EDAR RAPIDS THRIVING.

Prohibition is Ignored and Saloons Are Open.

HENCE THE PLACE IS LIVELY.

The Duliness Prevalent Throughout the State Only Mildly Felt in Real Estate- The Law Now Unpopular.

Saloons Run Open.

Although this is one of the busiest and most important cities in the state of Iowa, as well as one of the most attractive and beautiful, all there is to be said about it in furtherance of my mission can be said briefly. Why? Simply for the reason that there is no prohibition here, the thirty-five or forty saloons of the place being as "wide open" as in any city in the country. A change is immment, however, but more of that further

Cedar Rapids claims a population of 20,600 souls, and these claims are in nowise extravagant. The city prides herself on her wide and cleanly streets, which in the summer time are bountifully shaded by myriads of maple and elm trees; her handsome stores, comfortable residences and beautiful yards, to say nothing of her colossal oatmeal mill and the Sinclair packing houses, which are now averaging 4,000 hogs a day.

While the business of the city is in tolerably fair shape, it suffers some from the coneral depression that reigns throughout the state. Prohibition does not effect them here, they say. For the past year they have had no prohibition. There were few towns in the state though, I am informed, where the law was more stremuously enforced up to within the last year, when there was a change in the police judgeship, Judge Steneman, of the superior court being given jurisdiction over the police affairs of the city. Since then the saloon business has had an uninterupted boom, whether on account of the connivance of the said court or other influences, is open to inferences. To-day there are just thirty-one places, by actual count, where the traffic in intoxicating beverages is prosecuted in unbridled freedom, and the same state of things prevails thoughout the county if the report of the grand jury which is now in session at Marion, the county seat, and but five miles from Cedar Rapids, is to be taken as a criterion. I have just left the office of the superintendent of the police, Mr. Frances, and he informs me that exactly 100 true bills will be returned against parties in the county for violating the liquor law. So, as may be rightly surmised, a bomb will burst in this immediate vicinity before long that will shake Linu county from center to circumference. These indictments, the chief tells me, were made possible by a change in the complexion of the present grand jury. Heretofore it has been composed in the main, of Germans and Bohemians, who steadfastly refused to return any indictments for alleged offenses of this char-

A substantial citizen said to me this morning: "I hardly think prohibition has had much to do with the present dull times in Cedar Rapids, but I must confess that I am at a loss for causes to attribute them to. unless it be the failure of our crops for the three seasons preceding the last, when the state enjoyed phenomenal crops. Yet I know this to be a fact, that while prohibition was carried in this town by nearly three hundred majority, that if the question could be again submitted to-day it would be overwhelmingly defeated. A strong current has set in against the law within two years, and complaints against its deleterious effects on trade are long, loud and bitter. Still there are many who are convinced that the law has accomplished inestimable good.

"No,there isn't any activity in real estate; it is much lower than it has ever been since Cedar Rapids assumed the pretentions of a

At the police court I made a copy of the arrests for intoxication for the years '83, '85, 186, 187 and 188, 184 being missing. They ran respectively, 354, 294, 300, 213 and paucity for '88, how-162. The ever, may be accounted for by the fact that arrests are not made here now for drunkenness unless the drunken man is quarrelsome, boisterous and disturbing the peace, or unless some one files information against the offender.

The report of the grand jury will open up afresh the old prohibition strife, and there is no telling what the results will be.

In conclusion it is but meet to say that Gedar Rapids is the liveliest city I have yet visited in the state, and with any sort of a show will make one of the best towns in the west.

VERSATILE "GENERAL" WARD. Politician, Orator, Litterateur, Big-

amist and Master of Rascality. JAMESTOWN, Dak., Feb. 6 - | Special Telegram to Tue Ber.]-The returns continue to come in on "General" A. R. Ward, the prominent territorial politician, and his record proves to be one of almost unparal-leled blackness. During the late campaign he was almost constantly on the stump for Harrison, being one of the most brilliant orators who made speeches in Minnesota, wisconsin and other western states. Ho was a leading candidate for United States senator from North Dakota, having made shrewd combinations and had an excellent show for success. A Boston detective was here yesterday and left a circular with the police describing Ward's personal appearance and offering a reward for information of his whereabouts. His real name is said to be whereabouts. His real name is said to be Samuel Oakley Crawford, alias nine other aristocratic names, among them A. B. Wardsworth, under which he flourished at Spekane Falls, W. T., where he borrowed \$10,000. He has operated in the principal states of the union as a political orator, spir-itualist, litterateur and bigamist. He is wanted for a \$4,000 forgery in Boston, hav-ing five living wives, and three daughters.

nipeg. To Protect American Interests. Washington, Feb. 6.-Mr. Sherman this morning reported favorably an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill from the committee on foreign relations, to enable the president to protect the interests of the United States and to provide for the sccurity of the persons and property of the citizens of the United States and the isthmus of Panama in such manner as he may deem

He can shed tears at will, and bleed freely

from the langs when occasion requires. He is said to be taking observations from Win-

A Slight Shock.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 8 .- A slight earthquake shock was felt last night in lower South Carolina. The vibration was such as is caused by a passing train, and was of

brief duration The Weather Indications. Dakota and Nebraska: Light rain, turning to snow; warmer, followed by colder; winds becoming high, northwesterly, Iowa: Snow; much warmer; winds southA SUCCESSFUL FETE.

