SOME BRILLIANT FIELD WORK

For Which Both the Locals and the Visitors Are Deserving of Equal Praise-Davenport Makes Its First Appearance.

Western Association Standing. Following is the official standing of the Western association teams up to and includ-

ing yesterday's games:		4	200
Played	Won	Lost	Pr Ct
Des Moines 78	50	28	.641
St. Paul	53	31	.680
Omaha 83	49	34	.591
Kansas City 80	42	38	,526
Milwaukee	43	47	.471
Sioux City39	16	23	.410
Chicago	34	51	.400
Davenport76	26	50	.343

Omaha 6, St. Paul 1. Say, did you see the game yesterday after-

noon Well then you missed a very large gob of

good solid enjoyment.

It was a dandy-one of the finest contests that ever took place on the local grounds. The matchless Lovett was simply lovely. His long rest has done him a power of good Just think of it-the Titanic Apostles only made one little bit of a puny hit off of him, and that was a scratch at that, and but a solitary taily.

They reminded one of the Lilliputions and

Gulliver, the Traveler.

And ours boys—well they were the Brobdignagions. They batted with a ferocity, ran bases with a dash and fielded with an accuracy that obviated a possibility of de-

Oh, I tell you the Omahogs are invincible on their own-cellar door.

It takes a good man to knock a chip off their shoulder and get away without a maul-

There were fully two thousand people who flocked to the park to see the battle. The grand stand was filled, the "bleachers" packed and there was a great circle of ve-hicles around the field. But let's see how the boys made their

sneak on the pennant, poet, whose face is resier, a more celestial red than it was a month ago, was the first man up. He tried awful hard to swipe the gyrating

sphere, but Sowders wouldn't let him. He preferred to give him a base on balls, This was the signal for an outburst of sweet sounds from Jack Crooks' dainty But it all amounted to naught, for the

Highlander went out trying to steal second. Annis retired from second to first, and Mr. Crooks on a high fly to Corbett. The Saints, though, didn't get a smell They were extinguished with exhiliarating rapidity in one, two, three order.

In the second, O'Connell, who is looking

stronger and better than when he left here, clashed three great wide swaths in the air, and went and sat down.
But who's this we have here, with such a

black moustache and such a pale face.
Why, it's the Chippey, as I'm alive. He's been sick, you know, but he won't sit down he isn't constructed that way.

After delivering two balls something in
the corruscating light in the Chippey's eyes seemed to alarm Sowders, so he made up his mind to kill him on the spot.

Then with a superfluous grunt he slammed the ball at him as if he meant to drive it through a stone wall. It hit Mac square in the back, the concussion sounding like the old familiar smack of

your mother's slipper. Our mother's supper.

Did McGarrery or make a face at Sowlers! No, he did not do either,

out he gave his trousers an exra hitch, like Dick Deadeye, hitch, like Dick Deadeye wont to do, then he ran off and tool He didn't stay there long, for on the first

ball pitched he ran down to second. Broughton might as well have tried to

The next instant he made a dash for third, and made it, too, and as he came trotting home on a passed ball, you'd thought you were at a yelling match. It was a full minute before the people

would stop, it was so all-fired exciting.

Cooney immediately received a present of a base, but Nagle flying out he was left. In the visitors' half, Earle, who looks like a twin brother of Mephistopheles, got his pase on balls, and purioined but was left. His brother Apostles couldn't

find the sphere. It was one, two, three in both the third and fourth for Omaha, but in the fifth Cooney made a very recherche three baggar into left field and nobody out, and then got left. It was another cipher in the sixth, but not

so in the seventh-the lucky seventh Tebeau lined out a handsome one to left, but was forced out by the Chippey's drive to short. Mac, hewever, reached first before a double could be made, Then Mr. Cooney came along again and ex-

pectorating upon his lily pads, he for the second time smashed out a three sacker, this time to right. Of course the sparrow came home, and a shout showed how delighted everybody Then, when Nagle, Lovett and the Poet his and the Poet hit safety in all the slumbering enthusiasm on the ground was awakened, for it all resulted in three more runs.

While all this was going on there was such a tacket you couldn't hear a man speak up on

Farnam street to save your life. Cheers, burrahs, applause, cat-calls, howls and shrieks filled the air, and all was united in one mighty "hey! hey! hey!" when the last

The inning closed with Annis and Crooks being retired at first. Up to this time St. Paul hadn't made a hit, or got a man nearer to the plate than second base. But in the eighth Earle got his base on balls and skillfully stole second and third. Hiley and Corbett then went out, but Broughton got in a scratch hit over Cooney's head, and Earle ran home. That's all they could do. They never go

another man on base.

In the ninth Nagle was presented with a base. He was forced out by Lovett's hit to Sowders, Lovett landing safe, and after wards scoring by clever sprint work on Burns' third safe hit.

And what a cheer there was at that, Little Sowders was awful tired right here and he went to right field, while Morrissy came into the box, and Earle assumed first

But it was no use. The Saints went out after a peculiar fash ion they have with Lovett in the points, one wo, three, and the game was over.

It was a nice victory for Omaha and every

body was wild with joy.

Here you will find the official score: OMAHA.

Des Moines 16, Davenport 7.

enenu, ou,	*		12	- 340			· · · ·
loGarr, rf	3	2	0	. 2	1	0	0
ooney, ss	- 3	1	9	0	1	5	0
agle, c	- 3	1	1	0	6	0	0
ovett, p	4	2	1	0	0	9	0
	-	eta:	2000	-	-	-	***
Totals	35	6	10	4	27	20	1
		PAUL.	-	-	-	-	-
-	-		n	6.91	. PO	-	E.
fourther m	AL		0	SD	· Po		Ö
furphy, m	3	0	0	0	1	0	4
Arron, Fr.	7	0	0	V	10	0	9
forrisey, 1b	2	0	ő	0	10	0	
ickett, ss	*	9	0	U	2	*	1
arle, If	1	0	0	3	2	0	0
teilly, 8b		0	0	0	1	1	0
orbett, 2b		0	0	0	6	3	1
roughton, c	23	0	1	0	6	3	0
lowders, p		0	0	0	0	5	0
THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TW	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	29	1	1	3	27	16	3
lmaha 0	4	0 0	- 0	0	4 0	1-	- 6
t. Paul0	0	0 0	0	0	0 1	0-	- 1
Runs earned-O							-
coney (2). Doub							
t. Bases on ball	116	LILLY'S	-	OPD	o C	0 1	CLIFE.
Morrisey 1. Hit b	Z h	ttene	1	acc	HET.	our	uck
ut-By Lovett 7,	001	waer	4.	P	855C	1 b	alls
Broughton 1.	TIE	ne-1	:45.	U	mpi		Cu-
ck.							
	-	-	-				

peared here to day for its first game in the Western association and was greeted by good audience. They had only six men however, and the balance of the team was made up of Des Moines amateurs-Watts Huppand Leyden. The home team played out of position on account of Stearns being laid up and Quinn having been sold to Bos ton. The game was decidedly "rocky."

