WHY WAS THERE NO INQUEST?

Grounds for Suspicion That an Investigation Was Feared.

DESECRATION OF DEAD BODIES.

Inhuman and Brutal Treatment of Pauper Corpses by Mahoney and His Employes—The Undertaker's Story.

More Revolting Testimony.

Last Sunday morning, in connection with its expose of the misdoings at the poor farm and county hospital, THE BEE published an interview with Mrs. Joseph Mohr in which she stated that a man named Gardner, an idiotic inmate of the hospital, was allowed to wander out into the cold one night during the winter of 1886-87, thinly clad, and that when found the man was dead—frozen to death.

Did Mahoney Fear Investigation?

Yesterday a reporter went over the records of Coroner John Drexel from the first of October, 1886, to the first of May, 1887, but could find no record of an inquest upon the body of this man. Mr. Drexel was asked if he had held an inquest upon the remains of any man at the poor farm who met his death by freezing during the winter of 1886-87. He said he had not.

"It is the duty of Mr. Mahoney, isn't it, Mr. Drexel, to notify you in the case of the violent death of any inmates of the hospital or almshouse?" asked the reporter.

"It is".

"And you are certain that during the winter of 86-7 you held no inquest upon a frozen man at the poor farm.

"I am."

Mrs. Mohr has expressed her willingness to swear to the statements she made.

Desecrates Bodies of the Dead.

Charles Riewe is the proprietor of an undertaking establishment at 1009 Farnam street, and in the way of his business has had more or less to do with Superintendent John J. Mahoney of the Douglas county hospital and poorfarm.

According to Mr. Riewe, a young Swedish girl died at St. Joseph's hospital on the 19th of October, 1887, and after death, was taken by the good sisters to Mr. Riewe's establishment to be properly laid out for burial. She was without kith or kin in Omaha, and being without money it devolved upon the superintendent of the poor, John J. Mahoney, to provide a burial casket and attend to the interment of the remains.

Mr. Riewe telephoned to Mr. Mahoney that the body awaited burial, and that on account of the heat and the fact that the remains had already been exposed many hours, that haste was necessary. Mr. Mahoney telephoned back that he would come when he got ready.

The day was very warm and after waiting some time, Mr. Riewe again called up the superintendent with the request that the remains be taken away for burial. Mr. Mahoney replied that he would let the body lie in Riewe's establishment forty-eight hours longer if the undertaker didn't stop telephoning.

It Was Brutal.

Finally Mahoney came with his hired man, his wagon and a rickety coffin.

Mahoney seized the dead girl roughly by the feet while the hired man grabbed the inanimate form by the shoulders, and then the two burly brutes tossed the body roughly into the coffin face downward.

The poor body came into harsh contact with the rough deal boards, and after the coffin had been nailed up, blood was seen oozing from the cracks.

Mr. Riewe cited another case of cruelty to the dead for which Mahoney, through his hired man was responsible. A young pauper foreigner lay dead at his establishment, awaiting burial. Mahoney was notified that a six foot coffin would be necessary, but when the man came for the body he brought a casket only five feet six inches in length. The fact that the coffin was too short for the body, made no difference to the ghoul to whose tender mercies Mahoney had left the remains. He threw the body into the coffin and although the bent knees protruded above the upper edge, he made the body fit the coffin by forcing the lid down and fastening it with tenpenny nails. As he did so the crushing of bones was heard.

Complexion powder is an absolute necessity of the refined toilet in this climate. Pozonni's combines every element of beauty and purity.

JUSTICE AT EASE.

Only a few Cases Taken to Her for Adjudication.

A very peculiar case was put on trial before Judge Groff and a jury. The parties to it are Belle W. Gue and husband against Abraham Sauer, who is charged with having refused to cancel a certain mortgage after it had been paid and the court is asked to give judgment against him for $100, the penalty prescribed for such an offense. The plaintiff's petition alleges that the mortgage of $225, was paid in 1887 and that Sauer was requested to release it from the record, which he promised to do. Some months afterward J. W. Gue discovered that this request had not been complied with and went to see Sauer about it. Some excuse for the neglect was given, and another promise was made at once. But it ran along and the mortgage still remains on record. Sauer sets up as his defense a denial of the petition together with a statement of his inability on account of absence to give the affair personal attention.

Whitmore against Payne et al, a suit to quiet the title to a lot in Lowe's addition, is on trial before Judge Wakely.

Two jury verdicts were rendered yesterday in the district court, in favor of the plaintiffs in each case. Elbert H. Cochran were given a verdict for $150 in his case against Edwin A. Leavenworth. Belle W. Gare et al was given $100 on a verdict against Abraham R. Souer.

