

THEY PLEASED THE PEOPLE.

Iowa Satisfied With Its Railroad Commissioner's Work.

ROADS THREATEN TO APPEAL.

The State Position on the Presidential Question—Gresham Has the Strongest Following—Chapman on Shyster Lawyers.

The Schedule of Freight Rates.

DES MOINES, Ia., June 17.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The board of railroad commissioners has completed the schedule of freight rates on local shipments, as required by the railroad law passed last winter. The publication of these rates has thrown a new and vigorous protest from the general managers. The commissioners have taken as the basis of their schedule the rates fixed by the maximum tariff bill, which passed the house of representatives and was killed by the refusal of the senate to take it up for consideration. The result is a uniform reduction of nearly one-third on local charges at every point in the state. The railroads claim that only one-fifth of their Iowa business is local, and if this is true, the reduction means a saving to the people of Iowa in freight charges of over a million dollars annually. As the railroads now make a net profit of over \$15,000,000 each year, it will be difficult to show how this reduction is going to bankrupt the roads, as they claim. At any rate, the people are in earnest in this matter and the railroads had better take their medicine quietly and yield gracefully to the inevitable. They threaten to appeal to the courts, but as the law provides that the rate fixed by the commissioners shall be binding, and that the reasonable charge, and throws the burden of proof upon the railroads to establish the contrary, the roads hardly dare run the risk of trying the issue that would certainly be assessed against them should they fail in the end to win their case. In the time of the old freight law, when there was considerable doubt as to the constitutional right of a state to regulate railroad charges, the people of this state were very lenient, and actually passed an amendatory act in 1878, relieving the railroads from the consequences of refusing to obey the law until its constitutionality was affirmed by the supreme court. As the status of railroad legislation is now well settled, the roads need not expect any forbearance on the part of the people, and should they be foolish enough to defy the commission and lay themselves liable to the heavy fines imposed by the law, they may expect to pay the uttermost farthing.

There is no doubt that the action by the commission has made its members immensely popular with the people. At present it looks as if they would all three be nominated by their respective parties for the coming year. Peter A. Day, of Iowa City, the democratic member, who has all along been regarded as a firm friend of the railroads, has surprised every one by his recent course in opposing the schedule. Messrs. Smith and Campbell, the republican members, are in perfect accord on this question, and will certainly be re-elected. The democrats had an opportunity by antagonizing the schedule to make a bid for railroad support for the democratic ticket, but failed to improve their position. One of the central committee, and other democratic leaders, like Senator Baltor of Harrison, Dodge of Boone, and Knight of Dubuque, would be glad to see the railroads in this kind with the railroads on the sly, but it is very doubtful if such a scheme can be made to work. The democratic greenback contingent has come over to the democrats bag and baggage, and they will not consent to any corporation combine to aid Cleveland.

A few timid party papers are prophesying that the railroads will join hands with the democrats and give the state to Cleveland, but these papers are in the same position as the republican, if not even more so, and any movement of this kind would raise a howl among the grangers and old time greenbackers. The leading democrats are in a quiet, and enthrone new life into the greenback party.

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The republican party leaders last question why caught the people napping last spring when the state convention was held, and as a result the corporate and individual members of Iowa's vote in the Chicago convention. Very few Iowa people have any hope of securing the nomination of Allison, and the state will probably give its support to their favorite son as long as he has any show of success, we cannot hope to obtain more than a second choice. With the common people, the choice will be between Gresham, but with the politicians and perhaps a majority of the delegates is anybody else. Harrison or Alger or even Wood will be preferred by a large fraction of the delegates to Gresham. The east would consent to accept Blaine as a compromise, but the west would not. The prohibition states will not be allowed to name the candidate if the interests—and especially the foreign born voters—are consulted. Depend on it, Blaine is the weakest candidate that could be named for this state. With him on a high tariff platform, nothing will be accomplished, and swinging into line with the democratic column to the tune of 25,000 majority. The members of the Farmers' alliance would rejoice to see almost a man, and there would be a heavy defection among the workmen in the towns and cities, and among the shippers. It is to be hoped that the end result of the convention will avert this calamity.

