## THE OMAHA DAILY BEE: THURSDAY. MAY 16 1889.

## THE DAILY BEE. PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. (Morning Edition) including SUNDAY One Year 10 00 in Months 5 00 bree Months 2 60 For Three Months. 260 This OMAHA SUNDAY BEE, mailed to any address, One Year. 200 WEERLY BEE, One Year. 200 OMAHA OFFICE, NOR, 914 and 916 FARMAN STREET. ORIGAGO OFFICE, 557 ROOKERY BUILDING. NEW YORK OFFICE, ROOKERY BUILDING. NEW YORK OFFICE, ROOKERY BUILDING. NEW YORK OFFICE, ROOKERY BUILDING. BUILDING. WASHINGTON OFFICE, NO. 515 FOURTEENTH STREET. URTRENTH STARET.

CORRESPONDENCE. All communications relating to news and edi-prial matter should be addressed to the EDITOR

OF THE BEE. BUSINESS LETTERS. All business letters and remittances should be addressed to THE BER FURLISHING CONFANT, OMARA. Drafts, checks and postofice orders to be made payable to the order of the company.

The Bee Publishing Company, Proprietors. E. ROSEWATER, Editor.

#### THE DAILY BEE.

Sworn Statement of Circulation

State of Nebraska, County of Douglas, as, George B, Tzschuck, secretary of The Bee Pub-Bishing Company, does solemnly swear that the actual circulation of The Daily Biss for the week ending May 11, 1859, was as follows:

WHER CHUIRE MAY I	44.1		**				·		
Sunday, May b							1.2	62	. 18,852
Monday, May 6			1.14	***	***	****	22	***	18,584 18,584
Tuesday, May 7	277	17.7				****			.18,508
Wednesday, May & Thursday, May 9									18,500
Friday, May 10									18,587
Saturday, May 11		•••							., 18,612

Seal. N. P. FEIL, Notary Public, State of Nebraska, County of Douglas. George B. Tzscnuck, being duly sworn, de-poses and says that he is secretary of the Bee Publishing company, that the successful arrange daily circulation of THE DAILY HEE for the month of April, 1888, 18,744 copies; for June, 1888, 18,243 copies; for June, 1888, 18,243 copies; for July, 1889, 18,053 copies; for August, 1888, 18,183 copies; for September, 1883, 18,154 copies; for July, 1889, 18,053 copies; for November, 1883, 18,986 copies; for December, 1883, 18,253 copies; for October, 1889, 18,044 copies; for November, 1883, 18,986 copies; for December, 1883, 18,254 copies; for January, 1889, 18,744 copies; Io February, 1859, 18,986 copies; for March, 1890, 18,554 copies; GEORGE B. TZSCHUCK, Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 16th day of April, A. D., 1889, N. P. FEIL, Notary Public.

THE city council evidently mean

business about the city hall.

THE first thing the park commission should do is to stop the promiscuous shooting of birds in Hanscom park.

THE motor anaconda has taken another twist around the suburbs, and will presently encircle the whole city.

TO CONTINUE the present system of crowding children into vile basements, dangerous buildings and cramped and ill-ventilated rented rookeries is an injustice to children and a menace to their health.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has at last hit upon a plan to escape the office-seekers in sight of land. But what if the officeanchor to windward beside him?

IT has come to light that only about one-fifth of the land in Oklahoma has been entered in the land offices of the territory. After all, Oklahoma is not the land of milk and honey which the boomers had confidently expected to find.

THE growth of our population and the necessities of the schools demand generous treatment from the voters. The cry of extravagance is absurd. The nount of money now paid out in rent

THE ABUSE OF TANNER. The fact that Commissioner of Pensions Tanner has been made the special target of those who are opposed to the administration is easily explained. Corporal Tanner is a veteran of the war for the union, in which he did conspicuously gallant and honorable service. He is a sincere friend of the old soldiers, who believes it to be the duty of the government to make just and generous provision for their care and for the care of their widows and orphaned children. He does not hesitate to declare his convictions in the matter, and to say that it is the duty of the pension officials to, in all proper ways, assist the national defenders in securing what they are entitled to from the government rather than to put obstructions in their way and by technical devices and other methods endeavor to defeat their efforts to obtain what they are entitled to. In the last presidential campaign Corporal Tanner appealed to his comrades to support the republican party because it had shown itself to be the friend of the old soldiers, while the democratic party had manifested a disposition, as shown in the multitude of pension vetoes by the president elected by that party, to deprive them as far as possible of the promised care and benificence of the nation. He assured them that in the

event of the republican party being restored to power their claims would not be ignored, and that they would be treated justly and generously. When he was appointed to office he did not hesitate to reiterate this assurance, and he has repeated it on several occasions

since. It is because of this uncompromising attitude of Commissioner Tanner in behalf of the old soldiers that he is being assailed by the democratic newspapers, and charged with conduct of which he is not guilty, as well as with purposes which he could not possibly carry out under the law if he entertained them. There has been a great outcry regarding the removals made by the commissioner, and the country has been asked to believe that no democratic head he could reach has been spared. This misrepresentation is disposed of by Commissioner Tanner in the statement that he could almost count on the fingers of one hand the discharges made on account of the change of administration. There have been numerous removals, but these were made necessary in order to keep within the appropriation, and, of course, the places remain vacant. Changes are being made, as was to be expected, and these will continue to be made until the commissioner is satisfied, by going out to sea and anchoring just as he has an unquestionable right to be, that no more are necessary in order seekers should have a tug and cast their to insure efficiency and a proper administration of the bureau. Democrats who are old soldiers have been retained in service with a change of position, while as to the clerical force, removals must be filled from the civil service list, without reference to the political views of those who have passed the re-

