THE "SOLID TWELVE" REJOICE

Chief of Police Seavy Resigns and John McDonald Succeeds Him.

ANOTHER CHAPTER ON SCHOOLS

Killed by the Cars—The Board of Public Works—A New Catholic Church—Other Local Matters.

A Change of Chiefs.

The differences that have existed between a majority of the council and the board of commissioners of fire and police were amicably settled yesterday afternoon by the retirement of Captain W. S. Seavey from his position as chief of the Omaha police force. The commissioners were in session for several hours yesterday afternoon considering the resignation of Chief of Police Seavey. This resignation was received on Wednesday and was as follows:

OMAHA, Neb., June 15, 1887—To the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners: I have the honor to resign my position as chief of Omaha. I am, gentlemen, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. S. SEAVEY,
Chief of Police.

The commissioners had refused to take action upon the resignation until yesterday afternoon, when Captain Seavey went before the board and requested that his resignation be accepted. After hearing his reafons for the request, the commissioners accepted the resignation with regret, as expressed in the following resolutions:

Whereas, W. S. Seavey has tendered his unqualified resignation of the office of chief of police, and asked this board to accept the same without delay, and

Whereas, This has been a surprise to the board and wholly unasked and unlooked for, and

Whereas, All the duties of the office have been faithfully, effectually and satisfactorily performed by him, be it

Resolved, That the board accept the resignation of Chief Seavey with deep regret, and take the occasion to express its continued high regard for him as an officer and citizen, and thank him for his earnest zeal in office.

The commissioners then selected John McDonald, the senior captain of the force, to succeed Chief Seavey. The news of the commissioners' action spread rapidly, and the police headquarters was soon the center of attraction for interested parties who were anxious to inquire into the truth of the reported change of chiefs. The councilmen met at the usual hour for the regular weekly committee meeting, but the oppressive heat in the council chamber and the desire to celebrate what was styled as the victory of the solid twelve over the police commissioners prevailed over the inclination to attend to business, and the wise men adjourned. Councilmen Lee and Ford took charge of the committee of the whole and started out to make a night of it.

Chief of Police Seavey was on duty last night as usual. He will turn over his badge of authority to his successor on Monday. He was seen by a BEE reporter last night and in response to a request for his reasons for resigning his position, replied:

"Wholly in the interests of the police department, the police commissioners and the city of Omaha."

"Will you please be more specific?"

"It was simply this way. From the action of the council on Tuesday night I saw that a majority of the members of the members would throw evero obstacle in the way of the commissioners and myself in the management of the police department. This year promises to be one of the moft successful in the history of Omaha. There is at least a million dollars here waiting investment, but not a cent will be invested until we have a good, stable city government, and this could not be secured without harmonious action by the commissioners and the council. It seemed that the council had determined to take a stand which would block everything in the way of perfecting a police organization. I intend to remain a citizen of Omaha and I never want any man to say that I stood in the way of good government. The salary, position and honor are not equivalent to the city's prosperity that would be injured by my remaining at the head of the police department. The police commissioners have stood by me and would have continued to do so, and I cannot speak too highly of their treatment of me. I am going to remain in Omaha and you will hear more of me."

The appointment of John McDonald as chief of police was very favorably received, especially by the present members of the force.

SWIFT DISSOLUTION.

Frightful Death of an Unknown Man On Tenth Street.

Last night about 10:45 o'clock an unknown man was run over, badly mangled and almost instantly killed at the crossing on Tenth and Chicago streets, by a freight train on the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad. A large crowd gathered around and tried to get a look at the unfortunate man as he lay between the wheels. The street was crowded with bareheaded women and men eagerly struggling for a front place in the peering crowd, which was aided by a few lanterns in obtaining indistinct glimpses of the dead man.

The police tried to keep the crowd back until the coroner came, when he at once proceeded to subpœna a jury and witnesses. George North, the foreman of the train, Max North, brakeman, and James Diman, a timid witness who lived in the vicinity were sworn as witnesses. Diman swore he was laying on the porch of Mike Douglas' boarding house, when he heard the shout and running down signalled the slowly moving train, which stopped. The train men came forward and deceased was found under the car dead. Did not know him. The train men knew nothing except that they were signalled, stopped and found the corpse as he then lay.

The holding of the inquest was quite ghastly. Lanterns were held over the little group of seven, the jury and coroner, while the police kept back the surging crowd and the object of the commotion and legal form lay dismembered and bloody under the sombre bottom of the car a few feet distant. Women, children and men were eager to glean the facts. All the oral evidence being in, the dead man was grabbed by the legs and pulled out between the rails for identification. His legs were broken and limp; a bloody hole was through the right side of his neck; the right side of his lip was nearly cut off; his features were distorted; the left boot was torn open and the muscles and flesh sadly mutilated. He has cropped brown hair, brown mustache, and a vigorous frame. Alderman Ford thought he knew him; many others thought they did; none could give his name, though all were allowed to pass by and examine the features closely. The man was attired in striped shirt and pants; had red suspenders, but no coat. A white sombrero with red leather band was found by him, and in his pocket was found $17.55 in greenbacks and silver, wrapped in two red cotton handkerchiefs.