SHYSTER LAWYERS.

The bar of Iowa is making an effort to weed out some of its disruptive members. For years this city has been cursed by a number of alleged lawyers who have been making their money by questionable practices, and who finally became so bold in their methods that the entire bar was fast losing the respect of the people. Judge Gresham has taken the matter in hand, and directed a committee to prepare articles looking to the disbarment of a member named Williams. The committee has prosecuted the case on behalf of the bar, and the result was the suspension of the party named from practice for one year. There are others who will have to go soon if they do not take the hint and depart on their own accord or else let up on their disruptive practices.

THE ANTI-GRESHAM PAYERS.

In this state were not at all pleased with the result of the mock national convention recently held by the students of Drake university in this city. The claims of all the leading candidates were fully presented by enthusiastic champions, and everybody expected that Allison would carry off the prize. Nothing, however, could withstand the Gresham wave, which took the convention by storm and swept every other candidate off his feet. Allison was then named for vice president as a bait for wounded state pride. Since that time the Gresham wave has been spreading among the common people, and especially of the young voters.

Prospecting for Coal.

SIEMENSDALE, Ia., June 17.—[Special to THE BEE.]—Preliminary arrangements are being made for prospecting for coal at this point. The site of operations has been selected upon the farm of A. J. Welby, adjacent to the town on the east. Drilling is being done in several places to find where the mining company can make their prospect hole to the best advantage. Grand preparations are being made here for a glorious celebration on Independence day. An earnest effort is being made to secure the attendance of several literary companies from Chicago, and a number of the place, is excited over the discovery of mineral water which, it is claimed, possesses superior medicinal properties. Plans are already being made to build a line fountain. The water has been submitted to a chemist at Omaha for analysis.

Vice President Pusey.

DES MOINES, Ia., June 17.—[Special to THE BEE.]—A reminiscence of the late democratic convention at St. Louis comes floating in through Hon. J. S. Tamm, of Stuart, who was one of the delegates. He says that Iowa came near furnishing the democratic candidate for the vice presidency in the person of Hon. W. H. M. Pusey, of Council Bluffs. He says that when the opposition to Thurman in the Ohio delegation began to make it seem likely that Pusey would be nominated, the feeling between Gray and McDonald made the governor unavailable, that delegates from Pennsylvania came to the Iowa headquarters and proposed to take up Mr. Pusey. A friendly feeling was soon developed in the Kentucky delegation, and Colonel Tam believes that if Thurman had not been nominated on that date, the convention would have turned to Pusey. So Iowa democrats will probably tell with pride for years afterward and near they came to the vice presidency. Following the custom of Iowa bourgeois who have been mentioned in connection with any office, it will be in order to address the Council Bluffs statesman hereafter as "Vice President Pusey."

OUR BUILDING SEEMS SURE.

Conferees Will Report Favorable on It Within a Week.

WASHINGTON HERALD THE OMAHA BEE, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., June 17.

It is likely that the conferees on the Omaha postoffice building will submit their report to the senate and house early next week after next. As stated some days ago in THE BEE dispatches, the report will be unanimous, and there is no doubt about its acceptance by both houses. The only real opposition there was to the senate bill in the house came from Chairman Dibble, of the committee on public buildings and grounds, and he has been thoroughly converted by Senators Sponser and Vest. Mr. Dibble accepts the senate bill and \$1,300,000 for Omaha gracefully. Inasmuch as the conferee report is privileged matter it can be acted upon as soon as it is received in either house. A report from a conference committee is made in duplicate and is sent to both houses simultaneously. There now seems but little doubt that the Omaha public building bill will become a law by the first of July. The president, it is believed, would be inclined to veto this bill from principles of general conservatism if it were not for the fact that Kansas City, which is democratic to the core, and Milwaukee, which is politically doubtful, have bills making appropriations of nearly the same amount and are based upon the same grounds as the Omaha bill. This fact makes the Omaha measure about as secure as it could be made.

THE FLAG AGAINST THE BANDANA.

