EIGHTEENTH YEAR.

OMAHA. SUNDAY. MORNING, SEPTEMBER 23, 1888,—SIXTEEN PAGES.

NUMBER 101

while in transit from the factory in Con-necticut, by lake from Buffalo to Chicago were damaged slightly by water. The Steamship Company—the Western Transit Company have instructed us to dispose of the goods, they standing the difference in the loss. Monday morning we offer the entire shipment in two lots.

Lot 2, at \$1.50

At these prices they cannot last over one day as they are less that half price; they will be found in our new basemen

EIDER DOWN COMFORTS

Manufactured specially for us by Booth & Fox, Ireland; nothing finer made, come double quilted, corded edge, block printed, extra quality Satteen and warranted fast colors; size. 7x61 feet, at \$15 each, they are a decided bargain as the price heretofore has been \$22.50.

Prompt attention given to Mail Orders.

S.P. MORSE & CO S.P. MORSE & CO

WHENCE IS THEIR WEALTH?

The Riches of the Men Who Furnish the Meat.

NOT QUITE MILLIONAIRES.

Interesting Figures on the Meat Industry - Profits of Packing Houses-A Visit to the

The Butchers' Profit.

"How is it that a pound of beef costs as much to-day as it did five years ago, when prices for live stock were much higher, and how is it that so many butchers are growing rich?"

Either question was a hard one for

THE BEE reporter. In the first place,

Meat Dealers.

as a batchelor and a vegetarian he did not know the price of meat, and in the second, he had never found out how to grow rich himself, and was entirely in the dark as to how the butchers did it. With some thoughts of changing his profession, he sought out a gentleman whose business brings him in daily contact with the wealth-gathering butchers, and after an hour's severe study he found that at present there are about 112, or nearly one per thousand of the population Omaha engaged in the business. Of these forty-one were put down as being worth less than \$500, thirty-two between \$500 and \$1,000, thirty between \$1,000 and \$5,000 (the average was about \$2,000 and nine over \$5,000. Resigning all thoughts of hiring out as a butcher for the present, the reporter asked his in-formant how these butchers got rich. "Well, there are not many of them get-ting rich now," he was told, "but like all other lines of business, the men who are industrious, frugal, know their business and who handle their own cash, come out ahead. Many of our prosperous butchers are Germans, who learned the business thoroughly in the old country, and know how to get every pound of saleable meat off a carcass. Some of them came to Omaha in early days, in-vested in real estate, and have grown rich on the side. While others run in a grocery or some other business to help But as it is now, very few of the butchers who confine themselves to the retail trade will ever become millionaires. None of them do their own butchering, and so lose the blood, bones, hoofs and offal, which the larger packing houses always utilize, but in turn the latter sometimes hang up a carcass in a customer's stall for the price they paid per pound for the animal

when alive, or even less." Wondering how the packer could at-ford to be so generous, the scribe made his way to the center of butchering operations, South Omaha, and after a long search, he found a gentleman who had been fourteen years in the business, and is still indirectly connected with it. What does it cost to kill and deliver

"Well, the cost to the packer is from 25 to 35 cents, but that does not mean delivery to the city. If a butcher brings his own steer it will be killed and handed over to him for 50 cents, which gives the packer 15 cents on the opera-tion, and allows the butcher the hide and offal. The latter he can dispose of to the pucker, and then he can have the

orse&Co \$: Morse&Co \$: Morse&Co

Grand **Opening Sale!**

2 cases extra size, extra weight Pink Blankets, slightly "off" in color, otherwise would sell for \$3.50. For two days only at \$2.50 a pair.

from the Buell Manufacturing Co., in the spring of the year at an important sacrifice to close the lot. They are a good full sized, honest Blanket, and worth \$3.00 a pair. For a few days our price will be \$1.98.

180 pais All Wool Blankets "HOME-SPUN," the best wearing as well as the best value in Blankets ever shown in Omaha. A regular \$5.00 quality, for this week only, at \$3.98 a pair.

