

WILL WE HAVE TWO HOUSES?

The Two Great Parties at Loggerheads in the Doubtful Districts.

CAN THE SUPREME COURT FIX IT?

Senator Kenna and His Betting Constituency—Chamberlain and His Bride Are on Their Way to England.

WASHINGTON HERALD THE OMAHA HERALD, 1888. AS THE TEXT OF THE NEWS, WASHINGTON, D. C., NOV. 23.

The democrats have not yet given up their purpose to manufacture a majority for themselves in the next house of representatives.

This appears from many movements in the report of the local districts in the southern states. In these states they control the election boards, which will make the returns on which certificates are issued, and in this way they may be enabled to have certificates issued to candidates who were not elected, even on the face of the returns, if honestly made.

The present situation of the house, General Clark will have to make up a list of the members of the next house, and call them to order under the present law, and having received returns by which a majority of the democrats would be shown to be elected, would thus pave the way for a democratic organization of the house.

The republicans are well aware of this, and recognize the seriousness of the situation. They do not mean to be cheated out of the control of the next house by the return of candidates who were not elected, and, therefore, it is justly probable that the organization of the next house will lead to trouble.

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AT HARRISON'S HOME.

Several Persons Call on Him Before Breakfast.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 23.—The president-elect was this morning again favored by half a dozen visitors, who called at 7:30, before he had breakfasted. He had been up some little time, however, and received the party. Among the prominent callers to-day were Congressman Hoak, of Tennessee; Governor-elect Hayes, Chairman James N. Huston, John W. Foster, William H. Hunt, of New York, Charles H. Champ and son, of Philadelphia, the well-known ship builders. A bridal couple, who were wedded last week among the callers early this afternoon. The groom busily informed the general that they were just married, and asked for his congratulations, which the general gave him with his cordial congratulations.

Mrs. Harrison was to-day the recipient of a handsome silk robe, a very nice suit by the ladies of the Episcopal church at Los Angeles, Cal., it having been voted by Mrs. Harrison as the most popular lady at a church fair.

The New York Vote.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 23.—The electoral vote in New York state, as canvassed by the state board of canvassers to-day, is as follows: Republican, 60,337; democratic, 65,977; prohibition, 30,281; socialist, 2,068; union labor, 620; united labor electors at large, 2,468.

The South Carolina Returns.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 23.—The official returns for the state are: Cleveland, 68,825; Harrison, 13,553; democratic majority, 55,275. The total vote is 11,932 less than four years ago. The democratic majority is 4,054 greater. The delegations to congress is democratic.

Senator Morgan Renominated.

MONROEVILLE, Ala., Nov. 23.—At a joint caucus of democratic senators and representatives of the Alabama legislature to-day United States Senator John T. Morgan was nominated by acclamation to be his own successor from March 4 next. This is his third nomination.

Harrison's Plurality in Kansas.

TOWNSHIP, Kan., Nov. 23.—The official returns from the secretary of state show Harrison's plurality over Cleveland in Kansas to be 80,176. The Harrison electors received 182,914 and Cleveland 102,738.

THE CHICAGO DYNAMITERS.

Their Counsel Discovers a Technicality and Turns It to Account.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—The case of the alleged dynamite conspirators, Hronck, Chapok and others, which was to have begun to-day, was put off till Monday. For the cause, Mr. Goldizer stated that he had motioned to adjourn because he was ready to argue at once, so that the trial might go on without interruption next week. The motion was to discharge the defendants on the ground that the new dynamite statute, under which they were indicted, was unconstitutional. The constitutionality of the statute was not in question, but the fact that the statute was not in force at the time of the offense was the ground on which the defense was made.

A Gentleman's Visit to the City to-day from the west, traveled in a car from Cumberland to Washington in company with Senator Kenna, and reports that the gentleman is very much dissatisfied over the success of the republican ticket. Mr. Kenna is quoted as saying that, in his opinion, the loss of votes in the districts of the south are not as great as is generally supposed. A gentleman from Georgia, who is to-day from the west, traveled in a car from Cumberland to Washington in company with Senator Kenna, and reports that the gentleman is very much dissatisfied over the success of the republican ticket.

CHAMBERLAIN AND HIS BRIDE.