Flagship Lancaster Crowded With Fair Women and Brave Men. [Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett.]
Nick, Feb. 6. - [New York Herald Cable-

the officers of the flagship Lancaster held the most successful fete ever given by an American naval detachment in European waters. The frighte had been guily decked out by the jolly tars. Flags of all nations slung together made a brilliant awning over the upper deck, which was hung round with garlands of evergreens. The capstan was hid under a mass of flowers, and amidships a fountain played gently to the lively music of the ship's band stationed close by. Eight hundred invitations had been ssued and fully seven hundred people responded. All the fashionable colonies of dice-English, American, French, Russian, Austrian, Italian and German-sent some of their best known members. Among the pretty girls present were Miss May, of Baltimore; Miss Hopkins and Miss Wright, of St. Louis; Miss Livingstone, of New York; Miss Mattie Mitchell, of Washington; Miss Alverdice, of Baltimore; the Misses Leveck, of Obic; the Misses Lizzon and Miss W. Pittney. The prefect came to represent the French government. There was the military governor of Nice and General Garnier des Garets. Then there were Mr. Harris, British consul; Mr. Hathaway, American consul; Rev. J. Cornell, American pastor: General Layton and his daughter, Mr. Lillie Commodore and Miss Sloven, Countess Albins, Mr. Nordheim, Captain and Mrs. Russell, Mrs. Stone, Mrs. Bishop, the Misses Davies, the Misses Stanley Carev. Miss Butley, Dr. and Mrs. Crossby, Mrs. Ashmore Noakes, Mrs. Fairbanks, Mr. Fred Fairbanks, Mrs. Samuel Bright, sister inlaw of Mr. John Beight; Miss Murray Mitchell, Mr. and Miss Kerr, Miss Olive Barry, the promising American contraite, Mes. Candy, Mr. Kuhn, Comte Diodati, Mrs. and Miss Keyes, Mr. and Mrs. Wurtz Dandas, Mr. Henry Butterfield Wood, Mr. and Mrs. Meynel, Mrs. Senator Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Romaine, Commander and Mrs. Merrill, Mrs. Decker, Chaptain and Mrs. Clarke, Birs. Baush, Mr. and Mrs. Houston, Lieutenant DeGrille, Mr. and Mrs. Keogh Mrs. and the Misses Coles, Mr. and Mrs. Brabazon and Dr. Beaume.

MISS WILCOX IN NICE.

The Pretty Young Runaway Has an Affecting Scene with Her Mother.

[Copyright 1888 by James Gordon Bennett.] Nuce, Feb. 6. - New York Herald Cable Special to Tun Bun. |-Miss Ida Wilcox irrived to-day from Paris. As the pretty young runaway absolutely declined to came under the escort of the gendarmes. Minister McClane selected a lady to bring her here. She was conducted privately to the rooms of the public prosecutor. Here a very affecting scene occurred between the mother and her daughter, and many tears were shed. Miss Ida was taken off to Mentone. Dr. Seiler is in prison here. He says Miss Idh went with him of her own accord. and denies having had anything to do with easting a check for £300.

It Was a Double Tragedy.

[Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett.] LONDON, Feb. 6 .- New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE. |- The Daily News has the following special from Munich, dated Tuesday: The following are believed to be the circumstances under which the death of the Austrian crown prince took place on the afternoon of Tuesday of last week: A baroness, a beautiful young girl, rather dark, of lively disposition, arrived at Meyerling and took up her quarters in the gamekeeper's house not far from the castle. No one knew of her being there but the gamekeeper and his wife. At midight, when the crown prince had bidden his guests good night, he went to see her and had been with her for about an hour when the forester, already equipped for the morning's chase, went to the house to ask the gamekeeper for detailed instructions on some doubtful question. He knocked loudly at the door. A window opened, and a man jumped out and ran away. The forester aimed and fired. The fugitive fell, and when the forester walked up to him he recognized the crown prince, who had fainted. The shot had gone into his shoulder. The forester called for help, and with another man carried Rudolph into the gamekeeper's house.

The baroness, taking him to be dead, turned to her traveling bag, took something out, and before she had been noticed fell

dead on the floor, Then the grown prince came to, and was taken by his own order to the castle, where bis valet began asking anxious questions. The crown prince said impatiently:

"I have fallen and my nose is bleeding. Go away. I wish to be alone." The valet went out immediately, and the grown prince locked the door and committed

suicide before a mirror. The baroness was buried on Thursday in the Heiligen Kreuz, convent where all

her family are interred. American Journalistic Enterprise.

[Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett.] Berlin, Feb. 6.-|New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE.]-The Berlin public is delighted with the plack and enterrise of American journalism as shown by the Herald's Bismurck interview. All the Berlin newspapers print the interview to-day in full, even those which like the Vossiche and the Freisinnige had given long telegraphic extracts from it yesterday. The Krenz Zeitung and the Vossiche have given German translations of the Sunday editorial in the London Herald.

Archbishop Corrigan and the Pope.

[Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Beanstt.] ROME, Feb. 6 .- N. Y. Herald Cable-Special to Tun Brg. |-The vatican authorized the Herald corresdondent to deny the assertions published in the Italian papers that Dr. Corrigan, archbishop of New York, had ever disagreed with the people on the Irish question.

The Territorial Bills.

