

THE OMAHA SUNDAY BEE.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR.

OMAHA, SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 6, 1889.—TWELVE PAGES.

NUMBER 206

A FORCIBLE APPEAL.

Refund the Money or I'll Blow My Brains Out.

HE WAS A GAY FRENCH OFFICER.

The Casino Weakened and the Lucre Was Returned.

IS THE USUAL THING IN MONACO?

No Attention is Paid to Common Victims.

ROLLIN M. SQUIRE IN PARIS.

He Gives His Views on New York Politics, Which He Says Are Rotten to the Core—His Estimate of Hill.

A Military Gentleman's Escapade.

(Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett.)
PARIS, Jan. 5.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—Winter has come on at last, clear and cold, and skating is in full swing. The ponds on the Bois de Boulogne, the Saint Cloud and the Versailles are covered with deliciously smooth ice, and a hundred pretty little Parisiennes, surrounded each with a little coterie of admirers, whisk and circle about on the ice, stamping every few minutes to warm their dainty toes at large braziers that are placed at convenient intervals on the edges of the ponds. The Circle du Patinage is in full winter glory, and grand skating fêtes are in progress.

Politics have again come to the fore, and when Paris woke up yesterday the streets were plastered with flaming signatures of Le General Boulanger. Le brave general is still popular as ever, perhaps more so. Not only the radicals, but the royalists continue to support him. In commenting on the election fixed for January 27, the Figaro says: "Boulanger's programme is distinctly republican, but is so adroitly worded as to give offence to no one."

Gaulois says: The Paris election on January 27 will be a repetition of the triple election of the 16th of August, a crushing victory for General Boulanger, and that true royalists in Paris will vote for him. They know what they want and no matter with whom they travel or what road they take, the ever important consideration is that they arrive at their journey's end. So all good royalists in Paris will vote for Boulanger.

The République Francaise appeals to the sound common sense of the Parisians and asks what they expect to gain by voting for a man who never yet distinctly declared what his opinions were or what he would do if once in power.

The Journal Des Debats says General Boulanger's appeal to the voters of Paris is mere nonsense, and that he can never hope to capture the votes of the city of Paris.

Raspail says Boulanger gives no opinion now platform. He merely says no, and that's all.

Fashionable Paris is now taking wing for the Riviera, and, as usual at this season, chronic denunciations of the dangers of roulette and rouge et noir continue to be thundered against Monte Carlo, which still continues to be a most magnetic and fascinating winter spot for Europe.

The victim of gambling this season is a military officer, who was stationed with his regiment near Nice, and went to Monte Carlo with 12,500 francs due to his company as pay officer and won about 50,000 francs, and then lost everything he had, including the 12,500 francs belonging to his regiment; but the officer, still confident, wrote a letter to the Casino authorities, telling them that if his money was not returned he would blow out his brains in the principality and thus bring about an awkward scandal. The letter caused a flutter in the bosom of the director, M. DeThephilat, and he conferred with the three administrators, M. Bourdonc, M. Bonier and M. Wichta, a German, who is a relative of Madame Blanc. Those gentlemen devoted a long time to the matter. They were accustomed to such appeals, and under customary circumstances, would have simply sent the unlucky gambler about his business. The unlucky person, however, in this instance, was an officer in the French army, and should he be so foolish as to scatter his brains about in a local orange grove inconvenient consequences might ensue. The matter, therefore, was referred to the most mighty and puissant council of the Casino. This omnipotent body has its headquarters in Paris, and is legally constituted as the Societe Anonyme de Bains de mer et du cercle des Etranzer a Monaco. Its members are Prince Roland Bonaparte and Prince Radziwill, who is connected by marriage with the Blanc family, but Prince Radziwill and Edmund Blanc merely draw their revenues, relegating their duties to secretaries. The members of the high council having received notice of the officer's application and threats, deliberated and came to the conclusion that the applicant should receive his money back. The officer was accordingly repaid the sum which he had lost and signed an agreement to refund it to the Casino by monthly installments. Soon afterwards, however, the military authorities heard of the affair, and the officer was sent off to Tonkin. He ended this year's Monte Carlo scandal. Meanwhile all flock thither to enjoy not so much the gambling, but the sunshine and charming scenery of the Riviera.