The following appealed cases were taken to the district court yesterday from lower tribunals: Martin Keating vs Gotlieb Zimmerman, from Read's court; Frank D. Muir et al vs William Latey et al, from the county court; State vs Godfred Burhalter, grand larceny; State vs Richard Ryan, burglary.

John I. Redick commenced suit against Sarah Elliott and M. E. Free to recover $310, alleged to be due for rent of a building at 1511½ Farnam street.

County Court.

In the county court yesterday the plaintiff in the case of Stein vs Andrews was given a judgment for $483.

The court also gave a judgment for $412 in favor of George V. Asgobright, who sued E. H. Cochran.

United States Court.

D. H. Coolridge, Boston, A. Thompson, of Bangor, Me., and Catharine Conont, of New York, have instituted equity proceedings against John L. Duer et al, of Pawnee City, on foreclosure of mortgages. Each plaintiff sues for $2,000 and interest.

An Absolute Cure.

The ORIGINAL ABIETINE OINTMENT is only put up in large two ounce tin boxes, and is an absolute cure for old sores, burns, wounds and chapped hands, and all skin eruptions. Will positively cure all kinds of piles. Ask for the ORIGINAL ABIETINE OINTMENT. Sold by Goodman Drug Co., at 25 cents per box—by mail 30 cents.

Ohio Men.

The Ohio men who are forming an association will meet Thursday night at the office of Dr. Rosewater, in the Continental block. At this meeting a constitution and by laws will be submitted. A full attendance is therefore requested.

Do as you please when you please to do right; and you will always do the proper thing in taking Bigelow's Positive cure for coughs, colds, and all throat and lung troubles. Pleasant to take and speedy cure. 50 cents and $1. Goodman Drug Co.

A MISSING BRUTE.

Henry A. Turner, Charged With a Terrible Crime, Disappears.

There has come to light the desperate attempt of a furniture clerk named Henry A. Turner to ravish a seventeen-year-old girl named Hannah Anderson. Turner has been of late in the employ of the Nebraska Furniture company at 606 and 608 North Sixteenth street. His employer keeps his teams at a barn rented from private parties living on Webster street between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets. Turner takes care of the horses and is about the barn considerably. Hannah Anderson is employed by the family to whom the barn belongs and whose name, by request, is withheld. On Sunday, about 8 a. m., Turner watched Hannah enter an outhouse near the barn, and then attempted to follow her. She braced herself against the door and succeeded for a time in keeping him out. He finally managed to force the door open and attempted to overpower the girl to accomplish her ruin. She screamed for help, but it seems her cries were unheard save by her assailant. A desperate struggle ensued and for half an hour the girl successfully resisted his efforts, when she made her escape and darted towards the house. Rushing in she aroused her mistress and told the horrible story of the assault. She was prostrated from fright and the long physical strain and has since been unable to work.

The affair was reported to Mr. D. Smith, Turner's employer, but when he questioned the latter concerning it, Turner became deathly pale and denied the charge. When he saw, however, that all was known, he half admitted it and inside of an hour disappeared and has not been seen since. Even the woman with whom he was rooming and whom he called his wife can tell nothing about him.

On another occasion it is said that Turner attempted to ravish the girl who formerly worked at the same place where Hannah is employed. He made indecent proposals to her pursued her into the house and attempted to do her violence. But this time he was also foiled.

Turner is a heavy set man about twenty-five, with black hair, moustache and eyes and talks with an English accent.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. 25 cents a bottle.

Laird is Dangerously Ill.

From the very best authority it is learned that Congressman Laird's friends have very little, if any hopes, of his recovery. G. M. Hostwick of Hastings told an Omaha man, Tuesday, that Mr. Laird's condition, all other reports to the contrary, is more critical than the public suspects. Rumors to the effect that his mind has been shattered are there, and sooner or later the real facts concerning his affliction must be made known. The most pronounced evidence of his insanity was shown when traveling to Washington two weeks ago. As soon as he boarded the car at Hastings, Mr. Laird went into a state-room alone, locked the door, and would not permit any person to see or speak to him until the train reached Chicago. Bostwick receives information from those attending the patient every day, and since arriving at Washington his health has not improved. On the other hand he is growing worse daily.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

Is made especially for coughs and colds and will cure a severe cold in less time than any other treatment. It does not dry up a cough or cold, but loosens and relieves it. It is unequalled for croup and whooping cough. No one afflicted with a throat or lung trouble can use it without benefit. There is no danger in giving it to children, as it contains no injurious substance. For sale by all druggists.

Union Pacific Gravel.

Superintendent Ressequie and Assistant Superintendent Touhy left for Papillion where at a point about two miles from the line of road a large and select bed of gravel is reported. They will close arrangements for the construction of a branch track extending from its main line to the pit. General Manager Kimball stated yesterday that there were several points where gravel existed in large quantities and that preparations were being made to develop them. The bed which lies near Papillion is also traversed by the Missouri Pacific. This will involve an outlay of about $35,000 but the income anticipated is figured up in the hundreds of thousands.

