OMAHA, TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 31, 1888,

responded to the alarm. The property occu-

pies the west side of Broadway between

Prince and Spring streets, and ex-tends through Mercer street. The build-

ing where the fire originated was

and was occupied by Henry Rogers & Co., dealers in fancy goods; Weed, Nelson & Co., fancy trimmings; C. A. Yost, summer cloth-ing, and Nicholson & Co., boys clothing, No. 545 was occupied by Robertson & Kauf-

No. 545 was occupied by Robertson & Kaufman, dealers in trimmings; P. K. Wilson & Son, importers of laces; Steinfack & Co., boys clothing, and Kaempher, manufacturer of boys waists. No. 547 is a five story building and is occupied by Belanchi & Co., importers of flowers. No. 553 was occupied by Louis Metzer, importer of milliner's trimmings; Jerkonswki & Grust importers of cloth and

Jerkonswki & Grust, importers of cloth, and Mitchell & Richard, clothing. No. 555, a five story brick front, was occupied by R. Isaacs

stroyed. In the other buildings, facing on Spring, Prince and Mercer streets, there is damage by fire and water. The buildings on

the east side of Broadway were also damaged by falling bricks and smoke. The in-

surance adjusters say the loss will reach

A careful estimate places the losses at \$1,400,000. The insurance runs up into the

THE EASTERN BLIZZARD.

The Natives Beginning to Dig Out of

the Drifts. ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 30.—On the New

York Central roads between Buffalo and

Syracuse there were several live stock trains

when last week's storm came up. Efforts

were made to run them to points where the

stock could be sheltered, but in spite of all

efforts nearly fifteen car loads of cattle and hogs destined for Boston and New York were frozen to death near Palmyra and several car

frozen to death near Palmyra and several car loads at other points.

New York, Jan. 30.—The fury of the storm which began Thursday, and which swept the railroads and eastern New York with snow, was not spent until Saturday afternoon and the railroads, up to that time completely at its mercy, began a vigorous fight against the drifts, and unless more snow falls to day the blockeds may be said.

snow falls to-day the blockade may be said to be ended.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 30.—The signal corps station at Nantucket reports upwards of fifty vessels in the ice near there, and from Great Point to Tuckernuck Shoals, many of them are adult, having lost anchors and

chains. The ice is ten inches or more thick, and the most powerful tugs can render them no assistance. Most of them will be wrecked

The Canadian Pacific Blockade.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 30 .- No through trains

ver the Canadian Pacific have arrived since

Wednesday. A trainload of passengers is

said to be saowed in in the mountains and fears are entertained for their safety as their

ONLY DYNAMITE.

An Explosion in Newport Harbor

Shakes Many Eastern Cities.

ble earthquake was felt in Fair Haven,

shortly after midnight, and also at different

points on the cape. At Little Compton, R

I., a heavy shock was felt at 12:40 a. m. Hope Valley, R. I., reports an earthquake shock at 12:40 this morning. The shock is

also reported from various portions of the

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 30 .- An earth-

quake shock was felt here a few minutes be fore 1 this morning. The disturbance ap

peared to travel from south to north. It was

violent enough to shake dwellings and arouse people. The noise continued seven or eight

seconds and resembled a clap of thunder, fol-lowed by a low rumbling. There was no

damage to property.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 30.—This and ad-

joining cities and bay side towns were badly shaken up last night with a dynamite explo

sion in Newport harbor to clear it of ice. In many places it resembled an earthquake, and

reports from various points speak of it as a

The Malice of Balfour.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30 .- [Special Telegram to

the Beg. |-The Tribune's cable from Mr.

Gill, M. P., says that Balfour has issued a

warrant for the re-arrest of William O'Brien

t was signed and placed in the hands of the

police yesterday. This is done, it is said, to

prevent O'Brien speaking in parliament.
DUBLIN, Jan. 30.—Father Stevens, of
Faicaran, county Donegal, has been arrested

t Dunafanagny, in the same county, unde

south of Europe, where he will endeavor to recuperate his health,

The Whittier Homestead.

Сикасо, Jan. 30.-[Special Telegram to

the Bee.]—The statement was made a few

days ago that John G. Whittier had denied

that it was his wish to have the Whittier

homestead at Haverhill, Mass., purchased

and preserved as a monument of affection for him and his poetry. This appears to have been a misstatement, as the Times this morn-

ing prints a letter from Whittier to Miss Frances Willard, in which he expresses his

gratitude at the proposed movement, and hearty wish for its consummation.

The Fisheries Negotiations.

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 30.- [Special Telegram

to the Bee.]—The opinion prevails here that

as matters now stand before the fish commis-

sion, the Dominion government deem a satis-

factory, or in fact any settlement of the fish-

ery negotiations beyond possibility, the only

one being that a convention may lead up t

lispute between the Dominion and the

United States may be amicably settled, and a satisfactory arrangement for more ex-

tended trade relations between the two coun

Steamship Arrivals.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30. - [Special Telegram to

the BEE.]-Arrived-The Pennsylvania, from

HAVRE, Jan. 30 .- Arrived-La Gascogne

QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 30.—Arrived—The Ohio and Egypt, from New York.

An Attempted Assassination

Paus, Jan. 30. A German named Brandt

forced his way into the office of La France

to-day and tried to shoot Decot, but was dis-

basis, upon which all questions

William O'Brien has left Ireland for the

genuine earthquake.

he coercion act.

Liverpoo

from New York.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Jan. 30.-A percepti-

unless prompt assistance is rendered

supply of provisions is short.

the ice breaks up.