Washingvon, Feb. 6 .- The house committee on territories held their regular meeting this morning and took final action on the bill for the admission of Utah, and the omnibus bill, providing an enabling act for the admission of the territories of Idaho and Wyoming as states. It was decided to appoint a sub-committee, with Mr. Springer as chairman, to draft a report to the effect that owing to the lateness of the session it would be impracticable to secure the passage of the pending bill. The sub-committee was authorized to make its report exhaustive in order to give to the public the benefits of the hearings held by the committee on the propo-sition to admit the territory. The committee also decided to report favorably the omnibus bill, providing enabling acts for the admission of the other territories above

Knocked Out By a Canadian

MONTHEAL, Feb. 6 .- A fierce fight took place last night at Cape St. Antoine, between a Canadian and an American who are supposed to be Guthrie and Bush. After several hard fought rounds the Canadian was declared the victor.

A COOLNESS BETWEEN THEM.

Cleveland and Hill Meet Courteously But Frigidly. Special to THE BEL |-Admiral Green and

A GOOD DEMOCRATIC CROWD.

Every Guest But One Rad a Glass in Each Hand, the Exception Being a One-Armed Warrior.

WASHINGTON BURRAU THE OMARA BRE,)

513 FOURTRENTA STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 6. Evidently there is a coolness between the chief executives of the United States and the state of New York. Governor David B. Hill arrived here yesterday afternoon. He stopped at the Arlington hotel, which is within two blocks and in sight of the white house. As soon as he arranged his tollet, he took a carriage and went to the residence of Representative Samuel J. Randall, the well known protective tariff democrat of Pennsylvania. It will be remembered that about the time of the election, Governor Hill was credited with the statement (which he never denied) that if the democratic ticket had been headed by Randall and Gorman, or if the platform had been prepared by those gentlemen, instead of by William R. Scott, the party would have succeeded. Mr. Raudall has never been an admirer of the present occupant of the white house, and Governor Hill never so admired Mr. Randall as now. When Governor Hill had completed his conference with Mr. Randall it was time for him to go the dinner given in his honor by Secretary and Mrs. Whitney, who are also credited with not possessing as much admiration for President Cieveland now as formerly. The president was there, but he had held no conversation with the governor, merely giving him the passing recognition due an acquaintance on such an oc easion. People present remarked the formality between them. This afternoon a large and fashionable reception was tendered o Governor Hill by Secretary and Mrs. Whitney. Nearly every democratic senator and representative in the city, and most of the prominent department officers were there and paid their compliments to New York's governor. But the President and Mrs. Cleveland were not present, and they did not send their regrets. Early this morning they went to New York for the purpose of inspecting rooms in the Gerlick apartment house, where they expect to live after the 4th of March. Representative William L. Scott, the president's most intimate friend in congress, was not at the reception either and around the capitol to-day there wa much said about it. In fact this entire chain of circumstances going to show that—cordial feelings do not exist between the president and Governor Hill was the subject of gen eral comment around congress. The demo-crats especially were asking, "what does it

A DEMOCRATIC CROWD.

The remarks concerning Hill's general appearance were nothing but complimentary. One gentleman said to your correspondent: "I have just been up to Whitney's. There was a big crowd there. A good democratic crowd. Every man had a giass in each hand, except General Hooker, of Mississippi. He only had one hand the other, be left, in He only had one hand, the other he left

Vicksburg. ANOTHER OWNIBUS BILL. Desperate efforts are to be made by a arge majority of the democrats in the house to defeat the final adoption of the emnibus territorial statehood bill. At a meeting of the house committee on territories to-day another omnibus bill, providing for the ad mission to the union as states, the territories of Arizona, Idaho and Wyoming was agreed to, and Chairman Springer, who is at the head of the house conferces on the first omnibus bill, wat directed to report and ured its adoption at once. This second omnibus bill has no direct connection, how-ever, with the first, which pro-vides for the admission of Washington Montana and New Mexico, and the division and admission of Dakota as two states intended, however, that this second omnibus bill shall block the way of the first one. An arrangement has been made whereby the first omnibus bill will be finally agreed to if it is given a fair chance. The conferees on the part of the house will undoubtedly agree to divide Dakota, grant immediate admission to the southern half and give an enabling act to North Dakota and to ask the house for further instructions relative to the demand of the senate that New Mexico be stricken out. The democratic conferees on the part of the house are acting on caucus instrucons, and cannot agree to strike out New Mexico at this time, but when they report to the house that body may so instruct, and action can be taken before the democrats can have time to hold another caucus and agree upon united action. The work to-day may possibly interfere with their programme and bring about a defeat of any action for statchood.

The meeting of the house committee on The meeting of the house committee on territories to-day was exciting. Taulbee of Kentucky and Hayes of Iowa made a dash-ing fight in favor of the admission of Utah, while Symes of Colorado, Struble of Iowa while Symes of Colorado, Strable of lowa and Dorsey of Nebraska opposed it with great vigor, and finally voted the proposition down. The latter were not satisfied with the professions of the Mormons in Utah that they had abolished polygamy, and they say it must be proved that polygamy has been uprooted in that territory before Utah can become a state.

