by light rain and cecler in owa, northwesterly winds. For Dakota: Fair, slightly warmer, portawesterly winds.