Taking it for granted that the Chicago convention will adopt a resolution such as was suggested recently by a republican club in Nebraska, making the national flag emblematic of the republican party, officials of the republican party, including the red bandana, the leading dealers in gentlemen's furnishing goods, in Washington, have sent out large orders for suits of cotton handkerchiefs to be in the form of the American flag. Judge Durham, the first controller of the treasury, and wife gave a reception to the president and his family last, which was largely attended by the employees of the treasury department and which was in celebration of the second anniversary of the president's inauguration. The refreshment table in the rear of the parlor was decorated with red bandanas in lieu of ordinary napkins, and every one present had a handkerchief with him. The ladies took bandanas and tying them about their necks presented a very pleasing appearance. The president has got the bandana craze, and has pinned a large red handkerchief to the lower margin of the flag which flies from Red Top.

It is stated that Senator Vest, who is a member of the committee on judiciary, will move to discharge the committee from the bill, and that he will not consent to any corporation combine to aid Cleveland.

PERRY S. HEATH.

THE TALLY-HO TOURISTS.

The Carnegie Party Spends Sunday at a Desolate Town. NEW YORK, June 17.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The world's dispatch from North Allegheny says: "Carnegie this morning introduced a Yorkshire reporter to Blaine as 'the gentleman who could be president of the United States whenever he might wish.' The reporter got quite a shock of magnetism, and his paper, the Post, devotes half a column of its space this evening to a description of Blaine's distinguished appearance. The party spent Sunday in the most desolate town in all England, but are tired enough of traveling to enjoy the stoppage. The past week has been one of unmitigated pleasure to each and every member of the party, and now with the journey almost half finished, the regret is expressed on every side that the party is so small. It is said that Great Britain is such a small place, after all. Blaine is still very reliant on the movement which American cablegrams indicate has in view his nomination. While no word to that effect came from Blaine, or even from Carnegie, I have not the slightest doubt that if nominated Mr. Blaine would accept."

UNTAINTED BLOOD.

A New York Physician Adds Another Denial of the Ridiculous Story.

SENATORIAL, N. Y., June 17.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Dr. Charles Hammond, a prominent physician of this place, was born in Europe and prosecuted his studies there. He has been frequently brought into contact with the imperial family of Germany and says the insinuations concerning an hereditary taint in the Hohenzollern blood are outrageous. He said: "I have never seen a more magnificent race and the statement that a loathsome disease tainted their blood has every reason to know it is absolutely false. It is said that the present emperor's shriveled arm is the result of this taint and that the monarchy also suffers from accessions in the interior of the ears. There is no truth in either remark. I was in Berlin at the time the emperor was born and what happened there was discussed in every physician's office in this city. The emperor's shriveled arm is the result of a dislocation of the left shoulder which was discovered several days after his birth. The dislocation was properly, while the muscles of the left of course had not done so. The dislocation was made quite as strong as its fellow. It is far from useless, however, and the slight shortening would scarcely be noticed. When on horseback the emperor's right arm is in his right hand on account of the weakness of the left and it is only then that strangers inquire if he has a physical defect. Some accessions did form some years ago following scarlet fever, as is frequently the case, but in time the young man outgrew them and is now as well as any of us. I have almost any number of letters from the emperor's physicians, and the facts I have stated are true of my own knowledge."

Conched in Waerlike Tones.

PARIS, June 17.—[Most of the Paris papers regard Emperor William's orders to the army as having a warlike tone, contrasting singularly with the writings of the Emperor Frederick. Some journals, notably the Sicle, which has moderate articles, view the emperor's language as merely that of a soldier addressing his soldiers, and express the hope that Emperor William's proclamation to the Prussian people will be decidedly pacific.

A Call Accepted.

TOLONO, Ill., June 17.—[Rev. John A. Crozier, of Toledo, Ia., has accepted a call to the pulpit of the First Presbyterian church of Tolono. This church has a large and wealthy congregation and ranks as one of the best charges of that denomination in this part of the state. Mr. Crozier has spent many years in the ministry, and is well known all over southern Illinois, where his early years were spent looking after nearly all the Presbyterian churches south of the Ohio & Mississippi railway.

ANOTHER STORY OF DEFEAT.

