THE JURY HAS BEEN FOUND.

Twelve Men Who Passed All the Counsel Challenges.

MISS BEECHLER'S TRIAL OPEN.

Scenes Among the Eager Spectators Xesterday-Demeanor of the Defendant-History of Her Act and Victim.

Yesterday In the Court Long before 9 o'clock yesterday morning a picturesque crowd began to assemble in the corridors and around the entrances to the main court room.

Sheriff Coburn had taken every precaution o prevent undue annoyances. Half a dozen ladies put in an appearance as early as 8 a. m. 'How can we get in!" sweetly chirped a fat fairy with extravagant bangs and a red bird on her hat.

Deputy Sheriff Grebe smiled upon the beauty at once, and invited her, as well as the other fair ones, to follow him. They were piloted through the sheriff's office into the charmed chamber and given seats.

It is evident that the throng in attendance during the trial will greatly exceed the capacity of the court room, which has seating accommodations only for 500. All the benches that it will hold have been put into the auditorium. To-day they were packed. The first four rows are reserved for female spectators. The representatives of this sex, to-day, had the appearance of being deceived, disappointed working girls, unhappy wives and giddy, gossipy gushers. Old bald heads and young rounders wearing flannel shirts predominated on the music benches.

The court opened at 9:30 o'clock. Clerk Moores had read the journal of Mon-day, Judge Groff consulted County Attorney Mahoney and J. C. Cowin as to the probabil-

Mahoney and J. C. Cowin as to the probability of issuing an order for a special venire of fifty jurymen. It developed that with the other branches of the court running, only soven of the regular panel were available.

While this consultation was going on, Sheriff Coburn led Miss Biechler into the bar and gave her a seat beside Judge Baldwin. Her face was flushed and she induged in a momentary outburst of tears. The prise in a momentary outburst of tears. The pris-oner's, general appearance, however, indi-cates that she is in the enjoyment of good health and is prepared to undergo a great ordeal. She was dressed in solid black, wears the same widow's bonnet and veil she wore on the day of her arraignment, and sits most of the time with her right arm resting on the chair and face buried in a white handkerchief. Her dress is of fashionable make, a tight fitting coat or basque setting off, to splendid advantage, a shapely pair of arms, full round shoulders, large bust and slender waist. Her face is of neither atypical nor ideal mould. It bears more strongly the evidences of the German cast than any other. The cheeks are full; the mouth small but sensuous; the nose short and inclined to retrousse; the eyes large and expressive; forehead broad and high; hands and feet small. The lady, indeed, is an attractive being. Violent passion is written in every lineament of her features, and the lat-ter are susceptible to the rapid changes of various and conflicting emotions.

Cierk Moores was ordered to call the jury. He read the names of Will Wakely, William Lemer, F. M. King, Dan McBride, Dan O'Keefe, Michael McCarty and W. J. Westerdale. Only the first five responded. They teek the reads in the Yes. took their seats in the pox.

County Attorney Mahony briefly outlined to them the case. They had all heard of and read about it. Wakely and Lehmer had formed opinions which could not be removed. The latter was examined at some length and in the catechism Mahony inquired as to his views on inflicting the death penalty.

At this reference, suggesting a possible unpleasant fate, the fair prisoner, who intently listened to the proceedings, fell back in her chair and wept bitterly. The rapid changes of feeling coursing through her mind were mirrored in the face, which grew red and pale in turns. red and pale in turns.

McCarty, McBride and O'Keeffe had not formed opinions and thought that there was nothing standing in the way of their serving Mr. Mahoney passed them for cause.

Mr Cowin informed the bench that he would not challenge until the jury box was

Sheriff Coburn sent his deputies in every direction with their pockets full of sub-poenas. The judge, lawyers and everybody plse waited half an hour, at the expiration of which time the announcement was made that nothing more could be accomplished until 2 o'clock, and an adjournment was taken.

During this full in the proceedings, necks were craned and advantageous positions were sought by the crowd to got a view of the prisoner who poses as the chief and cen-tral figure in this great drams.

As Miss Biechler left the court-room, lean-

ing on Sheriff Coburn's arm to return to her cell, she looked over her left shoulder at Mr. Cowin and awarded him a

parting smile.

Neither returning to or coming from the fail did Miss Biechler have any thing to say. Nearly all her conversation, in the court room, was held with Judge Baldwin. She eyed the reporters sharply several times and made inquiries of Mr. Baldwin concerning

By way of preparation for the trial, for weeks Judge Groff and the attorneys en-gaged have been putting in all their spare hours, ransacking authorities and arranging the points of law likely to be raised.

