BUTTON HOLING ABOUT OVER.

The Political Canvass in Lancaster Practically Completed.

REVIEW OF THE SITUATION.

Triumph in Store For Judge Maxwell—Business at West Lincoln—The Dedication of Trinity—Capital City Brevities.

[FROM THE BEE'S LINCOLN BUREAU.]

The campaign in Lancaster county is practically closed and between this and Tuesday stretching button holes will be the order of the day. It has been a lively campaign in many respects. The prohibitionists and republicans have conducted a school house campaign with speaking over the county and the democrats have worked the still hunt process. The canvass has been, on the whole, free from any great exhibitions of acrimony and no one of the parties expect to see a full vote polled. The country vote in Lancaster county is very heavy, but if nature smiles on Tuesday as she has for a month past a great many farmers will undoubtedly prefer to gather corn under the Italian skies rather than run the gauntlet of Italian wire workers at the polls. Yet there will undoubtedly be a large vote polled, and especially in the city of Lincoln. There is a heavy floating vote in Lincoln the present year, brought in by the many public improvements in progress, that may prove an element of uncertainty that will visibly affect results when the polls close. The prohibitionists are making a very aggressive fight for their candidate for county treasurer, and it is announced that the democratic candidate for that place is practically off the ticket to allow the democrats to support the prohibition candidate. The democrats are using vigorous efforts to elect their candidate for sheriff and to elect Mr. Sawyer as one of the district judges. Mr. L. C. Humphrey, one of the prohibition candidates for district judge, is practically off the track, and the prohibitionists will largely support Mr. Sawyer. They will also poll as heavy a vote as possible for Mrs. Ada M. Brittenbender, their lady candidate. For supreme judge, Samuel Maxwell will run far ahead of his ticket in Lancashire county, and this prediction is made by old timers who have watched election returns for years, that Judge Maxwell will have 95,000 majority in the state. In the past few days numerous and voluminous circulars have been spread abroad in the land, and citizens who cannot read a word of German are admonished that election day is at hand by taking circulars in that language from their postoffice pox. The masterly inactivity of the State Journal has been one of the features of this campaign.

PACKING HOUSES AT WORK.

The two packing houses at West Lincoln are now at work and hogs are received daily sufficient to answer present demands. The new parties from Chicago who have taken the Fitzgerald house in hand seem to be the right men for the place and they will push the house during the season. Fifty thousand dollars will be expended in adding necessary buildings and in enlarged facilities, so that the work may continue the year through. The stock yards at West Lincoln report an increased business, and prospects are bright at the west suburbs.

AN ADDED CHURCH.

Yesterday the formal dedicatory services were held that added to the Methodist churches in Lincoln another edifice, that of Trinity Methodist Episcopal church, located in South Lincoln. The services took place at 3 p. m. yesterday. They were conducted by Dr. Marine, pastor of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal church, and a very large audience was in attendance at the services. The Methodists in Lincoln now have four houses of worship. St. Paul's, the elegant structure in the center of the city, Grace church in East Lincoln, Trinity, in South Lincoln, and the new Methodist chapel in West Lincoln.

CREDITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

The state institutions located at Lincoln seem to be in good keeping and doing reformatory and curative work in a manner to be approved. The BEE has inquired of the state board and the governor, and the belief seems to be with them that the institutions and their management are to be commended. Governor Thayer has departed from the customs of former state executives and has given the state institutions especial supervision. He has visited the penitentiary a dozen times or more in the past six months and become acquainted with its methods and workings in its many departments. The governor does not make stated and official visits with due notice beforehand, but calls at the penitentiary during working hours and at such times when no preparation could be made to alter things if a desire so to do, existed. The governor has dropped in upon the penitentiary at the breakfast hour and became thoroughly acquainted with the food supplied and the little things that make up life within the prison walls. He has talked with many of the convicts and in a way that if they had any ill-treatment or grievances to complain of he is sure that they would have made them known, but after close inspection he has expressed himself as entirely satisfied with the work, care and treatment there and does not hesitate to express his belief that under Warden Hyers the penitentiary is one of the best maintained in the land. The discipline under the warden is perfect and he is ably assisted by Dan Hopkins, the deputy. The governor also expresses entire satisfaction at the present management of affairs at the hospital for the insane which he has also often visited and closely scrutinized in all its workings.

BRIEF ITEMS.

The Nebraska Capital, which has been for several years a weekly state paper published here, will issue hereafter a city edition on Saturday mornings that will be devoted to society and become the second society paper in the city.

Workmen on the grading and paving and the making of gas and water connections were busy all day yesterday, notwithstanding it was Sunday. It was in sharp comparison with the blue law Sundays of the early spring.

Telephone connection has been made as far west as York from Lincoln, and that city is now in "Hello" connection with the state capital.

