ment Too Ideal.

# THE BOULANGIST CAMPAIGN.

A Great Display of Energy All Along the Line.

THE GENERAL'S DAILY LEVEES.

A Vigorous Personal Warfare Waged by the Opposition Press-His Success by No Means Certain.

Making a Strong Canvass.

Paris, Jan. 22 - [Special Cablegram to THE BEE |-The Boulangists are showing great energy all along the line. Boulanger will not have himself to blame if he does not head the poll next Sunday. During this week he will keep his house open to all comers, the receptions lasting from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m. Yesterday and the day before the general was called upon by a constant stream of uniformed officers of the territorial army, who had come to Paris to attend the military ball. The scene resembled an army demonstration in favor of the general.

The royalists are still divided on the ques tion of abstaining from voting. General Montandon, the royalist who was lately returned for Somme on the Boulangist ticket. was welcomed in the champer of deputies today by Admiral D'Hornoy in an address, in which Boulanger was not alluded to.

The language of the press waxes warm. The National asserts that the dead father of Boulanger was a usurer; that the executed murderer Campi was the general's brother, and that the man murdered, who was named Ducrot, was a business partner of Boulanger pere. The squabbles of the general's domestic life, his debts and intrigues, are also detailed. The Boulangists respond by harping upon the charge that the government is employing the secret service fund in the interest of Jacques. Meanwhile the inactivity of Jacqueas annoys his supporters, who are seeking even now another candidate.

Betting on the bourse varies daily. To-day the calculators gave Boulanger 215,000 votes against 170,000, and odds were laid against the republican candidate. The influence of the members of the municipal council, who are almost unanimously against Boulanger, is a leading factor in making his success

The Emin Relief Expedition.

Berlin, Jan. 22,- | Special Cablegram to THE BEE. |- The Emin relief committee meets to-morrow to finally decide upon a plan for the expedition. The route proposed by Captain Wissmann is regarded as the best, as the expedition, by proceeding along the left bank of the Fana, which forms the northern boundary of the British sphere of influence, avoids encroaching upon British territory. A section of the committee, holding that the expedition has English sympathy, if not English cash, to support it, advo cates starting from Mombosa, whence it was intended to dispatch British relief for Wadelai. Probably the committee will decide to leave the ultimate selection of the route to the leaders after reaching Zanzibar. Captain Wissmann will start next Monday with twenty officers. He will organize a local force at Zanzibar, the first duty of which will be to occupy the main outlets to the coast. The colonial soclety will give the adventurers a farewell "commers" on Friday.

Sculptor Otto Buchting has produced a grand bust of Captain Wissman. The latter before departing will present his comrades to Prince Bismarck and the emperor.

### The Morico Incident.

THE BEE. ]-The republication by the North German Gazetta of the statements which appeared in the Cologne Gazette relative to Count Salm's Sonenawalde is the first notice taken of the Morier incident by the official paper. It is coupled with a statement calculated to modify the Cologne Gazette's allegations regarding Prof. Geffcken. The North German Gazette says that Prof. Geffcken's examination before the Hamburg amtsgericht showed that he is simply suffer ing from nervous excitement, which is easily remediable with rest and hygiene, and that his mental powers are unimpaired.

Late News From Hayti.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. ]-At the Haytien consulate last evening General Contreras displayed a telegram which was addressed to him, and dated Port-au-Prince, January 21. He carefully concealed its contents, but said it came from an official source, and contained news of the most important nature which would seriously interfere with certain business speculations by several leading firms in this city. A rumor prevailed that the general's cablegram contained information of Hippolyte's capture by Legitime's troops. A letter from Port-au-Prince states that while Legitime has been very strong in the south his star is rapidly wauing, owing to his fin-ancial difficulties, and that he has put out \$450,000 of the paper money called in by Solomon. This, it is said, incenses the mer chants who have been lending him money

The Arabs are Jubilant.

ZANZIBAR, Jan. 22 .- The Arabs have made evacuation of the coast by the Germans, the first condition to a release of the missionaries who have been captured by them. The naval garrison at Dares Salem has been compelled to withdraw owing to a severe outbreak of fever among the men. Further fighting occurred at Bagomoy Saturday. The coast Arabs are jubilant over their t victories and captures. Large shipments of arms and munitions are arriving from Belgium, England and Germany. The British Indians are preparing a petition demanding compensation for ruin wrought upon their trade by the fighting between the insurgents and the Germans.

Bismarck's Trump Card. BEHLIN, Jan. 22 .- According to statements current in official circles, if Prince Bismarck is forced by political exigencies to publish the letters in the Geffcken case hinted at by the Cologne Gazette, he will prove that Frederick and his wife were indiscreet and divulged the plans of Prussia, and that even before the opening of the campaign of 1870 Darnistadt was the focus of intrigues against the unification of Germany. The documents that are withheld afford ample justification for Bismarck's accusations against Freder-ick in his report to the present emperor. But the strength of public feeling against

further scandal has become so extreme that the semi-official press has received hints to cense discussing the subject. The Kaiser's Programme. Bentan, Jan. 29. - Special Cablegram to THE BEE. ]-The Metz Gazette outlines the programme of the emperor's visit to the Reichsland at the end of April. The em peror first goes to Sarrebruck and thence to Strasberg, where he will spend two days. Thence he will go to Metz, where he will stay one day. While there he will inaugurate the St. Mathilde hospital, the foundation stone of which was laid by the late Emperor Fred-

throughout the trip. The Parnell Commission. London, Jan. 22.-At to-day's session of the Parnell commission a man named Farragher deposed that Archbishop Walsh in Davitt's presence had advised him not to pay his rent and that he (Farragher) was evicted. He was afterwards employed in

crick. The emperor will not review any

troops, avoiding military demonstrations

the office of the Dublin branch of the league. Witness also testified that he had carried letters, some of which contained checks, from Patrick Egan to Mullet, the invincible.

