## THE OMAHA DAILY BEE: SUNDAY JULY 31; 1887.-TWELVE PAGES.

# SECRETARY LAMAR'S OPINION

It Differs From That of Commissioner Sparks in a Land Case.

A NEBRASKAN'S CLAIM ALLOWED

Detachments of the Regular Army Detailed to Attend G. A. R. Encampments-More Railroad Complaints.

Commissioner Sparks Overruled. WASHINGTON, July 30 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE. ]-In the case of James F. Storm's application to amend his homestead entry on a portion of section 12, township 16, range 29, North Platte district, Nebraska, Secretary Lamar to-day overruled the decision of Commissioner Sparks. It seems that Storm in his original entry failed to secure a competent surveyor and the man he employed failed to note the variations of the compass, consequently Storm entered on railroad land and in his application for a homestead he had really taken up a sand ridge adjacent to what he supposed to be his land. He asked to be allowed to amend. On this Commissioner Sparks decided May 23. this Commissioner Sparks decided May 23, 1885. "The party seems to be acting in good faith. It also appears that the land he thought he was entering is within the grant of the Union Pacific railroad company. Amendments to embrace lands not originally intended to be entered cannot be allowed, hence the present application is denied, but upon filing a duly executed relinquishment of the land entered, he will be allowed to enter the tract now applied for upon payment of the legal fees. An application for return of money paid on the relinquishment of the legal fees. An application for return of money paid on the relinquishment of the legal fees. An application for return of money paid on the relinquished entry will be duly considered." Thereupon the applicant on July 16, 1585, executed a relinquishment of the tract which was forwarded to Washing-ton. Not having the money to pay the home-stead fee for the tract which he desired to enter and fearing lest in some way some one else might obtain a right thereto that would cloud his own the title the filed a pre-emption declaratory statement therefor with the inten-tion of transmitting the same to a home-stead entry as soon as the repayment of his fees was allowed. On February 5, 1886, Sparks, in a letter to local officers, in which no mention is made of Storm's application for repayment of fees end commissions, said: "Upon re-examination of the afilda-vit submitted in support of application it does not appear to the satisfaction of this office that the party used proper care in mak-ing his entry. I must therefore decline to "The party seems to be acting in good ing his entry. I must therefore decline to grant his request and for the further reason that the law allows but one homestead privi-

secretary Lamar in reviewing the case, Secretary Lamar in reviewing the case, says: "Between the dates of the two de-cisions above quoted from, the claimant, re-lying upon the promise that he would be al-lowed to enter the tract applied for, pro-ceeded to build upon and improve the same. As no fraud is suggested, as there is no adverse claim to the tract, and as the rescinding of your decision of May would work serious hardship and loss to claimant. I am of the opinion that the said decision ought not to be rescinded. More-over, in my opinion, the claimant exercised over, in my opinion, the claimant exercise reasonable care, at last he was not guilty o reasonable care, at last he was not guilty of such blamable carelessness as would justify the forfeiture of his homestead right. I there-fore reverse your office decision of February 5, 1880, appealed from and direct that Storm be repaid the fees and commission paid by him on his relinquished entry aud be allowed to enter the tract for which he now applies."

#### Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, July 30.- |Special Telegram to the BEE. |-Major G. H. Burton has been ordered to make visits of inspection to Forts Lyon, Alberquerque, Crawford, Lewis, Hayes and Riley in the department of the Missouri.

The leave of absence granted Captain J. J. Clogue has been extended three months. Major Harvey E. Brown, surgeon, has been ordered to duty a Jackson Barraks, La. The leave granted Colonel Sutherland has been extended one month. First Lieutenant E. L. Fletcher has been detailed as professor of military science at the Arkansas Industrial university. Second Lleutenant Francis J. Kernan has been releived from duty at the had been elected to the Thatcher institute, La., and ordered ta his dency. In October, 1884, this

that they could win without the ald of the best posted workers in the party. I think that Blaine's opportunity has passed and for that reason I want to see some other man nominated."