All trains were late Saturday evening eastward, owing to the burning of a bridge on the B. & M. a few miles west of this city. A prairie fire caused the conflagration.

The new yards at the new B. & M. freight depot adjoin the yards of the Elkhorn line and the Missouri Pacific. Taken altogether the combined yards form a brilliant scene at night and a busy one during the day.

A man named McCarty was in the city jail yesterday awaiting a hearing on the charge of firing the old Metropolitan building. At the time of the fire it was evident that it was the work of an incendiary, and McCarty has been a suspect since that time.

Supreme court meets this week on Wednesday instead of Tuesday, the usual day to which adjournments are taken. The Omaha police case will be presented on the day of meeting.

Caution.

Imitations have been foisted upon the market so closely resembling Allcock's Porous Plasters in general appearance as to be well calculated to deceive. It is, however, in general appearance only that they compare with Allcock's, for they are worse than worthless, inasmuch as they contain deleterious ingredients which are apt to cause serious injury. Remember that Allcock's are the only genuine porous plasters—the best external remedy ever known; and when purchasing plasters do not only ask for, but see that you get Allcock's Porous plasters.

The Iowa Teachers' Visit.

Some thirty teachers from Missouri Valley and Dunlap, Ia., came to Omaha Friday to visit the schools and examine the educational methods in use here. Superintendent James and Miss Powell, one of his principals, divided the company between them and made the stay of the visitors a pleasant and profitable one. The teachers returned Saturday to their homes highly pleased with their visit.

The most remarkable cures of scrofula on record have been accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try it. Sold by druggists.

BOOK REVIEW.

A LATE production of Horatio Alger, jr., is entitled "Joe's Luck," and is the first number of the "Boys' Home Library." A. L. Burt, 162 Williams street, New York, is the publisher.

To write successful stories for the young is a difficult matter, but Horatio Alger, jr., has succeeded as well perhaps as any living author. His popularity is due to the thoroughly healthy and sound moral tone of his stories without lessening their exciting and adventurous interest. "Joe's Luck" is the first of the "Boys' Home Library," a series which is to include boys' books of the highest grade at a low price.

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"THE WONDER CLOCK" is a recent addition to the little folks' library by Howard Pyle, embellished with verses by Katherine Pyle and published by Harper Bros. This book is beautifully bound and will stand much handling by the little fingers. It contains twenty-four marvelous tales, one for each hour of the day, appropriately illustrated and interesting throughout. In every portion it is an ingenious compilation for the entertainment of the little ones, and is well worth a place on their shelf. It is for sale by J. S. Caulfield.

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COUNTLESS HISTORIES of the civil war have been laid before the public to be met with more or less appreciation. It matters not how often this subject may have been dealt with, each year seems to bring forth one or more additional works upon the same topic. It is a peculiar fact that each new production receives careful attention, and if the author lends to it the merit of some new features in fact and rhetoric, a thorough perusal is the result. The latest of these is by Charles Carleton Coffin and published by Harper & Brothers, entitled "Drum Beat of the Nation." It deals with the first period of the war of the rebellion from its outbreak until the close of 1862. Handsomely illustrated and written in an unusually entertaining style it will be found, replete as it is with fact and anecdote, an interesting and instructive work for those to whom it is dedicated: "The sons and daughters of those who followed the drum beat that the nation might live." For sale by J. S. Caulfield.

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"HORSE, FORT AND DRAGONS," is a decidedly interesting work of Rufus Fairchild Zogbaum and published by Harper & Brothers. This book contains sketches of army life in four nations: France, Great Britain, Germany and the United States. It is handsomely illustrated and is one of the most complete works ever penned upon this subject. Pleasing in phraseology and replete with information it will be found a valuable addition to the library of the soldier and civilian. It is for sale by J. S. Caulfield.

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A VERY interesting and instructive work is entitled "A History of the Negro Troops in the War of the Rebellion" by George W. Williams, L. L. D. The book is dedicated to the negro soldiers and is a complete history of their services in the late unpleasantness. Harper Bros. are the publishers, and the book is for sale by J. S. Caulfield.

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"TONY THE MAID" is a novelette written by Blanche Willis Howard and published by Harper Bros. It is an interesting tale and well worthy a place on the shelf. It is for sale by J. S. Caulfield.

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THE WIDE circulation of the cloth bound copies of "Natural Law in the Business World," by Henry Wood, has prompted the publishers, Lee & Shepard, Boston, to issue the work in a cheaper form. At the price of 30 cents this valuable work is now within the reach of all.

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MRS. ALINE DELANO has translated from the Russian, Count Leo Tolstoi's "In pursuit of happiness."

