# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. OMAHA. THURSDAY, MORNING, JULY 5, 1888. NUMBER 17.


## HE ACCEPTS THE NOMINATION

### General Harrison Promises to Be the Republican Standard Bearer.

### A MODEST, PATRIOTIC REPLY

### To the Official Message Conveyed to Him at His Home in Indianapolis by the Notification Committee.

**Officially Notified.**

INDIANAPOLIS, July 4.—The notification committee representing the late republican convention to-day officially informed General Harrison of his nomination. The committee met in the parlors of the Denison hotel at 10 a. m. Hon. M. M. Estee, of California, was made chairman, and A. H. Potter, of New Jersey, vice chairman. At 10:30 the members of the committee, escorted by the local committee, took carriages and were driven to General Harrison's residence, where they were received by Russell Harrison and Captain M. G. McLane. The members of the committee were escorted into the handsomely decorated parlor and were seated in a semicircle. At 12 o'clock General and Mrs. Harrison, accompanied by Mrs. J. N. Huston and Mrs. John C. New, entered the parlor and took a position facing the committee. General Harrison looked pale and careworn, his expression being one of deep seriousness.

Chairman Estee stepped forward and said: "General Harrison, we are commissioned by the national republican convention to officially notify you of your nomination as the republican candidate for president of the United States. In doing this we may be permitted to remind you that your selection met the hearty approval of the whole convention. It left no embittered feeling for lukewarm supporters, and its action voiced the average and best judgment of the convention. Nor was your nomination due to accident or the result of hasty or inconsiderate deliberation. It indicated that you possessed in a most eminent degree those peculiar qualities which commended you to the people's favor. In the hour of our country's peril you cheerfully accepted an humble position in the army, went where your country most needed you, and by long and faithful service rose to higher commands and resumed graver responsibilities. Elected to the United States senate, your enlightened and conservative statesmanship commanded the respect and inspired the confidence of the American platform adopted by the American people. The convention marks out with clearness and precision the creed of the party."

After a moment's silence General Harrison replied as follows:

"Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the committee: The official notice which you have brought of the nomination conferred upon me excites emotions of profound thought and of somewhat conflicting character. That after full deliberation and free consultation the representatives of the republican party the United States should have concluded that the great principles enunciated in the platform adopted by the convention could be in some measure safely confided to my care is an honor of which I am deeply sensible, and for which I am very grateful. I do not assume or believe that this choice implies that the convention found in me any prominent fitness or exceptional fidelity to the principles of the government to which we are mutually pledged. My satisfaction with the result would be altogether spoiled if that result had been reached by any unworthy methods or by the disparagement of more eminent men who divided with me the suffrages of the convention. I accept the nomination with so deep a sense of the dignity of the office and of the gravity of its duties and responsibility as to altogether exclude any feeling of exultation or pride. The principles of the government and the practices in the administration upon which the issues are now fortunately so clearly made, are so important in their relations to national and to individual prosperity, that we may expect an unusual popular interest in the campaign. Relying wholly upon the considerate judgment of our fellow citizens and gracious favors of God we will confidently submit our cause to the abitrament of a free ballot.

"The day you have chosen for this visit suggests no thoughts that are not in harmony with the occasion. The republican party has walked in the light of the Declaration of Independence. It has lifted the shaft of patriotism on the foundation laid at Bunker Hill. It has made the more perfect union by making all men free. Washington and Lincoln, Yorktown and Appomattox, the Declaration of Independence and the proclamation of emancipation are naturally and worthily associated in our thoughts to-day. As soon as may be possible, I shall by letter communicate to your chairman a more formal acceptance of the nomination. But it may but be proper to say that I have already examined the platform with some care, and that its declarations are in harmony with my views. It gives me pleasure, gentlemen, to receive you in my home and to thank you for the cordial manner in which you have conveyed your official message."

Long and hearty applause re-echoed through the house as Gen. Harrison concluded his address, and, reaching forth, he cordially grasped the extended hand of Chairman Estee, who then presented him with an official copy of his notification. The formalities of the occasion having concluded General Harrison instantly became the genial host, while Chairman Estee, acting as master of ceremonies, introduced each member of the committee. General Harrison then invited the committee to partake of an elegant lunch which had been spread in the spacious dining room adjoining the library.

The committee go east to-night and will meet in New York on Saturday, for the purpose of making arrangements to notify Hon. Levi P. Morton of his nomination as vice president.