He was a man might have from Boston and New York, a man with elastic step and an engaging manner, who might be fifty years old and who hardly looked forty. He was seated in the billiard room of the Grand hotel, and commenced sipping his after dinner coffee and talking. He was Rollin M. Squire, ex-commissioner of public

works in New York City. You want to know my opinion on New York politics? Rotten, sir, rotten to the core. Talk about corruption in the past. Why there are men prominent in New York to-day who are so corrupt they would out-twist Tweed if they only had his genius; and, by the way, there is one whose first name is William and his last is Grace, and God help Peru if he gets his hands on it. Dave Hill! What do I think of Dave Hill? I don't care to be inelegant, but there are four Anglo-Saxon words which formulate my opinion of him, with beautiful distinctness. When I became commissioner of public works in 1885, Hill came to me and said, "I would like to know what you think of me for governor of the state in 1888!" "Well," said I, "Mr. Hill, I think you a good man for the place, and when you want my help you have only got to say so. I am not much of a campaign leader but I am a good lieutenant. I have confidence in you, and whenever you wheel your political cart up alongside of this department, I will shove the whole thing in front of the roof to the cellar. So we agreed to be friends. I was to give him my faithful support and he was to protect me against the machinations of this same man Grace, who was the mayor of the city. Hill told me repeatedly that not the slightest confidence was to be placed in anything Grace might say. I kept my promise to Governor Hill, and what did he do? Before the end of it he signed a paper which removed me from office. That is the kind of a man Hill is. When I was informed of this act of treachery I said to one of the governor's aides, who was with me: "You go back to Albany and tell Dave Hill that if I were not restrained by a self-respect which he has never known, I would go to his mansion and slap his traitor's mouth, were he seated in the gubernatorial chair itself." Now, just one more word about the presidential election. I won't say much, because it is an old story how Cleveland was beaten, because he got the swelled head and forgot his friends. He began to pose as a candidate of the respectable classes, and to neglect the boys, to whom he owed everything. The result was the boys went back on this inflated man of destiny, and unfortunately in New York state the boys have much more to do with the elections than the respectable classes. In fact, they have pretty much everything to do with them. Dave Hill did not forget the boys. Consequently Hill remains at Albany, while Cleveland is left out in the cold. Mr. Squire will sail for America to-day with a French gentleman, who proposes organizing an extensive commercial enterprise in the United States. After about six weeks Mr. Squire will probably return to France, in connection with the exposure of the Electric Sugar Refining company's frauds in New York, a local paper says: Prof. Friend made an endeavor to foist his scheme on a Chicago firm about four years ago, but failed.

Henry Culver, Chicago agent of Matthiessen & Wickers, sugar refiners of New York, says Friend tried to sell his scheme to their firm. Mr. Matthiessen told him he would give him \$100,000 when he proved the process a success. The professor replied that it was a secret and that unless the company would be gotten together leaving the secret with him, negotiations must end. They did end and the Englishmen to subscribe now want to get control. Mrs. Friend and Howard own a majority of the stock and the alleged secret, and in this way the two parties can determine whether or not they will be induced to get control. Mrs. Friend is too sharp to be frightened into giving up any secrets. There are people at Milan who believe Prof. Friend is still alive. The lawyers, however, think he is dead.

Tried It in Chicago But Failed.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—In connection with the exposure of the Electric Sugar Refining company's frauds in New York, a local paper says: Prof. Friend made an endeavor to foist his scheme on a Chicago firm about four years ago, but failed.

Henry Culver, Chicago agent of Matthiessen & Wickers, sugar refiners of New York, says Friend tried to sell his scheme to their firm. Mr. Matthiessen told him he would give him \$100,000 when he proved the process a success. The professor replied that it was a secret and that unless the company would be gotten together leaving the secret with him, negotiations must end. They did end and the Englishmen to subscribe now want to get control. Mrs. Friend and Howard own a majority of the stock and the alleged secret, and in this way the two parties can determine whether or not they will be induced to get control. Mrs. Friend is too sharp to be frightened into giving up any secrets. There are people at Milan who believe Prof. Friend is still alive. The lawyers, however, think he is dead.

Lived Like Princes.

DETROIT, Jan. 5.—The Evening Journal's special from Milan, Mich., says that since the opening of the sugar business the Howards and Friends have cut a big swath here, building elegant houses and living as gentlemen-farmers, with rapidly increasing fortunes, some of whom are extremely independent, though not without suspicion. They bought the best, lived high, drove elegant equipages, and traveled much between here and New York, intrusting the secret to Prof. Friend. The rest of the story is known.

AN ADDRESS TO THE POPE.

Memorial of the Centenary of Catholicism in the United States.

ROME, Jan. 5.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—Bishop Keane, rector of Washington university, has been appointed preacher for Epiphany by the pope in the church of St. Sylvester, which has been ceded to the English of Rome in perpetuity. The archbishops and bishops connected with the university have presented addresses to Leo XIII in Latin, proposing to inaugurate the institution next year, as a memorial of the centenary of the Catholic hierarchy in the United States. The document is signed by the archbishops of Baltimore, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and the bishops of Peoria, Dakota and LaCrosse.