The book is decidedly interesting to those who can muster the courage and patience necessary to encounter the names of the characters and the localities. The author is entitled to the credit of having drawn a pleasing, instructive picture of Russian life, but to the translator is due many ecomiums for the patient industry she must certainly have manifested in bringing her labors to a successful completion.

D. Lothrop Co., Boston, are the publishers.

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NOVEMBER ends the Wide Awake year with a thanksgiving number in all but the technical sense. Besides the long stories that come to an end—there are none beginning; next month is the time to begin—there is rich and varied fare. "Baked Beans" and "Brown Bread" were little twin negroes, to whom befell as strange an adventure on Boston commons as if they were winged fairies; all of which is related in as jolly a little story as ever was told—by Edward B. Payne. Jessie Benton Fremont describes a visit to Hans Anderson at his home in Denmark; and those brief four pages are full of delightful history. The Luck of Endenhall gives occasion to an illustrated sketch of the real Endenhall, the manor house in England. There are pictures of the hall, in the lawn, in the park, the church, an old cottage and Eden bridge. Pictorial Concord comes to an end with its old houses and many mementoes of patriotism and genius. The year has been a rich one. We look with expectation. What can the new year bring to surpass it! But we have a hint in the premium list, a wonderful document. We never saw such a list, so generous handling of generous things. Let every family send five cents to D. Lothrop Company, Boston, for a sample copy, if only to get that list of good things to be got for a little neighborly work.

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LITTLE POLLY BLATCHLEY, by Frances C. Sparhawk, illustrated, published by D. Lothrop company, is a pleasant, quiet story for girls, full of home incident, its principal character, little Polly, being evidently modelled upon some genuine household darling. Polly was one of the naturally good children, although she had occasionally her little bursts of temper, which made her all the more lovable when she got over them. She was always happy, from the fact that she had a power of amusing herself and entertaining everybody else at the same time, so that she was kept from the fretfulness of not knowing what to do with herself. Her experiences from the time she was running about the nursery until she was big enough to try to write prize stories, are very entertainingly told. Not all of them, of course, but enough of them to show that she was just such a little girl as would be a treasure in any family, as the real Polly undoubtedly was in her own. The book is beautifully printed and bound, and is crammed with pictures.

PERIODICALS.

IT IS somewhat surprising that the American woman has not heretofore been accorded the representation in periodical literature to which her increasing identification with the more important phases of social progress fairly entitles her. This deficiency has at length been provided for in the establishment of a new illustrated magazine, entitled Woman, the first number of which, dated November, is just at hand. It hails from New York, its publishers being the Woman Publishing Co., No. 122 Nassau street. In its artistic appearance, the tone of its literary contents, and the style of its mechanical execution, it is deserving of the warmest praise, it being obviously the purpose of its publishers to maintain it on a high plane of excellence. Among the editorial contributors in this initial issue are: Thomas Hardy, Frederick Saunders, Marion Harland, Catherine Owen, Richard A. Proctor, Thomas Stevens, Nellie Bly, Helen Campbell, Mary Elizabeth Frye, Grace Winthrop, Louise Chandler Moulton, Charles Alex. Nelson, Beatrice Presswood, Harriet Prescott Spofford, Geoge Egbert Symonds, and Judge Erskine.

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THE FORUM for November has the following contents: Warfare Against Society, President F. A. P. Barnard; Should Fortunes be Limited? Edward T. Peters; The Use and Abuse of the Veto Power, John D. Long; Is the Negro Vote Suppressed? Senator A. H. Colquitt; The Panama Canal from Within, George C. Hurlbut; Shall Utah Become a State? George Ticknor Curtis; Christianity and Communism, Rev. H. Van Dyke, jr.; What is the Object of Life? W. S. Lilly; Books That Have Helped Me, Brander Matthews; Avoidable Dangers of the Ocean, Lieutenant V. L. Cottman; Caterpillar Critics, James Lane Allen.

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WITH THE current number of the Century Magazine begins its eighteenth year and thirty-fifth volume. As usual the November number is especially notable.

Great value and, at this time, wide populas interest attaches to Mr. Kennan's paper on the "The Last Appeal of the Russian Liberals," the text of which, for the first time in English, is included in his article—in fact, the appeal has hitherto not really been published at all.

The frontispiece this month is a portrait of Washington by Wright, of Philadelphia, made in 1784, and now for the first time engraved. Of this portrait it is stated that Washington wrote to Mrs. Powel, for whom it was painted, that "it was the best for which he had then sat," while Tuckerman said that "perhaps no portrait of Washington bears such convincing marks of genuine individuality without a particle of artistic flattery."

The number throughout is unusually interesting.

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LOUISA M. Alcott contributes one of her charming stories, entitled "Pansies," to the first number of the new volume of St. Nicholas. It is followed by the bewildering array of short stories, entertaining sketches, and bright jingles and verses.

