STILL PROUD OF THE POET.

His Tripple in the Eighth Won the Ball for Omaha.

HAUGHTY PROHIBS VANQUISHED

The Locals Leave Des Moines With Two Defeats and One Victory to Their Credit—Other Western Games.

Western Association Standing.

Following is the official standing of the Western association teams up to and including yesterday's games:

	Played	Won	Lost	Pr Ct
Des Moines	97	63	34	.649
St. Paul	98	60	38	.612
Omaha	100	59	41	.590
Kansas City	97	57	40	.587
Milwaukee	106	49	57	.462
Sioux City	56	22	34	.392
Chicago	104	40	64	.384
Davenport	91	29	62	.318

Des Moines 2, Omaha 4.

DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 13.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Omaha team won a great victory over the leaders to-day and it was all done by superior playing and a lucky bunching of hits in the eighth inning. Kennedy did the twirling for the visitors and judging by the results here he is one of the best pitchers Omaha has. Only six hits were made off him and he struck seven of the prohibitionists out. Cushman pitched his usual good game, but he was found for seven bases. The game was close and exciting and was nobody's victory until the eighth inning, when Burns' tremendous hit with two men on bases won it for the visitors. Cooney did splendid work behind the bat. There were a couple of close decisions by the umpire, which apparently gave Omaha the worst of it. There was some vigorous kicking. Patsy Tebeau objected to a strike which was called on him and gave the umpire some back talk, for which he will pay $10.

The runs were obtained as follows: In the fifth inning Van Dyke went to bat and flew out to Tebeau. Phelan got a single, stole second, went to third on a life to Trott by an error of O'Connell, and scored on a choice hit by Cushman. Trott scored on Holliday's single, and Shafer flew out to Crooks. Stearns hit for a bag and the bases were full, but Macullar retired the side by a fly to Annis. This netted two runs, all Des Moines succeeded in getting. The visitors got a run in the third inning by O'Connell getting to first on an error by Macullar, stealing second, going to third on Miller's out and scoring on Burns' choice. In the eight inning O'Connell got a single, as did also Miller, which was followed by Kennedy striking out. Burns then came to bat and rapped out a beautiful three bagger to the right field fence. McGarr struck out, but Trott dropped the bull and he started for first. Stearns met him half way. He ran out of the line and was called out, but Burns scored on Trott's failure to hold the ball. The score:

DES MOINES.

	AB.	R.	B.	SB.	PO.	A.	E.
Holliday, m	4	0	3	0	0	0	0
Shaffer, rf	4	0	1	0	2	0	0
Stearns, 1b	3	0	1	1	9	0	1
Macullar, ss	4	0	0	0	2	1	1
Alvord, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	1	0
Van Dyke, lf	2	0	0	0	1	1	0
Phelan, 2b	4	1	1	1	2	4	0
Trott, c	3	1	0	1	6	3	0
Cushman, p	4	0	0	0	0	5	0
Totals	32	2	6	3	*23	15	2

OMAHA.

	AB.	R.	B.	SB.	PO.	A.	E.
Burns, lf	4	1	1	1	1	0	0
McGarr, rf	4	0	2	0	0	0	0
Crooks, 2b	4	0	0	0	4	3	0
Cooney, c	3	0	1	0	8	4	0
Tebeau, 3b	3	0	0	0	4	3	0
Annis, m	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
O'Connell, 1b	3	2	1	1	7	1	1
Miller, ss	3	1	2	0	2	1	0
Kennedy, p	3	0	0	0	0	8	0
Totals	30	4	7	2	27	20	1

*McGarr out for running out of line.

Des Moines	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—2
Omaha	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	*—	4

Runs earned—Des Moines 6, Omaha 2. Two base hits—Holliday (2), Shafer, Cooney. Three base hits—Burns. Double plays—Trott and Stearns; O'Connell and Miller. Struck out—By Cushman 4, by Kennedy 7. Bases on balls—By Kennedy 3. Bases from being hit by pitched ball—By Kennedy 1. Wild pitches—Kennedy 1. Time—1:30. Umpire—Cusick.