C. S. Montgomery said y-sterday that he had the matter so crowded into his head

that it was almost impossible for him to think of anything else. Judging from the manner in which they are commencing, three days or more will be consumed getting a jury. Nearly all the talesmen summoned to day are being picked up in the city.

Afternoon Session.

The dry routine work of securing a jury is not the most grateful entertainment to the insatiate murder trial crowd. Nevertheless, those who gained admission at first and picked out places in the auditorium remained all day. The complement of feminine weakness present in the forenoon was on hand in the afternoon, some of them as early as 1 and patiently waited for busines to begin. The types of beauty range from the voluptuous sony-lipped, dark-eyed maiden of sixteen, The chews gum and giggles, to the long, lean, sad-looking and care-worn matren of fifty, whose lot in life's busy whirl has been

anything but fortunate.

Promptly, on the hour, court convened.
Not more than half a dozen lawyers were to Not more than half a dozen lawyers were to be seen inside the bar. Grebe brought three lone jurors from their leck-up, and Coburn putered from Clerk Moore's office with Miss Biechler. The latter was looking much paler and more sad than at the morning session. Aaron Hoel, Charles Callahan, George E. Timme, Phillip Andrews, Paul Platz, Charles Banckes, F. J. McShane, John Woodburn and Charles F. McLean, were cailed into the jury box.

Phillip Andres said he had no opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the accused. He

Phillip Andres said he had no opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the accused. He would not return a death penalty verdict under any circumstances. He was ordered to stand aside. John R. Manchester was called to the vacant seat. James Callahan said he had an opinion on the matter, which would require testimony to remove. He gave way to W. H. Kreiner. Aaron Here was in the same boat as the other two, and E. F. Ringer took his place.

Aaron Hore was in the same beat as the other two, and E. F. Ringer took his place. Charles F. McLean also gave way and Chris. Schlinder was called out, but set free on the same grounds as those before him. On the ground of helding an opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the defendant, John Woodburn pleaded non-qualification, but he had no objections to returning a death penalty, provided the law and the evidence should warrant it.

Paul Platz informed the county attorney that his conscientious scruples against capital punishment were so strong that under no circumstances could he be induced to hang any one by his verdict. George Timme declared that he felt the same way, and both were challenged for cause. J. H. McShane syent the way of the others because of the fact that his mind was made up and pould not easily be changed. H. W. Kremer felt somewhat different from most of those preceding him. He had an opinion, but it could easily be changed by evidence. He had no sentimental notions

regarding the death penalty. The prosecu-tion retained him. E. F. Ringer, Charles Schindler and J. F. Pollock were examined

and excused. "Have you ever heard of this case before, talked with anybody about it, read news-paper accounts, formed from what you have neard and read an opinion as to the guilt or nnocence of the defendant! Have you such opinion now, an opinion that it would require testimony to remove! Could you, notwithstanding this opinion, render, on the evidence adduced and under instructions of the court, an impartial verdict; have you such conscientious scruples against capital punishment as would preclude your return-ing a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree, death penalty being a result of such

ese are about the style of questions put by Mahoney in his examination of candidates

by Mahoney in his examination of candidates for the jury.

L. Shiply answered "yes" to the questions relating to opinions, but "no" to all the others. Mahoney chailenged him for cause, but Judge Groff overruied the challenge, Paul Platz, Charles Banks, J. R. Manchester, J. F. Pollock, S. C. Epperson, Thomas Price, Charles Brindorff, P. M. Wetty, Louis Heimrod, E. T. Ringer were compelled to retire. So far as the first case challenge goes, Charles Wilkens and E. H. Hemming have been accepted. C. J. Karchallenge goes, Charles Wilkens and E. H. Hemming have been accepted. C. J. Karback was excused. J. P. Megcath passed muster all right. So did William J. Heins, J. N. Phillips saved himself by giving satisfactory replies to the examination, and remained. C. S. Whitney could not be induced to render a verdict that would result in the death of the prisoner. He stood aside and J. L. Rice was called to take his place. Mr. Rice was accepted by Mahoney, and

Mr. Rice was accepted by Mahoney, and having with him secured twelve men, they were turned over to the defendant's attor-