"How Marie Obtained Miss Alcott's Autograph" tells how an ingenious boy secured the coveted signature for his sister without the assistance of the popular authoress; "Time and Tommy" is the description, by Delia Wyman, of the adventures of a boy who suddenly finds that the world has been turned backward and is revolving from east to west; "Little Matti of Finland" is a delightful tale of a little known-land, with many clever silhouette illustrations by Helen M. Hinds; "What Happened to the Bridegroom" is a melancholy tragedy in white frosting and wedding cake, by William Theadore Peters; Colonel R. M. Johnston contributes an account of an exciting encounter between "Buck and Old Billy;" and Almont Barne's "A Spanish Tale" is an old time fairy story.

Of a more instructive turn, but no less interesting are:

"A Peasant Painter—Jules Bastien-Lepage, by Ripley Hitchcock, who gives the life story of the talented young French artist with many beautiful examples of his art; "Elephants at Work," by John R. Coryell; the true story of Pocahontas, by E. S. Brooks, who writes of her in his "Historic Girls" series as "Ma-ta-oka of Pow-hatan; The Girl of the Virginia Forests"; and "The Last Chance of Life," by David Ker, a characteristic episode in the life of Napoleon Bonaparte.

For fear of losing a day's work, many persons put off taking physic until Saturday. The better plan is not to delay but take it as soon as needed, it may save you a hard spell of sickness. If you want the most benefit from the least amount of physic without causing you any inconvenience, loss of appetite or rest, take St. Patrick's Pills. Their action on the liver and bowels are thorough, they give a freshness, tone and vigor to the whole system and act in harmony with nature.

Permits to Wed.

Judge McCulloch issued the following marriage licenses Saturday:

Nels Nelson, Omaha	24
Mary Hansen, Omaha	25
Lester McGren, Omaha	23
Louisa Kurz, Omaha	19
Joseph Scharbeano, Omaha	24
Dora Harnon, Omaha	18
Vendelin Nepodal, Omaha	25
Mary Lennin, Omaha	20

Storm calendar and weather forecasts for 1888, by Rev. Irl R. Hicks, with explanations of the "Great Jovian Period," upon which our planet is now entering, mailed to any address on receipt of a two cent postage stamp. Write plainly your name, postoffice and state. The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

L. H. Lyford is in town selling fish. He hails from Boston, and represents the Snow Fish company, one of the largest firms of the kind on the Atlantic coast.

How Women Would Vote.

Were women allowed to vote, every one in the land who has used Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" would vote it to be an unfailing remedy for the diseases peculiar to her sex. By druggists.

Meeting of the Committee.

There was a meeting of the committee at the office of Chief Engineer Galligan yesterday afternoon of the committee having in charge the by-laws and constitution for the regulation of the Veteran Firemen's association. The work of the committee was considered, and the same will be presented at a meeting of the vets next Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock.

We are safe in saying that no article of household utility has been so extensively imitated as the "Garland Stoves and Ranges." While this is a compliment to their merit, it is none the less detestable and annoying. Purchasers should see to it that they get the genuine.

Notice to the Trade.

F. D. Huston, being no longer in our employ, has no authority to represent or collect for us.

HOUSER & WOODLAND.

Plush parlor setts at great sacrifice, on easy payments. New York Storage Co., cor. Capitol ave. and 15th st. Bennett's Block.

Wanted—Good inside property for cash customer. Geo. J. Paul, 1609 Farnam st.

Physicians supplies and surgical instruments at Goodman's, 1110 Farnam.

THE COMMERCIAL TRAVELER.

Items of Interest to the Men on the Road.

THE DRUMMER'S INQUISITION.

Some Prominent Salesmen—Biographical—Omaha's Sunday Guests—Samples.

The Drummer's Inquisition.

Scene in the ante room of the Grand lodge of K. of the G. W. C. T. A., with a belated drummer and the grand W. Inquisitioners as the principal characters.

"Whence comest thou, pard?"

"From the lodge of the Holy St. Johns, Michigan."

"Then you are a drummer?"

"I am so taken and accepted by all the boys."

"How may I know you to be a drummer?"

"By my cheek and my fifty-pound sample case. Try me."

"How will you be tried?"

"By the square."

"Why by the square?"

"Because the square is a magistrate and an emblem of stupidity."

"Where were you first prepared to be a drummer?"

"In my mind."

"Where next?"

"In a printing office, adjourning a regular post of drummers."

"How were you prepared?"

"By being divested of my last cent, my check rubbed down with a brick, a bunion plaster over each eye and a heavy sample case in each hand. In this fix I was conducted to the door of the post."

"How did you know it was a door, being blind?"

"By first stepping in a coal scuttle and afterward bumping my head against the door knob."

"How gained you admission?"

"By benefit of my cheek."

"Had you the required check?"