The Omaha Boys Keep Up Their Losing Record.

MINNEAPOLIS AN EASY WINNER.

A Close and Exciting Game for Six Innings—Des Moines Defeats Milwaukee and St. Paul Beats Kansas City.

Western Association Standing.

Table showing Western Association Standing with columns for Played, Won, Lost, Pr Ct, and teams including Des Moines, Milwaukee, Kansas City, Omaha, Chicago, Minneapolis, and St. Louis.

Minneapolis 12, Omaha 3.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 17.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Omaha was again defeated by the home team to-day in the presence of 2,500 people. Clarke did excellent work until the sixth inning, when he looked as though the finish would be close and exciting, but his support went to pieces after that and the little pitcher became completely discouraged and began to toss the ball over the plate, allowing the Minneapolis players to swing the sphere to their heart's content. Klopff, who has been laid up for some time with a lame arm, signalled his return by pitching a fair game. Notwithstanding the large number of errors, the game was marked by some brilliant fielding on both sides. Walsh, notwithstanding two old-go errors, did some remarkable work at short, as did also Cooney. The score:

Score for Minneapolis vs Omaha game: AB, R, H, SB, PO, A, E. Jevns, 6, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0. Patton, 6, 3, 1, 2, 0, 0, 0. Hayes, 5, 3, 4, 1, 0, 0, 0. Kreig, 5, 2, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0. Tolbeau, 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0. Brozman, 3b, 4, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0. McCullion, 4, 1, 2, 1, 3, 0, 0. Klopff, 5, 0, 0, 0, 1, 5, 3. Totals, 46, 19, 16, 4, 27, 15, 6.

OMAHA.

Score for Omaha vs Minneapolis game: AB, R, H, SB, PO, A, E. Annis, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0. Burdick, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0. Cooney, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0. Wright, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0. Burns, 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1. Doran, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0. Miller, 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1. Clark, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0. Totals, 39, 3, 7, 3, 25, 16, 9.

BY INNINGS.

By Innings table: Minneapolis, 0, 0, 2, 0, 3, 0, 6-19. Omaha, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0-3.

SUMMARY.

Earned runs—Minneapolis 2. Two-base hits—Tolbeau, Brozman, Annis, Lovett. Bases on balls—Omaha 7, Minneapolis 1. Errors—Minneapolis 3, Omaha 2. Struck out by Clarke 2, Passed balls—Krieg 2, Nagle 1. Wild pitch—Klopff 1. Left on bases—Minneapolis 4, Omaha 3. First base on errors—Minneapolis 0, Omaha 3. Empire—Brennan, Time—1:30.

St. Paul 11, Kansas City 0.

ST. PAUL, June 17.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Young Anderson, the St. Paul pitcher, performed the remarkable feat to-day of shutting out the Kansas City batters without the shadow of a safe hit. But four of the Kansas City players reached first base, two on balls and two by being hit. The Kansas City players were: Gardner, catcher; Sullivan, first base; second. St. Paul's part of the hitting was very nearly all done by the infield, but three balls being hit to the outfield and they were easy flies. St. Paul took rather kindly to Swartzell's delivery, and he was hit hard at times, especially in the fifth and ninth innings. His support was somewhat ragged, however, and he was surprised to find that the Kansas City players for Kansas City but in attempting to stop a wild pitched ball in the fifth inning the little finger of his right hand was broken and he was succeeded by the pitcher, Swartzell. In the ninth inning Hassamer and Ardner collided and the former was quite badly hurt but pluckily held on to the mound until the end of the game. The batting of Veach. About 2,500 people were present. The score:

Score for St. Paul vs Kansas City game: AB, R, H, SB, PO, A, E. Kansas City, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0. St. Paul, 11, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0. Runs earned—St. Paul 3. Two base hits—Shaffer. Three base hits—Veach. Home runs—Veach, Carter, Sullivan. Errors—Veach and Wells, Johnson, Ardner and Cartwright. Bases on balls—Murphy (2), Shaffer, Ardner (2). Two balls—Haliday, Quinn, Stearns, Cushman, Double Day, Swartzell, Pettet and Casick. Passed balls—Warner 1, Traffley 1. Wild pitch—Hoop 1. Empire—Powers, Time—1:50.