## WESTERN PACKING INTERESTS.

### A Considerably Reduced Output During the Past Week—Crops.

CINCINNATI, O., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Price Current tomorrow will say: There has been considerable reduction in packing operations in the west the past week, the total number of hogs handled being 160,000, against 185,000 the preceding week and 160,000 for the corresponding time last year, making a total of 2,975,000 since March 1, compared with 2,985,000 a year ago. For the month of June the total packing was about 800,000 hogs, against 910,000 last year. During July last year the total packing was 690,000 or 76 per cent compared with June. It is not likely that this number will be exceeded this month.

Corn is doing well in nearly or quite all portions of the west.

Spring wheat is being favored and without unusual draw backs in the future crop may reach proportions exceeding last year. Winter wheat is now being harvested in southern Ohio and Indian Territory. It is not unlikely that the results may show a better aggregate than could reasonably have been expected on the outlook a month ago.

**Sheridan Improving.**

DELEWARE BREAKWATER, July 4.—General Sheridan's physicians issued the following bulletin at 9 a. m.: The symptoms of pulmonary congestion have rapidly subsided. General Sheridan's condition is decidedly better than after any previous attack. There is no threatening of heart failure.

**Killed on the Track.**

ST. JOSEPH, MO., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—An old man named Tom Call, a deaf mute, was killed today by a Chicago, Kansas & Nebraska railway train near Wathena, Kan., west of this city. He was walking along the track. His family lives near Savannah, Mo.

## THE CINCINNATI EXPOSITION.

### Formally Opened by Governor Foraker and the Machinery Started.

CINCINNATI, July 4.—The streets were alive with strangers this afternoon. At 9 o'clock the gates of the exposition were thrown open. At 11 o'clock the formal opening exercises began at Music hall. The stage was filled with the May festival chorous and Cincinnati orchestra. The entrance of Governor Foraker, Governor Thayer of Nebraska, Governor Gray of Indiana, Governor Beaver of Pennsylvania, with their brilliant staffs, and Hon. John Sherman and Hon. Benjamin Butterworth, was a signal for hearty applause. An eloquent prayer was offered by Rev. George P. Thayer. Governor Foraker made the welcoming address. He began by naming the governors and others who were present upon the platform. When he named the last on the list, "that illustrious son of Ohio, Senator Sherman," there was a tempest of applause which bid fair to interrupt the proceedings.

Governor Foraker made the point that this exposition was national in its character, intended to be illustrative and commemorative of the progress of Ohio and the central states in the past century. It was but a few minutes of 12 o'clock and President Allison announced that they would wait for the signal from Mrs. Polk to start the machinery. Suddenly a gong in the hall sounded. A ripple of applause answered the signal, and Governor Foraker explained to the audience that the gong had been sounded by electricity touched by the finger of Mrs. Polk at her home in Nashville. Then the little ten-year-old daughter of President James Allison, stepped to the side of the stage, and, pressing an electric button, gave twelve signals on the gong, and put in motion the ponderous machinery of the exposition. President Allison then formally declared the exposition open. After this brief addresses were made by the gentlemen named, Governors Thayer, Gray and Beaver, Lieutenant Governor Bryan, Hon. Benjamin Butterworth and Hon. John Sherman, and the ceremonies were ended. The great parade started promptly at 2:30 and moved without serious delay over a six mile route. It required two hours to pass a given point and was witnessed throughout by delighted crowds.

## FRED MARSDEN'S WILL.

### It Will Be Contested by His Daughter on the Ground of Insanity.

NEW YORK, July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Blanche Marsden, daughter of Fred Marsden, the playwright, who suicided because of her alleged unnatural conduct and disowned her in his will, intends to contest the will. Her portion of the estate is valued at $80,000. She alleges that her father used cocoaine and was not accountable for his acts. She says: "I am practically without resources. What is more, I have a name which has been dragged in the mire. It was the constant effort in my former home of certain persons to convert the trivial follies of a young girl into acts of studied depravity. My father was a monomaniac on the subject of my personal character. Yet the blame was not his so much as my mother's. They never lived happily together. She detested the very profession in which my father won fame and a competence. Actors, playwrights and Bohemians in general were an abomination to her. Six years ago my father attempted suicide. He latterly became addicted to the excessive use of cocoaine, and consumed on an average a full bottle a day. It unbalanced his mind, and he was driven at last to a condition bordering on insanity, which resulted in my expulsion from the parental roof and his suicide."

Among the witnesses which Miss Blanche will produce is a prominent Harlem physician, who claims to have two letters penned by Fred Marsden containing a revelation which places the blame upon Mrs. Marsden, who always "nagged" him concerning Blanche's conduct.

