## REMEMBERING MANDERSON.

Washington Veterans Present Him With a Testimonial.

A BEAUTIFUL FLORAL PIECE.

Chronic Objectors Succeed in Preventing Consideration By the House of the Omaha Publie Building Bill.

The President Directed Affairs. WASHINGTON BUREAU THE OMAHA BEE, )

513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 23. St. Louis is the place and Tuesday, June 5. the date for the domocratic convention which will nominate a candidate for the presidency. This is just two weeks ahead of the republican convention which will be held at Chicago. It was agreed late last night by Senator Gorman, Representative William L. Scott and one or two of the other bosses who run the thing for the president that the date must be changed. It was decided that July 3, the time for holding the convention selected yesterday, was too late, and the first thing attempted when the committee met this morning was to change the date. This was voted down by one majority. Then a short recess was taken in order that the position of the administration could be explained. It was that the date should be early in June and the place St. Louis. These requests were complied with in a few minntes. San Francisco's support gave the convention to St. Louis and changed the date. Senator Gorman and Representative Scott argued that it would not do to hold the convention after that of the republicans, as the democrats would be put on the defensive when they wanted to appear in an aggressive role. The St. Louis people have replenished their bar to-night, increased the number of barkeepers to six or eight from the two who have been serving free drinks all week, and the unterrified are having a free drink. The congratulatory dispatch of Mayor Francis, of St. Louis, to President Cleveland is regarded as prima facie evi-dence that the latter issued instructions about the work which was to-day done be-fore he left for the south, and that it was faithfully carried out. Francis is looked upon as very fresh. Cleveland was his guest during the latter's visit to St. Louis last fall. OMARA'S PUBLIC BUILDING BILL.

The Omaha public building bill was not reached in the house to-day owing to dilatory reached in the house to-day owing to dilatory proceedings on the part of some hair splitters like Weaver, of Iowa, who never lose an opportunity to consume valuable time in springing some buncombe on the lobbies. For two hours he house proceeded with the consideration of measures from the committee on public buildings and grounds and it looked as though the Omaha bill would surely be reached. Mr. McShane remained in his seat steadily, his desk covered with facts and figures to be used when the bill was reached, but when the second bill above it was taken up the time servers began their work. They offered amendments, called for a division on every vote, ordering tellers or the ayes and every vote, ordering tellers or the ayes and nayes and talked incessantly. Bland, of Missouri, grew more technical than ordinarily. Shively, of Indiana, tried to get funny by having part of Proctor Knott's famous Duluth speech read when the bill for that city was taken up, and so the time was frittered away. But the Omaha bill's pas-sage is only a question of time and a very little of it.

MANDERSON COMPLIMENTED BY THE VETS.

Mr. Manderson did not deliver his speech
this afternoon in support of his G. A. R. disability pension bill. He was ready and remained in his seat all afternoon, expecting
every moment to have his bill taken up, but
the hill to incorporate an electric street, railthe bill to incorporate an electric street rall-way company in the District of Columbia had the floor and the debate was prolonged far beyond the time it was expected to consume. The executive committee of the G. A. R. of the District, anticipating the speech had prepared the most magnificent floral of-fering seen at the capitol for a long time. It was the scales representing "Justice" and stood 21/4 feet high, while its breadth was about the same. In one sca were two golden weights, representing the number of union soldiers who served in the field—2,656,553—on which were the closing words of President Lincoln's inaugural address. In the opposite scale was the American flag, the idea being the flag against the men who saved the union. The flowers were the choicest roses, tulips, hyacinths, etc. It was a beautiful offering, and was admired by all who saw it.

all who saw it.

Among the petitions introduced in the senate were a couple by Mr. Manderson, one asking for a term of the United States court at Nebraska City, signed by citizens of that mart, and the other in support of the per diem pension bill. They were referred to proper committees proper committees. SPRINGER'S ALLEGED INVLUENCE.

As chailman of the house committee on territories W. M. Springer, of Illinois, under-took to deliver the members of the demo-cratic national committee from the territo-ries for Chicago in the struggle for the place Pries for Chicago in the struggle for the place of holding the nominating convention. Every one of them voted St. Lonis from first to last. It is stated by some of them that if Mr. Springer ever had any influence in the territories it cannot be discovered. He has not managed his present position on the principal committee in the house, so far as the territories are concerned, any better than he has concernity managed himself in conhe has generally managed himself in con-

COUNCIL BLUFFS' PEDERAL BUILDING. The house passed this afternoon Mr. Lyman's bill providing for the purchase of additional ground adjoining the federal building at Council Bluffs Mr. Lyman made a statement while the bill was under consider ation, showing the necessity of securing the additional ground at this time, etc., and it was passed without delay. This was before the work of miscing began. The bill appro-

priates \$10,000.

A favorable report was received from the committee on Mr. Struble's bill, providing for a public ouilding at Sioux City.

REFORTS ON SCHLERS' CLAIM.

Secretary Fairchild has sent to the house of representatives a communication from the secretary of war, submitting an estimate of \$2,500, to be appropriated and required by the war department to pay for the extension of the military reservation at Fort Robinson. The communication consists of the proceedings of the board of officers which met at Fort Robinson on January 5 last to examine into and record on and appraise in detail, the into and report on, and appraise in detail the improvements abandoned by John J. Schlers when removed from the military reservation at Fort Robinson. The board reports that the improvements made by Schler amount to \$2,500, and consist of a one-steam house of a consist of a consis story house of six rooms valued at \$1,800; one well, \$75; stable, \$125; cellar, \$140; house, \$255, and fences and cultivated lands making up the balance of the total. The testimony of Schler is incorporated, also that of N. L. Freeman, L. B. Merriam, F. G. Harris, and the recommendations for the appropriation are approved by Adjutant General Dunn and Quartermaster General Hollabird. Senator Paddock has introduced a bill providing for

the appropriation.