The following were the jury: T. P. Duffey, foreman, Rufus Pruitt, Peter Dowdall, James Bowels, James Fagan, and William Morris. They brought in a verdict in accordance with the facts. The remains were removed to the coroner's office.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

An Important Meeting Last Night—The Bills Allowed.

The board of public works met last evening, Messrs. Balcombe and Heimrod being present. City Engineer Tillson was also at the meeting, and a few bills approved by him were allowed.

The bill of Murphy, Creighton & Company, for curbing under the Eleventh street viaduct, was allowed, at sixty cents per foot, being a deduction of twenty-five cents on the original price.

Chairman A. D. Balcombe stated that City Attorney Webster had left a written opinion on the Davenport street paving question. Mr. Webster had gone to Denver last evening—Saturday—and would be absent several days. According to the statement of Mr. Balcombe, Mr. Webster had asked that the Asphalt Paving company cease work on Davenport street between Fourteenth and Sixteenth streets, temporarily. The council, by ordinance passed in September, 1886, gave the Asphalt company the right to pave from the west side of Fourteenth street to the west side of Sixteenth street. Sixteenth street at the time at this point was paved. In February last the council passed a resolution requesting the board of public works to let the contract to the Asphalt company for the pavement of Davenport street as above indicated. The property owners on the two blocks had made known their preference for a block pavement, claiming they constituted a new district under the ordinance of February, 1887. The council did not concede this claim of the property owners and accordingly ordered the contract let. The city attorney now expresses his opinion that the property owners are right and that the block pavement must be laid.

The question puzzles the council, as, if the Asphalt company is permitted to finish the pavement, the collection of the special tax on the contiguous property owners will be by them resisted. If the Asphalt company is not allowed to proceed, a suit for damages for breach of contract is threatened by that company. The matter was deferred until Monday evening, June 21, at 7:30 o'clock.

The following bills were allowed:

To Murphy, Creighton & Co., paving between Jackson and Jones streets on Eleventh street. Balance due $890.84.

Curbing Fourteenth street from Leavenworth to Marcy street, $457.21.

To Regan Bros. & Co., from Center to Martha on Tenth street. Balance due $8,096.22.

To Stuht & Hummell, excavation between Pacific and Williams on Twelfth street. Balance due $2,335.06.

The following inspectors were appointed:

John P. H. Boyd, C. C. Thrane and J. S. Behm.

Meeting adjourned until Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

THE TALK ABOUT TUTTLE.

An Omaha Man Who Fought With the Iowa General.

"I belonged to General Tuttle's regiment, the Second Iowa infantry, during the war, and am well acquainted with the man who is just now receiving so much attention from the press," remarked an Omaha man yesterday, "A more quiet, unassuming individual than Tuttle I never saw. At Donelson he led his regiment in an assault upon the rifle pits, capturing them at the point of the bayonet, though suffering a loss in five minutes of nearly 300 killed and wounded out of 600 men. At Shiloh he commanded a brigade in the division of W. H. L. Wallace, whose stubborn fighting in the union centre caused the confederates to christen that point in the line 'The Hornet's Nest,' and Tuttle's coolness and courage in holding the position when the command fell to him by the death of Wallace early in the afternoon, had much to do with the final result of that battle, for a break in our lines half an hour earlier in the day would have been of vital importance to the enemy. Knowing his modesty, I was interested in looking up his reports of these engagements as printed in the union and confederate records, and can safely refer to them as unequalled in all those ponderous books for brevity and conciseness. They are in marked contrast to the reports of General Lew Wallace of the same battles where his services were of but little value and his loss trifling. Wallace, however, was always more fluent with his pen than with his sword. General Tuttle is a democrat in politics, but he is a patriot more than a partisan, and the proposition that the grand army was to be reviewed at St. Louis by a man who has spared no opportunities to insult and sneer at its membership, was more than his sturdy manhood could swallow, hence his outbreak, which has attracted so much attention. He was a great favorite with his regiment, the boys calling him 'Pap' Tuttle, though he was then not more than forty years old."

THE PAINTERS STRIKE AGAIN.

A Walk Out Caused by the Employment of Non-Union Men.