An Anti-Semitic Fete.

BERLIN, Jan. 22.-The annual fete of the Berlin Students' Anti-Semetic association was honored with the presence of Count von Moltke, Prof. Bergmann and a number of members of the court circle. Dr. Stoecker, in a violent discourse, declared that the time has come to break the chains of slavery which the Jews imposed upon christians and which were sometimes heavier than the chains of the slave in Africa.

MOOREHEAD'S CONTEMPT. Judge Gresham Issues an Order in

the St. Louis Railway Case. CHICAGO, Jan. 22 — Upon application of C. W. Fairbanks, counsel for the receiver of the St. Louis & Chicago rallway, Judge Gresham has ordered A. J. Moorehead, late auditor of the company, to forthwith return all vouchers and papers of accounts to the safe of the receiver from which they were removed by Moorehead, in the absence of the receiver, last Sunday. This virtually settles the proceedings against Moorehead for contempt of court.

The court has also ordered the St. Louis & Chicago railway company and D. L. Urig, president, to immediately deliver to the Louis & Chicago railway, all locomotives, freight and passenger cars, which mains to have bought under execution, solo prior to the appointment of a receiver and removed from the line of the St. Louis & Chicago railway. The return of the equip-ment is made subject to the rights of all

The Oates Naturalization Bill. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22 .- The Oates sub committee on naturalization to-day reported to the judiciary committee of the house a bill which it has prepared in lieu of all others, amendatory of the naturalization laws. The provisions of the bill, the committee stated, are a requirement that an alien must reside five years in the United States before he can become a citizen: that at the expiration of that time he must appear in court and prove his residence, good moral character, and fitness for citizenship. In case of the United States court, notice of his intention must be served upon the representative of the United States, and likewise in the case of state court the representative of the state government nust be notified and attend the hearing The present requirement of a declaration ntention to become citizens is dispens with The bill was ordered printed and wil be discussed at next Saturday's session views expressed this morning appeared to in-dicate a favorable disposition of the bill.

#### WON ON A FOUL.

The Cardiff-Fell Fight Results In

Victory for the Former. MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 22.—The fight between Patsy Cardiff, of this city, and Jim Fell, champion heavy weight of Michigan, fifteen rounds, Queensberry rules, small gloves, came off this evening. Fell had the best of the fight, for the first four rounds, but after that honors were easy until the eighth, when Cardiff began rushing and got in some effective work. He continued this, and in the twelfth Pell's strength seemed to be fail-ing, and Cardiff held the advantage.

In the the closing round there was a gen aral rough-and-tumble. Fell winded pluckily held his own, even when forced to the ropes and half way over them. The men fought viciously, clinching and wrestling and wholly disregarding the orders of the referee. There were numerous cries of four by Cardiff's friends, and at the close the referce gave him the fight on that ground. Feither of the men were very badly pun-

Nebraska and lowa Inventions.

Washington, Jan. 22.- Special Telegram to The Bee. | -Patents were to-day gauted to the following Nebraska and Iowa inventors: Edward W. Cady, Rockwell, Ia., corn harvester; Alfred H. Gofrey, Jamaica, Ia., gate; Thomas Green, East Davenport, Ia., calipers and dividers; Thomas W. Harrison, Emmettsburg, Ia., bagholder; John C. Hazlett, Muscatine, Ia., indicating device for cash BEHLIN, Jan. 22.- | Special Cablegram to registers and indicators; Henry A. Iddings and J. P. Megeath, Omaha, docknob attachment; John E. Ketchem, J. F. and S. E., Anamosa, ditching spade: C. D. aporte, Carson, washing machine; William H. Poole, Oxford, Ia., clock striking mechan ism; Andrew L. Rasmussen, Clearmont, Ia. combined corn harvester and husker; Han Sater, Dubuque, Ia., wheel plowr Charles Schoolhers, Beatrice, Neb., tag fastener; Uriah B. Smith, West Liberty, Ia., dish washer and drainer.

### SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Senator Davis presented, yesterday, a pet ion signed by 274 citizens of Faribaul Minn., praying that steps be taken by the United States government for the purchase from Spain of the island of Cuba. Frederick Delaney Halbert, of St. Paul

Minn., aged seventeen years, accidentally fatally shot himself while handling a toy riffe yesterday afternoon. The Clark & Longly Printing company, of

Chicago, has gone into the hands of the sheriff on confession of judgments aggregating \$50,000. The assets are about \$65,000 The liabilities are not stated. Seventeen hundred pounds of butter were

the market being active at 25 cents. The directors of the Rhymney Iron company are advocating a steel rail "corner". It s proposed that sixteen of the principal firm engaged in the manufacture of steel rails oin in the movement.

Joseph Fleming, a prominent and wealthy wholesale and retail druggist of Pittsburg, has been sentenced to three months impris onment in jail and fined \$500 for selling liquor without a license.