Kansas City 3, Sioux City 0.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 13.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The game to-day was one of the finest exhibitions of ball playing seen here this season. For seven innings neither club got a man past second. The Blues got the game in the eighth by a lucky bunching of hits and Genins' muff of a fly. The features of the game were the work of the pitchers, the stop of a drive by Long, Johnson's third base play and Manning's running. Reynolds caught and threw to bases perfectly, and Brosnan at second did the best work for the Corn Huskers. The score:

Kansas City	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	*—	0
Sioux City	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—	0

Earned runs—Kansas City 1. Two-base hits—Long, Veach. Bases on balls—Off Nichols 2. Hit by pitcher—Powell (2.) Struck out—By Nichols 2, by Siebel 6. Passed balls—Nicholas 4. Left on bases—Kansas City 4, Sioux City 5. First base on errors—Kansas City 1. Time of game—1:30. Umpire—Hagan.

Milwaukee 4, St. Paul 4.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 13.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Milwaukee and St. Paul played an eleven-inning game to-day, which ended in a tie on account of darkness. Sowders and Griffith were the opposing pitchers, and both did excellent work. Sowders struck out seventeen men. He was hit safely six times, while the visitors got five hits off Griffith. The score:

Milwaukee	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0—4
St. Paul	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0—4

Earned runs—Milwaukee 2, St. Paul 2. First base on balls—Off Griffith 4, off Sowders 3. Struck out—By Sowders 17, by Griffith 1. Three-base hits—Walsh, Earl. Home run—McAleer. Double plays—Walsh, McCabe and Hawes. Passed balls—Broughton 1, Crossley 1. Wild pitches—Sowders 1. Umpire—Quest. Time—2:10.

Chicago 3, Davenport 2.

DAVENPORT, Ia., Sept. 13.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The game between Davenport and the Chicago Maroons to-day resulted in reversing the score of yesterday. McCaulley, the left handed twirler, pitched a good game for Davenport and was hard for the Maroons to find, as was Turner for the home team. Keogan received a scalp wound in the fifth inning while sliding to third base. Doran, in jumping over him to catch the ball thrown to put him out, struck him with his foot. The game was devoid of brilliant plays. The score:

Davenport	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—	2
Chicago	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	*—	3

Base hits—Davenport 8, Chicago 4. Errors—Davenport 4, Chicago 5. Pitchers—McCaulley and Turner. Umpire—Fessenden.

OTHER GAMES.

Yesterday's Winners in the National League Contests.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 13.—Result of to-day's game:

Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1—	3
Washington	5	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	*—	9

Pitchers—Staley and Keefe. Base hits—Pittsburg 7, Washington 12. Errors—Pittsburg 8, Washington 2. Umpire—Kelly.

DETROIT, Sept. 13.—Result of to-day's game:

Detroit	3	1	1	0	0	0	3	0	1—	11
Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—	2

Pitchers—Getzein and Sanders. Base hits—Detroit 15, Philadelphia 7. Errors—Detroit 5, Philadelphia 2. Umpire—Lynch.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 13.—Result of to-day's game:

Indianapolis	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	4	0—	7
Boston	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	6	2—	10

Pitchers—Burdick and Clarkson. Base hits—Indianapolis 10, Boston 11. Errors—Indianapolis 2, Boston 7. Umpire—Valentine.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—Result of to-day's game:

Chicago	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	1	0—	5
New York	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0—	3

Pitchers—Tener and Welch. Base hits—Chicago 10, New York 5. Errors—Chicago 2, New York 4. Umpires—Daniels and Powers.

American Association.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 13.—Result of to-day's game:

St. Louis	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1—	3
Louisville	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0—	2

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 13.—Result of to-day's game:

Athletics	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	5	0—	9
Baltimore	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—	1

McCook 16, Arapahoe 9.

McCOOK, Neb., Sept. 12.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—McCook defeated Arapahoe here to-day in a hard fought game by a score of 16 to 9. Both teams hit the ball hard, but the fine playing of the infield of the McCooks and timely hitting won the game. McCook extends a challenge to all comers for the amateur championship of the state.

Logan 9, Missouri Valley 0.

A game of ball was played at Missouri Valley Tuesday afternoon, which resulted as follows:

Logans	3	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	2—9
Missouri Valleys	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Batteries—Hart and Wood for the Logans; McLaughlin and McCoughlin, Missouri Valley. Base hits—Logans, 4; Missouri Valley, 0. Errors—Logans, 1; Missouri Valley, 6. Struck out—Hart 9, McLaughlin 4.

Diamond Flashes.