The dispute which existed between the master painters and paper-hangers and the men, which resulted in a strike a month ago, has been revived through the alleged failure of the masters to adhere to their agreement. At that time it was arranged that no discrimination would be made between union and non-union men; the scale of wages was fixed at $2.75 per day of nine hours, and "time and a half" rates were to be allowed for extra work. In consequence of the masters not adhering to this agreement, both as regards wages and hours of labor, the state executive board of the Knights of Labor, after making a fruitless effort to arrange matters, ordered the union men to leave the shops until such time as the question should be definitely settled. All the union men accordingly left work yesterday and a meeting of union and non-union men was held in the afternoon at Metz's Hall on South 10th street for the purpose of giving the non-unionists an opportunity to come in and join the league and to discuss the question of the strike generally. The proceedings opened with the appointment of a committee to receive the names of men who were desirous to join the union. Only eight men responded to the call, and as there are some 150 non-union men employed in the shops the unionists regard this action of the former as a refusal to act in concert with the league. A lively discussion followed during which the action of the masters and non-unionists was freely discussed. The speeches were of such a nature that left no room for doubt that the men intended to to take a firm stand until their grievances are met. A resolution was eventually carried to the effect that the union men would not return to work in any shop in which non-unionists are employed. This action will practically put a stop to all painting and paper hanging work in the city for a time, as the other trades unions will not work on jobs in which non-union painters and paperhangers are employed.

The negotiations for the settlement of the strike will be commenced early in the week, and a committee of the executive board of the Knights of Labor appointed to meet the masters, with a view to an early settlement.

A Card to the Public.

The statement appearing in last evening's BEE in regard to the cause of the trouble at present existing between the master painters of this city and their employers being so very far from correct we deem it but justice to the public that they should have the truth in the case, which in a few words is as follows:

Upon the conclusion of the recent strike the demands of the strikers having been granted both as to amount of wages and the time which should constitute a day's labor, the men returned to work with the express agreement that the non-union men should not be hindered from filling the places which they had occupied during the strike, and in opposition to the above agreement the union men now demand of the master painters the immediate discharge of all men who do not belong to their society. This calling for a breech of faith on our part with the men who helped us through the trouble we suffered during the strike, we could not acceed to their demand without the forfeiture of every vestige of self respect.

Hence the present strike, appealing to the sense of honor of the public for their moral support. Respectfully, M. P.

THAT ALLEGED CONSPIRACY.

A Union Pacific Conductor Rises to Remark.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., June 17.—To the Editor of the BEE: The intellectual monstrosity who concocted the malicious lie that appeared in the Omaha Republican of the 14th inst., in which he pretends to have discovered a conspiracy among employes of the Union Pacific railway to rob that company, evidently wrote the article while his feeble brain was muddled with some cheap dive whiskey. However, this does not relieve the management of that paper from its responsibility. We would treat such a silly article with the contempt it deserves were it not for the fact that this alcoholic preserve takes such idiotic delight in having "stirred them up," losing sight of the fact in his paroxysm of ludicrousness that railroad men are of some respectability as a general thing, and immensely so when compared to such things, who are a bane to good newspapers and a disgrace to good society. His glee must have been of short duration and brought to an inglorious end, as he was confronted in Omaha by some one interested and made to "crawfish," as evidenced in the article of the 15th inst. when he says: "In justice to the men running out of Omaha it may be stated that they have never been suspected. Most of the depredations committed have been on the west end of the line," and insinuating that men running east from Cheyenne have been discharged for some mysterious offence in order to give his allegations some foundation, thinking that such a scurvy effort to remove his base and slanderous canard from those whom he probably fears would administer, a little personal admiration which he so richly deserves, would be "the better part of valor." Now on behalf of the men on this end of the line we say without fear of successful contradiction there has been no one running "east from Cheyenne" discharged for this offense during the last ten years, the Omaha Republican to the contrary notwithstanding. We necessarily look for some motive for such an unwarranted attack. Can it be the fact that ten copies of the BEE and other Omaha papers are sold on the trains and at stations to every one of the Republican? If this has actuated it we most indignantly protest, it is base ingratitude. We have seen the news agents imploring passengers with tears in their eyes to buy one of these papers offering extra inducements in the shape of figs and peanuts, simply as an experiment to see if one could be sold all to no purpose. The paper can be found on the trains, generally in the water closets and occasionally containing the lunch of some foreigner whose ignorance of the English language is sufficient excuse.

If the stockholders of the Republican expect to build up a circulation in the west (and the Lord knows they need to) by slandering the respectable and influential citizens of the "western cities where startling developments may be looked for in the near future" they are greatly mistaken If they do not make ample apology we shall believe the staff to be composed wholly of such men as we of the "west end of the line" have come in contact with, notably a gentleman from Denver, who is well remembered and a first-class blackleg, who was traveling representative of that paper along the Union Pacific, whose pass, conductors were ordered to take up and unless he paid his fare to kick him from the train.