General Cowin took Mr. Rice in hand and went for him. He proved to be an unsatis-factory candidate and was challenged for cause. Frank Corliss succeeded him. He admitted having such prejudices and convic-tions that nothing would convince him to give an impartial verdict. As Mr. Corliss left his seat a rejected talesman, Eli Johnson slid into it. Mr. Johnson is an old and gray whiskered man, but he knew of nothing that would provent him from rendering a fair and impartial verdict. He was passed. Again the jury was turned over to Cowin. He removed W. H. Kreamer. A. L. Wiggins was then called. Mahoney passed him. F. M. King, one of the regular panel, was then examined by Cowin and excused. The clerk asked W. H. Lawton to take the seat vacated. He was accepted by Mahoney. On the grounds, however, that he had formed fixed and definite opinions, Cowin rejected him. He stood aside whiskered man, but he knew of nothing ions, Cowin rejected him. He stood aside and Frank Wagner was called into the box. "Have you any bias or prejudices for or against the defendant?" inquired the county attorney. Mr. Wagner evidently understood

the question to be, whether or not any one

could buy him, and replied:
"If they can I don't know it." Temporarily, at least, he was retained. General Cowin again tackled the jury. He questioned O'Keefe, McCarty and Hemming and passed the jury for cause. The court ordered peremptory challenging, Judge Groff arranged the schedule, giving the state eight and Miss Blechler sixteen. Defendant had the first and excused Michael McCarty, Frank Kammerer took the va-cated chair. He failed, S. C. Ocheltree was the next man to take the examination eath, but he didn't stick. Jacob Frank tried it. He, too, dropped out. Charles W. Finn came after him, Mahoney passed Finn under the cause objection. Having the second peremptory challenge as well as the first, Miss Bechler's champion knocked Dan O'Keefe out of the box. J. C. Perrigs went in and stood an examination satisfactory to both sides. Still having the third peremptory, General Cowin simply said, "Hemming," and the gentleman answering to that name retired. This gave Mike Meany an opportunity to appear on the scene. Nothing that Mr. Meany had ever read about this case in the newspapers made an impression on his mind for the reason that to his way of looking at matters there are two sides to all stories. He stuck. For the state's first peremptory, Eli Johnson' had to be cut down. James Steele was called as his successor. He remained. The defendant was given her fourth peremptory, and let Mr. Meany out. W. W. Ford came next and was kept. General Cowin said he would waive the fifth challenge, but upon being informed that this would also compel him to waive the sixth and seventh, he took it back and cut off A. I. Higgins: George Lindley took his on his mind for the reason that to his way of off A. L. Higgins; George Lindley took his place. Then the defense waived the sixth and seventh. This gave the plaintiffs their second and Mr. Mahoney thought be could get along without the services of William F. Heins who upon invitation dropped out of F. Heins who upon invitation dropped out of sight. Aug Bochine came forward, but his stay was brief, and he gave way to John Foritack. He also stood aside and Charles Bomley stood in for a minute. After him came Adam C. Van Zant. He also retired and James K. Petty came on.

Joe Megeath commenced to imagine at about this stage in the game that he was going to be salted for a ten days' seige and began to beg for a release. Petty could not be accepted. Clerk Moores called D. P. Redman and Morris Morrison, but neither responded. Said

Morrison, but neither responded. Said he, addressing the court:

Your honor, that exhausts the special

"Call from the regular panel then." D. D. Hoxie came to the front, but his prejudices were sufficient to make him ob-jectionable. By this time Morris Morrison showed up and was put under examination. He was passed for cause. The state excused Charles Wilkins and let Frank McGrath take his place, only to be examined and bounced and let Louis Larson have an opportunity He held the job about two minutes, fell back and allowed C. J. Westerdahl permission to try his band. He caught on. "Defendant's ninth peremptory chal-

lenge," said the court.
"We are willing to take that jury," replied Mr. Cowin, "which of course means that we waive the tenth and eleventh." The state's representation, however, was not willing to join defendant in her satisfaction, and excused J. N. Phillips. J. S. Wright and J. A. Hospotsky were examined and dismissed John Hensman, a man who says that he never in his life read newspaper accounts of a murder, got the seat. J. C. Perrigs was excused, and James A. Norton called in. Defendant waived, the state waived and the

jury was sworn. The following is its personnel: John Woodburn, L. Shipman, J. P. Megeath, James Steele, Frank Wagner, W. F. Pinn, W. W. Ford, George Lindley, Morris Morrison, C. J. Westerdahl, John Hensman and James A. Norton. After taking the oath Judge Groff addressed to them a short lecture, in which he cautioned each and every man against talking about the case to anybody, among them-selves, on the outside or remaining where they would be likely to hear other people talking about it. They were then dismissed until 9:30 o'clock this morning. The jury is considered an extraordinarily good one live in the city except L. Shipman. He is a farmer. They are apparently as intelligent as is possible under the jury system, and in

age range from thirty-five upwards.