150 pairs regular size and guaranteed ALL PURE WOOL, for one week at

carcass delivered to any part of the city for from \$1 to \$1.25 all told." "Suppose he don't bring any steer to be killed, but buys the carcass already

dressed, how much do they all make on the deal?" was next query. "Well, that is a little more intricate, and you will have to figure it out. A cow or heifer that would dress to about 400 lbs., would weigh alive from 800 to 850, or say on an average 825 lbs. At the present market price of \$2.10, it would cost the packer, \$17.35. He would

sell 400 lbs. of meat at 4c, \$16; hides and offal, \$6; total, \$22; profit to packer, \$4.65. Steers would dress out more beef, and the hides and offal would bring more, which would all be in favor of the packer, and I think it's within the mark to say they make \$5 per head on every steer cow and heifer they kill at the

present range of prices. "How do the retailers make mone y?" was next asked. "Well, you see they pay 4 cents per

pound for cow beef, and you can tabulate it like this: They will buy-400-pound carcass at 4 cents per

They will sell— 100 pounds rough meat at 5 cents.\$ 5 00 280 pounds better cuts at 10 cents. 28 20 pounds shanks, etc., 6 cents... 1 20

weight, and they will pay more for it you can figure it out this way: 530 pounds at 5 cents. Of this they will sell—

asked the reporter, with visions of becoming a cattle king floating before his

eyes. "Well, it's just like this-there are too many in the business. The figures I give you are not far astray, and those who came here years ago and have worked up a good trade by fair dealing are now reaping the benefit. Those who have gone into the business more recently can't sell more than one or two carcasses a week, and you can see by your own figures that they have not a very great margin to draw on for rent and other expenses. You will find they make no more out of their pork and mutton sales than they do out of their beef, and they have to take chances as to giving credit, etc., the same as other

The dream of becoming a wealthy meat merchant having thus passed away, the vision of keeping house at some future date gradually took its place, and once more the reporter went forth to see what it would cost for the butcher. He took in one of the first-class shops in the city, and obtained the following prices under false pretenses—that is, he beguing the salesman into thinking that guiled the salesman into thinking that he wanted to correct a price list already

in a daily paper. They were given as | follows: | Choice porterhouse steaks ber lb | 18 | @20c |
Porterhouse steaks per lb	15	@18c
Sirloin steaks per lb	15	@18c
Rump steaks per lb	1234	@18c
Choice reasts per lb	98	@19c
Choice reasts per lb	18	@20c
Rib roasts per lb	98	@14c
Chuck roasts per lb	98	@14c
Chuck roasts per lb	90	@25c
Veal steak per lb	20	@25c
Veal chop per lb	12	@15c
Siewing per lb	08	@14c
Gl5c		
Siewing per lb	08	@16c
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Siewing per lb	08	@10c
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To-morrow we offer 2 more cases of this extra size, and extra weight Crochet Bed Spread, worth \$1. at 59c.

5-8 DAMASK NAPKINS \$1.69.

Received direct from the factory in Bielifeld, are unusually good value and exceptionally choice designs to select from. This same number we have always sold at \$2.50, but for one week offer them at \$1.69 a dozen.

100 dozen finest Grass Bleached double Satin Damask Napkins, actual value \$4.50. For this week only \$3 a dozen.

\$4.90.

We have only 50 of these 8-10 Colored Border Lunch Sets which we display in our East show window, and as they are actually worth \$10 a set, would advise an early call to secure one at \$4.90.

During the next two days we offer 100 dozen of our \$2.50 Colored Border Doylies at \$1.50 a dozen.

S.P.MORSE & CO

grades of meat came from, he once more went back to the stock yards, and found out that a number of "downers," or crippled cattle, mysteriously disappeared every day, and that the commission men never sought to learn their fate. That settled it, and the visions of housekeeping faded away as quickly as those of becoming a millionaire had already done, and the results of a day's investigations can be summed up as fol

If there is any money made in the business the packing house men get it, as they have charged the retail butchers the same prices all through, regard-less of the price of live stock. If there is any money lost the consumers lose it, because a number of the smaller dealers have to charge outside prices in order to make expenses. If they all could sell ten or fifteen carcasses a week, they could cut the prices, but where they only sell one or two, they have to charge high rates to pay expenses. Those who have a large run of trade are making the most of it, and are maintaining the same high prices that their less fortunate competitors are compelled to ask.

