

THE DAILY BEE.
COUNCIL BLUFFS.OFFICE NO. 12 PEARL STREET.
Delivered by carrier in Any Part of the City a
Week in Advance for One Week.
H. W. TILTON, MANAGER.
TELEPHONE:
BUSINESS OFFICE NO. 43
NEWS EDITOR, NO. 25.

MINOR MENTION.

N. Y. Plumbing company.
Coal and wood. E. E. Mayne, 619 B'way.
Building permits were issued yesterday to Adolph Walcott for a \$300 cottage, and F. J. Day for a \$300 cottage.
The Grand Detour Plow company yesterday purchased lots 7 and 8, block 2, Bryant Clark's addition. The lots lie at the corner of South Thirtieth street and First avenue, and as it is truckage property, it is believed that it is the intention of this company to use the lots for warehouse purposes.
In the district court yesterday the case of Siedentoff vs. Kennedy et al. was on trial. The plaintiff sued for specific performance, in connection with about six acres of ground near plaintiff's residence on Ontario. Kennedy, the son of the plaintiff, and Mayne & Hazeltine for defendants. The case occupied the entire day.

A twelve-year-old boy giving the name of Daniel Smith, arrived in the city last evening by way of Minneapolis from Ontario. In search of his mother, Mrs. Mary Smith. His parents separated some time ago, and the mother came to Council Bluffs bringing a daughter, Lizzie, and the father remained in Ontario, keeping the son. The father died a short time ago and friends sent the boy here to find his mother. He is now stopping at the Hechtel, and will be glad to learn of the whereabouts of his relatives.

Dr. Cleaver, 26 North Main. Tel. 147.
Finnan haddies just received at Fearon's.

Remember Mandel's is the only place where you can buy furniture and stoves on weekly or monthly payments, \$25 and \$35 Broadway.

All grades hard coal, C. B. Fuel Co.

L. E. Roe, dentist, No. 27 Main St., over Jacquemin & Co.'s jewelry store.

Agents Wanted—For Prohibition Beer and Nerve Tonic. A strictly temperance beverage. The best substitute for beer known. My "Happiness" has no equal. Send orders to L. M. Finkelstein, Omaha, Neb., or Council Bluffs.

Blank books made to order. Can furnish patent binding for parties wishing the same. Call and see samples at room 1, Everett block, Pearl street.
MORSEHEAD & CO.

Personal Paragraphs.

P. McAdams, of the paving firm of McAdams & Amburg, of Chicago, is in the city.

E. W. Hart, of the New York Plumbing company, left yesterday morning for Chicago on business, and will return Monday.

Mr. E. G. Bartlett, of Brayton, Ia., was in the city yesterday, arranging to embark in the hardware business here with Mr. Norton, who was formerly in that business here.

Harry St. Ormond, advance agent for "A Dark Secret," was in the city yesterday, arranging for the appearance of his company here Friday and Saturday evenings, February 1 and 2.

The matinee at the roller rink this afternoon promises to be a grand success.

New comers or parties wishing to furnish houses will do well to consult with A. J. Mandel, 323 and 325 Broadway.

S. B. Wadsworth & Co. loan money.

Notice the beautiful finish given collars, cuffs and shirts by Cascade Laundry company.

Pickled tripe and pigs' feet at Tibbitts', 345 Broadway.

The London "Tailor" is the place to get your clothes made, 637 Broadway.

Have our wagon call for your soiled clothes. Cascade Laundry Co.

For St. Bernard's Hospital.

Preparations are making for one of the grandest bazars ever held in this city. It will be for the benefit of St. Bernard's hospital, and every organization in the city will be interested to a greater or less degree. The following officers have been elected to have charge of the affair: Mrs. J. J. Brown, president; Mrs. Dr. Macrae, vice president; Miss Kate Wickham, secretary; Mrs. Ryan, treasurer. The bazaar will probably be held Easter week. Aside from the officers above named, a vice president will have charge of the table of each organization participating.