INAUGURATION ARRANGEMENTS. Arrangements are being made for the erection of stands around all of the govern nent buildings on Pennsylvania avenue from which citizens may view the inauguration parade. The employes of the departments parade. are to be given scats free, and the public will come in next. There never was such a demand for view points of the inauguration parado as now. A sent in a comfortable room overlooking Pennsylvania avenue is worth from \$2 to \$10. The average price is about \$3. Some of the ordinary bedrooms in places facing on Pennsylvania avenue have been rented for as high as \$50 for the day. The regular occupants of houses all along the avenue between the capitol and the white house are renting out their rooms and balconies at prices which will enable some of them to pay their rent for months. There will be immense stands constructed by pri vate parties on all the government reserva vations between First and Seventeenti Seventeenth streets all along the avenue, where seats to view the parade will be sold at from \$1 to \$2 each. The provision of the bill which passed the house last night, appropriating money for an extra force of police for the in-auguration, will give four or five hundred extra officers, beginning March 2 and continu ing five days. The entire force, during the inauguration week, will be six or seven hun This will put an extra man about hundred feet along Pennsylvania ave every hi nue, and double the force elsewhere in the city. People who come here will not be robbed, nor will they be given any incivilities which can be prevented by police officers.

Private Charles F. Harms, Company A. Twenty-first infantry, now at Fort Sidney, will be sent to Hot Springs, Art, to enable him to enter the army and navy general hospital at that point, reporting upon his arrival to the surgeon in charge of the hospital. The commanding officer at Fort Sidney will forward by mail to the surgeon in charge of the hospital at Hot Springs, his descriptive list and account of pay and clothing, prior to his departure from that point. The quartermaster's de-partment will furnish the necessary trans-

The leave of absence granted Second Lieutenant John L. Barboure, Seventh infantry, January 8, 1889, is extended two mouths. John Bennett, Company E., Twenty-first infantry, now with his company at Fort Sidney, will be sent to Hot Springs, Ark., to enable him to enter the army and navy general hospital at that point, reporting upon his arrival to the surgeon in charge of the hospi-

Captain Sharp will report in person to the commanding general, Department of the Platte, for duty as assistant to the chief com-missary of subsistence of that department. The extension of leave of absence on surgeon's certificate of disability granted First Licutenant Edward Chynoweth, regimental quartermaster, Seventeenth infantry, on November 4, 1888, is further extended two nonths on account of sickness. Sergeant Michael J. Callahan, Company F.

Seventeenth infantry, now on furlough at Troy, N. Y., is discharged from the service of the United States, Corporal James Griffin, Company K. Eighth infantry, now with his company, is dis-

charged. The leave of absence granted Colonel August V. Kauts, Eighth infantry, December 5, 1888, is extended two months.

Leave of absence for one month, to take effect on the completion of his duties in con-ducting recruits to the Department of Texas, is granted to Captain Benjamin K. Roberts, Fifth artillery. Sergeant William H. Newman, Battery L. Second artillery, now with his battery at St. Francis barracks, Florida, is transferred to the hospital corps as a private. PERRY S. HEATH.

NATIONAL CAPITAL NOTES.

The First Reception of Congressman

Owen's Omaha Bride. WASHINGTON, Feb. 6 .- [Special Telegram to The Bee.]-The wife of Representative Owen, of Indiana, held a most successful reception in her private parlor at the hotel Maitby, on Capitol Hill receiving day. Mrs. Owen, who is the congressional bride of this session, and till her marriage a resident of Omaha, being a niece of Robert Purvis, will be most pleasantly remembered in the west and northwest, where she has hosts of friends, as Mrs. Lucy Luce, of Iowa. Her reception costume, an imported gown of canary satin, was a marvel of richness and good taste. The pointed corsage was cut V-shape, both front and back, the space thus ormed being filled in with white altar face

of the most delicate texture, and the skirt of the new French dip style, was elaborately trimmed with the same elegant garniture. Diamond orna-ments completed the costume. Mrs. Owen was assisted by Miss-Hinda Burke in garnet was assisted by Miss Hinda Burke in garnet satin, and Miss Doolittle in white silk. Among the many pleasant people who called there were of the senatorial families—Mes-dames McDonald, Blackburn, Dolph, In-galls, Plumb and Paddock, and of the rep-resentatives—Mesdames Carlisle, Cannon, Burrows and Dalzell; the Countess Ester-hazy with Commodore Strutt, and Generals Hooker and Torrogues.

hazy with Commodore Struit, and Generals Hooker and Torrence.

By the direction of the secretary of war the inexecuted portion of the sentence imposed by a general court-martial, November 4, 1887, Department of the Platte, is remitted in the case of John H. Small, late private Troop I, Ninth cavalry, and he will be released from confinement.

The postoffice appropriation bill which is

The postoffice appropriation bill which is now before the house, proposes to classify the officers in the first and second class the officers in the first and second class offices on the basis of the gross receipts of the postofices. The bill proposes to mercase the salary of the assistant postmaster at Omaha from \$1,000 to \$1,700 a year; at Lincoln from \$1,100 to \$1,500; at Sioux City, Ia., from \$1,100 to \$1,500; at Cedar Rapids to increase from \$1,000 to \$1,500; at Council Bluffs from \$1,200 to \$1,500; at Des Moines from \$1,200 to \$1,500; at Council Council Bluffs from \$1,200 to \$1,500; at Council station at Des Moines is to be decreased from \$720 to \$700. The salary of the superintendent of the registry division at Des Moines is to be necreased from \$720 to \$1,100; and at Sioux City from \$700 to \$1,000. The salary of the superintendent of delivery at Des Moines is to be increased from \$1,000 to \$1,600; at Sioux City from \$1,000, to \$1.300 and at Burlington to be reduced from \$1,400 The superintendent of mails at Des Moines is to receive \$1,400 instead of \$1,000; at Sioux City \$1,300 instead of \$1,800. and at Burlington \$1,000 instead of \$1,300.