"I had not, but Steve Sears had it for me."

"How were you received?"

"On the sharp toe of a boot, applied to my natural trousers."

"What did this teach you?"

"Not to fool around too much."

"What happened next?"

"I was set down on a cake of ice and asked if I put my trust in mercantile reports."

"Your answer?"

"Not if I know myself, I don't."

"How was you next handled?"

"I was put straddle of a goat made out of a 2x4 and trotted nine times around the room by four worthy brothers and then trotted in front of the left bower for further instructions."

"How did he instruct you?"

"To approach a customer in three upright regular steps, with my business card extended at right angles, my arms forming a perfect square."

"How was you then disposed of?"

"I was again seated on a cake of ice in front of a dry goods box and made to take the following horrible and binding oath:

I, Charles S. Robinson, do hereon and herein most everlastingly and diabolically swear by the Great Bob Tail Flush, that I will never reveal and always steal all the trade secrets I can for the use and benefit of this most august order. And I further swear by the Bald Headed Jack of Clubs, that I will never give, carve, make, hold, take or cut prices below the regular rates. And I further swear, by the pipers that played before Moses to never have any commercial dealings with any man or his wife, sister, grandmother, old maid, aunt or uncle unless they, he, she, or it is sound on the goose. Binding myself under no less a penalty than to have my grip sack slit from top to bottom, my dirty shirts and socks taken out, and my reputation removed and buried in the river at the new bridge, where the Salvation army ebbs and flows every two and one-half hours. So help me Bob Ingersoll, and keep me in backbone.

"I was then asked what I most needed."

"What was your reply?"

"Money."

"What did you then behold?"

"A copy of Dun & Co.'s reports, open at chapter 'Muskegon.' Upon the open book rested a pair of drug scales, in one pan of which reposed ten pounds of concentrated lye and in the other sat a small silver jackass."

"What do the emblems signify?"

"The scales indicate the balance between debtor and creditor. The other emblems represent the liabilities and assets of bankrupts."

"Did this teach you any lesson?"

"You bet it did. It taught me that the former are generally almighty much better than the latter."

"Have you any cigars?"

"I have."

"Give 'em to me!"

"I did not receive them thus, neither will I so impart them."

"How will you dispose of them?"

"Sixty days' time or 2 per cent cash f. o. b."

"All right; begin."

"Up" "Em" "Set."

Biographical.

C. H. MORRIS is on the road for M. E. Smith & Co., in the dry goods and notions trade. In common with a number of other gentlemen drumming for that firm, he commands a first rate business. His territory lies through northwestern Nebraska Wyoming and Dakota, where he is well and favorably known. A native of Pennsylvania, Mr. Morris has had fifteen years' experience in the dry goods business. For six years he traveled for a St. Joe firm, and he has also been "out" a couple of years for a Philadelphia house. He has the faculty of making a good impression on his customers and never fails to return their good will once secured. Mr. Morris is twenty-eight years old and unmarried.

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EUGENE PITTS is among the best known knights of the grip in this state. He is now peddling boots and shoes in wholesale quantities for Williams, Van Aernam & Harte, and was formerly with Z. T. Lindsay & Co. He is about 35 years of age. On a certain occasion Mr. Pitts purchased from a farmer in this state, who was not posted in market prices, several car loads of potatoes at 30 cents a bushel. Pitts knew that they were bringing 70 cents in Omaha, so when he caw the big chance for a "spec" he purchased all that he could, and agreed to give in payment a good stock of boots and shoes. Just before the latter were shipped the drummer sent word to the farmer to send the potatoes down to Omaha. In the meantime the farmer had learned the price of the underground fruit, and he replied that he would not sell for less than 50 cents. Gene could not go this, and his many fond hopes were dashed. Ever since then he has been known as "Potato Bug" Pitts. Mr. Pitts now commands and covers a big trade along the B. & M. road in Nebraska, and the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy in Iowa.

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T. B. KAIL is a married man, a little over thirty years of age, quite handsome and makes his home at Norfolk. He was formerly connected with Beatty & Olmstead, but is now with Williams, Van Aernam & Harte, wholesale boot and shoe dealers of this city. He covers the territory along the Fremont & Elkhorn Valley road and the Rock Island and Northwestern in Iowa as far as Des Moines. As well as being an excellent salesman and a good entertainer, Tommy is a genius. He is the inventor of a steam engine and the manufacturer of a novel cane made of buffalo horns.

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GEORGE W. TRACY travels for the firm of M. E. Smith & Co. His route is in western Iowa. Mr. Tracy is forty years of age and a native of Massachusetts. An experienced drummer, Mr. Tracy has had a successful career on the road and he possesses the confidence of his house and the esteem of the many patrons he has won and retained for his employers.