The score: Des Moines....2 3 4 4 0 1 0 0 2—16 Davenport....1 0 0 0 2 3 2 0 0— 7 Runs earned—Des Moines 10, Davenport 6. Two-base hits—Traffley. Three-base hits—Halliday, Morton, Fisher, McCullom. Double plays—Smith, Sage and Halliday; Moyer, Fisher and Klopf. Struck out—By Smith 6, by Stevens 5. Bases on balls—By Smith 3, by Stevens 3. Passed balls—Sage 1, Hupp 3. Time of game-1:50. Umpire-Hagan.

OTHER GAMES. Yesterday's Winners in the National

League Contests. PITTSBURO, August 25 .- Result of the first game:
Pittsburg.....0 0 0 2 0 4 0 0 0— 6
Indianapolis...1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1— 3
Pitchers—Staley and Shreve. Base hits—
Pittsburg 14, Indianapolis 6. Errors—Pittsburg 2, Indianapolis 3. Umpire—Lynch.

PITTSBURG, August 25 -Result of to-Pittsburg......0 0 0 1 0 2 0 2 1-6 Indianapolis.....3 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 1-7 Pitcher-Knell and Burdick. Base hits-Pittsburg 10, Indianapolis 8. Errors-Pittsburg 3, Indianapolis 3. Umpire-Lynch.

DETROIT, August 25 .- Result of to-day's Detroit.......0 0 0 1 0 0 1 2 0-4 Chicago......0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0-1 Pitchers—Conway and Baldwin. Base hits -Detroit 10, Chicago 4, Errors-Detroit 3, Chicago 5, Umpire-Daniels.

Washington, August 25 .- Result of to day's game:
Washington...0 0 0 3 0 0 2 1 1-7
Boston.....1 0 0 2 4 0 1 0 - 8
Pitchers-Widner and Clarkson. Base hits-Washington 12, Boston 14. Errors-Washington 5, Boston 7. Umpire-Kelly. PHILADELPHIA, August 25,-Result of to

hits-New York 13, Philadelphia 5, Errors-New York 0, Philadelphia 3, Umpire-Val-

American Association CLEVELAND, August 25 .- Result of to day's game: Cleveland.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 00 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 *-- 1 PHILADELPHIA, August 25.—Result of today's game: Athletics......0 1 2 3 1 3 1 0 5-16 Louisville1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

BROOKLYN, August 25.—Result of to-day's Brooklyn...... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Kansas City... 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 CINCINNATI, August 25 .- Result of to-day's Bultimore......1 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0-4 Cincianati..... 0 0 5 0 2 2 1 0 *-10

J. J. Hardins 11, Fremont 0. Grand Island, Neb., August 25.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The game between the J. J. Hardins and Fremont Grays was one sided. Moffett, of the Hardins, pitched a great game. The Grays could not find his curves, not making a single hit. Bryce was hit in the sixth inning, breaking his jaw and knocking his eye out half an inch. The Hardins .

rors-Hardins 1, Fremont Grays 3. North Bend 9, C. E. Maynes 7, NORTH BEND, Neb., August 25 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The North Bend Brown Stockings defeated the C. E. Mayne base ball club in a hotly contested game. The score: North Bend 9, C. E. Maynes 7.

Clarks 5, Soldiers 1. CLARKS, Neb., August 25 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The Clarks defeated the soldiers here this afternoon in a score of 5 to 1; five innings.

On Hand To-day.

There will be another great struggle on the ball grounds this afternoon when the Omahas and Apostles will again try conclusions. Clarke and Nagle will be the local batteay, and Tuckerman and Earle for St All the patrons of the spoat should turn out and lend hand and voice in cheering the Omahas on to victory.

Regattas for the West. The paramen who are to participate in the regatta at Salt Lake, August 30 and 31, were at the Millard yesterday, and left for the west at 9 o'clock last night. They represent the Farraguts and Dela

wares of Chicago, the Sylvans of Moline, the Modocs of St. Louis and the O-wash-tonongs of Grand Rapids.

The programme now is to have the same oarsmen give a regatta at Lake Manawa September 5 and 6, on their return.

TURF EVENTS.

Closing Day of the Northwestern Breeders' Association Meeting. CHICAGO, August 25 .- Six thousand people vere in attendance on the closing day of the Northwestern Breeder's Trotting association to-day. The track was fast and some very fast time was made, especially in the pacing races. The betting talent was badly at sea, and the bookmakers and poolsellers reaped a harvest, as not a favorite won.

The unfinished four-year-old race, which was left over from the night before, was first called. Lady Bullion won the fifth heat and Broun was drawn, having stepped on a nail. The sixth heat looked like a dead heat, but the judges gave it and the race to Eminence. The first regular race on to-day's card was the tret for the 2:24 class for \$1,000. It brought out Aimont, Earl McGregor, Piano Boy and Chance. McGregor was the favor-ite against the field. It took six heats to de-cide the event. Plane Boy captured the last three heats rather handily and won.