Marketing Hints. The Home Maker: Fine, well-fed beef may be known by yellowish-white fat—very firm, and of a fine-grained bright-red lean. Very good beef is sometimes not very fat. That it to say, an excellent steak may only have a half-inch bang of fat around it, or even less, instead of the inch that the butcher is proud to point out; but this narrow band must be fat, and not gristle. Sometimes meat, instead of being covered with fat, is covered with a quarter of an inch of gristle; at others there will be the gristle, but it will have an out-side layer of fat. These indica-tions do not always show bad meat, only that it is second-class. This is the case when the grain of the meat is good, and the kidney-fat firm and good. Where the gristle is found in conjunction with a dull red, or, as we may borrow a term from art to describe

it accurately, a darkish terra cotta red, the meat is to be avoided altogether. To return to fine meat-the color differs in parts. The leg, neck and coarser parts are, as a rule, darker than prime parts. The sirloin is a rosy red, the rib a shade darker, mottled with white fat, and without a vein running through it. The round is of a bright juicy-looking red on the upper or tender side—(which is really the inside of the leg and less exposed in the animal to use and weather), the lower side—
"the vein"—as butchers call it, is paler and dryer. In a really fine round of beef, the blood will ooze from the grain as it is cut. The best cuts from such a round, if the ox has been killed long enough, surpass any other steak in flavor and will be quite as tender. The best steaks are these which are cut before the broad bend of fat is reached, but excellent ones are cut for three or four inches after this, then the round begins to decrease in size, the meat gets darker, the grain of it coarser and suit-

Mr. W. H. Stewart, of Crawfordville, Ga. had hatched on his lot a few weeks ago had hatched on his lot a few weeks ago a chicken that had no eyes, nor even signs of eyes. Dr. L. A. Stephens took it to his home and endeavered to raise it. It leavned to eat and had lived a week or so when misfortune happened to fall upon it in the shape of some one stepping upon the little blind wonder and killing it. If it had lived it would have been another Taliaferro wonder.

able for a la mode beef stews, etc., but

S:Morse&Co S:Morse&Co S:Morse&Co S:Morse

69c a Pair During the past week our sales in this quality of Gloves has been simply phenomenal. Monday morning we place a new lot on sale, 4-button length, P. K. tops and genuine kid, sold by other houses at \$1.25. For this week we offer

Ladies'. Jersey Ribbed Vests, 25c.

them again at 69c a pair.

One case only, bought at half price owing to the lateness of the season. We have sold the same vests at 50c. Monday and until sold, 25c each.

MISSES' PERFECT FITTING Ribbed Vests, 50c.

Something new, opened Saturday, and will be placed on sale Monday morning. See them. Only 50c each.

CHILDREN'S BLACK

To-morrow morning we make a special offering in Children's Black Cashmere Hose.

Sizes 5, 51 and 6 at

Sizes 61, 7, 71, 8 and 81 at

Ladies' Black

Cashmere Hose, A PAIR.

50 dozen on sale Monday. S. P. MORSE & CO

DOWN AMONG THE DIAMONDS

Interesting Facts and Figures of the

Mining Industry. THE RUBY MINING DISTRICT.

Leadville Still On Top-In the California Mines-The Black Hills Mines-General Mining Notes.

Activity in Colorado. The rise in price of lead and silver is causing unwonted activity in all the old properties about Aspen and sending up the gross output to handsome igures. Prospects along the belt are being bonded and leased in every direction by capitalists who are eager to secure a share of the riches beneath the surface, and new producers are being added to the list every week. The ore shipments for the week were the largest ever known in the history of the camp, the total being 2,760 tons, of which the Midland carried 1,184 and the Denver & Rio Grande 1,576 tons. The shipments were distributed as fol-

tons, Kansas City, 208 tons, and Leadville, 108 tons. The rich ore body struck last week in the Mollie Gibson still holds out, and they are making regular shipments of 200-ounce ore.

Denver, 2,092 tons; Pueblo, 352

Leadville on Top.