A full list of the orders providing tables is not yet furnished. The A. C. O. being the only one that has yet reported. Mrs. N. O'Brien will have charge of their department. Mr. J. J. Brown has made the first donation for the bazaar. His gift is a lot at the corner of High and Clark streets. The donations will be published as given.

All kinds of poultry at Fearon's.

Money loaned on furniture, pianos, diamonds, horses, buggies or anything of value at low rates of interest. No publicity, fair and honorable dealing. A. A. Clark & Co., office cor. Broadway and Main, over American express.

Heating stoves at cost for thirty days to close out. Odell & Bryant.

Money loaned at L. B. Crafts & Co.'s loan office, on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, personal property of all kinds, and all other articles of value without removal. All business strictly confidential.

All grades soft coal, C. B. Fuel Co.

Bargains in real estate in all parts of the city. W. S. Cooper, 130 Main street.

No Cause For Grumbling.
The complaints regarding the Tenth avenue freight depot do not seem to have the needed facts to back them up. They may have arisen from the fact that the check clerk is only on half time now, but the company has so arranged its business that there are others in attendance ready to receive or deliver freights at any and all hours during the day. The instance cited, in which the Emporium Hardware company is reported as having been unable to get goods shipped, is emphatically denied by the principals in that business house, as well as by the officials of the road.

Just the time, too, for sowing blue grass seed. You can get the best at Fearon's.

THE SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS.

An Insight Into the Methods of Collection and Book-keeping.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT ORDINANCE.

An Arm Chewed of In a Sausage Machine—A Bazaar For St. Bernard's Hospital—Police Points—Personals.

About City Taxes.

"Mr. Bowman, how are taxes coming in on the new year?"

"Well, we have collected 250 so far. A great many of the are special assessments that were paid for when the work was performed, and the taxpayers want to get them off our books before they lose or mislay their certificates."

"Why are they on the tax books if they were paid?"

"That is a hard question, and it is what I have been trying to find out for the last three years. I will try and explain how they do it, but why is beyond my ken. Suppose you own ten lots on an improved street, and the city has them graded, paved, curbed and sewered last summer, and you paid for the whole improvement when completed, don't you think that ought to end the matter?"

"Well, rather, it does seem so."

"No, sir, your troubles have just begun. The city would have a man and cut the amount of your improvements into fifths, making 200 entries and record them against you with others in a gigantic volume just as though they were not paid for, and forty of those items would not appear on our tax books of 1888. Now, if you are a careful business man and understood the programme, you would leave up forty pieces of paper and bring them down here and get the charges off the tax books so they would not appear as a lien upon your property, when no such lien existed. In other words, you have to, in order to clear the books, exchange a good valid piece of paper that shows on its face what it is intended for a treasurer's tax receipt that never ought to have been issued."

"Do they put them all through that circuitous way either paid or not?"

"I think they do, unless they leave them off by mistake."

"How can you tell when you advertise and sell in the full whether or not the special assessment has really been paid?"

"We cannot, and neither can the bidders; therefore they will not sell, except in very few cases."

"What is the good of this roundabout way of doing business?"

"No good, whatever, and there is the expense of the vast amount of labor putting them on the books and getting them off again. The treasurer is paid \$7.50 per thousand for folding these papers, we have to turn them over to the city treasurer's office. I don't know whether there is any further ceremony performed. It is all too foolery."

"Could not this be simplified in some way, to get rid of some of this humbug?"

"Easily enough. Make a collector, by ordinance, of the city treasurer or some other city officer. Make him collect all he can, every year, up to the 1st day of September. Let him take these lists we have here up to the city building, where they belong, and mark all he collects permanently paid, and certify the delinquent only to the county auditor. To be placed on the tax books. These volumes are intended for a city record and a check on the county treasurer, to show what was collected by him, but they have dumped them all into his office, the very place they ought not to be. All he wants is to have the delinquent specials put on the county books correctly, but none that have been paid. The law never intended it should all pass through his hands. The auditor, first, that they shall be paid when the work is done. Second, if not so paid it may be paid in installments of fifths, but what is the use of preparing these installments and spreading them over page after page of record when the taxpayer has paid up in full and don't owe anything. There are about \$97,000 of specials on the 1884 books, and it may be half paid now for all we know."

