LINCOLN NEWS AND NOTES.

Pastor Minehart's Trial Drawing to a Close.

SOME DAMAGING TESTIMONY.

Yesterday's Proceedings in the District Court—Articles of Incorporation Filed With the Secretary of State.

LINCOLN BUREAU OF THE OMAHA BEE, 1029 P STREET, LINCOLN, March 15.

The trial of Pastor Minehart nears its close. The charges are persistently pressed, and the clouds certainly deepen around and about him. He nervously awaits the answer to every question that tends to pin him more closely to the cross, and now and then is the picture of anxiety; but, considering the pressure brought to bear against him, he holds up remarkably well and his cross-examination of witnesses is not without pertinency and effect. It is now apparent that the sympathy of the vast audience in constant attendance is with the church rather than with the preacher. This tide can only be turned by the most emphatic, direct and convincing evidence. The prosecution has concluded the testimony on the charge and specifications of "dissension." The witnesses, however, now give testimony regarding all the charges in the order made, and when they, or any of them, leave the stand, the record of all they know regarding the charges has been made by stenographers. Yesterday Messrs. Moore, Hotelee, Fowler and Greenlee were on the stand. To-day Messrs. Greenlee, Strawbridge, Rev. Davis and Dr. Creighton bore testimony in the order named. Some spoke disparagingly of his conduct as a preacher and pastor in and out of the pulpit. Others told of deception and things that bordered on lying. But the story in detail matters little. Suffice it, the testimony thus far given is damaging to Minehart as a man and as a preacher. The opinion seems to prevail that the charges preferred, and published by THE BEE, have been substantially proven, and to say that the testimony as given is damaging is not putting it strong enough. But it is suggested that public opinion sometimes changes, and that greater miracles have been performed than the vindication of the erratic preacher. It is said that the testimony for the church will be all in to-night and if so the defense will commence to-morrow. Friends of Minehart, outside of the church, stay by him almost to a man. They think and say that he has been much abused. The flat from the "world" is much more general than it would seem from casual observation. He is esteemed as a neighbor. The hardest thing said of him by outsiders is that he is a crank on the subject of sanctification. This is certainly the center and circumference of his trouble, and the charges of dissension, lying, deception, brow-beating, conduct unbecoming a minister and pastor and the dissemination of doctrines incompatible with the doctrines of the Methodist Episcopal church are all traceable to it. Minehart tried to "cram" his peculiar theories, and his membership who think for themselves refused to stand it, and the meeting in camp commenced and ripened into a church trial that shakes religious circles fore and aft. The testimony of Rev. Davis and Dr. Creighton disturbed Minehart considerably. It was evidently unexpected. This referred to the actions and doings of Minehart at the last quarterly meeting at Grace church, the story of which is familiar to THE BEE readers. The accused is no longer in doubt as to how his actions were viewed by the witnesses last named. Their cross examination was rather inspired, and the sentiment was strong that Minehart got the worst of it in the wind up.

District Court Matters.

The jury in the case of Howe vs Stevens Bros., found for the plaintiff, and assessed the damages at $625. Thus ends one of the most closely contested cases of the session.

The case on trial yesterday afternoon and to-day is that of Lee, Fried & Co., of Omaha, vs Henry Brugmann and others. The action is to recover on three promissory notes of $300 each, and also on an individual note of Brugmann of $1,300. The et al in the case is Mr. Jacob Rocke, who signed the $300 notes, he says as surety, the plaintiff says as joint maker. The plaintiffs are in the wholesale hardware trade, and when Mr. Brugmann was in the hardware business he dealt with them. Two of the joint notes had been paid, but plaintiff still claimed on the whole number, because they alleged the payment had been made out of assets which ought to have gone to the discharge of the individual notes. The defense would show that notes that had been once paid fought not to be paid again; and further that Mr. Rocke was discharged from all obligation for the reason that the plaintiffs had taken a mortgage as against Brugmann's liabilities, and had also shared in a partial pro rata of Mr. Brugmann's stock. The case is still on trial and will hardly conclude to-day. This is a peculiar case and attracts considerable interest among the members of the Lancaster county bar. It is a fight pro and con for all it is worth.

State Incorporations.