The Farmers Won't See It. WASHINGTON, July 30.-|Special Tele-gram to the BEE.]-Three years ago at the request of a number of stockmen in different parts of the country the state department addressed a letter to every United States consul, directing all to furnish the department with such information relating to stock breeding, dairy farming and kindred industries as might be interesting to dairy-farmers and stock breeders in the United States-The result of this investigation has been issued from the govern' just ment printing office. It is embraced in a volume of nearly 900 pages which will doubtless prove of greater value to the million farmers in this country than any other work ever issued by the government. The work was performed under the direction of Mr. Michael Scanlon of the consular bureau, who has edited several valuable works of like character, and it represents upwards of two years of the labor of that gentleman as well as the careful researches of the entire consular list. The volume gives a graphic idea of the development of the breeding industry in all portions of the world and if it could be distributed among the men who are most interested vin its contents it would doubtless prove of inestimable value to the farmers of the United States. Unfor-tunately howare there have been more for would doubliess prove of inestimable value to the farmers of the United States. Unfor-tunately, however, there have been very few of these valuable books ordered, and they will be exhausted long before the farmers hear they have been issued. Worse than this, it is said that the type was not stere-otyped, and that if congress orders a new supply printed it will be necessary to reset the entire work. The committees on print-ling of congress were urged to order an addi-tional supply of these works printed, but no attention was paid to the request, and the re-sult is that there will be scarcely enough of them to supply the libraries of members themselves and of their immediate friends. The work contains 365 lithographed plates and 855 pages of letter press. It is replete with interesting data and statistics concern-ing the catile business of the world. It is in-teresting to note that this country supplies more than fifty per cent of all the foreign cheese consumed in the United Kingdom. In 1884 the total amount imported into Great Britain and Ireland was 215,856,568 pounds. Of this vast quantity of casen the United States supplied 100,333,250 pounds. Yet while the United States has succeeded in se-curing the British market for cheese, it has not been so successful with butter. Of a total

curing the British market for cheese, it has not been so successful with butter. Of a total of 277,248,833 pounds of this product of the dairy the United States furnished only dairy the United States furnished only 11,231,472 pounds, against 124,924 pounds from Holland. This country, however, fur-nished the thrifty Dutch butter merchants with upwards of 35,000,000 pounds of the oil from which oleomargarine is made, and this doubtless supplied the basis on which a great deal of the celebrated Dutch butter of Lon-don was founded.

don was founded. It appears from the reports of American consuls in England that the "roast beef or old England" is fast disappearing and that in spite of the prejudices of John Bull and his daughters the American cattle ranches are displacing the stalls of the English farmer surely and rapidly. It will not do for the farmers of the United States to remain in the backof the United States to remain in the back-ground and the day will come no doubt when American butter as well as American beef and American cheese will lead in the British markets. The factory system in the produc-tion of cheese has established the reputation of the American cheese abroad. As soon as the farmers show as much enterprise in this matter of good butter as they do in cheese they will find that the English people will take their products in preference to that from any other country. The passage of the oleo-margarine act ought to be of great help to the American dairyman in securing a firmer foothold in the British butter market.

He Never Will Be Missed.

WASHINGTON, July 30 .- | Special to the BRE. |-No man in the public service at the beginning of the present administration has left his position with so little regret from his associates in office as Mr. M. E. Bell, late supervising architect of the treasury. Bell was appointed from lowa several years ago and at that time was a pronounced republican. To all outward appearances he remained a member of that party until it was known beyond question that Mr. Cleveland had been elected to the presiman

box in which the other goods were packed, and retained until directions for shipping were forwarded. But the silk was to be charged in the invoice. They would claim when the box was opened that the silk had been abstracted and would produce the in-voice to substantiate their elaim. They would swear to the invoice too. This thing went on until the company grew suspicious because one or two men would always be short. We sent a man on to the consignee and dis-covered how the neat little game was worked. There are dozen other similar schemes for de-frauding the railroads, but we get on to them more quickly than we used to do.

A Curious Exhibit. WASHINGTON, July 30.-|Special to the BEE. |-Among the many attractive features of the National museum there is none which is more interesting to the hundreds of visitors who enter the building daily than the recently opened case of "component parts of the human body." Not only the scientific visitors, but all who there are at once taken up with this portion of the exhibit. The case stands in the west hall of the building and is about ten feet long by five feet high. In it are several huge fars containing chemicals in the preparation of which they form the human body.

No one unfamiliar with human chemistry and anatomy would believe for a momen that all those various substances are to be found in one human being. But although he contents of the jars excite wonder the immense carbon cubic which forms the cen-ter piece of the exhibit is the one thing which few people can understand. This cubic is about fourteen inches on each face and as it about fourteen inches on each face and as it is as black as any other piece of charcoal the unscientific on-looker generally gives vent to the opinion that it never came from the mor-tal remains of any white man. Ode of the jars referred to contains againon or more of chloric gas. A short time ago a number of visitors from the rural districts of Maryland chioric gas. A short time ago a number of visitors from the rural districts of Maryland were viewing the contents of the case this gas exploded with a loud noise and blew the stopper out os the bottle. There were a number of sign cards inside the glass walls which were at-tached with small brass nails. These cards were originally a light buil color. Within a moment after the escape of the gas they were bleached a perfect white. The brass nails were also affected and each of them now has a head covered with verdians. This incident has a tracted the attention of the authorities of the museum to the danger of allowing combustible chemicals to be exhibited in a room where there might be a serious confla-gration. It is probable that hereafter danger of this kind will be avoided by the substitu-tion of models of the solids and colored water or glass for the liquid and gasseous exhibits.