THE YANKTON RAILWAY RIGHTS.

Delegate Gifford, from the committee on
Indian affairs, has submitted a favorable re-Indian affairs, has submitted a favorable re-port to the house on the bill granting the right of way to the Yankton & Missouri Vailey railroad company through the Yank-ton Indian reservation on the Missouri river and immediately west of Yankton, and it is probable that the bill will be taken up and probable that the bill will be taken up and passed at an early day. This railroad is to be a branch of the Duluth, Watertown & Pacific, which is now graded to Huron and which is to be built down to Wheeler, in Charles Mix county, or the river, this summer, and which will probably be extended on through Nebraska to Denver. In his report Delegate Gifford gives some observations which may be reveiations to the people of the section effected and who are speculating as to the real purpose and route to be traversed which may be revelations to the people of the section effected and who are speculating as the real purpose and route to be traversed

by the company. He says: The proposed line of railway enters the reservation at a point fifteen miles from the northeast corner thereof and will run about thirty miles in the reservation, being extended across it in a northwesterly direction, the reservation being about thirty miles in width at this point. There are about eighteen hundred Indians upon the reservation and they are making some progress in agriculture and stock raising. The construction of this proposed line of railway will furnish the Indians upon this reservation with convenient marposed line of railway will furnish the Indians, upon this reservation with convenient markets for their surplus produce. The Indians desire very much to have the railway constructed, there being none nearer them than fiffeen miles. The construction of the proposed railway and stations, etc., will not in any manner interfere with the lands improved and actually occupied by the Indians. The bill provides for a right-of-way of seventy-five feet on each side of the central line of the railroad, and depot grounds for stations, side tracks, etc., not to exceed 300 feet in width and 300 feet in length to the extent of one station for each ten miles of road. The bill also provides that the president may require that said company procure the consent of said Indians in such manner as he may direct; also, that the full compensation for right-of-way and depot grounds, damage to farms, etc., shall be paid for and plats of the survey of the line of route, stations, etc., be filed with and approved by the secretary of the interior before any right shall attach. The bill also provides that the road shall be built within two years from the approval of ipon this reservation with convenient mar-The bill also provides that the road shall be built within two years from the approval of this act, or the right of way is forfeited. It also provides that congress may at any time add to, alter amend or repeal this act.

add to, after amend or repeal this act.

THE OMARA RESERVATION SETTLERS.

Mr. McShane, in reporting with a favorable recommendation to the house from the committee on Indian affairs, the bill authorizing and directing the secretary of the interior to extend the time of payment of the purchase money on the saie of the reservation of the Omaha tribe of Indians of Nebraska, says: "The reservation was sold tion of the Omaha tribe of Indians of Nebraska, says: "The reservation was sold to actual settlers during the years 1884 and 1885 in quantities not exceeding 160 acres to any individual and was made payable in three installments, one-third being paid within one year from the date of settlement. The law provides that when the money is paid into the United States treasury the Indians are to receive 5 per cent interest, on the same, which amount is to be expended annually for the use of the Indians. The land was appraised and brought at its full value and by reason of improvements is an absolutely safe security for the money. It was two years besecurity for the money. It was two years be-fore the settlers could realize from the culti-vation of the soil, and the very low price now paid for agricultural products, and there being no power to mortgage the land because of the title being in the government, settlers would be required to sacrifice the land unless given an opportunity to save the same by an extension of time to make payments. The passage of this bill would be an act of justice to the settlers and save the government from paying the interest which would be paid by the settlers during the extension, while the Indians would lose nothing. There can be no reasonable objection to the passage of the bill."

MISCELLANEOUS.
Itarlord L. Erskin, of Omaha, has been admitted to the bar of the supreme court of the United States. Mrs. Struble, wife of Congressman Struble, of Sioux City, is visiting her husband at No. 20 Grant Place. Perry S. Heath.

Nebraska and Iowa Pensions. Washington, Feb. 23.—[Special Telegram to the Ber.]—Pensions for Nebraskans were granted to-day as follows: Increase-Mordecai B. Joy. Herman : George Foster, Clarks John C. Rhodes, (insane), Omaha; Andrew Lawrence, Ewings; James Veedee, Cairo; John A. Larimore, Jainey; Franklin B. Leonard, Red Chud; Hiram Lewis, Spring View. Original, widows, etc-Fannie, widow of Thomas Hewitt. Plum Creek.

Pensions for Iowans: Original invalids-Joseph W. Alcorn, Mount Pleasant; David Richard, Albia; James W. Stickley, Ains-worth; John West, Lynnville; David S. Mock, Council Bluffs. Increase—Reuben Vant-rump, Allerton; John Carnagy, Marion, rump, Allerton; John Carnagy, Marion, Charles Wallace, Vandalia; Jocob Hainer, Correctionville; Levi H. Bolton, Rockwell City; Lucius Wood, Bedford; Orien Clark, Mingo; Peter Grimes, Weller; Michael Rat-tican, Council Bluffs; Michael T. Murphy, tican, Council Bluffs; Michael T. Murphy, Calamus; Paulus Kundert, Dubuque; Will-iam J. Haney, Stanhope; Frances M. Rogers, Mason City; William M. Barber, Afton; Franklin M. South, Hopkinton; Jefferson Cow, Ottumwa. Original, widows, etc— Jane, mother of Robert Weir, Cedar Rapids. Mexican survivors—Schuyler Hullett, Bloom field.