The Nebraska and Western railway company filed articles of incorporation to-day. The purpose of the company is to build, construct and operate a railroad in the state, pursuant to and in conformity with the several provisions of its laws. Section three of the articles recites that the terminus of the road shall be at or near the town of Covington, Dakota county, and a point on the western boundary line, between the forty-second and forty-third parallels of latitude, passing, or to pass through the counties of Dixon, Cedar, Wayne, Pierce, Antelope, Holt, Wheeler, Garfield, Loup, Blaine, Logan, Thomas, Grant, Box Butte, Cheyenne, Brown, Custer, Cherry, Knox, Sioux, Dawes and Sheridan, or such of them as the line of the company's road shall finally be located in. The authorized capital stock is $16,000,000, which is divided into 160,000 shares of the par value of $100 each. Fifty years is the tenure of the corporation, commencing March 16, 1889. Following are the incorporators: John Pierce, William Gordon, Craig L. Wright, Charles Wist and John Hornick. The ring of the articles indicate that this company means business.

The Western Engineering company filed amended articles. Kearney, Buffalo county, is the principal place of business. The capital stock now authorized is $100,000. The company will terminate its existence February 17, 1989. Electrical engineering, contracting, manufacturing, buying, selling, owning, erecting, maintaining and operating electrical appliances is declared to be the nature of the business of the incorporation. The incorporators are E. P. Holmes, J. G. White, D. C. Jackson and W. F. White.

Contracts Awarded.

The board of public lands and buildings opened the following bids for the construction and equipment of the boiler house, engine house and stack at the asylum for the insane this afternoon at 3 o'clock: W. B. Hughes, $11,677; Price & Shoemaker, $11,000; Sweet & Co., $12,230; John Layne, $12,100; Jacob Bush, $12,555; D. B. Howard, $12,402; Coffman & Hapotine, $14,330; Krone & Stockwell, $11,885; Jap Johnson, $12,540; Lanham & Chowins, $12,785; Charles A. Sweet & Co., $11,840. The contract was awarded to Price & Shoemaker, the lowest bidders.

Complexion powder is an absolute necessity of the refined toilet in this climate. Pozonni's combines every element of beauty and purity.

After Some Furniture.

Ann Trice seeks to recover a quantity of household furniture, now in possession of John and Hannah Mossett, and has secured a writ of replevin from Justice Kroeger. The furniture originally belonged to Mrs. Edwards, who was almost stabbed to death by her husband last November. She at present resides with Mrs. Trice, and gave her a bill of sale for the furniture, but as the Mossetts claim she is indebted to them they refuse to surrender it the writ was accordingly issued, returnable to-day.

Unlike the ladies of the east, American ladies veil themselves to be seen, hence the popularity of the "Belle" Jane Hading Veiling. Sold by all dry goods stores, 65c a yard, up.

STATE AND TERRITORY.

Nebraska Jottings.

Baker post, G. A. R., of Columbus, has a membership of over fifty.

The Broken Bow Canal company has perfected a permanent organization and elected officers.

Frank McCann, who is wanted at Plattsmouth for forgery, has been arrested at Kansas City.

Crawford's boom has resulted in the village bastile being as well patronized as the leading hotels.

H. M. Hopewell has retired from the editorship of the Tekamah Burtonian and has been succeeded by Hoon & Ott.

Broken Bow now has two daily papers, the Leader having blossomed into an afternoon sheet of very creditable proportions.

Articles of incorporation of the West Beatrice Division street railway company have been filed, with a capital of $100,000.

An elevator with a capacity of 11,500 bushels has just been completed at Monroe, a one-month-old town in Platte county.

A resident of Exeter named Johnson has completed the invention of an automatic check-rower and has applied for a patent.

Negotiations have been commenced for the erection of a new brick hotel at Ulysses to take the place of the Reed house, recently destroyed by fire.

A hundred dollar fine has been imposed on Thomas Kastuer, a Nebraska City wife beater, by the authorities, besides a sentence of thirty days in jail.

A. W. Clarke of Papillion has offered a reward for the arrest of William Brandt, who obtained money on 2,000 bushels of corn which he did not own.

Oliver Scott, ex-county commissioner of Polk county, died at his home in Osceola on the 12th inst. He was one of the very first settlers in the county and was a veteran of the war.

