THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. OMAHA. TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 19, 1887. NUMBER 31.

A HARVEST FOR THE CORONER

One Hundred and Thirty Deaths within Two Days.

THIS IS IN CHICAGO ALONE.

Intense Heat Almost without Precedent—Death and Prostration in Other Cities in Various Parts of the Country.

Too Much Sunshine.

CHICAGO, July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—At the lowest estimate 130 persons have met their death within the last two days either directly from sunstroke or from the effects of extreme heat. "There has never been anything like it in the city at any previous time," said the coroner this morning.

"I can't see what we are going to do," he continued. "The number of bodies awaiting the verdict of a coroner's jury is hourly increasing. Our force, which is too small even for ordinary purposes, is not large enough to do a quarter of the work as it should be done. It will take days with our present force before our work on the present dead can be finished. Some complaints have already come to us. I wonder that there are not more."

The scene at the coroner's office is terrible. The room is crowded with men all bent on the same errand, to report the name of a victim of heat and plead for an early certificate. Now and then one appears who has been there before and begs that an inquest be held as soon as possible as the body is beginning to decay. Coroners' deputies go out on their sad mission, each with a list of from ten to twenty places to visit. Above all the commotion can be heard the almost constant ringing of the telephone bell, each ring preceding the news of another death. Even the name of the victim is not now taken, simply the place where the body lies.

At Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, July 18.—A good breeze and a slight drop in temperature made life more endurable to-day, although the death rate was the largest known in years. The mercury at 1 o'clock this afternoon was rising with 91° in the shade. At the same hour yesterday it registered 100 degrees. Seventeen sudden deaths from heat were reported to the coroner up to noon and nearly twice as many persons were prostrated, who will recover. Nearly all factories and mills temporarily suspended operations during the heat of the day.

The maxium temperature was 95° at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The mercury has been falling steadily since then and at midnight the temperature is quite comfortable. Five more deaths from heat were reported this afternoon, making twenty-three to-day and thirty-three within the last forty-eight hours.

At New Haven, Conn.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 18.—During the fornoon the heat in this city was the most intense this season. Shortly before 1 o'clock a terrific lightning bolt descended in the center of the city. Telephone instruments, burglar alarms, and other electric instruments were burned out and several citizens were prostrated by the shock. The house of Edward Ludingdon at Oyster Point was struck by a bolt and demolished. Henry and Joseph Bross, brothers, who were fishing near Oyster Point were both struck and Henry may not recover.

At Dubuque, Ia.

DUBUQUE, Ia., July 18.—A cool wave struck here last night about 9 o'clock, accompanied by a thunder storm. Saturday and Sunday were extremely hot, the signal office thermometer registering 101°. To-day it is 76°. There were fourteen funerals to-day, chiefly of children and aged people who could not stand the heat.

At Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—There was but little diminuation in the temperature to-day, and up to noon six deaths from prostration had been reported. At noon the thermometer registered 95. There were eighteen deaths from heat yesterday and five on Saturday.

Thirty-one deaths from heat wers reported to-day and seventeen others were overcome, but most of them will recover.

At Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 18.—The heat continues almost unabated. At noon the signal service observer reported the thermometer 97°. There have been sixteen prostrations by heat to-day already, and six deaths.

The thermometer reached 100 to-day. Seventy-one prostrations were reported, of which twenty-one were fatal. Advices from country towns in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky report numerous prostrations.

At Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The mercury to-day reached 102°, by eight degrees the highest known since the 7th of September, 1881 when it touched 104°. There were fifteen or more cases of prostration, five of which resulted fatally. A shower of rain in the afternoon cooled the air considerably.

At Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 18.—The temperature to-day reached 100° at 1 o'clock. Later in the afternoon a refreshing rain fell and to-night is comparatively cool and pleasant. There were fourteen prostrations during the day, three of which will result fatally.

At Rockford, Ill.

ROCKFORD, Ill., July 18.—Twenty-one deaths resulting from the oppressive heat have occurred in Rockford the past three days. Nearly all were children.

At Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 18.—The weather was hotter than ever to-day and the thermometer ran up to 100° and stood there nearly al day. A dozen cases of sunstrokes are reported. Four fatal.

At Baltimore, Md.

BALTIMORE, July 18.—A severe thunder storm, accompanied by rain and hail, visited this city and vicinity late this afternoon, mitigating the severe heat.

At Lynchburg, Va.

LYNCHBURG, Va., July 18.—This was the hottest day ever recorded in this city. The thermometer at 2 p. m. registered 108° in the shade. Business was practically suspended.

At Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, July 18.—Six deaths resulting from the extreme heat the past few days were reported to the health office to-day, making ten fatalities in all.

At Richmond, Va.

RICHMOND, Va., July 18.—The temperature to-day ranged from 100° to 105° in the shade.

At Raleigh, N. C.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 18.—The mercury reached 104° here to-day.

At Charleston, S. C.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 18.—This was the hottest day this summer. The thermometer reached 105½° at 2 o'clock p. m.

At Fortress Monroe, Va.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., July 18.—Three persons died here to-day from the effects of heat.

Indications For To-Day.

For Nebraska: Southerly winds, fair weather, warmer.

For Iowa: Fair weather, winds becoming southerly.

For Eastern Dakota: Northerly winds, generally fair weather.

Struck For Higher Wages.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., July 18.—Seven hundred employes of the Fishback rolling mill struck to-day for an increase of wages.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Thought He Wanted Office.

WASHINGTON July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—President Cleveland as a letter writer is becoming more and more a failure. A short time ago there arrived in Washington by way of the Pacific coast from New South Wales an artist named A. Roberto Pullin. He had been commissioned by an artists' club of Sidney, composed of some six hundred members, to present to Mrs. Cleveland on their behalf a painting illustrative of Australian scenery. On coming to Washington Mr. Pullin wrote to President Cleveland stating the facts and asking that he accept the painting for Mrs. Cleveland. In the letter Mr. Pullin took occasion to speak of the respect which the people of Australia entertained for the people of the United States and expressing the hope that the two countries might become more closely united in their friendship and become more and more a blessing to the world.

Imagine the feelings of Pullin when, after waiting a week, he received a cold, formal reply from the president declining the present, the tone of his letter being about the same that Cleveland would use toward an office seeker that was trying to bribe him with a present. The artist could not do otherwise than sit down and write back how greatly mortified he felt that an act intended to draw the respect which a foreign association entertained for the people of the great American republic should be so coldly treated, he felt sure that his fellow Australians could not do otherwise than feel put out by the snub administered to them.

Don't Want Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Officials of the department of state say that there is not a remote prospect of the establishment of a protectorate over the Hawaii islands by any European power. They base this belief upon the knowledge that not one of the powers would submit to the acquisition of the islanders by any of the others. These gentlemen say that the intention of the revolutionists is not to depose Kalakaua entirely and therein they are thought to be wise, under the existing state of affairs in the islands it would be impossible that they could be admitted into the United States. The state department people think that there would be no objection raised to this on the part of any of the European governments, but the only manner in which the islands could be taken into the union would be either as a full fledged state or a territory with a representative government, as the population is composed to a large extent of ignorant natives, Chinese and Portuguese, with only about 500 whites. It would be against the policy of this country to admit such a population into full citizenship.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—[Special Telegraph to the BEE.]—The following pensions were granted today: In Nebraska—Chloe Kane, mother of Charles H. Noyes, Lyons.

Original—Peter Cullen, Wahoo; Seth Vinton, Clarks; Jesse Warren, Edgar; James Martin, Shickler; James V. Price, Beaver Creek; Ambrose C. Coleman, Concord; John Rasch, Decatur; Alfred Springer, North Loup; Benjamin F. Feather, Wayne; Edward M onod, Stella; Albert Clemens, Chadron; Oren F. Crocker (dead), Hooper.

In Iowa—Lerena A. Mills, widow of Thomas, Eldora; Sarah A. Marsh, formerly widow of Wm. P. Steers, Colfax; Catherine L., mother of John F. Harsman, Lehi; Rebecca E., widow of Nelson C. Armes, Herdland; Hugh, father of Wesly Irwin, Sidney; Sarah D., widow of Smith D. Baldwin; Lake City;

Originals, Richard Rose, Alice; John A. Cosson, Hamburg; Frank Harsman, Albia; Samuel B. Donoevin, Fox River; Aaron B. Anderson and Thomas Smith, Newton; Iona Gilbert, Grinnell; Steven Hanson, Swan Lake; John P. Park, Grinnell; William Gorman, Carroll; John Chase, Brush Creek; L. McGavan, East Liverpool; William Seward, Lewis; George Ashby, Randalia; Adolph Wirsig, Fort Madison; Albert Muncer, New Hartford; Samuel E. Shephard, Manson; Joseph Anderson, Maquoketa; John A. Wilson, Des Moines; Michael Sence, New Haven; Eligh D. Culver, Clarion; James Claybourn, Sidney; William J. Johnson, Moravia; Samuel E. Peck, Tama City; Joseph Hickman, Holstein; John C. Boltager, Allica; Jessie Klingman, Stake Center; Robert Harrison, Pleasant Plain.