> what has been said regarding removals and appointments by the commissioner of pensions is consequently seen to be wholly without warrant. Of the same character have been the statements regarding what the commis- the district judges are conceded on all

quired examination. Very much of

uniform that it is objectionable, but no one suggested that the law as a whole should be abandoned. This must be accepted as a rather decisive victory for the principle embodied in the inter-state commerce act, in view of the attitude of the railroads toward it during the first year of its existence. Unquestionably railroad presidents would not have been found a year ago a unit in support of this legislation, and the fact that they are so now augurs favorably for their future compliance with it, which is the one thing necessary to such a thorough practical test as will demonstrate the faults and defects of the law and enable congress to intelligently change and improve it. It was impossible to ascertain in what respects the law should be changed, with reference to the rights of the public and the equitable interests of the railroads, so long as railroad managers made war on the law or evaded its requirements. If they will now obey it, the maintenance of the principle it embodies being assured, there will be little difficulty in arriving at what is necessary to improve the law and render its operation more satisfactory to all interests.

We have heretofore noted that nearly all the railroad presidents who appeared before the committee expressed their opposition to the anti-pooling clause of the inter-state act and in favor of legalized pooling, but there was valuable opinion to the contrary, and this question seems as much in dispute as ever. Regarding the long and short haul clause, which is a very vital part of the act, the general opin ion was that if rigidly enforced it must prove harmful. The principal directions in which it was thought to be certain to do injury are in interfering with exports for competition in foreign markets and in transferring traffic from American to Canadian railroads. There were other objections, but these were the most important, and it is not improbable that they will receive attention from congress. Certainly if it can be demonstrated that the operation of this clause has the effect of checking exports, and also of placing American railroads at a serious disadvantage in competition with those of Canada, some modification of it will be necessary.

The objections made to certain features of the law, and the opinion of a few who were heard by the committee that it is an unmixed evil, has given an opportunity to those critics who have always opposed this legislation to again assail it as mischievous and dangerous. This sort of criticism is as idle as it is unwarranted. The law is not perfect. No human wisdom could have framed a perfect law for such a purpose. But its operation has shown that the principle is right, and had the law been honestly complied with and uniformly enforced there might be no grounds for some of the objections now urged against it. On the whole the experiment has been so largely successful as to fully justify public sentiment in favor of maintaining the law and improving it as experience shall suggest.

THE PARK COMMISSION. The park commissioners appointed by

is true that the weather was bad, rain falling during the entire day, but this in itself was insufficient to have so materially reduced the vote. In Beadle county, the cradle in which the statehood movement has been nurtured, and one of the most populous counties in South Dakota, less than two thousand ballots were cast. This undesirable result of the election can be, with reason, ascribed alone to the indifference of the farmers and mechanics, who, it would appear, are satisfied to let the politicians run the machine to suit themselves. The cause of this is apparent. After nearly four years of political bickerings over the statehood movement, the honest mechanic and his country cousins, the farmers, have became disgusted with the methods and the leaders. Their patience has been sorely tried, and now that statehood is laid at their feet, they will have none of it. This condition of affairs is to be de-

plored. The voters of these classes are in the majority, and by the judicial use of their power they could easily thwart any projects of political schemers that might revert to the injury of the new states, and unless they do bring into operation this power, they may have everlasting cause for regretting that they did not do so.

The farmers and artisans of the Dakotas should awake and interest themselves in the work preliminary to the admission of the territory into the union of states.

GOVERNOR COOPER, of Colorado, has a most ambitious scheme in mind. He wants the governors of western states to aid him in calling a "western congress" at Denver, which shall discuss what efforts must be made to secure government aid in building reservoirs for irrigating purposes west of the Missouri. The project sounds very much like the Texas deep harbor scheme, in which the government is to pay out millions in the construction of a deep water harbor on the coast of Texas. The reservoir plan is even more stupendous. It contemplates reclaiming the arid regions from the headwaters of the Missouri to the Mexican gulf. It is true congress appropriated some two hundred and fifty-thousand dollars to carry out the preliminary work of this grand conception, but it is a question, nevertheless, whether the national government would embark in a venture that might involve a greater outlay that De Lesseps Panama canal, and may in the end prove just as impracticable.

THE opening of the spring exhibit of the Western Art association is an event which appeals to all classes interested in education. The display of works of art well warrants an inspection, and the enterprise should be encouraged with a good attendance.

## Those Good Old Days.

Beatrice Democrat.

