four delegates-at-large' They come from opposing conventions. The come from six members of that state convention that chose to secede and form an organization of its own, and here you have four delegates pretending to contest the seats of the four delegates with whom I am associated and who came here with the votes of 600 of the 700 delegates that assembled in our state convention. Such are the people who come here to contest our right in this convention. When you go down to look at these district delegates—when I tell you that from the great white district of Virginia, giving you your republican member of congress by 4,000 majority—when I tell you that all the delegates collected by that great district in Virginia—when I tell you that just three persons called a convention in that district—two of them delegates and one an alternate—and they constituted a convention. Mr. Lincoln was called to the chair, Mr. Pepper was made secretary and Mr. Pendleton took the floor. On motion of Pepper, seconded by Lincoln, Pendleton was unanimously elected to this convention as a delegate. Why, you have two other delegates here from another republican district who did not even pretend to hold a convention. They have certified by some manner of means themselves as delegates here. And this in the face or a regularly constituted convention, fully attended and unanimously acting. As I have been advised by a member of the national committee, that it had agreed to place upon the rolls the two delegates from the First district, and the two from the Fourth, whose seats are not contested. Now then, here were four delegates admitted on this roll, and four delegates, with whom I am associated, were admitted to the roll, and now I am advised that the national committee passed resolutions that these delegates should exercise the power and privileges on this floor of naming committemen upon the committees you are about to constitute. So being advised, and my people asking me to serve upon this committee of credentials, I might have suggested that course there even with such a contest; but no man who knows me would suspect that I would vote in my own case, but I submit that it does not render me ineligible to sit upon the cases of those district delegates.

THEY SETTLED IT.

The Quarrel Was Disposed of By Tucking It Under the Table.

CHICAGO, June 19.—Mr. Wise of Virginia—You were in my district, and I charge you with the frauds by which I was cheated out of my seat.

Mr. Mahone—It is as false as you are foul.

Mr. Wise—I will put the proper stamp on that at the proper time.

Great confusion then prevailed for a moment, when Mahone attempted to speak, but was interrupted by universal cries of "Wise."

Mr. Spaulding of Michigan—Mr. Chairman, I rise to a question of order. I believe that the decision of the chair was correct in this matter, from which there has been no appeal by a regularly constituted delegate, and I think that this is not germane to the question and the whole matter should be left with the committee on credentials, as it was left as was stated by Senator Hoar.

The Chairman—the chair will state that there is no motion before the house. This discussion has been permitted by general consent. If any delegate makes any objection the chair will rule that the discussion is out of order.

Butterworth of Ohio—I understand that the point of controversy is as to the right of William Mahone to sit as a judge in his own case. As this is impossible here there ought to be no controversy between them. Under every rule of parliamentary law he will be excluded from the committee while this matter is under consideration. And beyond that, this convention cannot investigate and reach a wise conclusion until they hear from the committee on credentials. I therefore suggest that this matter go where it properly belongs under the force of the operation of the rule, and upon the coming of their report we will decide justly between the claims coming from the various parties from Virginia.

Stevenson of Minnesota.—I desire to so amend the rule under which the committees are appointed as to make each committee consist of one member from each state whose delegations are not contested.

Mr. Willington of Maryland.—The committees appointed from the various states can be recognized except the one from Virginia, and that upon the committee on credentials neither of the contesting delegations be recognized as entitled to pass on their own case.

Mr. Stevenson—I think my motion covers everything that is embraced in the amendment, and a little more.

Mr. Wellington—It covers too much.

The Chair—Does the gentleman from Minnesota accept the amendment offered by the gentleman from Indiana?

Mr. Stevenson—I do not. I insist upon the original motion.

The Chair—It has been moved and seconded that the rules be amended in such manner that no member shall be appointed upon any standing committees from a state whose delegation is contested. [Cries of "No, No, No," from all over the hall].

The chair, not heeding the interruptions, proceeded as follows: The gentleman from Indiana moves to amend the original motion to the effect that from the state of Virginia there shall be permitted no member upon the committee on credentials. The chair will first put the amendment to the original motion.

Roots of Arkansas—I think before we vote upon the motion we ought to know about how many states have contests.

Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts—I desire to call attention to the infinite mischief which will result from the adoption of this motion. It will enable in any future convention any man who chooses to get up a contest to disfranchise the entire state of New York or Pennsylvania. I move, Mr. Chairman, that the resolution be laid upon the table.

The motion to lay upon the table was then put and carried with applause.

LAST WORK OF THE DAY.

An Adjournment Taken Until Noon To-morrow.

CHICAGO, June 19.—Davis of Illinois then called for the regular order of business and moved that his resolution previously offered be read.

The clerk read the resolution, which is as follows:

Resolved, That the roll of states and territories be called for the presentation of credentials and for notice of contest, and that all such papers be referred without statement or debate to the committee on credentials.

The chair—Do I hear a second to the resolution offered by the gentleman from Illinois?

There were many cries responding in the affirmative.

The Chair—You have heard the resolution read. As many as favor its adoption will say "aye;" contrary "no."

After the vote the chairman declared the motion lost, which resulted in applause and cries of "No, No."

The Chairman—The chair will put the motion once again and will ask that the convention vote upon it.

Mr. Hiscock of New York—I with that the resolution again be read.

The Chairman—The clerk will read the resolution.

The Chairman—Gentlemen, you have heard the resolution to the effect that the roll of states be called for the purpose of presentation of credentials and papers and contested cases. The resolution was carried and the secretary called the roll of states to which no response was made.

Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts—Mr. Chairman I ask unanimous consent of the convention that in states and districts where there is no contest the list of the committee on credentials may be given as the election of delegates.

Mr. Hiscock of New York—I understand the proposition to be this, that elections that have been made in congressional districts shall be allowed to stand, except where there are contests the papers that are involved in the contests be referred to the committee on credentials.

The Chair—The chair understands that the list of delegates as compared by the national committee will be taken without further warrant except where contests on credentials are presented.

At 3:30 p. m., on motion of Mr. Duffield of Michigan, the convention adjourned until 12 o'clock to-morrow.

WESTERN ORGANIZATIONS.

The Men Who Will Act For the Different Delegations.

CHICAGO, June 19.—The organization of the delegations of the northwestern states is as follows:

Wisconsin—Chairman, John C. Spooner, secretary, George A. Kropp; committee on permanent organization, A. W. Sanborn; committee on credentials, James O'Neill; committee on resolutions, W. E. Carter; member of the national committee, H. C. Payne.

Nebraska—Chairman, C. J. Green; secretary, E. H. Eensel; committee on permanent organization, G. W. Heist; committee on credentials, Aaron Wall; committee on resolutions, Patrick Egan; member of the national committee, William Robertson.

Minnesota—Chairman, James O'Brien; secretary, Charles L. Lewis; committee on permanent organization, C. G. Hartley; committee on credentials, H. J. Miller; committee on resolutions, C. J. Edwards; member of national committee, R. J. Evans.

Iowa—Chairman, Colonel D. A. Henderson; secretary, J. D. Glass; committee on permanent organization, F. M. Drake; committee on credentials, Colonel W. P. Hepburn; committee on resolutions, George D. Perkins; member of national committee, J. D. Clarkson.

Illinois—Chairman, C. B. Farwell; secretary, C. E. Snively; committee on permanent organization, W. L. Larston; committee on credentials, C. J. Lindley; committee on resolutions, C. B. Farwell; member of national committee, George R. Davis.

CREDENTIALS WORK.

The Committee Organizes and Considers the Virginia Contest.

CHICAGO, June 19.—When the committee on credentials met this evening all the members were present, and Hon. William B. Hepburn of Iowa was elected chairman over Congressman H. H. Ingham of Pennsylvania, who declined the honor. B. M. Bosworth of Rhode Island was chosen secretary, Charles J. Dorrance of Illinois assistant secretary, and Edmund M. Smith of Colorado sergeant-at-arms. The committee at once got down to business by a roll call of states for contests. When Virginia was reached a contest was announced, and it was decided by a unanimous vote to investigate the rights of the two sets of delegates-at-large to seats in the convention. An hour was given to each side in which to present their respective claims. At 9:30 ex-Congressman Bradley (anti-Mahone) arose to speak. After Colonel Bradley took his seat short speeches in behalf of the Mahone delegation were made by John A. Watt, S. Ballen, A. C. Harris, all of Virginia, and at 10:45 General Mahone took the floor and spoke for half an hour.