Harry King's Last Day. Elizabeth Biechler is a small woman, of good form, fairly attractive face and rather prepossessing general appearance. To-day the blind goddess is weighing her, as a criminal, in the scales of justice for an act which the information has charged as murder in the first degree. Since November 11, 1888, this unfortunate creature has lived like a caged bird in an iron-bound and steel-bolted cell, isolated from the world and beyond the exhibitanting pleasures of freedom. For four months she has been subjected to the stings of personal sorrow, misery and pain. No comes the trial which must decide her fate. comes the trial which must decide her fate.

Thousands of people remember distinctly that thrilling sensation occasioned on the morning of the day above mentioned, when the report spread through the city and flashed on lightning's swift wings to every part of the country, telling how Henry W. King, jr., a young clothing merchant of this city had been shot and killed by a woman in the Paxton hotel. Many who read the graphically written accounts of the homecide have forgotten much as to details. The purpose of this brief story, therefore, is to assist them in refreshing their memories and more readily understand the development that must necessarily be made from day to day as the trial progresses.

It is generally conceded that in case has ever been brought to trial in Douglas county which attracts so much wide-spread and which attracts so much wide-spread and deep-scated interest. This is due, undoubtedly, to the fact that the principles are better known elsewhere than here, though it must be admitted the vistim had made a host of admiring friends in Omaha. Whether unexpectedly to him or not, a matter that will prabably never be grown Elizabeth at the property of the control of th ter that will probably never be known, Elizabeth Biochler came very early to the Pax-

ton hotel, where he was living with his wife, to whom he had recently been wedded. She registered as "Mrs. Harry King, Chicago," and was assigned to an apartment on the third floor. While go-ing up stars she pressed the elevator boy to tell her where Mr. King's room was. Un-susplciously the lad imparted the desired information. Straight to that spot she direct ed her footsteps and rapped on the door. 'Who's there?' came an inquiry fron

"It's me, Harry; open the door I want to

The young man answered at once, bu opon seeing and recognizing his visitor, in dicated that her call was not a welcome one and insisted that she leave the place and not attempt to make trouble or interfere with

him,

As the story goes, her reply to his rebuff was in substance: "No, I am your wife; have come all the way from Chicago for an understanding and will not leave without seeing and talking with you.

Concluding, doubtless, that a scene was inevitable, but not giving thought to the possibility of any attempts at violence he asked.

sibility of any attempts at violence, he asked Miss Biechler to go the parlor and wait til he apuld dress himself and join her. Instead. he aculd dress himself and join her. Instead, however, doing as requested, fearing evidently that King would not keep his word, the woman remained in the hall and impatiently watched until Harry emerged. Together they descended, sought a sofa in one corner of the parlor, where the subsequent, and as yet untold collequy between them ensued. They had not been there long until the sharp crack of a pistel range through the house, follows. crack of a pistol rang through the house, fol lowed in quick succession by three more re ports, startling the guests and turning the quietude of the hotel into a scene of wild excitement and confusion.

citement and confusion.

The first sight witnessed by the earliest witness was the shocking spectacle of a man struggling helplessly down the stairway to the first landing of the rotunda, where he fell grouning, and after him, a desperate-looking woman, with a revolver in her hand, and exclaiming. and exclaiming

"O, my God, I have killed him!"

She bent over the prostrate form, looked at it a moment and walked down into the rotunda, where she was met by two or three men, relieved of the gun and led back to the private office. There she remained until taken into custody by Officer Dempsey and conveyed to the central police station.

So dramatic in action and execution was the whole affair that, at the time, it was considered the most realistic tragedy ever committed. The woman had seemingly nerved herself to such a high and uncontrollable pitch that, to all intents and purposes, the deed looked more like a stage assault than an actual murder.

Miss Biechler's incarceration, arraignment and conduct as a prisoner are only incidental to the main fact. Whatever her past life has been will be fully brought out before a ver-dict shall have been reached. In the journey from Chicago to Omaha she

met two ladies on the train who reside in Omaha and knew something of King. To them she confided her troubles, and it can easily be imagined that, upon hearing the result of her interview with the man, they were more completely surprised than any

body else.