#### A Military Reservation.

WASHINGTON, July 30.-|Special to the BEE.]-A movement is on foot to induce congress at the coming session to provide for the purchase of a large tract of land on the Virginia shore of the Potomac for a grand military reservation on a different scale from any which has been contemplated in the past. Land in Virginia, within a very few miles of Washington, can be purchased at astonishingly low figures at the present time. There are thousands of acres offered for sale at prices ranging from \$5 to \$1 an acre. It is believed that the day will come when there will be a national mili-tia within the borders of the United States. When that day arrives it will be nec-essary to have a mustering ground for the citizen soldiery and it is with this idea in year that the present movement is income citizen soldiery and it is with this idea in view that the present movement is inauger-ated. The government already owns several hundred acres across the Potomac. This tract is embraced in the Arlington estate, and the cavalry station known as Fort Mayer. 500 acres could undonbtedly be secured near this reservation at very low figures just now and the acquisition would furnish a grand place for military manuvers.

### More Complaints of Discrimination

WASHINGTON, July 30 .- Complaint has been received by the inter-state commerce commission signed by the manager of the Merchant's Freight bureau, of New York, on behalf of 381 merchants of the states of Michigan, Illinois, Iowa, Onio, Pennsylvania and Delaware, that the present classification in use for west-bound traffic by the New York Central, Delaware, Lackawanna Western, Pennsylvania, Baltimore & Ohio and Erie railway companies, as regards the unjust differences now made in classification and freight charges between carloads and less than carloads on the same articles be-tween the same points, is in violation of the ilton, secretary general, says the coming congress will be the greatest meeting of the medical profession ever held and will be at-tended by leading physicians from all parts of the world.

Public Debt Reduction. WASHINGTON, July 30,-The estimated reduction in the public debt during the month of July amounts to \$5,000,000.

NO TRACE OF M'GARIGLE. Numerous Rumors and Guesses About

the Missing Boodler. CHICAGO, July 30.-[Special Telegram to the BER.]-"If William J. McGarigle is not on the Blake, he has committed suicide," was the rather startling, remark of a close friend of the ex-warden this morning. "He never meant to go-that is, he did not plan it long beforehand. I am sure of that, because there are those who were very close to him who were intensely disgusted, no less than surprised, when they learned of his flight."

"The only development in the McGarigle matter," said Superintendent Lonergan, of Mooney Boland's detective agency, "is a reported interview with the mate of the M. L. Heggie, which passed the Blake about 4 Neggie, which passed the Biake about a o'clock Thursday morning, about twenty-five miles off Manistee. The mate said that she was being painted. Her starboard side had on a fresh coat of red paint, with a white streak running along her bulwarks, and the men were at work on her port quarter, painting that side. Well, now, if he wasn't mistaken in the boat, that ought to settle the question as to whether she has gone through the straits or not. The plain object of her being painted out there in the lake is to throw watchers at St. Ignace off their guard. It will be hard to recornize her by her spars, and with different paint, she will slide right throuch. In that case the chances are mighty slim for the capture of McGarigle. "There's not a word up to this time," said Sheriff Matson, when asked for news of Mc-Garizie to day. "The last we heard from St. Ignace was that up to last night they hadn't seen anything of the Edward Blake. Yes-terday I thought sure we should have some word, but we didn't. I expect to hear from the vessel every moment. We surely ought to know to-day where McGarigle is. The truth is that I am just as much in the dark as to his movements since his disappearance as you are." o'clock Thursday morning, about twenty-five

CAUGHT WITH THE SUIT ON.

# Reporter Mey Gets Into Disgrace and

gram to the BEE. |-Gerhardt E. Mey, a German newspaper man, was arrested here to-day on the charge of stealing a suit of clothes. Mey came here a few weeks ago from Omaha, where he had been connected with a newspaper for two months and before that been for a year in the employ of the St. Paul Globe, He worked for the daily News here soliciting advertisements and doing special work. To-day he concluded to leave the town, and collecting over \$40 of the News? the town, and collecting over 340 of the News' accounts and stealing a new suit of clothes, belonging to his room mate, attempted to take the train for St. Louis. He was ar-rested and is now in jail. Mey belongs to a family of high standing in Germany and was a lieutenant in the German army. He is a man of finished education. Several St. Joe people are acquainted with his people in the old country. Mey has defrauded a number of people in town, it seems, and will proba-ably be sent to the penitentiary. He is a man of about twenty-eight years of age, of smooth address and prepossessing appear-ance. His arrest created a ripple of excite-ment in the city, but as he was found with the stolen clothes on his person and after-wards acknowledged the theft, sympathy for him soon died out. him soon died out.