Star Schedule Changes.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The following changes in the star schedule have been made in Iowa:

Milo to Lucas: Leave Milo Tuesdays and Fridays at 8:30 a. m., arrive at Lucas by 5 p. m.; leave Lucas Wednesdays and Saturdays at 8:30 a. m., arrive at Milo by 5 p. m.

Winterset to Murray: Leave Winterset Tuesdays and Fridays at 8 a. m., arrive at Murry by 6 p. m.; leave Murray, Wednesdays and Satnrdays at 7 a. m., arrive at Winterset by 6 p. m.

Webster City to Waterman: Leave Webster City Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 a. m., arrive at Waterman Wednesdays and Fridays at 11 a. m., arrive at Webster City by 2 p. m.

West Union to Calmar: Leave West Union Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6 a. m., arrive at Calmar by 10 a. m.; leave Calmar Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5 p. m., arrive at West Union by 8:30 p. m.

Numa to Genoa: Leave Numa Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 a. m., arrive at Genoa by 12 m.; leave Genoa Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12:30 p. m., arrive at Numa by 4:30 p. m.

Jessup to Barclay: Leave Jesup Mondays and Fridays at 12 m., arrive at Barclay by 1:30 p. m.; Leave Barclay Monday and Friday at 2 p. m., arrive at Jessup by 3:30 p. m.

Sidney to Hamburg: Leave Sidney daily, except Sunday, at 7 a. m.; arrive at Hamburg by 11 a. m.; leave Hamburg daily, except Sunday, at 1:40 p. m., arrive at Sidney by 5:40 p. m.

Sandy Shoemaker has been commissioned postmaster at Scotch Grove, Iowa.

Not K. of L. Whisky.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The commissioner of patents has rendered an important decision in the case of the application to register a trade mark for distilled spirits in which the words "Knights of Labor" and "K. of L." distillery appear. The commissioner states that there is no pretense that the manufacturers of this particular brand of whisky who seek to register the trade mark are Knights of Labor or are engaged in business with them or under their auspices, yet the distinction points to this labor organization or to members as a class as the origin of the ownership of the article to which it is applied. In other words the proposed trade mark is in the nature of false representation and deception as to the general public, possibly inducing them to purchase an article under the belief that it is manufactured by a society in which they have a friendly interest. The commissioner, therefore, on the ground of the false pretenses of such trade mark, refuses its registration.

Accounts Found Satisfactory.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The examination of the accounts of the disbursing officers of the second auditor's and sixth auditor's offices has been virtually completed, and though no formal report has yet been made, the secretary has been informed that they are satisfactory.

The count of cash and securities in the treasurer's office, which began May 23, will probably be completed this week, as only gold coin remains to be counted. The funds on hand amounted to $95,000,000, of which $61,300,000 was in standard silver dollars, $25,000,000 in gold coin, $2,000,000 in fractional silver, and the balance in notes and certificates.

No News From Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—No additional information has been received from Hawaii. The United States steamer, Adams, is now at Honolulu and the Vandalia and Juniatia are on the way there. All possible arrangements have been made for the protection of American interests.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Ordnance sergeants, W. J. Russell, James L. Conklin and James Coleman have been placed on the retired list. Colonel Rufus Saxton, assistant quartermaster general has been granted one month's leave.

THE HAVELOCK DISASTER.

A Coroner's Jury at Lincoln Making a Thorough Investigation.

WAS THE RED SIGNAL PUT OUT?

One Brakeman and the Conductor Say it Was, While Engineer Bowser and Another Brakeman Declare it Was Not.

Conflicting Testimony.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The coroner's jury resumed work to-day in the examination of witnesses concerning the recent B. & M. wreck near Havrelock east of Lincoln. A large number of people were present as interested spectators and the inquiries were closely made by Judge Mason, F. M. Hall, one of the B. & M. attorneys, and Superintendent D. E. Thompson, were present during the morning hours of the session. The fireman of Engineer Bowser's engine was on the stand for some time and his testimony corroborated Engineer Bowser in every particular. He testified positively that there was no signal light to stop out at Havrelock when the engine passed the station and that after noting no signal he put more fuel in the furnace. He thought that as soon as Engineer Bowser located the headlight in front as an approaching train, that he used every effort to stop. He also agreed with the others in testifying that the car that caught fire was the one occupied by Dr. Randall and son, and it burned so rapidly that it was impossible to assist the man on account of the heat. The fireman testified that the air brake on the engine was not in good working order, and that Bowser had called attention of Salisbury, who has charge of the Lincoln round house, that the brake would not work well.