Jack Flynn will go to Australia with the Chicago ball team.

Spaulding's Australian teams have been booked for Omaha for the 24th of October.

Jack Messitt is playing second base for the Troy international association.

The pool rooms are offering two to one on the Hardins for the Sunday games with the Grand Islands.

It is said that big Wilson has been laid off without pay. He did not accompany the team to Des Moines.

Hart showed himself to be quite a twirler. He is one of the John J. Hardin city league team pitchers, and will be heard from in another season.

The Omahas close the season at Milwaukee on the 9th of October, whereupon they will immediately disband the entire team, as it is at present constituted, will be reserved.

The Omahas will be home to-day. The Prohibitionists will accompany them, and to-day play the first game of the last series with the local team at Association park. They also play Saturday and Sunday, which winds up the professional season in this city for 1888.

TURF EVENTS.

Summaries of Yesterday's Races at Washington Park.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—The weather was clear and cool, the attendance fair and the track fast.

First race, three fourths of a mile—McKee H. won, Blessing second, Redlight third. Time—1:16½.

Second race, one mile—Hopedale won, Hamlet second, Moonstone third. Time—1:45¾.

Third race, one mile and a furlong—Ed Mack won, Comedy second, Colonel Hunt third. Time—1:55½.

Fourth race, seven furlongs—Cupid won, Luke Alexander second, Fred Woolley third. Time—1:29½.

Fifth race, one and one-fourth miles—John Daly won, Bonita second, Woodcraft third. Time—2:09½.

Hampden Park Races.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 13.—The track was in good condition at the third day's races at Hampden park this afternoon.

Pacer Johnston attempted to break his record of 2:06¼ with a running mate, but succeeded in making only 2:12.

In the unfinished $5,000 guaranteed stake race for horses in the 2:22 class Geneva S won, J. B. Richardson second, Kit Curry third, T. T. S. fourth. Best time—2:18¾.

Free-for-all pacing race (unfinished from yesterday)—Gossip jr. won, Jewett second, Joe L. third, L. C. Lee fourth. Best time—2:16.

2:20 class, trotting, purse $1,500—Spafford won, General Smith second, Pilot Knox third, Lucille's baby ruled out. Best time—2:21.

Special race, purse $1,500—Rare Ripe won, Charlie Hogan second, Governor Hill drawn. Best time—2:23.

But one heat was trotted in the 2:33 class, Elda B. winning in 2:23¼.

In the free-for all trotting race Rosaline Wilkes jogged over the course in 2:42 for her entrance money, there being no other contestants.

Cleveland Races.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 13.—Racing results:

First race, 2:30 trot, purse $700 (postponed from Wednesday)—Argentine won, Clay Davis second, Betty Jones third, Jennie Sprague fourth. Best time—2:23½.

Second race, 2:33 stallion stakes, value $475—Goldleaf won, Mulatto second, Antonette third, Lace Dealer fourth. Best time—2:24½.

The third race was between Patron and Prince Wilkes for a special purse of $2,500. Prince Wilkes sold at $100 to $80 on Patron. The first heat was won by Patron by a neck. After the heat Prince Wilkes sold at $50 to $35, and won the next three heats handily, though Patron came up to him in the fourth heat. Best time—2:16.

Fourth race, blue ribbon stake, for three-year-olds, value $780—Alcargetta won, Gerfluc second, Holmes third, Red Fern distanced. Best time—2:25.

Sheepshead Bay Races.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, Sept. 13.—The weather was perfect to-day.

One and one-eighth miles—Terra Cotta won in 2:00 3-5, Lottie Wall second, Prose third.

One and one-eighth miles—Wahoo won in 1:59, Grisette second, Raymond third.

Three-fourths of a mile—Egmont won in 1:17 2-5, Brittanic second, Tipstaff third.

Great eastern handicap, three-fourths of a mile—Diablo won in 1:17, Carroll second, Philander third.

One and one-fourth miles—Letretia won in 2:12 2-5, Troy second, King B third.

One and one-fourth miles, on turf—Santalene won in 2:15, Lelex second, Orlando third.

TWENTY ROUNDS.

Dannie Needham Defeated by Billy Meyers in Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 13.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The fight between Dannie Needham, of St. Paul, and Billy Meyers, of Streator, Ill., occurred this evening at the Washington rink. It was for $1,000 a side, 75 and 25 per cent of the gate receipts and the light weight championship of the northwest. Small gloves were used and the fight was according to Marquis of Queensbury rules.

