NOT ONE NOTE OF DISCORD

The Ohio Republican Convention a Cheering Body of True Blues.

HONEST JOHN FOR PRESIDENT

Foraker Heads the Ticket on a Red Hot Stalwart Platform-Bourbon Shams Denounced - The Rebel Flag Incident.

Ohio Republicans.
Toledo, July 28.—The republican state convention was called to order at 10 o'clock this morning by the temporary chairman, Mr. Ryan. The report of the committee on credentials and rules was adopted. The chairman of the committee on resolutions then read the platform. The tariff plank was received with cheers and all received more or less applause. When the endorse-ment of Foraker's administration was reached the convention cheered as one man, many rising to their feet and swinging their hats. Loud calls were made for Foraker. The rebel flag clause revived the demonstration. When the last resolution, the famous Sherman endorsement was reached, the cheering broke out again and three cheers were given for Sherman before the reading could continue. Its close was marked by wild cheers. A motion was made to adopt the whole platform by acclamation, which was done. Tremendous cheering followed and loud cails were made for Sherman. Sherman did not appear and the report of the committee on permanent organization was read and adopted. John Sherman was appointed permanent chairman and a committee of three was selected to conduct him to the chair. The convention was in good humor and it cheered Senator Sherman to the echo as he took the platform. His speech was listened to with the closest attention and received with every demonstration of applause, especially his declaimer that the endorsement of the resolution had any effect upon district conventions next year. He received a tremendous round of applause at the close of his speech.

Senator Sherman thanked the convention for the bonor of presiding and thanked the were given for Sherman Senator Sherman thanked the convention

Senator Sherman thanked the convention for the honor of presiding, and thanked the members on the encouraging prospects for republicanism in the state and nation. He sulogized Foraker, and declared the latter deserved both his popularity and renomination, as he had fairly earned them. He said that more than that he had prevented the democratic president from surrendering to the confederates the flags and banners they lost in the rebellion. He reviewed the work of the republican legislature and commended it highly and then discussed state questions at some length. He commended the platform and especially the tariff, pauper labor and imported labor planks, and emphasized the demand in the platform for fairer congressional elections. The senator closed by thanking, in the most heartfelt manner, the convention for its unanimous endorsement convention for its unanimous endorsement of him. He said: "I know that this is a of him. He said: "I know that this is a matter of sentiment. I know that this resolution is of no importance unless the voters of the districts of Ohio and of the unlon shall, of their own free choice, elect delegates who will agree with you in your opinion. I recognize the district rule and the right of every district to speak its own voice." He closed by expressing his high appreciation of the honor done in the unanimous endorsement.

ing his high appreciation of the honor done in the unanimous endorsement.

The platform adopted begins with a strong protective tariff plank as follows: "We are in favor of a protective tariff to secure to American citizens the privilege of supplying every article which can be produced as well in the United States as in other counties and sufficiently to supply American wants. Such a tariff makes a demand for and gives employment to the labor of American citizens and thereby aids in securing just compensation for labor." The Onio democratic platform of a tariff or revenue only is strongly denounced. tariff for revenue only is strongly denounced. The resolutions urge congress to pass a law protecting us from the inroads of anarchists, communists, polygamists, fugitives from jus-tice, dependent paupers, insane, and all others who seek onr shores not to become part of our civilization, but who come among us to make war upon society. The platform says on the labor question that the condition of men who labor in the north cannot be maintained or improved so long as those who labor in the south are wrongfully deprived of the rights and powers of American citizenship. A free ballot and a fair count in all sections of the country is demanded. The platform next declares, "We have placed the war with its hates and revenges behind us, but the settlements of the war must stand irrevocable, respected, honored and observed in every part of the republic. Such duties on every part of the republic. Such duties on wool as will secure the American market to American producers are demanded. Liberal pensions to soldiers and sailors, adequate appropriations for improvement of national waterways, and national aid to education are favored, and if too much revenue be collected to meet the public needs the first step should be the abolition of internal tax on American grown tobacco. The resolutions further declare that the public lands should be sacredly bud for the public lands should be sacredly held for the benefit of the actual settlers, and advocates proper enforcement of the civil service law, proper enforcement of the civil service law, and condemn "the false pretenses of President Cleveland's administration" regarding it. Sympathy for the efforts to secure home rule for Ireland is expressed. The action of the president in vetoing the pension bills and the spite manifested towards disabled soldiers is condemned. His veto of the dependent pension bill is characterized as unjust and unmerited." Governor Foraker's administration is warmly endorsed and his "patriotic declaration that no rebel flags should be surrendered while he is governor," is especially endorsed. Regarding the liquor traffic the party pledge themselves to such further legislation as may be selves to such further legislation as may be necessary to keep abreast with enlightened public sentiment on this question. In conclusion the platform pays a glowing tribute clusion the platform pays a glowing tribute to the unfaltering loyalty and long services of John Sherman, whose genius and patriotism are stamped upon the statutes and constitution of the country and presents his name to the people of the United States as a candidate for the presidency, assuring them of our hearty and cordial support and believing his nomination will be all wise and judicious.

cious.

Dr. Graydom, of Cincinnati, then took the platform and nominated Governor Foraker for his second term, in a ten minutes' speech. The motion was carried by acclamation amid The motion was carried by acclamation amid a whiriwind of cheers. Governor Foraker, in accepting the nomination for gov-ernor, made a brief speech, in which he made answer to some charges made against him by the democratic platform re-cently adopted. He reviewed the financial record of the last democratic administration and compared it with the republican manage-ment to refute the enarge that his adminis-

ration was unousiness-like.