Postal Changes.

Washington, Feb. 23 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE.]-The postoffice at Alvin, Hamilton county, was discontinued to-day. The name of the postoffice at Reed, Box Butte county, was changed to-day to Alliance. The following Nebraska postmasters were appointed to-day: William H. Markley, Miners pointed to-day: William H. Markley, Miners-ville, Otoe county, vice Solomon J. Thomas, resigned; Mrs. Mary C. Brown, Nicholls, Lincoln county, vice Richard Brown, re-signed; Donald Matheson, Pilger, Stanton county, vice Edward H. Mosher, removed; William B. Shirley, Thomasville, Webster county, vice Tharrissa W. Holmes.

Inter-State Commission Work. Washington, Feb. 23.—The inter-state commerce commission to-day promulgated an elaborate opinion in the case of George Rice, of Marrietta, O., against several railroads, charging them, among other things, with discrimination in favor of the Standard Qil company. The case of each defendant was considered separately and in the Louisville & Nashville road case, ordered that the defendants cease the unjust discrimination; that they cease to make tank rates when tanks differ in capacity, and that they conform the charges on tank cars and barrel shipments to the rule that the tank is to be considered part of the car itself and for whatever is car-ried in it the charge ought to be the same by the hundred pounds as is made on the transportation of barrels of oil in car load lots in other cars.

In the case of the Iron Mountain road the

finding is that the defendant made excessive rates on barrel shipments and an order was entered that its charges be made to conform to the rule.

In the case of the Illinois Central and two other roads no orders were entered.

Committee Reports.

Washington, Feb. 23.—Senator Platt, from the committee on territories, to-day reported favorably the bill to extend the southern and western boundaries of Kansas to include what is known as the Public Land strip in the limits of the state.

The bill was reported favorably in the senate to authorize the president to appoint General Alfred Pleasanton major of cavalry on the retired list and General William Wayrill as colonel on the retired list.

Senator Spooner reported favorably the bill for the esection of a public building at Sioux City, Ia., to cost \$50,000.

National Capital Notes.

Washington, Feb. 23.-The Weaver fractional currency bil was again under consideration without final result before the The compited on banking and currency.

The compited the National Live Stock bank of Chicago, Ill., to begin business, with a capital of \$200,000.

The Murderer of Snell Indicted. CHICAGO, Feb. 23 .- The grand jury to-day returned six indictments against W. B. Tascott, five of them being for burglary and one for the murder of A. J. Snell. Bail has been set at \$5,000 in each of the burglary cases, but none in the murder case.

Movements of Russian Troops. WARSAW, Feb. 23.-Large quantities of biscuits are being manufactured at the Dubro. The railway depots between Volcessk and Odessa contain 10,000,000 pounds of corn and 7,000,000 pounds of sugar, which it is impossible to forward because the troops are using the transport service.

SAINT LOUIS THE SELECTION.

The Garden City's Old Rival Gets the Plum.

SAN FRANCISCO TOO FAR AWAY.

Walsh of Georgia Leads the Defection Which Results in the Final Choice-The Convention Date Changed.

St. Louis Wins. Washington, Feb. 23.—The national democratic committee met again this morning. Scott, of Pennsylvania, moved that current business be suspended so that a motion might be made to reconsider the vote fixing the date of the convention. After some debate the motion was lost. Balloting was then resumed on the place for holding the convention. The first ballot stood: Chicago, 15; San Francisco, 17; St. Louis, 12; Cincinnati, 2;

New York, 1. The second ballot resulted: Chicago, 16; San Francisco, 17; St. Louis, 13; New

A recess was then taken for fifteen minutes, after which Senator Gorman made an appeal to those who, like himself, had voted for San Francisco. He was then of the opinion, as others had been, that by going to California the political sentiment in favor of democracy might be considerably strengthened. He found since, however, many of the opinion that if the convention was held there some of the ablest and most important members of the party would be unable to attend. For this and other reasons he appealed to the delegates from the Pacific states to yield their preference and join with him in voting to hold the convention at a more accessible

When the balloting began several who had when the children degral several who had voted for San Francisco and Chicago changed to St. Louis, When Illinois was reached, Judge Goudy thanked the committee for the consideration shown Chicago, but said he was quite willing the convention should go to St. Louis, Changes to St. Louis, then became years and willing the convention should go to St. Louis. Changes to St. Louis then became very general. During the call Mr. Tarpie, in a brief speech withdrew San Francisco from the contest. Voting then proceeded almost solidly for St. Louis, when a motion was made and carried declaring St. Louis the unanimous choice of the committee. Before the break was made the vote stood: St. Louis, 22, San Francisco, 6; Chicago, 16; New York, 2; Cincinnati, 1.

Scott made a motion to reconsider the vote by which July 3 had been fixed as the time

Scott made a motion to reconsider the vote by which July 3 had been fixed as the time for holding the convention. Tarpie, of California, Thomas, of Colorado, and Senator Barbour, of Virginia, spoke in opposition to the motion, which, however, prevailed. A motion by exsenator McDonald to change the date to Tuesday, June 5, was adopted. The chairman was directed to appoint a committee of seven to make all necessary arrangements for holding the convention and have charge of the preparations and organization of the of the preparations and organization of the canvas until the meeting of the convention. The committee was not announced. Following is the call for the convention:

The national democratic committee, having met in the city of Washington on the 22d day of February 1888, has appointed the 8th day.

met in the city of Washington on the 23d day of February, 1888, has appointed the 5th day of June next at noon as the time, and chosen the city of St. Louis as the place, for holding the national democratic conven-tion. Each state is entitled to representation therein equal to double the number of its senators and representatives in the congress of the United States, and each territory and the District of Columbia will have two delegates. All democratic, conservative citizens of the United States, irrespective of past political associations and differences, who can unite with us in an effort for pure, economical and constitutional government are cordially invited to join us in sending delegates to th WILLIAM H. BARNUM,

Chairman,
FREDERICK O. PRINCE, Secretary National Democratic Committee.