\$2,500,000

five-story front double building

MORE THAN A MILLION IN IT annoyance at coming into contact with disa-

greeable odors or with dirt."
"How many bodies do you think you have

take a drink, it will brace your nerves.'

came back, took a drink from the bottle, and fell senseless.
"Thank God for that,' said Christian, 'we

have now two stiffs instead of one, and can get back the money we put up for that fellow

this morning.'"

THE HAG HELPED.

One of the police officers who helped to trace the grave robbers to the Brown house said to-day that the old woman not only

helped to rob the graves, but played a very important part. "She would watch the papers for funeral notices," said he; "then she would dress in black and attend the funeral, either as a mourner or as an intimate friend of the deceased. She would be a

stranger to every person at the funeral, but of course the dead could not speak, and those

with whom she conversed about the corpse

would believe that she really knew the de parted. Of course she would get an invita

tion to go to the cemetery in one of the car riages. She would in that way locate the grave, and, after sundown, or perhaps after

midnight, she, with her male companions would make a start for the cemetery."

HOW THE GRAVES ARE ROBBED.

"Entering the cemetery," the officer went on, "Maud would point out the grave, and while the men robbed she would watch and give the alarm if any one approached, and the resurrectionists would lie low until the

coast was again clear. Then the body would be removed from the coffin and carried off. Many persons have a wrong idea as to how the business is conducted. Most persons think that the earth is removed only from the head of the coffin and that the lid of the

the head of the coffin and that the lid of the box is mashed open. That is not so, because the noise made by smashing open the lid of the box would be too great. The graves are supposed to be about six feet deep, so when the coffin and box are lowered and the lid placed upon them, there only remains about four feet of earth above. The dirt is soft and can be easily moved and then one of the party will take a great which is fastened

The Omaha Postoffice Bill Reported Favorably by the Senate.

THE PADDOCK BILL AMENDMENT.

A Bill Introduced in the House to Abolish the Oleomargarine Tax-Benedict's Economy-Horrible Grave Robbers.

> The Omaha Postoffice. WASHINGTON BUREAU THE OMAHA BEE,

513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 30. Mr. Stanford reported from the committee on public buildings and grounds to the senate to-day the Manderson bill making appropriation for the purchase of a site and construction of a new government building at Omaha. The bill has a number of amendments, the principle of which is the reduction of the amount appropriated to \$1,200,000 from \$1,500,000. The committe makes no observations in reporting the bill, but simply recommends its passage, and Senator Manderson is confident that will be done promptly.

PADDOCK'S POSTOFFICE BUILDING BILL. Mr. Paddock introduced in the senate to day the amendment to his bill providing for the erection of buildings for the exclusive use of postoffices of the first and second class which I anticipated last week. The main proposition in the amendment is that the cost of site, building, furniture, etc., shall not exceed the gross receipts of the postoffice for three years.

THE OLEOMARGARINE TAX. An opportunity was offered in the hous to-day to test the popularity of the oleomargarine law. Mr. Lawler, of Chicago, introduced a bill to abolish this tax, and asked that it be referred to the committee on ways and means, as it was a revenue measure. His real object in having it referred to the committee, however, was to keep it out of the committee on agriculture, which is presided over by Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, the author of the law. When Mr. Lawler made the motion, Mr. Henderson, of Iowa, sprang to his feet and, throwing his hands above his head, cried out:

"Now, boys, let's vote it down. Stand by the law. Send the bill where it belongs, to the committee on agriculture."

The bill was so referred, by a vote of 190 for to 69 against. There is no likelihood of Mr. Lawler's bill ever being reported from

HOW BENEDICT ECONOMIZES. house to-day, in response to a resolution calling for information as to the cause of delay in the publication of the Congression Record, that, he was doing more; work than was ever done in the office before with a smaller force. This is probably true, but I learn to-night that it is done by working the employees from two to six hours extra time every day, that some of the type setters make from \$250 to \$275 a month, ang that the object in Benedict's cut-ting down the force is to give his friends in the office an opportunity to make all the salary possible, while representing to be economiz-ing by a lesser force. The cost is the same to the people, and great inconvenience is be-ing experienced by not having a sufficient force to meet the poesent emergency. An investigation is going to be made of the management of the printing office.

INGALLS ON CLEVELAND. A dipatch was to-day shown Mr. Ingalls, of Kansas, president pro tempore of the senate, written March 25, 1885, in which he said that the principal nominations made by Cleveland had so far been good, strong men, d predicting that if the president could tand the racket" for the next twelve months he would bring his party to its knees and become a strong leader; that the president had a great opportunity and evidently

'Well," said Senator Ingalls, "I wrote that auguration of President Cleveland, While I letter. It was within three weeks of the inperson to whom it was addressed, it was apparently written to a personal friend and seems to have been improperly procured and published. The president had just assumed his office and I was simply giving my impres-sions to a friend." The senator added: "But I don't think president has stood the rac

failed to improve the opportunity.'

THE FIVE PER CENT BILL. Senator Manderson's resolution in the ate to-day calling on the secretary of the in terior for information as to the sale of public lands in Nebraska, and whether 5 per cent of the net proceeds has been paid to the state, is supplementary to the bill introduced some weeks ago by Senator Paddock providing for the payment of such unpaid sums which is now pending before the committee of public lands. When in the senate before Mr. Paddock succeeded in securing the passage of a similar bill which failed in the house. With the co-operation of the entire delegation he thope of more complete success at

NEBRASKA BILLS IN THE HOUSE. Mr. McShane introduced in the house to-day a bill to pay Tobias Castor \$1,400 for horses stolen by the Cheyenne and Sioux Indians from a point known as Oak Grove in Nuckells county, Neb, in 1864; also a bil

to remove the charge of desertion standing against the military record of George W. Madden. Mr. Dorsey introduced a bill to pension Captain Benjamin Contel and to remove charges of desertion.