An exchange advertises to receive wood on subscription. This reminds us of the good old days of pioneer journalism in the wild wooly west, when we used to take truck of any kind on account; when we drank coffee made of parched barley, sweetened with sorghum. The writer remembers that dur-

ing one of those years, when the grasshopper ate up all our crops, and the farmers had to turnips as a last resort, that a Richard

haul clause the opinion was nearly standing the increased population. It agers of the western art exhibit would in-THE EPISCOPALIAN COUNCIL. play, it would insure immediate success, Mr. Hascall wants the pest house removed

second Annual Conference.

An Unusually Large Number of Cler-

gymen and Laymen Present

From All Portions of

the State.

To-day's Proceedings.

celebrated with all the pomp and beauty of

the Episcopal choral lithurgy, the bishops,

assisted by the dean and other clergymen of-

During the service the bishop delivered his

annual address to the clergy. After

Deacons ordained 3, priests ordained 4, caddidates for Holy Orders 107, clergy re-

ceived 9, clergy dismissed 4, clergy died 1 present number of clergymen enrolled 46,

ficia ting.

to the corner of Eighteenth and Farnam. Perhaps the bristling wit of the First ward could be induced for a consideration to give the city the use of one of his empty castles. It would carry out the original designs of the owner.

Their were 114 births in Omaha last month Vote for the school bonds.

Marriage licenses average half a dozen day in Omaha. He wise in time and vote for the school bonds.

There is a significance in the rivalry of Iowa cities for the conductors' headquarters building. It illustrates the deep seated rethe "punch."

cine men.

train passing another at street intersections is a good one. When a train stops upon a cross street to unload passengers, another train should not be permitted to approach within a rod. Hair-breadth escapes are be-

## STATE AND TERRITORY.

Alma gave a majority of 150 in favor of court house bonds.

The Blaine county court house is being

erect a new church edifice this fall.

On an average day the people of Norfolk consume 160,000 gallons of water an hour. A fractious broncho succeeded in throwing young Otho Futter near Beatrice and broke his leg.

branches, he said, is progressing most satis-factorily. He paid most glowing tributes to the memory of Bishop Samuel Smith Harris, After a brief illness, George H. Stevenson, a prominent Odd Fellow of Platte Center, died on the 14th inst. second bishop of Michigan, and Bishop Ed ward Randolph Welles, third bishop of Wis

consin, both of whom died during the year, and also to the memory of Rev. James Pater-son, priest, who departed this life since the Chadron has a population of 3,500 and a real estate valuation of \$1,250,000. last church council. He recommended the adoption by the council of a memorial to the next general confer-ence asking that the diocese be divided as the work required now is too great to

Z. Waterman, a prominent lumber dealer of Crete, has wedded Miss Anna Reid, and the couple have started east on a tour.

days destroying birds' nests with clubs and nigger shooters" and stealing the eggs. There is a move on foot to form a new edi-torial association composed of the proprie tors of papers along the line of the B. & M. road.

hose team to compete with the youngsters from Council Bluffs at the firemen's tournament on May 25.

Kearney Hub, "give us a new opera house, a elergymen not regularly elected delegates and all candidates for holy orders were accorded union depot, sewerage, paving, the new rail-road and kill the dogs. honorary seats in the council. The confer-

necessary arrangements to care for all who attend the meeting of the state medical board which convenes in that city May 21.

William O'Day, who deserted from the army at Fort Laramie, in the hope of bettering his condition, has given up the struggle and surrendered himself to the authorities at Plattsmouth.

Four Nebraska City boys, ranging in age from twelve to sixteen years, were arrested for stoning a Missouri Pacific engine while passing through town, and two of them were fined \$5 and costs each.

A Fillmore county man captured a litter of eight young wolves and took them to Geneva to secure the bounty, but was disappointed to find that the courty had discontinued the practice of paving for scalps.

The village clerk of Grafton, who is also a member of the village board, recently issued a saloon license, but as the attorney-general holds that this action was illegal the temper-ance people of the town proposed to have some fun out of the matter. Pete Johnson, a colored man who won dis-

Robert Oliver, D. D., Rev. S. A. Potter, Rov. E. R. Richardson, Rev. Joseph A. Russell, Rov. Robert Scott, Rev. George L. Sweeney, Rev. R. C. Tathot, Rev. W. V. Whitten, Rev. W. T. Whitmarsh. tinction as a member of the York base ball club last season, and also figured quite prominently in police circles, is in the grasp of the law for stealing a suit of clothes and forging an order on his father. He was given twenty days in jail for the first offense and

fore the meeting by the secretary. It for-ferred to the division of the state into a dio-cese and a missionary jurisdiction, the latter to be composed of the counties to the west-word. There was much discussion pro and con, but it was finally decided to memorial-ize the next general conference to make the division. Trinity the Scene of the Twenty-

The committee on memorials offered reso lutions of deepest regret at the death of the Rev. James Patterson, which were adopted IMPOSING OPENING EXERCISES.

Rev. James Patterson, which were adopted by a rising vote. Chancellor Woolworth laid before the council a new interpretation of the canon, providing for the payment by each parish into the diocesan treasury of a sum equal to \$1 per capita for all communicants. He said that he did not mean that each communicant should pay \$1, as it has been interpreted in the past, but that the sum from each parish should equal that amount, each parishioner contributing such portion as he or she contributing such portion as he or she should be able. \* Rev. John Williams, of the committee on

liturgy, read a report approving of the eigh-teen changes made by the last general cou-ference in the Book of Common Prayer.