The forward brakeman on this train was injured in the wreck, but he was brought to the room and gave his testimony, which contradicted a good deal of the rest. He agreed with the engineer and fireman in testifying that there was no red light displayed at Havelock. He was positive of that. He had before reaching Havelock, noted the headlight down the track, but supposed it was a train on the siding. After passing Havelock and seeing no danger signal he went from the top of the train into the engine and was there when the train struck. He did not think the engineer shut off steam or whistled for brakes. This testimony agreed with the engineer and fireman's, that there were no signals out, while the operator and boy in the office testified that the signal was out and the conductor and rear brakeman testified that when the way car passed the station the red signal was out. It seemed to be a quite general opinion that the signal was turned after the engine had passed and before the way car reached the depot, or to those who have not formed conclusions the testimony of the operator on duty for the first time on the road and the young man in the office with him is to be weighed against the engineer's testimony, a man of seven years' experience as an engineer on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy line, supported by the further testimony of his fireman and head brakeman. During the forenoon the jury called back a number of the witnesses and questioned them regarding the hours work they had to do and how hard they were worked by the company. The evidence was meagre in that respect and Trainmaster Bignell was placed on the stand for the same purpose. Mr. Bignell's testimony was that trainmen were never overworked, that some of the way freight runs kept crews on duty twelve or thirteen hours, while other runs were much shorter. Mr. Bignell could not remember of any train crews that were worked longer than this time.

In fact Engineer Bowser's testimony of the day before was that he went on duty at Omaha at 6 o'clock at night, ran to Lincoln and had fifty minutes of; then returned to Omaha reaching there at 10 a. m., after sixteen hours out the trip before the one he was running when the wreck occurred, having been off duty that day from the time of reaching Omaha at 10 a. m. until 5 p. m. when he got ready for the night run when the accident happened. An engineer in commenting on the fact, said that the pay roll of engineers and firemen in busy times would show that they made some runs of a great many more hours duration than stated. The testimony of the trainmen on the regular train that Dr. Randail and his car were on, stated that he with his car was taken on at Chico, Sarpy county, and that he had a common coal oil lamp in the car. The conductor and forward brakeman both testined that they had tried to get Randall to ride in the way car, but he preferred staying with his horses that were frightened. The forward brakeman stated that he called Randall's attention to the fact of the danger of fire from the lantern in case of accident. None of the train men appear to have seen the boy who was in the car with his father. Judge Mason told the jury that it would devolve upon them to determine whether Randall's death was from negligence on his part, for if it was the company would only be liable for civil damages.

At noon the jury adjourned to take further evidence at 7:30 p. m.

Seduced and Deserted.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., July 18.—[Special to the BEE.]—Some time during last February there arrived in town a number of emigrants direct from the "Faderland." Among them was an intelligent and bright young German girl about twenty years of age, who seemed rather out of place among the common lot of emmigrants. To the few acquaintance she made she claimed that she was married to an officer in King William's army, but still used her maiden name—Gretchen Von Monhause. She was well supplied, seemingly, with money; but through a number of successive misfortunes she found herself shortly without funds or friends and was compelled to seek refuge in the home for the friendless of Lincoln, where she gave birth to a boy. As soon as she was able to travel she returned to this city, and the child was adopted by Mr. Woolsey, of Greggsport. In a few days the child sickened and died, and was taken to Hamburg, Ia., for interment. And now comes the romance of the story. The young girl again returned to Lincoln, but before leaving the city, in one of her despondent moods confided her story to a lady, from whom the account comes. The old, sad story of love and folly on one side and the devil on the other. Her father, she claims, is a wealthy government official in Germany, and of a highly respectable family. She met and loved a dashing officer of the army and fell a victim to folly. Her parents sent her from home and her lover sent her to this country to hide her shame, promising to follow and make her his wife. She has been waiting for him for six months, but in vain. She is still waiting, foolishly trusting, his excuse being that he cannot get the necessary permit to leave the country.

Died on the Trip.