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T. H. DANIELS has traveled for M. E. Smith & Co. since 1874. His route lies on the Union Pacific road to North Platte. Mr. Daniels is a native of New York and thirty-four years of age. He is a practical and thorough dry goods man, and is a very successful salesman.

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CHARLES MEYER represents G. H. & J. S. Collins' leather and saddlery hardware throughout the entire state of Nebraska. For twelve years Mr. Meyer has been connected with this same firm, beginning his commercial career with them. Mr. Meyer is twenty-eight years of age and a very popular and successful salesman.

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H. M. MEERS travels over Southern Nebraska and northern Kansas in the interests of W. V. Morse & Co. Mr. Myers is about thirty years of age and during his career on the road has met with marked success. He is a married man and makes Omaha his home.

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W. H. FULWEILER travels for W. V. Morse & Co., over the line of the Topeka & Santa Fe and tributary territory. Mr. Fulweiler has been two years connected with this firm; he is thirty-two years of age and is a married man. This gentleman speaks several languages fluently and is a successful and highly esteemed commercial man.

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SAMUEL BEST represents W. V. Morse & Co. and presides over the territory of Utah and Idaho. He is thirty-eight years of age has been connected with this firm for three years. Mr. Best points to an honorable war record among his many accomplishments, and his record as a traveler is none the less flattering.

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J. F. GARRATT represents W. L. Parrotte & Co. For five years Mr. Garratt has been connected with their house, and has for his route the Missouri Pacific in Nebraska and into Kansas. Known universally as "Jack" Garratt, this gentleman is twenty-seven years of age, a native of Canada, a popular gentleman and a successful traveler. He is a single man.

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JAMES W. BAILEY is perhaps the youngest salesman on the road. In 1886 he made his first trip for W. L. Parrotte & Co., and since then has made his stated trips with remarkable results. Mr. Bailey is not yet twenty-one years of age and came to Omaha from Macon, Ills. His route is through a portion of Colorado and western Nebraska. His employers and friends are loud in their praises of the energy and push he has displayed and the success he has achieved.

Omaha's Sunday Guests.

Omaha is fast becoming a Sunday home for the commercial travelers, and there was an unusually large number of them in the city yesterday. Jewelry men were particularly plenty, and there were a large number of drummers with lines of ladies' cloaks, and also many boot and shoe men.

Among the commercial men at the Paxton were the following: J. M. Norton, Boston, cotton and woolen goods; Arthur Draper, Chicago, dentistry instruments; H. S. Bradford, New York, lace curtains; M. W. Potter, Attlebow, Mass., jewelry; S. Stein, St. Louis, clothing; S. J. Pope, Chicago, gas fixtures; A. H. Hill, Holyoke, Mass., paper; F. H. Waterbury, Chicago, boots and shoes; A. Phillips, New York, boots and shoes; L. M. Gouden, Chicago, crackers; I. Schwartz, Chicago, jewelry; M. V. Babcock, New York, boots and shoes; E. Morgan, Cincinnati, soap; Charles Kobert, Louisville, whiskey; J. U. Gartin, Louisville, tobacco; L. Hurschern, New York, tobacco; Albert Thauer, Glaucester, fish; E. B. Wolf, Chicago, clothing; William Youngblood, New York, manufacturers' hardware; F. M. Stover, Chicago, groceries; W. H. Brevoort, Chicago, hardware; M. R. Bingham, Chicago, stoves; H. Gootschalk, New York, gloves; J. Thatcher, Philadelphia, fancy goods; Sam Baer, New York, tobacco; C. B. Case, Chicago, jewelry; W. C. Stevens, Chicago, stoves; J. H. Baron, Concord, N.H., harnesses; C. C. Hoefer, Chicago, jewelry; Morris Lawy, New York, cloaks; E. L. Zeis, Boston, fancy goods; A. O. Davidas, Chicago, cigars and liquors; A. L. Balmer, Chicago, extracts; H. H. Jacobsen, Buffalo, jewelry; S. H. Harris, New York, cigars; E. H. Shorb, New York, queensware and porecelain; J. R. Maul, Philadelphia, stoves; H. E. Hackman, St. Louis, fancy goods; A. W. Kinisman, San Francisco, law books; S. H. Cahn, Chicago, boots and shoes.