Palaces on Wheels.

The Union Pacific received two new coaches built expressly for service on the Golden Gate special by the Pullman company. The cars arrived Tuesday night and yesterday were one of the striking features of the palace train, as it pulled out for San Francisco. Both coaches are equipped with all of the latest improvements and especially designed drawing rooms. They are said to be two of the finest vehicles ever turned out by the Pullman company and represent an investment of nearly $40,000.

Tin Soldiers Must Go.

The Union Pacific, it is said, has concluded to abandon the train agent service and that an announcement of the same will be made at an early date. This system was introduced on the Union Pacific about six months ago and was resorted to in order to prevent the dealing in round trip tickets by the scalpers. These men were required to put off trains all who purchased scalpers' tickets. It has caused the road a great deal of trouble and one case is now pending against the company in Douglas courts.

Eddy Made Receiver.

J. M. Eddy, formerly superintendent of the Belt Line at this place, and also general manager of the International & Great Northern, has been appointed receiver of the latter road and has qualified with bonds of $100,000. It is stated that the receivership movement is a scheme of Jay Gould to freeze out the minor stockholders.

Railroad Notes.

No report of the clash between Union Pacific and Northern Pacific laborers in Jefferson canon, as mentioned in the telegraph columns of THE BEE, has yet reached the headquarters in this city.

The bids for the construction of the Union Pacific shops at Cheyenne have been opened, but the terms have not as yet been made public.

Information was received at the Missouri Pacific headquarters in this city yesterday to the effect that Jay Gould and party would visit Omaha in a few days.

Our charming country women are not only acknowledged to be among the loveliest of their sex, but capital cooks. They declare unanimously that Van Duzer's flavoring extracts are the only ones that impart to pies, puddings, cakes, etc., the genuine flavor. Why? Because they are made from the finest fruit, without any doubtful aid from cheap and hurtful chemicals used to stimulate the real taste. Grocers everywhere sell these extracts.

A Valuable Work.

Rand, McNally & Co.'s new indexed county and township pocket map and shippers' guide of Nebraska, with its new and original indexing system, is out. As is usual with the productions of this firm it is very correct and an almost indispensible work for business and professional men, travelers and the like. The special features of the map are: Locating the branch or particular division of railroad upon which each station is situated; the nearest mailing point of all local places; designating money order post-offices; telegraph station and naming the express companies doing business at the points where the several companies have offices. The wonder is how so much information can be crowded into so small a space.

Prominent clergymen, physicians, and all classes of citizens are unanimous in the endorsement of Salvation Oil, the greatest cure for rheumatism.

No greater guarantee of the excellence of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup could be furnished than that it is recommended by all the leading druggists.

QUARANTINING PESTILENCE.

The Bee Again Shows Up the Filthy Alleys of Omaha.

THEY MAY NOW BE PURIFIED

Mayor Broatch Says He Will Have the Board of Health Attend to It—Ford and Hascall, Obstructionists.

A Municipal Disgrace.

The alleys of the city of Omaha are in a deplorably filthy condition at present and, so far as can be ascertained, there is no provision being made for cleaning them. In some parts of the city, they are really in a horrible state, reeking in the offal of stables and pig-pens, the refuse from kitchens and other sources innumerable. Garbage and ash piles, old oyster cans, dead cats, hoop-skirts, brick-bats, slop barrels and other offensive wastes block up the way and fill the air for squares around with noxious and disease-breeding odors. Citizens are complaining on every hand, and yet, no one can see a remedy, as there is no city ordinance governing the matter. Only once in the history of Omaha have the alleys been cleaned by contract. That was three or four years ago, and was only done then at a cost of $300 in a considerable district. Since then they have been but meagerly attended to, by police notification, and at the present time many of them are little better than sluiceways or surface sewers.

St. A. D. Balcombe, chairman of the board of public works, remarked to a reporter that there never has been any arrangement for cleaning the alleys. They have never been swept or any contracts let for this purpose. The policy of sending the sanitary policeman on rounds of inspection has alone been pursued. These police, when in their estimation the case demands it, notify the property holders to clean up their abutting alleys or suffer a consequent penalty in the police court.

"Does not this police supervision over alleys extend only to the removal of nuisances?" queried the reporter.

"I suppose that is fact," said Mr. Balcombe, "but my understanding is that they treat everything found as a nuisance."

"Has their service been satisfactory?"

"Not by any means, as the present condition of our alleys clearly attest."

"Is it a fact, Mr. Balcombe, that there is no municipal law regulating this matter?"