KEARNEY, Neb., July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Last evening Mr. S. M. Nevins one of our prosperous young lawyers took the western bound train with his wife, who was low with consumption, intending to go to California. About the time the train reached North Platte Mrs. Nevins breathed her last. Although she was in a bad condition no one doubted but that she would stand the trip. The morning train brought Mr. Nevins' sister of Omaha, who was to accompany them and the remains. It is a dreadful shock to parties here where Mrs. Nevins filled a woman's place in the affection of many.

Off For the Tournament.

FREMONT, Neb., July 18.—[Special to the BEE.]—Fremont's delegation to the State Firemen's tournament left here to-day at 12:50 for Kearney. Last year Kearney was credited with having the largest delegation of citizens and firemen of any outside town at the tournament held here. Fremont this year returns the compliment by sending nearly 100 to Kearney. Two running teams go from here—the well known J. C. Cleland, of fifteen men, and the Dorseys of sixteen men. The Fremont band, of fourteen members, accompanied them and will remain at the tournament all the week. Our citizens confidently believe the boys will bring home their share of the prizes.

The Long Pine Chautauqua.

LONG PINE, Neb., July 17.—[Special to the BEE.]—Everything about the Long Pine Chautauqua grounds is nearly ready and they open on the 21st of July. On the 27th is Grand army day and Governor John M. Thayer and G. A. R. Department Commander Russell will be here. It is confidently expected that it will be the grandest day of the session, as there will be nearly all the old soldiers here from Holt, Brown, Ohern and Kyapaha counties, together with the company of state militia all in regular uniform; also fireman and band boys in their respective suits. The presence here of the governor and Commander Russell will attract quite a large crowd, who will be here to pay their respects to the chief executive of the state of Nebraska. The professor of botany at the state university will be here on the 25th of July, and lecture on the same day. The association is receiving encouragement from a great many sources, and the managers are feeling elated over their prospects.

A Murder Trial at Ainsworth.

AINSWORTH, Neb., July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The adjourned term of the May district court convened July 14 to try the case of Ole Anderson, of Brown county, charged with murdering his wife and throwing her body in a well early in the spring. The crime was commited in Bassett, in this county, at the home of the murderer. About 150 men were drawn before a jury was secured Saturday noon. The state rested the case to-night. The depositions of five witnesses were taken, an attempt being made to prove insanity but there is not much faith in it. The idea prevails generally that meanness was the cause of the murder.

Suspected of Incendiarism.

COLUMBUS, Neb., July 14.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Several persons have been arrested suspected of having set fire to George Scott's barn, which burned here a short time ago. A preliminary examination was had to-day before Justice Rickley, resulting in the discharge of all the suspected parties except John McGrail alias John Hunter, who was held over till Friday the 22d. It is expected an important witness will be secured. Nothing has been elicited to establish the report that any of the arrested persons were hired to set fire to the barn.

Crop and Railroad Prospect.

AINSWORTH, Neb., July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Small grain falls much short of a crop but corn is coming on fine. There is a large hay crop in the bottoms near here and along the river and streams. There is much cause for encouragement under the circumstances. The town is anxiously awaiting developments in regard to the B. & M. railroad which has two surveys into town from the south.

Shot by Accident.

FULLERTON, Neb., July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Elmer Thompson, a well known ranchman, was accidentally shot here to-day, probably fatally.

SHAKES AND SMILES.

How President and Mrs. Cleveland Greet the Public.

UTICA, July 18.—The presidential party reached Utica at 9:45 this morning. Secretary Fairchild and wife accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland, and immediately departed for Conastota, Oriskany and Rome, stopping possibly at Oneida. Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland look quite well. The night and this morning have been most exhausting. A heavy rain fell at intervals, but this added to the discomforts rather than to cool the atmosphere.

At 10:30 the presidential party passed through Rome. About 1,500 people were at the depot. The president was on the rear platform as the car reached the depot. He doffed his hat and bowed graciously twice to the admiring crowd. Mrs. Cleveland and Secretary Fairchild were standing just within the door and smiled in appreciation of the remarks that were being made by the ladies who were trying to get a full glance at her fair face.

The party passed through Oneida at 10:43. Large crowds were collected awaiting his arrival. The crowd surged around the rear end of the car and greeted the president with loud cheers as he and his wife appeared on the back platform. Then followed five minutes of the most enthusiastic handshaking. Every one crowded and pitched to reach the outstretched hand of the president, who had a pleasant smile and a hearty grasp for all within reach, while Mrs. Cleveland stood in the doorway and smiled and nodded pleasantly to the ladies.