At this time Rev. E. R. Richardson, of Crete, was called away to officiate at a fun-

eral in his parish. An invitation was extended to the council by the rector and vestry of Holy Trinity church, Lincoln, to hold its next session church, Lincoln, to hold its next session there, and a motion was made that the invitation be accepted. This met with some op-position, as many of the ciergymen fell that the cathedral is the only proper place for the bolding of these councils. The motion was finally lost

speaking briefly of the work . before finally lost. Dr. Zahner, from the committee on church the council, and exhorting the delegates present to be faithful in the service they Dr. Zanner, from the committee on church extension, made a report suggesting a basis for reporting communicants. This was under discussion when the council adjourned. The attendance at last night's meeting, were present to perform, he reviewed the events of the past year, and among other statistics recited the following:

which was devoted to missionary work, was not very large. Succeeding the usual renot very large. Succeeding the usual re-ligious preliminaries, Bishop Worthington announced that the clergy, or a few of them, would review the work that had been ac-complished for the missions in their re-spective parishes during the past year. Rev. Robert Scott, a rector at Beatrice, spoke of the different churches of his dis-trict, and told how much money had been trict, and the year works for the building ay readers licensed 24, confirmations 376, churches dedicated 6. The church work in the diocese, in all its

raised at the various towns for the building of Episcopal churches. Rev. John Hewitt, dean of North Platte,

Rev. John Hewitt, dean of North Flatte, reported that there were fifteen parishes re-ceiving aid from the board of missions within his jurisdiction, and that there were twenty-six mission stations. He also spoke of the increase in the number of places of manching and asked for comparisons on the worship, and asked for comparisons on the amount of money expended to the number of churches built, the number of new rector ies, and the work in general accomplished. Rev. Witherspoon, of the Omaha mission.

be satisfactorily performed by one bishop. He touched upon and expressed his views concerning various matters now agitating the church. Speaking of socialism, he said which includes the missions of the Good Shepherd, St. Paul and St. Andrews, in a that as long as its object shall be simply the report as to their condition, stated the value of the church property of the missions, their progress and indebtedness. He also rejoining together of capital and labor he could see no contradiction between it and chris-tianity. He also made several suggestions viewed the number of lots in South Omaha, Walnut Hill and Windsor Place that had concerning the work to be accomplished dur ing the present year. Holy communion being concluded the been donated and purchased. He gave the cost of them, their increased valuation and the probable purchase of more realty and the building of new churches. The princi-pal work to be done was to secure more clergy and lasty adjourned to the chapel and organized for business by the election of T. Whitmore assistant secretary, and Rov. W. T. Whitmore assistant secretary. Upon motion of Dean Gardner, all visiting

property before the city got much larger. He stated that the people had been generous in their assistance during the depression of business during the past year, and thought they would still be liberal. ence then adjourned until 2 o'clock. During After the reports were in the bishop stated

that it was necessary for the different par ishes and individuals to plodge plodge \$6,000 to maintain the work already planned by the board of missions. Offerings were from \$5 to \$590 from the parishes, and individuals pledged themselves to give from \$5 to \$100. The amount pledged was \$5,400.

Hely Communion will be celebrated at the cathedral at 7 o'clock this morning, and at 10 o'clock a business meeting of the council will be held.

THE AFTERNOON TEA.

The runaway marriage of Bishop Hugh Miller Thompson's daughter has greatly agiated Protestant Episcopal society in Mississippi. Her husband, Mr. Howe, is a wealthy young man of Kenosha, Ilt., whom she met at asummer resort last year.

Mrs. Frederika Neilson, formerly an acress in the King's Theater, Norway, has been converted, and is now preaching evangelistic sermons in the Scandinavian Methodist church, Salt Lake City.

S. S. Fales, Ashiand; C. C. Knapp. C. L. A prominent society woman of Philadelhia is gaining for herself a very unenvial

gard of the prohibitionists for the men with It was an imposing sight where fifty white robed priests filed up the central aisle There is a melancholy appropriateness in of Trinity cathedral, while the magnificent the fact that the undertakers will follow the choir sang "Ouward Christain Soldiers." It pharmacists in convention in Lincoln. The was the opening service of the twenty-secfuneral directors generally follow the mediond annual council of the Episcopal diocese of Nebraska. Holy communion was

Bedford's ordinance to prevent one cable

coming numerous.

# Nebraska Jottings.

rapidly pushed to completion. The Baptists of Brewster will try hard to

Although only three and a half years old,

The supervisors of Harlan county have let the contract for an iron bridge over the Ro-publican river at Alma to cost \$4,000.

Cruel Fremont boys put in their time these

Nebraska City juveniles have formed a

"Join the chamber of commerce," says the

The people of Kearney are making the the noon hour lunch was served by the ladies of the church in one of the anterooms.