Asa Johnson, one of the early settlers of Fillmore county, died recently after an illness of fourteen weeks, during which time he was unable to take any nourishment, and finally succumbed to starvation.

One of the workmen who helped build the Methodist church at Strang has commenced the foreclosure of a mechanic's lein in order to secure pay for his labor, the contractor having failed to satisfy his claim.

A Clay county young man named Foresall became so madly smitten with the charms of a Miss Samuelson that when the young lady rejected his suit he stepped from her presence and shot himself, dying instantly.

Mr. John Holsinger, a resident of Hamilton township, Fillmore county, accidentally took a dose of corrosive sublimate for quinine recently, and after living a week in horrible agony, died from the effects of the poison.

A tramp named George Johnson entered the house of the watchman of the Platte river bridge at Plattsmouth and walked off with a quantity of valuables. The railroad men pursued the thief on a hand car and caught him and he is now in jail awaiting trial.

Walter Robbins, a young man working on a farm near Ellis, has been arrested by Special Agent Thompson of the Rock Island and taken before the county court at Beatrice on a charge of stealing railroad tickets from the depot at Ellis, January 10, last. He pleaded guilty and was bound over to appear at the district court.

Iowa.

Female shoplifters are giving Cedar Rapids merchants lots of trouble.

The contract has been let for the new $30,000 postoffice at Ottumwa.

There are sixty-eight pupils attending the collegiate institute at Fort Dodge.

About one hundred and twenty-five delegates attended the annual convention of the Legion of Honor at Dubuque.

The grand jury of Jones county, after a two weeks' session, returned several indictments against hole-in-the-wall saloons.

The societies of Christian Endeavor of Dubuque, Delaware, Jackson, Jones and Linn counties will hold their third annual conference at Anamosa April 2 and 3. Prominent workers are expected to be present.

The farmers of Badger, Webster county, are determined to have a modern creamery if they have to organize a co-operative company. They would prefer, however, to have a good, practical man establish one as a private enterprise.

William Crouch and Sherman Wilhelm are lodged in jail at Muscatine charged with an attempt to murder George Albrand at Moscow. During a raid on a saloon by a party of masked men Albrand tried to look into their faces, when he was shot in the arm, severing an artery. After thus shot he was struck in the breast by another ball and a third entered his abdomen.

Dakota.

Doland is to have an artesian well.

The Aberdeen club is to build a $5,000 club house.

The Wessington seminary has closed its winter term.

Mitchell has the base ball fever in its most virulent form.

There were nineteen arrests for gambling at watertown one day last week.

The real estate transfers in Sully county last week amounted to $19,136.83.

The Yankton association of Congregational ministers will meet at Bon Homme April 17.

Since October fifty-three new houses have been built in the vicinity of the penitentiary at Sioux Falls.

The Sherman house at Aberdeen has been designated department headquarters for the coming G. A. R. encampment.

The Ipswich Gazette contains the following society item: "The Russians have been running a five days' dance in one of their palatial residences south of the track. They have a band composed of two clarionets and a drum. They expect to be very meek and sober during Lent and are letting off a little steam and taking in a little beer."

Extraordinary License.

"It seems to me," remarked one of our citizens the other day, "that physicians are allowed extraordinary license in the manner in which they juggle with the welfare of their patients."

"Now here is Dr. ——, who was attending Mr. —— up to the time of his death, and if he treated him for one thing he treated him for a dozen different disorders. First the doctor said pneumonia was the trouble; then it was consumption. Then the patient was dosed for heart trouble, and so on until just before he died it was ascertained that disease of the kidneys was the real trouble, and that which had been at first treated as pneumonia, consumption, heart disease, etc., were but the symptoms of kidney disease.

"But then it was too late.

"This is only one case in a hundred, and I am beginning to lose faith in the doctors altogether. In fact I haven't had any need for their services since I began to keep Warner's Safe Cure in my house, a little over three years ago. Whenever I feel a little out of sorts I take a few doses of it, confident that the source of all disease is in the kidneys, which I know Warner's Safe Cure will keep in good order, and will eradicate any disease that may be lurking there. Had Mr.—— followed a similar course, I have no doubt that he would be alive to-day; but of course all people don't think alike.