Best time-9:314.
The free-for-all pace brought four good horses. They were Mike Wilkes, Raven Boy, Wilcox and Toledo Girl. Raven Boy, Wilcox and Toledo Girl.
Wilkes was the favorite throughout the race. and he failed to take a single heat. Rave Boy won right off the reel. Best time 1.15%. The third race was the trot for the 1.18 class for \$1,000. Eight horses were presented and Veritas was selected as the win-ner by the plungers. Jim Fuller surprised all by taking three straightheats. Best time

After the second race Ubet, with a run ning mate, made an attempt to beat his own record of 2:00%. He broke badly during the first heat, and finished in 2:16. The second heat was a phenomenal pace. Ubet broke once and then finished in 2:07. The third at tempt was a repetition of the first heat, and

me time was alle. Emiliation.		
Unfinished four-year-old race for st	nk	е,
with \$250 added, best three in five:		
Emisence 9 1 1 2	3	1
Lady Bullion 1 2 2 3	1	3
Eminence	3	d
Time of two heats trotted to-day-2:	243	6.
2:2314		-
First race, 3:24 class, purse \$1.000:		
Plano Boy 9 4 9 1	1	1
Plane Boy 2 4 9 1 Almont 1 3 3 8 Chance 4 2 1 2 Carl McGregor 3 1 4 4	3	2
Chance	4	4
Carl McGregor 3 1 4 4	3	3
Time-2:23, 2:2214, 2:23, 2:2114, 2:2394,	2:1	14.
Second race, free-for-all pacing,	mr	80
\$2,000, best three out of five:		-
Rayen Boy 1	1	1
Toledo Girl 2	9	ã
Raven Boy 1 Toledo Girl 2 Wilcox 4 Mike Wilkes 7	4	9
Mike Wilkes 3	3	3
Wilcox Mike Wilkes 3 Time—2:3014, 2:15% 3		
Third man 0.00 plans The et 000	200	

The Weather Indications. DES MOINES, In., August 25.—[Special For Nebraska, Iowa and I Telegram to Tue Ber.]—Davenport aprains, cooler, variable winds. For Nebraska Iowa and Dakota: Local

BLAINE ON THE FISHERIES. What the Plumed Knight Thinks of the President's Message.

AN EXTRAORDINARY DOCUMENT

It is Dissected With a Master Hand and its Fallacies Exposed-Some Very Pertinent Questions.

Blaine's Second Speech.

LEWISTON, Me., August 25.-The second public address of Mr. Blaine on the political issues of the campaign was delivered here to-night. Mr. Blaine spoke substantially as follows:

I did not happen to have an opportunity of reading the full text of President Cleveland's message on the fisheries until this morning. and with all due respect to the chief execu tive of the nation, I must say that, consider, ing all circumstances, it is the most extraor. dinary document that ever was sent from the white house to the capitol. Here are the main facts of the issue be tween Canada or the United States; or perhaps, to speak more exactly, between Great Britain and the United States in respect to the fisheries: It was our belief, and still is, that after the articles of th treaty at Washington, relating to the fisher. ies, had expired, the Canadian government behaved in an unneighborly, unseemly and unjust manner to our fishermen in refusing them the rights which they long enjoyed by prescription. In order to bring the government of the dominion to a just appreciation of the subject, congress au-thorized the president in the spring of 1887 to adopt, at his discretion, a policy of suitable retaliation; directing, among other things, that whenever and so long as the American other things, vessels were deprived of commercial privi-leges in the ports of Canada, Canadan ves-sels should be deprived of like privileges in the ports of the United States. This, if I may indulge in appropriate slang, was a genuine tit for tat policy, in which the pun-ishment was admirable fitted to the crime. President Cleveland declined to enforce this policy, and allowed outrage after outrage upon our fishing vessels to go unredressed. He was bent upon some form of negotiation with gland, even against the expressed wish d will of the United States sepate, in defiance of a large share the treaty-making power which constitution assigns to the senate and Finally, without consent of the senate, and practically against its protests, the president organized a commission to frame a treat that should settle all points of dispute. thus gave what was never intended by th constitution—a partisan sule to an international discussion. It was never designed by founders of our government intercourse with foreign na-should be conducted by republicans that or by democrats, or by whits, or by federalists. It should only be by the nation as a whole. Why should the railways of the United States, that annually transport fifty millions of Canadian goods in trans.t, be de prived of their business and endure a large loss on account of a sudden whim of the president! Why should transit from Detroit, Buffalo and New York, over both American and Canadian roads be suspended when it has no relation whatever to the fishery ques tion! Why should the large traffic between Quebec and Montreal on the one hand, and Portland on the other, by which Portland becomes a winter port of Canada, be summar ily stopped at the caprice of the president be cause of his chagrin over the cost of an independent, but, as he considers, a refractory senate! Is it the design of the president to make the fishing question edious by embarrassing the commercial relations and commercial exchange along three thousand miles of frontier, and to inflict upon American communities a needless, a vexatious and a perilous confusion of trade! If congres will give him the enactments which he asked he will give them retaliation until they cry "Hold, eneugh," and will allow him to settle the fishery question in the precise manner which the senate now con-

We have our partisan difficulties at home and settle them in our own way and on our own soil. But towards all foreign powers on the globe we should present one united, individual, American republic. Bu this was not done. The treaty was launched as a democratic partisan measure rather than a patriotic American measure, and the London papers have been following their usual vocation of eulogizing the demcracy and abusing the republicans, with greatly increased vituperation against the republican party ever since it was found that tional dignity. It is plainly apparent from the text of the constitution itself that the wise men who framed it in-tended that the ordinary legislative power should be committed to the majority, how ever small, but that no treaty could be framed without the overwhelming support of public opinion. They provided, therefore, that it should require in all cases two-thirds of the senate to ratify a treaty; but, despite the national administration went regardless of results, and ne gotiated a treaty so repugnant to American instinct of national respect that instead of seeking a ratification by two-thirds of the senate it was absolutely rejected by a ma-jority vote. What then! At the first rebound the president has leamed so far over r side that he asks authority cripple all our commercial relations with Canada from Passamaquoddy bay to Van-couver's island. Having for three years of-fered to waive the rights of fishermen and national dignity at the same time, the president desires now to cross over to the other side of the question and outhered Herod in his demands for redress. He seems eager to-day to discharge the whole battery of Krupp guns on the question, when st year a blank cartridge pocket pistol would have s e whole affair. After subj subjecting country month after month to the humilia-tion of an unprecedented surrender, the president's supporters with the zeal of new with the extravagant en thusiasm of pretenders-are now manifest ing such renewed and deep and keen sense o the wrongs we have experienced from Grea Britain in Canada in the matter of the fish eries that they second the president's extraordinary somersault and in the slang o the democratic heelers they are "thirsting for Canadian gore." The democratic paper were but a short time ago telling Massachu

temptuously rejects. Or, after all, fellow citizens, is not the president's position a mere political device to divert the attention

message and from the Mills tariff bill! Is

not bluster on the fisheries to be the plan of the campaign for the dem-ocratic party? Are not permits for bravado to be issued by the political agents of the administration, marked on the

back, "Good till after the first Tuesday in

of the American

inneying the country about it they would the end drive congress into giving the full markets of the United States to all the fishermen of the dominion.