CAZANOVIA, N. Y., July 18.—Two thousand people were awaiting the distinguished party at the depot. This and other buildings were profusely decorated with bunting. When the train came to a standstill the postmaster introduced the president to the people and an informal reception took place. Five hundred people shook hands with the president. Mrs. Cleveland standing on the rear of the car and acknowledging the salutations.

CAZENOVIA, N. Y., July 18.—The presidential party reached here at 11:36 a. m. No special incident occurred on the ride from Canastota. The reception was hearty. A procession was formed and escorted the party to the summer home of Secretary Fairchild. The town was everywhere gaily decorated. The place never before saw such crowds of people. At 3 p. m. the president and Mrs. Cleveland received the trustees of the village and a few friends. At 4 o'clock a general reception began. The attendance was large and represented the immediate locality, adjacent towns and the city of Syracuse, from which special trains came. Volunteers from Knowlton post G. A. R. acted as ushers. The party dined at the residence of Sidney T. Fairchild, the father of the secretary.

Just before the reception began Mrs. Cleveland was presented with a solid oaken box, silver mounted, containing a tea cup and saucer, one of a breakfast set used by George Washington. The box was made from the wood of a white oak tree under which the first settler of Cazenovia pitched his tent. The gift was from Mrs. Lizzie Murray Ledyard.

During the two hours that the reception lasted more than 4,000 persons shook hands with the president and his wife. Every one received a grip shake of the hand from the president and a smile from Mrs. Cleveland. Before the doors were opened to the general public Cazenoria's leading citizens paid their respects to the president and wife. They were followed by members of Knowlton post G. A. R., in a cady, who were cordially received.

Alaskan Missionary Murdered.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Information was received to-day from Oun, Alaska, that Bishop Seghers, a Catholic missionary, was murdered by his companion one night in November last. The scene of the tragedy was on the banks of the Yukon river, anout 500 miles from its mouth and fully sixty miles from any human habitation. The murderer is Frank Fuller, a young man from Portland, Ore., who accompanied the bishop as companion and servant. He gave himself up, but no cause for the deed is given.

Two Deaths by Drowning.

ATLANTIC, Ia., July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—John Gettilhour, aged nineteen, who has two sisters in Des Moines, was drowned here yesterday while bathing. He was only one year from Germany.

OTTUMWA, Ia., July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—John Meyer, aged fourteen, was drowned in a pool at the rock quarry Saturday evening at 6 o'clock, while watering a colt.

The Visible Supply Statement.

CHICAGO, July 18.—The following is the visible supply statement of grain for the week ending July 16:

	Bushels.		Bushels.
Wheat	31,517,754	Corn	8,664,229
Oats	2,075,993	Rye	215,854
Barley	130,469		

IN THE FIELD OF SPORT.

Omaha and Lincoln Threaten to Withdraw From the Western League.

WICHITA AFTER THE VACANCY.

Nothing as yet Definitely Decided on, and Another Meeting to be Held To-day—St. Joe Players Kick.

Western League Meeting.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The meeting of the Western league here to-day resulted in nothing beyond the rescinding of the action taken by the clubs that met at Leavenworth some time ago, and the increasing of umpires' salaries from $30 to $40 per week. The following representatives were present: Omaha, George Kay; Topeka, Manager Goldsby; St. Joe, President Alexander; Lincoln, President Threw and Dave Rowe; Denver, W. E. Packard; Hastings, J. H. Ellsworth; Kansas City, E. E. Menges and C. D. Axman. Secretary Murphy, of Leavenworth, was also present. It was anticipated that a conflict over the recent action at Leavenworth would occur, but an amicable settlement was finally arranged and the officers remain the same as originally chosen. The eighth club question was discussed at length, Wichita being the only candidate for admission. The difficulty in the admission of Wichita lies in the terms, the club referred to only desiring to pay visiting clubs $85 and receive the usual $65 guarantee, while the league's terms are the same as those upon which Denver plays, paying $105 per game to each visiting club and receiving $75 per game while abroad. As no representative of Wichita was present, a telegram was sent the directors of the club asking them to have some one at the meeting to-morrow. It is considered a settled fact that if Wichita fails to come in, Omaha and Lincoln will both withdraw and enter the Northwestern league, as the managers of these clubs claim to be able to do in a week if they so desire. If this occurs the results to the Western league will be serious and demoralizing. President Threw, of Lincoln, said this evening that Lincoln would certainly withdraw if the vacancy caused by the Leavenworth's disbandment was not filled, for he considered that the Western league with eight clubs was more profitable from a financial point of view than the Northwestern, and the teams played better ball. The league will meet again to-morrow.