A feature of the affair that has never been written comes to light through bits of information, dropped at various times, as to the activity displayed in securing counsel both for the prosecution and defense. On the morning of the shooting, and while he was cating his breakfast, representatives called on General Cowin to retain him for the state. the refused, with a positive injunction that no amount of money would induce him to prosecute a woman. Application was then made to other lawyers. Being an old-time friend, the dead man's father naturally advised with James E. Woolworth, and, acting on his suggestion, extended overtures to John M. Thurston, but that gentleman was not in a position to accept the offer. Very shortly after, being solicited by parties anxious to have the law take its course, friends of the woman implored Mr. Cowin to defend her, and he consented. At that time E. W. Simeral was county attorney, and drew up the information. It was thought, at on-time, that the trial would take place in De

comber, but neither side could pre-tend to be fully prepared, and by consent the case was continued to this term of the court. In the meantime Mr. Sumeral's successor had been elected and the former retired. The papers were all turned over to Mr. Mahoney, who has not been idle in his preparation to meet the issue. Realizing that the work was bound to be an extraordinary task single-handed, General Cowin called Judge Baldwin to assist him, while the state's legal representa-tive has as his aids C. S. Montgomery and Charles Gapen. The latter comes in as an expert on medical law and insanity. A score or more of witnesses have been summoned on both sides and the battle promises to be one of the hardest that has ever been fought in a Nebraska court.

Other Cases.

The United States National bank began suit against the Omaha Brick and Terra Cotta Manufacturing company, C. F. Good-man and F. D. Cooper, to recover \$16,509. This amount is due, it is claimed on several promissory notes, executed last November. The jury in the case of Thomas F. Dupius against the American Express company, a suit to recover \$250 on the loss of a trunk which was shipped from St. Paul to this city, rendered a verdict for the defendant yesterday afternoon.

The counsel for Louis Berghoff, recently

tried on the charge of obtaining goods unde false representations, filed a motion in th district court yesterday asking that Berghoff's bail be reduced from \$1,500 to \$500. The prisoner can furnish this amount of security for his appearance at his next trial and wants to get out of jall.

Judge Hopewell heard the case of Henry

A. Kosters against Mrs. Emma Van Etten, wife of Attorney Van Etten. It is a suit to acover \$213, alleged to be due for labor and Vaterials furnished in painting and kalsonining the defendant's house. The case is not being tried by jury.

The replevin case of James M. Coats and

others against George Karll, a constable, wherein the plaintiffs sought to get possession of 452 bushels of potatoes which had been attached by the constable, was appealed to the district court vesterior from the to the district court yesterday from the county court. Elbe & Klinkowstein, of St. Louis, com

menced suit yesterday against Joseph Druk-ker, of this city, to recover \$943, alleged to be due on several promissory notes executed in 1885-6.

Judgments by confession were made yesterday in the district court by the defendants in the following cases: Leibinroth et al. vs. H. M. Jones et al., judgment for \$1,600.35; Edwin Young et al. vs. H. M. Jones et al., judgment for \$552.55; McLaughlin Bros. vs. H. M. Jones et al., judgment for \$562.55; McLaughlin Bros. vs. H. M. Jones et al., judgment for \$560.85; McLaughlin Bros. vs. H. M. Jones et al., judgment for \$660.85; McLaughlin Bros. vs. H. M. Jones et al., judgment for \$660.85; McLaughlin Bros. vs. H. M. Jones et al., judgment for \$660.85; McLaughlin Bros. vs. H. M. Jone

ment for \$559.84; the Reynolds & Reynolds Company vs. H. M. Jones, et al., judgment Henry Firger commenced a suit against William Von Kroga to recover \$112 alleged to be one on a contract for the purchase of a lot.

"I have been using Allcock's Ponous PLASTRES for the last ten years, and I feel quite lost if blave not half a dozen in my ossession. In this section of the country we have at times very severe cold. When the thermometer is below zero, I find that an ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER on the pit of the stomach is invaluable. They appear not only to warm the body, but to invigorate the digestion. At times I have been greatly troubled with a lame back. Two Allcock's POROUS PLASTERS placed upon the spine in variably cured me in two or three days. Sometimes I have had a sovere cough and very bad cold. An Allcock's Ponous Plas TER placed around the throat and on the chest, and one between the shoulder blades, have invariably afforded me immediate relief and a quick cure."

THE YANKTON ROAD.

The Chief Engineer Examines Part of the Route.

YANKTON, So. Dak., April 2 .- | Special to THE OMARA BEE. |- The chief engineer of the Omaha railroad company made an examination of the grade between Washington Neb., and Yankton last week, and went from Yankton to St. Paul, no doubt to make a re port of examination to the company. The people of Cedar county insist that the connection will be made at once and that a transfer also will be put on at Yankton to connect with the Northwest line here for St. Paul and Duluth. It is not likely that the chief engineer of the company would make such an examination at this season of the year and go so minutely into the inspection of the telegraphy and lay of the land be tween the two points named unless there was some urgent need for it, and the geeral impression here, at Washington an along the line is that the eighteen or twent; miles between the two places will be closed this season and the cars running by harvest time. This done and the run from Omana to Yankton can be made in seven or eigh hours, and both cities will be largely benefitted by the direct connection.