The Laplata smelter, which has been idle for the past two years, is being re-paired and renovated, and will soon again have its four furnaces in full blast. In addition to its present machinery and boiler proper there will be immediately added a large Corliss engine and three sixty-horse power boil-

The Antioch mine, a short distance east of Iron hill, is forging to the front as one of the most profitable gold mines in Colorado. It is worked as if it was a The bench being worked rock quarry. is 60 feet high by 50 feet in width. The mineral is broken by drilling a series of perpendicular holes 20 feet deep each, which when charged with No. 2 dynamite are exploded at once by electric-From 100 to 1,000 tons are broken with one blast. The ore is run on a double tramway to the forty-stamp mill beneath, which successfully treats 100 tons per day, from which is extracted an average of \$4.50 per ton. If there was a mill which could beat 500 tons of the ore per day the mine could readily supply the amount for an indefinite period of time.

The Lillian is producing twenty tons daily of ore which nets \$20 per ton. This ore is being mined from a new chute which trends northwest and southeast, having porphyry for hanging wall and limestone for foot wall. It is four feet thick, but its lateral or longitudinal dimensions are as yet alto-gether unknown. The Lillian mill, gether unknown. The Lillian mill, which was started in operation at the first of the month, only worked a few days, and will likely remain practically idle until after the 300-foot prospect drift lately commenced will have reached its destination. There is reason to believe that the

Adams will soon resume the payment of dividends. In a raise completed this week through the white limestone strata in the Hagerman shaft of the Leadville Consolidated a body of low-grade ore has been discovered, which gives prom-

NEW

Monday morning we place on sale 25 pieces new India Twills in Black and Grey, wide and hair line stripes, also block and broken checks. Measure 42 inches wide and made of finest wool at \$1.00 a yard; they are a bargain.

\$1.00.

These are a direct importation from the mills in Lanarkshire, Scotland, and include all the popular Clan Tartans, Macduff, Rob Roy, Murray, Cameron, Leslie, Macdonald, and Sutherland; rich and handsome all wool and 42-inchs wide. See them they are a novelty and only \$1.25 a yard.

\$10.00.

To-morrow we offer 60 new desirable and fashionable Suits, with trimming to match, at \$10. No two suits alike.

\$15.00.

Made of the richest fabrics with elaborate trimmings to match; only one Suit of a style equal in quality to those sold last season at \$35. For one week at

D. I. MUNDL & CU

ise of being the outer edge of a rich and extensive ore chute.

The Mike and Starr, under lease to Manager Hill and others, is being successfully worked, and indicates a profit-able and productive future.

The masonry work of the new Agassiz concentrator is completed, and the entire building will soon be in readiness to receive the machinery.

In California. The San Diego Union says: Some interesting mining news has just come up from Lower California. It is reported

that the new mine recently discovered near Las Cruces and owned and operated by the Feliz brothers, is proving richer than the most sanguine ex-Since the rich discoveries in this dis-

trict many prospectors have come in and the mountain road between En-senada and the Real del Castillo has become a busy thoroughfare. There is also a well substantiated report that the San Francisco and St. Nicholas mines, in the Real del Cas-

tillo district have been sold to a syndicate of San Francisco and Riverside capitalists with a capital of \$1,000,000, one-half of the stock going to the former owners of the mines as the purchase price. The syndicate, it is said, will commence operations and work the mit! connected with the mines, about September 15. The Lower California Mining com-

pany, it is stated, has just sent out a number of men to perfect the locations of all the claims to which they are entitled under the Massac concession. These new locations will be on quartz ledges, those formerly perfected having been in the placers of the Canada Rica or Rich gulch. Several good prospects which will be announced are expected to be in process of development in a

few days. Under the present laws of Mexico parties working mines can exercise the right of eminent domain for all articles that are essential for the working of a mine; that is, they can take wood water or anything they may need from parties who have it in the vicinity of the mine by paying whatever the min-ing deputation of that district consider the article worth.

The Black Hills Mines.