"One thing is certain, however, and that is that the doctors are allowed a little too much freedom in the way they have of pretending to know that which they really know nothing about. If they don't know what is the real trouble with the patient, they should admit it and not go on and experiment at the cost of the patient's life."

GRAVEL AND VAN ETTEN.

Subjects Attracting the Attention of the District Judge.

Sand and gravel mixed with concrete and hot tar form the basis of a racy litigation in which Judge Doane and a jury are now engaged. The suit was occasioned by a dispute over the price of gravel used in paving the streets of Lincoln. Van Court figures as plaintiff, while on the side of the defense are arraigned H. F. Clark, Fred W. Gray and Hugh Murphy.

Judge Hopewell made a ruling in the case of Stein vs Bernstein, on motion to set aside a judgment obtained in the justice court by default, during defendant's absence. The evidence showed that considerable fraud was perpetrated. The motion was overruled.

The Ballou-Sherwood controversy is before Judge Wakeley. As stated heretofore, the case is brought by Ballou to compel Sherwood to exchange his Palace stables for certain real estate property, the amount involved being $100,000.

Van Etten against Butt, is the title of a suit on trial in Judge Groff's room. The motion of Van Etten for a change of venue in all his cases was overruled, and the court compelled him to go to trial.

The suit for libel brought by Joseph Miller, county jailor, against G. M. Hitchcock, has been set for trial on the 20th of March. One of Miller's attorneys stated that some of his witnesses are in the penitentiary. Whereupon Judge Doane humorously inquired whether he wanted them put under bond.

The county attorney has arranged to try Rose Anderson next Monday, Louis Burghoff Tuesday and William Nebe Wednesday.

In the case of Nathan Shelton against John C. Gladden and John F. Coots, the jury discharged the liability as to the last named defendant, and rendered a verdict for $1,000 against Gladden.

Elizabeth A. Roberts commenced suit for divorce from her husband, Frank A., on the grounds of extreme cruelty and brutality. They were married in this city four years ago. The wife also asks for the restoration of her maiden name, Elizabeth Ann Edwards.

M. E. Free sued Lew Pixley and others for $420 for the furnishing of steam heating and plumbing in a certain building.

James T. Huston filed a bill against George A. Crancer to foreclose a mortgage on a lot in Patrick's addition, upon which is due $291.

The jury in the case of Charlotte Smythe against Fred W. Lessentine and others gave the plaintiff a verdict for $257 yesterday.

The case of Henry Richter against Abraham Rosenburg, a suit brought to recover $10,000 damages, was taken up before Judge Hopewell. The plaintiff is a carpenter and was employed by Rosenburg, a contractor, on the construction of a building at Seventeenth and Davenport streets. While at work on Nov. 4, 1887, Richter was injured by brick arch falling on him, crushing his chest and breaking his right leg. He claims that the accident occured through the negligence of the defendant. Richter now claims to be permanently disabled from work and will be a cripple the remainder of his life.

John F. Flact commenced foreclosure proceedings against William A. Brown, Charles L. Blazer and others on a lot in Bedford place. The plaintiff claims the defendants are indebted to him in the sum of $675.

A bill to foreclose a mortgage on a lot in South Exchange place, South Omaha, was filed against P. K. Young and others by Norman A. Kuhn. On the mortgage there is $350 due.

County Court.

The following judgments were rendered in the county court in favor of the plaintiffs in each case: Barmole vs. Johnson, judgment for $316.26; Simmons et al. vs. Pollock, for $501; Werd vs. Fisher Printing company, for $936.42.

Christ H. Freckel was appointed guardian or Otto and Nolma Williboose, minors.

The will of Daniel Sullivan was filed for probate yesterday.

Our charming country women are not only acknowledged to be among the loveliest of their sex, but capital cooks. They declare unanimously that Van Duzer's flavoring extracts are the only ones that impart to pies, puddings, cakes, etc., the genuine flavor. Why? Because they are made from the finest fruit, without any doubtful aid from cheap and hurtful chemicals used to stimulate the real taste. Grocers everywhere sell these extracts.

THE BREACH OF BREECHES

Seems Now to be Beyond Hope of Settlement.

A somewhat voluminous correspondence has been carried on between the striking journeymen tailors and the Merchants Exchange during the past two days.