## CHASED BY A MOB.

### Thrilling Experience of a "Q" Fireman at St. Joseph Yesterday.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Twenty thousand people went to the picnic given by the trades and labor assembly at the fair grounds today and saw a bloody riot. Dick Harrigan, a butcher who had taken no part in any of the melees, was shot through the lung about 4 o'clock this afternoon and his recovery is doubtful. Golden Holman, a newly employed Chicago, Burlington & Quincy fireman attend the picnic and the brotherhood men determined to run him off the ground. Holman showed fight, but the brotherhood men gathered around him crying "Kill the scab ————!" Holman started to run and a crowd of perhaps a thousand men started after him. He had only one avenue of escape and that was the fair ground stables, and drawing his revolver he shot over the heads of the crowd and opened his way. A mob surrounded the stall in which he hid himself when Holman opened the door and with pistol in hand made the mob give him passage way right through them. He then ran toward the west exit and fired into a crowd which had run to head him off. One of the shots struck Harrigan and the crowd seperating Holman made his escape from the grounds and gave himself up to a policeman. Harrigan, who is a boy nineteen years of age, was taken to his home. Attending physicians are unable to state what the result of the wound will be. Four other scab engineers and their sympathizers were pummelled by the strikers.

## GENERAL SPORT.

### Great Crowds at the Deadwood Tournament—The Winners.

DEADWOOD, DAK., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—In the 300-yard hub and hub race to-day, for a purse of $500, the Deadwood running team defeated the Independent team, of Council Bluffs, by less than two feet. Time—29 seconds. It is claimed that this is the best time on record.

In the Chinese hub and hub race, between the Hi Kee and Wing Tsue team, 200 yards, for a purse of $50, the Hi Kee team won. Time—30½ seconds.

There will be a coupling contest in the opera house to-night between Cornelius of the Council Bluffs independents and Mott, champion hose coupler of the world, for of $100 and the entire gate receipts.

There were fully six thousand visitors present to-day, and as many expected tomorrow, as the programme is to be continued. The parade was the greatest affair ever witnessed in the Black Hills, and the oration of Colonel W. R. Steele was a fine effort.

**Two Drownings at Des Moines.**

DES MOINES, Ia., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Herman Cooper, a well known working man of this city, saw his boy wading in the Des Moines river this afternoon when he stepped out of his depth. His father jumped to save him and was drowned, but the boy was rescued. A second drowning occurred south of the city. A twelve-year-old boy named Miller, while bathing this afternoon, lost his footing and was drowned.

**A Heavy Storm.**

MASON CITY, Ia., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A very heavy storm swept over the north part of the county late yesterday afternoon. Corn fields were leveled, a number of houses unroofed, and small grain badly damaged. The rain and wind were accompanied by the heaviest electric storm known here for years. Many horses and cattle in pastures standing near wire fences were killed.

**Blown up by Powder.**

DENISON, Ia., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Four boys were seriously injured and disfigured for life by the explosion of seventeen pounds of powder at a sham battle to-day.

## THE LEGAL LIGHTS AT CRETE

### Many Blackstonians Assemble to Hear Judge Cooley's Lecture.

### FIRE CRACKER PATRIOTISM.

### The Fourth Introduced in the Usual Manner at the Assembly Grounds—Thirty Ice Cream Victims—State News.

**The Crete Chautauqua.**

ASSEMBLY GROUNDS, CRETE, Neb., July 4.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The lecture of Judge T. M. Cooley, chairman of the interstate commerce commission occurred yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. About one hundred lawyers from different parts of the state formed a part of the large audience that assembled to hear the eminent jurist. Many of the most prominent members of the bar had seats upon the stage, and among them was Senator Manderson, who was the principal orator of to-day.

Judge Cooley chose for his subject "Familiar Principles of Government." His lecture was a learned and exhaustive treatise of the organization and growth of governments and the relative merits of written and unwritten constitutions. If Judge Cooley's lecture was too far reaching and profound for the mental powers of the majority of his audience, it was certainly full of interest for all members of the legal profession, and especially interesting for those who had been his old law students at the University of Michigan, many of whom were present in the audience.

At 4 o'clock Prof. Holmes' advanced normal class met at the hall in the grove. In studying the books of the Bible this class has now come to the "doctrines throughout the teachings of Christ." Christ has given His followers ten great doctrines. The first five of these: The doctrine of the kingdom of heaven, of the way of salvation, of the new birth, of Messiah's king, and of the law of love formed the subject of this afternoon's lesson. The second five doctrines will be discussed to-morrow morning. Prof. Holmes makes frequent use of the blackboard, and now and then during his recitations he pauses to review what has just been taught. These brief reviews are always given in concert, and invariably show excellent drill on the part of the teacher and the best of attention and studiousness on the part of the class.