Des Moines 9, Milwaukee 3.

MILWAUKEE, June 17.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Six thousand people saw the game between Milwaukee and Des Moines. Cushman and Hoop were the opposing pitchers. The visitors hit Hoop hard in the sixth inning, making three doubles and two singles, which netted five runs. Milwaukee could not hit Cushman effectively. The score:

Score for Des Moines vs Milwaukee game: AB, R, H, SB, PO, A, E. Des Moines, 9, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0. Milwaukee, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0. Runs earned—Des Moines 9. Two base hits—Struck out—Strauss, Maskey, Fuller, Hoop, Ardner (2). Two balls—Haliday, Quinn, Stearns, Cushman, Double Day, Swartzell, Pettet and Casick. Passed balls—Warner 1, Traffley 1. Wild pitch—Hoop 1. Empire—Powers, Time—1:50.

Chicago 6, St. Louis 3.

CHICAGO, June 17.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The game between the Maroons and St. Louis Whites drew an attendance of about 3,000. It was a quick, sharp contest, marked by capital fielding and two or three spurts of hard hitting. The Maroons excelled in the field, a wild throw to second by McCawley in the ninth inning being their only fielding error. The misplays charged to their opponents were a fumble and a wild throw by Crooks, a muffed ball and a wild throw by Beckley and a wild throw to second by Cautz. In batting the clubs were equal, as far as the number of clean hits was concerned, but the hits of the Maroons were bunched better, and as a consequence more productive of runs. The score:

Score for Chicago vs St. Louis game: AB, R, H, SB, PO, A, E. Chicago, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0. St. Louis, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0. Runs earned—Chicago 6. Two base hits—Maroons 10, St. Louis 10. Errors—Maroons 3, St. Louis 2. Empire—Dwyer and Nyce, Empire—Hagan.

MINOR GAMES.

Newport 3, Bassett 2.

NEWPORT, Neb., June 17.—[Special to THE BEE.]—The game of ball between Newport and Bassett here to-day resulted in a victory for the home team, the score being 3 to 2. The counting out of Newport was an amusing feature of the game.

Won Again.

On the high school grounds Saturday was another game of ball between the Clarke nine, of Omaha, and the St. Mary's Avenues, resulting in another victory for the Clarkes, the score being 19 to 5. So far the Clarke nine has not lost a game. The battery for the Clarkes was Roy Austin and William Burroughs.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Baltimore 9, Brooklyn 8. BROOKLYN, June 17.—The game be-

tween the Brooklyn and Baltimore to-day resulted as follows:

Score for Baltimore vs Brooklyn game: Brooklyn, 8, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0-8. Baltimore, 9, 0, 0, 0, 3, 1, 0, 0-9.

St. Louis 6, Cincinnati 2.

ST. LOUIS, June 17.—The game between St. Louis and Cincinnati to-day resulted as follows:

Score for St. Louis vs Cincinnati game: St. Louis, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0-6. Cincinnati, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0-2.

Kansas City 6, Louisville 7.

KANSAS CITY, June 17.—The game between Kansas City and Louisville to-day resulted as follows:

Score for Kansas City vs Louisville game: Kansas City, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 4, 0, 0-6. Louisville, 7, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1-7.

TURF AND TRACK.

Billy P. Won.

OMAHA, Neb., June 17.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—A one-half mile race between Billy P. and Sleepy Dick, both horses of this place, was run to-day for \$300 and was won by Billy P. by a neck. Sleepy Dick was the favorite and he was offered two to one. Time—30 seconds.

A STRANGE DISAPPEARANCE.

A Husband Leaves the City Without a Word to His Wife. James Gattan, an employing bricklayer, left Omaha a week ago Saturday night under strange circumstances. He gave his wife no intimation of his resolve, and has not written to tell of his whereabouts. A few days before he was to board with a Mrs. Straight, on Harney street, near Ninth. He brought his wife and two employes with him. Saturday night the two men waited for their pay, but Gattan failed to come, and he has not been seen in the city since.