"If it is the stone pavement on Broadway and Main street paid up that was built four years ago?"

"Very well indeed, considering there are seventeen injunctions against it that were brought in December, 1886. The government has never paid their portion and there are eleven other properties that are neither paid, sold or enjoined. So far as my observation goes these injunctions have had no effect in preventing the city from paying their taxes. I have no knowledge of any effort by either party to bring these injunctions to trial. The treasurer has had to keep his weather eye open for two years, and now he is open for the tax collector to get into jail for contempt of court. He would like to have them settled in some way."

Gas Is Cheap!

And gas fixtures are cheaper at the N. Y. Plumbing Co., 114 Main St. A discount of thirty per cent from list price will be given for thirty days.

Mrs. E. E. Harbison offers for sale at her residence, No. 608 B'way street, some of her household goods and furniture.

J. G. Tipton, real estate, 527 B'way.

Police Points.

Yesterday's police grist was a dark one, seven of the eight victims being lineal descendants of Ham. They were of various shades of darkness, and the charges against them embraced several degrees of wickedness. Warren Collins and Fred Hillman were fugitives from Omaha justice, and were held to await the arrival of Nebraska officers. George Walker, Charles Barnett and John Harris, the three pugnacious waiters arrested for interfering with internal arrangements of the Ogden, were arraigned for disturbing the peace, but were discharged.

John Turpin and Sam Davis were arrested on a similar charge. The dance at Platter's hall was the cause of their trouble. A difficulty regarding the fact of a dance danced led to a fight, and Davis interfered to quell it. Turpin clinched with him and the pair rolled to the foot of the stairs, where Officer Kemp corralled them both, and took them to the station. The case was continued. Frank Young, a white man, paid \$7.50 for excessive boozing.

Dr. C. C. Hazen, dentist, Opera house block.

W. S. Cooper has cash on hand to loan on approved city property, No. 130 Main street.

An Arm Ground Off.

A very painful accident occurred on Thursday evening at the meat market of Conrad Langendorfer on South Main street. Henry Ull, a young man em-

ployed there, was feeding a sausage machine, when a string became entangled in the cog-wheels. In attempting to remove it, his hand was caught and drawn into the machine, nearly to the elbow, before the motor could be shut off. When released, the arm was found to be in a terrible condition. The fingers were mashed to a jelly, the bones in the hand and wrist broken, and the flesh terribly lacerated. He was taken to St. Hilbert's hospital, where he was attended by Drs. Lacey and Macrae. The condition of the patient last evening was as comfortable as could be expected, and the surgeons expressed a belief that the hand might be saved.

The Council and Light.

Before adjourning Thursday evening the city council took up the electric light ordinances, and after reading the Brush and Hawkeye ordinances a third time, both were passed. The rates provided by these ordinances are regarded as equivalent to go at \$1 per 1,000 feet. The charters board then adjourned. The council then adjourned and reconvened as a board of health. It was ordered that the houses occupied by the Carter and Klein families, near the transfer, be thoroughly fumigated and disinfected before the quarantine is removed. These houses were occupied by the smallpox cases, and the families have been removed from them. This step is to be taken to prevent any possible contagion. It was also ordered that certain alleys, against which complaints have been made, be thoroughly cleaned up and put in a passable condition. The board then adjourned.