"Not that I know of. The board of public works has only been ordered by the city council to let contracts for sweeping and cleaning the streets. This ordinance was passed some five or six years ago."

"Just what is the clause touching this matter?"

"That I am unable to give you, from the simple fact the city officials are perfectly ignorant of our municipal laws. There is not a copy of that ordinance, or any other that I know of in the city building. The compilation of the ordinances has been choked off for some mysterious reason, and if we desire to know anything about any particular ordinance we must go up to the city clerk's office rummage over a prodigious pile of musty documents until we find it. This sometimes takes hours. And what are we to do?"

"Give up."

"Well that's just what we'll have to do."

Another city official present was very emphatic in asserting that the alleys, especially those paved, should, be swept and cleaned like the sheets; that policemen were negligent, inefficient and guilty of favoritism; that they removed only local nuisances, and consequently could not keep the alleys in a decent condition. He said further that the alleys were in a horrible state at present and that their overhauling and cleaning was absolutely necessary to avert the pestilence. Under the warm sun and soft southern breezes the refuse blockading many of them was fast becoming a hideous mass of putrefaction and the atmosphere in many parts of the city is already redolent of the virulent gases and inimical odors which are the consequence of such a condition of things.

Mayor Broatch said that the alleys were not paved like the streets, and were consequently not swept like them. He said he was aware that the complaints were loud and numerous and that the board of health intened to take immediate action upon this head. Mr. Broatch also said that the board consisted of himself, the president of the council, Mr. Lee; chairman of the committee on police, Mr. Boyd, the chief of the police and City Physician Ralph.

"The board is to meet this afternoon," continued the mayor, "when this matter will be exhaustively discussed, and ways and means devised for the immediate renovation of all the alleys in the city."

"Why is it, Mr. Mayor," asked the reporter, "that the publication of the compiled ordinances, ordered months ago, is not out?"

Well, sir," said he and his eyes sparkled indignantly, "such obstructionists as Hascall and Pat Ford are responsible for this. They have opposed every bill looking toward this end, notwithstanding their knowledge of the fact that the work has been ordered, that the ordinances are already in type and ready to go to press. It is an outrage and the citizens should bring their influence to bear upon these fellows who seek to block all meritorious work."

"What are the special duties of the city physician, Mr. Broatch," the reporter went on.

"Attention to the police and fire department, the city jail and the poor and indigent. Ah, he is kept pretty busy, I tell you, and is out most of the time."

"Then he earns the $2,400 he draws annually from the city's exchequer?"

"Yes, indeed, he does."

"And you are sure that the alley question will be attended to this afternoon."

"Perfectly."

For Seasickness

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Dr. Price, of the White Star S. S. Germanic, says: "I have prescribed it in my practice among the passengers traveling to and from Europe, in this steamer, and the result has satisfied me that if taken in time, it will, in a great many cases prevent seasickness."

In New Quarters.

The Western Union Telegraph company has taken possession of its new operating room in the fifth story of the Omaha National bank building, where Mrnager Levin says he has the most complete quarters of the kind in the country. They are well lighted from three sides, supplied with all modern conveniences and appliances and contain twenty-seven quartette tables, each of which affords accommodations for four operators. The business office on the first floor has not yet been finished, but it is expected to be in first class condition in about three weeks.

One word: One step may make or mar one's whole future. Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic is the proper move when you have dyspepsia, badbreath, piles, pimples, ague, malaria, low spirits, head ache, or any stomach or liver troubles. 50 cents. Goodman Drug Co.

OBITUARY.

BATDORF—Grace May Batdorf, daughter of Henry and Lovenia Batdorf, died at their residence, 937 North Twenty-sixth avenue, aged 9 years, 5 months.

Funeral Thursday, March 14, at 2 p. m. Friends are invited.

I've got it. What? Why the best thing yet, "Belle" Sane Hading veiling by the yard from 65c up, sold by all dry good stores.

A New Company.

Articles of incorporation of the Adamant Wall Plaster company with Cleusnek R. Collins, M. Domling, T. B. Purcell and William M. Larimer as incorporators, were filed with the county clerk yestarday. The capital stock of the new concern is $70,000. The company is organized for an existence of sixteen years, during which time it will manufacture wall plaster and material for finishing and decorating walls.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are widely known as an admirable remedy for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, and Throat troubles. Sold only in boxes.

EXTREME POVERTY.

A Queer Story in Which the County Physician Figures Prominently.