A VICTORY FOR THE TIMES. Bonfield, Schaack and Lowenstein In?

definitely Suspended. CHICAGO, Feb. 6.-Inspector Bonfield, Captain Schaack and Detective Lowenstein, the police officers whom the Chicago Times has been charging with corruption in office, were to-night indefinitely suspended from the

police force. The Times has charged that Lowenstein had been acting as a "fence" for stolen goods, and that Bonfield and Schaack while over-zealous against not only ists but honest workingmen as well were virtually in league with gamblers, sale keepers, thieves and the demi-monde. first result of the charges was the filing of libel and damage suits against the Times, until the amount of damages asked from that

paper is nearly \$1,500,000.

The suspension order is signed by Mayor Roche, who begins it with a recital that the charges against the accused are made by a newspaper beretofore recognized. made by a newspaper heretofore recognized as the organ of a political party." He dis-claims any intention of determining by his action whether the accusations are true or not. The ground for suspension is stated to be precautionary, and, courts having de-clined to expediate the trial of the case, suspension is ordered until ample time is given or a judicial determination of the matter or the charges have been disproved.

WESTERN PACKING INTERESTS. Compared With the Preceding Week

a Small Reduction in Output. CINCINNATI, Feb. 6 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-To-Morrow's Price Current will say: "The past week shows a small reduc tion in western packing as compared with the preceding week, and a considerable decrease compared with the liberal number of hogs handled within the corresponding time last year. The total packing was 230,000 hogs, against 255,000 hogs last week and 290,000 hogs a year ago. The approximate total since November 1 is 4,425,000 hogs, against 5,145,000 hogs last year, a decrease of 720,000 hogs. The quality continues to be reported very favorably.

Packing, Nov. I to date. Chicago.... Kansas City... 1.190,000 1,500,000 575,000 247,500 515,000 291,000 185,000 186,312 75,000 181,000 58,247 58,500 41,850 105,250 Indianapolis. Cincinnati... 219,824 280,000 205,218 111,237 65,700 138,000 171,287 70,360 73,330 41,800 60,000 ebraska City, Neb

Germany's Proposition Accepted. Washington, Feb. 6.—Secretary Bayard has notified the German minister at Washington that this government accepts the proposition for the resumption at Berlin, of the conference begun in Washington in 1887, in regard to Samoa. The president has approved the joint resolution accepting the invitation of the imperial German government to the government of the United States to become a party to the international Geodetic association.

An Important Discovery. LARAMIE CITY, Wyo., Feb. 6.— Special Telegram to The Bee.]—Wilbur C. Knight, a mining geologist, who has been prospect ing on the property of J. H. Doulas Willen, on the Laramie river in this county, brought to town to-day samples of seven grades of asbestos, which he has found in immense quantities on the place. In a tract of 120 acres he found asbestos in thirteen places, Immediate steps will be taken to develop the property on an extensive scale. It will be the first and only aspestos mine in the

INDIGNATION AT SCHUYLER.

The Lynchers Will Fare Badly if Discovered.

SKILLMAN HELD FOR MURDER.

His Father and Sister Discharged-Cattle Thieves in Keya Paya County - Lobbyist Arrested at Lincoln.

Verdict In the Hagerman Lynching. SCHUYLER, Neb., Feb. 6.—[Special Telegram to The Bre.]—Coroner Schafer and the jury have completed their investigation in regard to the lynching of Hagerman. The ury found that he came to his death by reason of blows inflicted upon his head by ome blunt instrument, and from the subscquent exposure to the weather. It is supposed that the mob found, after they had strong him up, that the limb was too near the ground, and smashed his skull and left him hanging lump and strangling, as his feet were resting on the ground. No clue has yet been obtained as to whom were the guilty parties. At the indignation meeting held in the opera house last evening resolutions were passed asking the legislature to offer a reward of \$5,000, and also calling on Gover-nor Thayer to assist in bringing the guilty parties to justice, and asking the county com-missioners to offer a reward of \$500. This is the second lynching in Schuyler within three years, and the citizens are determined to ferret out the perpetrators. Hagerman was taken out of his cell with nothing on but his shirt, and when morning came his frozen body was swinging in the breeze.

Skillman Held For Murder. AUBURN, Nob., Feb. 6 .- [Special to THE Beg. |-After an elaborate preliminary examination of three days, Miss Skillman and her father are discharged, and Ben Skillman

only is held to answer for the murder of J. M. Williams, Cattle Thieves.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 6.—[Special to The Bre.]—Representative Burnham, of Keya Paha county, has just returned from a visit to his home and tells of a gigantic cattle steal that was recently unearthed there. It seems that one Mappen, a "squaw man," and two other parties living on the state line between Nebraska and Dakota, named Ciay and Bab cock, have been in the habit of stealing one or more head at a time from the herds of the citizens of Nebraska, that are turned loose on the Sioux reservation in Dakota, Recently they became more bold, and Manpen rain off some hundred head to the vicin-ity of Fort Pierce, and sold them. The settlers got wind of the affair, located the parties and started out to have a neck-tic party. Mappen was found in a saloon in Springview, and was captured. He weak-ened and settled in full for the cattle he had stolen. Clay and Babcock remained in a room in a hotel and were not found, and carly in the morning took leg ball and made themselves scarce before the vigilance committee were awake.