The committee adjourned, to meet in St

Louis Monday, June 4, 1888. The Canadian Parliament.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 23 .- At 3 this afternoon the governor general opened the second ses sion of the sixth parliament of Canada with a speech. He said: "The negotiations between her majesty's government and that of the United States for adjustment of what is known as the fishery question, I am pleased to inform you, resulted in a treaty which will, venture to hope, be considered by you as honorable and satisfactory to both nations. The treaty with the papers relating thereto will be laid before you and you will be invited to adopt the measures to give effect to its provisions. "My government has availed itself of the op-

portunity afforded by the recess to consider numerous suggestions which have been made for improved details of the act respecting the elective franchise and a measure will be submitted to you for the purpose of simplifying the law and greatly lessening the cost of its opera-tion. The growth of the northwest terri-

tion. The growth of the northwest terri-tories renders expedient an improvement of the system of government and legislation af-fecting these portions of the Dominion, and a bill for that purpose will be laid before you. A bill will be submitted to you to make the larger portion of the modern laws of England applicable to the province of Manitoba and to the north-west territories in regard to matters which have not as yet been made the subject of have not as yet been made the subject of Canadian legislation."

Chicago Shippers Exercised.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—Chicago shippers are considerably exercised over the new deal. The Iowa roads, with the exception of the Burlington, exact 20 cents a 100 on grain from the Missouri river to Chicago. The eastern lines insist upon 2114 cents from Chicago to the scaboard, but these same roads have agreed upon a through rate on grain billed from the Missouri river to the scaboard of 3614 cents, the western lines accepting as their proportion 1614 cents and the eastern lines 20 cents, a total cut of lines 20 cents, a total cut of 11½ cents. The Burlington is doing even worse, as its low rates are joined with a still lower rate from St. Louis and other junction points, thus diverting a greater proportion of the grain it hauls away from Chicago. Chicago shippers are completely shut out by the deal, and the board of trade has been ap-pealed to to correct the discrimination. The Rock Island to-day reduced first class rates between Chicago and Des Moines from 25 to

Brutality of Hoosier Regulators. Brazil, Ind., Feb. 23.-[Special Telegram o the BEE.]—The night riders or White Caps of Greene county again took the law into their hands a night or two ago at Bloomfield. As usual, thrashing was resorted to, and the parties to be thus visited with summary punshment were Noah and Fannie Good and Sam Picrce. The three named had repeatedly been warned to leave the vicinity. Six or eight of the White Cap band called at the house of the Goods, and, taking Noah and Sam Pierce to a clearing near the house, applied the usual chastisement by means of supple hickory switches, with which each of the party was provided. Leaving two of the gang to watch the whipped men, the woman was brought out and while the punishment was as thorough as that administered to the men, shingles were used in piace of switches. Having accomplished the object in view, the White Caps then left the place, not, however, before giving their victims a firm order to leave the country without delay.

One of the Orphans. CHICAGO, Feb. 23.-Kate Castleton, the actress, has filed a bill for separate maintenance against her husband, Isadore Phil-lips, whom she married in San Francisco. She charges continued drunkenness. FIFTIETH CONGRESS. Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—The senate, in the morning hour, passed bills extending the laws of the United States to the public land strip; to amend the alien land law; also to permit foreign governments to acquire property in the District of Columbia to provide for protection of submarine cables.

Among the bills introduced and referred was one by Mr. Manderson to provide aid for

was one by Mr. Manderson to provide aid for state homes for disabled soldiers and sailors. The bill to provide for the compulsory education of Indian children (not including the five civilized tribes nor the Osages) was debated, but went over without action.

The senate then took up the bill to incorporate the Washington Cable Electric railway in the District of Columbia. An amendment was adopted requiring the company to pay a tax of 4 per cent for the first four years, 6 per cent for the next four years, and after that 8 per cent. The bill was passed and the senate adjourned.

House.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The house was called to order by the clerk, who announced the absence of the speaker. Mr. S. S. Cox of New York was unanimously elected

speaker pro tempore.
Mr. McAdoo offered a resolution which was

Mr. McAdoo offered a resolution which was referred to the committee on foreign affairs requesting the president to send to the house, if not incompatible with the public interest, all correspondence between this government and the governments of Great Britain and Venezuela relating to the question of disputed boundaries between the British colonies and Venezuela.