The seventeen-year-old daughter of Jo-Weeks, colored, of Mechanicsville, Ala., forced four of her younger sisters to eat rat poison. Two of them have died and the others suffered terribly. The girl admits the

The wrestling match, catch-as-catch-can between the Jap, Matsada Sorakichi and the Greek, Antonio Pierre, at Scranton, Pa., re ulted in a victory for the latter after a ter ible struggle, in which the Jap strangled so that blood flowed from his The New Jersey republicans have noming

ed Hon. W. J. Sewell for United States sen ator. The democrats nominated Senator M Pherson, he getting twenty-five votes to eigh teen forex Governor Abbett. Parker Bros., the Cincinnati building con

tractors, who have been boycotted by the Bricklayers' union, this city, have awarded \$3,700 damages against the union by judgment.

The strike of the brakemen on the Lake Erie & Western road, at Lafayette, has been compromised, and the men have returned to work. Thomas Barton, an Englishman, has bee

arrested at Philadelphia for forging stock certificates to the amount of \$125,000. He confessed his crime. David Sheehy, M. P., has been lodged in Limmerick jail. Bail was refused.

The Pope Iron and Tin Plate company, of Tipton, England, is contemplating removing ts plant to Pittsburg. Matt W. Ransom was re-elected United States senator from North Carolina. English tin plate manufacturers are said o have contributed \$100,000 towards lobby ing for the defeat of the clause in the tariff bill levying a duty on tin plate.

It is said that Harrison is urging Allison to accept the treasury portfolio. It is rumored that Fred Hopkins and man named Jenkins, colored labor agents o Vicksburg, have been lynched in North

A New Jersey Hermit Murdered. CAPE MAY, N. J., Jan. 22 -- Charles Lam bear, a woodchopper, aged sixty, was found murdered in the woods near his cabin just below Marmumuskin station last night. lived alone in his cabin and was known carry with him what money he had. There is no clue to the murderer.

Another Braze at St. Paul. Sr. Paul, Minn., Jan. 22. - Early this morn ing the establishment of the Barrisford Bak ing and Confectionary company was damaged by fire to the extent of about \$50,000; fully WORKING THE SAME OLD GAME

An Otoe County Farmer Signs Bogus Contract.

A ONE THOUSAND DOLLAR NOTE

Now Turns Up For Payment-Hog Thief Somers Captured-Accidental Shooting Near Columbus-State News.

He Signed a Contract. NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Jan. 22 .- Special Telegram to Tue Bug 1-Some time ago Jerome Lathron, a prominent farmer living four miles south of the city, took the agency for a new stove, which was to burn water and gasoline. He signed a contract with the representatives of the firm, Hall & Co., and now it turns up in the form of a \$1,000 promissory note. As he signed the contract in a number of different places, he expects several more notes to turn up soon.

Hog Thiet Somers Captured. NEBRASEA CITY, Neb., Jan. 22 .- Special to THE BEE. |-Sheriff Willman returned last night from Little Falls, Minn., with Perry Somers, the somewhat noted hog thief that broke jail here last June, while awaiting transfer to the penitentiary to serve a sent ence of three years.

Accidentally Shot. Columbus, Neb., Jan. 22.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—Willie Lushe, a young man living nine miles north of here, was ac cidentally shot to-day by a neighbor named Ascha. They were hunting rabbits together. and while crawling on their hands and knees a few feet apart, the gun was discharged sending a full load of shot into Luche's right leg. Dr. Willy, of this city, was summoned and pronounced the wound dangerous

though not fatal. The Color Line. NEDRASKA CITY, Neb., Jan. 22.- Special to THE BEE.]-The color line agitated by the colored citizens in regard to school affairs has been taken into court Some time since several colored children attending the Greggsport school became so unruly that the teacher could not control them. The matter was laid before the school board, who investigated the affair and found that the children, Aunie and Cain Martin, besides being a decided nuisance, really were attending school outside of their ward, and they were consequently transferred colored school near their home, with a hope that it would mend matters. The colored people became incensed and declared the action was taken on account of color any white child would have been treated the same under similar circumstances. To-day a copy of a petition asking 3 writ of mandamus of the state supreme court was served on the school board. The writ declares that the board has established an exclusive corored school (which is false), which school the relatives want abolished, and all restrictions taken from other children that did not also apply to their children. The board is declared a set of moral cowards and partisan n their actions. The partisan charge is amusing, considering that four of the six members are republicans. Watson and Scofield are attorneys for the colored people. The case will be heard to-morrow.

McCool Junction News. McCool Junction, Neb., Jan. 22 .- [Special THE BEE. ]-The Kansas City & Omana railroad company built a track from the junction, just south of town, to the Blue river, a distance of about eighty rods, Sun day, for the purpose of running cars to the river to load ice. Work was commenced yesterday morning taking out ice, and by night lifteen cars were loaded. There is considerable talk of a twine fac-

Although no definite steps have been taken yet, a number of our leading business men are taking hold of this enterprise and there is but little doubt that ere the close of the season McCool Junction can boast of a manufacturing industry.