After the conclusion of Mahone's speech, ex-Congressman Wise took the floor. The speeches of Colonel Brady, General Mahone and ex-Congressman Wise were bitter and personal to the highest degree and it looked as if the principals in the Virginia case would come to blows. Without taking a ballot the committe adjourned till 9 o'clock to-morrow.

THE PLATFORM.

The Committee Hears the Woman Suffrage Advocates Talk.

CHICAGO, June 19.—The platform committee was called to order at 8 o'clock, McKinley of Ohio presiding. The first two hours of the committee was taken by a delegation from the National Woman's Suffrage association, Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker, sister of Henry Ward Beecher, and Miss Carolina A. Huling, editor of Justitia, the Illinois suffrage journal. The ladies were very courteously received and were given seats near the chairman. Mrs. Hooker was the first speaker. She made a brief argument in favor of a plank recognizing woman's right to express her opinion at the ballot box, and pledging an army of trained speakers to work for the republican party if it would give them the desired recognition. If they did so the women would work for them as long as they desired it. In closing, Mrs. Hooker presented the resolutions read by her at the session of the Cook County Suffrage society this afternoon, which were as follows:

Since it is plain in the national constitution the words people and citizens are interchangable, and the citizens right to vote is guaranteed to all the people of the United States subject only to qualification by the several states we affirm that women citizens of the United States are entitled to vote on the same terms with the men citizens, and as sex is not a qualification, since it can neither be acquired nor surrendered by the citizen, no state has the right to make it a qualification for voting, but any state may make an educational qualification which may limit the number of women who shall vote, therefore,

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves as a party in this closing century of constitutional government to the advocacy and maintenance of equal political rights as the only basis of a truly democratic and republican form of government.

Miss Anthony followed in her terse, vigorous style, reviewing the action of the party in previous years, recalling the victory in 1872 when woman's rights had a place in the platform, and how its majorities had dwindled since then as women had given their allegiance to the other parties which had sought their aid, until at the last election, owing largely to women's influence in the prohibition ranks that the republican party was defeated. "The republicans," she said, "have taken a stand upon the liquor question which has alienated the German vote, yet it has not conciliated the temperance people. They are threatened with defections on either side. If they take proper action on equal suffrage women would help them to win new victories."

Miss Huling presented a memorial from the Cook County women's society, asking their favorable consideration of the resolution presented by Mrs. Hooker.

The ladies then withdrew, the committee rising as they passed to the rear of the room. Several gentlemen then spoke in behalf of the measure, after which Mrs. J. Ellen Foster of Iowa made an appeal for a stronger utterance on the liquor traffic. Mrs. Foster was frequently interrupted by voices from the street, where parades with bands, horns and shouting were constantly following, making it impossible to hear her. As soon as it became quiet she resumed and was given respectful attention to the end. Mrs. Foster deplored the action of the third party prohibitionists and said that a large number of temperance men would be won back by a strong plank upon this vital question.

At 10:30 the committee stopped receiving delegations and began the work of framing a platform.

The rest of the evening session was taken up in hearing the views of various members of the committee on the tariff, the silver question, the Chinese question and others. The expression of opinion on the tariff was unanimous in favor of a high protective tariff and there is but little question but that such a plank will be adopted. At midnight the committee adjourned till to-morrow without completing their work.

SHOUTING FOR BLAINE.

The California Delegation Indulges in a Big Demonstration.