The Right Honorable Joseph Chamberlain, of Birmingham, England, and his bride, who have been sailing since the 10th inst. for New York, arrived at the city last evening, and "put up" with Papa Endicott. This morning they took the limited express for New York, accompanied by their two daughters and their two sons. The party will sail for Liverpool on a Cunard to-morrow about 9 o'clock. As the streets were full of people going to the depot, a large wagon load of brand new trunks marked "M. E. C.," which means Mary Endicott Chamberlain, rolled down Pennsylvania avenue and on top of the luggage sat the two well-known colored messengers, who usually stand at the door of the executive office, and take in cards for him. The darkies smiled knowingly to their acquaintances, and familiarly remarked to the gentlemen and their friends on the sidewalks. Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain followed after in the government carriage belonging to the war department. Mr. Endicott was with the party of friends, going down to see them off. There was a story in circulation here to-day, that it had been found out that Chamberlain had been notified of his appointment as minister to the United States to succeed Stanley West, but he has never been in the diplomatic service, and the practice of the British government is only to send experienced men to such places.

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MR. DANA'S DISSECTING KNIFE

He Uses It On the Late Grover Cleveland.

NOT READY FOR FREE TRADE.

The New York Editor of the Opinion That the Executive's Position on the Tariff Caused His Political Death.

What Killed Grover?

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PARIS, Nov. 23.—[New York Herald Cable Special to The Bee.]—Mr. Charles A. Dana has been spending a few days in Paris. A correspondent called upon him yesterday at his apartments in the Hotel Bristol. In a conversation Mr. Dana expressed the following views on American politics:

"Mr. Cleveland was beaten in the recent contest for the simple reason that a majority of the people chose to vote against him. Many things contributed to the result. In the first place, the chances are all against the re-election of any man as president. Since 1820 only two men have been twice placed in the office of chief magistrate. These were Lincoln and Grant, and they both were kept in the white house under exceptional circumstances. The military record of General Grant made him a public hero, and Abraham Lincoln would never have been re-elected but for the continuance of the war. President Van Buren was most popular during his first term, and he had the support of Jackson. Yet when he ran for a second term in 1840 he was overwhelmingly defeated. Therefore, one of the chief reasons in order to insure a president, a second term of office there must be something of special and unusual importance to commend him to public favor.

"Mr. Cleveland had no such element to aid him. On the contrary, he was handicapped in many ways. He had no personal friends. He was cordially disliked by the leaders of the democratic party and the political directors of the democratic press. Even before the election I do not believe there was a more unpopular person in the United States than he, and after next March, when the same is all over, the universal feeling will be to have such a man as Cleveland ever come to fill such a high position.

"During his administration he did nothing to win the confidence and support of his party. In fact, he did not care a copper for the real interests of the democrats. What he worked and schemed for from beginning to end was the welfare and advancement of his own party, and he was not above doing anything to injure the interests of his party. He was always cold and overbearing, and he never by any chance put himself out to be courteous or accommodating. He thought himself a man of destiny and so far above his followers that he could kick them about as he pleased. He has finally discovered his mistake. He was always trying to produce a sensation which would make people talk about him. He did not choose any given line of action so much because he believed in it as because he believed in advantages for himself. He did not dare to veto either the oleomargarine bill or the river and harbor bill, although he was convinced that they both were unwise. He did veto a lot of pension bills because he saw an opportunity to set people talking. His knowledge on all things was superficial, and in many things he made mistakes as to what would really rebound to his advantage. His negotiation of the fisheries treaty and the extradition treaty did him much harm among the Irish and the fishermen. If he had not been politically dead already, of course his position on the tariff would have finished him.

"This last election has forever settled the free trade question. No party can succeed in the United States which wavers in its adherence to protection. California wants protection for its wines and woollens and fruits, Alabama wants it for its iron, and so will Colorado in time. The democrats are fighting for the manufactures and industries which are springing up there as if by magic. The east has always wanted it, and the south will follow suit. The democrats were beaten in a fair fight because they deserved to be. There was never an election more quiet and orderly. There was a vote more with less corruption in the polls. The talk about Cleveland having been knifed in New York by Hill and Hewitt is nonsense. Those two men aided rather than injured the presidential candidate. The bitterness which arose in New York state by these factional jealousies resulted in drawing out an enormous vote, which always secured the democrats. The democrats have gained thousands of votes among the republicans who were opposed to restricting the sale of liquor, and many such men were thus led to cast a straight democratic ticket. If the democrats had chosen for their candidate a man without Cleveland's host of enemies, and if they had excluded from their platform anything which might be construed as leaning toward free trade, I think there is no doubt they would have been successful. As it is they are set back where they were twenty years ago, and they have a republican majority against them in both houses.