Captain Lyons was chosen for lieutenant governor on the second ballot. Judge William Spear, of Trumbull, was then nominated supreme judge for the long term, Judge F. B. Dickman, present incumbent, was renominated for short term.

It did not take the republican congention.

nated for short term.

It did not take the republican convention long to complete the state ticket, after the Sherman resolution was passed and the speeches of Foraker and Sherman had been speeches of Foraker and Sharman had been made. The convention adjourned at 3:30.

The complete ticket is as follows: Governor, J. B. Foraker; lieutenant-governor, Captain W. C. Lyon; supreme judge (fong term), William T. Spear; supreme judge (short term), F. J. Dickman; state treasurer, J. C. Brown; attorney-general, D. K. Watson; member of the board of public works, C. A. Flickinger. C. A. Fiickinger,

Concerning Mr. Blaine. NEW YORK, July 28 .- The Evening Post says: "The Blaine faction in Ohio have been pretty effectually extinguished for the time being by the Toledo convention. It is now almost certain that Illinois and Indiana will follow Ohio. The votce of the latter state will be heard and listened to in the south. Sherman has won a notable victory, and it; will be well for Blaine to turn his steps homeward without delay if he would sounteract the wave that the Toledo con-

vention started yesterday." The Post then quotes General Beatty's article in the Toledo Bee and says: "It only needs a few men in each state with equal plainness of speech to send the blatherskites to the rear and restore the republican leadership to the sober-minded and thoughtful statesmen who yet remain. This is what has been accomplished at Toledo, and we cannot fail to congratulate the party on the moral improvement which it implies. While the convention this year does not stop the state from declaring for Blaine next year, it renders that result highly improbable."

A Prohibition Call. CHICAGO, July 28,-The national prohibi-

tion party to-day issued the following: The national committee of the prohibition party are hereby called to meet in Chicago, November 16, 1887, for the purpose of fixing the time and place of the national nominating convention of 1888 and transacting such other business as pertains to the national committee, in states which have been organized since July 24, 1884, it is requested that the state central committee name two members of the national committee and send a record of such appairment to this office. a record of such appointment to this office. In a case where a member of the national committee cannot attend the meeting of the committee cannot attend the meeting of the committee, a proxy may be appointed, but such proxy must be a resident of the state he represents. On the 17th of November a general conference of prohibitionists will be held in Chicago for suggestions and consultations, and an invitation is hereby extended to members of the party to be present.

JOHN B. FINCH, Chairman.

A. J. JUTKINS, Corresponding Sec'y.

Massachusetts Republicans. Boston, July 28 .- At a meeting of the republican state central committee to-day it was voted to hold the state convention in Boston September 28,

SENATOR STANFORD'S SCREED.

He Says the Government Owes the Central Pacific \$63,000,000. SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.-Senator Stanford appeared before the Pacific investigating committee to-day. In answer to various interrogatories, he read a written answer at great length. In it he detailed the history of the Central Pacific from its inception. When the road was built the government when the road was built the government was paying \$5,000,000 annually for the transportation of mails and military and Indian supplies. This compensation, without reduction, was to be credited to the first principal of the railroad debt, and the company would also pay 5 per cent on its net earnings to apply on the bonds. These accounts, Senator Stanford said, would liquidate all the claims before the expiration of thirty years. The government, however, had reduced the compensation to a point less than that allowed eastern roads. He inveighed at a great length against the Thurman shrking fund act. Subsidies of land to its competitors were greater than those allowed the Central Pacific. He figured out some losses by reason of this competition as named by Mr. Miller previously to this, Standford adds up the loss to the company by being compelled to sell bonds received from the government, the amount saved by the government in the way of transportation, losses by refusal of the government to patent the company's land grants, loss by the sinking fund investment, and informs the commission that the road has a valid claim against the government of a round total of \$63,000,000 to apply against he government loan. was paying \$8,000,000 annually for the transhe government loan.

TOLLIVER'S TOWN. Morehead, Kentucky, in a Constant

State of Scige.
LEXINGTON, Ky., July 28.—Colonel B.
Castleman and Adjutant Roger Williams returned from Morehead to-day, where they had been sent by Governor Knott to inquire into the propriety of sending troops there to attend the sessions of the circuit court, which is set to convene next Monday. The governor's commission decided to report adversely to sending troops to Morehead. The town is dead, every business house is closed and the doors nailed up, with the exception of one small grocery store and saloon, the latter being carried on by the widow of Craig Tolliver. The town is patrolled day and night by forty members of the Law and Order society armed with Winchester rides. It is the general teeling that as soon as the patrol is removed the Tolliverites will swoop down on the town and avenge the death of their chief. It is believed that the only true solution of the bloody feud is to let the citizens of Rowan county settle it among them. nailed up, with the exception of one of Rowan county settle it among them-

scives. Alarming Increase of Fires. NEW YORK, July 28 .- | Special Telegram to the BEE. i-The number of large fires throughout the country within the past two months has become a matter of thoughtful if not serious concern with insurance companies. The best posted men in the business say that in that time the amount of losses has been from two to three times what it was for the whole of last year. In other words four or five times usual rates. The annual amount of losses average about \$100,000,000. At the office of a firm of well-known insurance brokers yesterday it was said that the last month had been the most disastrous in fire record of any like period, save of course in that embracing the Chicago and Boston fires. So far as had been learned only two com panies had made any money in that six months. There is one thing that has come to the fore prominently, and that is in relation to Herr Most. As indicative of the extent to which the insurance companies are being roused to the question it is only necessary to call attention to a special meeting of the New York board of underwriters held yes-Now York board of underwriters held yes-terday to discuss this very subject and about ways and means to meet the emergency. Herr Most's book bearing on the subject of dynamite and phosphorous as incendary agents was considered at length, especially his claim that many recent fires were due to their use. Copies of newspapers, the book itself and all available information upon the point were, the week before, handed over to the committee on the policy and origin of fires, with instructions to make a thorough investigation of the matter and report upon some plan which would check, it possible, the great increase in numbers of fires which were undoubtedly incendiary. coast has been peculiarly fortunate, the losses for six months not exceeding twenty live per cent of the average. On the whole situation an insurance agent said vesterday. thing keeps up we are going to stop, that's