The floor was then accorded to the committee on public buildings and grounds. Among the bills reported and placed on the calendar was one for the erection of a public building at Sioux City, Ia. The house then went into committee of the whole and the bill for the erection of a public building at Birmingham, Ala., at a cost of \$300,000, was agreed to after considerable opposition by Mr. Blaud of Missouri, who wished to reduce the cost to \$200,000. In speaking against the next bill for the erection of a public building the cost to \$200,000. In speaking against the next bill for the erection of a public building at Duluth, Mr. Bland again took occasion to inveigh against squandering money in this manner, but the bill was agreed to, as were also others, including one for the purchase of additional land at Council Bluffs at a cost not to exceed \$10,000. The committee having risen the house passed the bills agreed to and then adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—By a strictly party vote the house committee on territories to day agreed to report favorably Chairman Springer's "omnibus" bill to enable the people of Dakota, Montana, Washington territory and New Mexico to form constitutions and state governments, and to be admitted into the union on an equal footing with the original states. The bill authorizes the rest dents of these territories to elect delegates to conventions proportionate in number with the population of the counties. The apportionment of delegates is to be made by the governor, chief justice and United States attorneys of each territory and the election is to be held Tuesday after the first Monday of next August. The number of delegates to each convention is fixed at seventy-five, except in the case of Dakota, where the number is increased to 150. They are to meet at the seat of government of each territory on the second Tuesday of September next, adopt the constitution of the United States and form constitution of the United States and form constitutions and state governments expressly disclaiming in favor of the United States all title to unappropriated public lands and Indian lands lying within the territories. They are also required to assume territorial debts, and provide and maintain a public school system. The constitutions are to be submitted to a vote of the people Tuesday after the first Monday in November, and if a majority is in favor of it, the results shall be certified to the president of the United States. Until the next general census the new states, with the exception of Dakota, are to be allowed one representative each in the house of representa tives. Dakota, is to be allowed two representatives. These representatives are to be elected on the same day with the governor elected on the same day with the governor and other state officers. Sections of land in each township, or an equivalent, are granted each new state for school purposes. Fifty entire sections are granted for the erection of public buildings. Ninety sections are apportioned for agricultural colleges, and 5 per cent of the proceeds of the sales of public lands in the new states is to be paid into the fund for the support of their common schools. lands in the new states is to be paid into the fund for the support of their common schools. Other large grants of public lands are also proposed to be made, specifically for the benefit of schools, of mines, of charitable and educational institutions and water works for irrigation. An appropriation of \$20,000 is provided for Montana, Washington and New Mexico, and \$35,000 for Dakota to defray the expenses of the conventions. defray the expenses of the conventions. After the acceptance of the constitutions the legislatures are to meet and elect two senators from each state, and when each state is admitted into the union the senators and representatives are to be admitted to seats in congress and state government become operative. The New Mexico convention is also to consider the question of a change in the name of New Mexico to Montezuma, and the Washington convention is to submit to the people a proposition to name the new state Tacoma. The republican members will submit a mi-

nority report in opposition to the bill.

Printer Benedict's Charges.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23. - Public Printer Benedict was before the house printing committee to-day. His labor roll, he said, had been reduced \$150,000 or \$200,000 during 1887. Other large savings had been made, and the men were now getting more pay and the government more service. In purchasing type witness received the discount allowed all purchasers of type, and the bills showed it. Bills purchased eleven weeks before he assumed office failed to show that any such discount had been saved. He disclaimed any knowledge beyond the fact of the practices of his predecessors in that respect.

Touching the statement made regarding saving in the item of ink, witness said his 11-cent ink was better than the 40-cent ink left by his predecessor in office, for the latter was inferior ink, full of varlatter was inferior ink, full of var-nish, and not fit for good work. When witness assumed the office the foreman asked him to have shipped for sale twelve barrels of dross. Witness had them opened and found beneath a layer of dross in each barrel were layers of brass rules and shavings, copper electrotype cluppings, etc.

The contents of each barrel were worth \$50

The witness presented two lists, the first showing that 5i4 persons had been discharged between September 13, 1886, and November 1, 1887, of whom 205 had been re-appointed, and the second showing between November 1, 1887, and February 15, 1888, the discharges numbered 642 persons, of which number 173 had been restored. The witness added that there was now in his office about seven hundred persons who were not in it when he dred persons who were not in it when he came, out of a force of 2,250.

A Boodler Sentenced.

convicted boodlers of Cook county, who has been in jail for many months, came into court this morning and asked that sentence be passed on him at once. His request was granted and he will be taken to Joliet peni-tentiary this afternoon.

DULUTH, Feb. 23.—The total number of injured by the explosion yesterday, includmg those slightly injured, was thirty-four. Four are now dead. The coroner's inquest is in progress to-day, but a verdict is not probable until to morrow.

Robbed the Postoffice. SPRING HILL, Kan., Veb. 23 .- [Special Telegram to the Ber. ]-The postoffice here was robbed this morning. The robbers blew open the safe and secured about \$100 worth of stamps.

SENTENCED TO FIVE YEARS.

Punishment of the Man Who Killed Constable Logan.

ORATORS OF NORTHERN IOWA.

Preparations For a Contest at Mason City--- A Minden Farmer's Unsuccessful Attempt to End His Existence.

Sent Up For Five Years.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb 23.-|Special Telegram to the BEE.]-Joseph Rowe, recently tried at Boone for the murder of Constable Logan, in this city, a year ago and convicted of manslaughter, has been sentenced to state prison for five years. The trial of J. Reed Hurlbut, as accessory before the fact, will take place at Boone in March.

Opposition to Voting the Tax.

Sioux City, Ia., Feb. 23 .- Special Tele grom to the BEE.]-Formidable opposition has developed to the proposition now pending to vote a 3 per cent tax in aid of the projected Sioux City & Northern railroad. It is said that a large number of influential citizens have organized and raised a fund with which to fight the tax. This organization has printed circulars charging that the has printed circulars charging that the scheme is not really to build a connection with the Manitoba system but to aid a line which will be turned over to the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha. The directors of the projected Sioux City & Northert road deny this and claim that their efforts are bona fide. They offer to turn over the management of the enterprise to any representative citizens who may be chosen to act sentative citizens who may be chosen to act as trustees. It is now believed that there is a strong chance to defeat the tax.

