THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

SIXTEENTH YEAR. OMAHA. WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 8, 1887. NUMBER 355

NEW YORK'S IRISH SQUABBLE

Further Particulars of the O'Brien Difficulty in New York.

POLITICAL HOT HEADS COOLING.

Failure of the Attempt to Hitch United Ireland's Editor to the George-McGlynn Chariot—The League Divided.

An Unfortunate Situation.

NEW YORK, June 7.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—William O'Brien's refusal to attend the labor demonstration Saturday night is being discussed in every quarter. It has created more feeling and more bitterness among Irish-Americans in this city than anything which has occurred here during several years. This is all the more remarkable as Irish societies and labor organizations were never before brought so closely face to face and never before crossed swords, so to speak, which they are most unquestionably doing now. To understand this it should be stated that the labor organizations derive most of their strength from the Irish, who are leaders, and influential leaders, too, of most of the Henry George societies. But beside the leaders the Irish form a majority of the rank and file. In many of the assembly districts men who are officers of local branches of the Irish National league are also prominently identified with the labor party in some localities. If, therefore, there were differences and dissensions before, there are more now, and if this feeling continues to develop as it has since O'Brien's refusal to attend Saturday night's meeting, there will be a fight, and a hard fought fight between those who are Irish and members of the labor organizations on the one hand, and those on the other hand who have no affiliation with the Sons of Erin, except that they are staunch and firm supporters of Dr. McGlynn. In some quarters of the city O'Brien's name is lauded to the skies; in other parts the most elaborate dictionary that has yet appeared does not furnish epithets sufficiently strong to decide what is called his "base refusal" to attend the meeting. The indications, however, are that the tide is turning to the side of the member for northeast Cork, and that as his view of the matter is made known the views of his opponents will change to his side. O'Brien's demand is that the question be looked at from an Irish and not from an American point of view. The National league is divided, though the majority approve O'Brien's cause. The committee which is making arrangement for a farewell dinner to O'Brien this evening, went to the Fifth Avenue hotel to invite James G. Blaine. Blaine was out, but Walker Blaine assured the committee of the warm sympathy of his father with the cause of home rule in Ireland, and expressed his regret that his father would not appear at the dinner, owing to pressing work demanded by arrangements for his departure for Europe.

O'Brien has received the following telegram from the executive committee of the National league in Ireland, signed Harrington. "The executive committe of the National league in Ireland, in meeting assembled, heartily approve your action in keeping Irish questions free from American issues. Ireland's cause appeals to American lovers of liberty without distinction of party and we feel convinced no sincere friend will wish us to involve that sacred cause in issues that may delay or hinder the final outcome.

The reception to Editor O'Brien to-night at the Hoffman house was a brilliant affair. Leading citizens united in the ovation thus tendered under the auspices of the Irish national league and the Hoffman house committee of the Irish parliamentary fund. Ex-Mayor Grace presided. On the right were William O'Brien, Bishop Farrell, Governor R. S. Green, of New Jersey, and others; on the left, Mr. Kilbride, Hon. Eugene Kelly, Charles A. Dana, ex-Governor Dorsheimer and others. The toasts were as follows: "Our Guest," the chairman, William R. Grace; "The United States," Mr. C. A. Dana; "Ireland and Her Exiles," Rt. Rev. M. J. Farrell, bishop of Trenton; "Gladstone," Rev. W. T. Lloyd, D. D.; "Our Sister States," Hon. R. S. Green, governor of New Jersey; "The Press," Colonel W. L. Brown.

In presenting the guest of the evening, Mayor Grace took occasion to laud in glowing terms the learning, patriotism and services of O'Brien. The latter was received with great enthusiasm, and proceeded to express his gratitude for the many kindnesses received. Referring to the Saturday night affair, he said one would think from the remarks of some of the papers that they envied the laurels of Lansdowne's mobs. He believed American opinion had condemned them emphatically and overwhelmingly. O'Brien referred to the taunts of John McMackin and others, and after explaining again his delicate position he said he believed the American people understood McMackin. He then read a letter from the Irish parliamentary committee asking him to carry to the people of Ireland $25,000 as part of the subscription raised in this country. Letters of regret were received from Governor Hill, Mayor Hewitt, General Sherman, Roscoe Conkling, Governor Lounsbery of Connecticut, ex-Governor Hoadley of Ohio, and President Fitzgerald of the National league. The Sixty-ninth regiment escorted Mr. O'Brien to the White Star dock after midnight and he was put safely aboard the Adriatic, where the final handshaking was done.

DAVITT MAKES APPEAL.

He Asks For American Support to the Irish Cause.

NEW YORK, June 7.—The following appeal from Michael Davitt has been cabled to John Fitzgerald, president of the Irish National league in America; Patrick Ford and John Boyle O'Reilly:

SCARIFF, COUNTY CLARE, June 7.—The work of exterminating our race is going on daily. The people are contesting every inch of ground with spirit. Their resistance is admirable, but the odds are terribly against them. The tory policy of eviction and forced emigration we must resist as one man. Workingmen in America in their own interest should protest against this pauper labor being forced upon their market. I would suggest that a deputation of friends of our cause and the Knights of Labor wait upon the president of the United States and invite his attention to England's policy in driving thousands of our people every week from Ireland to the states. Humanity and enlightened self interest unite in urging America to action in this matter. We want the means to succor the evicted and make some small recompense to the imprisoned who sacrifice their liberty to injustice. Bodyke is fighting the battle of Ireland.