## GUITEAU'S DEFENDER.

# Attorney Reed Tries to End His Life by Drowning.

NEW YORK, July 30 .- Charles H. Reed, one of the lawyers who, defended Guiteau, attempted suicide this morning by jumping into the North river from a ferry boat. He was rescued and taken to Chambers' hospital. Reed has lost all his legal practice and is reduced to great poverty. A few days ago he was arrested for trying to rob the till in a saloon in Jersey City, but was not prosecuted. Reed was subsequently arraigned at the Toombs police court. He said he was drunk when he jumped into the river and did not know what he was doing. He was committed to the care of commissioners of obsrifty and

Gossip of the Various Clubs and Societies of the Gate City.

THE ELK'S ELEGANT QUARTERS.

Movements of the Secret Society Men -The Prosperous Orders-Benev-

olent and Social Organizations-Sub Rosa Chat.

#### Our Societies.

The warm weather does not seem to have much effect on the various societies of the city. Their meetings are held just as regular as in more comfortable weather and the same air of prosperity pervades the sanctums as in the winter meetings. Omaha is certainly blessed with societies social and benevolent, and it is to the credit of the city that they are all in a prosperous condition.

### Major General Carnahan, of the K. of

P., was appointed as second officer, with the rank of brigadier general, on the staff of General Auger, who commanded the national military encampment at Washington.

## The officers of the Omaha regiment to-gether with all division officers are requested to meet at the armory of Myrtle division at 11 o'clock this morning on important business.

Success Lodge No. 125, Brotherhood of

Railroad Brakemen, will meet the first and third Tuesday evenings at 7:30 o'clock, at Cunningham hall, South Thir-teenth street. Visiting brethren welcome.

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Mrs. Dinsmoor, as secretary of the Na-tional Conference of Charities and Cor-rections, announces that all persons who are members of any charitable associa-tion, are by virtue of that, members of the conference, which meets August 25.

The next annual reunion of the Elks will be held in Cincinnati in June.

Mrs. G. W. Clark, president of the third district of the W. C. T. U., Mrs. Ella Pearson and Mrs. Olive Leader organized rearson and Mrs. Onve Leader organized a Woman's Christian Temperance union in South Omaha Friday. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. E. B. Towl; secretary, Mrs. I. Brayton; treasurer, Mrs. Rev. T. B. Hilton; vice-president, Baptist church, Mrs. A. M. Towi; vice president, Presbyterian church, Mrs. Wells; vice president, First M. E. church, Mrs. Frank Boyd.

The Young People's society of the First Congregational church hold their weekly meeting Friday evening, July 29, at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

Division No. 220, Order of Railway Conductors, has been organized at Fre-mont, Neb., with sixteen charter members. The services and installation of officers were conducted by C. H. Baker, chief conductor for Long Pine division. No. 173, assisted by the following gentlemen, members of Harry Gilmore divis-ion, 126, of this city: Mr. Harry Gilmore, Jas. H. Ralston, Geo. Baird, F. J. Fair-Jass, H. Malston, Geo. Baird, F. J. Fair-brass, S. B. Lieurance, R. Fleming, M. P. Suitor, B. Donnelly, M. Dorsey and Mears Nobbs. Members of other divis-ions present were as follows: Mr. E. B. Taylor, No. 11; W. H. Boswell, No. 8; Chas. McNeil, No. 55, and C. F. Webb, No. 98 A very pleasant time was No. 28. A very pleasant time was had by all, and the new division was started with the best wishes of all for its success.

# ECHOES FROM THE ANTE-ROOM another 14x66 feet with a 11-foot celling but all of which space will not supply any too much room. Some \$6,000 or \$8,000 will be expended in fitting up and appointing these room.

The Young Men ' Hebrew society will give a picnic at Lake Manawa this afternoon

Kearney post No. 48, G. A. R., of Weep-ing Water, has engaged three cars to take its members and their families to the national encampment at St. Louis, September 27.

# A photo of the Omaha Wheel club will be taken in Hanscom park this morning at 10 o'clock. The members will appear in uniform at the club rooms at 9 o'clock or at the park at 10 o'clock.

Chancellor O. P. Thompson, of the Park lodge K. of P., has been a Knight but a short time, yet by dint of careful study he has become one of the best presiding officers the order is honored with.

The Nebraska division of the Travelers Protective association will be held in this city September 8, and promises to be a very successful event. W. B. Lanius, the president, arrived from Grand Island Friday, and everything will be done to make the occasion a pleasant and profitable one.

### General J. E. Smith, the popular Pyth-

ian, has been appointed as aide-de-camp on the staff of Brigadier General W. L. Dayton, of the U. R., K. of P. No better selection could have been made.

The members of Harry Gilmore Division 126, Railway Conductors, are re-quested to be present at Division room on Sunday, August 7, at 2 o'clock p. m., to take part in matters of importance nowbefore the division.

The baggage masters, after their ses-sion in Denver, adjourned to the famous summer resort of the Denver & Rio Grande-Manitou Springs, Col. A division of the order of railway con-

ductors has been established at Fremont, The division has been organized with sixteen members with C. H. Baker as

### chief puncher.

W. C. Gregory, a gray-haired Elk, has consented to escort a party of ten of his brothers to the Rocky Mountains. The local lodge desires the announcement, so that the band will be on time to play the "Gregorian" chant. Will they all come back, is the question of the hour.