The chorus class met at 4 o'clock, and people from all over the grounds gathered in the pavilion to listen to the rehearsal. This class now numbers over two hundred, and is doing excellent work. At the beginning of each rehearsal Prof. Palmer gives ten minutes' instruction in the principles of music. He is very popular with his class, and is noted for his extreme punctuality. He sees to it that his singers begin the hour's practice on time, that they keep time in all their singing and stop work when the hour is spent as promptly as they began. The drill goes on without delay or diminution of interest or attention from beginning to end.

During the afternoon the M. E. Church Chautauqua association held a meeting in the C. L. S. C. tent. Dr. Hurlbut gave an interesting talk, and the committee on constitution reported progress. It is now an assured fact that the Methodists will erect a $3,000 assembly headquarters building during the next year.

At 4 o'clock a meeting was held to devise ways and means of securing the money yet needed to pay for the headquarters building which they have lately erected.

At 5 o'clock the C. L. S. C. held a business meeting at the hall in the grove. Dr. Hurlbut, chairman of the meeting, was asked numerous questions of interest to the circle. The class to be graduated this year is quite large and the exercises of recognition day promise to surpass anything of the kind ever seen in the west.

The lecture at 8 o'clock in the evening was given by Dr. Hurlbut, principal of the C. L. S. C. The opening exercises consisted of a vocal solo by Mrs. J. P. Dorr, of Lincoln, and a violin solo by Miss Young, also of Lincoln. Both ladies were awarded an encore. Dr. Hurlbut was then introduced and delivered his lecture on John Knox.

The beginning of the address consisted of a brief summary of the life and character of the noted Scotch reformer. Although of humble birth and unofficial position, John Knox was more powerful than even the proud queen whom he opposed. He was the greatest statesman of his time, and he lifted his country from feudalism and broke the power of the Roman church, that for 300 years had governed Scotland. Dr. Hurlbut is an eloquent speaker, and has a clear, ringing voice that is pleasant to hear.

At 8:30 the Lawyers' union held a stockholders' meeting in the lawyer's headquarter building. President Thurston and Vice President Sawyer being absent, the meeting was called to order by the secretary, and Judge Morris was made chairman. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Judge Broody; vice president, G. M. Lambertson; secretary George H. Hasting; treasurer, Judge Morris. Judge Morris was the only officer re-elected. The treasurer made a statement of the financial condition of the association. As there is still a deficit, Judge Hopewell suggested that those present take some stock in the association. Senator Manderson followed and suggested the reviving of the state bar association with an annual meeting at Crete. Subscription to stock was taken and in a few minutes $300 was raised. President Foss stated that Judge Cooley would accept nothing but his traveling expenses for delivering his address. A resolution was passed thanking Judge Cooley for his address.

The morning of the day we celebrate dawned with clear skies and a gentle breeze but soon grew stewing hot. At 5 o'clock this morning the tent dwellers were awakened by a fusilade of fire crackers, the small boy's favorite instrument of torture. About the same hour the G. A. R. department band, which arrived on the grounds last evening, assembled in front of the G. A. R. headquarters and rendered a few excellent selections. A brass band and a lot of boys, each with a bunch of firecrackers, are not promotive of slumber, consequently there was more early rising this morning than tent-dwellers are usually guilty of.

The prayer meeting this morning was led by Dr. Duryea, of Boston, who arrived upon the grounds yesterday. In speaking of the great events which we celebrate to-day, he said, we should not only think of the patriotism of our fathers, but also of the goodness of God who gave them the victory. He could think of no better motto for to-day than the one inscribed in the seal of Massachusets, "The Lord our God will be with us as he was with our fathers."

At 9 o'clock, Prof. Holmes met his advanced normal class at the hall in the grove. The subject of this lesson was the last five of the ten great doctrines taught by Christ, viz.: The doctrine of providence, of prayer, of the Holy Spirit of the resurrection of the body, and of the final judgment.

At 10 o'clock Mrs. Elizabeth Lysle Saxon, of Memphis, Tenn., delivered a lecture at the hall in the grove. Her subject was "The Great Reform." Her address covered the progress of woman from the time of St. Paul down to the present. Paul, she claimed, believed in the Roman law in regard to women, and not in the higher law of Christ which fully recognizes her spirituality and values her companionship. Coming down to the present, she claimed that all organized efforts of women have been for philanthropies, and that the ballot in her hands would only increase her efforts for good. In conclusion, she said that civilization has ever gone down without the public efforts of women; that American civilization now demands some new element in its public life, and that this element can only be furnished by the motherhood of the country.