For many years congress has been deluged with bills proposing to remove the charge of desertion against the military records of men who served in the union army. The last two congresses have refused to act on these measures because they embrace Cass legis-lation. Mayor Steele, of Indiana, who is a member of the house committee on military affairs, to-day introduced a bill which not only make all corrections in military records that proof and justice will warrant. The bill in detail specified the proofs which will be necessary in order to warrant the secretary of war in making the necessary corrections in the records. It will not be possible under this bill for any one who is charged through a technicality with desertion and who honestly did not intend to become a deserter to long

have to suffer the consequences of a defective BOLD GRAVE ROBBERS.

Disclosures of the most revolting character have been made at the rendezvous of Percy and Maud Brown, the resurrectionists, aged ninety-eight and seventy-four years respec-tively. They lived upon the hillside in the northeastern part of the city. Under the house a cellar was found by the detectives, and in this a quantity of grave clothes, bu no bodies were discovered. Here were de no bodies were discovered. Here were de posited the fruits of visits to the cemeteries. till they were disposed of at the medical col-leges here or elsewhere. Since Saturday Percy Brown has been in jail charged with descerating graves in Mount Olive cemetery but no proof being found against him he has been released. Besides, there is no law to

punish resurrectionists in the District of would be impossible to imagine a more horrid looking hag than Maud Brown. face is concave on one side and concave on the other, her nose long and thin, her lips sunken, while her one signtless eye projects from its socket as though striving to penetrate the intermediate darkness, rolls inces-santly, and is even more horrible to look at than the scar which indicates where the ether eye has been. She was dressed in a faded black dress, but wore an immense white ribbon tie in a bow about her lean and wrinkled neck when found in her den by the detectives, and talked freely about her work.

"Do you never experience any feeling of herror while robbing a grave?" was asked.
"None in the least." she replied. "I have he superstition, and the only feeling is one of to jump over the head of General Crook."

KILLED HIS SISTER'S LOVER.

helped to steal!"

"Oh, I could hardly tell, possibly five hundred. I will tell you a funny incident that occurred during one of our expeditions. Dr. Christian, who was a partner of Percy's a A Terrible Tragedy the Result of a Family Quarrel.

SHOT DEAD AT A CHURCH DOOR.

Christian, who was a partner of Percy's a number of years ago, engaged a man named Mike Lanhady as a helper. Mike had been sent to the workhouse for some trivial offense, and the doctor had to put up \$20 to get him out. Well, that night we went out to get some bodies, and Mike was put to work digging at the head of a grave. He was brave enough when he started, but the nearer he got to the corpse the more his courage gave away, and finally his feet slipped into a pool of water which had formed at the head of the coffin, and Mike, as he felt Another Bloody Murder Near St. Joseph-Two Wyoming Cow Boys Cross the Range-The Rowan slipped into a pool of water which had formed at the head of the coffin, and Mike, as he felt it through his shoes, thought that the corpse had seized him with its icy hands. He uttered a shriek, and, as it happened, a mule which had been browsing about the grave stepped near it, and when he heard Mike shriek he raised his own voice in the most discordant bray you ever heard. This was too much for Mike. He scrambled out of the grave and ran as if the corpse was after him, shouting at the top of his voice.

"That man will bring the police on us," said Christian to me. 'See if you can't stop him.' I had a bottle of morphia in my pocket, and taking it out I ran after the Irishman and called to him: 'Here, Mike, take a drink, it will brace your nerves.' He County Feud.

Through the Heart. St. Joseph, Mo., Jan. 30.-[Special Telegram to the Beg. |-Buchanan county added another to her list of murders last night. The coroner was still examining witnesses in the Bulling wife-murder case when the news

teen miles from this city. William Estes, aged eighteen years, shot and instantly killed William Blakely, also aged eighteen, in Wal-lace at 8:30 o'clock last night. The murder took place at the front door of the Christian church. Young Blakely was keeping company with Estes' sister, a sixteen-year-old girl, to which the brother and father objected. A few weeks ago the old man flogged the girl because she refused to drop Blakely, whereupon she left home, living since with a friend in the same town. Last night she and Blakely were at church together. At the close of the service, old man Estes went to his daughter and had some words with her. Blakely then offered to turn her over to her father, advising her to go home with him. This she would not do and went out of the church with her lover. A few yards beyond the door the two met young Estes, the girl's brother, who at once drew a revolver and began firing. He had been to church and, it is supposed, left before services were over in order to get his revolver. The first shot struck Blakely on the lower lip, knocking out two of his front teeth and lodging in the back part of the head. He then drew his revolver and returned the fire without effect. The father of the girl, who had been watching the affray, at this juncture drew a revolver and began shooting at Blakely. The latter turned from the son to the old man and, firing, wounded him in the shoulder. This left Blakely at the mercy of the younger Estes, who stepped up close and sent a bullet through his heart. Wallace is greatly excited over the murder. Blakely belonged to one of the best families of this county and was above

against his keeping company with the young lady. The Estes family does not stand so well. The younger Estes is a hard case and has been in several scrapes. Both father and son would have been lynched last night could

party will take a rope, which is fastened to the lid of the box. Slowly he lifts the end at the head until it has reached the top of the grave, throwing most of the earth to the foot of the throwing most of the earth to the foot of the grave. Two of the party, which is composed usually of three persons, will hold the lid, while the third one slips under it into the grave. If there is a glass top, he slides it back and places the hooks in a convenient portion of the body or about the clothing, and raises the body partially from the casket, or, if necessary, he will take the screws from the casket and remove the headniers. Sometimes when they make a had piece. Sometimes, when they make a bac job of it, or hurry for fear of being captured job of it, or hurry for fear of being captured, the coffin is badly damaged. After once getting the hooks into position and giving the body a start, the live occupant of the grave ascends, and then the body is lifted. The body is stripped of its wearing apparel, which is thrown back into the grave, and then the dirt replaced, and the mound is left in the condition it was. The body is then doubled, the head and feet coming together.