Patriotic Leaguers on Trial. Paris, April 2.—Senator Naquet, Deputie aguere, Laisant and Turquet, and Paul Deroulde, leaders of the Patriotic league,

vere arraigned for trial before the correc-ional tribunal to-day.

Deroulde, addressing the court, stated that the objects of the league were not of a secret character. He asserted that the use of the word "mobilized" in the communication to the members of the league did not prove the existence of a military plot. Notwithstanding the action of the government in dissolving the league, the organization would con tinue to exist and show its full strengt whenever and wherever it might be needed Laguerre and the other accused persons fol-lowed with spacenes similar to that o Deroulde.

Rushing Work on Ships.

WASHINGTON, April 2 -Orders have been given by the navy department to work extra hours in preparing the Adams, Iroquois and Pensacola for sea. The Iroquois is at Mare Island, California, and can be made ready for sea in six weeks. The Pensacola is at Norfolk and one month's work will make her ready. The department has not yet decided where the vessels will be sent, but they will be available for service in Samoa if there should be any necessity for their presence there.

Washington, April 2-The colonel com-mandant of the marine corps has furnished the navy department with the following list of marines, supposed to have been lost on the Vandalia, at Apia: First Sergeant John Hanchett, Sergeant Frank A. Lessman, Corporal M. Casnen, Privates Adolph Gard-ner, Frank Jones, George Jordan, Nicholas Kinsella, A. Montgomery, John Sims, Gilbert H. Wells, Henry C. Gehring, Samuel Kraus and Joseph Wixted.

That hacking coug hean be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by Goodman Drug Co.

The Wrecked War Vessels. AUGKLAND, April 2 .- The government of New Zealand has placed the steamship Hinemon at the disposal of Admiral Kimberly in consequence of the loss of the American men-of-war at Samoa during the recent hurricane there. The British cruiser Rapid has suiled hence for Samoa. One hundred and twenty officers and men belonging to the

German war ships wrecked at Samoa have arrived here en route for Germany.

The connecting link between Nebraska and Kansas has just been placed in service by the Union Pacific railway. This train leaves Council Bluffs daily at 4:45 a. m.; leaves Omaha at 5:05 a. m., and runs through without change to Manhattan, Kan., making direct connections there with the Kansas division of the Union Pacific railway for all points in Kansas and Colorado westbound, and for Topeka, Lawrence, Kansas City and points east and south via Kansas City. Returning, train leaves Manhattan at 2:25 p. m.; arriving at Beatrice at 6:25 p. m., Lincoln at 7:50 p. m., and Omaha at 11:20 p. m., Council Bluffs 11:40 p. m., making direct connection with Kansas division trains from Kansas City, Lawrence, Topeka and the east, and from Denver, Salina, Abeline and all points west, enabling passengers to visit the principal points in Kansas and Nebraska in the shortest possible time. These trains have firstclass equipment, consisting of smoking cars and first-class day coaches of the latest pattern. The new train will fill a long felt want, and is bound to be

Valuable Relic Stolen. NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 2 .- Thieves

broke into the state house last night and entering the rooms of the New Haven Historical society, carried away the sword of Admiral Foote, held by the society as a resic, Its a presentation sword studded with i ing else was taken.

MEXICAN MUSTANG Penetrates Muscle, Membrane Penetrates Muscle, Membrane and Tissue to the very Marrow Bones. Give it one trial and be convinced! It banishes all pain instantly. Cures Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatics, Neuralgia, Swellings Contracted Muscles, Diseased Tendons, Bites and Poisonous Stings, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Strains, Burns, Scalds, Files, Lame Back and every AILMENT that can be cured by an OUTWARD APPLICATION!! Allments of Horses, Mules, Cattle and Skeep. can be cured by an OUTWARD APPLICATION!! Attents of Horses, Males, Cattle and Sheep, such as Foot Rot, Screw Worm, Shoulder Rot, Holing Hora, Grub and Hoof Discase in Cattle, Scratches in Horses and Mules, Wind Gails, Sprains, Spavins, Swinsey, Ringbone, Stiff Joints, Lameness and Soreness, Diseased Hoofs, Harness and Saddle Sores & Galls, Blotches, Skin Lumps, Loss of Hair and everything curable by exiternal application, the MUSTANG LINIMENT is Matchless. Rub it in very thoroughly. Thus the "Mustang" conquers pain, Makes MAN or BEAST well again!

Adams Company vs. Jones et al., judgment for \$557; Dengan et al vs. Gainburg, judgment for \$557; Dengan et al vs. Gainburg, judgment for \$200,45. They are Worn by Soldiers. Evidence of the value of Allcock's Portous Charles Yaeger, of Company A, 11th U. S. Infantry, stationed at Fort Sully, Dakota: They stationed at Fort Sully, Dakota:

NEW DEPARTMENT.