David City Waterworks. DAVID CITY, Neb., Jan. 22,- | Special Tele gram to THE BRE. |-The stand pipe of the waterworks was completed and filled at 4 o'clock this afternoon amidst general rejoic ing. The raising of the stand pipe and the putting in of a new foundation is considered one of the most difficult feats of engin eering attempted in this part of the country The pipe is 100 feet in height and twelve feet in diameter. A two-inch stream of water was forced to a height of seventy fee

without steam pressure. The city is now amply protected against fire. The total cost of the waterworks is \$31,000. Neligh Agricultural Fair Association. NELIGH, Neb., Jan. 22,-|Special to THE Beg. |-On Saturday last, at the annual meet ing of the Neligh Agricultural Fair associa tion, the following officers were elected President, L. G. Babcock: senior vice presi dent, W. T. Kirk; junior vice president, J. P. Hoagland; treasurer, Captain Hatfield; secretary, W. H. Earl. The management

takes place on October 23 and 24, one of un usual interest. Kearney's Boom.

KEARNEY, Neb., Jan. 22 .- | Special Tele ram to THE BEE. |-The real estate trans fers filed in the county clerk's office yester day foots up \$130,919.92. This is the largest total reported this year. Notwithstanding the season, the place is filling up with a class of substantial business men from the east, who are taking the places of the pioneers in many instances.

Annoying the Salvation Army. Kearney, Neb., Jan. 22.- | Special Tele gram to Tue Bee. |-The Salvation Army, which has been holding meetings in this city for the past two months, is now undergoing series of troubles at the hands of th "boys." This evening a live skunk was dropped into their midst while their meeting was in progress. A few arrests have been made, and others will follow.

New Postoffice Building. NELIGH, Neb., Jan. 22 .- | Special to THE Ber. ]-Yesterday the postmaster removed from the old frame building so long occu pied as the postoffice, to the handsome new rick structure recently erected by some of he leading citizens to be used for a postof-

New City Hall For Kearney. KEARNEY, Neb., Jan. 22 .- [Special Tele gram to THE BEE.]—At a meeting of the city council last evening the contract to build the

The building is to be completed early in the summer and will be one of the The Stich Failure. HASTINGS, Neb., Jan. 22 .- [Special Tele gram to THE BEE. |-The stock of dry goods n the Stich failure were sold under a chatte

nortgage to-day to I. Cahn, of New York

new city hall was let to W. Q. Scott for

or \$25,000. A suit of replevin is to be brough y other creditors. Deuel's Temporary County Seat. CHAPPELL, Neb., Jan. 22. | Special Tele gram to Tue Bee. |-The officers of the new ounty of Deuel met and organized yesterday The commissioners appointed Chappell the temporary county seat.

No Republicans Need Apply. RICHMOND, Va. Jan. 22 .- The council con nittee on grounds and buildings decided last night to pass upon the political proclivities of all laborers hereafter employed on the new city hall. It is said this virtually means that no republican wili be given a job.

An Excellent Cotton Crop. CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 22.-The News and Courier says that the cotton crop of this year will be the largest over made, and will approximate 7,500,000 bales.

FORCING THE MILLENIUM. The Contemplated President's Agree

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE. |—There is almost a perfect unani mity of opinion on the part of Chicago pas senger and freight officials, that the president's agreement, even if made, will fail of its object. "It's too near the millenium of the railroad business, or rather it will try to force the millenisaid one of them to-day um. 77 Railroad men are as prone to evil as ord nary people, and you can go a whole day among them withdut finding one sprouting a pair of wings. This agreement contemplates perfect honor, perfect fustice, perfect candor and perfect fair dealing on the part of all railroad officials. It goes even further and contemplates that every railroad man shall apply the working of the golden rule to every other railroad Now, that is simply rot. Railroads will keep right on hustling for business in spite of the agreement. If one road busiles a little agreement. If one road hustles a little harder it will get more business and the other roads will accuse it of cutting rates Then they will themselves cut rates to get back their business, and there you are. The agreement is broken and another rate was will be the order of the days. I don't like to condemn a thing before it is put in operation. but I don't believe the agreement can possi bly be made to stick.

The Arizona Legislature. PRESCOTT, Art., Jan. 22.—The territoria egislature organized yesterday, but a dead lock occurred in the house on account of two members failing to present certificates of

A Legislative Estimate. LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 22.- [Special to Tire BEE. ]-The report of the auditor of public

ecounts, just issued, gives the following ist of departments and their demands or the legislature for appropriations for the ensuing biennial period: Legislature...... 180,000 Treasurer Superintendent of public instruc-buildings..... Board of public lands and buildings Board of education lands and funds Board of purchase and supplies .... Supreme court..... District court..... Penitentiary.
Hospital for insane, at Lincoln....
Hospital for insane, at Norfolk.... 127.72 Asylum for insane, at Hastings . Industrial school ..... Institute for blind ... nstitute for deaf and dumb .....

Home for the friendless..... Industrial home..... Soldiers' and sailors' home .... Institute for the feeble minded. Live stock sanitary commission . . . State board of transportation . . . Fish commission...... 16.00 State university. 225,000 Miscellaneous Items: Abstract of lands from United States land office Enforcing criminal laws treasurers' fees and ex-Prosecuting unauthorized insurance

35,000 State horticultural society

State historical society....... Reports of historical society...... Total......\$2,890,290 The appropriations of the last legislature aggregated \$2,729,155. Prohibition in Iowa.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 22 .- | Special to THE BEE. |-The following are a few expression of the members taken at random on the re velations concerning the conditions of affairs at Des Moines under the prohibitory law: Abrahamson-We had Governor Larrabe here telling how the prohibitory law works. Of course we want to hear both sides. It yould be well to send a legislative committee

o investigate. Ballard-Have not had time to read it. Seed of Seward-Such a state of things is ad. No law ought to be enacted that can not be enforced.