The Browns are native Russians and have istories of the most thrilling character. Washington is much agitated over the work of these resurrectionists.

doubled, the head and feet coming together

and put in a large bag made for the purpose Soon afterward it finds its way to the hallway

of some dissecting room.

NEBRASKA AND IOWA MAIL SERVICE CHANGES Charges have been made in the time sched des of the Star mail routes in Nebraska as follows:

Logan to North Platte-Leave Logan Tues days, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 a. m.; arrive at North Platte by 6 p. m. Leave North Platte Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 a. m.; arrive at Logan by 6 p. m Gordon to Wounded Knee—Leave Gordon Fuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 10:30 a. m.; arrive at Albany by 1:30 p. m. Leave Albany Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 a. m.; arrive at Gordon by 10 a. m. Leave Albany Fridays at 7 a.m.; arrive at Wounde Knee by 10 a. m. Leave Wounded Knee ridays at 10:45 a. m.; arrive at Albany at

In the schedule of Iowa routes the follow ing changes have been made to take effect February 1: Cresco to Elma-Leave Cresco Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 7:30 a. m.; ar

rive at Elma by 2:30 p. m. Leave Elma Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8 a. m. ; arrive at Cresco by 3 p. m. Dyersville to Colesburgh - Leave Dyersville

daily, except Sunday, at 10 a. m.; arrive at Colesburgh by 1 p. m. Leave Colesburgh daily, except Sunday, at 2 p. m.; arrive at Dyersville by 6 p. m.

Nyman to Red Oak—Leave Nyman Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 30 p. m.; arrive at Red Oak by 7 p. m. Leave Red Oak Wed-nesdays and Saturdays at 1 p. m.; arrive at Nyman by 4 p. m.
The postoffice at Wellsville, Cheyenne

county, will be discontinued February 15. A postoffice was established at Mattock, Sioux county, Ia., and Robert Allen appointed postmaster; also at Bennington Douglas county, Neb., and Peter Mangele appointed postmaster. Frank Gappa was to-day appointed post-master at Zeven, Sherman county, vice C.

Fred Newman, resigned. The postoffice at Cottonwood, Butler county, Neb., has been discontinued. The mail goes to Surprise.

William O. Schmidt, of Davenport, and William H. Squire, of Dunlap, Ia., were to-day admitted to practice before the interior

J. D. Kilpatrick and wife, of Beatrice, are at he Arlington. A sub-committee of the house committee on Indian affairs to-day reported favorably to the full committee, the bill opening the Sioux Indian reservation in Dakota. **L** will soon be on the house calendar so that when the senate bill, which is a duplicate, is passed, it can be taken off the speaker's table and con-

in. This is the shortest way PERRY S. HEATH. doing it.

General Miles Ambition. Washington, Jan. 30.—[Special Telegram to the Beg.]-A special from this city to the New York World says that the greatest indignation is heard in Tammany circles over a petition filed by some over-zealous friends of General Miles asking for his promotion to major general in the place of Alfred H. Terry, who is now in Florida on sick leave. The dispatch says: The proceeding is unprecedented. General Miles is now commanding the department of Arizona, and the petition which asks for his promotion is signed by all scuators and representatives of congress from the Pacific slope. The matter is aggravated the more because of General Miles' promotion in the past. After five years service as captain he became colonel of the Fourth infantry, in July, 1860, and was the youngest regimental commander in the service, marrying into the Sherman family he se influence which induced President Hayes to nominate him for brigadier general in 1880, over the heads of much older, abler and more experienced soldiers, such as Colonels Hunt, Getty, Sturgis, Edward Hatch and a half dozen others. He now stands second on the

list of brigadiers, and in his ambition wishes

IOWA LEGISLATURE. Many Important Bills Introduced in

Both Branches.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 30.—Among the measures presented in the senate to-day were:

was brought to him, by telegraph, that a murder had been committed at Wallace, eigh-

reproach in every way. No reason, except personal grounds, could have been urged

Miss | Estes has become insane. Settled By the Citizens. RAPID CITY, Dak., Jan. 30 .- [Special Telegram to the Ber. |-Buffalo Gap, a station on the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley road fifty miles south of here, this afternoon was the scene of a shooting affray which resulted in the killing of two cow boys named Frank Potts and Stansbury Arthur. The pair had filled up on whisky and were attempting to run the town. They had been shooting indiscriminately when the town marshall, "Shorty" Lovett attempted to arrest them. They beat him about the head with six shooters and left him unconscious. D. Davidson, a constable, also tried to arrest citizens then took a hand in the affair, and when the smoke cleared away a couple of cow boys had crossed the range forever Neither was attached to any cow outfit at oresent. It is not known who fired the fatai shots, and no particular effort will be made

to find out. BUFFALO GAP, Wyo., Jan. 30.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—A serious shooting affray occurred in this city this afternoon resulting in the death of Frank Potts and the fatal wounding of Stransburg Arthur, who had been shooting fire arms in the streets and resisted arrest by pounding Officer Lovet over the head with a revolver. A posse of citizens armed themselves and proceeded to assist in making the arrest with the above re sults. Both Potts and Arthur were cowboy well-known here and generally considered peacable citizens. Both had been drinking It is not known which of the citizens did the

The Hatfield-McCoy Feud. CHARLESTOWN, W. V., Jan. 30-[Specia relegram to the Bee.]-Governor Wilson has decided to order out the militia, and put a stop to the Hatfield-McCoy affair at once, he having satisfied himself by thorough inquiry that the reports from the scene of trouble were not

exaggerated. This evening Governor Wilson's represen-tative returned from Logan county and re-ported that the belligerants on both sides in the Hatfield-McCoy affair have disbanded and the trouble ended. The governor has counermanded the order for the militia.