My friends, history repeats itself. Let me call your attention to the remarkable paral-lell between the course of President Cleve land and the course of President Johnson after he returned to the democracy, in a more weighty negotiation with England than that relating to the fisheries. You will read-ily remember that under instruc-tions from Andrew Johnson our min-ister to England, the late Reverdy Johnson, negotiated a treaty designed to settle the Alabama claims. It was negotiated with Lord Clarendon, foreign secretary for England, and is known as the Johnson-Clar endon treaty. It was communicated to the senate just before the expiration of John senate just before the expiration of Johnson's term, and the senate had it under consideration when President Grant was inaugurated. It was rejected with emphasis and indignation just as the senate has now rejected the fisheries treaty. A few months later President Grant sent to congress a communication on the whole subject of the Alabama claims. Referring to the Johnson-Clarendon treaty he used these weighty words, which I beg to read to you: "Believing that the treaty thus misconstrued in it scope and inadequate in its provisions would not have produced a hearly, cordial sentiment on the pending questions, which alone is consistent with the relations which I desire to have firmly established between the United

setts and Maine that their contemptible little

question over a few confish on the banks of Newfoundland was not worth consideration

in the national congress and that if they kept

States and Great Britain, I regard the action of the senate in rejecting the treaty to have been wisely taken in the interest of peace and as a necessary step in the direction of perfect and cordial friendship between the two countries.' Sensitive people, conscious of their power, are nore at ease under a great wrong wholly un leserved, than under the restraint of a settlement which satisfies neither their ideas of justice nor the grave sense of grievance which they have sustained."

In his next communication President Grant recommended to congress to authorize the appointment of a commission to take proof of the amounts and ownership of several Alabama claims, on a notice to the representa-tive of her majesty's government at Washington, and that authority be given for a settlement of these claims by the United States, so that the government could have ownership of the private claims, as well as the responsible control of all de mands against Great Britain. The result you know, was that the British government proposed a joint commission to settle all claims between the countries, and that President Grant, unlike President Cleveland, secured the assent of the senate before appointing commissioners, and a joint committee made a settlement which, on the whole, was satisfactory to both parties. This was brought about to the honor of both nations in consequence of the firm position assumed by President Grant. Why could not a like attitude today on the part of the president produce a like result, peacefully, honorably, and to the lasting advantage of you know, was that the British government ably, and to the lasting advantage of both nations? The truth is, my friends, the democratic party has never been fortunate in conducting diplomatic negotiations with Great Britain.

English partiality for the democratic party is not difficult to explain. It is not solely because the democracy are a free trade party. and are now proposing to open our home market for the benefit of the British manufacturers at the expense of the American workingmen, but it is that in every negotia-tion with the democratic administration England has succeeded in attaining the precise result which she desired. This great historic point is familiar to all who have studied our history for sixty years since the democratic party was first organ-ized. From the administration of Mr. Jefferson, onward, there was a dispute between the countries as to the rights of each, bordering on the Pacific ocean, and the question was adjusted from time to time by our earlier presidents, and last by the treaty made by Mr. Clay when he was sec-retary of state under Mr. Adams, providing fer joint occupation of the country for an indefinite period, neither party losing theur rights; but from pure demagog definite period, detailed the consistency of the demogratism the democratis raised the cry in the national election of 1844 that the whole of what now constitutes British Columbia, up to the latitude of 54°, 40 min-utes, belonging unquestionably to the United States. The pretense was put forth as a States. The pretense was put forth as a blind in order to show that they were as zealous to secure the northern territory as they were bent on acquiring the southern territory. The democratic national convention affirmed our right to 54, 49. President Polk made his campaign on it. They were ready to do anything to secure it, and they pressed it so far that as soon as Mr. Polk was inaugurated the democratic correspondent. inaugurated the democratic concress asked that notice be given to England for terminating the treaty of joint occupation. The next thing the country heard was that Mr. Polk's administration was compelled to surrender the whole territory to Great Britain, confessing that they had made pre-tences which they were unable to maintain or defend. Had they not raised their der ie cry and thus question to settlement the joint pation which had come down from Jefferson to that hour would have peacefully conlaued, and with our acquisition of Califor nia two years afterward, and the immediat discovery of gold thousands of American citizens who swarfned to the Pacific coast would have occipied British Columbia and definite settlement would doubtless have been in favor of those who were in actua possession, and but for the blundering diplo macy of the democratic party, which premi turely and without any reason forced the issue, we should to day see our flag floating

over the Pacific front from the gulf of Cali fornia to Behrings straits. President Cieverand is exactly following the presidents of his party in his negotia-tions with Great Britain—an alternation of blushes and of surrentler, both of which are equally inconsistent with the dignity of a na-tion conscious of its great power. We cer-tainly do not desire a continuance of diplomacy which, after studying the subject for three years, can radically change the position of the national administration between Wednes day afternoon and Thursday morning. On Wednesday the president was still urg-ing the senate through the entire body of democratic senators to surrender all our rights in the fisheries by agreeing to the treaty and on Thursday he put those sena-tors to shame by directly reversing the posi-tion he had strenuously held for three pre-ceding years. I don't believe the American people will submit to such triffing with a great mestion. I believe rather that they commit the government to the great party which from the first day of Lincoln's admin istration to the last hour of President Arthur's has maintained the force, prestige and right of the union against rebellion at home and aggression from abroad, and did it withou bravado or bluster on the one hand and with

out humiliating surrender on the other. PAINTED FOR WAR.