#### Killed at a Funeral.

PHELPS, Mo., July 24.-[Correspond-ence of the BEE.]-On last Thursday one Mr. Leeper lost an infant child, and burial at Rockport cemetery, while on their way home, a team became frightened and ran into several conveyances. It struck the Rev. Corn's buggy, which contained his family, consisting of hum-self, wife and daughter, throwing them violently to the ground and killing the minister outright and greatly injuring the wife and daughter. The Rev. Corn had just preached the funeral sermon of the little one and was on his way home.

#### Ratified the Convention.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 30.-The government has ratified the Anglo-Russian Afghan boundary convention. Severe Storm at Saratoga.

SARAOOGA, July 30 .- A heavy min storm set in here about 9:30 o'clock to-night, Lightning struck several houses. No loss of life is reported.

#### Strikers Return to Work.

NEW YORK, July 30 .- About 200 longshoremen who were out on a strike at the National line pier returned to work this morning.

#### An Editor's Self-Restraint.

Cincinnati Commercial Gazette: Gen-eral James M. Comly, editor of the Toledo (O.) Commercial, who died Tuesday, was United States minister to the Ha-waiian kingdom during the administra-tion of President Hayes, and it appears msght have become ruler of the islands had he so elected. While he was in Honolulu the king became financially embar-rassed. There was danger of a rebellion and the representatives of all foreign governments and of the business interests for their own protection wanted to form a temporary government, with General Comly at its head. The king would have Comiy at its head. The king would have been deposed and Comiy would have doubtless had a permanent position of power and affluence, but the sense of duty to his country and loyalty to his own fine and high principles would not permit him to accept the tempting offer that was so freely made him.

#### Engineers Dread Moonlight.

Cincinnati Commercial Gazette: "All engineers dread moonlight nights." said the old trainman, "and the trouble is no

trouble at all-shadows. An engineer, looking from his engine, sees before him all manner of shadows. He is sure that the shadow neross the track is a man or a rock or some kind of an obstruction. He doesn't know, and he is kept in a state of nervous excitement all the time. Going around curves, along hillsides, very curious shadows are outlined along the track, and very often the engineer is so worked up over a night's ride that he is scarcely able to perform his duties."

#### A Disappointed Teacher,

Chicago Tribune: The only really disappointed teacher among all those who attended the great convention in this city, so far as we have heard, was a Philadelphia man of an inquiring turn of mind, who had come all the way to Chicago to see Long John Wentworth, under the impression that he was 8 feet 111 inches high.

### A Wall Street Flurry.

NEW YORK, July 20,-The selling yester-day which caused the heavy liquidation in the afternoon developed into a panic at the opening of the exchange this morning, and stocks sold at any sacrifice, the only object of the brokers seeming to be the closing of the accounts of ruined speculators. The greatest cause of the decline was the non-appearance of Harry Powers, who took the place of Russell Sage, as the leading writer of privileges. At 11:20 a.m. the non-appearance caused the offering of stocks in such a volume that the prices began a rapid decline,

which was only limited by the fact that no

which was only limited by the fact that no cash could be realized from any sales made to-day. Reading fell off 5 per cent in the first hour, Northwestern 3½, St. Paul 2½, Missouri Pacific 2½, Canada Southern 3½, Richmond Terminal, 2½, and Western Union 2½. The market continued extremely active after eleven o'clock and fluctuations were violent. Prices remained weak and some stocks made farther declines which were most all recovered before the close, which was active and unsettled. N. D. Cameau, member of the consolidated exchance, failed, and C. Helm, another broker on the consolidated exchange, has failed. His indebtedness to the clearing house will probably not exceed \$2,000. In regard to Harry Powers, the Post says: "Late yesterday afternoon reports were flying around that Harry Powers was in trouble and he would be unable to meet his contract. Gould and Henry said the whole thing was a blunder and the house had not suspended. It is said Powers was simply a little pressed for money and had gone to one of his uncles to raise sufficient money to relieve the pressure and that he would be home soon. that he would be home soon

#### The Italian Cabinet.

ROME, July 30 .- Owing to the death of Signor Depretis, prime minister, other members of the cabinet have tendered their resignations. Signor Crispi, minister of the in-terior in Depretis' government, will form the new cabinet, which will be composed of the members of the present ministry.

Supplies, Uil, Needles, for 4

DRS. S. & D. DAVIESON.