Men's Shoes.

Our new Shoe Department is now ready. It is located on the sec ond floor of the new addition, and you will find there the largest and best assorted stock of Men's Shoes in the city. We will take occasion here to remark that it is our intention to lead the retail Men's shoe trade of Omaha just as we do the Clothing, Furnishing and Hat trade. The introduction of our popular prices produced a revolution in the clothins trade, and we propose to accomplish the same in the shoe trade, by giving at all time

The Best Shoes for the Least Money.

In buying shoes you have to rely more upon the house that sells them to you than upon your own judgement. You can not tell the quality of the leather after it is made up into the shoe, nor can you tell how a shoe is made, as a cheap shoe can be finished to look as well as the best. You can only tell after the shoe has been worn how good or how poor it is. In the preparation of our new department we have employed the most expert knowledge and experience. Our stock is selected from the best and most reliable makers, and so sure do we feel of the quality of all shoes which we are selling above \$2.50 that we offer to every purchaser. In case of any unreasonable defective wear of these shoes.

A NEW PAIR FREE.

Has any other house ever made such an offer?

You will find our prices from 25 to 50 percent lower than those of any regular shoe house. Our \$1.25, \$1.65 and \$1.85 shoes are honest and trusty shoes for workingmen. They are sold in every shoe store for considerable more money.

Nebraska Clothing Company

Corner Douglas and Fourteenth Streets, Omaha.

CALIFORNIA!

The Land of Discoveries THE ONLYGUARANTEED

IO BY MAIL.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR

CATARRE



OURES ASTHMA, COUGHS,

AND ALL DISEASES "THROAT CHEST,

AND ALL DISEASES "THROAT CHEST, LUNGS - Sold on GUARWIE Send for circular, \$1, per bottle 3 for 2 = ABIETINE MED! CO. OROVILLE, CAL.

Santa-Abie and Cat-R Cure. For Sale by Goodman Drug Company.

Swift's Specific cured me of malignant lood Poison after I had been treated in vain ith old so-called remedies of Mercary and otash, S. S. S. not only cured the Blood Poi-on but relieved the Rheumatism which was GEO. BOVELI, 242 3d Avenue, N V.
Scroful adeveloped on my daughter—swelling
and immp son her neck. We gave her Swirr's
Swelfer, and the result was wonderful and the
cure prompt. A, DEARMOND, Cleveland, Tenn.
Swirr's Specific is entirely a vegetable remedy, and is the only remedy which permanently
cures Scrofula, Blood Humors, Cancer and Con
tagious Blood Poison. Send for books on
blood and skin discasses, mailed free.
Per Swirr Specific Co., Drawer S, Atlanta, Ga THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer S. Atlanta, Ga



W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

FOR MEN ONLY A POSITIVE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD:
General and NERVOUS DESILITY:
CURE of Expros or Excesses in Old or Young,
Reheat, Noble MAXIGOD fully Hestered. How to Belarce and
Streegthess WEAK, INDEPTED/FED ORBANK OF ARTS of BODY,
Absolutely untailing HOME TREATERSY—Resedts to a day,
Ren jointly from at States, Territories, and Foreign countries.

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST

awarded the highest distinction by a medical jury at the International Exhibition at Brussels, have proved to be a first-class remedial agent in all Catarrhs of the organs of respiration and diges-tion.

SODEN MINERAL PASTILLES are prescribed by physicians in diseases of the lungs and chest and asthma. The benefit derived from their use is unsurpassed, and even in the most chronic cases they soothe, ease, and stimulate. SODEN MINERAL PASTILLES are preferable to all similar preparations, because they are a natural remedy, an unadulterated product of the springs, containing in an undiminished de-gree of all sanative principles of these springs. SODEN MINERAL PASTILLES are pre-

pared exclusively under the personal supervis-ion and control of W. STOELTZING, M. D., K. K. Sanitary Councillor. SODEN MINERAL PASTILLES are une qualled as a solvent in coughs and catarrhs, even in the most chronic cases. Their success is un-

SODEN MINERAL PASTILLES are a super for remedy in whooping-cough and diphtheria; in the former they lesson the paroxysm of the attack, while preventing the latter disease, which cannot take hold in a throat not affected by caturch. catarrh.