The president of the chamber has received a letter, communicating the intelligence that President Cleveland and the senate of the United States had accepted, by a unanimous vote, the bust of Garibaldi, offered by the Italian residents in Washington, which is to be placed in the Oriental room of the capitol. The Italian minister of foreign affairs expressed warm sentiments of esteem and admiration for the United States of America, which were received by all present with applause.

Among the latest arrivals at Rome are ex-Senator W. N. Emerson, Right Rev. J. N. Gallagher and C. E. Gudebroad, of New York. AMERICANS AT NICE.

Visitors Are Beginning to Arrive in Great Numbers.

(Copyrighted 1889 by Frank G. Carpenter.)

NICE, Jan. 5.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—The weather here has been delightful the last few days, and Americans are beginning to arrive in great numbers. The most conspicuous couple on the drive are the king and queen of Wurtemberg. The king is doing everything in his power to secure a recall of his American favorites, but the queen, who is now virtually ruler of their kingdom, is determined in her opposition. She is endeavoring to restore his spirits, which have declined since the departure of his favorites, but members of his court whisper that his mind is going.

It is understood that Milian of Servia will be here in about a fortnight.

Among the American arrivals are Colonel and Mrs. A. Hayward, D. B. Gillis, San Francisco; Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Hoffman, F. Ritchiehouse, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. James W. Alexander and family, Mr. George Hoyt, Mr. and Mrs. Linda, Winthrop. Coming from Cannes, Mr. and Mrs. Bigelow, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Browne and family, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Thacher, New York, and Mr. and Mrs. Loma, of Chicago.

Exploded a Petard.

MADRID, Jan. 5.—An attempt was made to day to blow up the building occupied by the ministry of the interior. A petard was exploded in the rear of the building, and created an intense excitement and rejoicing throughout this section.

Jules Lombard has gone to Chicago on business. He will sing Sunday night, the 13th, at First Baptist church.

THE ELECTRIC SWINDLE.
Mrs. Friend Says There Was no Intentional Fraud.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Jan. 5.—Persons interested in the Electric Sugar Refining company frauds at New York have been in consultation with Sawyer & Knowlton, attorneys here, for several days past. The president of the company has been here and met Mrs. Friend, the Howards and Holsteads, all of whom live at Milan, this state. Mrs. Friend's attorney says there was no intentional fraud. But the company expected more than was promised. She says the company was to furnish money to equip a refinery for refining sugar by Friend's "secret process." The company alleges the refinery was to be done from sugar. "We shot our bolt," says the attorney, "but she got it." The contract her husband made was to refine sugar at 80 cents a ton and sell out his stock and secret for \$250,000, after everything was running. The company has been making five cars and has put in over \$300,000, but the sugar has yet to be refined for the market. Mrs. Friend says the company is now trying to force from her another secret, but which she can make a superior article of sugar from raw sugar, but she does not know that contract calls for. The last secret she refuses to divulge for any amount. No arrests have been made, and none even threatened by the company's agent, who returned to New York Wednesday. Mrs. Friend is the only one of the party interested in the transaction, the others being merely employees.

DENOUNCES MRS. FRIEND'S STATEMENTS.

DETROIT, Jan. 5.—The Evening Journal's special from Ann Arbor, Mich., says: President Cottrell, of the Electric Sugar refinery, has written to the secretary of state to protest that he has to pay the arrest of Mrs. Friend to his son. He cannot talk to the press now, but promises developments in a few days. He denounces the claim made by Mrs. Friend that the contract with her does not specify raw cane sugar, but only cane sugar, as being entirely false.

Society is preparing itself to receive the details of a most unsavory scandal that has just transpired in Madras, where the separation of the governor, Lord Connemara, and wife is the absorbing topic. From what I can learn, Lady Connemara recently left the government house during a state ball and spent the night at a hotel, while her liege lord danced away the hours, totally ignoring her absence. Next day Captain Quinn, aide-de-camp, applied for leave, and Brigade Surgeon Briggs, surgeon to the governor, resigned his appointment. Lady Eva Quinn declares she will never return to the government house, and Lady Connemara is en route for England. Reports giving the reason for her ladyship's sudden departure are too delicate to be unveiled at present, though Madras is most miserable. There has been no snow, and only in a few northern countries has there been any skating. The metropolis has been one vast, sunless labyrinth of fog and mud.

Society is preparing itself to receive the details of a most unsavory scandal that has just transpired in Madras, where the separation of the governor, Lord Connemara, and wife is the absorbing topic. From what I can learn, Lady Connemara recently left the government house during a state ball and spent the night at a hotel, while her liege lord danced away the hours, totally ignoring her absence. Next day Captain Quinn, aide-de-camp, applied for leave, and Brigade Surgeon Briggs, surgeon to the governor, resigned his appointment. Lady Eva Quinn declares she will never return to the government house, and Lady Connemara is en route for England. Reports giving the reason for her ladyship's sudden departure are too delicate to be unveiled at present, though Madras is most miserable. There has been no snow, and only in a few northern countries has there been any skating. The metropolis has been one vast, sunless labyrinth of fog and mud.