Sunday afternoon Officer Haze, who patrols the Tenth street beat had his attention directed to a case of extreme poverty on Leavenworth street near Eleventh. The officer repaired to a small cottage and there found Mrs. Mary Johnson lying in a critical condition without friends, money or food. He at once telephoned County Physician Keogh but that gentleman, it is said, did not put in an appearance until Monday about noon. The woman was at that time attacked with labor pain, but, it is said, the physician refused to accept her statement of her condition and asserted that she was a sporting woman and that he would not attend to that class of people. He gave her a few powders and then left her to get along as best she could. Yesterday about daybreak she gave birth to a child. Dr. Smith, a physician on South Tenth street, hearing of the woman's predicament, tendered aid. The mother and child are in a critical condition.

Pears' soap is the most elegant toilet adjunct.

STRIKERS STILL OUT.

Journeymen Tailors and Bosses Submit Terms Without Result.

At the meeting between the bosses and the journeymen tailors yesterday the bosses agreed to pay the old scale of wages provided the journeymen would return to work at once. They also requested that in settlement both parties should give sixty days notice before a reduction of wages on one hand and before a strike on the other. Following up this a meeting of the strikers was held in Green's hall last night which was largely attended. The proposition of settlement was discussed to some length but the strikers decided not to return under the terms and in consequence the strike is still on. At the meeting last night a scale of wages was drawn up which is a trifle above the old prices and the men decided that this bill must be recognized or no settlement would be reached. Another meeting of the journeymen will be held to-night. When questioned last night the men stated that they had taken a stand and a settlement could only be reached by the bosses approving it.

Pears' soap secures a beautiful complexion.

Marriage Licenses.

Following are the marriage licenses issued yesterday in the county court by Judge Shields:

Name and Residence.	Age.
James M. Robinson, Omaha	40
Mary Morton, Omaha	33
George W. Jones Omaha	28
Lydia Leopard, Omaha	22
George H. Ashby, Omaha	23
Carrie Smith, Omaha	20

For a disordered liver try Beecham's Pills.

SOUTH OMAHA NEWS.

Condemning Cattle.

Stock Inspector Doc Johnson commenced his good work Tuesday by condemning two lump-jaw cattle, shipped by Isaac Funk, Faribault, Minn., to Savage & Green. These animals were sold for $2.50 each after condemnation. Two head of cattle were condemned to-day, one consigned to Palmer, Richman & Co. The consignor cannot be ascertained, neither has the name of the consignor nor consignee been learned of the second one condemned to-day. Beef eaters, commission men and packing house men are enthusiastic over this good move and are giving the inspector every encouragement in his work. The day of diseased beef is passed in South Omaha.

Bohemian Lodge of Foresters.

About twenty Bohemians met Tuesday evening in the National hall, Twenty-fourth and L streets to organize a Bohemian lodge of Independent Order of Foresters. Charles Sniger was elected chairman and V. Pivonka secretary. Owing to the failure of the books and blanks to arrive it was decided not to select officers till another meeting. Adjourned to meet in the same place Tuesday evening the 19th.

Notes About the City.

Frank Supplee, of the B. & M. clerical force, has resigned.

Mayor Sloane has appointed Martin Spoettle a special policeman.

Policeman Joseph Humpal's new daughter is the latest run of good fortune on the police force.

Rabbi S. Benson, of Omaha, came down to the packing house of Swift & Co., Tuesday, and killed some sheep and cattle according to the orthodox Jewish rites for meat food.

The grocers are uniting to protect themselves against unfair exactions of wholesale merchants and others, and will meet Saturday evening in the Emonon club to discuss the matter.

Omaha lodge, No. 66, A. O. U. W., will have an entertainment, with refreshments, next Tuesday evening, and will invite Omaha, Union Pacific, Gate City and Foreman lodges, of Omaha, to be present.

Captain John Murphy, the efficient and popular foreman of the Armour-Cudahy fire company, Tuesday resigned, much to the disappointment of his many friends in South Omaha. Captain Murphy will return to Omaha and go on the fire force there.

The citadel of sin in South Omaha was attacked by the Salvation army Wednesday evening. Meetings will be held nightly in Hunt's opera house.

Four of the teachers in the public schools have been on the sick list. Misses Maud Eastman and Mary E. Acker are yet off duty and Misses Nettie M. Prichard and Dora E. Squier have recovered sufficiently to resume their work. Commencing March 29 there will be a vacation of one week.

Isaac Levy, at the hearing Tuesday at Papillion on a charge of obtaining goods under false pretenses, after the plaintiff's case was heard, was discharged. A. W. Clark's complaint stated that Mr. Levy defrauded him out of $110 and on the stand he swore that Mr. Levy bought 1,200 pounds of butter, while Mr. Clark's shipping clerk swore that only 700 pounds of butter were shipped.

P. S. Carey has sold his drug store to Dr. B. F. Johnson of Atchison, Kansas.

Mrs. Gilbert, a widow residing on K street near Twenty fourth street, complains that Tuesday a man giving the name of Phelps, robbed her of between $250 and $300 while she was preparing a meal.