The only tangible clue the paper has to goods missed are two pair of brass knuckles. This should clear railroad men from any complicity as such articles and slug shots are only the tools of burglars, thugs and a certain class of newspaper men. The management of the Republican should ascertain whether the editor of this sensation is a fool or a knave. If the former relegate him to the society of feeble-minded, whom he would disgrace, and if the latter kick him from the office to Council Bluffs and leave him there. The newspaper men of that city have improved every opportunity to throw mud at Omaha. She should now take this revenge and compel them to associate with such a renegade, for a time at least. Better still, put him on a brakebeam where we will venture he will be at home. Send him to the "west end," where some of the "conspirators" can teach him many things, of which truthfulness would not be the least. They might also tell him that the time is fast approaching when conductors cannot be slandered with impunity, if there is any virtue in the law, by such insignificant curs, who can, for a very small consideration, be induced to cover up true criminality and boodle manipulation and then endeavor to make a balance by such a contemptible display of imbecility. Such men would sell their own reputation for a rotten egg and cheat the purchaser. CONDUCTOR.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Close of Jeffry-Lewis' Engagement at the Boyd.

Miss Jeffry Lewis' engagement came to a close at the Boyd last night in "Clothilde." The piece is one of Sardou's, which was accorded its first presentation in Omaha. It is essentially Sardou in strength of development, identification of character and manipulation of a theme which anedates the author by many years. In brief, the story is that of a woman who has given heart to a lover of the mechanical and, according to the French, conventional order. The latter, without qualms of conscience, without even imagining that he is doing anything to which his former love may take exception, conceives a love for a young girl whom he conceives to be all that is pure and innocent in womanhood. This love, the hero tells to Clothilde. The latter is offended because she is not made its object, and secretly seeks to be revenged.

The object of the hero's love is a girl whom Clothilde formerly rescued from depraved associates. This fact is concealed from the hero until after the marriage. Clothilde then seeks to destroy the happiness of the married pair by disclosing the fact of the bride's antecedents. A separation seems imminent, but at the last moment Clotilde resigns a letter, indicted a moment before marriage, which re-establishes the love of the young wife in the breast of the hero. The story is an old one. It has been presented in a new style, and is very strongly told. Miss Lewis' interpretation of the character is strong and forcible. It is characterized by an intensity at times almost demoniacal. She was admirably sustained by Miss Lillian Owen and Harry Mainhall. Miss Lewis' visits to Omaha have been untimely. They have been made in the heat of summer, when it is too much to expect people to swelter in a theater. But she has found admirers among all who have seen her because she is unquestionably an accomplished and powerful artiste.

THE CIRCUS TO-DAY.

The columns of our city newspapers have for the past week teemed with commendatory notices of the celebrated Howe's London circus, now exhibiting on the corner of Eighteenth and Sherman streets. Owing to the hundreds of requests the management have had, it has been decided to give two performances to-day for the benefit of those who could not attend during week days. They will be given in the afternoon at 2 p. m. and in the evening at 8 p. m. Those who attend will enjoy themselves greatly.

PEARL OF SAVOY.

On next Saturday night the Boyd Dramatic club of this city will present the beautiful piece, "The Pearl of Savoy," at the opera house. The proceeds will be applied to the benefit of the poor. The following is the cast.

Marie	Mrs. W. E. Rockwell
Margurie	Miss Mary Meyers
Pierrott	Mr. George Ostram
Marchioness	Miss N. O. Hatcher
Arthur	Mr. Joseph Murphy
Chochen	Miss Annie Bogue
Commander	Mr. J. C. Palmer
Lenstalot	Mr. John King
Dacat	Mr. Dowd
Priest	Mr. Arthur Rathbun

Price of admission, 50 cents. Tickets will be on sale at box office Thursday morning, June 23.

METZ' HALL.

The attention of the German public at large should be drawn to the performance which will be given to-night at Metz hall, South Tenth street by the German Theatrical club. The programme is a very interesting one and the performance will undoubtedly be received with great applause. It is a fact, which cannot be denied by anybody, that recently the German troupe has made the greatest possible efforts to satisfy their patrons in every way, and it would be but just that these efforts should be rewarded with a numerous attendance of our German citizens. The theatre fully deserves it. After the performance there will be a dance, and a general good time is anticipated.

DIED.

KIRSCH—June 17, on Second avenue, Central Park, John, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Kirsch; aged 7 months.

DAYHUFF—In this city, June 18, at 7 a. m., Orlando, son of J. E. and Lizzie Dayhuff, aged 4 months.

Funeral to-day at 10 a. m., from the family residence near B. & M. round house. Friends invited.

WHITE—In this city, June 17, Clara May, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hiram White; aged 4 months.

Funeral took place yesterday at 2 p. m., from the family residence, 1414 South Seventeenth street, to Laurel Hill cemetery.