Thursday the exchange sent the following communication to the strikers:

OMAHA, March 14, 1889.—To the Tailors' Union—Gentlemen: We herewith submit the enclosed agreement, by which you will see we propose to pay the bill of prices submitted by your union, on the condition that the agreement be signed by both our societies.

This is our firm stand, and all you can reasonably expect, as we have agreed to pay your prices.

THE MERCHANT TAILORS' EXCHANGE.
ED. WILLIAMS, secretary.

AGREEMENT.

This agreement, made and entered into by and between the Merchant Tailors' exchange of Omaha as party of the first part, and the other signers thereto as parties of the second part.

Witnesseth, That whereas it is mutually desirable between the parties hereto that a definite agreement and understanding be arrived at as to their business relations; and whereas, there having been mutual objections as to the tenor and character of such relations, it is intended hereby as far as practicable to bring any and all former misunderstandings to a close, and to define precisely what each party may expect, in their relationship aforesaid.

It is therefore agreed that the said party of the first part will pay to the parties of the second part the bill of prices as presented by themselves.

It is further agreed that said party of the first part shall and will receive no dictation from the parties hereto, or any of them, as to its policy in managing and controlling its business, nor bound to consider any suggestions or proposals made in that behalf by parties hereto.

If either party hereto shall in any case feel aggrieved, no strike or walkout is to follow therefor, but the said grievances to be decided and adjusted by arbitration.

The arbitrators shall consist of three duly qualified, experienced and impartial men, each of the parties hereto to choose one arbitrator and the two so chosen are to select a third.

Their decision shall be final and the parties hereto will abide thereby and such grievance thereupon corrected.

Witness our hands this — day of March, 1889.

This morning the journeymen replied as follows:

To the Merchant Tailors' Exchange—Gentlemen: Your communication of yesterday was read and considered in our meeting last night; but as you will only sign our bill of prices with conditions, and as we have agreed to work only as free men without contract whatsoever except our bill, I was instructed to again inform the Merchant Tailors' Exchange that the agreement of yesterday was rejected, and we will not return to work unless your signatures be attached to our bill without any contract, and as we have been working five years without any agreement and no trouble has arisen in that time, we believe we can work in the future under the same conditions. Very respectfully,
By order: J. S. YOUNGQUISTY, Secretary.

Upon receipt of this the Merchants held a meeting and agreed to this reply:

To the Tailors' Union—Gentlemen: Since you have seen fit to reject our last proposition, in which we conceded all you asked for in the way of prices, and reserved the one privilege of running our own business, we hereby withdraw all offers heretofore made your society.

THE MERCHANT TAILORS' EXCHANGE,
FRANK J. RAMGE,
GUCKERT & MCDONALD,
HELIN & THOMPSON,
ED B. WILLIAMS.

The merchants say this is the ultimatum, and that hereafter they will refuse to recognize the union, and that the only way they will take the men back will be under the same conditions that they would employ a non-union man.

Do as you please when you please to do right; and you will always do the proper thing in taking Bigelow's Positive cure for coughs, colds, and all throat and lung troubles. Pleasant to take and speedy cure. 50 cents and $1. Goodman Drug Co.

Wicks' "Waluables."

Otto Wicks, who lives on North Twenty-second street, hired a drayman to take his trunk to the Union Pacific depot Thursday and since then he has seen neither his trunk nor the drayman. A warrant has been issued for the arrest of the jehu.

Pears' is the purest and best soap made.

HELFENSTEIN'S CLAIM.

Contests the Title of Thousands of Omaha Freeholders.

Some time ago, THE BEE referred to the claim of John P. Helfenstein of St. Louis, to a large amount of property in this city, included in what is known as E. V. Smith's addition and several other additions to the north and between Twentieth and Twenty-fourth streets.

It published at the same time, an interview with Byron Reed in which that gentleman expressed the conviction that property holders in the additions referred to, had no need to fear because the claim could not be substantiated.

Since that time, however, a pretty thorough examination of the records and files of the territorial, state and federal courts has been made by Major Guthrie, who represents Helfenstein. In this he has been assisted by Judge Upton and M. Young of St. Louis, and another attorney of this city.