The Third Ward Independent Political club organized at the Clifton house, Twenty-seventh and R streets by electing the following officers: President, Thomas Kinsello; secretary, John Blondon; treasurer, Ed Gorman. The next meeting will be at the Clifton house Thursday evening.

At 10 o'clock this morning the fire alarm at the Armour-Cudahy packing works sounded. The company's fire company and the city department were on hand in a few minutes. No fire—false alarm. Edward A. Cudahy says the company is putting in lightening arrestors and the wires became crossed giving the local alarm. The general alarm was then sounded. The A. D. T. was notified and gave the Omaha depot notice to be prepared to come.

Hollis E. Hogle one of the active and popular young republicans is the latest aspirant for the postmastership appointment. Mr. Hogle starts out late in the race, but the smile of confidence he wears on his face indicates confidence in the support given him and knowledge of the intentions of the powers that be.

Manager John F. Boyd, on being asked about the live stock inspection bill now before the legislature, replied: "I consider it a very dangerous piece of legislation, and that it would if passed utterly ruin the packing industries of Nebraska, and further I think if thoroughly understood by the people throughout the state there would be a protest from all stock interests against any such legislation."

At a meeting of the South Omaha Electric Light company, held in John F. Boyd's office yesterday forenoon, a contract was concluded with the Westinghouse Electric Light Manufacturing company for a complete incandescent system. The plant ordered is to be completed within sixty days. The contract calls for new boilers, engines and dynamos, sufficient for 800 lights. Lines will be run all over the city and every section will be supplied. More will be begun at once.

THEY HAD WORN THE BLUE.

Memories of the Tented Field Revived With Mirth and Song.

CAMP-FIRE OF JOLLY VETERANS.

There Were No Weary Sentinels on the Outposts and No Bushwhacker Prowled About For a Shot.

A Great Bivouac.

Clark's hall on Fourteenth between Douglas and Dodge streets never witnessed a more enlivening scene than that which was presented there Tuesday night. It was a revel of mirth, music, patriotism, hard tack and eloquence. The revelers were ex-soldiers and the occasion was a camp-fire gotten up by U. S. Grant post, No. 10, G. A. R.

There were 300 retainers present. Some wore the regulation uniform of the order, some appeared in civilians clothes, but the breasts of all were bedecked with the simple and symbolic badge of the Grand Army of the Republic. There were few among those present who had not passed their fortieth year and some were venerable with age and hoary hairs. Amidst the throng were also noted several members of the George A. Crook post, Sons of Veterans.

In many places the walls were hung with the national colors. On the north side stood an army tent, while in the middle was an admirable representation of a camp fire. A grate of iron, fashioned like a bundle of logs with perforations, blazed with the fickleness of a pile subjected to the wayward breezes. The gas was supported by a pipe which had been extended especially for the occasion from the supply pipe near the entrance to the hall. Over the flames hung a steaming iron kettle which was suspended from a gypsy-like arch composed of three poles which met and were fastened near the top. On either side were stacks of arms from the bayonet of each piece of which hung canteens and ammunition boxes which had evidently experienced the vicissitudes of war.

Around these reminders of a glorious and memorable struggle for home and freedom ranged the veterans. Nearly everybody smoked. Very few regaled themselves with cigars, while Missouri meerchaums, otherwise cob pipes, were readily patronized by the human Ætnas. Dense clouds of Durham smoke filled the upper regions, but unmindful of it the veterans talked, laughed, joked, recounted exploits, renewed old and formed new acquaintances. It was not the smoke of battle but the smoke of peace, a dear but honorable peace, in securing which there was not a breast which did not heave with exultation in considering the part its owner had played in securing it.

Major Clarkson acted as chairman, Paul Hersh acted as musical director extraordinary, leading in all the grand old choruses which have been so identified with martial life. Dr. Stone, one of the managing committee, in fact the originator of the undertaking, hustled like an usher in a crowded auditorium. Simeon Bloom, another committeeman, with easy dignity held down a chair of state upon the platform, while Comrade Parmelee made himself as useful as a committeeman is expected to make himself under such circumstances.

Comrade Goodspeed, of New York, a gentleman with florid features and snowy hair, made a forcible speech, commending the achievements of the federal forces, the order of the Grand Army of the Republic, and closing with the assertion that he was proud to be a member of it, as also of the fact that he had aided in the suppression of the rebellion.

Comrade Burmester then placed a chuck-a-luck card upon the carpet and, simultaneously, half a dozen veterans squatted like tailors, and the rattle of the dice-box thence followed till the close of the entertainment.

Other groups disposed themselves around the fire and played cards, while others still sat, smoked and looked reflectively into the curling flames, as if reminded of those they had often studied in their bivouacks on the field.