The following elergymen from Omaha and abroad have seats in the council: Rt. Rev. George Worthington, D. D., Very Rev. C. H. Gardner, Rev. Robert Doherty, D. D., Rev. Louis Zahner, D. D., Rev. John Williams, Rev. W. O. Pearson, Rev. H. L. Gamble, Rev. C. S. Witherspoon, Rev. C. T. Brady, Rev. O. J. Bootn, Rev. H. B. Burgess, Rev. J. M. Bates, Rev. M. F. Carey, Rev. J. N. Chestnutt, Rev. George W. Flowers, Rev. E. H. Gayner, Rev. H. R. F. Gardiner, Rev. J. W. Gilman, Rev. Samuel Goodale, D. D., Rev. William H. Goodisson, Rev. John Hewitt, Rev. A. G. E. Jonner, Rev. J. N. Jones, Rov. W. B. James, Rev. R. L. Knox, Rev. A. E. Marsh, Rev. W. C. Mo Cracken, Rev. A. A. Morrison, Rev. A. The following clergymen from Omaha and

will almost pay the interest on two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars in bonds.

THE question of the selection of a chairman for the national democratic disagree with him. There are many committee has narrowed down to a contest between Brice and Gorman. While the rainbow chaser has a strong backing and a long purse, the astute political boss from Maryland has his hands on the wires and the confidence of the workers.

THE board of public works cannot be too rigid in compelling contractors upon public works to qualify their bonds strictly in accordance with the law. There is many a loop hole through which sharp contractors will try to escape their obligations, and an ounce of prevention to-day is worth ten pounds of cure at the end of the season.

ONE of the eminent citizens of Omaha, who has just been appointed a member of the park commission is referred to by a local contemporory as follows: "Hon. George B. Lake was once on the Nebraska supreme bench." We should say he was-not only once, but for several years. He held down a seat on the supreme bench for over fifteen years, most of the time as chief justice.

THE Northern Pacific has served sixty days notice on the Transcontinental association that it will withdraw from it on July 21. This action has been anticipated due to the fact that the Union Pacific has entered into competition for the Puget sound business. Lively developments are promised, and a rate war with the possible disruption of the Transcontinental association is likely to grow out of the difficulties.

CHICAGO sets an example which Omaha could follow with profit. The big city is gathering in every suburban village for the sole purpose of swelling the population for the census of 1890. Instead of concentrating and uniting, the moreonaries of Omaha prefer division and distraction. Personal greed is their ambition, public good their last thought. The result will be felt in the next census, when the population which properly belongs to Omaha will be credited to South Omnha, Bellevue, Florence and other suburbs.

For the first time since the Union Pacific has been chartered Omaha has been left out in the cold in the make-up of the board of government directors. This might be looked upon as a black eye to Omaha, but it is far from it. Omaha has never derived the slightest advantage through any man from this city who has served on the board of Union Pacific directors. Every one of these representative citizens made it | law, notably the anti-pooling provision, his business to make himself useful to the general expression was that the the railroad by closing his eyes to all | principle of the law should be mainabuses and signing reports made up in | tained and enforced. Certain modifica-Union Pacific headquarters at Omaha or Boston.

sioner proposed to do in changing pension rates. Unquestionably he is in favor of advancing pensions that are below four dollars a month, and not a great many fair-minded men will men receiving a pension of but one dollar a month. They are either entitled to a larger sum than this or should be dropped from the rolls. Such a sum paid monthly can be of little good to anybody, and to continue it is simply a travestyon the pension system. But it is questionable whether the commissioner of pensions can increase the amount or discontinue its payment, since it doubtless exists by authority of the law. And this is the case with respect to the entire business of the pension bureau. It must be administered as provided for by law. The discretionary power of the commissioner is limited, and for this as for all other branches of the government service congress has prescribed a rule of procedure that must be regarded. Commissioner Tanner, there can be no doubt, has not the least desire to depart from this, nor is it to be supposed he would be permitted to if had the desire. He very he likely will recommend, when the proper time comes, changes which he deems necessary to correct existing faults, but in the meantime he will doubtless faithfully observe the laws as he finds them. This he can do at the same time that he renders every proper assistance to old soldiers and their dependent relatives in proving

their claim to the beneficence of the

government, a service that no right-

thinking citizen will object to. Cor-

poral Tanner has the confidence of the

veterans, and while they may count

upon his friendly offices to the full ex-

tent of his power, there need be no ap-

prehension that he will overstep the

limits of his authority as prescribed by

SOME OF THE RESULTS.

It will be interesting to note some of

the results of the comprehensive inquiry

by the senate committee in New York

as to the operation of the inter-state

commerce act. The committee obtained

opinions from some of the ablest and

most experienced railroad men in the

country, and also from representative

business men. All of those summoned

before the committee were allowed the

largest latitude in the expression of

their views, and the questions asked by

members of the committee left no

ground uncovered. It was the most

thorough inquiry respecting the work-

ing of the law since it went into effect,

and the views expressed, which are

tikely to have an influence in determin-

ing the question of changes in the law,

are instructive and of general interest.

ion regarding cortain features of the

While there were differences of opin-

law.

hands to be men of character and responsibility. The members of the commission are largely interested in the growth and permanent prosperity of this city. A majority of the commission have traveled extensively in this country and abroad, and have seen what has been done in the great cities of the world in the way of parks and boulevards. They ought to have well defined views with regard to the effects of parks upon the health of population centers, and the advantages derived from surrounding a city with broad avenues and well-kept parks. It now devolves upon the commission

to improvise a well-digested, carefully prepared system of parks and boulevards for Omaha. It is not to be expected that this will be done in a day, nor is it possible for the commission to make any very large addition to our existing parks during this season. But it is not expecting too much to anticipate an earnest and energetic effort to formulate and lay out the work that is projected. If any doubt is entertained as to the extent to which Omaha is willing to go in the establisment of parks and boulevards, they can through an informal meeting readily ascertain the views of our heaviest taxpayers.