CHICAGO, June 19.—The Blaine scheme was considerably fortified to-night by the grand demonstration on Michigan avenue, in front of the Leland house, where the California delegation have their headquarters. There was at an early hour in the evening a large assemblage of enthusiastic Blaine people gathered about the California headquarters, and the Blaine supporters in the California delegation at once seized upon the opportunity to make a still deeper impression from the Pacific coast in favor of Blaine's nomination, despite his letters and the apparent effort of the Blaine leaders to counteract the current in favor of Mr. Blaine's presentation by this convention. Mr. Creed Haymond, chairman of the California delegation, Editor De Young of the Chronicle, Mr. Estee, the selected permanent chairman of the convention, and other leaders who are ardent supporters of the Blaine movement, appeared on the hotel balcony and it was not difficult to get Haymond to respond to demands from the throng beneath for a speech. Mr. Haymond was introduced by a member of the California delegation to the cheering crowd as a man who would do all he could to make the nomination of the Maine statesman so pronounced a demand on the part of the republican party that Blaine's republican loyalty would compel him to accept, whether such acceptance would be a sacrifice of his personal preference and private desire or not. Haymond entertained the constantly gathering multitude for more than an hour, although the flow of eloquence was several times impeded by the appearance on the street of the great Gresham parade, which has been one of the features of the demonstrations in the city to-night. During the delivery of Haymond's address the crowd in front of the hotel had gradually increased until the multitude could have been numbered by thousands. After further speech making the enthusiastic crowd dispersed with reluctance, shouting for Blaine until they were almost as hoarse as was Haymound when he had concluded his address.

ESTEE SELECTED.

California's Claim Recognized for Permanent Chairman.

CHICAGO, June 19.—The committee on permanent organization met soon after the adjournment of the convention and California presented her claims for the permanent chairmanship. The claim was considered by the committee, and without a dissenting voice, Hon. M. M. Estee of California, was elected as permanent chairman. The temporary secretaries, reading clerks and other temporary officials, with the addition of Mr. Lynch of Pennsylvania, as an additional secretary, were made the permanent officers of the convention.

SENATORIAL ASPIRANTS.

How They Spent the Day in the Senate Chamber.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Joseph Hawley was the only one of the senatorial aspirants for the presidency who was in the senate to-day when the secretary read the journal of yesterday's proceedings. In fact there were only thirteen senators visible at all about the chamber—seven democrats and six republicans—and Mr. Ingalls in the vice president's chair. General Hawley busied himself with a few documents that lay on his desk. Once he went up to the presiding officer's perch and held a whispered conversation with that gentleman about a bill which he carried in his hand.

When he returned to his seat, ten minutes after the senate had been called to order, Mr. Sherman entered the chamber and at once proceeded to his seat without noticing anyone, or anyone on the floor apparently cently noticing him. He carried a serious and anxious expression on his face. The smile which has characterized his countenance during the last week had vanished. The morning papers indicated that the Ohio senator's presidential boom had weakened somewhat and this is presumed to account for the glum look upon his face when he made his appearance at the capitol. He sat in a listless way, with a far off look, and tried to give his attention to the monotinous proceedings. Occasionally Mr. Sherman would cast his eyes up toward the reporter's gallery, which had two occupants.

Soon after the Ohio senator made his appearance he was followed by Mr. Allison, the Iowa candidate. He was accompanied by Senator Plumb, and the two chatted and smiled, taking a conspicuous position in the center aisle. Edmunds was first to notice the presence of Allison, and leaning back he whispered something to Mr. Sherman, who looked over toward the two western senators significantly. Allison's face was wreathed in smiles. He did not go near his seat, but remained standing for the most part in the main aisle, talking to whoever came along. However, he soon left the chamber, as also did Mr. Sherman. They had not been gone five minutes until they returned through different entrances. Sherman returned to his seat, but Mr. Allison returned to his standing position immediately in front of the presiding officer's chair. Here he held a whispered converversation with Edmunds first and next Dawes. The two leaned over the desk where Roscoe Conkling used to sit and talked for some time.

GRAND ISLAND'S GLORY.

The Palmer House Opened With a Grand Banquet and Ball.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., June 19.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The Palmer house, one of Nebraska's finest hotels, was opened this evening by Eno & Moulton of this city. The occasion, which was celebrated by a grand ball and banquet, has been looked forward to for some time by both the people of Grand Island and the traveling public. Not a stone was left unturned in the preparation for this grand affair. Special trains were run from Hastings, Kearney, St. Paul, Columbus and other neighboring towns, which made the crowd very large. A slight check was placed on the attendance by a heavy rain, which commenced at 7 o'clock and lasted nearly two hours. Every hack in the city was in demand and before 9 o'clock the spacious corridors and parlors were packed with one solid mass of pleasure seekers. The dining room was opened at 10:30 and the menu never has been excelled. Rev. J. Nelson Jones, of the St. Stephen's Episcopal church, gave a short blessing, after which all partook to their fill of the numerous delicacies. The room was decorated with abundance of natural flowers, while the walls were draped from floor to ceiling with smylax. After over four hundred had been royally received the lovers of dancing adjourned to the grand hall next door where they were entertained until the early hours of the morning. This is without a doubt the finest social event that has ever taken place in the history of this city. Too much credit cannot be given to the proprietors for their careful preparation and the skill with which thay carried out the programme in every detail.