Speaking on the subject and the result of this examination, Major Guthrie said: "To begin with, the suit of Root vs Shields was brought before William Pitt Kellogg in 1863 to cancel the title of Shields to whom a tract of 160 acres north of Omaha proper had just been patented by the United States, although he had pre-empted the land November 21, 1857. Many persons were named as defendants, and Helfenstein, Gore & Co., were among them. November 3, 1866, Judge Kellogg dismissed that firm from the cause, and it has not appeared since that time as a defendant in the case."

"Judge Shields, by the way," continued the major, "did not own a cent's worth of interest in the controversy at the commencement of the suit, or at any time thereafter. This will be apparent when it it known that November 23, 1857, two days after pre-empting the land, he sold one undivided eighty acres to James D. Test, and that November 24, 1857, Helfenstein, Gore & Co.'s attachment was levied on the other undivided eighty acres of the tract to satisfy a $1,200 debt of Shields.

"The property directly involved in the case was but a few lots in the old paper town site of North Omaha, now obsolete, as a reference to the decrees in the case and the plat of North Omaha No. 1, in book M, on page 642, in the office of the register of deeds, will show. On page 545 of territorial court journal C, in the office of Frank Moores, clerk of the district court, is found the decree of Judge Kellogg describing the property.

"The decree in the United States circuit court in the case of Root vs Shields," the gentleman went on, "provides for an appeal to the supreme court of the United States, and was entered November 11, 1867. A bond was given, an appeal taken, and the transcript was filed in the office of the clerk of the supreme court June 8, 1868. Now, to be specific, in the case of Root vs Shields, No. 57 in the office of the clerk of the United States circuit court for the district of Nebraska," said the major, "can anybody tell when the original papers were abstracted from the office and files? I understand that they were taken from the office years ago, and before the present officers went on duty.

"There is another point on which I would like to have light thrown, and that is this: Why was Shields' patent, issued in 1863, kept from the record until 1868? This was after the decrees in Kellogg's court and the United States circuit court were procured, and the decrees can be scrutinized to-day.

"I want to impress the public with the fact, and this is a matter of great importance, it seems to me," resumed the gentleman, "that the supreme court of Nebraska has recently decided in the case of Carroll vs Patrick, 23d Nebraska, pp. 834 to 836, that the territorial legislature of Nebraska could not, by including lands near Omaha, a municipality, in excess of the area allowed by law, namely, 320 acres, prevent the entry of such lands under the pre-emption law of 1841. The property involved in the case last cited adjoins the Helfenstein tract. One of the counsel in that case relied upon the decision in the case of Root vs. Shields, reported by Mr. James M. Woolworth, but the supreme court of Nebraska held that the land was open to pre-emption, notwithstanding, and despite the act of the territorial legislature of 1857 incorporating Omaha with about three thousand acres of land."

"What was done in the case of Root vs. Shields in the supreme court of the United States?"

"Well, I will answer you later on. It might be stated," said the major in conclusion, "that there is not a word uttered by me in this interview which cannot be substantiated by an inspection of the records, and that suits demanding the attention of thousands of the citizens of Omaha will be brought in the federal courts."

For Seasickness

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Dr. Price, of the White Star S. S. Germanic, says: "I have prescribed it in my practice among the passengers traveling to and from Europe, in this steamer, and the result has satisfied me that if taken in time, it will, in a great many cases prevent seasickness."

Awaiting a New Secretary.

A rumor has been in circulation for several days past that there was no doubt the postoffice would be located on Farnam street in the vicinity of Eighteenth. On this subject the following telegram was to-day received from Washington:

"There will be no action taken on the Omaha federal building site question till a new supervising architect is chosen. Mr. Rosewater called upon the secretary of the treasury yesterday and learned that much. Judge Crounse, Major J. B. Furay and James Creighton are making a pull for the north end of the city."

An Absolute Cure.

The ORIGINAL ABIETINE OINTMENT is only put up in large two ounce tin boxes, and is an absolute cure for old sores, burns, wounds and chapped hands, and all skin eruptions. Will positively cure all kinds of piles. Ask for the ORIGINAL ABIETINE OINTMENT. Sold by Goodman Drug Co., at 25 cents per box—by mail 30 cents.

The Contract Awarded.

The contract for the construction of the Union Pacific shops at Cheyenne was yesterday awarded to F. M. Sharp & Son, of Kansas City, this firm being the lowest bidder. No aggregate of the amount has been made, but it is stated that the bid corresponds with the original estimate which is $210,000.