A Sanguinary Conflict on the Maxwell Land Grant. TRINIDAD, Colo., August 25 .- What may prove to be a long and bloody struggle opened to-day on the Maxwell grant at Stone Wall forty miles west of Trinidad. A sheriff's posse sent to keep the peace was met by armed settlers in numbers estimated at 200 to 500 men. The settlers demanded the arms of the posse, which was refused. The posse took up quarters in the Pooler hotel, a large frame building. The settlers endeavoted to force an entrance, when the posse opened fire. R. D. Russell, one of the oldest set-tlers, fell dead, and two or three other settlers were wounded. The building was soon riddled by bullets. The eye witness who gave this informaeye witness who gave this informa-tion left while the conflict was still going on. The citizens are greatly excited The sheriff is gathering men in numbers to go to the relief of the besieged posse. It is believed that the building will be burned, and that a dozen of the besieged deputies will be put to death before morning. The settlers come from the tributaries of the Pugatoire river, from Vermejo, N. M., and also from the Costilla grant. In their mountain fast-nesses it seems useless to oppose them with either militia or regular troops. Public sen timent in Trinadad is entirely with the Another courier is expected to arrive to-night. The settler cavalry is composed of both Americans and Mexicans. The Mexi-cans are painted as if for war.

Perkins County Crops. GRANT, Neb., August 24 .- [Special to THE BEE. |-The average estimate of wheat in this county is 16 bushels, rye 20 bushels and oats 40 bushels per acre. For corn the out look is good, with an assurance of 25 to 6 bushels per acre. The increased acreage in all crops is fully 150 per cent.

Yee Lee Rana Joint. COLUMBUS, Neb., August 25 .- [Special Tel egram to THE BRE.]-Yee Lee, the only Chi naman in the city, who keeps a laundry or Thirteenth street, was arrested to day on a charge of running an opium den. He was charge of running an opium den. He was bound over to the district court in the sum of

A Woman For Recorder. DUBUQUE, August 25.-Miss Virginia Lewis was nominated for county recorder by the democrats to-day. She is the daughter of the late General Warner Lewis, and for several years was deputy recorder under he The other nominations are: James J. Dunn for clerk, Peter Kiaus for super visor and Alphonse Matthews for attorney.

William E. Johns. Sioux City, Ia., August 25.-[Special Tele gram to Tue Bee. |-William E. Johns, wealthy and leading citizen, died here to-day He came to Sioux City five years ago from southwestern Missouri, where he was an ex-tensive cattle dealer, his home being near Lamar.

Van Wyck at Norfolk. Nonrolk, Neb., August 25 .- Special to Tus BEs.]-Senator Van Wyck will attend the reunion at Norfolk August 28 and 29. A very large attendance is expected on those

NEWS OF NEBRASKA TOWNS. mander, and an address of welcome by De Norfolk's Preparations For the Re-

union Beginning To-Morrow. TRAINS COLLIDE AT EXETER.

Several Cars Damaged But Nobody Injured-Another Railroad Incorporated-Death of a Prominent Schuyler Citizen.

Democratic County Convention. BEATRICE, Neb., August 25 .- [Special to THE BEE.]-The democratic convention of Gage county to-day nominated W. H. Ashby, of Beatrice, for the senate; Joseph Hill, of Beatrice, George F. Collins, of Nemaha, and Ed Mansfield, of Wymore, for representa-tives, and J. W. Ebersol for county attorney. The convention declared for high license and FREMONT, Neb., August 25.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Dodge county

democratic convention was held here this afternoon. The following delegates were

dected: District delegates—C. Hollenbeck, Brazalad, A. Crawford, E. Williams, J. Mallon, S. B. Parks, Jacob Swab, M. H. Imman, John Farrell, H. B. Lukens, J. F. Hilman, John Farrell, H. B. Lukens, J. F.
Heine, William Kerkow, Emil Eichblatt;
state delegates—W. L. May, Henry Schwab,
John C. Shervin, Mike Dowling, W. H.
White, C. D. Gardanier, L. P. Larson, C. B.
Treadwell, John Dein, John Thowsen, W. R.
Wilson, N. W. Smalls.

Dakota Citt, Neb., August 25.—[Special Telegram to Tus Bes.—The democratic convention here to-day was anything but harmonious. Gib Hunt was called upon to speak, and in the course of his address, Pat Barry, a good democrat from Jackson, ob-jected to his style, and, taking him by the collar, undertook to make him take his scat. For a few minutes a riot was looked for. The delegates chosen to the state convention were: E. B. Wilbur, J. M. Moon, John Hartnett, Herman Freeze, K. W. Frazer and

C. J. O'Connor; congressional—W. T. Bart-lett, William Taylor, J. R. Sprague, George Barnett, Thomas Ashford, jr., and J. C. Duggan; senatorial—J. P. Twoleig, M. Jay, James Holman, W. T. Bartlett, M. M. Boyle and J. J. Lynch ORD, Neb., August 25.- Special Telegram to THE BEE. -The democratic county con vention met here to day and made the follow-ing nominations: For representative, David Barnhart; for county attorney, F. S. Howell, for county commissioner, O. N. Woody, Del-egates to the state convention: F. L. Harris, J. G. Sharpe, S. A. Parks and J. M. Proxins for the congressional convention R. H. Clay-ton was allowed to name the delegation State senatorial convention: O. Crane, O. Derberg, Dill Jones, W. A. Wotherspoon. Alsworth, Neb., August 25.—Special Telegram to The Ber. —At the democratic convention held here to-day C. R. Glover, George W. Saterlee, H. R. Bisbee and George Johnson were chosen to attend the congressional convention. congressional convention at Norfolk August 28, and the state democratic convention at Lincoln August 29; J. H. Ayers, J. M. Hal-stead, J. C. Sullivan and P. J. Murphy were

elected delegates to attend the senatorial convention at Rushville September 15. The