CONFERENCE ENDED.

The Gathering of Mission Supporters Concludes Its Labors.

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LONDON, June 19.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to THE BEE.]—The nine days' general conference of foreign missions at Exeter hall ended to-day, to which the United States had sent 168 delegates. Among the speakers were Rev. Dr. Ellinwood and Rev. Dr. John Hall, both of New York. The following American ministers were seen among the audience: Dr. Pierson, Dr. Murdock, Dr. Gordon, of Boston; Dr. Donkiouth, F. Emerson, G. Post, D. Langford, Dr. Boardman and Dr. Chambers, of New York. The speakers contended that mission work was one of the duties of the nation and the country that refused to obey the Lord's command to preach the gospel to all people would certainly have to look to the morals of its inhabitants. The archbishop of Canterbury sent a telegram expressing sympathy with the meeting. A letter came from Joseph Cook, of Boston, in which he said he considered it necessary for one missionary to be sent to every 50,000 unsaved people, for if saved the nations don't fall to earth; the unsaved ones especdily will.

Colorado Doctors in Session.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., June 19.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The eighteenth annual convention of the Colorado State Medical society convened in this city to-day. The convention was called to order by President Solly, and the address of welcome was delivered by Dr. W. M. Strickler, who is mayor of the city. After receiving of reports of the officers and standing committees, interesting papers were read by Dr. H. F. Lay, of Burnham, on the therapeutics of fever; by Dr. B. Tauber, of Denver, on tuberculosis of the pharynx, and by Dr. C. E. Rovers, of Denver, on the eye practice in Colorado. The reading of each paper was followed by interesting and at times lengthy discussions. Those in attendance at the convention number over fifty, and many more are expected on to-morrow's train. This evening a reception was tendered the convention by the president, Doctor Solly, of this city, at his residence.

NULLIFIED THE CONTRACTS.

Work on the Congressional Library Stopped by the House.

A NEBRASKA FIRM SHUT OUT.

Some Question as to Whether the Senate Will Concur in the Action—General Sheridan Rapidly Mending.

A Bad Blow to the Boss.

WASHINGTON BUREAU THE OMAHA BEE, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., June 18.

The proceedings in the house to-day relating to the new congressional library building bear a special interest to some people in Nebraska who are interested in the contracts for granite in the construction of this expensive building. All of the present contracts and designs were nullified by the action of the house and a stop put to the work. Mr. Smith Myer, the architect whose plans the last congress accepted and whose services were engaged, has been dismissed, and, by the provision placed in the sundry appropriation bill, the two committees in congress on public buildings and grounds are instructed to act together in procuring plans for the necessary buildings, which will not cost more than $3,000,000, and to receive architectural designs from five architects, the most available one to be accepted and paid for. The large contracts for granite procured by the Nebraska firm are therefore abrogated. Of course, the concurrence of the senate will have to be procured before the amendment adopted by the house to-day will avail anything. The house committee on appropriations do not believe that the senate will endorse the action taken in this matter by the house, and that the plans now being worked upon will go ahead to completion. The vote by which all of this work was stopped was quite large, however—114 to 50—indicating that there is a large majority of the house in favor of what was to-day done. The objection to the present plans and procedure is that the cost of the building will be entirely too great—from $7,000,000 to $10,000,000—whereas it should not exceed $3,000,000. The action of the house created consternation among those who are interested in the contracts and work on the building, and it is the sole topic of conversation throughout the city.

GENERAL SHERIDAN IMPROVING.