Mrs. Gattan says she can assign no reason for her husband's action. She has been married to him about six months, and says he has always been very kind and obliging. He has since gone to work at a house on Twentieth street, and is awaiting news from her husband.

Gattan was at work for Charles Hanley, the grocer at 318 South Tenth street. He was constructing a cistern, and the night he disappeared he was at the job. He finished the job the next week, and they received enough from Mr. Hanley to make them good for their time. Before leaving Gattan took his tools, and the tools they have since disappeared. He had the promise of contracts on two blocks Mr. Hanley is now working at, and his prospects for the future were apparently bright. He was doing housework at their boarding place to lighten their expenses, and all seemed to be going favorably.

It is reported, however, that Gattan had a lawsuit in progress from which he expected to realize some money. It is stated that his lawyer told him the suit would leave him in money out of pocket. This occurred on the day of Gattan's disappearance, and may have thrown him into a fit of despondency during which he took his departure. Mrs. Gattan has received a letter from a cousin of her husband, stating that the missing man was working at his old job. The letter was dated June 10, and the cousin announced his intention to write to Omaha Gattan was indifferent and offered to send no message.

FIT OR FETTERED.

A Recently Arrived Peddler Falls and Froths at the Mouth.

On Farnam street near Thirteenth last evening a man of Jewish appearance fell to the walk and frothed at the mouth. A few minutes before he had been observed swallowing the contents of a vial, which he threw away. The natural conclusion was that the man was peddling, and the scene of trouble removed him to the central station and an emetic sent in by a physician had its desired effect. In about an hour the stranger was apparently all right.

He gave the very American name of Nathan Davis, but said he was a Russian Jew, having come over about two years ago. His business is peddling, and he arrived in the city from Chicago last week. He was in the excitement of arresting the Salvation army Davis slipped away without explaining his recent experience. It was said that the man was broken into small fragments, and his contents could not be ascertained. The man evidently had a fit or took poison, which is a matter of conjecture.

C. Leo Staub, Architect and Supt., office 1619 Howard; 16 years' experience. Fine, stylish buildings a specialty.

They Got Him Out Cleverly.

A couple of robbers recently came to an amicable understanding, and built a nest in the fork of a low lough on a pine tree growing near the railroad station at Chicago. The robbers were from New York City. It was almost completed on Sunday, and, going to their new home with the last few things requisite rather for an ornate finishing than for anything else, the birds were mortified to find a large, green, ugly toad filling the nest and hopping over the trees. Whether a toad can climb a tree or not is an unsettled question, and one which did not seem to interest the birds. He was there, however, and he was not to be driven away. Several hours were passed in strenuous trying to eject him, the birds working in a systematic manner, and by using their combined forces at one side of the nest, endeavoring to leave the intruder out at the other. They were not strong enough, however, and they could not raise the gross body. The toad seemed to be asleep, and, as he lay with closed eyes, the respiratory action of his fat sides alone showing that he was not dead, neither pecking nor pushing seemed to have the slightest effect upon him. Weary and discouraged the robbers at last flew to an adjacent bush, and, apparently, discussed the situation.

When they returned to the attack ten minutes later they had perfected a plan that made short work of the toad. They began, with great earnestness, to tear away the bottom of the nest, and in a very short time they obliterated the thing called a nest through the hole. He roused himself, and, with a hoarse, protesting croak, hopped himself into the long grass. Then the robbers flew away to build another house. They had ousted the toad, and they had no intention of reconstructing their deserted nest.

HOOD'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF CAPSICUM. The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health. Hood's Compound is a natural and powerful medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is worthy your confidence. It is peculiar in that it strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar.

Burlington Route C.B.&Q.R.R.

The Burlington takes the lead. It was in advance of all lines in developing Nebraska. It was in advance of all lines in establishing dining-car service between Missouri river points and Chicago.

It was in advance of all lines in giving the people of Omaha and the West a fast mail service.

It was in advance of all lines in running its trains from the East into Omaha proper.

It was in advance of all lines in reducing the time of passenger trains between Omaha and Chicago.

It was in advance, and is the only line by which you can leave Omaha in the morning and arrive in Denver the evening of the same day.