At 11 o'clock, in the pavilion, Prof. Holmes delivered his lecture on "Alfred, the Saxon." The story of the Norman invasion, as told in this lecture was so vivid and comprehensive that the audience gained a clear knowledge of the struggle between the Normans and the Saxons and of the life and character of the great man who was the shaper of England's legislation through all the succeeding centuries. No one can hear these lectures on English history without marveling how Prof. Holmes can condense so much important fact, thrilling narration, keen annalysis of character and shrewd comment into the small space of an hour's lecture.

The principal feature of to-day's exercises was the address by Senator Manderson this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The senator had an immense audience. Since early this morning a stream line of people poured in through the gates, and it grew larger as the day advanced.

This evening was held a concert of war songs and fire works. Several bands were here and the Flambeau club of Lincoln assisted in the pyrotechnics. The noon train from the east brought sixteen coaches and two engines, carrying 2,000 people. This small army of excursionists has just entered the grounds and dispersed in search of rest and shade. The number of people on the grounds to-day is estimated at 16,000. Every shady place is filled with loiterers, and crowds wander hither and thither taking in the sights and sounds of the Summer City.

The following is the programme for Thursday, July 5.—Editor's Day:

FORENOON: 6:30—Prayer service.
8:00—Chorus.
8:00—Intermediate class.
9:00—Children's class.
9:00—Advanced normal class. "Christ as a Teacher."
10:00—Normal class. "The Institutions of the Bible."
10:00—Temperance class. "Juvenile work."
10:00—Singing school for beginners.
11:00—Lecture, Prof. Holmes: "William Tyndale." Reformation.

AFTERNOON.

2:00—Lecture, Hon. J. S. Clarkson, of Iowa.
4:00—Chorus.
4:00—Normal class. "The Management of the class. The Week-Day Influences."
4:00—Advanced normal class. "The Christian Church, its Elements and History."
4:00—Primary teacher's class.
5:00—( )
8:00—Lecture, J. T. Duryea, D. D.: "Mind and Brain."

**Thirty Ice Cream Victims.**

DAVID CITY, Neb., July 4.—[Special to THE BEE.]—There are now in this town some thirty cases of rather severe sickness supposed to be the result of eating ice cream, as all who are sick are similarly afflicted and had partaken of ice cream at the restaurant of Lyman Brown on the 24 instant. The doctors say the symptoms indicate a poison of some kind, as they all suffer from cramping of the stomach and bowels, vomiting and purging, which is followed by prostration to a considerable extent. While all seem pretty sick it is believed that none of the cases will prove fatal. What there was about this cream different from any heretofore made, to cause this sickness, is a mystery, as Mr. Brown is a man of experience in making it, and this is the first to produce such results.

**The G. A. R. at Valentine.**

VALENTINE, Neb., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The reunion of the G. A. R. of northwestern Nebraska began here today with a number of posts in attendance. Today about 2,000 people are in attendance. The fair grounds are crowded with strangers and the day has been celebrated in a manner to suit the most patriotic. The oration by Colonel L. W. Osborn was one of the finest of that gentleman's efforts, holding the vast audience for over an hour. Hon. L. K. Alder is speaking tonight. The reunion will continue until the 6th, and is a splendid success.

**Ge eva Republicans Ratify.**

GENEVA, Neb., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The republican ratification meeting last night at the armory was favored with a fine address by the editor orator, E. M. Carroll, of Hebron, followed by E. M. Billings and W. V. Fifield, each of whom was listened to with appreciation by a crowded house. Republicanism is on the rise in Fillmore county. At the call for voters for old Tippecanoe seven old veterans arose.

**School Bonds Sold.**

DAVID CITY, Neb., July 4.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The school bonds voted by the school district, embracing the town of David City, amounting to $10,000, were sold by the Central Nebraska National bank at 96½ cents on the dollar. They were payable in ten years with a 6 per cent semi-annual interest at the Fiscal agency in New York.

**A Switchman Fatally Crushed.**

COLUMBUS, Neb., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—George Lohn, a young man about twenty-five years of age, night switchman in the Union Pacific yards, met with a fatal accident this morning while coupling cars. He was caught between the bumpers and horribly mangled, from the effects of which he died two hours later.

**Prostrated by Heat.**

COLUMBUS, Neb., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—George Fairchild, bookkeeper in the employ of Speice & North, was prostrated this afternoon by sunstroke. He is lying in a precarious condition, though hope for him is still entertained.