Very encouraging reports come from General Sheridan to-day. This morning, for the first time in almost a month, the general's children, with the little ones of some neighbors' were romping around in front of the room where the patient warrior lies and the air resounded with their merry laughter. The general listened to the reading of dispatches from Chicago and chatted cheerfully with those who stood about him and commented upon the sultriness of the weather. He declared that he felt first rate and that he was convalescing. His appetite has improved, there is a better color in his face, his pulse has reduced in number of strokes and in fullness, and the doctors declare that he is in every way materially advanced. The outlook for General Sheridan is to-night indeed cheerful.

PERSONAL.

Hon. W. A. J. Sparks, ex-commissioner of the land office, is at the Ebbitt. It is said he wants a place in the diplomatic service.

H. O. Hall, of the surveyor general's office, has just returned from Iowa, where he was called by the death of his mother. He and his family will reside for the summer at Boyd's station. PERRY S. HEATH.

When you need a friend select a ture one. Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic is the best friend mankind has for all diseases of the liver and kidneys. The best blood purifier and tonic known. 50c. Goodman Drug company.

ST. PAUL AND DULUTH.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Road.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 19.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Paul & Duluth road was continued to-day, and the election of directors for the ensuing year concluded. The directors that were in office last year were as follows: W. H. Fisher, W. H. Rhawn, James Smith jr., C. D. Drake, J. M. Earle, O. D. Baldwin, J. A. Gwynne, George F. Baker and William Dawson. The newly elected board of directors for the ensuing year is as follows: R. S. Haynes, Thomas Denny, A. H. Stevens, R. B. Dodson, Walter C. Tuckerman, E. W. Peet, James Smith jr., W. H. Fisher ond C. S. Day. As will be seen by comparing the above list, only two of the old directors are retained in office, Messrs. Fisher and Smith. A meeting of the newly elected directors was held last evening, when R. S. Hayes was chosen president of the company with W. H. Fisher as vice president and general manager. James Smith was re-elected general solicitor of the company. The directors also elected the following gentlemen as the executive committee: R. S. Hayes, Thomas Denny, A. H. Stevens, W. C. Tuckman and C. S. Day. R. S. Hayes, the newly elected president, is a resident of New York and was formerly vice president of a number of the southwestern railways. Mr. Hayes this afternoon said that no changes are contemplated in the management of the road and that the improvements which are now in progress will be carried out. Mr. Fisher will have the general management of the affairs of the company as heretofore. At the meeting of the stockholders a generous portion of both the common and preferred stockholders were represented and the new directory was chosen by the stockholders of both securities. There has been some considerable talk about the change of management of the road for some years past and this trouble has apparently grown out of a feeling among the holders of common stock that too many improvements have been projected while the road was apparently making less money than in previous years. A great many improvements have been projected, among them a straightening of the road, additional new car facilities at White Bear, etc., yet it can't be said that the road could have got along without them. The fact that the earnings of the road show a decrease for the past six months of about $45,000 less than for the corresponding time last year, may have had the effect of creating a feeling among the holders of common stock that their interests were not well guarded. However that may be, it is stated that the season and lakes opened earlier last year than this and consequently the trade and traffic was much more brisk. The same were at the head of the various departments last year as this.

Dr. McGrew, kidney, Rectal, & private diseases. Room 13, Bushman block

Stuck to Him Twenty Years.

MASON CITY, Ia., June 19.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Rev. D. E. Skinner to-day informed your correspondent of a strange freak of nature. He was awakened out of a sound sleep last night by a severe pain in the arm, and upon examination he found the point of a needle coming through his flesh. The needle was pulled out and found to be about three-fourths of an inch long and very rusty. He remembered running a needle in his foot when he was a child and after twenty years it now makes its appearance.

A Natural Product of California.

It is only found in Butte county, California, and in no other part of the world. We refer to the tree that produces the healing and penetrating gum used in that pleasant and effective cure for consumption, asthma, bronchitis, and coughs, SANTA ABIE, the King of Consumption. Goodman Drug Co. guarantees and sells it for $1.00 a bottle, or $3 for $2.50. By the use of CALIFORNIA CAT-R-CURE, all symptoms of catarrh are dispelled, and the diseased nasal passage is speedily restored to a healthy condition. $1.00 a package. By mail $1.10. Circulars free.