From Nebraska City.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Feb. 6,- Special to The Bee.]-The first annual meeting of the Nebraska City Hospital association was held last night, and the following officers elected for the year: Mrs. Thomas Morton, president; Dr. Claude Watson, vice-president; F. P. Ireland, secretary; Miss May Dotton, treasurer; Dr. Claude Watson, Frank E. Helvey, F. P. Ireland, H. L. Wood, Dr. Ray Ross, Mrs. Thomas Morton, Miss May Cotton, trustees. The association nov has 114 members, and the work of establish The association now

ing a hospital will begin next week.

The B. & M. is hauling ties and other material along the proposed line between this city and DeWitt. The road is assured, and grading will be commenced next month.

J. W. Thompson, husband of the Hamburg woman who created such a sensation at the Thorp house the other day, in company with another woman's husband, was in town today securing evidence to be used in securing

divorce.
The mandamus proceedings brought by the colored people of the city against the school board on the color line question, has peen dropped. The attorneys for the tiffs agreed, upon investigation, that the board was in the right and the matter re sulted from a question of school discipline.

and that the color agitation was only spite. Will Deal With Him No More.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Feb. 6 .- [Special to THE BEE]-A number of people in this county are making loud complaints over an atleged swindle perpetrated on them. M. F. McKeehan, who claims to be a commission merchant at Colorado Springs, Col., has been flooding this section with advertisements soliciting shipments of butter and eggs and sending prices for those commodi-ties which were considerably higher than could be obtained in this state. Many dealers jumped at the bait and shipped goods to McKeehan, but upon receiving no returns after waiting a reasonable length of time they began an investigation. A firm, conducting a general store at Berlin, this county, wrote the postmaster at Colorado Springs asking McKechan's standing, and a has just been received which says that the party indicated was never known to pay for anything, if he could help it; that he is a rascal, and that about a dozen letters are received each week from parties in Nebraska and Kansas who have sent him goods on commission and have never heard from them again. It was the intention of this firm to sue McKeehan for the amount due, but that plan was abandoned upon the receipt of the above mentioned letter.

With Coal in their Aprons. Hastings, Neb., Feb. 6.-Word has been received from Prosser, this county, that a band of fifty prominent ladies made a crusade on a saloon and gambling house of that place Monday night, demolishing the whole establishment. The ladies attacked the establishment when it was crowded, with their aprons full of lumps of coal, breaking every window glass and cleaning the place out. The inmates scattered in every direction. Whisky and beer flowed freely into the gutter. The place had a hard reputation for selling liquor without a license.

Death in a Peculiar Manner. TEKAMAH, Neb., Feb. 6.-[Special Telegram to The Ber.]—Yesterday afternoon Pat Neary, an old resident of Burt county, while chopping wood, caught his axe on a clothes line, causing the axe to glauce and inflicting an ugly wound in his forehead, from the effects of which he died this morning. injury was not considered dangerous and no physician was called. The wounded man, together with his family, passed the night with no apprehension until early this morning, when all were startled by the presence of death.

A General Merchandise Failure. PLAINVIEW, Neb., Feb. 6 .- [Special Tele gram to THE BEE.]-The firm of Jewell & Bush, dealers in general merchandise, were closed to-day by J. F. Hecht & Co., bankers, on a chattle mortgage of \$1,000. Several wholesale houses have bills against the firm, but the amount is unknown.

Trouble at the Indian School. GENOA, Neb., Feb. 6.-There is trouble at the Indian school here. For ten days In spector Mailet has been here investigating

the management, and as a result Mr. Horace

R. Chase, the superintendent, has been removed, and Mr. P. W. Hess, the principal

teacher, has been placed in charge pending the arrival of an official from Washington, who will manage the affairs of the school during the balance of this administration. Mr. Chase was highly esteemed here and great sympathy is expressed for him and his differentiate bondsmen who, it is said, will have to hand over about \$5,000.

K. of L. State Assembly.

BESTRICE, Neb., Peb. 6-| Special Telegram to Tun Ben, |- The state assembly of the Knights of Labor, in session here, spent most of the day in hearing officers' reports. A resolution was introduced denouncing the brutal action of the British government toward William O'Brien, the Irish editor and patriot. Among the delegates present are Michael Corcoran, of Lincoln, and George W. Blake. The session will close to-marrow.

A Lobbyist Arrested.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 6. - (Special Telegram o The Ben |-- H. B. Stuart, of Culbertson, late foreman of the United States grand tury, and for the past few weeks prominent in the lobby, was arrested here to night by Sheriff Britten, of Hitchcock county, for ob-taining money under false pretonses. Brit-ton left for Culbertson with his prisoner on the 10.20 train

Plum Creek Takes a New Name. PLUM CREEK, Feb., Feb. 6 .- | Special Telerram to The Ben. |-The efforts by citizens to change the name of the town to Corning, was defeated by a remonstrance. A mass meeting was held at noon and another name agreed upon. Judge Hamer gave his decision in favor of changing to Lexington.

Ratification Meeting.

PERU, Neb., Feb. 6 - | Special Telegram to THE BEE. | - A large ratification meeting was ield at at the town hall here to night, commending the action of the legislature on the prohibition question. Addresses were de-livered by Prof. George L. Farnham, Rev. J. S. W. Dean, Rev. Burch and others.

Bogus Checks.

Numaska City, Neb., Feb. 6. | Special Telegram to Tag Bag, -A man named Chase McCloud passed a number of worth-less checks on Nebraska City merchants re-cently. The officers are looking for him.