The fight proved a very interesting one from a scientific view, as more real science was displayed than has ever before been witnessed in this city. The two men were very evenly matched, Needham fighting at 134 and Meyers at 133¾. Joe Mannix, a reporter on the Pioneer Press, was chosen referee. During the first part of the fight the two men were about even, the punishment being very light on both sides, until in the eleventh round, when the Streator boy went at his man furiously and pounded him right and left. Needham fell on his knees and ran around the ring a great deal to avoid punishment. From that out Needham pursued Fabian tactics and fought with the evident intention of securing a draw. A clean knock down was not scored on either side. Needham secured first blood in the second round. The last rounds were of no interest, the rounds closing in many cases without a blow being struck. After the twentieth round had been fought the referee awarded Meyers the fight on points.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

A Short and Uninteresting Session of the Senate.

INTER-STATE COMMERCE BILL.

A Measure Amendatory Thereto Passed by the House—An Act to Regulate Railroad Traffic.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—In the senate, at the suggestion of Mr. Allison, Mr. Beck was excused from service, on account of illness, on the conference committee on the sundry civil appropriation bill, and Mr. Cockrell was appointed in his place. Mr. Allison had received a telegram from Mr. Beck at Fortress Monroe, asking for the change, and saying that he was improving slowly.

Mr. Spooner's resolution as to political murders in Texas was referred to the committee on contingent expenses, when the Chinese exclusion bill was taken up, and Mr. Jones of Nevada proceeded to address the senate on the subject in support of the bill.

After Mr. Jones finished his speech it was agreed that the vote on Mr. Blair's motion to reconsider be taken at 2 o'clock to-morrow.

Adjourned.

House.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—In the house to-day, on a motion of Mr. Forney of Alabama, a joint resolution was passed extending until October 1 the existing appropriations for the sundry civil expenses of the government.

The house resumed consideration of the senate bill amendatory of the inter-state commerce law.

Mr. Anderson of Iowa offered and advocated the following amendments: That in all civil actions and proceedings of whatever nature arising under the act, entitled an act to regulate commerce, approved February 4, 1887, and under all acts amendatory thereof, concurrent jurisdiction with United States courts is hereby conferred upon state courts of competent jurisdiction, and said commission (the inter-state commerce commission) is hereby authorized and required to prescribe for the use and guidance of said common carriers in making their schedule of rates and charges for transportation of persons and property, uniform classification, and shall transmit copies thereof to said common carriers on or before the first Monday in January, 1889, and thereafter the failure and refusal of any such common carriers to observe such classifications in making schedules of rates shall be an unlawful act, and all rates and charges not in conformity with said classification shall be unreasonable rates and charges. The amendments were adopted.

Mr. Anderson of Kansas offered amendments empowering and requiring the commission to execute the provisions of the inter-state commerce law, and declaring all pooling unlawful. Adopted.

Mr. Grosvenor submitted an amendment making it unlawful for a common carrier subject to the provisions of this act to carry refined oils and other petroleum products, cottonseed oil and turpentine for any shipper in any tank or cylinder cars, who shall own, lease or control the same in any manner except upon condition that said carrier shall charge the same rate for transportation of said products in wooden packages or barrels in car load lots as in said tank or cylinder cars, said tank and cylinder cars and said wooden packages or barrels being carried free in each case. The amendment was adopted.

The bill as amended was then passed without division.

Mr. Wilson of Minnesota, on behalf of the committee on commerce, called up and the house passed without amendment the following bill:

Section 1. Where any railroad company heretofore chartered or incorporated, or which hereafter may be chartered or incorporated, or shall build, construct or operate a railroad through, across or into the territorial limits of any state or territory of the United States, the tolls, rates and fares made or charged for the transportation of property or passengers over or upon such road or roads for traffic within the limits of a state or territory, and the tariffs and schedules thereof, shall be subject to the legislative control of and by the several states and territories through, across, or into which such road or roads are constructed, built or operated—anything in the charter of or acts of congress creating such company or companies, or any law of any state or territorial legislature enacted in pursuance of such charter, or act of incorporation, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Section 2. That section 1 of this act shall apply only to the carriage and transportation by such company or companies of passengers and property wholly by railroad, or partly by railroad and partly by water, when both are used under common management control or arrangement, from one place or station to another place or station, both being within the territorial limits of one state, and they shall in no case apply to any commerce between states, territories or into foreign countries.