It isn't often that American travelers are swindled while abroad, but several days ago Frederick Graham, a California miner, was induced to part with \$1,000 by an old confidence game. The swindler was caught and is now serving a six months' sentence, while Graham is thinking his lucky stars that he has his money back.

Among the latest American arrivals in London are Mr. and Mrs. William Henry Smith, James R. Scott, John R. Dosopoulos, Mr. and Mrs. John Holmes, James H. Whitney, New York; Lieutenant J. W. Graydon, Washington.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Mr. Edmunds offered two resolutions, which were agreed to, calling on the president for information as to the Venezuelan awards, and as to what steps, if any, have been taken by the United States government to collect the monthly quotas of Caracas customs receipts.

Mr. Sherman called up the joint resolution reported by him yesterday from the committee on foreign relations, declaring the sense of Congress in relation to the connection of European governments with any intervention in Venezuela and asking that it be passed immediately.

Mr. Morgan took the view that congress had no right to trammel the diplomatic action of the executive by the passage of the joint resolution, and that it is to be expressed by congress it should be done in the form of a concurrent resolution only.

Mr. Sherman cited Mr. Morgan's objection to the form of the resolution as more telling than the argument advanced in favor of the resolution, namely, that it would be too much to demand of the president that he should be compelled to act in accordance with the wishes of the Senate.

Mr. Sherman called up the joint resolution reported by him yesterday from the committee on foreign relations, declaring the sense of Congress in relation to the connection of European governments with any intervention in Venezuela and asking that it be passed immediately.

After further discussion the resolution went over till Monday, and the tariff bill was taken up at 2 o'clock.

Various amendments were offered to paragraph 322, and others were withdrawn. Bill and motion were then voted down by the usual party vote, and when paragraph 335, referring to laces, etc., was reached, the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The committee on Indian affairs reported a bill to divide the Sioux Indians into separate reservations.

House calendar.

Mr. Reed, of Maine, then called up the resolution to abolish for the remainder of the session the call of the states for the introduction of bills on the first and third Mondays of each month. On ordering the previous question the vote stood—yeas 98, nays 20. The motion was carried.

Quiet and indecision reigned until 1:50, when adjournment was moved.

Pending the motion to adjourn, Mr. Springer of Illinois introduced a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing congress to make a uniform law of marriage and divorce.

The motion to adjourn then at 2:15 prevailed.

The Sugar Schedule.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The sub-committee of the finance committee to day gave a hearing to a delegate from Louisiana. The delegate proposed a bill to increase the sugar schedule as proposed by the senate tariff bill to be modified on the ground that 50 per cent reduction in the duty on sugar would ruin the sugar industry not only in tropical cane in Louisiana, but also in the best sugar districts of California and the sorghum industry of Kansas. At the hearing this afternoon Parkinson and Representative Peters spoke in behalf of the sorghum sugar producers in Kansas, asserting that the sugar produced in unripe districts would greatly develop in the immediate future. They objected to the bill, because it was likely to be only of temporary character.

Colonel North, who has made \$10,000,000 in South American nitrate deposits, gave a \$500 fancy dress ball at the Metropole hotel last night. On dit, that Colonel North some time ago gave Lord Randolph Churchill some points about nitrate that enabled him to materially increase his fortune, and as quid pro quo Lord Randolph will get the Colonel a seat in parliament. The ball last night was really the nitrate king's public debut.

Ira Sankey, the evangelist, having been suddenly called home, sailed for New York this week. He will return in the summer and assist Mr. McAll in Paris. While in Europe he received assistance to erect two churches in America, one at his former home, New Castle, Pa., the other at Northfield.

The most important social event of the season was the marriage to-day of Hon. Stanley, of the Grenadier Guard, son of the governor general of Canada, and Lady Alice Montague, youngest daughter of the Duke of Manchester. The ceremony was performed at the Guard's chapel by Rev.

A LABYRINTH OF FOG.

Very Disagreeable Winter Weather at London.

A MOST UNSAVORY SCANDAL.

The Separation of Lord and Lady Connemara.

MRS. CHAMBERLAIN'S RECEPTION.

Great Preparations For the Event in Birmingham.

THE NITRATE KING'S DEBUT.

An Expensive Fancy Dress Ball Given By a Rich South American—Sankey, the Evangelist, Coming Home.

Will Cause a General Exodus.

(Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett.)

LONDON, Jan. 5.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—A stifling fog settled down upon the metropolis to-night, and if this weather continues there will be a general exodus south. So far this winter has been most miserable. There has been no snow, and only in a few northern counties has there been any skating. The metropolis has been one