**Welcomed Home.**

COLUMBUS, Neb., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Arnold Ochelrich, a prominent young business man of this city, with his young bride, returned this evening at 8 p. m. from an extended visit to Germany. He was met at the depot by his many friends who extended him a royal welcome.

## WILL THEY STRIKE?

### Indications of a Serious Agitation By the Telegraphers.

NEW YORK, July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—There are indications of the revival of the agitation by the telegraphers of the country for the amelioration of their condition. Considerable activity has been manifested for some time in the ranks of the Telegraphers' brotherhood. A secret meeting of the delegates from several sections of the country took place in this city last week. It is understood that it was called by Tom O'Reilly, who is the recognized representative of the organized operators, and many of those who participated in the strike of 1883 were present. It was admitted by many of the prominent members of the fraternity who were spoken to that the meeting was called to consider the present platform of the brotherhood; to prepare a statement of grievances which will be submitted to the local assemblies under the jurisdiction of the national assembly for approval or rejection, and to define a permanent policy to be persistently pursued in an effort to improve their condition. A special circular has been distributed to the craft urging all to join the brotherhood. The general impression prevails that the telegraph operators are determined to avail themselves of the busy, rushing, restless activity and excitement of a presidential year. They will ask reasonable concessions from the companies at a moment when they cannot be well ignored.

**The Thunderer's Libel Suit.**

LONDON, July 4.—The trial of the libel suit of O'Donnell against the Times was resumed to-day. Attorney General Webster read letters with a view of showing that the league instigated the Phœnix park murders.

**The Baloon Bursts.**

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 4.—A local aronaut named Woods made an ascention here today in a hot air baloon. When he had reached a height of about 600 feet his baloon burst. Strange to say, he came down in safety.

## CLEVELAND LOSING GROUND.

### Democratic Sentiment at the Gettysburg Reunion.

### EVEN THE "TIGERS" BOLT HIM.

### A Candid Opinion of the Republican Nominees—Fighting the Union Pacific Bill—Politics vs. Legislation—Finerty Again.

**Counting Noses at Gettysburg.**

WASHINGTON BUREAU THE OMAHA BEE, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 4.

Quite a number of the statesmen and soldiers who attended the reunion of the survivors of the battle of Gettysburg, returned to Washington this evening. Notwithstanding the fact that the blue and gray met on the field to assure one another of fraternal of friendship and good will. They report that much was said of politics and that republican candidates have received an encouragement which will them and grow to the end of the campaign. They say they were surprised at the expressions heard from democrats and ex-confederates in reference to the Cleveland adminisitration. A New Yorker says that in returning a vote was taken on two cars occupied by the Irish brigade resulting in 100 for Harrison and 30 for Cleveland. In a car where the "Louisiana Tigers" were—a New Orleans regiment—Harrison received 80 votes and Cleveland 60. This gentleman said he found many democratic ex-union soldiers who said they will vote for Harrison and Morton on account of Cleveland's vetoes of the pension bills. There were about 100,000 men on the battle field every day, and since many of them were democrats a splendid opportunity was offered to get the bend of the political tide. New York republicans are giving notice to the democrats that if they are figuring on a walk-over in the Empire state and are calculating that an effort will not be made by the republicans to carry they are going to be woefully mistaken. Mr. Morton told a gentleman yesterday that the republicans intend to make an organization that will be as nearly perfect as possible, and that as soon as Chauncey Depew, who is on his way to Europe, returns in September there will be started a republican campaign camp-fire on every hill-top in the state. Mr. Depew and M. Morton will take the stump together, and ex-Senator Warner Miller will be at the head of the state organization.

NO PACIFIC RAILROAD LEGISLATION.

Representative Anderson, of Iowa, backed by Representative Anderson, of Kansas, says he intends to keep up the dilatory tactics he followed on Monday to defeat consideration of the bill to extend the time for paying the Union Pacific indebtedness, and that the bill will not be considered at this session. There is no doubt that one member can defeat the passage of the bill by consumption of the time before the measure is reached. Another effort is to be made to take the bill up a week from next Monday, which is committee suspension of rules day, but the day will undoubtedly be occupied by dilatory work unless the friends of the Pacific railroad withdraw. PERRY S. HEATH.

**Cleveland Grows Uneasy.**

WASHINGTON, July 4.—[Special to THE BEE.]—A democratic member of the house was at the executive mansion the other day talking to Mr. Cleveland about the approaching campaign, when the character of the two republican candidates came up. The president stated he hoped his party would not mistake itself in estimating the strength of Harrison and Morton; that both men had clean and strong characters, and were immensely popular in the states; besides this, they would grow on the people as the campaign progressed, and there was nothing except general principles to be brought against them, and these principles were laid down in the platform. This member of congress tells me that the president is anything but easy of mind on the subject of re-election; that while he has an abiding faith in his platform, and believes that a majority of the people favor radical revisions of the tariff and a strong tendency toward free trade, he thinks the republicans will work up a wonderful feeling among manufacturers and laborers.