Among the drummers at the Millard the following: Phil. Reeves, New York, dry goods; R. Friend, Chicago, jewelry; Jacob Boehn, Denver, cigars; J. O. Shelly, Chicago, groceries; H. C. Fisk, Chicago, boots and shoes; L. Mayer, St. Louis, cloaks; C. L. Bechtold, St. Louis, dry goods; Harry K. Childs, Chicago, boots and shoes; C. A. Benedict, Chicago, boots and shoes; H. W. Newlov, New York, cigars; Fred B. Jones, Chicago, railroad supplies; George H. White, Boston, boots and shoes; B. B. Kerr, Chicago, railroad supplies; H. W. Dryer, New York, wall paper; D. C. Adams, Salt Lake, groceries; W. N. Turner, Chicago, cloaks, D. T. Hiller, Syracuse, boots and shoes; W. N. Ballard, New York, boots and shoes; E. F. Jones, Chicago, dry goods; F. R. Horton, New York, jewelry; W. J. Conkalin, Des Moines, wall paper; W. F. Shelton, Chicago, wall paper; W. O. Everett, Milwaukee, milling machinery; J. L. Bradish, Detroit condensed milk; Sam Guthman, Chicago, clothing; J. W. Dickinson, Boston, dry goods; L. M. Auerbacher, New York, dry goods; F. B. Lewis, Cleveland, railroad supplies; T. Isbester, Rochester, N. Y., railroad lanterns; James Cunningham, Des Moines, farm wagons; S. Marks, Chicago, clothing; William L. Rosa, Chicago, groceries; B. F. Wyman, Boston, boots and shoes; C. C. Overton, Louisville, Ky., liquors; H. Bodenheimer, New York, jewelry; D. P. Limpert, Chicago, furniture; F. E. Luengood, Chicago, furniture; T. F. Lightman, Chicago, fancy goods; J. V. Berg, Chicago, confectionery.

Samples.

W. W. McFarland, who is on the road for Marshall, Fields & Co., of Chicago, is at the Millard.

Harry K. Childs, of Hart & Mead, wholesale boot and shoe dealers of Cincinnati, is at the Millard.

T. P. Cartwright, who is on the road for Williams, Van Aernam & Harte, left for Denver Saturday night.

George Krug, of the Anheueser-Busch brewing association, is at the Millard. He represents the firm from the Chicago end.

Herbert A. Pike, of Boston, is at the Millard. He represents Pillsbury Bros., boot and shoe jobbers, of Boston, and is now looking after his trade in the west.

S. W. Fiske, of Fiske, Clark & Flagg, manufacturers of fine neckwear and dealers in gloves, was in town last week. Fiske is very well and popularly known among the traveling men.

Miss E. Weaver, of Elmira, N. Y., is a commercial woman of no mean ability. She is at present at the Millard, and is on the road for the Ivison, Blakeman Publishing company.

Many of the traveling men will be pained to learn of the death of A. L. Haskall, of Boston, who used to cover this territory with a line of cigars. He was one of those genial fellows that made friends wherever he went.

James H. Walker, the well known wholesale and dry goods dealer of Chicago, was well represented in Omaha yesterday. Seven of the knights of the grip employed by him were at the Millard. They were S. R. Harter, A. E. Walker, William Bennett, P. J. Byrnes, W. H. Coleman, D. B. Fleet and Ed W. Reyner.

Its superior excellence proven in million homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the great universities as the Strongest, Purest and Most Healthful. Dr. Price's the only Baking Powder that does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
New York. Chicago. St. Louis.

NEW YORK TO CALIFORNIA.

Through Omaha When Grass Was Growing on the Streets.

The Travels of Mr. B. F. Brown, of Council Bluffs—Omaha Twelve Years Ago—The High Altitude of Colorado, &c., &c.

"Yes," said Mr. B. F. Brown to our reporter, yesterday, at his cosy home in Council Bluffs, "I am a New Yorker, but left that state about twelve years ago. I took Horace Greeley's advice and went west. I passed through Omaha, then only a village, with grass growing on the streets; I went to California, worked there a long time, then started east as far as Colorado; I settled at Leadville and was making plenty of money, but I had to leave there. You see, the high altitude of Colorado makes it anything but a paradise for anyone afflicted with a throat disease, and that was the cause of my leaving there. My son, Frankie, was suffering terribly with that awful disease, catarrh, and had it in the throat and head very bad; he would have an awful pain over his eyes. At night, while asleep, the pain would be so bad as to drive the little fellow almost crazy; he would wake up and cry out, 'Take that horse off my head'; he suffered terribly; he would have a trickling from his nose into the back of his throat continually, as he described it, 'just like a stream of water.' I had him treated by some of the best physicians in Colorado, but they could do nothing for him. At last, one of them told me I would have to take him to another climate or it would soon lead to consumption. I took his advice and left Colorado, although I was making plenty of money there. I came east as far as Council Bluffs and settled here about one year ago. Some time since I noticed the advertisements of Drs. McCoy and Henry, and told my wife she had better take Frankie over and see them. She took him to their office in the Range Block and had him placed on treatment about one month ago, and to-day he is almost as well as ever. He has no more pains in his head, and sleeps all night. He has no more trickling in the back of his throat, and goes to school every day."

FRANKIE BROWN.