Comrade Burmester read from the National Republican an account of the enlistment in the Grand Army of Senator Randall, which was received with cheers. He read also a "shot" by a contributor showing that the effect of the attack upon Governor Fifer, of Illinois, by his opponent, ex-Governor Palmer, in so far as its effect upon the Grand Army was concerned was likened to the hole left in a bucket of water when one withdraws his finger from the tub.

Comrade Allo made an entertaining it lengthy speech, which was interspersed with anecdotes, martial quotations and a defense of the federal soldier against the attack of General Ross, who said that one southern soldier was equal to two blue-belly Yankees. He said that man to man, eye to eye, and arm to arm, the federal was more than equal to any rebel on any field during the rebellion. He illustrated this by an episode in which he had taken part, where 200 Yankees chased for two miles a reviment of confederates.

Charles Burmester wanted to know if they ever caught up with them, and the sally evoked hearty laughter and applause.

"Marching Through Georgia" was then sung with a will, after which Comrade Gentsch, chief of the pension bureau at Washington, spoke for a few moments. Among other things he said that at this time, so many years after the war, when it was difficult to secure evidence, there was no doubt but more leniency in the matter of pensioning soldiers should be exercised. There was no doubt that thousands of soldiers were denied pensions to which they were entitled. That they were entitled to them had in various votes been determined by the people, and further in cases where proof was reasonable the doubt should be turned in favor of the soldier.

Chaplain Richardson, a brother of Colonel Richardson, of the 112th of New York, made a short speech, and then, the only real live general in the gathering was called to the front. He re-echoed Comrade Allo's sentiments in reply to Rossa and said that he had lived in South Carolina for fifteen years after the war and know Rossa's sentiments prevailed there then as they prevail even at the present time. He then read a poem on the woodpecker which brought down the house.

Frank Mores, as the original "Hole in the Bottom of the Sea" was introduced, sang a stanza of that effort and then read Tom Sharp's letter to Commissioner Black on the subject of pensions. One who has heard or read the piece will readily understand why the veterans howled.

Beans, pickles, bread, butter, coffee and hard tack were served and disposed of in a manner which suggested a regular old campaign feast.

The blaze of the camp fire and the hilarity of the veterans continued until midnight.

Bad Bookkeeping.

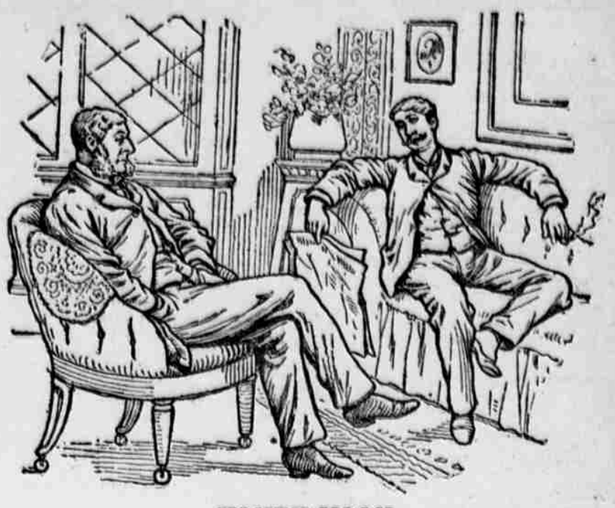
It only lacked a few minutes of 10 o'clock last night when Judge Berka summoned up the evidence in the case of Alva B. Cook, charged with embezzling $1,300 of Missouri Pacific money. It all went to show that the books were rather loosely kept prior to Cook's term of office, and that officials of the road were somewhat inclined to make short date loans from the office money, but as Cook was in charge of the books for two years, the court held that he should not have sent in statements showing "cash on hand" unless the cash or an equivalent "I. O. U." was in the drawer. He accordingly bound the prisoner to the district court in a $1,500 bond, which was at once furnished. Cook still maintains that if there was any stealing done, it was during the regime of his predecessor, Briggs, and is confident that a jury will say so.

Business Troubles.

BOSTON, March 13.—Noyes & Fish, boot and shoes jobbers, have assigned. Liabilities $110,000, with nominal assets of $115,000.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.



HONEY-MOON.

"Say, Perkins, old boy, why don't we see you at the club any more? Has your mother-in-law shut down on you?" "No, Brown the fact of the matter is, my home is so happy now that there is no inducement for me to leave it. You look incredulous but it is a positive fact. You see my wife used to suffer so much from functional derangements and weaknesses common to her sex, that her spirits and her temper were greatly affected. It was not her fault, of course, but it made home unpleasant all the same. But now, since she has begun to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, she has been so well and so happy that we are having our honey-moon all over again."