Dispensed With Prayer.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 23 .- On account of the strike of the Ministerial association none of the representatives of that body were pres ent yesterday, and the house was opened without prayer. There appeared instead a series of whereases and resolutions stating the resolution adopted by the house on Friday making inquiry why the Catholic clergy was discriminated against in the assignment of ministers as chaplains did not suit them entire matter as an association, and that its members would only appear and pray upon invitation. The house took no action and proceeded to business without the divine sup-

Car Thieves Arrested. WATERLOO, Ia., Feb. 23.-The village of Gifford has been the scene of the plundering operations of an enterprising gang of car hieves this winter, as is proved by recent developments. About the middle of January several Chicago & Northwestern cars were burglarized. The company sent a detective who arrested three men, among them the new station agent of the company, and lodged them in the county jail at Eldora. Tuesday the officers returned and arrested two or three more men.

Amending a Railroad Charter. DUBUQUE, Feb. 23 .- Amendments to the articles of incorporation of the Cedar Rapids & Chicago railroad company were filed in this city to-day. This line, extending from Cedar Rapids to Manchester, has been completed but a few months. The amendments provide for an increase in the capital stock of \$500,000, which evidently means that the company will extend its line to the coal fields of lowa.

Moody and Sankey Meetings. Sloux City, Ia., Feb. 23.-[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—It was decided to-day to continue the Moody and Sankey meetings over Sunday. Rev. Mr. Harsha, who is here, tried to have Mr. Moody spend Sunday and Monday in Omaha, but his engagements would not permit. Immense crowds are attending all the services.

Tried to Hang Himself. MINDEN, Ia., Feb. 23 .- [Special to the BEE. |-Thevis Thies, a prosperous farmer living six miles south of here, attempted suicide by hanging himself with a rope in the barn on his premises last night. His hired man, on going to the barn to do the chores discovered and cut him down just in time to save him. He has acted strangely for the past few days, and attempted his life in a fit of despondency.

North Iowa Oratorical Contest. MASON CITY, Ia., Feb. 23.-[Special Tele gram to the BEE. ]-Complete arrangements have been made for the north Iowa oratorical contest to be held April 20. Ackley, Eldora, Webster City, Osage, Hampton and Clear Lake will send delegates.

The lowa Legislature. DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 23 .- In the senate, bills to provide for the levy of an extra 34 mill state tax for 1888 and 1889, to pay out standing indebtedness, passed by a vote of 39

Mr. Woolson introduced a bill asking an appropriaton of \$50,000 for the erection of a suitable soldiers' and sailors' monument on the capitol grounds at Des Moines.

The bill to repeal the law relating to the appointment of a state veterinarian, was passed. It provides for the appointment by the governor for three years, that the veteri-narian shall be a member of the board of health and his compensation 25 per day. In the house the consideration of the rail-road bill was resumed. No important amend-

ment was made to any section and the consideration will be resumed to-morrow. A resolution was passed by the union convention of railway employes yesterday endorsing the minority report of the senate railroad committee as made by Mr. Dodge. A joint convention of the legislature was held this evening and all caucus nominees, including H. A. Burrell, for regent and the

trustees of the various state institutions were elected. Prison Wardens Crossly and Barr were re-elected.

Iowa's Boss College Orator.

Iowa City, Ia. Feb. 23 .- In the state orator cal contest to-night, first honors were awarded J. K. Wilson, of the Iowa college; second t S. T. Mears, of Cornell college, and third to F. S. Arnold, of Parson's college. Wilson will represent the state in the inter-state contest next May. The contested presidency case resulted in seating McGrew, of Lenox college. Officers for the coming year are distributed as follows: President, Coe college; vice-president, Parsons college;

Delta Tau Delta fraternity is holding a di-vision conference here. It Can't Be Dunn. DUBUQUE, Ia., Feb. 23.-United States Judge Shirass to-day rendered a decision in the case of the R. G. Dun Commercial agency vs. the Dunn Collection and Protection association of Sioux City, granting an injunction restraining the defendants from using the word "Dunn" in the title or any combination

secretary and treasurer, Tabor college. The

of the same in any name. Building Oil Ships. DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 23.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Officials of the Standard Oil company now here, say the company has contracted for the building of four large vessels to carry oil in bulk from Cleveland to Duluth. The returning loads will be iron ore. It is believed the vessels will be built at Cleveland. THE DULUTH DISASTER.

dition and Thirty-Four Wounded. DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 23.-[Special Telegram to the Ber. ]-All day long crowds numbering in the aggregate several thousands have visited the scene of yesterday's awful avalanche of death and disaster. The list of wounded numbers thirty-four and four are dead, with two others in a very precarious condition. The balance are all right and will recover. From early morning until the adjournment of the inquest this evening the street near the morgue, where the inquest was being held, was densely packed with people and in the afternoon the sheriff and two deputies and chief of police and a large number of patrolmen were necessary to open a passage for vehicles. Coroner McComb commenced the inquest at 2 o'clock. The jury is composed of the best class of representative citizens. When the officers appeared having in charge the arrested foreman, Ole Lundberg, the crowd was worked up to a pitch of intense excitement and many lawless cries worked by officers the present of the control of th were heard. Surrounded by officers the pris-oner was led safely through the large con-course of people and into the morgue. His testimony was given in a straight-forward manner, but was materially crossed by the testimony of subsequent witnesses. It will take several days to complete the in-quest, as there are about a hundred wit-nesses to be examined, many of whom are dynamite and its peculiar properties. At 5:30 the inquest was adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow. Lundburg is defended at the inquest by Hon. W. E. McLennon, queen's counsel, of Winnipeg.

TRAIN ROBBERY.

Two Masked Men Do a Neat Job on the Southern Pacific.