The Pope's Rich Presents. BALTIMORE, Jan. 30 .- A correspondent for the Sun in Rome has furnished an interesting description of the gifts to Pope Leo, on the occasion of the jubilee. So far 7,000 cases of articles have been handled, and the end is not vet. Up to January 13 presents to the value of \$10,000,000 have passed through the hands of the vatican inspectors. Even that sum has been exceeded in money. The United States has outstripped every other country in cash donations.

Vice President Potter's Condition. CHICAGO, Jan. 30 .- Vice-President Potter was better to-day and decided to continue his journey to New York, although against the advice of his physician. He will probably go to Florida in a short time,

Duiuth Banks Consolidate. DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 30 .- [Special Telegran

to the BEE.]-The consolidation of the Duluth national and Union national banks, ru mored a month ago, takes place to-morrov under the name of the Duluth Union nationa bank, with a combined capital of \$1,000,000.

Wholesale Evictions Planned.

Dunlin, Jan. 30 .- Five hundred bill pro

cesses and ejectment notices have been

issued in Londonderry against tenants on Will Prevent Obstruction. LONDON, Jan. 30.-W. H. Smith, in speech this evening, said the government was firm in its intention to enforce the rules

and prevent obstruction of business in porliament. The Anti-Socialist Bill Referred. BERLIN, Jan. 30 .- The debate on the ant socialist bill was resumed to-day. It was

finally referred to a committee Decided Not to Operate. BEHLIN, Jan. 30. -Dr. McKenzie and other examined the crown prince's throat to-day

Schaeffer Rreaks the Record. MILWAUKEE, Jan. 30 .- Jacob Schaeffer roke the record in the fourteen-inch Balk ine billiards to-night with a run of 284.

Elgin Butter Market. Engry, hi., Jan. 30.—Butter sold today Sic; good demand.

By Mr. Reiniger-Amending the law rethe Past Few Days.

lating to capital punishment. By Mr. Weber-Repealing the law relating to the lowa weather service and abolishing the office.

By Mr. Kegler-Repealing the law re lating to the taxation of telegraph and telephone lines, and providing a substitute. By Mr. Funk-Providing for the estabishment of a normal school at Algona.

The senate railroad committee met to-day, and it is understood agreed to report favorably Mr. Young's bill for a two cent passenger rate and a reduced mileage ticket rate.

In the house Mr. Cummins introduced a bill authorizing cities of over 10,000 to license, under certain conditions, the sale of intoxi-

cating liquors.

By Mr. Riley—Providing for a constitutional convention in 1890.

The joint resolution directing the joint rail-road committee to make investigation of rail-

The registration bill was read a third time

and passed.

By Mr. Deal—A bill declaring express companies doing business in the state common carriers, and providing for their regulation by the railroad commission.

By Mr. McCoy—Exempting from taxation a soldier's homestead not exceeding \$1,000 in

alue.
A joint resolution was adopted for the rail-

road commission to demand that railroads furnish cars to shippers in northwestern Iowa and empowering the commission to bring suit and empowering the commission to bring suit
if not complied with.

A message from the governor concerning
the furnishing of additional testimony for
the prosecution of state claims against the general government, recommending the bill

empowering the governor to provide a con-tingent fund for the necessary expenses, was The bill for the appropriation for the sol-dier's orphan home at Davenport was passed. Senator Durgan's concurrent resolution fix-ing the time of the election of United States senators, was concurred in. Several other bills were introduced.

Fire at Macedonia.

Mackdonia, Ia., Jan. 30.—[Special gram to the Bee.]—The fire alarm was sounded about 6 o'clock this morning, causing a general turnout of citizens, who had several hours hard fight with the flames, the fire apparatus of the town consisting of buckets mainly. The fire was in the one-story frame building, owned and occupied by Ashley, Cook & Co., as a drug store and grocery. The postoffice is in the same building. The fire was so well under way when discovered that the first one to enter the building stepped through the charred floor, and had a narrow escape from serious injury. Building and contents were a total loss, amounting to \$4,500. Insured for \$1,000 on building, and \$4,500. Insured for \$1,000 on building, and \$1,300 on stock. Dr. Cook's office adjoining, was also burned. Even with the absence of any wind it was a hard fight to save surrounding buildings. Dye & Co.'s store had a narrow escape, and also the Macedonia State bank. The building owned by W. L. Kussell was damaged about \$100. No cause can be assigned for the fire as there had been no one about the place so as there had been no one about the place, so far as known, and no fire since Saturday night. This is the second time a large fire has occurred on this site. Three years ago the building, then occupied by J. M. Kelley & Co., Mr. Cook being a member of the firm,

was burned, and it proved to be the work of an indendiary, the culprit, named Coburn, was convicted and sent to the penitentiary for two years. The loss this time falls es-pecially hard upon Mr. Ashley, as all his means were invested in this business. Home for Iowa's Soldiers. WATERLOO, Ia. Jan. 30 .- Colonel Eberhart, quartermaster of the Iowa Soldiers' Home, gives a few interesting facts in regard to the condition of the home. There are at present