The contest over the Oklohama bill was then resumed. A motion made by Mr. Springer of Illinois that the house go into committee of the whole for consideration of that measure disclosed no quorum. A call of the house was ordered. Only 123 members responded, and Mr. Sowden of Pennsylvania offered a resolution revoking all leaves of absence except those granted on account of sickness. This precipitated a spirited political debate which was participated in by a dozen members. Without further action on the resolution the house adjourned.

THE MODEST PHILANTHROPIST.

Indications That His Name is Levi P. Morton.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Several gentlemen who usually know what they are talking about say to-day that the generous donor of the $12,000 anonymous contribution to the mayor's yellow fever fund is Hon. Levi P. Morton, the republican candidate for the vice presidency. His name was generally mentioned in relation to the gift about the city hall and Wall street this morning. The unostentatious manner of the gift closely resembles Mr. Morton's method of aiding worthy charities. It was several weeks before his munificent gift to the victims of the great Irish famine was known to the public and then it was against his will. In the minds of Mr. Morton's friends there seems to be no doubt regarding his identity with the mysterious philanthropist.

ROBBED BY A BROOKLYN BELLE.

Valuable Diamonds Stolen By a Daughter of a Wealthy Broker.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Miss Laura Lent, aged nineteen years, a belle in Brooklyn society and daughter of Arthur Lent, a wealthy retired broker, was arraigned yesterday in Justice Walsh's court on a charge of stealing $500 worth of diamonds from the jewelry store of Phillip W. Taylor. The property was found in her possession. She offered no excuse for having taken the jewelry, and her friends are at a loss to account for the theft, as her parents are willing enough to supply her with all the gems she needs. The case was adjourned. Miss Lent, besides being beautiful, is possessed of some marked qualities as a singer, having frequently sung in public.

Davitt's Statement Authentic.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—Davitt writes to the secretary of the Parnell commission that he never sanctioned the publication of his statement, and that he did not know that anybody intended to publish it. He admits the authority of the document.

Grain Rates Reduced.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 13.—General Traffic Manager Harriott, of the Baltimore & Ohio, to-day ordered a reduction of 5 cents per 100 on grain from Chicago, New York and Baltimore.

The republican flambeau club will meet at its armory this evening.

SEVENTH WARD RESOLVES.

Decided Opposition to Sumptuary Legislation.

There was a large and enthusiastic meeting at the Seventh Ward republican club last evening at which the following resolutions were introduced by J. W. Eller, and after a full discussion were adopted by a unanimous vote. Mr. Eller and the secretary were instructed to deliver a copy of the resolutions to each republican club in the county, and ask their consideration of the same:

Resolved, That the resolution adopted by the republican state convention, favoring the submission of the prohibition question to the people of the state, has no binding force or effect upon the republicans of Douglas county or any other senatorial or representative district.

2—That each senatorial or representative district respectively is the highest and only authority which governs the senators and representatives in the legislature.

3—That the liquor traffic can be better controlled under the present high license system than by a constitutional prohibitory amendment.

4—That the adoption of a bill submitting such constitutional amendment to a vote of the people would be a damage to the general business prosperity of our city and county, would retard the growth of the city, would unsettle the values and result in a general depression of business throughout the state.

5—That any county, city or village where public sentiment will uphold prohibition, can more effectually prohibit the sale of liquors under our present law than it could under a constitutional provision.

6—While we concede the right to any county, city or village to determine by a majority vote whether it will undertake to control the liquor traffic by license or by prohibition and determine for itself what may be its best interests, we claim that we, as a county or city, have that same right, and we assert that there is no justice in the claim, that citizens of this state residing 100 miles from our city should be permitted to cast their vote in judgment upon a subject of police regulation, and compel us under the guise of a proposition to amend the constitution, to suffer the general disadvantages which would be entailed upon our community by the submission of the prohibition question to a vote of the people of the state.

7—Therefore, as a republican club, we regard it as important that all republican candidates for the senate and house of representatives in this county shall be men who will use all honorable means to prevent the adoption of a measure by the legislature submitting a constitutional prohibitory amendment.