"The Sackville incident had little effect in my opinion on the result. It was a late Cleveland's mistake that was made in not calling Sackville out to England ten days sooner than he did. When the British minister at Washington asserts, as he practically did, that the president of the United States is a fool and demagogue it is high time the queen sent another representative.

"As to the coming administration, I am sure Mr. Blaine will be secretary of state, unless he should refuse. Warner Miller will probably be offered either the treasury or the interior department. Harrison in a decided measure owes his election to the resolute stand taken by Mr. Miller on the liquor question, which established as ever his regard for the prohibition party, and that was all so much clear gain for the republicans. I suppose Harrison will make a clean sweep among democratic officeholders. His party believes in civil service reform—for themselves."

Speaking of France, Mr. Dana expressed the opinion that the republic was as firmly established as ever. He regarded Bonaparte as a noisy upstart, who simply serves to furnish the Parisians with food for gossip in the absence of more serious questions.

Floquet and de Boulanger.

PROVENCE, R. I., Nov. 23.—A case of child murder was brought to light to-day by the discovery in a sanitary vault, at the corner of Chadbourne and Admiral streets, of the remains of an infant who had been buried there.

An Alabama Execution.

MONTEGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 23.—John Hollenbeck, was hanged to-day for the murder of his parson, John Johnston, last April. The drop fell at 12:30, breaking the murderer's neck.

POWDERLY HOLDS THE FORT

He is Chosen by the Knights to Be His Own Successor.

THE OTHER OFFICERS ELECTED.

An Executive Board Which Will Probably Act in Harmony With the General Master Workman—Turner's Protest.

The Knights of Labor.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 23.—The election of officers by the Knights of Labor general assembly to-day. Daniel J. Powderly, of Scranton, Pa., nominated T. V. Campbell, of re-election; Victor Drury placed the name of Martin Hanley, of New Jersey, before the convention, and an ex-delegate named Birch, of Ohio, was also proposed. The vote resulted: Powderly 114, Hanley 47, Birch 11. For general secretary, Morris L. Wheat, of Iowa, was elected. Before the vote was taken for general secretary and treasurer a motion for a recess for dinner was carried.

When the convention reassembled after dinner balloting was proceeded with, resulting in the election of: Secretary, Mrs. Stevens, 3; Treasurer, Mrs. Stevens, 3; General Secretary, Morris L. Wheat, 114; General Treasurer, Morris L. Wheat, 114. The election of Hayes, the result is a Powderly victory.

When Powderly got through with his nominating speech, Turner read a letter sent to him by the general master workman, in which he expressed a hope that the (Turner) would again be a candidate and would be elected. Powderly explained that the letter was written before a combination of the two officers had been suggested.

Mrs. A. P. Stevens presented the name of Mrs. M. H. Hart, of Chicago, as a candidate for woman's work, and she was re-elected by acclamation. General Master Workman, Powderly, was chosen to represent the order at the Paris exposition.

After his re-election to office, Powderly took the floor and stated that, although his name had been put forward, he would accept only \$3,000, and at the end of his term the order could do what they pleased with the balance. As a candidate for members of the general executive board the general master workman presented the names of A. W. Wright, of Toronto, Ontario; J. Holland, of Jacksonville, Fla.; John Costello, of Pittsburgh; John Devin, of Detroit; J. N. Wright, of Philadelphia; T. B. McGuire, of New York; H. C. Trappan, of Cincinnati; and C. Crowley, of Charleston, Mass. On the first ballot, A. W. Wright, J. J. Holland and John Costello were elected. The second ballot resulted in the election of the fourth member of the board, John Devin, was chosen.

The retiring general worthy foreman, Richard Griffin, of Chicago, and his wife, Delwarte, of Belgium, were presented with the gold badges by the general assembly, the badge of which was solemnly accepted privately. Mr. Delwarte doing so in his choice of French. To-morrow morning the member of the co-operative board will be elected from among the retiring officers. Worthy Foreman Wheat.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC.

It Steals a March on the People of Chicago.