WARD—In this city, June 18, at the family residence, 2208 Ohio street, George Carlin, son of George C. and Annana E. Ward; aged 11 months.

Remains will be taken to Washington, D C., to-morrow evening.

AUST—June 18, at 1234 Catharine street, after a brief illness, Mrs. Catharine Aust, aged 42.

Funeral notice hereafter.

FALKNER—Harry, son of Thomas and Margaret Falkner; aged 7 months.

Funeral at 4 o'clock this afternoon, from the High school. Friends of the family invited to attend.

Died at the Hospital.

John J. O'Malley died at St. Joseph's hospital to-day, from heart disease. Deceased was a laborer and forty-five years of age. His relatives at Aspinwall, Ia., have been notified of the death, and the body will probably be shipped to that place.

The Board of Education.

The members of the board of education held an informal session last evening, the newly elected members being present. It was decided to allow the old members of the board to elect the teachers at the meeting to-morrow evening.

A Presentation.

Mr. Burton, manager of the Midland Electric Co., was presented with a tea set and an elegant watch charm by his I. O. O. F. friends.

Died in this city Wednesday, June 15, 1887, George Alfred Halstead, only son of Mrs. R. M. Halstead, age 3 months, 21 days. The funeral took place Thursday afternoon.

Park Ave. United Presbyterian church, cor. Park ave. and Grant st. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. A. Henderson. Sabbath school at 12 m. All are cordially invited.

Musical and Literary Entertainment.

Under the auspices of the O. B. P. S. colony at their hall, 1114 Farnam street, at 2 p. m. to-day. All are cordially invited. Admission free.

Get abstracts at the office of the C. E. Mayne Real Estate and Trust Co., northwest corner Fifteenth and Harney streets.

Dr. A. S. Billings wishes to announce to his friends and patrons that after a vacation of three months he is now in his office again prepared te do all kinds of dental work.

"Over 150,000 Happy Thought ranges in use." For sale by C. F. Gardner. 719 North 16th st.

How the Cigarette Habit Arose.

Lilly, in the "History of His Life and Times," mentions a clergyman of Buckinghamshire who was "so given over to tobacco and drink that when he had no tobacco he would cut the bell ropes and smoke them." Eccentric as such an act may seem, there are, nevertheless, cases on record of the most extraordinary expedients resorted to for supplying the deficiency of tobacco.—Pittsburg Commercial Gazette.

Personal Paragraphs.

Dr. Isaac Sinclair, a physician of twenty years experience, formerly of Indiana, has located in the city with office and residence at the Omaha Medical Institute.

The Omaha Medical Institute has added to its faculty another physician, Dr. Isaac Sinclair, of Indiana.

A music firm in Birmingham, England, was asked to send a pianoforte in a neighboring town where a concert was to take place. They discovered that a telephone existed in the room where the piano was. Forthwith they asked that one of the notes of the piano should be struck. When this was done the sound could be distinctly heard in their ware rooms and by gradually reducing the pitch-pipe the tone of both instruments were made to correspond.

An interesting relic of the war was carried at the head of the decoration parade at Pittsburg. It was the guidon of Battery B, First Pennsylvania artillery, which was the first flag in the army of the Potomac draped in honor of President Lincoln on the day of his assassination. The bit of crape tied over the colors then still remains there.

A Murderess Sentenced.

BUFFALO, June 18.—Mrs. Hattie Penseyres the convicted murderess, was to-day sentenced to imprisonment for life.

BENNISON BROS., MONDAY.

A Grand Sale Monday, June 20, of Summer Goods of All Kinds.

OUR STOCK MUST BE REDUCED

Stock Must Be Reduced—If You Want Goods Cheap for Cash Call On Us Next Week and You Will Go Home Happy.

10 pieces Black Brocade Satins, regular prices $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75, your choice of lot Monday, 98c per yard.

25 pieces Colored Silks, in all shades, 36c, worth 50c.

Pongee Silk Embroidered Robes in Patterns, one lot at $17.00, worth $25.00.

Pongee Silk Embroidered Robes in Patterns, one lot at $18.00, worth $30.00.

5 pieces Silk Grenadines, 75c a yard, never sold less than $1.25.

3 pieces Silk Grenadines, 98c a yard, never sold less than $1.50.

Monday only—50 pieces India Linens at 6c per yard, worth 10c.

Monday only—50 pieces India Linens at 8½c per yard, worth 15c.

Monday only—25 pieces Striped Pique at 4c per yard, worth 10c.

Monday only—25 pieces Checked Nainsooks at 6c per yard, worth 12½c.

Monday only—A big job in Figure, Swisses and Fancy White goods at half price. Ask to see them.

50 dozen Bleached Huck towels 5c each.

Monday only—50 dozen Bleached Huck towels, fancy borders, all linen, 15c each, worth 25c.