As an invigorating tonic, "Favorite Prescription" imparts strength to the whole system. For overworked, "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

GUARANTEED. "Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine for woman's peculiar derangements, painful disorders and weaknesses, sold by druggists, under a *positive guarantee*, from the manufacturers, of giving satisfaction, or money paid for it will be refunded.

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Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets — SIZE OF PELLETS.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets

PURELY VEGETABLE!
PERFECTLY HARMLESS!
Unequaled as a LIVER PILL.

Smallest, Cheapest, Easiest to take. One tiny, Sugar-coated Pellet a dose. Cures Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the Stomach and bowels. 25 cents a vial, by druggists.

WHAT PEOPLE TALK ABOUT.

Views and Interviews Caught in Hotel Corridors and Elsewhere.

The cable people expect to make several important extensions of their various lines this season, as well as to change some of the horse car tracks, but, according to Mr. Johnson, who was questioned by a BEE man last night, there is no prospect now of any attempt being made to occupy Sherman avenue. Said he: "What we do in the way of building will be done on the lines to the south and west. To build on Sherman avenue would require the erection of another power house, and that we are not ready for just yet." The first extension will be that of the Harney street line to Hanscom park and another going south. Within a few days the consolidation of cable and street car property will have been completed, and just as soon thereafter as it can be arranged the new company expects to have out a regularly arranged schedule for running trains on better and quicker time than heretofore. The Farnam street line will not be changed to cable.

Judge Dundy says the people of Hastings treated him royally while he was out there this week holding United States court and thinks they have a very pretty time. It was a great term.

"You went there, held court, finished all the business and got through in one day?"

"O no, not by any means, we were at it a part of two days. The session commenced at 4 o'clock Monday, and adjourned for one year, at 9:30 on Tuesday."

Lon Hill has a great many stories to tell of his recent trip through old Mexico by mule. Speaking last evening about the expense of living in that country he said beef is dirt cheap, but hog meat comes high. You can buy big fat bullocks for $12 a head while bacon ranges from 60 to 75 cents a pound, and is scarce at that.

Bishop Newman, who returned yesterday from an extended trip through the east and south says that he is more than ever delighted with Omaha and the prospects of his sojourn here being pleasurable as well as profitable. Judging from the inquiries made of him everywhere and the amount of talk he heard about it, the bishop is confident that Omaha's future greatness is one of the certainties.

AMUSEMENTS.

Madame Janauschek's engagement came to a close last night at the Grand opera house. The audience comprised a number of representatives of the leading social circles of the city, and was most demonstrative in its appreciation of the star and her leading support.

Mr. Chaplin appeared as Macbeth.

The company appears in Fremont tonight.

A New Train.

The connecting link between Nebraska and Kansas has just been placed in service by the Union Pacific railway. This train leaves Council Bluffs daily at 4:45 a. m.; leaves Omaha at 5:05 a. m., and runs through without change to Manhattan, Kan., making direct connections there with the Kansas division of the Union Pacific railway for all points in Kansas and Colorado westbound, and for Topeka, Lawrence, Kansas City and points east and south via Kansas City. Returning, train leaves Manhattan at 2:25 p. m.; arriving at Beatrice at 6:25 p. m., Lincoln at 7:50 p. m., and Omaha at 11:20 p. m., Council Bluffs 11:40 p. m., making direct connection with Kansas division trains from Kansas City, Lawrence, Topeka and the east, and from Denver, Salina, Abeline and all points west, enabling passengers to visit the principal points in Kansas and Nebraska in the shortest possible time. These trains have first-class equipment, consisting of smoking cars and first-class day coaches of the latest pattern. The new train will fill a long felt want, and is bound to be popular.

Fanning & Slaven Must Clean Them.

Councilman Wheeler has explained to a reporter that his objection to the extension of the street sweeping contract was based upon the fact that it was not being complied with, and that the city, as a consequence, was compelled to pay money which might otherwise be saved. It has been the custom in the early spring and fall when the broom machines could not be used for the removal of the mud upon the streets to have them scraped and shoveled, and the expense of this is generally greater than that of sweeping. In this way some very heavy bills have been footed by the city. Councilman Wheeler holds that this work must be done hereafter under the street sweeping contract, and is backed up by an examination of the contract by other councilmen.

DOCTOR

Charles M. Jordan

Successor to DOCTOR

J. CRESAP McCOY,

(Late of Bellevue Hospital, New York)

(Late of the University of New York City and Howard University, Washington, D. C.

HAS OFFICES

No. 310 and 311 Ramge Building

Corner Fifteenth and Harney sts., Omaha, Neb. where all curable cases are treated with success.

Note—Dr. Charles M. Jordan has been resident physician for Dr. McCoy, in Omaha, for the past year and is the physician who has made the cures that have been published weekly in this paper.

Medical dise