MICHAEL DAVITT.

Evictions in Ireland.

DUBLIN, June 7.—The evictions at Bodyke continued to-day. Tenant McNamara, who was behind in his rent, defended his home, but the bailiffs broke a hole in the wall. Logs and boiling water were thrown through a hole at the evicting parties. Entrance was made through the opening and a fight ensued. The tenants were evicted and afterward arrested.

The bailiff's charge the tenants with having thrown vitriol upon them, but this is denied. A tenant named Murphy made similar resistance against eviction.

Captain Vandaleur offers his Kilrush tenants a reduction of 15 to 25 per cent. The tenants, who have adopted the plan of campaign, demand reductions of 25 to 40 per cent. and have commenced barricading their houses in anticipation of an attempt to evict them.

Another Installment of Rot.

LONDON, June 7.—The Times this morning publishes another installment of its "Parnellism and Crime" articles. Opposite its leader page it prints a fac simile of the tenth page of the Irish World, of February 16, 1884, and also the greater part of Patrick Ford's address published in the same issue. The publications are accompanied by an explanatory article describing the various funds mentioned and the fate of the men connected therewith. In an editorial on the subject the Times says: "The whole conspiracy, whether carried on by mealy-mouthed gentlemen who sit at a London dinner table or fiends who organize arson and murder, is one and undivisable. It is paid out of the same purse, worked by the same men, directed to the same ends and inspired by one universal hatred of England and a determination to bring about, if possible, complete separation between England and Ireland. Whether the money goes to the support of Gladstonians in parliament or to equip desperadoes for commital of outrages in English towns is a matter of tactics.

The Cotton Spinners' Combination.

(Copyright 1887 by James Gordon Bennett.)

MANCHESTER, June 7.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to the BEE.]—The spinners' association, which originated the scheme for running on short time the spinning mills so as to defeat the corner in American cotton, met to-day to consider the replies to the circular asking members of the trade to join the movement, when the old difficulty presented itself—that of securing a sufficient combination to make the scheme successful. I understand that a considerable proportion of the trade have pledged themselves. The necessary majority of two-thirds is unsecured. Upon the suggestion that the Whitsuntide holidays prevented a full consideration of the matter, it was agreed to extend the time of sending replies one week. It is, however, by many regarded doubtful whether the movement will be sustained.

Another Chance For Steadman.

LONDON, June 7.—Since the revelations made by the Pall Mall Gazette and the passage of the criminal law amendment bill the public has believed the traffic in children impossible. A case in Lambeth police court, therefore, caused a universal sensation of horror. Edward Procknell and three women were arrested, charged with keeping houses of ill-repute and having procured for their patrons scores of girls from ten to fourteen years of age. The prisoners and victims are all of humble rank. The evidence so far shows that the seducers of the girls belong to the same class. The government will prosecute the prisoners, all of whom were remanded. Detective Stevens, in the employ of the reformatory and refuge union, who has taken the principal part in bringing to light these crimes, states that during the past four years he has rescued 400 girls between the ages of four and a half and fourteen years from lives of crime.

Doings in the Commons.

LONDON, June 7.—In the commons to-day Hon. W. H. Smith, government leader, said he hoped the papers in relation to the new Egyptian convention would be issued by the government in a few days. Negotiations with France concerning the New Hebrides question is still in progress. The delay is not the fault of England. Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, in reply to a question by Dillon regarding the employment of gunboats to assist in the eviction on Clare Island, declared the government would not hesitate to employ any of the forces at its disposal to execute the decrees of the law courts.

Several amendments were rejected, the last with the aid of cloture, 229 to 98. Smith moved that clause three stand as part of the bill. The chairman said there were still several amendments to be discussed before he could put Smith's motion. Three other amendments discussed were rejected. Smith's motion was then carried—211 to 83.

A French Affair of Honor.

PARIS, June 7.—M. Arene, member of the chamber of deputies, challenged M. Mayer, editor of La Lanterne, for an attack through the columns of that paper on the Corsicans. M. Mayer accepted the challenge and the duel was fought to-day. Clemenceau and Lackroy acted as seconds for M. Mayer, and M. Meinache, editor of La Republique, for M. Arene. Swords were used. M. Mayer was slightly wounded in the hand and arm.

O'Brien's Course Approved.

DUBLIN, June 7.—At a meeting of the national league to-day Clancy congratulated William O'Brien on the success of his mission to Canada, and denounced the flippant language of Lord Lansdowne, which, he said, incited the outrage on Editor O'Brien. A resolution of the executive committee indorsing O'Brien's action regarding the labor meeting in New York Saturday night was approved.

Gladstonian Tactics Adopted.