The two electric light ordinances passed by the council are very similar, in fact, with one exception they are alike. The Hawkeye company agrees to furnish the city with electric light and power, each, free of charge, and the Brush company agrees to light the city building free of charge. The rate charged for 16-candle power lights will be as follows: Running from dusk until 10 p. m. 70 cents per meter and day and night, 85 cents per meter; all night, 1 cent per hour. Power for motors will be furnished at the following rates:

No.	Horsepower.	Hours per day.	Cost per month.
1.	10	10	\$4.00
2.	10	10	6.00
3.	10	10	10.00
4.	10	10	15.00
5.	10	10	22.00
6.	10	10	30.00
7.	10	10	40.00
8.	10	10	45.00
9.	10	10	50.00
10.	10	10	55.00

The Bazaar to Be Continued.

Last evening's bazaar was witnessed the closing of the Guards' bazaar, but owing to the great quantity of edibles and the numerous fancy articles left over, it was decided to continue it this evening. The articles drawn last evening were as follows: Ed W. Haines, diamond ring, ticket 106; oil painting by Mrs. McNaughton, E. H. Lemar, ticket 25; W. S. Keeline, gold watch, ticket 49; John Gilbert, oil painting by Mrs. S. Stevens, ticket 28.

Private Lee Benedict secured the slipper awarded to the most popular soldier.

Among those in attendance were Captain Schmitt and Treasurer John Aitchison, of the Omaha Guards. The attendance was the largest of any evening, the hall being packed to its utmost capacity.

A Showing of the Bluffs.

Dunbar & Co. of Omaha are preparing under the direction of the board of trade a very attractive souvenir and showing of Council Bluffs. It will be finely illustrated, and in mechanical appearance will be so pleasing as to give it a cordial welcome by the thousands into whose hands it will be placed. Besides the views of Council Bluffs there will be descriptive articles, facts and figures of value to those who desire to know about this city. Dunbar & Co. have prepared similar publications for other cities, and promise to do fully as well by Council Bluffs. The board of trade is giving the enterprise encouragement and support.

After diphtheria, scarlet fever or pneumonia, Hood's Sarsaparil will give strength to the system, and expel all poison from the blood.

Mustaches Are the Thing.

Men of fashion have curiously enough abandoned the former methods of wearing down their faces. The mustache, pure and simple is the fashion, from such old-timers as Leonard Jerome all the way down to recent developments like Berry Wall and Billy King. No man who pretends to be at all in the swim wears the flowing whiskers to which Dunderbary gave his name, and beards which were popularized by the Prince of Wales a few years ago have gone entirely out of fashion. No wonder the hair of his head has abandoned them, and he now wears his beard pointed and clipped close to the face. Boulanger has set the fashion for Europe in this respect, and the crown prince of Great Britain wears no less an imitator of the famous French upstart. Once in a while a man with the terrible combination of an imperial mustache and side whiskers appears in town. Such a one, for instance, made the Mayor of Louisville. But combinations of this sort are not indorsed by the leaders of fashion. The rule which prevails is to wear a mustache and a mustache only, and let it take the course that nature designs.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best and most reliable medicine in use for coughs, colds and croup. No one suffering from a throat or lung trouble can use it without benefit. It will cure a severe cold in less time than any other medicine or treatment; it is the only known remedy that will prevent croup. For sale by all druggists at 50 cents per bottle.

Jealous of the Muses.

Earl Marble, a poet and a prose writer of San Francisco, who has appeared at intervals in the Century, the Atlantic Monthly and other periodicals, is suing for a divorce from his wife, who is in Boston, on the ground of her non-physical but mental. According to his story she was in the habit of invading his study and interrupting the flow of thought by floods of billingsgate, causing him to perpetrate false poetry and to greatly depreciating the market value of his poems. He slept alone, and on bitter cold nights his wife would sometimes invade the room when he was asleep and pull all the bedclothes off, compelling him to shiver while she delivered a certain lecture. The theme of her argument was that he persisted in wooing the muses to the neglect of herself. The wife makes a general denial of the charges.

An Absolute Cure.