SODEN MINERAL PASTILLES derive in creased value from the fact of having a very favorable influence upon the organs of diges-SODEN MINERAL PASTILLES ought to

be kept in every home. All mothers are recommended to urge their children during the coid season to allow a pastille slowly to melt in their mouths while out on errands or going to school. SODEN MINERAL PASTILES are for sale at nearly all druggists at 50c a box. Should your druggist not keep them, kindly address the Sole Agency for the Hatter States. SOLE AGENCY FOR THE UNITED STATES, Soden Mineral Springs Company

18 Cedar Street, New York.

NEBRASKA NATIONAL BANK U. S. DEPOSITORY, OMAHA, NEB.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:
HENRY W. YATES, President,
LEWIS S. REED, Vice President,
A. E. TOUZALIN,
W. V. MORSE,
JOHN S. COLLINS,
R. C. CUSHING,
J. N. H. PATRICK,

W. H. S. HUGHES, Cashier. THE IRON BANK. Corner 12th and Farnam Sts. A General Banking Business Trasacte.d

EASTERN

large loans are preferred. Applications may be E. S. BISBEE.

First National Bank Building, Representing

proved real estate in the city of Omaha. These

funds will be distributed in sums to suit, but



PRNNYROYAL WAPKES are successfully used monthly by over 10,000 Ladies. Are Safe, Effectual and Picasant \$1 per box by mail or at druggists. Scaled Particulars 2 postage stamps. Address The Eurasia Chemical. Co., Different, Mich. For sale and by mail by Goodman Drug Co., Omaha. Nebraska.

PROPOSALS FOR INDIAN SUPPLIES AND TRANSPORTATION.—Department of the Interior, Office of Indian Affairs, Washington March 25, 1832.—Sealed proposals, indored "Proposals for Beef, (bids for beef must be submitted in separate envelopes), Bacon, Flour, Clothing, or Transportation, &c., "(as the case may be, and directed to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Nos. 55 and 67 Wooster street, New York, will be received until 1 p. m. of Transportation, &c., and the case day, April 23, 1899, for furnishing for the Indias service about 930,000 pounds forcen, 34,000, pounds beef on the hoof, 1,000,000 pounds beef, 279,000 pounds beans, 71,000 pounds being powder, 500,000 pounds corn, 47,000 pounds corn pounds beef on the hoof, 1,000,000 pounds bates powder, 500,000 pounds corn, 47,000 pounds bates powder, 500,000 pounds corn, 47,000 pounds corfee, 8,600,000 pounds hard bread, 65,000 pounds how iny, 23,000 pounds hard bread, 65,000 pounds how iny, 23,000 pounds lard, 871 barrels mess pork, 17,000 pounds oatmeal, 376,000 pounds sea, 340,000 pounds sale, 230,000 pounds sea, 340,000 pounds signar, and 23,000 pounds wheat, Also, blankets, woolen and cotton goods, consisting in part of ticking, 25,000 yards; canderalleo, 100,000 yards; drilling, 11,000 yards; diegling, 25,000 yards; dealer, 17,000 yards; group in 17,000 yards; blankets, 18,000 yards; dealer, 23,000 yards; blacket sheeting, 25,000 yards; blacket sheeting, 25,000 yards; blacket sheeting, 25,000 yards; blacket sheeting, 20,000 yards; blacket shee

NERVOUS, CHRONIC and PRIVATE DISEASES of MEN and WOMEN successfully troated. YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or are troubled with Weakness, Norvous Debinity, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Averaion to Society, Kidney Troubles or any disease of the Genito-Urinary Organs, can here find a safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. MIDDLE-AGED MEN There are many troubled with too frequent evacua-tions of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight marring or burning sensation, and weakening of the system in a manner the patient cannot account for the examining the urinary deposits a repy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albu-neo will appear or the color be of a thin, mikkish me, again changing to a dark or torpid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignor-sit of the cause, which is the second stage of semi-nant of the cause which is the second stage of semi-nant of the cause which is the second stage of semi-nant of the cause which is the second stage of semi-nant of the cause which is the second stage of semi-cure in all such cases, and a healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs. Consultation free, Send cent stamp for "Young Man's Friend, or Guide to Wedlock," free to all. Aldress

DR. SPINNEY & CO. Main and 12th St. , Kansas City, Mo.

STATE LINE, To Glasgow, Belfast, Dubline and Liverpool,

FROM New YORK EVENT TRUBBDAY.
Cabin passage \$55 and \$50 according to location of stateroom. Excursion \$65 to \$50.
Steerage to and from Europe at Lowest Rates.
AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., General Agents.
John Biegan, General Western Agent, 164 Raudolph St., Chicago. Harry E. Moores and Teos-H. McCann, sgcals at Omaha.

CANCER CAPETERS No. Raife Hoof