The president thinks he is going to have the farmers with him and the non-producers in the large cities. This is where he banks his success. He believes that the farmers are in favor of making raids upon the manufacturing interests because they have no direct interest in manufactures, while they are large consumers of manufactured articles. He says the Republicans will have up hill work demonstrating to the farmers that the Mills tariff bill is as claimed by the Republicans, diametrically opposed to their individual interest. Mr. Cleveland said in his conversation that he had no desire to run around over the country during the campaign; but that he intended to visit a number of sections upon request of societies, and that he would not only be seen but heard. Mr. Cleveland intends to make his journey late in the campaign, so that his presence in localities will arouse enthusiasm in his party. He contends that he will make no political speeches and says that parties are judged by their platforms, and candidates by their common sense.

**All Absorbed in Politics.**

WASHINGTON, July 4.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Interest in congress is diverted toward politics. There is now no hope for any general legislation of great importance at this session. The work of the committees is done, and the result is upon the calendars of the two houses. The senate is far ahead of the house in clearing up its work. The senate calendar has but sixteen pages, while that of the house has considerably above one hundred. They have introduced already about fourteen thousand bills in this session. There has been action by committees on about one-third this number, and the two houses will take action upon one-half or one-third of those acted upon by the committees so that 8 or 10 per cent of the measures proposed will become laws. More than half of these—probably two-thirds—are pension bills for individuals. There is no prospect of any general pension legislation in this congress. The scheme of Chairman Matson of the house committee on invalid pensions, in proposing consideration of the the bill repealing the limitations of the arrearages of pensions has already fallen flat, and no one believes that anything will be done with it.

Only about one-half of the congressional districts throughout the country have made nominations, and probably one third or one fourth of them will not not nominate until about the time congress adjourns, which is now believed to be about the second week in August. This causes great anxiety among many members in the house, and they will bend every effort to get away as soon as possible. If it were not for the pending tariff bill there would be absolutely no interest taken in the proceedings of the house or the senate beyond private bills, and there are not many members wqo have measures of local interest now. The discussion on the tariff bill, of course, keeps up interest to a considerable extent, inasmuch as almost daily articles in the bill are reached which have a local bearing to almost every member. If the tariff bill should be disposed of as anticipated by Mr. Mills, within two or three weeks the interest in the house will go out like the bottom from a tub.

**Only Half Fare.**

The Wabash railway will sell tickets on July 3d and 4th, good to return July 5th, at the above rate. For tickets and information call at 1502 Farnam st.

## OTHER GAMES.

### Yesterday's Winners in the National League Contests.

CHICAGO, July 4.—Result of the morning game:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 4 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | —10 |
| Philadelphia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | —8 |

Pitchers—Crock for Chicago and Buffinton for Philadelphia. Base hits—Chicago 11, Philadelphia 10. Errors—Chicago 5, Philadelphia 4. Umpire—John Kelly.

PITTSBURG, July 4.—Result of the morning game:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburg | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 5 | —14 |
| Washington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —0 |

Pitchers—Morris for Pittsburg, Gilmore for Washington. Base hits—Pittsburg 19, Washington 3. Errors—Pittsburg 3, Washington 3. Umpire—Kelly.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 3.—Result of the morning game:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Indianapolis | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3 | —14 |
| Boston | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | —4 |

Pitchers—Boyle for Indianapolis, Radbourne for Boston. Base hits—Indianapolis 17, Boston 4. Errors—Indianapolis 6, Boston 9. Umpire—Clarkson.

**American Association.**

CINCINNATI, July 4.—The morning game was called at the end of the fourth inning on account of rain. The score was: Brooklyn 2, Cincinnati 0.

ST. LOUIS, July 4.—Result of the morning game:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —4 |
| Athletics | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —2 |

LOUISVILLE, July 4.—Result of the morning game:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Louisville | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | —3 |
| Baltimore | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | * | —9 |

KANSAS CITY, July 4.—Result of the morning game: Kansas City 8, Cleveland 5.

LOUISVILLE, July 4.—Result of the afternoon game: Louisville 4, Baltimore 1.