A FATAL QUARREL.

Two Ranchmen Killed By an Infuriated Homesteader.

DENVER, Colo., June 19.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A homocide occurred yesterday afternoon in the eastern portion of Arapahoe county which resulted in the death of one man and probably the death of another, and has created no little excitement among the cow men and the homesteaders in the eastern part of the state which is liable to increase until more bloodshed will result. Fred Munsinger, the man who did the killing, is a homesteader and owns a ranch of 160 acres, which was the scene of the killing. His victim was Bill Allen, who was foreman of the "Bart" ranch which is owned by the Republican cattle company and is situated about four miles from the scene of the murder. There has been for several years much feeling between this cattle company and the private owners of land and stock in that vicinity, which has been prevented from breaking out into open war only by the vigilance of the officers. Munsinger went to Kingston yesterday morning, and on his return home in the afternoon he found that his fences had been torn down and his cattle were running at large. He immediately jumped to the conclusion that it was the work of the Republican cattle company, and taking a Winchester rifle started to round-up his stock. In doing so he had occasion to pass Bill Allen, the foreman, and William Ireland, one of the proprietors of the Republican cattle company, who were together and were also armed with Winchester rifles. Hot words ensued and Allen and Ireland indicated that they would shoot and gave the impression that they were armed and abroad for the express purpose of killing Munsinger. The quarrel grew more furious until Allen and Ireland made a movement to release their guns. Munsinger got action first and shot Allen through the right eye, killing him instantly. Ireland fired several shots at Munsinger without effect, and before he could get at a safe distance Munsinger succeeded in fatally wounding him. Munsinger came to Denver and gave himself up.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Sergeant George Leffler, Company A, Seventh infantry, and Private Alfred Whitehead, Company B, Sixth infantry, are discharged from the service.

The following detail is announced for recruiting service for the period from October 1, 1888, to October 1, 1890: Lieutenant Colonel John J. Coppinger, Eighteenth infantry, will proceed to New York City and relieve Lieutenant Colonel Richard F. Oberne, Fifteenth infantry, as superintendent of the recruiting service on October 1, 1888. One company officer, preferably a first lieutenant, from the First, Third, Fifth, Seventh and Ninth cavalry, and the First, Third, Fifth, Seventh, Ninth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Seventeenth, Nineteenth, Twenty-first, Twenty-third and Twenty-fifth infantry will be selected and ordered to report to the superintendent of the recruiting service, New York City, by October, 1888. These officers will be selected by the respective regimental commanders actually with their regiments, and in making the selection special regard will be had to fitness for the responsible duty of recruiting. The superintendent will relieve officers of the above named regiments of the expiring detail in charge of rendezvous or at the depots as those of the new detail report, and order them to rejoin their companies.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The senate took up business on the calendar and a number of bills of minor importance were passed, among them one authorizing the construction of a railroad bridge across the Red river of the north.

Adjourned.

House.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The house went into committee of the whole on the sundry civil appropriation bill, and after debate the provision appropriating $500,000 for the library building was stricken out. The committee rose and after passing the bill authorizing the appointment of an additional associate judge for Dakota, adjourned.

An ugly complexion made Nellie a fright,
Her face was all pimply and red.
Though her features were good, and her blue eyes were bright,
"What a plain girl is Nelly!" they said.

But now, as by magic, plain Nelly has grown
As fair as an artist's bright dream;
Her face is as sweet as a flower new-blown,
Her cheeks are like peaches and cream.

As Nellie walks out in the fair morning light,
Her beauty attracts every eye,
And as for the people who called her a fright,
"Why, Nellie is handsome;" they cry.

And the reason of the change is that Nellie took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which regulated her liver, cleared her complexion, made her blood pure, her breath sweet, her face fair and rosy, and removed the effects that had obscured her beauty. Sold by druggists.

Rumored Death of Stanley.

LONDON, June 19.—A rumor that Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, is dead is in circulation in this city and Paris. There is no news in government or in Congo missionary circles in London or Brussels of the death of Stanley.

For Sick Headache or Constipation, TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT is a pleasant and certain remedy.