One word: One step may make or mar one's whole future. Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic is the proper move when you have dyspepsia, bad breath, piles, pimples, ague, malaria, low spirits, head ache, or any stomach or liver troubles. 50 cents. Goodman Drug Co.

Business Men's Association.

There was to have been a meeting of the Nebraska Business Men's association at the board of trade rooms, but owing to the slight attendance of members the meeting was postponed until Monday night. At this gathering it is proposed to adopt by-laws of the association, and to organize a branch of the state organization.

Most men, otherwise strong in body and mind, will become unhappy and break down when afflicted with rheumatism. If they would only try Salvation Oil they would find relief at once. Price 25c.

Thousands of bottles of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup have been sold by W. H. Brown & Bro., Baltimore, Md.

Last Night's Lecture.

Dr. Duryea, of the First Congregational church, delivered an interesting and intellectual lecture last night to the students of the Omaha commercial college at Fifteenth and Dodge streets. He talked on "Labor and Capital in Relation to Wealth."

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN
CURES PERMANENTLY
RHEUMATISM.
Chronic Cases of 40 Years Cured.
Hundreds Testify. No Return of Pain.
AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

PAINLESS EFFECTUAL
BEECHAM'S PILLS
THE GREAT ENGLISH MEDICINE
WORTH A GUINEA A BOX
For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fullness, and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be a Wonderful Medicine.
BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore females to complete health. For a
WEAK STOMACH; IMPAIRED DIGESTION; DISORDERED LIVER;
they ACT LIKE MAGIC:—a few doses will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System; restoring long-lost Complexion; bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the whole physical energy of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society; and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that BEECHAM'S PILLS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PATENT MEDICINE IN THE WORLD. Full directions with each Box.
Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.
Sold by Druggists generally. B. F. ALLEN & CO., 365 and 367 Canal St., New York, Sole Agents for the United States, who (if your druggist does not keep them.)
WILL MAIL BEECHAM'S PILLS ON RECEIPT OF PRICE 25 CENTS A BOX.

Works like magic, and by its use the daily expenditure of every household in the land can be greatly reduced. Ask your Grocer for a
FREE SAMPLE.
Once you try it you will have no other.
Made only by
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., ST. LOUIS.

DR. HORNE'S ELECTRO-MAGNETIC BELT
DR. HORNE'S Electro-Magnetic Belts!
The Grandest Triumph of Electric Science—Scientifically Made and Practically Applied.
Gentlemen's Belt with Electric Suspensory. Best Scientific Medical Belts.
DISEASE CURED WITHOUT MEDICINES
IT WILL CURE YOU Have you Pains in the Back, Hips, Head or Limbs, Nervous Debility, Lumbago, General Debility, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Diseases of Kidneys, Spinal Diseases, Torpid Liver, Gout, Exhaustion, Emissions, Asthma, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Erysipelas, Indigestion, Weakness, Impotency, Catarrh, Piles, Epilepsy, Dumb Ague, Diabetes, Hydrocele, Blood Diseases, Dropsy, etc., then this belt is just what you need. Electricity instantly Felt. Can be applied to any part of the body. Whole family can wear it. It electrifies the blood and cures
WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS.
TESTIMONIALS Every one genuine and used by permission. NOTE the following who have been CURED:—A. J. Hoagland, R. S. Parker and J. M. Hazlett, all on Board of Trade, Chicago; A. Gregory, commission merchant Stock Yards; Budd Doble, the great horseman; A. C. Woodley, M. D., 803 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.; G. W. Bellus, M. D., Mormontown, Iowa; Lemuel Milk, Kankakee, Ill.; Judge L. S. Murray, Naperville, Ill.; E. L. Abbott, supt. city water works, South Bend, Ind.; Robt. R. Sampson, Chicago post office; L. D. McMichael, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.—Your belt has accomplished what no other remedy has: steady nerves and comfortable sleep at night." Robt. Hall, alderman, 150 East 30th Street, New York, etc.
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should be mild, prompt, and pleasant, with no griping or purgative effects. It should also incite the liver to action, aid digestion, and relieve the kidneys. Like nothing else, Paine's Celery Compound is a perfect laxative, and cures constipation where all other remedies fail.