THE ORIGINAL AHETINE OINTMENT is only put in large tin cans, tin boxes, and is an absolute cure for old sores, burns, wounds, chapped hands, and all skin eruptions. Will positively cure all kinds of piles. Ask for the OINTMENT, A. H. E. OINTMENT. Sold by Goodman Drug Co., at 45 cents per box—by mail 50 cents.

WHAT THE LAWYERS THINK.

The Great Majority in Favor of the Present Site

ON THE GROUND OF CONVENIENCE

Jefferson Square Will Benefit the Hack Drivers and Owners of Real Estate—Another Grist of Interviews.

The Issue at Bar.

A few more expressions of opinion by attorneys of this city on the city hall location are given to-day. As will be seen, the great majority favor the present site on Farnam and Eighteenth streets.

Judge Wakeley—I don't want to discuss the question beyond saying that I prefer the present site.

Judge Croft—I favor Farnam street. I want Jefferson square devoted to its original purpose, that is, beautiful and kept for a public park. The city hall has once been located on Farnam street and should be built there.

Judge Berkus—Farnam street is my preference. If the city hall is located on Jefferson square two portions of the community will be benefited—the people who own real estate adjacent to the square and the hack drivers who will reap a harvest hauling people out there.

Judge Savage—I have taken but little interest in the matter as a citizen and have not worked for or against either site. I am in favor, however, of Jefferson square, but purely on selfish grounds. My property is located in the northern part of the city, and for that reason alone I desire the city hall relocated. I do not look at the question from the point of view of what would be the best place to see the erection of the city hall on Jefferson square and then use the old foundation for a library building and so on.

C. S. Montgomery—A municipal corporation should not break faith with private or corporate investors. A considerable amount of capital has been invested on upper Farnam street on the strength of the vote of the citizens, locating the city hall on its present site. There is a second argument in favor of the present location—it is more slightly and offers all the necessary opportunities for erecting an imposing and massive structure. I favor keeping all our public buildings together. The years' time of one individual would be wasted in running from one building to another. I favor the Farnam street site.

Judge George B. Lake—I prefer the present site for various reasons. Charles O'Leary—There are many reasons why Jefferson square is the best site. They are too numerous to mention. John W. Lyle—I am not satisfied with either, but as I am a Farnam street property owner, I shall vote for the present site. The money already spent should not be wasted. H. D. Gelabrook—I don't see why the lawyers should be interviewed on this subject. Their opinions are worth no more than the opinions of any other class of men. Of course I am decidedly in favor of Jefferson square. I consider that it was a blunder to put the city hall on the apex of a hill, and I am opposed to a repetition of that blunder in connection with the city hall.

Clinton N. Powell—If the court house was located on Jefferson square, I would favor the change. As it is located on Eighteenth and Farnam I favor the present site. It is the most convenient location.

H. W. Simmer—The Farnam street site is the most convenient and desirable. It is near the court house and one of the benefits to be derived is the great saving of time in going between the two buildings. The present location is a slightly one—much more so than Jefferson square. The people have voted on the question and rendered their decision in favor of Farnam street, and I am opposed to a change now to satisfy personal caprice. The \$25,000 to be expended on education has been invested in the foundation should not be wasted.

William Simmer—Complete the city hall where it was first located.

John I. Redick—I prefer the Farnam street site.

H. C. Atwell—I don't believe in locating public buildings for the benefit of private individuals. Those who are agitating a change of site have that object in view. I prefer the Farnam street site. Our public buildings would then be convenient. My partners, Messrs. Cavanaugh and Crane, are in the same opinion.

John C. Wharton—I prefer Jefferson square. It affords plenty of room, light and air.

William Baird—The present site is the most central, and for that reason I prefer it.

E. E. Johnson—I prefer Jefferson square. It offers all the room necessary for a public building.

Miller & Hanes—We favor Jefferson square. The city hall block will afford plenty of room, air and light.