Wants to Oust "Me Too." NEW YORK, July 28 .- Attorney General O'Brien has brought suit in the supreme court against ex-United States Senator Thomas C. Platt to remove him from office as quarantine commissioner, on the ground of his being a non-resident of the metropolitan district, and the further reason, as alleged, that he was not properly sworn into office. The attorney general asks the supreme court to declare his office vacant, and to fine Platt \$2,000 and the costs of the action. A similar suit has also been brought against Quarantine Commissioner John A. Nichols,

Weather Indications.

For Nebraska: Local rains in northern portion, fair weather in southern portion, winds generally southerly, nearly stationary emperature. For lowa: Fair weather, stationary temperature in eastern portion, higher tempera-ture in western portion, variable winds, generally easterly.
For Central and Western Dakota: Local

rains, stationary temperature, variable winds generally easterly.

Turabuli Deemed. CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 28.-Charles Turnbull, convicted of the murder of Charles Milley, at Lunk, was sentenced to be hanged. October 14. Turnbull appears unconcerned about his fate.

Much Naphtha Destroyed. St. Petershung, July 28 .- The fire in the naphtha spring storchouses at Balachna has been extinguished. One million pods naphtha were burned.

KANSAS CITY MADE HIM SICK

The President Wants to Meet No More Invitation Committees.

SEND THE "BIDS" BY MAIL.

A Plaintive Appeal to Senator Harris, of Tennessee-Washington Society Agitated By Another Scandal -Capital City News.

He is Tired. Washineton, July 28.—The president to-day received a telegram from Senator Harris saying a committee of 100 citizens of Memphis was coming to Washington to invite the president to visit that city during his western trip. The president telegraphed Senator Harris in reply to use his influence to prevent any movement of that sort. He said that while he will always be pleased to see the people of Tennessee at the capital, he thinks they ought to be spared a long journey to Washington during the heated term on a mission of this sort when a written invitation sent by mail would be as effective and as much appreciated. Similar answers will be sent to other western cities where arrangements are being made to send invitarangements are being made to send invita-tion-bearing committees to Washington. It is stated at the white house that the president will give the same consideration to invita-tions received by mail as to those borne by committees, no matter how large and im-pressive the latter may be.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE,]—The details of a highly sensational scandal, in which an officer of the navy will figure as one of the principals, are likely to be developed through the local police courts. D. W. H. Crawford is an officer of the medical corps of the navy, and is on duty

Criminal Intimacy.

at the naval hospital in this city. It is alleged that Crawford has been criminally intimate with Eva W. White, a girl of thirteen years who resides with her parents in the vi-Crawford in which the criminal intimacy is acknowledged, came into the possession of the girl's family, and it is alleged her brother, who is engaged in business in another city, came here to punish the offender. effort was made by Crawand his friends to settie the difficulty amicably, and it is said Crawford offerred to marry Miss White. These efforts for an amicable ad-justment, however, failed, and this afternoon Crawford was arrested and taken before a

Crawford was arrested and taken before a magistrate charged with criminal intimacy with Miss White, under the recent act of congress known as the "Utah act," which defines such intimacy with a female below eighteen years of age as rape. The defendant waved examination and gave bonds to answer before the court. Special interest attaches to this case because it is the first that has occurred here under the act, as well as on account of the official and social standing of the accused. The act in question was intended specially to apply to Utah, but since its passage it has been discovered that it applies to every territory of the United States.

A Few Sweet Statistics.

Washington, July 28 .- The chief of the bureau of statistics has issued his quarterly report, which, contains, among other interesting matter, tables in regard to sugar and molasses, snowing the imports and exports of these articles since 1879, their production in the United States and foreign countries for a series of years, the present tariff rates in leading commercial countries, and export duties imposed by various countries on sugar. The value of imports of sugar has ranged The value of imports of sugar has ranged from 4.18 per cent of the value of dutiable imports in 1825, to 19 per cent of such imports in 1875, and the duty collected thereon has fluctuated from 4.76 per cent of all customs duties on dutiable merchandise in 1825, to 28.6 per cent, in 1865. A table is given showing the leading sources of our customs revenues in the order of magnitude for a series of years. Sugar and molasses comprise our leading source of revenue, being 27 per cent, of the total collected in 1886, manufacturers of wool standing next at 14 per cent. The highest annual average specific rate of duty collected on sugar was in 1828, when it amounted to 3.8 cents per pound, and the lowest in 1861, at 34 cent per pound. The highest annual average cost of sugar per pound was in 1836, when it was 6.17 cents per pound, and the lowest in 1861, at 4 cent per pound. Foreign prices for sugar have been tending downward since 1831, largely caused by the world's increased production. Interesting data are given in regard to the sugar product of this and other countries, and of the origin and growth of the industry in Louislana. The latter had its most prosperous period just prior to the civil war, since when it has not fully recovered. Then again the largely increased production of foreign countries rendered it difficult for our producers to compete successfully with them in our market. During the period just prior to the war we produced about one-fourth of the sugar consumed in the country. During the last calendar year, however, we produced only one-tenth. The statement of the estifrom 4.18 per cent of the value of dutiable the last calendar year, however, we produced only one-tenth. The statement of the esti-mated consumption of sugar per capita for a series of years shows: Great Britain, 7.1 pounds: United States, 53.3; Switzerland,

31.3; France, 24.5; Germany, 17 pounds.