THE CITY HALL PLANS. The city hall plans recommended by the committee on public property and buildings, have been adopted by the council by an almost unanimous vote. The concurrence of the council in the judgment of the committee is a gratifyng evidence that no more delays and dilatory tactics will be countenanced in prosecuting this work. There may be, as was to have been expected, a wide divergence as to the merits of the respective plans, but it is conceded that in arriving at its conclusion and in giving preference to the "Gate City" plans the committee has exercised its own best judgment, regardless of all pressure from without and within.

The adoption of the new city hall plans removes one of the most serious obstacles so far encountered in carrying the project to completion. If the council will now promptly advertise for bids and let the contract to a responsible and thoroughly reliable builder without wrangling, there should be no difficulty in having the building ready for occupancy by the end of next year. At any rate, work should be begun on the reconstruction of the basement within sixty days.

### THE DAKOTA ELECTIONS.

It is a lamentable fact that the laboring classes of the two Dakotas, the farmers and artisans, do not take a lively interest in the work incidental to statehood.

Returns from the election held yesterday in the territory to select delegates to the two constitutional conventions to be held July 4th, indicate that the total vote in South Dakota will not exceed fifty thousand, which is less than onetions and amendments were arged, and half as many votes as were cast upon with regard to the long and short the same proposition in 1885, notwith-

son county farmer called, and said he would have to stop his paper, as he had no hopes of being able to pay for it. The eaitor was loath to lose a good subscriber who always swore by his paper and voted the ticket straight, so he insisted upon sending the paper and agreed to take his pay in turnips. Later in the fail the farmer called at the office, saying he had brought the turnips. He was directed to the home of the editor. where he unloaded a wagon load of the fruit, as it sold for \$2 a load that fall. The following spring we gave another subscriber credit for a year's subscription for carrying out the turnips. This paid two subscriptions and kept the wheels of the machine in running order. But, during the grasshopper

year, turnips were legal tender, and the man who refused them was considered disloyal.

#### Good May Come of It. New York Sun.

We repeat that the time has come for reviewing and rewriting the story of the revolutional and constitutional epoch. And if the speech delivered in St. Paul's church on April 30, shall turn mon's minds in that direction, Bishop Potter will have builded wiser than he knew.

### Where They Sell It. Chicago Tribuns.

"No saloons in Topeka," said the gentle man from Iowa. "I know it, sir. I wasn't asking you, sir, whether there are any sa loons here or not. I only inquired if you knew of any place where I could get a drink. Will some gentleman show me the way to the nearest drug store.

### The Price of a Title. Chicago Tribune.

The latest candidate for unenviable notor iety is Mme. Gaston de Fontenilliat, associated with New York's four hundred, who was fortunate enough to marry the brother of a French baron, and has since been obliged to liquidate his debts and contribute to his support.

### Uncle Jere's Humor. Chicago Times.

Uncle Jere Rusk has received the first resignation of a democrat in his department and had the same put in a frame and nailed to his desk. As a bamorist Mr. Rusk always ranked high. In fact, he used to edit Peck's Sun when Peck was away from home.

## "The Good Old Times.

Globe-Democrat. If Bishop Potter, had lived in the time of Washington he would have talked just as he does now about the alleged political and moral inferiority of his countrymen, as compared with the people of a former period.

### Twin Scourges. Chicago News.

The funnel-shaped cloud and the agent of the patent clothes wringer are devastating fertile sections of various western states.

## HITS AND MISSES.

Last night's deluge was worth thousands of dollars to the city. The streets were swept clean for the first time in a year. The Fanning mill cannot compare with the elements as a street sweeper.

Hascall is mending his fences for the fall campaign. He has suddenly developed a mammoth bump of affection for the workingman. It is warranted to last till December.

The critical review of the city hall plans by the great artist, Garczynski, resulted in the unanimous adoption of the plans which filled him with asthetic wrath. If the man-

held in the district court under \$700 bail to answer for the forgery.

## lowa Items.

Potatoes bring 5 cents a bushel at Col-Hull had a wedding last week with a sixty-

year-old bridegroom and a blushing bride of sweet sixteen.

A clever gang of lightning rod canvassers are working all the old games on the farmers of Muscatine and Cedar counties. The twentieth annual session of the grand

lodge Knights of Pythias of the state will be held at Oskaloosa August 13, 14 and 15. The treasury of the Iowa Congregationa

Home Missionary society has been repli-ished with \$16,003.04 during the past year. replen For painting signs on the sidewalks of Rockford, advertising a new brand of plug tobacco, a traveling artist has been fined \$20 and costs

It took 16,913,108 gallons of water to supply the people of Cedar Rapids last month, al though the saloons are still running wide Chester Turney employs his spare time] i

prison making toys, and articles of utility as well. A number of these have been placed on sale to assist in defraying the expenses of the appeal to the federal court.