8—To the end that the position of the republicans of Douglas county may be properly represented to the people upon this and other local issues, we favor an early call for the republican county convention, an aggressive campaign, and more than one thousand majority for the local republican ticket.

THE BEAR DIED.

Perforated by Judge Dundy's Bullets at a Trying Moment.

A relative of Judge Dundy in this city recently received a letter from a member of a hunting party which was at the time in the vicinity of Medicine Bow Park, Wyoming. The letter, among other things, conveyed the intelligence that Judge E. S. Dundy, of the United States district court, on the 26th of August narrowly escaped with his life in a contest with a savage silver-tip bear. Judge Dundy had just arrived on his annual vacation trip, and was traveling by horseback with his nieces, Mrs. Elmer D. Frank of Omaha, and Mrs. E. W. Howe of Atchison, to a hunting camp where he expected to join Judge David J. Brewer of the United States circuit court, and other friends who had preceded him two weeks. As they were nearing the camp, riding leisurely along a path on the side of a mountain, a savage silver-tip bear, driven by shots from the other side of the mountain, broke through the bushes twenty feet distant, and with a savage roar and desperate lunges made straight for one of the ladies, who rode nearest to the brute. With courageous gallantry, Judge Dundy leaped from his horse, and, jumping to the side of the path, stood between the bear and the ladies. He had his Winchester, which he drew upon the bear, which by this time was advancing on his hind legs, his forelegs outstretched for the death hug, a bear's favorite mode of attack. Judge Dundy fired, but, although the bullet took effect, it did not stay the progress of the bear. On came the furious animal, Judge Dundy still shielding the ladies. Once the brute laid his monster paw on the judge's shoulder, tearing his coat and lacerating the skin, but by a skillful movement he escaped the hug and drawing head once more brought the bear to the ground. He then called the ladies and found Mrs. Frank dangling by one foot, caught in a rope in the saddle, her horse making fearful lunges. By a miracle the lady was rescued from her predicament and the two led to the bear. It was a monster brute, weighing about 1,000 pounds. Two hours were occupied in skinning it, and Judge Dundy will bring the pelt home as a trophy of the event. Judge Dundy is a noted bear hunter and has been going to Medicine Bow park and elsewhere to hunt bears for thirteen months, but last month's event is the greatest bear episode of his life. The judge has not yet returned from the west, and his verification of the above could not be had. Mr. Albyn Frank, deputy clerk of the United States court in Omaha, was seen, and would not deny the story, saying that he had heard it before. Mr. Frank is a brother of Mrs. E. W. Howe, of Atchison, who is referred to in the letter as having been one of the party attacked by the bear.

THE BEE mentioned the episode briefly some days ago.

A Question of Policy.

Judge Savage, a government director of the Union Pacific, was asked what he thought of the result of the conference with Mr. Adams. He expressed the opinion that the directors of the Union Pacific were in favor of building a union depot in Omaha, but they did not feel warranted in doing so under existing circumstances. There had been kept up in Nebraska a bitter warfare against the railroads, and consequently they were not disposed to invest here.

"Would the passage of the Outhwaite bill presage great improvements in Omaha by the Union Pacific?"

"I think so, and to a certain extent throughout the state."

"Will the recent action of the state board of transportation in postponing a reduction of rates, have any influence upon the company in the matter of prospective improvements?"

"I think the action will have a tendency to favor the improvements."

"In any event, do you think the road could be induced to do anything for Omaha before the election of state officers and the close of the next legislative session?"

"Probably not."

"What about the contract obligations of the road with the city dating back a number of years?"

"I do not think there is anything in that further than a verbal promise of the road to meet the demand of a growing city. The citizens of Omaha have themselves to blame that the Union Pacific did not provide adequate depot facilities for all time when the present structure was erected. The road at that time proposed to put up a temporary building and agree to later on build a magnificent union depot, but our people wouldn't have it, and you see the result.

Railroad Notes.

Assistant General Manager Mellen and General Superintendent Dickinson left for San Francisco yesterday to consult the Central Pacific officials about arranging a more satisfactory train service.

Since September 3 the tariff imposed on freight from all points in Chicago was reduced temporarily, the rate charged being from $20 to $25 per car, but after September 23 the old rates are to go into effect again.

On next Tuesday the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley will run an excursion train from Norfolk and all intervening points for the benefit of those wishing to attend the Siege of Sebastopol.