Globe-Democrat: Probably more developments have been made in the mines at Castle Creek than in any other part of the hills this season. In the early part of the year Mr. M. H. Day purchased the Lookout mine for a nominal sum, and spent several thousand dollars in getting it in good shape. The property had been badly managed beore, and, the ore being low grade, the mine never paid expenses. Mr. Bay set to work to mill the ore at the very lowest possible expense, and has suc ceeded in reducing the cost of its milling to less than \$1 per ton. There being excellent water power all cost for fuel was saved, and in many other respects the expenses were cut down. This ex-periment has attracted considerable attention throughout the hills and the resuit has been to lead many other miners to study economy in the treatment of their ores. The Lookout is now one of the paying mines of the Black Hills, and a half interest in it was sold to some New Hampshire parties a short time ago for considerable more than the original price paid for the mine. The Lookout is running forty stamps. The Cortle Chief mine, in the same

neighborhood, has recently made a rich strike. From the intermediate tunnel, eighty feet from the surface, a drift was run five feet through barren rock,

Every yard of these Silks are guaran teed to give satisfactory wear or the amount of the sale will be refunded

cannot be duplicated in the city under

is 21 inches wide, all pure silk and will not cut or crack; will compare with any-

weave, very heavy, and with a magnificent rich lustre. We invite an examination of this number as it would be good value at \$2.00 a yard.

BLACK

We secured at a recent sale of Black Silks, 4 pieces of Black Satin Rhadamas 24 inches wide, exceptional in weight,

lustre and quality and worth at regular price \$2.00 a yard.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED D.I. MUNDIA G UU

where a continuation of the ledge was developed of seven feet increase width, all good milling rock. They have now connected with the shaft sixty-eight feet from the commencement of their tunnel. The Cortle Chief is running a

small mill of ten stamps.

Considerable development is being done on other properties in the same neighborhood. Many prophesy that this will become one of the best speculating districts of the Black Hills.

Miners coming in from the Carbonate district report a good deal of work being done there. The Hartshorn company is

working a good force, with excellent prospects. The Ruby Mining District.

The Portland Oregonian contains the following description of the Ruby mining district of Washington territory: Everybody has heard of the Ruby mining district, formerly called the Salmon river mines, but probably few who have not been there understand much about the location of these districts, except in a general way that they are somewhere up in Washington ter-ritory, toward the boundary line.

For the benefit of the public at large his statement in regard to the location of various mines and districts is given

The Tough Nut is the leading mine, or one of the leading ones, in Con-conully. The War Eagle is a strong the Ruby district, six miles south of Conconully and forty miles southwest of Wannacut lake. where is Conconully? It is a mining center on the Salmon, or Conconully creek, around and within which are the Tough Nut, Homestake, Lady of the Lake, and several other mines. West of this town of Conconully is Mineral hill, where the rich mines of Launa,

Columbia, etc., are located. The Arlington is the most southern mine of note in the Ruby district, on Ruby mountain, at least eight miles south of Conconully. It is not on the water-course, or creek, or road to Conconully by way of Ruby City; and placing the Arlington at Conconully is no more a mistake than to place it on the Santiam. Conconully is a mining district, and the town the center.

The Ruby district is another, on Ruby mountain, 3,000 feet perpendicularly above Ruby City, and to which the only approach by wagon road is up the Loop Loop from the Okanogan, or from the north by wagon road from Conconully, In this Ruby district are the Arlington, Pomeroy, Missing Link, Arizona, Buckeye, Emperor, Fourth of July, Oregon Boy, First Thought, Second Thought, Ruby, Fairview, Poorman, Peacock, Idaho, War Eagle, etc. This s the belt and district of strong mines. The Arlington is in Ruby district, on Ruby mountain, several thousand feet above Concenully level, and eight miles south. But two of the Arlington party who came here ever saw Conconully and they were there only a short time. Buby mountain, Loop Loop, is the center for all these strong mines.

I was in the Arlington tunnel. It

ooks well-five and one-half feet of ore. The mines here at Ruby are immense. So they are at the other points. Another year will produce wonders in development of these mines. When I speak Ruby district I do not mean Ruby City as I say, 3,000 feet perpendicularly above Ruby City. This is the estimate, and nothing but a steep trail, almost impassable, connects Ruby City with Ruby mountain. The wagon road that takes all these mines in runs up the Loop Loop creek to Loop Loop on the mountain.