Pleuro-Pneumonia Suppression. WASHINGTON, July 28 .- The chief of the bureau of animal industry has made his preliminary report to the commissioner of agriculture in reference to the suppression of pleuro-pneumonia for the six months ended June 30, 1887. He states that the act of March 3 has enabled the bureau to accomplish very much more than had been possible previous to that time. The new rules had been favorably received and accepted by the following states and territories: Alaska, Arizona, California, Dakota, District of Columbia, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Maine, Minnesota, Mississippi, Montana, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, Nebraska, Nevada, North Carolina, Ohio, Rnode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia and Wyoming. The legislatures of Illinois, New York, Rhode Island and Virginia have passed laws giving full authority to the national bureau, etc. Pennsylvania is the only state believed to be infected with pleuropneumonia, the authorities of which have declined both to accept the new rules and regulations and to give the national inspecplish very much more than had been possible regulations and to give the national inspectors any recognition in this work. The last communication from the governor of that state was to the effect that Pennsylvania would allow the government to pay the expenses of the work provided it was done wholly under and subject to the rules of officers appointed by the governor. Other conditions are also named, which the chief of the bureau thinks it would be useless to comply with thinks it would be useless to comply with, and he recommends investigation into the extent of the intection of Pennsylvania, and if it should be found sufficient to endanger other states, that a rigid quarantine be established. During these six months the officers of the bureau have inspected 2,368 herds in Illinois, containing 12,631 animals. They have made post mortem examinations on carcasses of 5,183 animals that have been slaughtered from the infected district, and of these 205 animals showed signs of contactous picuro-pneumonia. Since April 20 819 animals nave been con-Since April 20 819 animals have been compulsority slaughtered in Cook county and paid for by this bureau. Of these 234, or nearly 50 per cent, were affected by this disease. Very few affected animals are now being found, and it is believed the outbreak is about stamped out. In Maryland 2,498 herds have been inspected, containing 25,739 animals. Of these herds 233, containing 2,676 animals, were quarantined. The number of diseased animals found in these herds was 744. A total of 1,253 post mortem examinations have been made on carcasses of slaughtered animals, showing 755 to have been affected with pleuro-pneumonia. Very few recent cases of the disease have been

found, and it is believed but little more is to be apprehended. The work in New Jersey has only recently commenced. Four hundred and fifty-three herds, econtaining 3,815 animals, have been inspected. Twenty herds have been found infected, containing 254 head, of which 35 were reported diseased and 28 animals were slaughtered, of which 15 were found to have been effected with pleuro-pneumonia. In New York 76 herds, containing 2,201 animals, were inspected. Of these 45 herds were infected, and contained 957 animals, of which 125 were reported diseased. The number slaughtered was 117, of which 25 showed lessions of pleuro-pneumonia. The total number of herds inspected during six months is 5,351, containing 45,094 animals; 298 herds and 11,028 animals have been placed in quarantine, among which were found 904 diseased animals. Post-mortem examinations were made on the carcass of 4,051 animals, and showed that 1,044 of these had been affected with pleuro-pneumonia.

with pleuro-pneumon:a. The Constitution's Centennial. WASHINGTON, July 28 .- A committee from Philadelphia, representing the constitutional centennial commission, headed by Hon. John A. Kasson, had a conference with the president to-day and agreed upon the programme for the celebration as follows:

September 15—Processional industrial dis-play, contrasting the commerce and indus-trial and the social characteristics of the country in 1787 with those of 1887. In the evening the governor of Pennsylvania will hold a reception in honor of the governors of states and territories.

hold a reception in honor of the governors of states and territories.

September 16. Military parade and review by the president of regiments and companies of military of the several states and territories, accompanied by their respective governors and staff, and by such forces of the army and navy as shall be detailed for that purpose. In the evening of the same day the president of the United States will receive the governors of the several states and territories, representatives of foreign governments, military, and the people at large.

September 17.—The special service of commemoration will occur. The president will preside. Mr. Justice Miller, of the United States supreme court, will deliver the oration.

The president informed the committee that he was in entire sympathy with the com-mission and would do what he could to make the celebration a success.

Postal Changes.

WASHINGTON, July 28.- [Special Telegram to the BEE. |-The following changes have been made in star schedules in Nebraska and

Iowa: Lansing to Waukon: Leave Lansing daily except Sundays at 6 a. m., arrive at Waukon daily except Sundays at 1:30 p. m., arrive at Lansing by 7:30 p. m. Marion to Cedar Rapids: Leave Marlon Marion to Cedar Rapids: Leave Marion daily except Sundays at 9:45 a. m. and 11:45 a. m., arrive at Cedar Rapids by 10:30 a. m. and 12:30 p. m.; leave Cedar Rapids daily except Sundays at 11:45 p. m. and 5:15 p. m., arrive at Marion by 2:30 p. m. and 6

m., arrive at Marion by 2:30 p. m. and 6 p. m.
Decorah to Prosper, Minn.: Leave Decorah daily except Sundays at 2 p. m., arrive at Prosper by 6 p. m.; leave Prosper daily except Sundays at 8 a. m., arrive at Decorah by 12 m.

Hebron to Nelson: Leave Hebron Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 8 a. m., arrive at Nelson by 4:30 p. m.; leave Nelson Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8 a. m., arrive at Hebron by 4:30 p. m.

William W. Laymon was to-day commissioned postmaster at Nassau, Ia.