"As a gentle laxative," Paine's Celery Compound is surely without a peer. I think I ought to know, since I have tried remedy after remedy for about five or six years and have found nothing that equals it in my case of costiveness." J. B. JENKINS, Teacher, Cloyd's Creek, Tenn.

"Paine's Celery Compound is prompt and pleasant. As a laxative it leaves little to be desired. I have great confidence in its merits." ALBERT LEONARD, Associate Editor, Journal of Pedagogy, Athens, Ohio.

"For two or three years I suffered intensely every night with severe pains in my bowels, which were habitually constipated. My bowels are now regular, and I have had no return of those pains since using one bottle of

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THE MOST CERTAIN AND SAFE
PAIN REMEDY
In the world that instantly stops the most excruciating pains. It never fails to give ease to the sufferer of Pain arising from whatever cause; it is truly the great
CONQUEROR OF PAIN.
It has done more good than any known remedy. For SPRAINS, BRUISES, BACKACHE, PAIN IN THE CHEST OR SIDES, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, or any other external PAIN a few applications, rubbed on by hand act like magic, causing the pain to instantly stop. For CONGESTIONS INFLAMMATIONS, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, SCIATICA, PAINS IN THE SMALL OF THE BACK, more extended, longer continued and repeated applications are necessary. All INTERNAL PAINS, DIARRHŒA, COLIC, SPASMS, NAUSEA, FAINTING SPELLS, NERVOUSNESS, SLEEPLESSNESS are relieved instantly and quickly cured by taking inwardly 20 to 60 drops in half a tumbler of water. 50 cents a bottle; sold by all Druggists.
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References—Metropolitan National Bank, R. G. Dun & Co. The Bradstreet Co.

THE RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

OMAHA.

UNION PACIFIC. Depot 10th and Marcy sts.	Leave Omaha.	Arrive Omaha.
Pacific Express	7:25 p m	7:30 a m
Seven'ne Express	1:35 p m	11:40 a m
Denver Express	10:00 a m	3:45 p m
Kansas City, Lincoln & Beatrice Express	5:05 a m	11:20 p m
All above trains daily.		

C. & N.-W. R. R. Depot 10th and Marcy sts.	Leave Omaha.	Arrive Omaha.
No. 6	9:15 a m	
No. 4, Vestibule	3:45 p m	
No. 2	6:15 p m	
No. 1 Daily except Mond'y		10:00 a m
No. 3, Vestibule		10:01 a m
No. 5		7:05 p m
All Trains Daily.		

BURLINGTON ROUTE. Depot 10th and Mason sts.	Leave Omaha.	Arrive Omaha.
Chicago Fast Express	3:50 p m	5:20 a m
Chicago Mail	9:30 a m	6:40 p m
Chicago Local	6:30 p m	8:35 a m
Denver Fast Express	5:30 a m	3:00 p m
California Mail	9:30 a m	6:00 p m
Colorado Mail	7:10 p m	9:42 a m
Kansas City Express	9:00 a m	6:45 a m
Kansas City Express	8:50 p m	7:05 p m

F., E. & M. V. R. R. Depot 15th & Webster sts.	Leave Omaha.	Arrive Omaha.
*Hastings & Blk Hills Pas	9:00 a m	4:45 p m
†Norfolk Passenger	5:15 p m	10:15 a m

MISSOURI PACIFIC. Depot 15th & Webster sts.	Leave Omaha.	Arrive Omaha.
Day Express	10:30 a m	6:30 a m
Night Express	8:30 p m	6:05 p m

C., M. & ST. PAUL. Depot 10th and Marcy sts.	Leave Omaha.	Arrive Omaha.
No. 2	9:15 a m	
No. 4	6:35 p m	
No. 1		7:15 a m
No. 3		7:05 p m

C., ST. P., M. & O. Depot 15th & Webster sts.	Arrive Omaha.	Leave Omaha.
*Sioux City Express	1:00 p m	1:00 p m
*Oakland Accommod'n	5:00 p m	6:45 a m
*Sioux City Accommod'n	4:15 a m	5:40 p m
St. Paul Limited	8:40 a m	7:00 p m
*Daily Except Sunday.		

| C., R. I. & P. Depot 10th and Marcy sts. | Leave Omaha. | Arrive Omaha. |
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