UPHOLSTERY

We will offer another

BIG DRIVE,

in Madras, Crepe, Crete, Turkish Stripes, Chenille, Madras and many other stylish makes of new curtains

Every pair of these curtains have sold from \$12 to \$15 a pair. The best patterns always goes first, therefore, come early.

which have accumulated from our past seasons business, such as tapes. try, Jutes, Raw Silk, Plush, Reps and other Furniture coverings, will be sold at greatly reduced prices during the coming week.

SPECIAL SALE

Worth 25c and 60c a yard.

ANOTHER NEW LOT of FULL-SIZED HASSOCKS

SINGULARITIES. A florist in England claims that a rose bush, which has been bearing white roses for more than thirty years, has suddenly changed, and now puts out only red roses. The only cause assigned for this is the enrichment of the surrounding earth.

A man in Clayton, Ill., has a large maltese that is an exception. This animal takes to water even more kindly than a spaniel. He will go into the water on his own account, and seems to enjoy it hugely. Like a dog, he will bring back a stick thrown in the

The schooner Young Sultan, of Portland, Me., Captain Stone, captured on George's Banks and brought to this city an enormous sea turtle that weighs 1,500 pounds. The turtle is 7% feet long, 3% feet thick, and from tip to tip of his forward fins measures nine feet. nine feet. Master Melbourne Grubb, who lives near

Master Melbourne Grubb, who lives near Wytheville, Va., is claimed by his parents to be the largest boy in America. He measures 47 inches around the waist, 44 around the chest, 24 around the thigh, and 13 around the muscle of the arm. He is 5 feet 2 inches high, weighs 210 pounds, and was ten years old July 3. A remarkable double-headed child was recently born to a French family named Recoulbault in Manchester, Me. The heads are both perfect, and are joined to the body by two short, well-shaped necks. It uses its mouths and eyes apparently at will in cating, crying, winking, and even sleeping. The parents were much shocked at the appear-

ance of their baby, and went at once to Montreal to avoid the notice of their neigh-bors. The child is likely to live. Swarms of bees swooped down on a confectioner's stand in a Bishop-Auckland (Eng) market, and ate ravenously of the sweetmeats exposed. The owner of the candy had to desist (glad to do so without bodily harm), and several of his neighbors were forced to follow suit; in fact, business all around was suspended until the intruder voluntarily departed. It is supposed that the cold and inclement season had deprived the bees of their ordinary source of sustenance, and that they were driven by famine from the country into the town.

The New York World mentions an almost incredible accident which befell a horse in the upper part of New York city on Monday. The animal is a trotter, and was en-gaged in a "brush" when, in trying to in-crease his speed, he reached too far forward crease his speed, he reached too far forward with his nigh hind hoof and caught the forward off hoof before it descended. The shoes became locked, the animal fell heavily to the ground, and its driver was shot out of his wagon atop of the horse. The horse's shoes were so tightly locked that they had to be pried off before he could get on his feet. The animal's lees are hally strained. The animal's legs are badly strained.

Jonas King, a farmer living two miles cast Jonas King, a farmer living two miles cast of Vincennes, Ind., was attacked by a monstrous black snake while plowing. For seven or eight years the snake, which is over twelve feet long, has infested an old graveyard near King's farm, and has been the terror of the women and children of the neighborhood. It crawled up to King, and had coiled itself about his waist before he was aware of its presence. All his attempts to aware of its presence. All his attempts to throw the reptile off proved vain, as did also his efforts to cut its leathery skin with the knife which he used to scrape his plow. He finally began thrusting the point of the knife into the snake, which after writhing about King's waist and shoulders till it could no longer bear the pair, loosened its hold and darted into the woods. darted into the woods.

It is expected that the caar of Russia's two months' absence from St. Petersburg has been decided upon owing to the presence of Carter Harrison in that city. Carter has a way of making other despots look small.

Lasalle, the famous baritone of the Paris grand opera house, is forty-five years old, six feet three inches in height, and weighs 25 pounds. He is very rich, an excellent business man and takes good care of his life. He does not drink or smoke, and, on the night before he sings, he invariably goes to bed at Salvajork and stays under cover for sixtees. 8 o'clock, and stays under cover for sixteen hours. Then he rises and eats one hearty meal and does not eat another mouthful until he sings at night.