Upper Mississippi Improvements. WASHINGTON, July 28.—The annual report of Major A. Mackenzie, United States engineer, upon the improvements of the Mississippi river between St. Paul and Des Moines rapids, has been received by the chief of engineers. In his general remarks he says: "The results already accomplished show the Mississippi river between St. Paul and Des Moines rapids can be put in such a condition as to make navigation sure and comparatively easy, but to accomplish this requires time and continued work under liberal appropriations. As an amount that can be expended during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1889. I submit an estimate of the following specific appropriations: \$30,000 for snag boats and dredges, \$80,495 for completing improvements at Des Moines rapids, \$10,250 to complete the dry dock at the Des Moines canal.

Clerkships for Westerners. Washington, July 28 .- | Special Telegram to the BEE. !- Miss Ella F. Laskin, of Nebraska, was to-day promoted from \$1,000 to \$1,200 in the general land office.
William G. Webster, of Iowa, was appointed to a \$1,000 clerkship in the bureau of labor.

The Washington Postoffice. WASHINGTON, July 28 .- | Special Telegram to the BEE. |-Don M. Dickinson, of Detroit, who is said to be backing John J. Enright of that city for postmaster of Washington, said to-day that he knew nothing whatever about Enright's candidacy. If Enright is an applicant for the place, Dickinson has not spoken to the president in his behalf. Mr. Dickinson added that it would not surprise him in the least if the place is tendered to the widow of General Hancock.

Investigating the Seizures. WASHINGTON, July 28.-The secretary of state has received a dispatch from Consul General Phelan at Halifax saying that he is investigating the recent seizures of American vessels in Canadian waters and has in-structed the consul at Charlottestown, Prince Edward's Island, to take the measurement of the sea off the points where the seizures were so as to establish the exact distance from shore.

Pensions for Iowa. WASHINGTON, July 28.-[Special Tele to the BEE. |- The following pensions have been granted lowans: R. C. Smith, Randolph; Alex Carpenter, Baucroft; William C. Creswell, Davenport; D. P. Hammond, LeMars; H. D. Bullock, Nodaway. Increase: William Ward, Murray; B. W. Mervin, Peterson; A. O. Grooms, Hunterville; Daniel C. Conor, Council Bluffs, reissue,

TOBACCO "CORNERED."

Leaf Takes a Sudden Rise of Fifty Per Cent. NE YORK, July 28.-The statement is printed here that great excitement prevails among tobacco dealers and manufacturers at the present time, and prices for leaf tobacco have increased from 50 to 100 per cent during July and the end is not yet. The principal cause of this increase is the fact that a very short crop is anticipated. This is due to two causes: First, the extremely low prices for tobacco prevailing last year dis-gusted many growers, so that this season they curtailed their planting, and in many cases abandoned and in many cases abandoned it altogether. Added to this the long continued drought in the tobacco region is expected to entail a grave lessening of the small crop. With this knowledge it is said that for some time past speculators have been quietly buying in all the leaf tobacco they could get and a remarkable rise in in prices is consequent, upon the "corner." in prices is consequent upon the 'corner.'

MANY MINES FLOODED. A River Overflows and Fills Up Coal

Shafts. READING, Pa., July 28.-Owing to the recent storms swelling small streams, the Little Lehigh river this morning overflowed its banks and the water dashed into a large number of iron ore mines in Long Swamp number of fron ore mines in Long Swamp township, this county. Some of the shafts are 150 feet deep. They are all filled up and lifteen acres of ground covered with mines is under water, presenting the appearance of a good-sized lake. All the machinery and buildings are submerged and 200 men are out of employment in consequence. They cannot resume work for months. Many of them made parrow escapes, as the water rushed into the mines very rapidly. The

Two Hundred People Homeless. BRUSSELS, July 28 .- A fire in the town of Siedkerke, in Brabant, Belgium, to-day destroyed thirty-three houses, depriving 200 carried them beyond their depth and all were

TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS.

Closing Scenes of the Chautauqua at Long Pine.

LIGHTNING'S FATAL STROKE.

One Editor Cowhides Another at Lincoln-Fremont People Throng to Hear the Jersey Lily-Other

Nebraska News.

The Grand Finale. LONG PINE Neb., July 28,-| Special Tele-

gram to the BEE. |-The evening of the 25th closed in a manner appropriate to the occasion for the Grand Army day. The three cornet bands collected around the officers' headquarters and called out Governor Thayer. Colonel Russell, G. W. Martin, president of the assembly, and the balance of the officers of the association, and stated that they were there for the purpose of giving the governor a reception. This was done in grand style, and at the close the governor thanked them and was well pleased with the amount of attention that they were bestowing on him. The music reverberated all through the woods and sounded sweetly to everyone present and being in the still hours of the night brought all to the doors of their tents. The governor left on the morning train and was conducted to the station by all the bands and officers who thereby showed their appreciation and gratitude to him in the most magnificent manner for his presence. This is the last day and still the grounds are filled with the people determined to stay till the last monent as woods and excellent water are found in such abundance only in very few places in Nebraska. They want to occupy the advantage as long as they can before going back to the monotonous scenes of the open prairie. Rev. Dr. Askin, of Kearner, lectured at 10 o'clock on the subject of Victor Hugo and the author was handled in excellent style. It was as tine a lecture as has been delivered on the grounds and was an excellent treat to those who are readers and lovers of his works. The doctor is a promising young man and will certainly make his mark in the world. He is a native of London and a graduate of Oxford. The balance of the day was occupied in graduating exercises, and the time was occupied in exercises appropriate to the closing scene of a successful and very instructive Chautauqua assembly. The evening was occupied by the band and glee club, which gave as tine a concert as has been rendered in northern Nebraska, and speeches from several of the and at the close the governor thanked them and was well pleased with the amount of atby the band and glee club, which gave as tine a concert as has been rendered in northern Nebraska, and speeches from several of the lecturers and a final address from Rev. Dr. Evans, of Chleago, who is a grand man and has force enough in him for three men. G. W. Martin then thanked the lecturers for their valued assistance, the officers and people for their close attendance and attention to the different exercises and was eloquent and enthusiastic in the success of the assembly, and promised better things in the future. Thus closed one of the most phenominal meetings for a young assembly that is on record, and the momentum gained is to crown it in the future with the grandest succrown it in the future with the grandest suc-cess. Everybody is well pleased. Not a hitch in the management and not a moment lost, and the finest talent in the land puts the assembly in a position that it must make everything good in the future, as the founda-tion is built on rock.