50 pieces Manchester Sateens, 7c, worth 12½c.

Monday we will sell the balance of our Chambrays, in nile green and buffs, 9c a yard.

50 pieces Ginghams in dress styles, sold all season at 12½c, Monday's price 6½c a yard. These are the very best makes and at this price is a very great slaughter.

Monday morning we will give you your choice of of our embroidered kids and eight-button Suedes, sold all season at $1.00, $1.50 pair, choice 55c a pair. A lot of Children's Kid Gloves Monday morning, blacks only, 15c a pair. These are slightly soiled.

1,000 Palm Leaf Fans 1c each.

10,000 yards cheap Ribbons, 2c a yard, sold by the piece, containing 3 or 10 yards.

10 yards Lawn 30c, all colors.

Don't forget—Wide Awake Bargain House. BENNISON BROS.,
1519-1521 Douglas St.

The Life Indemnity & Investment Company, Waterloo, Iowa,

Is to-day one of the strongest and most solid financial incorporations in Iowa.

State of Iowa, Office of Auditor of State, Des Moines, March 15, 1887.—This is to certify that the Life Indemnity & Investment company, of Waterloo, Iowa, have on deposit in this office $100,124.32 in first mortgage real estate securities. J. A. LYONS,
D. W. SMITH, Deputy. Auditor of State.

Speculation with policy holders' money is impossible under the laws of Iowa, as the securities are deposited in public vaults.

Annual premiums to renew and extend the insurance after the first year in the Life Indemnity and investment company.

At age 30,	$10,000	insurance,	$105.10.
" " 35,	10,000	"	113.80.
" " 40,	10,000	"	124.60.
" " 45,	10,000	"	143.30.
" " 50,	10,000	"	181.00.

Usual whole life rate charged by level premium companies:

At age 30,	$10,000	insurance,	$227.00.
" " 35,	10,000	"	263.80.
" " 40,	10,000	"	313.00.
" " 45,	10,000	"	379.70.
" " 50,	10,000	"	471.80.

Other ages in the same proportion.

To illustrate say a man at the age of 45 wants 10,000 insurance. A level premium company charges him $369.70 per annum.

Now the life indemnity carries the risk above cited at a guaranteed cost of the first year, $175.53; second year, $149.70; total amount paid under the artificial or level premiums in two years, $759.40. *Difference* in favor of the Life Indemnity and Investment company, $444.40, or a sum sufficient to purchase $14,087.48, which, added to the $10,000, would give $24,087.48 of life insurance for two years, as against $10,000 under the *level premiums*.

The radical difference between the two plans is this: Under the level or artificial premiums you are forced in addition to paying for your insurance to-day, to prepay for the future. Under the Natural Premium, adopted by the Life Indemnity and Investment company, *you pay as you go and get what you pay for. Insurance* that does not insure is *dear at any price*. Insurance that costs beyond the needs of *safety* is an *unjust burden*.

That system is the best which combines *safety* with the *minimum cost*.

Mr. C. H. Baker, General Agent, is desirous of securing good and reliable men of experience in the life insurance business to represent this company in Nebraska. Liberal contract will be made with the right men. C. E. Mobie, Secretary. C. H. Baker, General Agent, 1720 Capitol ave.

A Great Enterprise.

The older records of deeds in Douglas county are very imperfect and it is almost impossible to ascertain from them alone whether the title to a given piece of property is perfect or defective. These facts led C. E. Mayne to employ a corps of capable and experienced men to hunt up old instruments, imperfectly recorded, others which were erroneously indexed and others which have never been placed on record and from all sources at command to compile a set of abstract books which are as nearly perfect as they can be made. This was an enormous undertaking and cost a large amount of money but no expense has been spared. These books have just been completed and the C. E. Mayne Real Estate and Trust company are prepared to furnish reliable abstracts to any real estate in Omaha and Douglas county. Office N. W. cor. Fifteenth and Harney streets.

This is the Way to California.

The next grand excursion via the Missouri Pacific, Texas and Pacific and Southern Pacific railways will leave Omaha at 9:10 p. m. June 21st. Only $60 for the round trip. Tickets good six months and choice of routes returning. For further information call at Ticket office, 218 South Thirteenth st.

Attention Building Contractors.

On and after the 1st of July, 1887, the laborers working with bricklayers and plasterers known as the Bricklayers and Plasterers Tenders' Union of Omaha, do ask $2.25 per day, same hours as bricklayers, with Saturday pay day.

BY ORDER OF UNION.

The Cable Line.

A corner lot on Dodge street on cable line, a bargain if sold this week.

BRENNAN & Co.,
Chamber of Commerce, ground floor on 16th street.

Architects and Superintendents.