1707 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

Of the Missouri State Museum of Anatomy

St. Louis, Mo., University College Hospi-tal, London, Giesen, Germany and New

SPECIALLY TO THE TREATMENT

Nervous, Chronic and Blood

DISEASES,

More especially those arising from impur-

York. Having devoted their attention



No city in America can boast of so much Pythian work in accordance with her population as can the city of Omaha. The end of June, 1897, records Omaha as having added eight new lodges to the grand lodge roster and five divisions of

Jail at St. Jos. ST. JosEPH, Mo., July 30.-|Special Tele-

<text> secretary of war has announc-

#### Hatton on Blaine.

WASHINGTON, July 30 .- |Special to the BEE. |-Ex-Postmaster General Frank Hatton has been here several days and of course has been asked his views on the presidential outlook for 1888. Mr. Hatton is one of those politicians who have the courage to express their views when asked to do so. He does not mince matters but speaks "right out in meeting." To your correspondent he said : "I think that the republicans can win next year; but to do it they must nominate a candidate who will draw every republican vote. It will not do to nominate a caudidate for the presidency simply because one faction is howling for him. Just now we hear that Blaine has the 'call' on the party. But if the call is analyzed it will be found that the men who are shouting for the renomination of Mr. Blaine are the men who have climbed down-wards instead of upwards in nollites. Blaine is not popular with the business men of the party. It was not only the mugwamps who deserted the republican standard in 1884. Those fellows are immovably in the demo-cratic ranks. There are, however, in New York, Boston and other cities numbers of men who are republicans and always will be But they will never vote for Blaine. If Sherman is nominated they will return to the ranks. There are other men who might be nominated and would be equally as ac-eptable." for him. Just now we hear that Blaine has

stated to a number of gentlemen in his office that if by any possible chance the democrats should be successful he would at once resign, as he could not consent to serve under a democratic administration. No sooner had the republican national committee given up all hope of the election of Mr. Blaine than he found it necessary to travel at once to Troy, N. Y., to examine the site selected for the public building there. He told his associates in the office that while there he would take occasion to run over to Albany to "congratulate the zovernor." It is not recorded that he accomplished anything for the government while in Troy, but it is known that he "congratulated the governor." On his return he began to play his cards to retain the favor of the victorious democracy. Senator Gorman, ot Maryland, "Bishop" Oberly, of Illinois, and other democratic leaders whose favor might be of value to the supervising architect were allowed to dictate appointments and removals in the office, which was not embraced in the classified service. Men who had served the govern-ment faithfully for years and whose duties were of a technical character were discharaed without warning and others often entirely incompetent were appointed to succeed then. Everything possible that could by any chance gain democrat supporters for Bell was done. Within the two years since the inauguration of President Cleveland nearly every employe of the office, has been any-thing like the changes that have taken place in the office of the supervising architect of the treasury. All these changes have been made either directly or indirectly at the in-stance of the alleged republican at the head of the supervising architect of the treasury. All these changes have been made either directly or that he expected is evident from the fact that Secretary Fair-child has, upon more than one occasion, told his friends that the office. We the in-stance of the alleged republican at the head of the office would be filled by a democrat just as soon as a competent man could be found to accept the position at the solary offered. He said further that it had been offered to a number of architects, each of whom had declined in turn because \$4,500 year was pot sufficiently attreactive to in-duce them to leave their private business. The new architect, Mr. Fe Mr. Blaine than he found it necessary to travel at once to Troy, N. Y., to examine

leans, is a gentleman of excellent profes-sional reputation, who refused to accept the office when it was offered to him. He was inally persuaded that it would afford him an opportunity to extend his reputation to all sections of the country, and this consideration is said to have at last induced him to accept the place. He will doubtless build up the office as soon as he can weed out the exceedingly incompetent hands who were appointed by Bell solely ou account of their political pull which they gave him. The office is of far more importance than it is generally known, as the supervising architect has almost un-limited control of the expenditure of mill-ions of aoliars every year.

#### Defrauding the Railroads.

WASHINGTON, July 30 .- |Special to the BEE. ]-"All the complaints filed with the inter-state commissioners seem to be those of aggrieved patrons of the railroads against the corporations," said a gentleman con-nected with one of the southern railway companies to your correspondent to-day. me of the roads might tell some facts against their patrons which would surprise a great many people," he continued. "You would be surprised to find to what contemptible smallness some men will descend to beat a railroad company. Here is an instance. 'The freight rate on printed material on our line is somewhat higher than the rate on blank Sherman is nominated they will return to the ranks. There are other men who might be nominated and would be equally as ac-eeptable." "Who is the most popular republican in the west?" "That is a difficult question to answer. I think that Sherman is zaming strength every day. In Illinois Lincoln and Sheridan are exceedinally popular and sither of them would take the west by storm." "You do no seem to be particularly any-free what the nomination should go to Blaine?" "You do no seem to be particularly any-free would by a bill of goods in New York, and elected in 1854 if the campaign thought men who conducted the campaign thought

tween the same points, is in violation of the sections of the interstate law forbidding undue preferences to individuals or localities. The complaint ask for the restoration of the principal of uniform rates without regard to quantity, which was in force from the sea-board for twenty years previous to April, 1887.