An Educational Switch. FREMONT, Neb., July 28 .- [Special to the BEE. |-The lease of the Fremont normal and and business college has just been transferred to a company consisting of Prof. N. E. Leach, superintendent of the public schools of St. Paul; Prof. George Kellar, superintendent of Paul; Prof. George Kellar, superintendent of the Hooper schools, and Messrs. C. A. Leach and H. A. Weinard, of Maquoketa, Ia. The institution will be under the direct manage-ment of the two former gentlemen. It will, however, remain for the coming year under the present management of Profs. Leach and Kellar having obligations for the coming school year that they cannot honorably break. These two gentlemen are among the best normal workers in Nebraska, the former having had twenty-three years' experience in having had twenty-three years' experience in graded schools and the latter thirteen.

Pythian Brigade Officers.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 28.- Special Telegram to the BEE. !- The uniform divisions of the uniform rank of the Knights of Pythias of Nebraska met in this city to-day and organized the first regiment of Nebraska and elected a brigadier for the brigade, composed of the North and South Platte regiments. The following officers were elected: Brigadier, W. L. Dayton, of Lincoln; adjutant-general, J. W. Irwin, of Lincoln. The following are officers of the first regiment: Colonel, W. F. Downs, of Lincoln; lieutenant-colonel, Captain S. D. Hunt, of McCook; major, Lieutenant Shuman, of Aurora; surgeon, Dr. Leose, of Teenmseh. of the North and South Platte regiments geon, Dr. Leese, of Tecumseh.

Mrs. Langtry at Fremont. FREMONT, Neb., July 28 .- [Special to the BEE.]-The appearance of Mrs. Langtry at of the greatest theatrical successes ever scored here. The famous Jersey Lily was greeted with a magnificent audience, who paid \$2 apiece to see and hear her. Mrs. Langtry was very much pleased with Fremont and inspected several pieces of real estate in person, and it is reported that she bought heavily. the Fremont opera house last evening was one

Horsewhipped By a Brother Editor. Lincoln, Neb., July 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE. |-Considerable excitement was created here this evening by Henry Bruegemann, ediotr of the Staats Anzeiger, horse-whipping through the streets J. D. Kluech, editor of the Free Presse. The trouble originated over an article recently published in the Free Presse to the effect that the Staats Anzeiger would be sold at sheriff's sale in the near future. Bruegemann was arrested and awaits a preliminary examina-

Struck By Lightning.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., July 27.-|Special Felegram to the BEE.|-Neiles Hanson, who lives five miles southeast of Grand Island, was struck by lightning at 11 o'clock to-day. He was out in the field at the time. His team was instantly killed and he so seriously in-jured that there are no hopes of his recovery. During the same storm the lightning struck a small tree in the yard of W. W. Riner, shocking the family considerably.

An Ovation to Thayer.

O'NEILL, Neb., July 28.- | Special Telegram to the BEE. |-Governor Thayer was tendered a grand ovation along the line in Holt county to-day, Stuart, Atkinson and O'Neill meeting him at the train with bands and flags. There was an immense crowd a O'Neill. The governor spore, thanking the people and wishing them prosperity. Colonel Russell was with the governor.

Fatal Lightning Bolt. OSKALOOSA, Ia., July 28 .- | Special Tele-

gram to the BEE. |-During a severe storm this afternoon about eight miles southeast of here a boy by the name of Cable was struck and killed by lightning. His mother was also stunned, while another stroke killed a horse The River Cut at Sioux City

Sioux City, Ia., July 28,-[Special Telegram to the Bee.]-The Missouri continues to cut the bank in front of this city, several hundred feet of valuable property having gone out of sight in the last twenty-four hours. The railroads have 300 men at work to keep back the water from their tracks. Robert McAuley, aged five, slipped off a raft into the Missouri to-day and was drowned. All efforts to find his body have been unsuc-cessful.

Four Girls Drowned. LOWELL Mass., July 28 .- Katie Hallihan. Delia Welch, Maggie Toomey and Lucy Callaban went bathing this afternoon in the Concord river at North Belle. The current

HEALY SUSPENDED. The Redoubtable Tim Threatens to

Break a Tory's Neck.

LONDON, July 28.-In the commons this evening debate was resumed on the land bill. O'Kelly's motion to give tenants six months for redemption after written notice of eviction was rejected. After further talk Morley suggested that the government allow tenants one mouth of undisturbed possession between the service notice and execution of the decree. Balfour accepted this, expressing the hope that the opposition would attempt to press the government no further. tempt to press the government no turtner. After some further discussion a passage of arms occurred between Timothy Healy and the chairman, the former complaining of conservative interruptions. The incident was ended by Healy apologizing. The excitement continuing, the chairman reproved De-Lisie (conservative) as disorderly, and refusing to allow him to make an explanation, suspended the sitting in committee. The

List (conservative) as disorderly, and refusing to allow him to make an explanation, suspended the sliting in committee. The chairman then reported that during the last division following the Healy incident De-Lisle came to him and remonstrated for not being allowed to explain, whereupon Healy reproached him and said:

"Come out, DeLisle, if you are a man. If you interrupt me again I'll break your neck." Healy said he feit no regret and would abide by the consequences.