E. E. Cleppenger—I prefer Farnam street for every business reason. It is the center of present and prospective growth.

D. M. Stuart—I prefer the present site.

James F. Morton—Centralize public business in one place. The present site is the best. Jefferson square can be used for better purposes.

H. K. Galbraith—Money has been invested in magnificent structures on Farnam street with the understanding that the city hall would be erected on Eighteenth street. Faith should be kept to these investors and the building completed on the present site.

C. F. Harrison—Farnam street is the most central. The foundation is already laid and the building should be completed on the present site.

Patrick Godwin—For professional convenience I prefer Farnam street.

C. H. Hallitt—I am an advocate of the centralization of business, and therefore favor the present site. It would be a foolish waste of money already spent to change it now.

W. Slabogren—I prefer Farnam street for every business reason.

E. C. Lane—The present site has the most advantages.

T. M. Wetmore—Jefferson square suits me best. It offers more room, and is a better site.

A. C. Read—Jefferson square offers more room and is better than the present site.

W. J. Clair—I prefer Jefferson square for the best interests of everybody.

B. E. Kennedy—it is important that both of our public buildings should be together; therefore, I prefer Farnam street. It is the most convenient site.

Warren Swisher—For the expeditious and economical transactions of public business the present site is superior.

A. Troup—I were to consult my property interests I would prefer Jefferson square, but on general principles I think the city hall should be completed on the present site.

Charles Adams—The main object to be sought in the selection of sites for public buildings is the convenience of those who have occasion to visit them in every-day business. That, in my opinion, is reason sufficient to oppose the scheme of removal.

J. A. Hiestand—I prefer Farnam street. Jefferson square could be located and kept for a down-town park. The money invested in the present site should be saved by completing the building there.

John H. Grossman—Jefferson square is my preference. I have property that will be enhanced in value if the city hall is erected there.

C. A. Goss—Put me down as a follower of the Farnam street crowd.

J. P. English—The present site is the most convenient and central location.

C. James Carr—Farnam street offers the most convenient, Jefferson square I can suggest for the location of the city hall.

J. H. Hunt—Jefferson square.

J. E. Congdon—I am in the same boat.

George Jeffrey—Farnam street has advantages that are far greater than Jefferson square. It is convenient to the county building and will facilitate business.

W. G. Shockey—Jefferson square is a public landmark and should contain a public building. I prefer it. It offers opportunity for architectural display, light and ventilation.

W. S. Strawn—I am unqualifiedly in favor of Farnam street and opposed to Jefferson square. A city hall here.

J. R. Anderson—Farnam street is the most convenient location.

H. F. Cochran—I am in favor of the present site.

W. H. Beckman—If I were to satisfy my own convenience I would say Farnam; if I

were to say that aside I would advocate the square.

J. G. Watts—I agree with Mr. Beckman.

C. H. Clark—Farnam street, has been decided on, and there the city hall should be completed.

R. W. Breckenridge—The present site is the most desirable. Jefferson square is too close to the railroad shops and tracks.

C. F. Breckenridge—The Farnam street site is contiguous to the court house, and the most preferable location. If the city hall is located on Jefferson square it will be a rendezvous for bums and tramps.

L. F. Baxter—I prefer the present site. All public buildings should be in a central location and contiguous.

THE COUNCIL BLUFFS INVESTMENT COMPANY MONEY

On hand for city loans; lowest rates of interest.

Fine farms close to Bluffs to exchange for city property.

Western land to exchange for city property.

Big bargains in Broadway lots.

Fine business property to exchange for well improved farms.

Good stock of groceries for sale, not for trade.

Houses and lots on monthly payments. Small payments down. Prices ranging from \$75 to \$4,000.

Cherry lots in Evans', Wright's, Cochran's and most all additions to city.

Fine acre property for sale from \$100 to \$500 less than present worth.

No. 10 Pearl St., Council Bluffs.

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Who Will Save You Money

IF YOU BUY OF THEM.

Buy Shoes of ADAMS' & CO'S.

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