Supreme Lodge of Workmen.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 19.—The Supreme lodge of Ancient Order of United Workmen met here this morning in annual session, with Supreme Master Workman W. H. Jordan, of Oakland, Cal., presiding. About one hundred delegates from all parts of the country were present.

Weather Indications.

For Nebraska and Dakota: Fresh southerly, shifting to westerly winds, warmer followed by colder, local rains.

For Iowa: Fresh to brisk southerly winds, followed by falling temperature, local rains.

Given the Full Limit.

NEW YORK, June 19.—John R. Dunn, the lawyer concerned in the Manhattan Banking company robbery, was to-day sentenced to nine years and eight months in the state prison, the full penalty of the law.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Combines, in a manner peculiar to itself, the best blood-purifying and strengthening remedies of the vegetable kingdom. You will find this wonderful remedy effective where other medicines have failed. Try it now. It will purify your blood, regulate the digestion, and give new life and vigor to the entire body.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla did me great good. I was tired out from overwork, and it toned me up." MRS. G. E. SIMMONS, Cohoes, N. Y.

"I suffered three years from blood poison. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and think I am cured." MRS. M. J. DAVIS, Brockport, N. Y.

Purifies the Blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla is characterized by three peculiarities: 1st, the *combination* of remedial agents; 2d, the *proportion*; 3d, the *process* of securing the active medicinal qualities. The result is a medicine of unusual strength, effecting cures hitherto unknown. Send for book containing additional evidence.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my appetite, and seems to make me over." J. P. THOMPSON, Register of Deeds, Lowell, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla beats all others, and is worth its weight in gold." I. BARRINGTON, 530 Bank Street, New York City.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

SPORT WITH TRAP AND GUN

The Opening Day of the State Shooting Tournament.

MANY CRACK SHOTS ATTEND.

Rain Stops the Omaha-Minneapolis Game—Des Moines Defeats Milwaukee—Chicago Wins From St. Louis—Other Sports.

Annual Shooting Tournament.

The fourteenth annual shooting tournament of the State Sportsmen's association opened at the fair grounds yesterday morning under the management of John J. Hardin. The day was as perfect as if made to order, and the attendance of shooters from abroad being quite large. The sport commenced under the most flattering auspices.

The first event on the morning's card was ten blue rocks, 18 yards' rise, five traps, $3 entrance, with fourteen contestants, and first, second and third moneys. Following is the score:

Salisbury	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0—7
Miller	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1—8
Ketchem	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0—7
Hughes	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0—7
Parmalee	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1—7
O'Neil	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1—9
Harrison	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1—7
Reynolds	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1—10
Fleck	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0—7
Robinson	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0—4
Den	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0—7
Petty	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1—10
Hobson	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1—9
Hardin	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1—6

The first money, $17.50, was divided by Reynolds and Petty; the second, $10.50, by Hobson and O'Neil, and the third fell to Miller.

The second event was 15 blue rocks, $5 entrance, same conditions. The score:

Miller	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1—13
Parmalee	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	2—12
Den	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0—10
O'Neil	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	2—12
Fleck	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1—11
Harrison	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0—9
Salisbury	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1—11
Ketchem	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1—13
Smith	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1—11
Petty	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1—13
Reynolds	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1—13
Hardin	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0—10

The first money, $20.40, divided between Miller, Ketchum, Petty and Reynolds; the second, $15.30, between Parmalee and O'Neil; the third, $10.20, by Salisbury, Smith and Flick; the fourth, $5.10, by Den and Hardin.

The third event was 8 live birds, 30 yards' rise, modified English rules. The score:

J. Smith	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1—7
Den	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1—7
Hughes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1—8
Parmalee	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1—6
Miller	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1—6
Ketchem	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1—8
C. L. Smith	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1—7
O'Neil	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0—5
Atwater	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1—8
Robinson	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1—5
Hardin	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1—7
J. Crabill	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0—2
William Butler	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1—4
J. Butler	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1—5
Fleck	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0—6

First money, $41, was divided between Hughes, Ketchum and Atwater; second money, $24.60, between C. L. Smith, Den and Hardin; third money, $16.40, by Miller.

The first event on the afternoon card was ten pairs blue rocks, 18 yards rise, entrance $3.