delegation goes instructed. The convention

o nominate county officers is called for Sep-PAWNER CITY, Neb., August 25. - Special Telegram to THE BEE -The demoratic convention here to day selected William Avery for representative, and W. F. Spurr for county attorney. The remainder of the county ticket was left vacant. The delegates to the state convention are: C. T. Edec, J. B. Phillips, D. T. Meeker, B. F. Hildebrand and Mr. Roeves; congressional convention— George Wanen, W. W. Woodward, A. E. Lane, C. L. Humphrey and C. P. Miller; senatorial convention—J. A. Carlock, A. S. Story, Mike Burns, M. Nestor, E. E. Clark. Wanco, Neb., August 25.- Special gram to Tun Ber. |—The democrats of Saun-lers county held their county convention ere to-day and selected eleven delegates to the state convention, eleven delegates" to the congressional convention and eleven dele

gates to the state senatorial convention, and neminated the following ticket: For con-tingent senator for this county in case the apportionment bill is decided uncon-stitutional John Latin of Wahoo, and instructed the delegates to the senatorial convention to support him for the nomina-tion in case the bill is constitutional; for tion in case the bill is constitutional; for representatives, Hon. W. G. Bently, of Ash fepresentatives. How we have a continued and Chris Lillibridge, of Weston, and for contingent representative, Anton Kasker, of Prague; for county commissioner, Jeff Russell was nominated and for county attorney G. W. Simpson There was a bitter fight made in the conven tion for Senator Vandermark's renomination, but the old war horse was laid on the

The democrats are holding a big ratification meeting to-night. T. J. Mahoney, of Omaha, is addressing a fair sized crown of people. A large delegation from Platts-mouth and smaller delegations from other towns came in to assist the democrats to get a crowd.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., August 25.-[Special Telegram to Tug Ben. |-The Lincoln county democratic convention met at the court house in this city this afternoon. F. E. Bul ard was chosen chairman and Duval Jackson secretary. The following are the dele gates elected to the state convention: gates elected to the state convention: Hon. B. I. Herman, W. B. Risso, F. E. Bullard, S. A. Granjean, P. G. Gavin. To the congressional convention of the third district: F. N. Dick, G. T. Sneeling, W. L. McGee, J. H. Day, John Kiliper. For county commissioner, J. C. Huffer, a saloon keeper of this city, was nominated. Major W. B. Risse received the nomination for county attorney. The deliberations of the convention were harmonious in the extreme, harmonious is the extreme. harmonious in the extreme, barring a slight effort on the part of some the delegates to de-feat Mr. Hinman as delegate to the state convention. Mr. Hinnan is not a very ar-dent admirer of President Cleveland and this was the objection urged to his selection. but his past services to democracy seem to have outweighed the objection to his present antipathy to Cleveland.

ACREARY TO Cleveland.

ACREARY, Neb., August 25.—[Special Telegram to The Ber.]—Representatives of the democrats in Nemeha county met in convenion at Auburn to-day and selected delegates to the state and congressional conventions. The selection of the county ticket will be

nnde at a later day.
VALENTINE, Neb., August 25.—[Special Telegram to Tur Bru | The democratic county convention was held here to-day, and nominated E. W. Harney for attorney, James Hudson for commissioner, and Dr. Brook for coroner. Delegates to the state and congres-sional convention: S. G. Glover, O. W. Hahn, W. I. Bulware, J. H. Shore; senato-rial convention: George Briggs, Harper Cleyeland, W. E. Haley, George Lunz; represcutative convention: H. C. Dear, George Lang, George Lunz, J. G. Little, B. V. Ster l'owne, James Hudson, C. H Thompson, John Grooms, O. W. Hahn. R. M. Logan, of Ainsworth, spoke to a large audience to-night for over two hour

The Norfolk Reunion. NORPOLK, Neb., August 25 .- Special to THE BEE. |-The grounds for the approach ing reunion are beautifully located in a bend of the north fork of the Elkhorn, about one mile from the postoffice, and on the stree car line from the junction. They comprise about two hundred acres. There is excel-

ient water in abundance upon the grounds By Monday morning Camp Sheridan will be rendy for its thousands of old soldiers. It is devoutly hoped that the delightful weather of the present will continue during the week and if it does, there is no doubt that this will be the most notable G. A. R. reunion in the Listory of this state.

Two sections of artillery will take part in

the exercises, one of which is from Fort Omaha and one from Fort Niobrara. The four companies of the Second infantry, un-der command of Major Butler, have finished

their march and gone into camp.

The citizens of Norfolk have taken hold nobly in preparations for the greatest event in the history of the town. City improvements in course of construction have received special stimulus. Norfolk avenue, or Main street, has been brought up to grade Main street, has been brought up to grade and gravelled and waterworks, electric light and telephone systems have been inaugurated. Many invitations have been sent out to prominent people, and letters have been received from them. Among these are General Longstreet, and Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Logan. Quartermaster L. C. Washburn is managing his department with a good deal of skill and ability.

The programme for Monday is the reception of visiting comrades. At 6 p. m. will

come the dress parade by the Second United States infantry, followed at 8 p.m. by the turning over of the camp by Chairman Aliey, for the committee, to the camp compartment Commander Henry, after be held a rousing camp fire, assisted by the Glee club,

A Successful Camp Meeting. GRESHAM, Neb., August 24 .- [Special to THE BEE. |- The greatest interest is being manifested in the camp meeting at this place. The tabernacle is crowded every day and evening. Dr. Paine, of Lincoln, did excellent work while here, but was called home Wednesday to attend the funeral of a niece. His place is taken by Rev. Calfee, of York A branch of the Women's Home Missionar society has been organized here. It is the greatest revival of religion that has ever been witnessed in this community. Over thirty conversions are reported at this time. The meeting will close on next Tuesday with the dedication of the new M. E. church, which is just completed. Presiding Elder W. K. Beans will conduct the dedicatory

The North Nebraska Fair.

Norrolk, Neb., August 25.—[Special to The Bee.]—The North Nebraska Fair and Driving Park association will have its first exhibition next week, commencing on Monday. Their stock accommodations are simply immense, and they will present an attractive programme. Ninety horses are now on the ground. T. H. Butler, the champion chariot racer, is here with thirteen thoroughbred orses, and his exhibitions with them will be a special attraction. Another attraction on account of the purse of \$3,200, will be the races between Frank P., Perry Bros.' bay stallion, from Wayne, and Edward B., Chap-man's chestnut gelding, from Wichita, Kau. But little will be done on Monday except opening and getting ready for business.