Coleman of Antelope-I want to read it al carefully before forming an opinion. Weller of Richardson-Some of The Bri revelations are true and some are overdrawn Everett-I think THE BEE correspondent o put it mildly, prevaricates. Cameron—Have lived in \*Iowa and can' wallow the story, but am not going to vote

or submission. McNickle of Gage, who is doubtful of the submission question, said: "I thin! THE BEE reporter tells the truth, I don' know anything about Iowa personally, but o know that the law is not enfor I was out in the western part of that state not long since, and was convin from what I saw that you can get all the Mr. Elliott, who represents a strong sub

mission district, replied to the reporter's query: "I expect if I should go there I would see things in a different light. I think THE BEE correspondent overdraws icture.' Farley of York, who comes from a strong prohibition county, said: "There are no doubt places in cities the size of Des Moines where liquor is sold. But why don't The BEE give the statistics of crime, showing the

lecrease in that state since the prohibitory

THE ELOPERS.

Chris Doering an Miss Zimmerman Married and Coming Back.

An Omaha detective this morning found Miss Zimmerman, or as she is now called Mrs. Chris Doering, at the Grand house in Leavhnworth, Kas. The couple refused to return to Omaha on a war rant, but said they would go back if the de tective would tear the warrant up. He gave it to the woman and she tore it to pieces. This evening the couple, in couple, in company with the detective, left Leavenworth for Omaha. Doering and Miss Zimmerman wer married in Leavenworth last Thursday b Justice Plowman. The bride is defirnt and says her father cannot force her to leave her husband.

A Raid on Opium. Ah Ling runs a laundry on Cuming street near Twenty-first, and the police have long suspected him of running an opium joint or the side. Last night Officers Whelan and McBride made an investigation that resulted the arrest of Ah and two other Asiatics named Wah Ling and Hung Wah. A white girl named Nellie Anderson, a Swede, was also arrested, and all four will answer to the charge of being inmates of an opium joint.

Had the Proof With Him

Says the Detroit Free Press: A day or two ago a man walked into the Central station with a black eye, scratched nose and a conquered demeanor, and before he had said a word the sergeant observed:

to-day." "Yes, sir." "You came to report that your wife had disappeared?

"Ah! You were here five weeks ago

"I did, sir. "I told you that she would probably turn up all right?" "You did.

"And she has?" She has, sir. Police Court-Warrant for assault and battery-good day," added the ser-

geant. "All right-go right up-much obliged," replied the man, and off he marched.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

The Senate Tariff Bill Passed by Vote of 32 to 30.

PARTY LINES STRICTLY DRAWN.

A Clause Inserted Providing for the

Creation of a Customs Commission-Business in the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22. -The senate at 11:30 resumed consideration of the tariff bill, the conding question being the amendment of fered by the Rengan wool section. Mr. Morrill read some general remarks in which he criticised the course of the demo-

Senate.

cratic senators in opposition to the bill. Mr. Reagan made an argument in favor of is amendment, changing the duty on all grades and kinds of wool to 25 per cent ad calorem. After remarks by Mr. Turple against and

Mr. Harris for the amendment offered by

Mr. Reagan, a vote was taken and the amend ent rejected.

Mr. Vance then moved a proviso that no article in the wool and woolen schedule should pay a rate of duty exceeding 75 per cent advalorem. Rejected. An amendment, offered by Mr. Vance, to make lumber of all kinds tree of duty, was rejected by a vote of 28 mays to 19 years.

aken up.
Mr. Aldrich reported an amendment to insert in paragraph 201 the words "white pine \$1.50 per 1,000 feet, board measure." Agreed

Schedule D (wool and woolen ware) was

Mr. Vest moved to amend paragraph 207 pine clapboards; by striking out the words, \$2.00 per 1,000," and inserting the words, "shall be admitted free of duty," and argued in support of his motion. Messers, Stockbridge and Palmer opposed

he amendment. Mr. Vance moved to amend Mr. Vest's amendment by making it apply to all lumber Mr. Vest again took the floor and com

mented on trusts generally, and particularly on the fact that the great lumber trust was now in secret session in Michigan. A lengthy colleguy of a political nature en sued. Finally the question was taken on Mr. Vance's amendment, which was accepted by Mr. Vest's substitute for his own, and it was

rejected—yeas 10, mays 28, Messrs. Brown and Call voting against it. Mr. Hiscock, on behalf of the finance committee, offered a proviso, which was agreed to, that in case of imposition to the export duties on sawed lumber by any foreign government the duty on such sawed lumbe shall remain as under the present law.