Tucson, Ariz., Feb. 25 .- The west-bound train on the Southern Pacific was boarded by two masked men last night at Stein's Pass They cut the express and mail car loose from the train, and compelled the engineer to run down the track about a half a mile with it. They then forced the messenger to open the car, which they rifled of all valuables, but without disturbing the mails. The engineer was then ordered back to the train, and the robbors discurrent of The coveres less is robbers disappeared. The express loss is said to be heavy. A posse is in pursuit.

The Cleveland Contempt Case. CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 23.—[Special Tele-gram to the Bee.]—Mrs. Josephine Ammon, the Euclid avenue lady who was imprisoned in the county jail by Judge Hamilton of the common pleas bench for contempt of court, was released by the Cuyahoga county circuit court last evening on application to suspend the order of the court below. Mrs. Ammon was in jail forty-two days. Josie Blann, a young woman not of sound mind, but owning considerable property, boarded with Mrs. Ammon. Attorney L. H. Johnson was the guardian of the woman, but he was distasteful to her and Mrs. Ammon. An effort was made to have him removed, but Johnson made an effort to get possession of his ward. She was hidden by Mrs. Ammon, and Johnson began habeas corpus proceedings. At the hearing Mrs. Ammon was asked as a witness if she knew the whereabouts of Miss Blann. She refused to answer either the lawyer or court, and the judge imprisoned and fined her \$100 for contempt. Mrs. Ammon had her apartment in jail elegantly furnished and re-fused to purge herself of contempt.

Fatal Horse Plague. NEW YORK, Feb. 23 .- | Special Telegram to the Ber.]—The horses of the New York riding club have been attacked by the epidemic. The club, which has perhaps one of the finest riding stables in the world, numbers about 500 members, nearly one-half of whom keep their choice mounts at its establishment in East Fifty-eighth street, between Madison and Fifth avenue. Many of them are valued at \$2,000 each, and there are hardly any that are not worth at least \$500 The epidemic was first noticed at the beginning of this week. The disease is spinal meningitis. Three horses have died of the epidemic up to this morning. While the disease is recognized as non-contagious, it is infectious, and the strongest precautions have been taken by other riding academies to prevent its entry into their stalls. It is reported several livery stables have been visited by the epidemic, although but slightly, and there was a belief expressed that the epidemic may become quite general and cause the loss of many valuable horses.

The President in St. Augustine. St. Augustine, Fla., Feb. 23.-The pres dential party arrived here at noon, and had a reception at the hotel. In accordance with the president's wish there were no formal ceremonies. A tour of points of interest in the city was made in the afternoon, and thi evening there was a brilliant public reception.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 23.—The president's party this morning inspected the exposition thoroughly before the general public was admitted. Great surprise was expressed by all at the opulence and variety of the flowers and fruit displayed. Mrs. Cleveland envised for the flower than the surprise was expressed by the flower than the surprise was expressed by the flower than the surprise was expressed by the flower than the surprise was expressed. land enjoyed for the first time the experiedce of plucking orange blossoms and oranges from trees and cutting down pineapples. Gifts in endless variety were made to the Gifts in endless variety were made to the presidential party by the officers of the exposition and others, and much space in the car was filled with these when the start was made for St. Augustine. The president goes to-night via Palatka to Titusville, where a steerner will be taken to Book I address the start was to-night via Parata to Trusville, where a steamer will be taken to Rock Ledge, on the Indian river. Leaving there to-morrow noon the party will visit the Sanford exposition and also Winter park. The return trip will be commenced to-morrow night.

A Domestic Tragedy. CHICAGO, Feb. 23.-Julian Tangreen, living on the north side, was found in an unconscious condition in her home this afternoon On the bed lay the bodies of her two children and from appearances they have been dead over twenty-four hours. The police and coroner are investigating.

The mother died at the county hospital to-

night. The cause of the death of herself and children is yet unknown, some holding it to be a case of coal gas poison, while others in-cline to the belief that the mother poisoned the children and herself. An inquest will be held.

Pitiable Condition of Miners. HAZLETON, Pa., Feb. 23.-The congressional investigation committee this morning examined D. M. Evans, a legislator and practical miner. He said the condition of the men cai miner. He said the condition of the men in this region was pitiable. They could not under the store system and the rates paid get enough to eat and wear. Some of the miners never saw a dollar in cash. Other witnesses testified as to the manner in which the miners were held at the mercy of the compa-

A Presidential Poet.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 23.-J. H. Beidler, of Mount Pulaski, sent from here to President Cleveland to-day an original poem written in honor of Washington, Lincoln and Cleveland, printed on silk, trimmed with velvet and bound with neat covers made from the headboard of a bed occupied by Lincoln while in Mount Pulaski many years ago.

The Death Record. Berlin, Feb. 23.-Prince Louis, second son of the grand duke of Baden and grandson of Emperor William, is dead. He was twentythree years of age.

Weather Indications. For Nebraska: Colder, fair weather, fol-

lowed by light rain or snow, light to fresh winds, shifting to northwesterly. For lowa: Fair weather, followed by light

rains, colder in western portions, warmer, followed by colder in eastern portion, light to fresh winds shifting to westerly. For Eastern and Southwestern Dakota: Fair weather, followed by slightly colder and light local snows or rains, light to freshavest-erly winds, becoming variable.

PERHAPS IT IS TASCOTT, Four Dead, Two in a Precarious Con-

> A Man Supposed to Be Snell's Mure derer Captured.

> FOUND AT LEBANON, MISSOURIA

Scars Discovered on His Body Which Correspond With Those on the Fugitive Criminal-Held For Identification.