CINCINNATI, July 4.—Result of the afternoon game:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | —3 |
| Brooklyn | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | * | —9 |

ST. LOUIS, July 4.—Result of the afternoon game:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —2 |
| Athletics | 3 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | * | —11 |

KANSAS CITY, July 4.—Result of the afternoon game:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Kansas City | 1 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 3 | —14 |
| Cleveland | 1 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | —10 |

**Geneva 14, Columbus 2.**

GENEVA, Neb., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Geneva Leaders vanquished the Columbus baseball club by a score of 14 to 2.

**Denison 5, Carroll 1.**

DENISON, Ia., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Dennison club beat the Carroll at Carroll, by a score of 5 to 1s.

**Johnston 10, Long Pine 9.**

JOHNSTON, Neb., July 4.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The game played here to-day between the home club and Long Pine resulted in a score of 10 to 9 in favor of Johnston.

## RYAN IS DEAD.

### The Victim of Tuesday Night's Shooting Affray Passes Away.

Listening to the music of the bands that were celebrating the nation's birthday, John Ryan, the victim of Tuesday night's shooting affray, passed silently away. He died about 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and had been unconscious nearly the entire time. Only once did he appear to recover consciousness, and that was when Father Moriarty leaned over him to give the consolation of the church. He made no statement and did not appear to know by whom he was shot. Coroner Drexel was at once notified, and after hearing the evidence the jury returned a verdict that the deceased had come to his death from a pistol shot wound, said shot coming from a pistol in the hands of F. M. Offineer, with malice aforethought. The latter was at once removed to the county jail, and the body was turned over to Heafy & Heafy, undertakers.

The deceased was twenty-four years of age and came from Peoria, Ill., where his parents still reside. He was always sober and industrious, and never known to have been engaged in a quarrel. During his stay in South Omaha he had made friends of all with whom he came in contact, and they expressed their sympathy in a practical manner, for in less than two hours they subscribed a sufficient amount to pay all expenses incurred in sending the body home. Officers Redmond and Maloney started the list, and were soon followed by others, and to-day the remains will be forwarded to his former home.

Francis Meyer Offineer, who is charged with the crime, has made no statement, and refuses to say anything about the shooting. He has always been looked upon as a quiet, inoffensive man. He is a teamster by occupation, and also the keeper of a boarding-house. It was at his house Walter Parker, the young man who was so severely scalded, died last week, and it is also said he has been drinking heavily since then.

**A Traveling Man's Kick.**

OMAHA, July 2—To the Editor of THE BEE: Wishing to go from Pacific Junction, Ia., to Plattsmouth, I tendered the conductor my mileage ticket, asking how much they took out. The conductor told me thirty-one miles. I told him I wished to go to Plattsmouth only, and to Omaha in the afternoon, and he told me that it would be just the same again to go to Omaha, thus forcing me first to pay the regular fare (78 cents) from Pacific Junction to Omaha, to ride from Pacific Junction to Plattsmouth, distance five miles, rate 12½ cents per mile; then starting from Plattsmouth they make me pay again from Pacific Junction to Omaha, making a total of $1.53 for the twenty-six miles. Now I am informed that if I had bought a ticket across the bridge at 25 cents and then a ticket to Omaha, it would have been the most economical way, costing 90 cents, or 3½ cents per mile. Now this unquestionably pays them well, and if so why do they still take advantage of the uninitiated to the tune of about 75 per cent profit (or steal) over and above their own inflated estimated value for the same service?

In my opinion the time has come for intelligent, thinking people to cry a halt. The yoke the farmers have had to submit to is being forced now upon other people.

I am informed that a short time ago a gentleman refusing to pay the extra demand, either from lack of funds or on account of the rank imposition—was put off the train, and when he again boarded it the conductor took his hat and deposited the same with the company's trusted agent at Plattsmouth.

Now if this bridge is such valuable property as to justify 15½ cents per mile from Pacific Junction to Plattsmouth, why do they classify it the same as their other roadbed in paying taxes and insist that the same tax only shall be paid (and I believe a recent decision of the court upholds them in it). Now if this is Nebraska law, it is not the kind founded upon justice and your legislators should rectify it, that is, if it is not too late.

G. C. WANDLING,
377 Broadway, New York.

**Gent's Watch $2.50.**

New stock of watches direct from factory. Handsome styles and low prices. Genuine Rogers knives and forks $1.65 per set. Fine watch repairing a specialty. You can save money by trading with us. Bundy, Joplin & Co., 1013 Farnam st.

**Missouri Pacific Railway**

Will sell tickets at one fare for the round trip on July 3 and 4th, good to return until July 5th, to Kansas City and St. Louis inclusive. Ticket office N E cor 13th and Farnam sts.

**For Rent.**

Jno. I. Redick has for rent his elegant place