ninety-two inmates of whom all but eighteen are American born. Twenty-five of the men are farmers. A goodly portion of the other men came from poor houses. Others came from the homes at Buincy, Leavenworth and Dayton, and most of the men c ame from small towns and villages, the larger towns smart towns and vinages, the larger towns contributing as follows: Dubuque, Des Moines and Davenport each two, Council Bluffs one and Burlington none- Of the ninety-two inmates none- Of the ninety-two inmates but eleven are married. One native-born Mexican finds a home there, having served through the rebellion in the Fifth Iowa cav alry. In reply to the question of what in provements were contemplated Colonel Eber-nart said: "Forty acres of ground are to be laid out in one of the handsomest parks in Iowa, and every effort will be made to secur-Grand Army reunions there. Many of the oys come to the home after years of existence boys come to the home after years of existence in indifferent almhouses, completely broken in spirit, but the thought that they have no longer to care for themselves, combined with the generous treatment accorded them works

Thrifty Swedish Farmers.

RED OAK, Ia., Jan. 30 .- At Stanton, in this county, there is a co-operative store run by a branch of the Farmers, Alliance of Scott township. The business has a manager, a bookkeeper, and five clerks, and is playing havor with the trade of the old merchants of the village. The store was started last May. the enterprise of a society incorporated last winter as the Montgomery Farmers' Industrial association. A report was made at the annual meeting of the association, which shows that winter the sales of the store have been large and mainly for cash. By frequent turning of the capital invested, a profit of 50 per cent on the capital stock is reported for the eight months the store has been running. Elated with their success, the Farmers' association will add agricultural implements to the business, and are talking also of starting a bank. Scott township has a considerable population of Swedes and nearly all the members of the association are of that nationality.

Again Sentenced to Hang. Dunuque, Ia., Jan. 30 .- The jury in the Barney Kennedy murder trial reported today, after being out sixteen hours. Their verdict was guilty of murder in the first degree, and the punishment was fixed at death. Kennedy was convicted on a former trial and sentenced to hang, but secured a new trial on ground that one of the jurors was not a naturalized citizen. His attorneys will now move for a third trial because one of the jurors in the trial just concluded became intoxicated during its progress. The general opinion is that Kennedy will be hanged as the jury ordered. If he does escape through the courts he will nave escape the vengence the courts he will never escape the vengeance of the tribunal of public opinion.

A Deputy Sheriff's Forgery. RED OAK, Jan. 30,-H. T. West, of Villisea, late deputy sheriff of this city, was convicted of forgery in the district court yes terday. The crime was committed while he was in office, and when the note came due he, in his official capacity, served the notice of suit upon the parties whose names he is convicted of forging, two Swedes living near Villisca, and attempted to terrorizing them into acknowledging the signatures. F. H. Jerome, a note broker at Villisca, bought the forged paper and loses the amount, as West has no property. It was for \$125.

Frightfully Crushed by Cars. MINBURN, Ia., Jan. 30.- | Special Telegram to the BEE]-Al 4:15 p. m., while an extra

recovery.

freight train was switching here, Frank Jones, 22 years old, in attempting to jump on the snow-plow, fell in front of the plow and was dragged a considerable distance, the engine, tender and one car passing over him, cutting off a lower limb, one hand and crush-ing one shoulder. There is attle hope of his

A SERIES OF SENSATIONS.

Wahoo Receives Several Shocks in

TWO DEATHS AND A SCANDAL.

A Well-Known Resident Chokes to Death, A Young Lady Poisoned, and a Doctor-Preacher and Companion Disgraced.

Sensations at Wahoo.

WAHOO, Neb., Jan. 30 .- [Special to the BEE.]-For a few days Wahoo has been shocked by a series of sensations. One day last week Mr. J. C. Frahm, overseer of the poor farm, complained of a choking sensation in his throat and in ten minutes after was dead. He had been slightly flaicted with quinsy, but it was not considered of any mo-

Mitchell & Richard, clothing. No. 555, a five story brick front, was occupied by R. Isaacs & Bro., dealer in japanned goods; Samuel Leownstein, dealers in neckwear, and Schwak & Son, importers of clancy goods. Nos. 557 and 559 was a large double iron front, and was occupied by Henry Newman, cotton goods; Lipman & Sons, clothing; C. C. Carpenter, dealer in tournures and crinolines; and Reavy & Bros. The double iron front, 501 and 563, was occupied by Stiner, Khan & Co., novelties and Swiss carvings; Gotthold & Co., hat and bonnet frames; T. L. Barber & Co., straw goods, and the Holland manufacturing company, spool sliks, whose factory is in Williamantic, Conn.

The flames spread with astonishing rapidity after oace breaking out, and several accidents occurred. Several men were bruised by falling bricks of walls. Mike Kelly fell and was severely injured. Fireman Sheridan jumped from a burning roof and parts of the wall of the building fell upon him. He was fatally injured and died at noon. The walls of the buildings fell at 5:45, and the ruins covered Broadway, stopping travel for several blocks. The stock in the eight buildings was totally destroyed. In the other buildings, facing on Spring, Prince and Mercer streets, there is Yesterday morning Mira Macaulay, the seventeen-year-old adopted daughter of John Macaulay, living at Ithaca, came to her death very suddenly. She had been slightly ailing and one Dr. Zingre, said to have practiced medicine once, prescribed for her, saying she had bilious fever. The prescription was taken to Dr. Rupp's drug store in Wahoo, and Dr. Rupp filled the prescription, at the same time asking the party bringing the pre-scription if they knew what it was, and telling him it was deadly poison and three drops was a maximum dose for an adult. The party said he knew what it was, and departed with the medicine. Saturday night the young lady grew suddenly worse and Drs. Bush and Stone of this city were sum-Drs. Bush and Stone of this city were summoned, and at once pronounced the case one of poisoning and too far gone for any help. No investigation of the case has been made yet. There is quite a feeling existing against the reputed doctor.