Is He the Murderer?

LEBANON, Mo., Feb. 23.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Early this morning Sheriff Oscar Ehlers, of Franklin county, assisted by Sheriffs Goodale and Greentree, of this city, and Constable Strawbun, of Rolla, effected the capture of a man who is believed beyond question to be W. H. Thscott, the murderer of Amos J. Snell, the Chicago millionaire. The man gave the name of Walter B. Lumm and claimed to be traveling from Hillsboro, Ill., to his home in southern Kansas, The attention of Sheriff Ehlers was first at-tracted by the man's team, a span of spotted ponies, as he passed through Union last Friday afternoon, by his suspicious actions, and he at once wired the Chicago police, receiving instructions from them to arrest the man at all hazards. By that time, however, Tascott had made such headway that he was not overtaken until he reached here. The description of Tascott tallies precisely with that of the man arrested. There is a scar of a gunshet wound on the right hip, scars on his left knee and thigh and shackle marks on the authors. the ankles. The man has with him a woman who he says is his wife and whose maiden name he gives as Ella Farrinton.

Started After the Prisoner.
CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—On receipt of the news from Lebanon, Mo., that W. B. Tascott was supposed to be in custody there, two officers started for that place for the purpose of bringing back the prisoner if he is found to

be the right man. Theatrical Difficulties. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 23 .- [Special Telegrrm to the BEE. ]-A suit for damages will be commenced to-morrow by Henry Lacy, of the "Still Alarm" company, against D. T. Keiller, of the Kansas City museum, for putting on Mr. Lacy's copyright play, "The Planter's Wife," without permission. Lacy bought the play at New York for \$6,000 and paid the money to Nathan Isendorf, now of this city. Mr. Lacy says he has also been furnished with power of attorney by A. M. Palmer, of the Madison Square theater of New York, to proceed against Mr. Keiller for having produced "The Private Secretary," and using the original posters which read "Gillette as the private secretary."

The Missouri Falling. Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 23.—[Special Telegram to the Bee.]—The Missouri river is falling rapidly and since yesterday's report has fallen twelve inches, and the government guage shows a depth of 14.35 feet above low water. No damage can now result unless terrible rains fall immediately. The river is clear of ice for many miles above this city and is now open to the Mississippi. The next rise will not come until June, when the river will probably reach even a higher point than it has this winter.

A Lucky Explosion. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 28.-[Special Telerram to the BEE. |-John O'Bries, a laborer, while at work this morning, accidentally tipped over a box containing dynamite caps, An explosion followed and the man's clothes were completely blown from his body, but, strange to say, beyond a few cuts and minor

bruises, O'Brien was uninjured. More Indictments Against Shaeffer. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 23 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE.]-The grand jury to-day returned two indictments against Charles A. Shaeffer, one for obtaining \$60,000 in money, bonds and stocks on false pretenses, and the second for attempting to obtain \$149,000 by fraudulent means. A bench warrant was immediately issued and Shaeffer arrested but he manage d to secure bonds in the sum

THE CHEYENNES INDIGNANT. They Strongly Object to the Dawes Sioux Reservation Bill.

PIERRE, Dak., Feb. 23.—Excitement exists among the Cheyenne Indians over the Dawes. Sioux reservation bill, and the chiefs made speeches at an all night council last night. The Indians have raised money to send delegates to Washington to protect their rights, but the authorities refused to grant a permit for the trip. Crow Eagle spoke of this as an outrage. He was anxious to see the reservation opened and knew his people were with him, but they ought to be allowed to have representation at Washington.

Comment on the Fish Treaty. London, Feb. 23 .- The Chronicle, commenting on the fish treaty, says: "Itis a miserable bargain. In the nature of things Canada's concessions appear to be larger than America's, but it would be useless for Chamberlain to extort such terms from America as would lead to a rejection of the treaty by the senate."

The Daily News says: "We still think it would have been better to have chosen a com-missioner less obnoxious to a powerful sec-

missioner less obnoxious to a tion of the American public."

The Times says: "We shall be surprised if a majority of the Canadians do not apprear a majority of the Canadians do not apprear a majority of the Canadians." ciate the fisheries settlement highly. We are certain that the compromise will appear more skillful the more closely it is examined."

An amendment by Shaw-Lafevre, affirming the necessity of measures dealing with arrears of excessive rent in Ireland, was re-jected after a spirited debate. The report on the address in reply to the queen's speech

In the House of Lords. LONDON, Feb. 23 .- In the house of lords this evening Lord Strathden moved that the

government produce the latest papers regarding events in Bulgaria and suggested that Great Britain invite a conference to consider the question. Salisbury promised to place the papers on the table, but did not think a conference desirable. Royal Engagements.

LONDON, Feb. 23 .- It is reported that the Prince of Wales, on the occasion of his silver wedding banquet, will announce the betrothal of Prince Albert Victor to his cousin, Princess Alexander, of Greece, and the be-trothal of Princess Victoria to the Duke of A Priest and Farmers Sentenced.

DUBLIN, Feb. 23 .- Father Kennedy and eight farmers have been convicted and sentenced to two months imprisonment for attending a meeting of a suppressed branch of the National league at New Market, County

A Plan of Campaign Victory. Dublin, Feb. 23.—The plan of campaign, victory near Loughrea was celebrated with bonfires this evening. Sir Henry Burke has granted a 25 per cent reduction, pays the legal costs, reinstates the evicted tenants and pays the cost of their maintenance since eviction. McCarlan has granted a reduction of

Secret Sessions of the Chambers. Paris, Feb. 23.—Despite the opposition of the right the chamber to-day adopted the secret session clause.