Mr. Aldrich, on behalf of the finance con mittee, moved to insert after paragraph 20 the words, "reeds 10 per cent ad valorem chair cane 15;" also to increase the rate on sawed boards of inahogany, etc. (paragraph 215) from 15 to 20 per cent ad valorem Mr. Voorhees submitted some general re

marks on trusts, etc., principally in a polit-Mr. Sherman offered a proviso, which was agreed to, to paragraph 267, taxing fresh fish one-half cent per pound, that the duty shall not apply to fresn fish caught by citizens of the United States on the high seas or in the

open waters of the takes forming the boundary line between the United States and Numerous amendments were reported from the finance committee and agreed to withou objection. Among them were the following Reducing the duty on nickel ore, for the nickel therein contained, from 3 to 2 cents per pound, and on nickel in matte from 10 to 5. Reducing the duty on cocoa mau-ting from 10 to 8 cents per square yard; and on cocoa mats from 5 to 4 cents per square foot. Amending the proviso to para graph 152 so as to make it read, "that all iron or steel wire valued at more than 5 cents per pound," instead of 10 cents, "shall pay a duty of not less than 35 per cent ad val orem." Inserting in paragraph 417, which imposes a duty of 35 per cent ad valorem, on manufactures of leather, gutta percha etc, the words "vulcanized India rubber, known

as hard rubber Mr. Eustis moved to amend paragraphs 219 and 220, in the sugar schedule, by reducing the rate on sugar above No. 16, and not bove No. 20, Dutch standard, from 1% to 1% cents per pound, and on sugar above No from 2 cents to 1% cents. Rejected-

Mr. Reagan moved to amend the bill by adding a section imposing a graded income (ax. Rejected. Paragraph 412 (calf skins, etc.,) was amended by increasing the ad valorem on sheep and goat skins from 20 to 2 cent, and on skins for Morocco from 15 to 20

An amendment reported yesterday from the finance committee to paragraph 321 (stockings, hose, etc.,) was agreed to.

Mr. Stamford offered an amendment to the bill heretofore introduced by him to authorize the producers of pure sweet wines, wh are also distillers, to use, free of tax, the wine spirits necessary to fortify such pr sweet wines up to an alcholic strength of 1 per cent. Agreed to.

The amenament heretofore offered by Mr. Brown to the rice paragraph was rejected On this vote Messrs. Cameron, Mitchell, Plumb and Quay voted with the democrats, and Bate Berry, Blodgett, Cockrell, Coke, Faulkner, Harris, Jones of Arkansas, Rea-gan, Turpie, Vest, and Walthall with the epublicans.

On motion of Mr. Aldrich the paragraph was finally amended by making the rates on cleaned, uncleaned and broken rice, or ric lour, 134, 134 and 134 cents.
Mr. Plumb moved to insert an additional paragraph creating and establishing in the treasury department a commission to be known as the customs commission. without division. It provides for the ap pointment by the president, with the advice and consent of the senate, of five commis sioners, to hold office (2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 years respectively, not more than three of them to

of the same political party, at a salary of

\$5,000 per annum. The permanent office wil

be at Washington. An amendment reported from the finance committee to paragraph 257, as to oranges, lemons and limes, was agreed to. It increases a rate per раскаде, according to capacity, from 1), 20 and 40 cents to 13, 25 and 50 cents, and from 8 cents for every adnitional cubic foot to 10 cents. Mr. Allison offered an amendment, which was agreed to, repealing the provision re quiring a stamp to be affixed to every box of mported cigars, to indicate the inspection thereof by the custom officers.

An amendment reported from the finance committee to add to paragraph 533 (putting ough diamonds on the free list) the words and jewels to be used in the manufactur of watches." Agreed to-yeas 32, nays 27 Various other amendments were differen

On motion of Mr. Allison the date when the bill is to go into effect (section 12) was changed from the 1st of February, 1889, to the 1st of July, 1889. There being no further amendments offered, a vote was taken, the first on agreeing to the substitute, and then on the passing of the bill. Both votes were identical—year 32, nays 30-as follows:

Aldrich,

Chandler, Cameron, Chase, Davis, Edmunds, Dawes, Evarts, Cullom, Dolph, Farwell. Frye. Hawley, Ingalls, Mitchell, Hoar. Manderson Jones (Nev.) Morrill, Paddock, Palmer, Quay, Stockbridge, Platt, Sherman, Plumb, Spooner, Teller, \*Wilson (Ia.) -32. Berry, Biackburn, Call, Colquitt, Faulkner, Brown Butler Daniel, Eustis. Gibson, Harris, Gorman, Jones (Ark.) George, Gray, Morgan, Pasco, Ransom, Payne. Reagan, Vest, Pugh, Furple, Vance, Walthall, Wilson (Md.) Voornees,

The senate at 8 p. m. adjourned. House. Washington, Jan. 22.-Mr. Crisps of

Georgia, endeavored to have the Smalls-

Elliott election case considered, while Mr.

Randall thought that the river and harbor

bill should have precedence. The house re

fused to consider the election case. After a delay of half an hour, caused by fillibustering tactics on the part of Mr Cheadle of Indiana, the house went into com sittee of the whole on the river and harbor

appropriation bill After considerable fillibustering Mr. Mc-Adoo of New Jersey, moved to strike out the appropriation for the improvement of Annae harbor. Wisconsin

After a lengthy discussion by the advo-cates of the other appropriations the motion was lost, and the house soon adjourned. United States Senator Elected.

Toursa, Kan., Jan. 22. - [Special Telegran to THE BEE. |-The legislature to day elected a United States senator to succeed Preston B. Plumb, whose second term expires March 4. In the senate the name of Senator Plumb was presented by Senator Osborn, as the republican caucus nominee. The roll was called and Plumb received the full rewas called and Plainb received the full re-publican vote. Carroll, the only democratic senator, refraised from voting. In the house Mr. Ranking, of Doug las, presented Mr. Plumb's name, and unon the call of the roll he received 11s votes. The democrats presented no candi-date and the democratic members, four in number, declined to vote. This gave Sen-stor Plumb the ununimous vote of both louses, which is the first time a senator has ener been honored in this manner in Kansas

Nebraska and Iowa Pensions

Washington, Jan. 22.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-An increase of pension has been granted to Thomas H. Collins, of Whit ev. Neb.