A Wreck at Exeter.

Exeren, Neb., August 25,-[Special to Tur BEE. |-The midnight passenger train on the B. & M. railroad last night ran into an east bound freight which was pulling in on a siding at this station at a high rate of speed to get out of the way of the passenger, wrecking the engine of the freight and some six freight cars, two of which were loaded with about fifteen hours. Parties who saw the collision] state that the scab engineer on the passenger was to blame for not slacking up n answer to signals from the brakemen the freight train. The loss will probably ex-ceed \$5,000,000. No one was injured, but the passengers were badly shaken up

Old Settlers of Dakota County. DAKOTA CITY, Neb., August 25 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE |-The old settlers neeting, which was to have been held on the 18th inst., but which was postponed in consequence of bad roads, will be held on Saturday, September 1, Dr. G. W. Wilkinson, president of the association, having received a letter from Governor Thayer stating that he could be here on that day, but could not promise to come at any other date. A good time may be expected, as the farmers of Dakota county are unusually jubilant over their large corn crop, notwithstanding the almost complete failure of small grain.

Another Railroad Incorporated. NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., August 25.- Special to THE BEE.]-Articles of incorporation of the Beatrice, Nebraska City & Northwestern railway were filed in the county clerk's offailway were filed in the county clerk's of-fice with D. P. Rolfe, D. F. Hayden, E. S. Hawley, R. Lorton and W. A. Cotton, all local capitalists, as incorporators. The cap-ital stock is \$2,000,000, which may be in-creased to \$5,000,000. It is a B. & M. scheme and the road is to be built from Heatrice to Wahee by way of Nebraska City and Ashland. All preliminary work is to be completed this fall.

Died of Consumption. SCHUYLER, Neb., August 25 .- [Special to THE BEE. |-F. B. Crewitt, a prominent real estate dealer and ex-cashier of the Schuyler National bank, of which he was a director, died of consumption at Denver yesterday at 4 p. m. His funeral will be held here to-mor-row afternoon under the charge of Allolia lodge A. F. and A. M., of which he was a

member. Assaulted a Lady SCHUYLER, Neb., August 25 .- [Special to THE BEE. -Oscar F. Brown was arrested yesterday and brought before County Judge Thomas to answer the charge of attempted rape upon Sarah Turnbull, a young lady of this place. The evidence disclosed that he was guilty of an assault and not of attempted rape. He was fined \$10 and costs, in default of which he was committed to the county

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

House.

WASHINGTON, August 25,-In the house today on motion of Mr. O'Neill of Missouri the senate bill was passed amendatory of the act authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river at St. Louis. It amends the act by removing the prohibition that any stockholder in the bridge company shall not be a stockholder in any other bridge company.

Mr. Rogers of Arkansas, from the commit tee on judiciary, reported a resolution which was adopted, as a substitute for the one offered by Mr. Dubois of Idaho, calling on the attorney general for information as to the number of convictions that had been made for the offenses of poligamy, adultery and unlawful cohabitation in Utah and Idaho, and as to the number of pardons granted to the persons convicted.

A resolution to go into committee of the whole on the defletency appropriation bill disclosed the fact that no quorum was pres-Mr. Payson of Illinois offered a resolution revoking all leaves of absence except those granted on account of illness, to take effect Monday. Mr. Payson, in supporting the res

olution, severely arraigned the absences for dereliction of duty. His remarks were strongly seconded by Mr. Biount of Georgia, who referred to the impor-tant business which remained for congress to transact. The appropriation bills were not disposed of, and there was a matter of great concern relating to resolu-tions of the United states with reference to Canada to be considered.

Mr. Tarsney of Michigan, suggested that Michigan could take care of Canada.

Mr. Connor of Illinois, blamed the demo cratic side of the house, which was respon-ible for the condition in which the house found itself.

Mr. Burns declared the question one in which no politics were involved. The gen tlemen who had established themselves in the gallery seemed to have an interest in the proceedings of the house which pecuniary consideration alone could give and he blamed no member of the house. The house was di vided on account of the army of nurses-wet nurses, John Sherman had called themwho had retained their establishment in Washington for the past forty-nine years.

Mr. Cannon said that for the past thirty

days substantially all the business of the house had been done by unanimous consent. The democratic majority, which was respon-sible for legislation, could not keep a quorum present, and the republican minority was Mr. Payson—"There is no occasion for politics here." powerless to do business. Mr. Cannon-"There is occasion to bring

polities in, and I do bring it in because I am ired of staying here day after day and week after week without a quorum, and I arraign the democratic party for inefficiency in the performance of public business." Mr. Dupp of Arkansas offered an amend

ment to Mr. Payson's resolution, directing the sergeant-at-arms to inform the absentees by telegraph of the action of the house. Mr. Payson said that the evil of absentee ism was as bad on the republican as on the democratic side, and the resolution was lirected as much against his party as against the absent democrats. The motive of his resolution was purely a business one. It was as much the duty of Mr. Long of Massachusetts to be here as it was the duty of the dis-tinguished gentleman who was chairman of

this afternoon addressing the great unterrified in Chicago. Mr. Dunn's amendment was agreed to, and as amended Mr. Payson's motion was adopted.

The house then adjourned.

the ways and means committee, who was

THE SENATE IS NOT EXCITED.

No Disposition to Pass the Proposed Retaliation Measure.

TARIFF THROWN IN THE SHADE.

Indications That the Finance Committee Will Not Report Until After the Election-Republican Prospects in West Vfrginia.

Decidedly Calm. WASHINGTON BUREAU THE OMARA BEE, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., August 25.