A scandal has just occurred here which is a sweet morsel for the gossips. A few nights ago a doctor who is also a preacher, residing near Ashland and of good family.

residing near Ashland and of good family, came to this city in company with a nice looking young lady, about twenty-two years old, and repaired to the commercial hotel and registered as man and wife. Next morning a gentleman from Ashland came into the Commercial hotel and noticing the names on the hotel register went up to their room to call on them, and behold the mutual surprise. The doctor is nearly sixty years old and hitherto has borne a good reputation.

Condition of Range Cattle. Chadron, Neb., Jan. 30 .-- | Special Tele gram to the BEE. |-A number of Wyoming attle men on their way east, being inter viewed, give as their opinion that the per cent of loss in range cattle will not be as heavy as last winter or as heavy as has recently been reported. The recent severe cold weather and deep snow has been very

hard on cattle and had it continued much longer the loss would have been the heaviest ever known. The want of water has as much, if not more, to do with the loss of cattle as the want of grass, and the present warm weather has melted the snow off and furnished water as well as feed and it is the opinion among stockmen generally that cat-tle can live until grass comes but will come out in the spring in poor condition. It is re-ported that the eastern Wyoming and southern Dakota and northern Nebraska the

A Religious Revival. CHADRON, Neb., Jan. 30 .- [Special Telegram to the Bre.]-Chadron has had a religious revival for the last ten days. Rev. W. W. Maliony, the "Clyclone of the West," has been holding meetings every night and has created such an interest that no church in the city has been large enough to hold the multitude. All the protestant churches have combined on holding union services and last night they held service in the skating rink nd fully 600 persons were in atter About 100 persons have been converted. Rev Maliony will conduct revival meetings every evening for a week yet, when he hopes to double the number of converts.

Amputated His Fingers and Feet. DAVID CITY, Neb., Jan. 35. - Special Telgram to the BEE. |-Dr. Cook, of this city, oday amputated the feet and fingers of Johnnie Denlinger, the little Garrison hero, who risked his own life by wrapping his coat about his smaller brother, who perished in the recent blizzard. Though rendered a crip de for life a neat sum will be contributed for his relief.

Butler District Court. DAVID CITY, Neb., Jan. 30 .- [Special Tele

gram to the BEE.]-District court convened here to-day, Judge Post presiding. Many im portant civil cases are set for trial. There s only one criminal case, that of Spetts against Montgomery, charged with shooting with intent to kill.

A Lady Suicides Near Beatrice. BEATRICE, Jan. 30 .- | Special Telegram to the BEE -Mrs. Henry L. Davis committed suicide to-day by cutting her throat from ear to ear. Mrs. Davis is the wife of a wello-do farmer living twelve miles northeast of here. The coroner will hold an inquest to morrow. The cause for this rash act is un-

McGlynn's Anti-Roman Ravings. NEW YORK, Jan. 30 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE. |-Dr. McGlynn, in an address last night, announced his willingness to take back what he had said about the pope's hat if the machine would give the church a democratic pope. It was too much to expect, he feared, out he hoped the people of Italy would rise and smash the ecclesiastical machine, and that the gold should be torn from the grasp of the ecclesiastical machine, from the hands of the old man with his peacock feathers and all the phantasmagoria of a theater, and the head of the church be made a poor man. The the church was in endowments the poorer she was in the grace of God. ever heard of confessor who would refuse to absolve a Jay Gould, or Collis P. Hunting-ton, or a member of the Standard Oil comhe asked. The audience cheered and yelled. McGlynn then related a story about Powderly. "This head of an order, composed of men of all religious denominations, is not satisfied." McGiynn said, "with bend-ing the knee before Cardinal Gibbons, but had sent him as an ambassador to Rome, and had paid this ambassador's expenses out of the funds of the Knights of Labor. The speaker would not be surprised to discover that some of the same funds had been spent to buy up me of the underlings, and not so far under, either, at the vatican.

Detailed to Kill the Czar.

London, Jan. 30 .- Advices from St. Petersburg say that a prominent army officer shot himself fatally recently and before dying told the surgeons he was a member of a secret society and had been detailed to as sassinate the czar, but had preferred sui cide. A searching investigation is in prog

British Grain Trade Review. LONDON, Jan. 39 .- The Mark Lane Expres says: There is no demand for native wheats

and it is impossible to sell except at a decline. Foreign wheat values are only nominal. Flour is greatly depressed. Foreign declined pence per sack. Corn steady; oats dull.

James Reduath Dying. New York, Jan. 30.-The physician of James Redpath, journalist and lecturer, has given up hope of his patient's recovery.

Father McFadden Sentenced. DUBLIN, Jan. 30.-Father McFadden was to-day sentenced to three months imprison-

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE. CAROLINE WAS UNFAITHFUL, Eight Loaded Store Buildings Destroyed in New York.

New York, Jan. 30 .- One of the largest The Latest Sensation in the Cartes fires that has occurred in this city for many months broke out in the store of Henry Rog-

NUMBER 227.

ers & Co., 549 Broadway, early this morning. It extended and destroyed five adjoining stores. All engines below Forty-third street STORY OF A HUSBAND'S WRONGS.