It has been progressive in the past. It will lead in the future.

Travel and ship via the Burlington.

Ticket Office, 1223 Farnam Street. Telephone 250. Depot on Tenth Street.

Burlington Route C.B.&Q.R.R.

LINCOLN'S CHICAGO PILGRIMS.

The Last Delegation Has Left for the Lako City.

THE ENTHUSIASM OF A PIONEER.

Dedicating the Baptist Church—The Steel Car Works a Certainty—Mysterious Disappearance of a Former Citizen.

LINCOLN BUREAU OF THE OMAHA BEE, 1029 P STREET, LINCOLN, June 17.

The pilgrimage of Lincoln citizens to Chicago has been the moving feature the past two days, the last delegation leaving to-day over the Union Pacific and St. Paul lines and comprising two Pullman sleepers. There were in the delegation leaving to-day General J. C. McBride, John D. Knight, registrar of deeds, Mayor Austin of West Lincoln and Councilman Rice, Chas. Miller, Colonel Martin, H. E. Moore and others. The delegation that went yesterday patronized the Burlington route. Among those going on that day were Judge Field, Judge Crooker, County Judge Stewart, Councilman Billingsly, E. P. Holmes, Sheriff Melick, Clerk of the Courts Sizer and some twenty-five others. The delegates from Lincoln will make their headquarters with the rest of the Nebraskaans at the Gore hotel, but those going to-day over the St. Paul line will retain their Pullman cars in Chicago and have them for lodgings while in the city. A gentleman who has made a careful estimate states that there are double the number of people going from this state to the national convention over the Burlington route than there were over the Union Pacific and St. Paul lines, and their enthusiasm is made manifest when they walk to the depot for a pleasure ride over the Burlington route. The delegation of Lincoln has come to Chicago to see the next president of the United States placed in nomination.

THE STEEL CAR WORKS.

It is practically settled that Lincoln is to have the new steel car works that have been the subject of so much discussion. A landed bonus was what was asked in exchange for the location of the works here, and the bonus has been secured and Messrs. C. A. Atkinson and J. J. Inhoff have gone east to close the final contract for the location of the plant near the mill and near the town site of Hancock. It is expected to have the works in operation ready for 600 men, where it is barely sufficient.

WHERE IS HARRY DUFFERT?

Under this heading this morning the four-year-old prints the following statement regarding a well known former business man of this city: Six weeks ago to-day he mounted his horse on O street and made his friends goodbye, saying he intended to ride in the saddle to his old home, Deatur, Ill. Where he is now is only a matter of conjecture. His relatives in Illinois have written repeatedly, and his friends here have made inquiries in every direction, but the man has not been seen since he left the city. The circumstances under which he left the city were a little peculiar. The people on his farm were not at all pleased, and they were going to Illinois, but not for several weeks. On the Sunday morning already mentioned he came to the city without intimation and it was followed by a hail of fire, which was followed by a hail of fire, which was followed by a hail of fire, which was followed by a hail of fire.

A Meteor Causes a Stir.

Baltimore American: Many of the residents of Waverly on the 12th saw two vivid flashes like lightning, unaccompanied by thunder, which alarmed them for a little while. The lightning was followed by a hail of fire, which was followed by a hail of fire, which was followed by a hail of fire, which was followed by a hail of fire.

WHERE IS HARRY DUFFERT?

Under this heading this morning the four-year-old prints the following statement regarding a well known former business man of this city: Six weeks ago to-day he mounted his horse on O street and made his friends goodbye, saying he intended to ride in the saddle to his old home, Deatur, Ill. Where he is now is only a matter of conjecture. His relatives in Illinois have written repeatedly, and his friends here have made inquiries in every direction, but the man has not been seen since he left the city. The circumstances under which he left the city were a little peculiar. The people on his farm were not at all pleased, and they were going to Illinois, but not for several weeks. On the Sunday morning already mentioned he came to the city without intimation and it was followed by a hail of fire, which was followed by a hail of fire, which was followed by a hail of fire, which was followed by a hail of fire.

A Meteor Causes a Stir.

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