St. Joe's Club At War.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Word was received here this evening of a war in the St. Joe base ball club because of fines imposed on nine of the players for bad ball playing, several members of the nine asserting that they would refuse to play as soon as Manager Alexander returned from here. Mr. Alexander said to-night that he had expected trouble when pay day arrived. He said, further, that his team had demonstrated that they could play better ball than they had, but that they did not appear to care whether the club won or lost. The fines would not be remitted and every one of the kickers would be expelled and blacklisted. "If it is necessary," said he, "I will suspend the whole nine and finish the season with amateurs."

The Tournament at Kearney.

KEARNEY, Neb., July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Kearney is wild with enthusiasm and excitement over the best and grandest State Firemen's tournament ever held in Nebraska. Bands are playing on all sides, citizens are out on the street in force, and the whole town wears an appearance of a grand gala day. The following teams are on the ground: Dorsey hose team, Fremont; Clellands, of Fremont, and Red Jackets of Fremont, hook and ladder. The Fremonts have their own band, Hooks, Wahoo; G. W. Holdrege, hooks No. 1, York, and band and special car over the B. & M.; M. Neville's Plattsmouth and Pacifics, Grand Island, in a special car. A running hose team from Amsterdam, N. Y., will arrive here Friday morning to enter the free-for-all race. Several teams will come in on the late train to-night including those of Cheyenne, Council Bluffs, Omaha and Sioux City. The heavy rains of last Saturday night have cooled the weather and laid the dust so that it cannot be better. The city has provided ample accommodations so that all can be cared for easily. The tournament opens in earnest to-morrow morning.

Northwestern League Games.

DES MOINES, July 18.—Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The game between Des Moines and Minneapolis clubs to-day resulted as follows:

Des Moines	2	0	2	1	0	0	4	0	2	—11
Minneapolis	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Base hits—Des Moines 16, Minneapolis 9. Errors—Minneapolis 3, Des Moines 0. Batteries—Des Moines, Hutchison and Sutcliffe; Minneapolis, Winkelman, King and Murry. Umpire—Nailor.

St. Paul 19, Oshkosh 12, at Oshkosh.

Duluth 9, La Crosse 10, at La Crosse.

Ten to One.

STROMSBURG, Neb., July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The game of base ball at Osceola between the Osceola team and Genoa resulted in a victory for Genoa. The score standing 10 to 1.

Brighton Beach Races.

BRIGHTON BEACH, July 18.—The weather was fine, the track slow and the attendance 5,000. The following is the summary:

Three mile: Palatka won, Manhattan second, Critchon third. Time—1:18¾.

One and a sixteenth mile: Lizzie Walton won, Big Head second, Lea third. Time—1:53.

Seven-eighth mile: Armstrong won, Calera second, Ellie Hardy third. Time—1:31½.

One and a quarter miles: Treasurer won, Racquet second, Frolic third. Time—2:11.

Seven-eighth mile: Niagara won, Marsh Redon second, Montauk third. Time—1:31½.

Seven-eighth mile: Tatter won, Hickory Jim second, Bonnie Prince third. Time—1:31¾.

Seven-eighth mile: Lucy H won, Craftie second, Commander third. Time—1:31.

National League Games.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The game between the Washington and Pittsburg teams to-day resulted as follows:

Washington	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—2
Pittsburg	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	*	—4

Pitchers—Gilmore and Morris. Base hits—Washington 7, Pittsburg 10. Errors—Washington 4, Pittsburg 1. Umpire—Doescher.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—The game between Philadelphia and Detroit to-day resulted as follows:

Philadelphia	0	3	2	1	0	0	2	3	1	—12
Detroit	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Pitchers—Casey and Weidman. Base hits—Philadelphia 19, Detroit 10. Errors—Philadelphia 3, Detroit 6. Umpire—Sullivan.

BOSTON, July 18.—The game between the Boston and Indianapolis teams to-day was postponed on account of rain.

NEW YORK, July 18.—The game between the New York and Chicago teams to-day resulted as follows:

New York	1	0	0	1	0	2	1	1	*	—6
Chicago	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Pitchers—Keefe and Baldwin. Base hits—New York 14, Chicago 6. Errors—New York 2, Chicago 5. Umpire—Powers.

The American Association.

STATEN ISLAND, July 18.—The game between the Metropolitans and Cleveland team to-day resulted as follows:

Metropolitans	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	3	—11
Cleveland	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	—5

The Gate City Shoot.