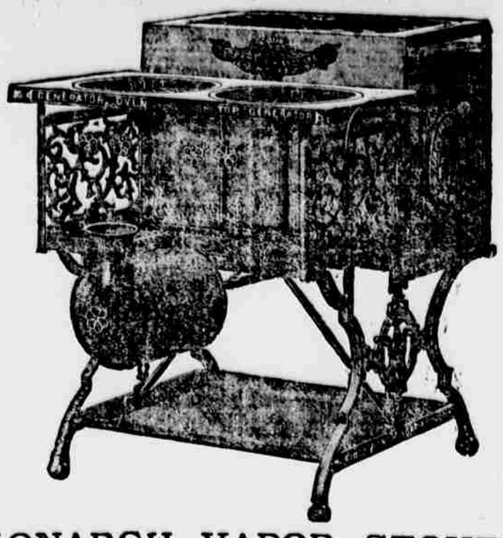
Hodgson & Son.

Offices Iron Bank, Omaha, Loan & Trust Building, Minneapolis, Nelson Building, Kansas City.

Will buy a good 1st mortgage for $500 for eastern parties. A. P. TUKEY,
1324 Farnam st.

Henney Buggies at Armstrong, Pettis & Co.'s 1308 Izard st.

F. V. ATWATER & CO.



MONARCH VAPOR STOVES.

The most compact, the most substantially built, and works like a charm. If you want a good Vapor Stove, one that never gets out of order and will cook or bake perfectly, buy the Monarch. We handle the Perfection, which is a highly prized article of furniture in over 500 families in Omaha. Our new store is headquarters for Builders' Hardware, Mechanic's Tools and House Furnishing Goods.

F. V. Atwater & Co., 1605 Howard St.

An Important Publishing Enterprise.

One of the most extensive and most creditable of modern undertakings by Philadelphia publishers is that of reproducing in our language the great German work on the Arts and Sciences, issued by Brockhaus, of Leipsic, under the name of the Bilder-Atlas. The Leipsic work is very extensive, and deals with the whole circle of knowledge which the subject presents, illustrations accompanying the text in the most profuse manner; but the Philadelphia publishers have made many important additions, and have even greatly improved the merits of the original. They have had the advantage of dealing with the German work in its complete form, and thus of being able to rearrange its contents—which were not always systematic in their order—in the most logical and symmetrical sequence, from beginning to end. They secured the services of Dr. Daniel G. Brinton, a most competent authority, as editor, and the American work (which by arrangement with Mr. Brockhaus is to be the only edition issued in the English language) will be a skillful arrangement of valuable materials. Its title is The Iconographic Encyclopædia, and two volumes are already out, the first treating of Anthropology and Ethnography, while the second, starting with Prehistoric Archæology, goes on with the evidences of development of intelligence in the human family—in fact gives an elaborate History of Culture. Illustrations are profusely introduced, and they add a great interest to the work by the fact that they are pictures of actual objects in art or archæology, reproductions of ancient engraving, paintings, portraits, etc. Their character and the high order of the art with which they are executed increase enormously the importance, as well as the cost, of the whole undertaking.

Volume 3, Painting and Sculpture, with 43 quarto plates, representing ancient, mediaval and modern art, is nearly ready.

Mr. O. H. P. Applegate, of St. Louis, is here with sample volumes, and can be conferred with by postal through this office or the general postoffice.

President Cleveland's recent order to return all rebel flags captured during the war, which has created so much discussion and met with such strong opposition by the loyal citizens of our glorious republic that it was immediately withdrawn, will have no effect on the present low prices of lots in South Omaha, Briggs Place, Benson and other equally good locations of which the C. E. Mayne Real Estate & Trust company are sole agents. While we hardly feel authorized to criticise the president's actions in this matter, the same spirit of loyalty that prompts us to take notice of the subject at law, inspires us to call on all lovers and followers of the flag we love so well to drop into the office of the above-named firm and examine the liberal inducements offered in all desirable additions in the city. Whether any decided steps are necessary or not, this well-known firm stand ready to furnish carriages and gentlemanly salesmen at all times to show these additions and convince the people that our talk is not idle.

Since the adoption of the new system of sewerage in Vienna, statistics show the city to be one of the healthiest of large metropolists. We cannot speak with any degree of certainty as to this, we do know that lots in Benson, Briggs Place and South Omaha Syndicate are so low that almost the poorest of the poor are enabled to own property, the payments being so easy as not to cripple any one in meeting them, while we can safely say the numerous street and cable railways now building are more to the liking of the average American than transportation facilities in Vienna.

New Carriage and Harness House.

Having removed into larger and more commodious quarters we are now better prepared than ever to furnish bargains in carriages, wagons, buggies, harness and all kinds of horse clothing. Western agents for the Toomey sulky. Sole agents for the celebrated California horse boots.

MITCHELL & HAINES,
16th st. and Capitol ave.