A young lady of Dows attempted to re move a corn from one of her toes by apply ing carbolic acid to it. After bathing it well she went to bed and fell asleep. Neither the corn nor the toe will pain her more, for all the flesh was burnt off and she had to have Mr. Barker moved that the missionary priests be instructed to retire and appoint Mr. Bell as the representative of St. Phillips. This brought Rev. H. L. Gamble, rector of St. Phillip's, to his feet. He did not see why it amputated.

### Dakota.

There are 100 Chinamen at Deadwood. Watertown is to have a new \$30,000 school house.

the missionary priests should not have a voice in this selection, and opposed any such peremptory action. The council, he said, had thus far heard but one side of the question. The streets of Rapid City are being placed in excellent condition The matter was finally laid over until this

An Iowa man contemplates putting in an overall factory at Yankton,

The state Y. M. C. A. convention will b held at Mitchell, beginning May 31. It is expected that the Postal Telegraph

company will shortly construct a line from Sioux City to Yankton and Sioux Falls.

William Flannery, one of the oldest and wealthiest citizens of Elk Point, and widely known throughout the territory, is dead. The citizens of Minnesela are hoping t

have telephone connection with Deadwood and other points in the Black Hill, at an early date.

D. Kibe, Hold, K. K. K. Okaley and Arender McNamara. On logislation—Rev. John Hewitt, Rev. J. N. Jones, Rev. I. N. Chestnutt, Rev. A. G. E. Jemner, Messrs. Joseph Baker, George F. Labayt, H. M. Weed and J. E. Anderson. On Christian education-Rev. M. F. Casey, Dr. Doherty, Rev. J. W. Gilman, Messrs. J. M. Woolworth, R. R. Ringwalt, L. J. Phelps. that of any other town or city in Dakota-\$1,500 per year, \$500 of which goes to the county. With license at this figure there On church extension-Rev. Dr. Zahner, Charles S. Withespoon, George V. S. Sweeney, Mosssrs. H. H. Midway, Dr. J. J. are two well regulated saloons.

School association will begin at Jamestown, on June 4, and the organization will then be divided and North and South Dakota associations organized.

As City Marshal Stone, of Blunt, was taking to Pierre two deserters from Fort Sully, the prisoners jumped off the train while it was going at full speed. Stone fired at them, but they made good their escape.

Two Brookings boys, about twelve years old, stole two horses from their parents the other day, and started out for the Black Hills. But they were rudely awakened from their dreams of glory by the police of Pierre, and returned to their homes.

three be appointed, to whom should be re-ferred the subject matter of the bishop's ad dress. The motion prevailed and the bishop named Dr. Zahner, C. M. Weed and Rev. range and the bulls eyes fell thick and fast. The shooting was continued at 6 yesterday Samuel Meyers as such committee. The treasurer of the diocese offered his report, which was received and referred to

whom they are proud. The Omaha Guard drum corps will prac

### Exorbitant Interest.

writes to Chief Seavey complaining that Sam Snyder, a pawabroker at 410 South Tenth street in this city, is endeavoring to force her to pay an exorbitant sum to re-cover some articles she placed in pawn with

S. S. Fales, Ashland; C. C. Knapp. C. L. Cook, J. E. Anderson, A. W. Dale, Beatrice; Ira Higby, Blair; J. R. Smith Columbus; A. C. Stowell, H. H. Compton, Cedar Rapids; C. W. Thomas, Grand Island; M. A. Brown, Kearney; H. J. Walsh, R. H. Oakley, Lin-coln; S. Wakeley, F. E. Smith, G. F. La baugh, T. L. Ringwalt, Joseph Barker, P. Saxeby, J. J. Seville, J. M. Woolworth, H. H. Medoy, C. S. Montgomery, Omaha; F. S. White, C. Barber, C. M. Weed, Plattsmouth; C. J. Phelps, Thomas Bryant, Schuyler; F. W. Robb, Wyoming; O. W. Royce, Papillion; Charles Burton, Geneva. The afternoon session was convened at 2 o'clock, the bishop in the chair, and the other distinction, as she persists in signing all her notes and letters "Mrs. Dash Blank," thus violating one of the first canons of good breeding.

Rev. A.

Gracken, Rev. A. A. Morrison, Rev. A. Grant Musson, Rev. Samuel F. Myers, Rev.