Pensions for Iowans: original invalid-Charles F. Albright, Primehar; William Moorehead, Cedar Rapfils; William Glover, Redding; Abraham Gable, Centre Point; David W. Jones, What Cheer; Jacob A. Mil-ler, Galva; John D. Baker, Dunlao; Thomas J. Robinson, Harlan, Increase—Frederick Gump, Seymour; Monroe Eli, Davenport.

City Council Meeting.

The city city council met last night, and held a lengthened session, although the greater part of the evening was devoted to passing a number of ordinances calling for special improvement taxes. The finance committee called attention to several purchases that had been made irregularly, ane handed back the bills for the same without recom mendation. They also submitted their esti-mates for the levies necessary this year, which are I mill lower than a year ago. An ordinance giving the franchise of the street for lifty years to the Omaha Subwat com pany, was referred to the city attorney and ill be discussed in committee of the whole at next meeting.

Dynamo Engineering.

Electrical Review: One of the probems which soon presented themselves in regard to the application of the mo tive power to dynamos was the question. how to do away with the complication of shafting and belting and connect the dynamo axle directly to that of the driving steam engine. It was found out in the early days o

the dynamo (which, notwithstanding its

prosperous growth, is still in its baby-

hood) that the rapidity of its revolution is a most important factor in its effectiveness, as this increases in proportion as the velocity of those parts of the armature which receives the inductive influence cut the lines of force emanating from the magnetic pole-pieces of the field. It was, therefore, evident that in order to ob-tain an available connection between the axles of driving engine and dynamo, either the steam engine must be so constructed as to enable it to produce an unusually great number revolutions (say 600 or more per minute), or the size of the armature must be largely increased, so as to increase the velocity of its periphery, which, of course, is always in direcratio to its diameter. A six-fold in crease in size of the armature will be electrically equivalent to a six-fold increase of the velocity of the steam en-

In this country we have tried to solve the problem by the first-mentioned de vice, namely, rapidly moving engines. One of the first of this kind was devised by Captain Eriesson, who made the working drawings for an engine and dynamo revolving on the same shaft. for the Delamater works, West Fourteenth street and Tenth avenue, where it was built and has been kept in operafor some years. It operates with oscillating cylinders, makes from 600 to 1,000 revolutions per minute, feeds some eight or ten are lights in the foundry and occupies no more room than the well known coal boxes, familiar to all New Yorkers as an appendage to the corner groceries, in fact, it is inclosed in a similar box, the local necessitie

not allowing it to occupy more room. In Germany the inventive genius ap pears to have worked on the other true mentioned, namely, increase of diameter of the armature. The first machines of this class were built by Guelcher, of Biela, who, by quadrupling the diameter of the armature, reduced the necessary number of revolutions from 600 per minute to less than one fourth of this amount.

Combined Gas and Electric Fixtures Light, Heat and Power: Lighting fixtures, arranged for the use of gas or electricity, or of the two in combination, are not novelties in the abstract but those who give details in such mat ters little attention are not aware of the progress being made in the department of fixture manufacturing.

In recent specifications for lighting supplies sent out from the treasury de partment at Washington we notice tures that are new to us, and show that time and skill are being expended in this direction to a greater extent than is generally supposed. The variety and newness of the devices shown and upor which bids are asked proves that the government has become a strong con vert to the dual system of lighting while many of the designs are so patterned as to evidence that the gaslighting parts of the fixtures are in tended for more than ornament.

Among the designs new to us are several upon the well known Lungren combination plan, excepting that, while the Lungren lamp is the central pendant, the surrounding lesser light are incandescent electrics, instead of the usual gas jets. The effect, so far as can be determined from the skatches shown must be good, and the suggestion o such a combination contains excellent matter for development. We are pleased to find such designs emanating from so substantial a source as the national treasury. Expenditure in this direction is a sensible method of reducing that much-talked-of surplus. In connection with this, we have recently seen a fixture-of the first of pro-

combining the Lungren and the Wels bach, upon the same plan as that above mentioned, excepting that the fixture. emanating from the manufacturers of the first named 'amp, is more esentially a Lungren fixture than the other. This design is attractive and satisfactory in Is not the way to which these device and kindred ones point broad enough for many to follow? Is there not a profit for gas companies in giving more at-tention to these matters, not perhaps so

bably many in the same direction

velopments in methods of using, as well for simply furnishing materials for light? Before ten years have passed, gas managers will look back upon to-day and wonder how they could have been

much in direct income from the sale of

the fixtures, as in causing the consumer

to look to the gas company for new de

## THE IOWA JOBBERS' CASES

Judge Brewer Remands Them Back to the State Courts.

CRIMINAL IN THEIR NATURE.

A Pioneer Interpretation Upon an Important Point in Law-A Dis-

astrous Blaze - Illinoi's

Central Extensions.

Judge Brewer's Decision.