Smith moved to suspend Healy and the motion was carried without division, Healy having requested his friends not to vote against it.

After this the interruptions continued when the nationalists tried to speak, until finally Sir William Vernor Harcourt implored the chairman to exercise his authority to prevent a systematic insult from the opposition. He said members might move to suspend him if they liked. A bitter debate ensued, but the matter was finally passed over, the speaker agreeing with W. H. Smith that no particular section of the house was guilty of provocation. AN UNCALLED-FOR INSULT.

Hon. Patrick A. Collins' Troubles With Customs Officials. BELFAST, July 28 .- When the Hon, Patrick A. Collins, of Boston, and his entire party reached Belfast yesterday they were detained in the custom house with much formality and their baggage subjected to a rigid examination. Every parcel of it was unpacked and minutely examined. Even the smallest handbag carried was opened and upset. When the trunks were emptied the bottoms and sides were also examined for the purpose of seeing whether they contained secret chambers for smuggling goods or dynamite. What made this more exasperating was the fact that the work was performed by detectives and not by the regular customs officials. Mr. Collins said this evening that he was actuarded at the treat lar customs officials. Mr. Collins said this evening that he was astounded at the treatment, which he had never before received. He was greatly astonished on the steamer before reaching Belfast to be accosted by detectives, who asked him a number of questions, demanding his name, business, where from and where going. He gave them the information. He believes that since the freedom of Dublin was conferred upon him the government has been on his track. He keenly feels his inability to travel in a free country without being molested by ignorant policemen.

The Thistle's Racing Gear. (Copyright 1887 by James Gord in Bennett.) GLASGOW, July 28 .- | New York Herald Cable—Special to the BEE] — The steamer Circassia sailed from here to-day having on board the Thistle's racing spars and gear. A longer spinnaker boom than the one raced with here has also been sent over.

Showers of Locusts.

(Copyright 1887 by James Gordon Bennett.) BRUSSELS, July 28.-[New York Herald Cable—Special to the BEE.]—Owing to the exceptional heat, and the drought, which is the greatest known for the last thirty-two years, tremendous quantities of locusts are showering down upon the crops in eastern Flan ders. Oats are completely destroyed.

Look Out For Dissolution. LONDON, July 28 .- Lord Satisbury, speaking at Norwich to-day, warned the conservative party to prepare for a possible dissolution of parliament. He sald parliament had often met with an early termination when its life seemed unendangered, and that the con-servative party must organize to instruct the people against the deception of the separat-ists apostles, who were only too numerous.

Riotons Strikers at Limerick. DUBLIN, July 28.—Strikers at the Limerick dock, attended by a mob numbering thousands, hooted and stoned the imported Waterford laborers white the latter were unloading a vessel to-day. Much damage was done to shipping and the dockyard sheds. The police charged on the mob with drawn batons, and in a lively light that followed many skulls were broken. It is feared there will be more serious trouble.

Fatal Accidents. London, July 28 .- Two pleasure vachts. both tilled with people, capsized in a squall off Yarmouth to-day. Ten persons were

READING, Pa., July 28.-A covered wagon was run into by a train on the Pennsylvania road at Ridgewood Station this morning and four persons killed.

Ferdinand and Bulgaria. LONDON, July 28.-Prince Ferdinand is expected at Sofia early in August to take the oath of office. The Bulgarian government has sent to the officials of the various towns

through which the prince will pass orders to

receive the new ruler with due honors. Favor International Arbitration. LONDON, July 28 .- More than 130 members of parliament, including eight ex-ministers, have signed a memorial addressed to President Cleveland and the United States congress in favor of the settlement of interna-

tional disputes by arbitration Boulanger Wants to Fight. PARIS, July 28 .- The Courrier on Soir re ports that General Boulanger has requested official permission to challenge M. Ferryl to light a duel on account of the ex-premier's re-cent speech at Epinal.

Enough Alcohol For a Nation. BERNE, July 28.-Pursuant to the new spirit monopoly law the government has purchased alcohol sufficient for the whole

ountry for one year's consumption Beresford's Resignation Unaccepted. LONDON, July 28 .- The queen has refused to accept the resignation of Lord Charles Beresford,

ROTTEN EGGS. The Hot Weather Causes a Shortage in Hen Fruit.

NEW YORK, July 28.-The hot spell has had a remarkable effect on the egg supply, and 1,000 barrels have been spoiled by being hatched on the road or in the nest before being packed. The head of one of the largest egg houses in the city informed a reporter to-day that of 1,100 barrels received in the last twenty-four hours not 500 were good, while some lots of a hundred cases or more sent by express were a total loss. If it were not for the eggs that were placed in cold storage a month ago, the market would be stripped. Strictly fresh eggs cannot be obtained at any price.

Heat Patalities at St. Joe. ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—To-day was one of the hottest of the season. The thermometer registered 1004 and not a breath of air was stirring. Four cases of sunstroke were reported, one of which will probably prove fatal. William Decline, a carpenter, while at work on a shed over the machinery for Abercromble & Co.'s marble yards, fell from the scaffold overpowered by heat. He will probably die.

IT BEGINS TO LOOK SERIOUS.

A Canadian Revenue Collector Threatens to Seize American Vessels.

CONSUL GEORGE PERPLEXED.