The following lay delegates are also

colored people, reported as a delegate from that parish, but he not having the proper credentials from the priest in charge, it was held that under the canons of the church he

could not be given a seat. This was not done, however, until the matter had been re-

ferred to a committee and considerable dis cussion, more or less heated, had been in

dulged in. The committee reported that they

Saville, S. Barber. On the State of the Church. - Dr. Doherty, Rev. O. I. Booth, Rev. A. A. Morrison, Rev. W. T. Whitton, Messrs. O. W. Royce, Mr. H. R. Gento and I. R. Smith. On Unfinished Business. - E. R. Richard-son, Rev. R. C. Talbot, Rev. S. A. Potter, Messrs. R. R. Ringwalt, J. J. Konnedy and C. E. Clark. On Inspectors of Election. Clerical Vote

On Inspectors of Election, Clerical Vote. --Rev. R. H. Gardner, Mr. Frank E. Smith; on lay vote, Rev. A. G. Musson, Mr. Harry

Higbey. The committees retired to perform their

A most important matter was brought be-

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Zahner moved that a committee of

present as above

Ringwalt.

Saville, S. Barber.

he committee on finance.

Dr.

A husband a kiss on his wife bestows; 'Tis done in a moment and off he goes.

How different it was during courtship's hours,

When life was a garden of beautiful flowers! o'clock, the bishop in the chair, and the othe It took him an hour, and sometime more, officers in their places. The roll was called and ministerial and lay delegates were found To kiss her good night at the cottage door. Amelie Rives-Chanler has attracted a great Cyrus D. Beil, of St. Phillips' Mission for

deal of attention in Paris. It is said that Sarah Bernhardt is vary anxious to meet her.

Queen Victoria's traveling railway coach is built of satin wood and maple, with white silk hangings, and decorations of pure gold. "Better not wait for Charlie any longer. You know what it is when a fellow is calling on his girl !".

found that the necessary legal steps had not been taken to entitle Mr. Bell to a seat, but recommended that the missionary priests "An, there they are now! He is just bidding her good night."

a representative in the council from St. Phillips. Mr. Bell attempted to speak, but "All right; let us go and have a game of billiards. We'll just have time."

ramps. Sr. Ber attempted to speak, but was interrupted by Rev. Whitmarsh, who said that inasmuch as Mr. Bell had been heard five or six times already, and as he had no standing in the council, he did not think he should further monopolize the time. Other remarks more or less heated followed. "Do you realize, darling, the importance of the step you are about to take?" inquired her mamma of a girl who was soon to be married.

"I should say I did," was the answer. Ain't I going to wear a dress from Paris?" A touch of the lips, a simple thing, A promise low, sealed with a ring, A bridal morn, a world of bliss-Two souls nave entered by a kiss.

A touch of the lips, a simple thing, But life has lost its coloring; And hearts have broken, lacking this-A loved one's fond, endearing kiss.

The following committees were announced by the bishop: Incorporation of churches-Rev. J. A. Rus A touch of the lips, a simple thing, sell, Messra. Palia Saxby and Thomas L. But right and truth have taken wing And honest lives have gone amiss, On finance-Rev. Robert Scott, Messrs. And bartered heaven, for a kiss. Hornan I. Weish and A. B. Stowell, On privilege-Rev. E. H. Gaynor, Rev. R. L. Knot, Messrs. R. H. Oakley and Arthur

Albright Fire Protection. There is some talk of extending the water nams down to Albright. They aiready reach as far as Q street in South Omaha. The two destructive fires in the former suourb show the helplessness of the residents of that place in case of such emergencies.

## Catarrhal Dangers.

To be freed from the dangers of suffocation while lying down; to breathe freely, sleep sound-ly and undisturbed; to rise refreshed, head clear, brain active and free from pain or acne; to know to know that no poisonous putrid mat-ter defiles the breath and rots away the delicate machinery of smell, taste and hearing: to feel that the system does not, through its veins and arteries, suck up the poison that is sure to un-dermine and destroy is "indeed a blessing bevond all other numan enjoyments. To purchase vold an other fullman enjoyments. To purchase immunity from such a fate should be the object of all afflicted. But those who have tried many remedies and physicians despair of relief or cure. SAN FORD'S KADICAL CURE meets every "shase of Catarrh, from a simple head cold to the most loathsome and destructive stages. It is local and constitutional Instant in relieving, per-manent in curing, "safe economical and never-failing.

failing. BANYORD,S RADICAL CURE consists of one bot-the of RADICAL CURE, one box of CATABUHAL BOLVENT, and one IMPROVED INHALER, all wrapped in one package with treatse and direc-tions, and sold by all druggists for \$1.00. POTTER DRUG & CHEMICALCORPORATIONHOSTON

## PAINS AND WEAKNESS.

Of females instantly relieved by the new, elegant and infailible Antidote to Curricusa Anti-Pain PLASTER. The Curricusa Anti-Pain PLASTER. The Adapted to Cure Female Pains and Weaknesse. Vasily superior to all other plasters yet pro-pared. At all druggists, Scents; fave for \$1.00 or, outsige free, of Portres Diago AND CHEM-HOAL CORPORATION, Boston, Mass.

# Martial Notes. Tuesday was a good day at the Bellevue

morning. "C. H. Goodnough is instructing the Custor Post drum corps. The latter consists of twolve snare drummers and eight fifers. They play at a festival on Thursday next. and will try to show their drum-major of

tice on Thursday.

Wirnshe had Children, she gave them Castoria

Mrs. A. Stefan, who lives in Denver, When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she chung to Castoria

The annual meeting of the Dakota Sunday

Dell Rapids' saloon license is higher than