Joe Burns, night porter at the Millard, had a leg broken last night. He jumped into the ascending elevator, and before he got his leg in it was caught between the elevator and the hotel floor.

H. Neuman, a German, refused to pay a garbage man for hauling away his slops and was arrested.

MAYNE'S FINE STOCK SOLD.

Sheriff Coburn Knocks It Down to Mortgagee Corbett.

A PROMISING LEGAL QUARREL.

A Suit to Set Aside the Sale Will Be Instituted in Which Racy Revelations are Freely Predicted.

A Big Bond Signed.

C. E. Mayne's big stock farm at Valley presented an animated scene yesterday. Mr. Mayne's father, armed with a shotgun, had been left in possession of the premises, but when Sheriff Coburn and his deputies, armed with royal authority, came to seize the stock he offered no resistance. Charles Corbett, Congressman Dorsey, Attorney Cavanaugh, C. E. Mayne and other interested persons were present, and of course the proceedings drew a crowd of curious onlookers.

The barns were unsealed, and the valuable animals locked therein were driven forth. The sheriff and his appraisers at once set about making an inventory and a valuation. They found 102 brood mares, fifty geldings, stallions and colts, and 235 cattle. The lot were appraised at $42,800, less than half their cost.

Congressman Dorsey had a second mortgage on the stock for $5,000, and threatened to take a hand in the legal proceedings if Corbett, the holder of the first mortgage, refused to allow him a share of the property. An understanding was reached under which Mr. Dorsey took the 235 head of cattle at a valuation of $3,200. He received sixteen of the mares and colts for the balance of his mortgage, and all his claims were thereby satisfied. Mayne felt grateful for financial favors from the banker congressman in the past when he greatly needed help, and gladly gave his assent to this arrangement. Mr. Dorsey had come from Washington to look after his interests, and at once made preparations to send his newly acquired stock to his home at Fremont. The remainder of the stock was put up at sheriff's sale and was bid in for the mortgagee for $1,000 without opposition. Mayne then ordered the buyer to remove the animals from the ranch immediately, and jubilantly announced that he was glad he would not have to feed them next winter. The stock were driven out into the highway and men engaged to herd them until the new owner could find a place to put them. Most of the Omaha men returned on the late afternoon train. Sheriff Coburn brought back in an inside pocket a precious document, in which Mr. George E. Barker bound himself in the sum of $83,600 to make restitution to C. E. Mayne for damage done if the foreclosure proceedings be not sustained by the courts.

That bond was the object of shrewd scheming, and Mayne's attorneys achieved a brilliant stroke of stratery in securing it. When Corbett first attached the stock, several weeks ago, the proceedings were stayed by a compromise. Corbett and Mayne met in conference, and the former's attorney, Mr. John L. Webster, acted as their counsel in making an agreement or contract or whatever it was. The terms of that agreement have not been made public, but there is good reason for believing that it was arranged Mayne should have until September 13 to lift the mortgage, and that if he failed the stock should then be sold to the best advantage of those concerned. By this arrangement, without money to satisfy the lien, and without friends to bid in the stock, Mayne had no protection against the inevitable loss of a forced sale. Under this agreement the sale was to be taken out of the hands of the sheriff and made a private instead of a legal process, in which event no bond of indemnity would have been required. On the face of it it looks very much as though Mr. Corbett, or his attorney, came near executing a coup de grace on the unsuspecting Mayne.

As the day set for the sale approached Mayne found himself unable to meet the mortgage, and he took legal advice. The result has already been stated in THE BEE, except as to the details of a paper drawn up by General Cowin and served by Mayne upon Messrs. Charles Corbett and George E. Barker. The document was addressed to the two gentlemen last named.

The first clause recited the fact that on July 15, 1887, Mayne had executed a note and mortgage for $20,000 and another for $35,000, both in favor of George E. Barker. It stated that after consulting with his attorneys, Mayne had decided to assert his rights by an appeal to the law. It concluded: "You are aware that all of these alleged obligations are wholly without consideration, were secured by oppression and fraud, and under duress and threats. I do not owe a dollar of any of these obligations, but on the contrary you and each of you are indebted to me."

In the next clause Mayne repudiates the agreement referred to above and says it was made without being fully understood by him. He charges that the attorney consulted at the time was in collusion with Corbett and Barker.