He is Forbidden to Send Home Needs American Fishermen in American Fishing Vessels-Consul General Phelan Irritated.

Trouble Brewing.

HALIPAX, N. S., July 28. - | Special Telegram to the BEE. | - The American fishermen captured by the cruiser Critic on Sunday are receiving the charity of the consular agent. Consul George, of Charlottetown, telegraphed to Consul General Phelan for instructions. If the men had been shipwrecked the United States government would have taken charge of them and sent them to Gloucester, where they shipped, but not being shipwrecked mariners the consul was at a loss to know what to do. Consul General : Phelan wired instructions to put them on board the first' vessel bound for the United States. Mr. George proceeded to do that. The vessel was a fisherman going home to Gloucester. As soon as Collector Foley learned that Consul George was going to ship the men home in a fishing vessel he notified the consul, as wellas all skippers of American tishing vessels then in port, that any vessel ship-ping the men would be immediately seized for an intraction of the customs law. Mr. George protested against the collector's threatened action, but Mr. Foley reaffirmed his determination. It is not to be supposed that the collector, who is a very cautious official, was acting without instructions from Ottawa. Consul General Phelan was again communicated with by wire and he telegraphed back peremptory instructions to Consul George to ship those men on the first vessel leaving Souris for a United States port, whether that vessel be fishing, trading or any other kind of craft, and to immediately report any attempted interference on the part of the collector of the customs or any other official. Consul General Phelan is very much irritated at the present position of affairs and expresses great surprise at what he considers the extraordinary and totally unwarranted action of the Canadian officers. Such conduct, if persisted in and approved by the Canadian government, must necessarily very seriously strain relations between the two governments. He says: "The Anna Hodgson puts into Shelburne to rescue two of her crew lost in a fog, and she is summarily seized and fined \$400. Fourteen American tishermen seized for an alleged offense are taken to Souris in a seminude condition, kept there several days on the charity of the consular agent, and an effort to send them home where they may be fed and clothed, is met with threats or further seizures and fines, providing that that the vessel performing such act of humanity be a fishing vessel. Rear Admiral Luce and officers of the ships Richmond and Yantie now in this port are very indignant, and inclined to the opinion that one or both of these vessels should immediately proceed to Souris. These vessels are under the instructions of Counsel General Phelan, who refuses to indicate what his intentions are until he receives further details from Counsel George. The United States war ship Ossippee is at Port Hawkesbury, and could reach Souris within a few hours if such step is deemed necessary.

A dispatch from Shetburne states that the schooner Annie W. Hodgson has sailed for sea, having been released by the collector of customs. The line assessed against her was deposited by Consul-General Phelan with the custom authorities here to day. Later—The United States war shin Yantic sailed this afternoon—for—the North bay fishing grounds.

SOMEBODY BLUNDERED.

A Mistake in Orders Causes a Railroad Wreck in Missouri. Sr. Louis, July 28, -A dispatch from Knob Lyck, Mo., says: "A collision occurred here about 4 o'clock this morning between two treight trains, resulting in the death of three men. Engineer Eustis and Fireman Wildy and a brakeman whose name could not be learned were the victims. A mistake

in orders given was the cause of the acci-A Wreck in New Mexico.

dent."

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., July 28.- News has just been received of a terrible accident on the Atlantic & Pacific road. At 10 o'clock Wednesday evening as the westbound freight was approaching Franconia station near Needles, the engine plunged at full speed into an arroyal the bridge over which had, been burned. The freight cars piled up on top of the engine, making a terrible wreck, The freman, a man named Sparks, was instantly killed. J. T. Riley, the engineer; and George Gibson, a brakeman, were fa-tally injured. To add to the terror that wrecked cars caught are and burned. Loss

to the company \$90,000.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 28 .- At an early hour this morning the engine attached to a freight train while passing over the Mt. Savage bridge, near Cumberland, Md., on the Pittsburg division of the Baltimore & Ohio ralls road, fell through and several cars werd thrown into the river. The engineer and threman were instantly killed and a brakes man seriously hurt.

The Hopedale Disaster. BLOOMINGTON, Ill., July 28, -The collision near ltopedale yesterday on the Chicago & Alton resulted in the death of at least twelve

persons and thirty injured, most of them More Interesting Developments. Chicago, July 28.-Robert Hill, of the wholesale dry goods tirm of Storm & Hill, testified to-day in the boodle trial that in order to obtain the trade of the county he had to present Wardens Varnell, McGarlgle

and free with about \$1.800 worth of mer-chandise yearly for their personal use. W. II. Gray detailed the manner in which he turned over \$3.000 to the cang for giving him the artesian well contract. Three of the defendants' lawyers—Mills, Ingham and Forest-to-day withdrew from the case abso Fixing For Soldier Reunions.

CHICAGO, July 28 .- Mayor McCloughrey, aptain Moore, Dr. E. K. Westfall and State Senator Pearson were in the city to-day making arrangements for the soldiers? rennion at Bushnell, August 30, 51 and September I. The reaution is of all old soldiers in the district between the Hilmois and Mississippi rivers, and an attendance of 15,060 is expected. The southern Hilmois soldiers' reunion is to be held at Mount Vernon August 15, 16 and 17, and the eastern reunion at Bloomington some time later.

To Cut Preight Rates. Carcago, July 28 .- Information received here to-day leaves no doubt that freight rates on through business between Chicago and St. Paul will be shahed by the new line of the Minnesota & Northwestern, which will be open Monday. The reductions will average from 30 to 40 per cent all around. The officials of the old lines say that they will

An Insurgent Leader Executed. LONDON, July 25 - Tamer Shah, leader of the Herot insurgents, has been executed at

meet any cut made.