Pensions Granted.

WASHINGTON, July 30. - [Special Telegram to the BEE.]-The following pensions were granted to Nebraskans to-day: Mary E. widow of Geo, W. Morris, Grafton; Eman-

widow of Geo, W. Morris, Grafton; Eman-uel Mottinger, St. Paul; Jno. Reld. Grand Island; W. J. Richardson, Gordon; J. B. Morton, Nebraska City; Jos. Kimball, Stromsburg; E. F. Morris, Columbus. Iowa: Catherine Barbara, minor Fred K. Meir, Dubuque; minor Wm. A. Boylan, Du-buque: J. M. Thompson, Leon; R. E. Meed, Afton; J. A. Hill. Warsaw; J. M. Ferris, Frederick; A. B. Shipman, R. J. Cownready, Exira; Chas. Reed, New Sharon: A. G. Laird, Stuart; Wm. G. Crow, Eldon; Wma. A. Anderson, Burnside; A. R. Rambo, Davenport; Wm. D. Semelroth, Amily; B. F. Brumel, Lionbourney; A. K. Rogers, Iowa City; J. E. Ellis, Murray; F. A. Hubbard, El-liott; J. O. Tallman, Vanwert; Walter Minty, Lime Springs; J. A. Wilson, Cincin-nati; Jno, Sivertson, Siouv Rapids; Geo. Bradheld, Brookville; Jno. Reburn, New Albin. Albin. The Reward of Apostacy.

WASHINGTON, July 30.-[Special to the BEE.]-Since their first spurt the civil service commissioners have had very little to say about the custom of appointing two or more members of the same family to positions in the departments. It is said now that the commissioners have come to the conclusion that it is not within the province of their office to look into this alleged nepotism. If they would do so they would find that a great many of the officials of the present adminis-tration have been in the habit of rewarding favorites with several places, when such re-wards could be of use. One of the most no-torious cases of this character is that of a family named Oyster. The head of this house deserted the republican party when he failed to get what he wanted. He now draws \$1,600 a year in the government printing office, his wife \$1,400 in the land office and a son a good salary in the coast survey. All the places were given as rewards for political apostacy.

Reviving the Military Spirit. WASHINGTON, July 30 .- [Special Telegram

to the BEE. ]-For the first time in the history of the army, details will be made this year from various regimental posts of companies to attend grand army reunions and various militia encampments in several states. A company from Jackson barracks, Louisiana, has been detailed to go into camp with the Mississippl regiments of the national guards and other details have been asked for from other states. The demand for the presence of regular army officers at

encampments this year has been unprecedented and indicates a strong revival of the military spirit and interest in militia growth. Troops have been detailed to attend the grand army reunion at Lincoln, Omaha and Norfolk, Nebraska, and at Sioux City, in Santember

#### Special Agents Appointed.

WASHINGTON, July 30. - The president has appointed the following named persons special agents of the intarior department, to special agents of the inturior department, to make allotments of lands in severality to the Indians: Miss Alice C. Fletcher, Washing-ton, D. C., for the Indians on the Winnebago reservation in Nebraska; Michael C. Con-nelly, of Petersburg, Ili., for Indians on the Siletz reservation in Oregon; Major L. Lightner, of Nebraska, for the Indians on the Sisseton reservation in Dakota.

to the care of commissioners of charity and corrections to be examined as to his sanity.

TEXAS MAIL COACHES ROBBED. A Large Amount of Booty Said to Have Been Secured.

GALVESTON, July 30 .- A dispatch from San Antonia to the News says: "A report has reached here that the outgoing and incoming stages between San Marios and Dripping Springs were rebbed last night. Con-siderable booty is said to have been obtained from rifling the mails and registered pack-ages, but no particulars are at hand. this city.

#### The Fisheries Troubles.

BOSTON, July 30.-[Special Telegram to the BEE.]-Judge Charles Levi Woodbury, who has made a thorough study of the three mile limit of the nisherles question, said to-day, speaking of the recent Gloucester seine boat troubles: "We have had too much experience with the India rubber capacity of the three mile limit when stretched by the Canadian authorities to place reliance on any of their impudent statements. As regards sending the men home it is stated that the crews of these two selne boats have been discharged by the British government from custody and that the collector objects to their the world.

custody and that the collector objects to their being sent home in an American vessel. This resembles the case of violation of the treaty of 1830 between Great Britian and the United States and will undoubtedly receive the seri-ous consideration of the president. It is one of those aggressive denials of equality of commercial intercourse which gave birth to commercial intercourse which gave birth to the acts of congress of March 3. Is it another cause for retalistion? It would be hard to ind any law of Canada to regulate fishermen or indeed any customs law which by its terms forbid the American consul to send home seamen in any American bottom that he might choose to select.