A third clause announces that Mayne will assume possession of the stock, and gives warning that any effort to dispossess him except by legal means would be met by force.

A fourth clause announces that Mayne is having a bill prepared "to cancel and set aside the notes and mortgages referred to on the ground of want of consideration and that the same were obtained by fraud, oppression and duress."

In conclusion Mayne offered to submit to the appointment of a receiver, who should take possession of the stock and hold it subject to the decrees of the courts. He also expressed a willingness to have an early trial.

In one of the clauses subsequent to the first is a reference to a mortgage given Mr. Barker on September 30, 1887, but its bearing on the case is not clear.

This document was dated and served September 11, 1888. That night Mayne drove out to Valley, locked up the stock and put his father in charge with a shotgun. Mr. Corbett fell into the trap and called on the sheriff to take forcible possession. Sheriff Coburn consented as a matter of course, but for his own protection demanded a bond for double the appraised value of the property seized. The sheriff even had a hint from Mayne's attorney's that it was a pretty important case and he had better be particular about getting a good bond.

Mayne's attorneys are at work on the papers for his suit to set aside the mortgages. If it proves successful he will call on Mr. Barker's bond for the value of his stock.

The controversy over the stock is under the $20,000 mortgage alone. How Mayne came to execute it without receiving an equivalent is one of those things that outsiders have not found out. It has been intimated that it was given as a "bonus" on a loan.

Among the revelations promised in the forthcoming suit is a letter from the cashier of the Bank of Commerce on the subject of interest. It is hinted that its contents will open the eyes of the public and even of bankers.

An Implement Firm Assigns.

CRESTON, Ia., Sept. 13.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Co-operative Implement and Hardware company, with houses in Creston and Lenox, Ia., assigned to-day. The company was incorporated under the name of the Fuller Implement company a year ago, and recently changed its name as above. A. R. Fuller, the manager and head member, estimates the assets at $20,000, but an inventory will probably reduce it to $15,000. The liabilities are unknown.

Washington Briefs.

The efforts to secure a democratic house caucus to arrange upon the order of business and settle upon a day of adjournment, has been temporarily abandoned.

The president to-day sent to the senate the nomination of John P. Gasper, of Kingsley, Iowa, to be postmaster, and Louis W. Crofoot to be associate justice of the supreme court of the territory of Dakota.

Mexican News.

CITY OF MEXICO (via Galveston), Sept. 13.—La Scala reports the crops throughout the state lost. Advices from Orizaba show that the loss of life by the recent floods number forty-four persons. The damage to property amounts to more than $300,000.

WILLIAM FRANCE DEAD.

A Pioneer Traveling Man, Prominent Mason.

William France, a man widely known and respected in business circles in Omaha and throughout the west, died at his home at Twenty-seventh and Parker streets about 4 o'clock yesterday morning. The immediate cause of his death was heart trouble, but his affliction dates back to the time of the war when, though only a boy of eighteen, he enlisted as a soldier, and through constant exposure contracted a severe case of rheumatism that has never left him well since.

Mr. France was the first of his family to come to Omaha, leaving Brooklyn, N. Y., to come to this city in 1867. His brothers and father followed later. Mr. France was nearly all his life a traveling salesman and was perhaps the first courier of commerce Omaha ever produced. He first cast his fortunes with the firm of Edgar & Hereford and later with P. H. Sharp & Son. Two years ago he was forced by rheumatism to abandon the road. He was prostrated with this ailment for a number of months and later it developed into heart disease, cutting him off in his usefulness at the age of forty-four.

Twelve years ago Mr. France was assistant chief of the fire department and of late a member of the Veteran Firemen's association. He stood high in Masonry, being a member of Covert lodge No. 11, of Omaha Chapter No. 1, and Mount Calvary Commandery No. 1. He was also a member of U. S. Grant post 110, of the G. A. R. All these organizations will unite to-day to bury him with distinguished honors. The traveling men's association will also take part. The funeral exercises will take place at the Masonic temple, Sixteenth and Capitol avenue, at 2 p. m.

A PAIR OF FIRES.

A Policeman Catches a Baby—The Chemical Breaks Down.

A slight blaze occurred yesterday afternoon at 4:30 through the substitution of kerosene for gasoline in a gasoline stove. F. C. Pettifer, who lives at Thirteenth and Chicago streets, purchased a gallon of what he thought to be gasoline.