Printing Office Burned. NIGHTANA, Neb., Feb. 6.- | Special Tele-

gram to The Bre.] -An incendiary fire nearly destroyed the Democrat office last evening. Loss \$100; no insurance. Sensa-tional developments are expected. Ice Men Strike.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Peb. 6. - Special Telegram to Tun Ben.]—A large number of

MARINE DISASTERS. A Schooner Wiceked During a Severe Gale.

ice men employed by the Nebraska City

Packing company and Lehigh & Masom,

struck to day for an increase in wages. Their demands were refused.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.- The schooner James E. Kelsey, Captain J. Wheaton, jr., arrived at this port to day from Wilmington, N. C., having on board Second Mate John Christmas and two seamen, the sole survivors of the crew of the schooner Allie R. Chester, hailing from New York, which had become disabled during a gale encountered on a trip from Charleston to Barren islands with phosphates, and struck the outer edge of Diamond reef, eleven miles southeast of Cape Hatteras, on January 20. Captain Ingersoil, of the Chester, First Mate Wells, the cook and two seamen were drowned. The survivors were fortyseven hours lashed to the stump of a mast before discovered by Captain ton, of the schooner Kelsey. Their rescue was accomplished with great difficulty. Twenty-four hours before they were rescued they sighted a lifeboat putting out from shore towards them, but it returned without coming near. Captain Daly, of the life saying station, claims that he put out toward the wreck, but, seeing no signs of life on board returned, not caring to risk his boat and crew for nothing. Daly has since resigned however. A coincidence in connection with this story is the fact that it was discovered to-day that at the time when Captain Inger oil was spending his last moments lashed to the rigging of the most his wife was dying of

consumption at Woodmunkville, N. J.

A Terrible Experience. NEW YORK, Feb. 6 .- The Fall River steamer Old Colony to-day brought in an old sailor named Leander Kaldoon, badly frozen, and the corpse of another man, whom Kal doon knew only as "Bill." Kaldoon says he sailed from New York on the morning of the 4th, on the schooner J. F. Kearnes, Capain McDonaid, for South Africa. Before sailing and after the voyage was begun, the crew were treated most atrociously by the captain and mate, and resolved to make a raft from some planking and logs on the deck and de sert at night. Finding they could not make a raft large enough to hold ail four of the sailors, they drew lots to see which two should escape. Kaldoon and "Bill" won the prize, and launched the raft at 11 o'clock last night. They expected to make shore, bu middle of the sound. A heavy sleet storm prevailed. The icy cold waves washed over; their frail raft, and repeatedly they were washed overboard. At 8:30 this morning the Old Colony picked them up. Restoratives were used and the half-frozen men were rolled in hot blankets. "Bill" was beyond human aid. He gasped a few times and then died. Kaldoon is getting along well. Captain Hammond says that the mer had no idea of saving the lives of either of

Sunk With All On Board.

London, Feb. 6.—The British bark Large Bay, bound for Auckland, was towed to Spithead to day in a sinking condition. She reports that on Menday night last she was in a collision with an unknown four-masted steamer off Beachy head, and that the steamer was sunk with all on board. The seamen of the Largo Bay say that they are certain that the lost steamer carried passengers, and they estimate that the passengers together numbered at least one hundred persons. The steamer sunk eight minutes after the collision occurred.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER. An Aged Couple Supposed to Have Killed a Relative,

CHEVENNE, Wyo., Feb. 6. - Special Tale gram to THE BEE. |- A few days ago a elegram was received at Rock Springs, Wyo., ordering the arrest of Mr. John Potts and wife, an elderly couple who had been for some time residents of Rock Springs. The crime charged against them was murder. The community was loathe to believe the charge. Details of the crime have been received. which, however, point with painful certainty to their guit. About one year ago an old gentleman named Faucett disappeared from the vicinity of Elko, Nev. He was last seen at the house of Potts, who was a relative, and who owed him a sum of money. Potts explained his disappearance by saying he had left for California. After Potts moved from Elko, the people who moved into his house imagined they heard noises in the cel-lar. An investigation resulted in finding a body buried behealth the cellar floor, which was identified as the remains of Faucett. heriff Barnard took Potts and wife to Elko

Pendleton Does His Own Work. BERLIN, Feb. 6.-The report that Judge ambert Tree, United States minister to Russia, is acting as the representative of Minister Pendleton, is without foundation. Pendleton, though ailing, is constantly at work. He has not been required to call at the foreign office for some time.

HE WAS A FIEND INCARNATE

NUMBER 237

Chicago Again the Scene of a Double Tragedy.

A REPORTER'S ATROCIOUS DEED,

He Coolly Murders His Wife, Brutally Kicks the Body and Then

Takes His Own Lare.

The Third Within a Week. Cute too, Feb. 6. - Special Telegram to THE BEE !- Three double murders have ocarred in Chicago within the past five days.

In the first two cases men shot women who refused to marry them and then killed themselves. To day it was a man and his wife. Walter S. Bradley, a Globe reporter, shopand killed his wife, the dramatic critic of the same paper, this morning, and then killed himself. The murder took place at 10 o'clock in the parior of the Hotel Cortland, on Adams

street, just west of the Pallman building. The couple registered at the hotel last Thursday, and on Friday evening the attention of the clerk was attracted by the sound of a quarrel coming from their room, fol owed shortly by the noise of a scuttle, and then of some one gasping hearsely for breath.