Divorce Case.

The Fair Plaintiff Charged With Having Scandalized America and Europe With Her Outrageous Amours.

Leslie Strikes Back.

Curcago, Jan. 30.-[Special Telegram to the BEE. |- Attorney Leslie A. Carter filed to-day a cross bill in the divorce proceedings pending between himself and his wife, Caroline Louise Carter. The allegations are rather startling and have created a decided stir. The case is already well known throughout the country, the high standing of the defendant and the charges preferred by Mrs. Carter having made its outcome a matter of much interest. Now the cross bill with its sensational charge that the wife has been guilty of adultery with Kyrle Bellew, the well-known English actor, at present playing in New York, as well as with other men, furnishes a fresh charm for scandal

The bill, after stating the standing of the case as it is at present in court, and denying the charges made by complainant, says: Your orator further represents that in the

month of August, 1885, at Cooperstown, in

lovers

the state of New York, said Carotine Louise Carter, in utter disregard and violation of her marriage vows and obligations, committed adultery with one James F. Pierce, and and that at divers times in the month of April, 1884, at the Brunswick hostelry in the city of New York, committed adultery with one James B. Gilbert, Your orator further represents and charges the fact to be that at divers dates in the months of September and October, 1886, at the city of New York, said Caroline Louise Carter committed adultery and had carnal knowledge with one Kyrle Bellew. Your orator represents, upon in-formation and belief and believing said charges, that said Caroline Louise Carter has at divers times and places at the said city of Chicago, in the city of New York, at Cooperstown, in the state of New York; at Paris, in the republic of France; at Basle, in the republic of Switzerland; at Krenznach, in Germany and at divers other places, to your orator unknown, committed adultery with persons to your orator unknown. Your orator was wholly ignorant of the guilt of Caroline Louise Carter until in or about September 1886, and subsequently thereto. On August 1, 1885, Caroline Louise Carter, in spite of his dis-approval and against his protest left this country for Europe, departing abruptly and without his knowledge or that of her mother or friends, as he believes. At the earnest solicitations of your orator and her mother she returned in the latter part of the same she returned in the latter part of the same month, but upon her return she insisted upon going back again to Europe, and finally, on October 24, 1885, although he expressly disapproved of her doing so and used every effort to induce her to remain with him and his child, she again left for Europe. Since the last mentioned date he has not cohabited with her as his wife. When told she had sailed for Europe she gave him to understand she would immediately return, and he, subsequent to October 24, 1885, urged her by letter to do so, your orator represents further, that, not-withstanding this, she remained abroad until September 1, 1886, and that during her absence she indulged in great extravagances and loose conduct, all of which was unknown to him until about said month of September, to him until about said month of September, 1886. He believes she expended upward of \$25,000 during said absence. Your orator further represents that during this absence Caroline Louise Carter so conducted herself. with men as to acquire a thoroughly bad reputation, which your orator now believes

she deserved. On or about September 1, 1886, Caroline Louise Carter sailed from Liverpool for New York city and purposely concealed the fact from him for the purpose of further deceiving him regarding this claudestine trip, she, prior to her departure, wrote in London a series of letters dated September 3, 10, and 17, 1886. These she left behind her to be mailed to him at intervals correspon with the dates, so your orator might believe she was still in England, whereas the fact was

she was in New York.
Mr. Carter says he does not know her reason for this conduct, but says, when he learned of it, he endeavored to induce her to return home. Instead she sailed again for Europe on October 9, 1886. Although having just grounds of complaint against her for extravagance and imprudent conduct, he did not believe her unfaithful to her marriage vows until rumors, taken in connection with her general behavior, ner frequent trips to Europe, her extraordinary extravagance and imprudent acts, led him reluctantly to regard her conduct with the gravest suspicion, which resulted in his ascertaining that she has been repeatedly guilty of adultery from 1882 up to ber 1886, and even since the and since September 1886, and filing of her bill of complaint.

THE MUCH-WIVED WILKINS. He is Taken to St. Paul in Charge of a Detective.

FERGUS FALLS, Minn., Jan. 30.-John Wilkins and one of his six wives were arrested at Scambler, Sunday and arrived here this morning from Felican Rapids en route to St. Paul in charge of a detective. Wilkins is the son of a director of the Stradard Oil company at Cleveland and it was recently discovered cities during last year, and was living with all of them at one time, each of them thinking she was his only wife

Visible Supply Statement. CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The visible supply of grain for the week ending January 28, as compiled by the secretary of the Chicago board of trade, is as follows:

Wheat......41,761,000

Duluth's Grain Supply. DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 30.- Special Telegram

o the BEE.]-Less than 7,000,000 bushels of wheat are in store here to-day, against 11,000,-000 a year ago. This poor showing is due to the protracted and numerous blockades on all railroads centering here. The car receipts

to-day indicate a large increase by next Satur-

Two hundred cars of coal a day are beng shipped to the regions threatened with famine in the southwest. Reading Employes in Washington. Washington, Jan. 30.—A committee representing the striking operatives and miners of the Reading and Lehigh Valley railroad companies and the Reading Coal and Iron com-

purpose of urging congress to take action with reference to the Reading troubles. They will present a petition to the house, Death of an Eminent Botanist. Boston, Jan. 30.—Professor Asa Gray, the eminent botanist and professor of botany in Harvard college, died of paralysis this even-

pany, arrived in Washington to-day for the

ng, aged seventy-seven. Weather Indications. For Nebraska: Colder, fair weather, light to fresh variable winds.

For Iowa: Colder, fair weather, light to fresh variable winds. For Dakota: Slightly colder, fair weather, light to fresh variable winds,