Des Mornes, Ia., Jan. 22. [Special Telegram to The Bee. Judge Brewer, of the United States circuit court, has just filed here a very important decision bearing on the Iowa railroad law and the construction to be put upon tegislation of this kind. it will be remembered that last summer the jobbers of this vicinity brought a number of suits in the district court of this county against the Rock Island and other roads here for alleged violation of the railroad law, passed by the last general assembly. Counsel for the reads at once took the papers from the local court to the United States circuit court, alleging that it was the proper court of jurisdiction, chiefly for the reason court of jurisdiction, chiefly for the reason that the suits were not criminal but civil in their nature, and involved amounts to the value of \$5,000 and upwards. They were accordingly entered on file, but the attorney general at once appeared and moved that they be remanded to the state court, insistig that they were of a criminal nature and hat the state court therefore had jurisdic tion. Judge Brewer now passes upon that point and remands the cases to the court from which they were taken. In his decision he discusses at some length the nature of this legislation, and puts a piencer leterpretation upon it. The gist of his decision can be obtained from the following extract.

'In whatever form the state pursues her right to provide the

right to punish the offense against her sov-ereight every step of the proceeding tends to an end, the compelling of the offender to pay a pecuniary fine by way of punishment for the offense. Thought his case is not pre-cisely in point, yet the thought underlying it, the principle which controlled the decision, is applicable here, and it must be adjudged that in the opinion of the supreme court of the United States—the ultimate authority on questions of this kind-an action to en force a penalty, whatever may be its form, is one of criminal nature. I have given the subject long and patient examination in view of the vast interests, and the importance of the question, and against my first impressions I have been forced to the conclusion I have thus announced. I appreciate fully what the counsel urge of the difficulties which, as they say, such a construction will place in the way of their reliance upon the protection of the federal constitution, but notwithstanding these difficulties, back of all the statues and all the litigation in the state, stands that high tribunal, the federal supreme court, which will ultimately deter-mine and fully protect all rights guaranteed to the defendant by the federal constitution.

The motion to remand will be sustained.

Fire at West Side.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 22 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-An extensive fire broke out in West Side, Crawford county, on Sunday, with the following principal losses: Richardson's drug store, \$1,000; insurance, \$2,500. S. C. Marten's, hardware, \$2,000; insurance, \$500. P. Crow, building, \$3,000. Peters & Suhr, two buildings and stock, loss \$1,500; fully insured. Dr. Bond, instru-ments, \$500. L. A. Twining, two buildings, \$2,500; inscrance, \$1,000. The postofflee, which was iocated in the drug store, is the total loss. The indications are that the conflagration was caused by a burgiar, who effected an entrance through a back window, and who probably dropped a lighted match on the oily fluor of the basement

An Illinois Central Extension. FORT DODGE, In., Jan. 22. - Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The Illinois Central has a corps of engineers in the field surveying a new line of railroad from Central City station, on their Manchester & Cedar Rapids

branch, to the large stone quarries at Stone

City and Anamosa, to secure a portion of the

mmense stone shipments made from these Supreme Court Decisions. DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 22.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The following decisions were filed by the supreme court to-day; A. Fernback, appellant, vs The City of Waterloo; Black Hawk district; affirmed.

pellant, vs Laura G. Robinson, administratrix, etc., et al; Pocahontas district; reversed. Jane Wanataff, appellant, vs Louisa County; Louisa district; affirmed. G. W. Hawk & Co. vs John V. Evans and H. H. Roadifer, appellants; Harrison rict; reversed: opinion by Rothrock, Reed

Robert M. Henderson, trustee, etc., ap

Jean Beith, appellant, vs Eliza Beith; Bubanan district; affirmed. F. M. Ryan vs D. Heenan, appellant; Jones istrict; reversed J. J. Ryman vs M. W. Lynch; Polk disrict; affirmed. | C. F. Barre, appellant, ys Council Bluffs

insurance company; Delaware district; af

Diphtheria Near Mason City. MASON CITY, Ia., Jan. 22, - Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Diphtheria has made ts appearance in the south part of the county. Three in one family are now afflicted. The louse has been quarantined and all preautionary measures have been taken to preent its further spreading. It is said that this same disease has made its appearance meng a stable of horses of Sneffield and

gram to THE BEE. | - Some days ago there was much excitement over the mysterious disappearance of Postmaster Wohlgemuth, of Commerce, a small village a few miles from here. No trace of him could be found, but his brother discovered a clue and now assumes that he went to St. Louis with a party of army friends and is supposed to be

A Missing Postmaster.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 22. | Special Tele-

that four have died.

Peculiar

preparation of Ingredients, Hood's Barsapa-

rilla possesses the curative value of the best

known reme- Hood's dies of the vegetable Hood's kingdom. Peculiar in its strength and economy, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine of which can truly be said, "One Hundred Doses One Dollar." Peculiar in its medicinal merits, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures hitherto unknown, Sarsaparilla and has won for Sarsaparilla itself the title of "The greatest blood purifier ever discovered." Peculiar in its "good name at home,"-there is more of Hood's Sarsa parilla sold in Lowell than of all other blood purifiers. Peculiar in its phenomenal record of Peculiar sales abroad no other Peculiar preparation ever attained so rapidly nor held so steadfastly the confidence of all classes of people. Peculiar in the brain-work which represents, Hood's Sarsaparilla combines all the knowledge which modern research To Itself in medical science has To Itself developed, with many years practical experience in preparing medicines. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass 100 Doses One Dollar

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