Rushing to the door, he found it locked. He knocked, but received only a gasp in response, whereupon he broke in the door, and just in time. Mrs. Bradley was shoved against the wall, her throat in the savage grip of her husband's hands, hereyes staring wildly, and the blood in her face about ready to burst the veins. The rooms here signs of a recent struggle, and her husband coatless. Not satisfied with cheking, he knocked her head against the wall, at the same time lissing unintelligi-big. The clerk grappled with him and suc-ceeded in tearing the brute away from the defenseless wanna and admonished him to behave kinself.

behave himself.

Brailty shortly after left the hotel, and did not appear again until this morning. Mr. Evans, the proprietor, said that Mrs. Bradley had told him last night that she expected her husband this morning, and that she feared he might be violent, and asked him to be ready to help her should anything occur. When Bradley first entered the hotel parior this morning, his wife was seated in an arm chair reading a book and chatting with Miss Evans. He bowed to both, and taking a seat on the place stool, began a commonplace on the piono stool, began a commonplace talk with his wife. Miss Evans went into an adjoining room a few moments intor, and through the open door could bear the sound of their voices. No harsh words were spoken, however, and she began to think that all differences had disappeared, when a pistol shot startled her. Glancing through the door she saw Mrs. Bradley rise to her feet, her arms outstretching implor-ingly toward her hasband, who stood a counter of works in front of her. She segment uple of yards in front of her. She seemed nbout to speak and took a half step toward him. As she did so, Bradley raised his arm and took careful aim. His wife closed her eyes and the next moment sank to the floor with a bullet hole in her forehead. Then

the clerk came in.
Bradley chased him out, and upon returning walked quickly to his wife's prostrate body, from which blood was flowing rapidly. He gazed at it for a second, pushed it with his foot to see if any life were still remaining, and finding no response, raised his re-volver toward his head and fired. The aim was bad, however, and the bul-let passed harmlessly over his head and buried itself in the Determined not to fail again, the muzzle of his revolver against wall. the temple, and jamming it hard, fired and dropped like a log to the floor. The bullet, of a 44 calibre size, had plowed a hole through his head, and the wall and ceiling

were stained with his brains.
The inmates of the house, alarmed by the shots, new rushed into the parlor, but both were past all human aid. She lay near the window, her face turned toward the door and bespattered with blood; her finger nails and bespattered with blood; her linger halls stuck in the carpet, torn by her death clutch, and bleeding. Brauley lay about ten feet away near the center of the room on his back. His chest heaved with a last breath, forcing a clot of blood from his mouth. His yes were uptarned, and on his face an ex-pression of mingled hate and gleating satis-

Half an boar after the shooting a cab drove furiously up to the Cortland hetel and a young man jumped out and rushed headlong into the office, "Oh. Cod!" he exclaimed, raising his hands theatricaily above his head, and then pressing them to his forchead. "Is it true, has that brute killed Edna?" "And himself, too,"answered the company of the co the clerk. The man grouned in anguish and rushed back and forth with agonized gestures. He then drove to the undertaker's establishment, where the two bloody bodies lay. Frederick Mann, as his name proved to be, was admitted to this rear room, and there he went into a spasm and hysterics. Moaning and crying, he bent over the slender form of the dead woman and passionately kissed her face, unmindful of the thick, clotted blood which smeared the white features. Ho crossed over to the improvised bier on which lay the body of the murderer and suicide. "You thief! You devil! You murderer!" he shouted in frenzy, shaking his two fists at the inanimate body. The man's frenzy grew so violent that a policeman was obliged to take him by the arm and lead him away. "I knew he would do it—the thief!" he con-tinued, pacing back and forth in the office and wringing his hands. "If they had only

taken my warning."
Walter S. Bradley was a nephew of Judge W. H. Bradley, clerk of the United States circuit court, and was about thirty-four years old. He was at one time employed on the St. Paul Pioneer Press and the St. Paul Globe and also worked for the Railway Age Publishing Company in this city. When in the employ of that company a little over a year ago he was arrested and convicted of embezzlement of \$250 of the company's funds, and was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary, which he served, being liber-ated four or five months ago. Since that time he has been employed with his wife on time he has been employed with his wife on the Globe. Mrs. Bradley was about twenty-eight years old. She had been employed on the Globe about eight mouths, and before that has been employed on the Times and Herald. She was a bright, versatile writer, and was well thought of in newspaper cir-She was the daughter of the late Judge Hathaway.

THE PACIFIC BAILROADS.

Interesting Statistics Furnished by Secretary Fairchild,

Washington, Feb. 6 - The senate several days ago adopted a resolution offered by Mr. Mitchell, calling on the secretary of the treasury for information as to the amounts in the sinking fund to the credit of the Union Pacific and Central Pacific railroad companies on February 1, 1889, under the operation of the Thurman slaking fund act, with a statement of the amount of funds inrested in bonds, the face value of bonds purchased, their present market value and the difference between the amount of the sink-ng fund had it been uninvested, and the imount due to investors. The response was to day laid before the senate. It makes the following statement: following statement:
Union Pacific—Money for government transportation withheld under the act of May 7, 1878, \$0,357,875; easy payments by the company, \$1,321,714, making the total paid into the sinking fund \$7,773,589. This money was invested in United States bonds and Pacific railroad first mortgage bonds of a total face value of \$7,219,490. The market value of bonds on February 1, 1889, was \$9,039,440, showing an increase by reason of investments of \$1,256,850.

From the Contral Pacific \$3,469,661 was re-

From the Central Pacific \$3,469,681 was re-ceived and invested in bonds of the face value of \$3,141,883, with a market value on February 1, 1889, of \$0,821,085, making an increase by recson of investments of \$352,104.