"How old is Franklie, now?" inquired the scribe, noticing the bright and intelligent little boy who was with his father. "He was twelve years old yesterday," answered Mr. Brown, who resides at No. 1118 Seventh avenue, Council Bluffs, Iowa, who will cheerfully corroborate the above to anyone doubting it.

The following statement regarding Drs. McCoy and Henry is made upon good authority: *"Since these eminent physicians have been in the west, they have treated and cured over six thousand cases of catarrh and chronic throat and lung troubles, and of these cases 40 per cent had been declared and pronounced incurable."*

CATARRH DESCRIBED.

The Symptoms Attending that Disease Which Leads to Consumption.

When catarrh has existed in the head and the upper part of the throat for any length of time—the patient living in a district where people are subject to catarrhal affection—and the disease has been left uncured, the catarrh invariably, sometimes slowly, extends down the windpipe and into the bronchial tubes, which tubes convey the air into the different parts of the lungs. The tubes become affected from the swelling and the mucous arising from catarrh, and, in some instances, become plugged up, so that the air cannot get in as freely as it should. Shortness of breath follows, and the patient breathes with labor and difficulty.

In either case there is a sound of crackling and wheezing inside the chest. At this stage of the disease the breathing is usually more rapid than when in health. The patient has also hot dashes over his body.

The pain which accompanies this condition is of a dull character, felt in the chest, behind the breast bone or under the shoulder blade. The pain may come and go—last a few days and then be absent for several others. The cough that occurs in the first stages of bronchial catarrh is dry, comes on at intervals, hacking in character, and is usually most troublesome in the morning on rising, or going to bed at night, and it may be in the first evidence of the disease extending into the lungs.

Sometimes there are fits of coughing induced by the tough mucus so violent as to cause vomiting. Later on the mucus that is raised is found to contain small particles of yellow matter, which indicates that the small tubes in the lungs are now affected. With this there are often streaks of blood mixed with the mucus. In some cases the patient becomes very pale, has fever, and expectorates before any cough appears.

In some cases small masses of cheesy substance are spit up, which, when pressed between the fingers, emit a bad odor. In other cases particles of a hard, chalky nature are spit up. The raising of cheesy or chalky lumps indicates serious mischief at work in the lungs.

In some cases catarrh will extend into the lungs in a few weeks; in other cases it may be months, and even years, before the disease attacks the lungs sufficiently to cause serious interference with the general health. When the disease has developed to such a point the patient is said to have catarrhal consumption. With bronchial catarrh there is more or less fever which differs with the different parts of the day—slight in the morning, higher in the afternoon and evening.

SNEEZING CATARRH.

What It Means, How It Acts, and What It Is.

You sneeze when you get up in the morning you try to sneeze your nose off every time you are exposed to the least drat of air. You have a fullness over the front of the forehead, and the nose feels as if there was a plug in each nostril, which you cannot dislodge. You blow your nose until your ears crack, but it don't do any good, and the only result is that you succeed in getting up a very red nose, and you so irritate the lining membrane of that organ that you are unable to breathe through it at all. This is a correct and not overdrawn picture of an acute attack of catarrh, or "Sneezing Catarrh," as it is called.

Now, what does this condition indicate? First a cold that causes mucus to be poured out by the glands in the nose; then those diseased glands are attacked by swarms of little germs—the catarrh germ—that float in the air in a locality where the disease is prevalent. These animalculae, in their efforts to find a lodgment, irritate the sensitive membrane lining of the nose and nature undertakes to rid herself of them by producing a fit of sneezing.

When the nose becomes filled with thickened diseased mucus the natural channels for the introduction of air into the lungs is interfered with, and the person so affected must breathe through the mouth, and by such means the throat becomes parched and dry, snoring is produced, and the catarrhal disease gains ready access to the throat and lungs.

DOCTOR

J. CRESAP M'COY,

Late of Bellevue Hospital, N. Y.,

AND DOCTOR

COLUMBUS HENRY

Have Offices

310-311 RAMGE BUILDING,

Corner 15th and Harney Streets,

Omaha, Nebraska.

Where all curable cases are treated with success. Medical diseases treated skillfully. Consumption, Bright's Disease, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, and all NERVOUS DISEASES. All diseases peculiar to the sexes a specialty. CATARRH CURED.

CONSULTATION by mail or at office, $1.

Office Hours—9 to 11 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.; 7 to 8 p. m. Sunday included.

Correspondence receives prompt attention.

Many diseases are treated successfully by Dr. McCoy through the mails, and it is thus possible for those unable to make a journey to obtain successful hospital treatment at their homes. No letters answered unless accompanied by 4c in stamps.

Address all letters to Drs. McCoy & Henry, Rooms 310 and 311 Ramge Building, Omaha, Nebraska.

ANY MAN

Who is WEAK, NERVOU