Grant's Cottage Tendered the G. A. R. tickets. MADISON, Wis., July 30 .--- Joseph W. Drexel, the New York banker, in a letter to Commander-in-Chief Fairchild, tenders to the Grand Army in perpetutity the cottage on Mount McGregor in which General Grant on Mount McGregor in which General Grant died. The trustees shall consist of the com-mander-in-chief of the Grand Army, the president of the Mount McGregor railroad, and such other person as Mr. Drexel or his cessor may name.

Caught in Violent Storm.

in every respect.

in consequence of certain irregularities it was thought that a longer time would

The Elks of this city have finally se-

cured a permanent home. It will be in the new building now being erected on the northeast corner of Douglas and Fif-

teenth streets. The directors of the order

met Tuesday evening at the Millard hotel, and closed negotiations with Mr.

Loomis, of the Freeland, Loomis & Co

of Boston, who are putting up the new building for the Continental Clothing

company, corner of Fifteenth and Doug-

las streets, for their new club quarters. Mr. Loomis offered them the Fourth

floor of this new structure on a five years

lease, which was accepted, and the Elks

are now assured of admissable club apartments. The elevator will run until

19 o'clock at night through the week, and until 10 o'clock Sunday evenings,

and the entire fourth floor will be ele gantly and elaborately fitted up. These new quarters will afford the club most

magnificent apartments, including a lodge room 48x66 feet with the ceiling 17

feet high. Another large apartment 74x66 feet, with a 13-foot ceiling, and still

QUEENSTOWN, July 30.-The steamship Etruria, which arrived here last night from New York, encountered a violent hurricane on Thursday. Mr. Knapp, of Illinois, a passenger on the steamer, was thrown about during the storm with such force that one of his arms were fractured and his head badly cut. He was removed from the ship on her arrival and is now at a hospital. elapse before the desired authority would arrive. The members of the union propose to make it a success. They are hard working, industrious and intelligent men, and will take a pride in maintaining the impression which they made in their pa-rade on the Fourth of July.

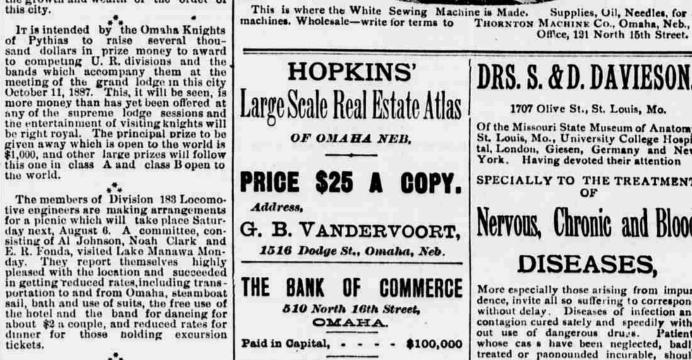
A Bishop Summoned to Rome. NEW YORK, July 20.-(Special Telegram to the BEE. |-It is currently reported that Bishop Loughlin, of Brooklyn, has been ordered to Rome to explain why he dis-obeyed the papal mandate.

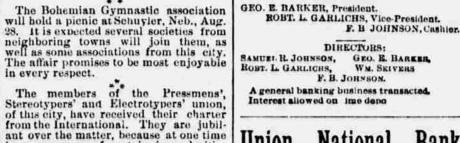
#### A Murderer Lynched.

NEW ORLEANS, July 30 .- A special to the Picayune from Greenwood, Miss., says George Evans, colored, who killed Rob Morris, Monday, was lynched last night by

Bank Statement.

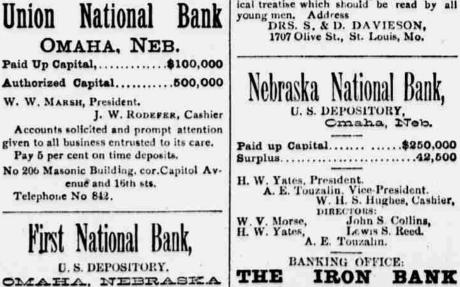
the uniform rank, four of which are now only awaiting the making of their uniforms to be regularly instituted. A movement is on foot in this city to erect a Pythian building to be owned by the lodges of the order. It is upon the stock share basis and about \$5,000 has already been subscribed. It is the purpose to build a six-story structure upor one of the prominent business corners and erect a building commensurate with the growth and wealth of the order of





Herman Kountze, President.

John A. Creighton, Vice-President. F. H. Davis, Cashier.



Cor. 12th and Farnam Sts. A General Banking Business Transacte Capital.....\$500.000 Surplus..... 100,000



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on receipt of one 2 cent stamp. "Practical Observations on Nervous Debility and Physical Exhaustion," to which is added an "Essay on Marriage," with important chapters on Diseases of the Reproductive Organs, the whole forming a valuable med-ical treatise which should be read by all

young men. Address DRS. S. & D. DAVIESON, 1707 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.