Notice.

Sealed bids will be received until June 25th, at 12 m., for the N. E. ¼ of the S. E. ¼ of Section 36, Township 12, Range 14, Douglas Co., 40 acres, an elegant piece for platting; lying just west of and adjoining Kensington. Address Brown & Creighton, S. E. cor. 16th and Douglas streets, Omaha.

Stock is being rapidly taken in the new Saving bank. It is intended to put the stock into the hands of a thousand persons, if possible, and if this can be done it will have such strong support that it must necessarily command a large business and a leading institution in a short time.

The abstract books of the C. E. Mayne Real Estate and Trust Company are complete and accurate, and they are prepared to make reliable abstracts of title to any real estate in Omaha or Douglas county on short notice at their office, n. w. corner 15th and Harney streets.

The Benson motor made a trial trip over the new line a day or two since. Cars will run regularly soon as the connection is made on Cuming street, which will be in a few days.

Wanted—A house and lot in the vicinity of the High school.

BRENNAN & Co.,
Chamber of Commerce.

On account of going out of business I have several good delivery and express wagons which I will sell at cost.

L. T. LONGDRAY,
Cor. 16th and Cass Streets.

Get your dinner to-day at Norris' hotel restaurant, cor Sixteenth and Webster.

South Omaha.

Any person who has watched the development of the packing and stock business in Kansas City can take a pencil and figure out something of the future of South Omaha when the packing houses and factories now under construction are completed and in operation. Within one year South Omaha will contain a greater population than the entire city of Omaha did in 1870 and then people will be saying, "What a fool I was; why I might have made several hundred per cent on this property if I had only had sense enough to invest in time."

This property will bear investigation, and the C. E. Mayne Real Estate and Trust company, sole agents for the South Omaha Land company, will show you the property and give you facts.

Nearly two hundred thousand dollars have already been expended for lumber and material to be used in the construction of the new Swift's packing house being erected at South Omaha. This looks like business, and will be sure to be followed with more industries, looking to the advancement of South Omaha. Houses are being erected as rapidly as labor can be obtained to accommodate the large number of men employed in this growing town, and the man who is wise enough to anticipate the increased value his property will be selling at twelve months hence, will at once purchase a lot in the syndicate property, which is so desirably situated, and build his own house, thus saving exhorbitant rents, and be master of his own domain. The C. E. Mayne R. E. T. Co., are the sole agents for this property, and will take pleasure in showing it.

Hello, central!
Give me No. 621.
Is that the C. E. Mayne Real Estate & Trust Co.?
Yes.
Is that you, Vade?
Yes. What is it?
Say! I wish you would check off for me seven good lots in Briggs Place; one on Harney; one on Farnam; one on Dodge; one on Douglas; one on Capital Avenue; one on Davenport and one on the Belt Line. I want to try my luck on one lot each of these principal streets of the city. I am sure that there is good money in them at present prices and that they will advance faster than any residence property in the city. I will call to-morrow and settle.
All right; remember our office is N. W. Corner 15th and Harney streets.

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Free Chair Cars to Kansas City.

Commencing Sunday, June 19th free reclining chair cars will leave daily from Omaha depot on our 8:40 a. m. train for Atchison, St. Joseph and Kansas City. Apply for tickets, rates, etc., to H. Deuel, ticket agt., 1324 Farnam st.

A New Depot

Has been located by the B. & M. at Burlington square, which is situated just northwest of Fowler's packing house in South Omaha. A fine hotel is being built opposite the depot site. A few lots for sale cheap by the owners. Brennan & Co., Chtamber of Commerce, ground floor on 16th st.

A Bargain.

I have for sale at a bargain 20 acres situated on the main line of the B. & M. R. R., and near the new South Omaha depot at the terminus of the dummy line. Plenty of good, clear spring water, and an elegant grove of native timber, suitable for a summer garden.

W. G. ALBRIGHT, 218 S. 15th st.

Brennan Place.

The most beautiful residence lots in the city, just south of the Sacred Heart academy grounds. For particulars call on the owners, Brennan & Co., Chamber of Commerce, ground floor on 16th street.

A corner on California and Pleasant sts., south of the Nash place will be sold for $3,000, easy terms. A. P. TUKEY,
1324 Farnam st.

HOWE'S NEW LONDON

Big 10 Cent Show!

Corner of 18th and Sherman Sts.

TO-DAY!

19th----SUNDAY----19th

TO-DAY!

2 - Special Performances - 2

This afternoon at 2 p. m. To-night at 8 p. m. For the especial gratification of the working man and his family who can not attend on week days.

The blazing sun of the amusement sky!
The most refined and popular tent show on earth!
The best show you will see this year.

10 Cents----Admission----Cents 10

Also Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, 20th, 21st and 22nd, on same lot.