The Gate City Gun club held their weekly shoot at Riverside park yesrerday afternoon. Mr. Zeller carrying off the medal. The shoot was twenty-five blue rocks, 18 yards rise, and following is the score:

Zeller	11011	10111	11101	10101	11100	—18
Icken	10110	01101	11001	10101	11110	—15
F. Farman	00000	11111	01010	11111	11011	—16
Hoye	00111	01100	11000	00110	01100	—11
Snyder	10101	10100	10100	00011	01000	—10
J. Harman	01110	10001	10110	11111	10111	—17
A. Johnson	00010	10000	10000	00001	01101	— 7
Knapp	00101	00100	11001	10011	00111	—12
Decota	00100	11100	00100	00100	11111	—11
O. Johnson	00100	10110	11000	10001	00000	— 8

Local Sporting News.

The Omahas will be home one week from Saturday.

Judge Barnes, of Ponca, and an enthusiastic devotee of the gun was in the city yesterday.

The balance of the money in the Ashinger-Whittaker race is to be posted at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

Whittaker, in his race with Ashinger Sunday, will ride a new full racer weighing only eighteen pounds.

Penrose, Hardin, Petty and Townsend shoot a telegraphic match with the Ponca team on Wednesday a week.

The Kansas Citys knocked Healey out of the box in Sunday's game, but the best of the twirlers have their off days.

The Omaha Gun club's weekly badge shoot takes place this afternoon at their grounds back of Shaw & Field's warehouse.

Jentzer, the new Omaha catcher, it seems can officiate as the delivery end of the battery as well as the receiving. He replaced Healey in the seventh inning in Sunday's game.

Frank Parmelee is back from a prospecting trip up the road. He reports plenty of chickens, and many of the new crop already of good size. Parmelee says there is great shoot ahead about the first after September 1.

Ashinger has been endeavoring for some time to get up a race with Knapp, of Denver, but after Sunday's race has been noticeably reticent. Knapp's friends claim their willingness now to make a match for $200 or $300.

The athletic exhibition in contemplation by the Rotherys is almost an assured fact. They will take the preliminary steps in the matter to-day in sending communications to a large number of clever people in the different lines to be represented. No expense is to be spared in giving a first class entertainment.

Tommy Hurst, the English light weight, and a brother-in-law of Jack Burke, who is in the city, says he will back Patsy O'Leary, of Cincinnati, to fight Miller for a purse of $1,000. Hurst backed O'Leary in his fight with Warren at Louisville and lost $1,300 on the mill, the referee giving the fight to Warren when O'Leary had him whipped.

Tommy Warren, the alleged champion featherweight, has not as yet accepted Tommy Miller's challenge to fight for $600 at Minneapolis or St. Paul, and the inference is that he is afraid of Miller. The $100 forfeit in the hands of the sporting editor of the BEE, will be sent to the sporting editor of the St. Paul Globe this morning, as still more positive assurance that Miller is ready to meet Warren on his own stamping grounds. In the event that Warren continues to hold off, Miller will claim the championship and issue a challenge to Ike Weir, the Belfast spider, for the international championship. Miller notified Warren yesterday that he is not only ready and willing, but anxious to meet him on any terms, for any amount, any where, in the open air, in private with but ten on a side, or in a well.

DISASTROUS FIRE AT LINCOLN.

The B. & M. Storehouse Goes Up in Flames—Loss $50,000 to $75,000.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 18.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—At 10 p. m. to-night the incoming train and yardmen discovered that the B. & M. storehouse located in the center of the yards and near the freight depot was in flames. The building was of frame, dry as powder, and in five minutes was a mass of flames that spread to the wing of the building where the oil was stored. When this took fire there was no hope for the storehouse and attention was given to surrounding buildings and lumber. The fire department found it almost impossible to get water and one of the steamers was called into use before a decent showing was made in fighting the flames. In thirty minutes the entire building was gone, but owing to their being no wind and the department's work with the water the flames were then easily brought under control. The building was very heavily stocked with supplies of all kinds, and the loss is variously estimated at from $50,000 to $75,000. It is impossible to-night to learn the amount of insurance, but it is thought it will cover the loss, and it has probably been placed by the eastern management and not locally in this city. No certain cause is assigned for the fire, but it is the current opinion that it was incendiary, growing out of the recent switchmen's strike at this place.

MURDEROUS REDSKINS.

They Are Beginning to Make Themselves Troublesome in Colorado.

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