There seems to be no disposition on the

part of senators to pass the additional re-

taliatory measure requested by the president in his message. The bill introduced by Senator Morgan will be referred to the committee on foreign relations and it is extremely doubtful if it ever sees the light of day again this session. Senators say that as everything is peaceable on the Canadian border and in Canadian waters there is nothing to be gained by putting in the hands of the president further retaliatory powers. Even democratic senators are beginning to admit, since they have had a chance to consider the subject in the light of the republican speeches delivered in the senate vesterday, that the act of 1887 is ample in its provisions to enable the president to meet any exigency in the way of intercourse with our Canadian neighbors, that has arisen or may arise. The complications over the fisheries are believed to be at an end, for the present at least, and until Canada shall again undertake a course of hostile action against our fishermen there will be no occasion for the executive or any body else to get unduly excited and retaliate." Granting to the presi dent the right to cut off immediate transpor-tation in bond accorded by this administra-tion to Canadian railroad and steamship lines, if exercised would have about as much effect on the settlement of complications such as have existed as would the reading of the riot act to a tribe of unruly Sioux. That part of the president's message which relates to discriminations against Americae vessels in the Welland canal is worthy of consideration, but it is a trifle late in making its appearance. Representative Dingley of Maine certainly called the attention of the administration to the condition of affairs there in season to have enabled the president to have requested action on the part of congress months ago, but the executive was then presumably too busy gunning for some poor devil's pension claim, to give his attention to weightier matter of state "which relate to the honor and dignity of our country and the protection and preservation of the right and interest of all our people." The special committee of the senate, of which Mr. Hoar is chairman, will examine into the Weiland canal matter this fall, and if any legislation is required it will be recommended and framed at the next session of congress.
DOUBT AS TO THE TARIEF BILL.

As stated in these dispatches last night the tariff bill has been lost sight of for the present, and it will not be a surprise if at any time during the fight over the message and kindred subjects, it should be announced that the committee on finance has determined to not report the tariff bill before the election. The debates of the floor of the senate and the political work in the various states are calling members of the committee from their work, and during the week there has been but one regular meeting of the sub-committee preparing the tariff bill and no meeting has been held by the full committee within a fortnight.

WEST VIRGINIA FOR THE REPUBLICANS, The nomination of General Goff by the re-publicans for the governorship of West Vir-ginia has excited much interest in Washingon. There is a belief here, even among the democrats, that General Goff will be elected. He is at present a representative from the First district, which is naturally democratic, and was elected by a majority of about eight hundred two years ago. He has always been regarded much stronger than his party, and the republicans contend that West Virginia is republican this year on the tariff issue, Senator Kenna has been in the state for several days speaking and working for the democratic ticket, while the democratic members of the house from the state have been out of their seats here for some time laboring for the success of their candi-dates. Senator Faulkner intends spending most of the time from now until election on the stump in his state, and a great effort is to be made to defeat General Goff.

MISCELLANEOUS. Ex-Representative Hepburn, of Iowa, is in Senator Manderson is in New York and Representative McShane is at Bar Harbor, Me., Prony S. Hearn.

Nebraska and Iowa Pensions. Washington, August 25 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-Pensions granted Nebraskans: Original invalid-George Fletcher, Contral City: William M. Jones Raymond: Cyrus Miner, Wood River, Daniel Trine, Blue Hill; William L. Matthews, Filley; George N. Smith, Kearney; James Kelley, Wayne; Hiram H. Palmer, Niota; William Elshire, Rulo; David Stanard, O'Neil City; William Baraby, Muller, Increased-Aden L. Armstrong, Armada: Martin Fandley, Central City. Original widows, etc.—Minor of Lewis Armstrong. Lattin.

of Lewis Armstrong, Lattin.

Pensions for Iowans: Original invalid—
Joseph Dreckmann, New Hampton; William
Porter, Prairie City; Henry T. Egbert, Norwalk; Samuel R. Shaull, Ladora; Samuel
Cook (deceased), Marshaltown; John Campbell, Solons; John P. Weber, Corning;
Daniel B. McMaster, Hancock; John Evans,
Seymour; (navy)—Joseph Little, Volga
City; Augustus Jaquinot, Ioka Stanton;
Denison G. King, Pulsaki; Denison G. King, Pulsa Denison G. King, Pulaski; Denuis Hummell, Denison G. King, Pulaski; Denuis Hummell, Mount Pleasant. Increase—James G. Smith, Sigourney; William H. Brownell, Logan; Mathias S. Hill, Toledo; George C. Davis, Worthington; Robert Pattern, Rockwell; Morrison B. Green, Riverside, Original widows, etc.—Josie, widow of Samuel Cook, Marshalltown; Julia A., widow of Sylvesta Church, lowa Falls; Mary J. Miller, former widow of Robert Winn, Fairfield.

Army News.

Washington, August 25.—[Special Tele-gram to The Bre.]—Private William Brown, Proop A, Ninth cavalry, now at Fort Nioorara, is transferred to the hospital corps as a private.

The unexecuted portion of the sentence mposed by a general court-martial, (April 1. 1887, Department of the Platte) is remitted the case of Henry E. Markley, late private Company E, Second infantry, and he will be released from confinement at the military prison, Fort Leavenworth, as seen as the rules governing furfeiture of time for mis-conduct or violation of prison regulations will permit and he will be given authority to enlist in Company E. Second infantry.
Major Thaddeus H. Stanton, paymaster, is relieved from duty in the Department of the Platte, and will proceed to Chlengo and re-port by letter to the commanding general,

Department of the Missouri, for duty at that Major William E. Creary, paymaster, is relieved from duty at Omaha and will proced to and take station at Salt Lake City

for duty there.

Major Henry Clayton, paymaster, is relieved from duty in the Department of the
East and will proceed to Omaha and report
in person to the commanding general, Department of the Platte, for duty at that station.

California Judges in Trouble. Washington, August 25,--Representa-

tives Thompson, Morrow and McKenna of California appeared before the house judiclary committee to-day to give their views upon the memorial presented by the citizens of San Francisco asking for the impeachment of Judges Sawyer and Sabin for relieving the Chinese from arrest by writs of habeas corpus. The meeting was secret, and the California members confined their statements to an exposition of the condition of af-fairs which had resulted in the present as-tion. The subject will be further considered next Thursday. There seems to be a dispo-sition on the part of the committee to move cautiously is the matter, and according to two members of the committee there is no likelihood of any positive action at this res-