LONDON, June 7.—Parnell's conference with Morley and Sir Charles Russell resulted in the adoption by the Irish leader of Gladstonian tactics of opposition. The Gladstonian leaders will meet to-morrow or Thursday and go carefully over the amendments to the crimes bill. The government will for the present continue the method of cloture adopted prior to the holidays.

Not a Wise Course.

DUBLIN, June 7.—At the regular fortnightly meeting of the National league, held here to-day, the consensus of the opinion of those present was that the course of Davitt in advising tenants to resist evictions by every means in their power was not wise.

An Authoress' Will.

LONDON, June 7.—The will of Mrs. Henry Wood, the authoress, has been proved. It bequeths £36,000 in equal shares to her children. Her son is appointed her literary executor, and is given discretion to control the publication or republication of her writings. Her copyrights and manuscripts are not sold.

A Pure Invention.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 7.—It is asserted that the recent story that fourteen Bokharan officials at Verki were murdered by Afghans because they refused to incite the inhabitants to resist Russian advance, was a pure invention, being a pretext for the occupation of Verki.

Gladstone in Wales.

LONDON, June 7.—Gladstone in a speech at Newport inveighed against the change of venue provided for in certain cases by the Irish crimes act amendment bill and against the measure being made permanent.

Cambridge Confers a Degree.

LONDON, June 7.—Cambridge university has conferred the honorary degree upon Prof. Gray, of Harvard college.

A Man For the London News.

LONDON, June 7.—John Morely will become the polititical director of the Daily News, and will contribute leading articles to that paper.

Arrest of Jury Fixers.

NEW YORK, June 7.—In the court where the sharp trial is progressing, ex-Juror Dutton signed a deposition which was to cause the arrest of Embracer Warner. The alleged jury embracer, Hoagland, Warner and Lynch, who were on hand in court, were arrested. Warner, Hoagland and Lynch's bonds were fixed at $2,000.

Later in the day all secured bail. Lynch and Warner waived examination to await the action of the grand jury. Hoagland, whose real name is Vanderbilt, asked for a speedy hearing.

A Deadly Educational War.

CINCINNATI, June 7.—A special from Henderson, Ky., says: Prof. E. S. Clark, superintendent of the public schools, was shot and killed this afternoon by Prof. Thomas Posey, principal of the high school. The two men having had a long standing enmity, got into a quarrel in the high school room, when Posey drew a revolver and fired three shots at Clark in the presence of the pupils. Posey surrendered himself. Both men are prominent in society.

Pennsylvania Company's Condition.

PITTSBURG, June 7.—The annual meeting of the Pennsylvania company operating lines west of Pittsburg was held to-day. The annual report shows a decided increase in the volume of both passenger and freight business. The deficit of 1886 on 2,773 miles operated was $200,000, as against $1,094,000 in 1885.

BOSTON'S BEAUTY PICTURED.

A Photographer Arrested For Holding the Camera up to Nature.

NEW YORK, June 7.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The World's Boston special says: Elmer Chickering, one of the best known and most fashionable photographers in this city, appeared in court yesterday to answer the charge of printing and selling indecent photographs. Chickering has taken portraits of many actresses in his studio on West street and has negatives of the photographs of most of Boston's prominent society women. He was arrested last Saturday on information furnished by a young woman, whose name the police refuse to divulge. It is said that many young women from Commonwealth avenue, and the back-bay district have posed recently in various striking attitudes. Their explanation is that as devotees of true art there can be nothing improper in exposure of natural beauty. The photographs have been widely distributed and greatly admired among the young women's intimate friends.

The sudden passion for such displays of art has spread rapidly, and some of the photographs have found their way outside of the select circle where they were intended to be seen and admired. It is said that some of the private negatives have been reproduced and copies put on sale quietly about the city.

The World correspondent was shown, a few days ago, a dozen samples of these photographs. They were many of them taken in various poses after the famous pictures in the French salon and in the reproduction of Greek ideals. Most of the pictures were so arranged that the features of the subject were veiled. The name of the photographer was not imprinted on the cards, which are larger than the cabinet size. Chickering says that while he does not care to say who his customers have been or what curtailment of attire they may have seen fit to employ in his art, the present prosecution is a case of blackmail. He says that he was visited by a woman who told him that she knew of his pictures, and said she would make complaint against him unless he paid her $200 hush money. This Chickering refused to do and he says his arrest was the result. He intends to make this his defense rather than go into the question as to who his patrons were and how he took their portraits.

Cardinal Gibbons.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Cardinal Gibbons took a train this morning for Baltimore. One of the members of the party accompanying his eminence said the cardinal will soon issue an address to Catholics connected with labor organizations advising them to cut loose from the George-McGlynn party.

BALTIMORE, June 7.—When Cardinal Gibbons arrived in the city this afternoon, he was received by Mayor Hodge, the city council, judges of the courts and police commissioners, and by Charles A. Bonaparte on the part of the Catholic societies. The most extensive preparations had been made to give him a worthy reception. The cardinal was escorted to the palace by different societies. He soon after reappeared in his official robes and participated in the procession to the cathedral. At the close of the religious service the cardinal returned to the palace and there reviewed the procession. The ceremonies throughout were of an imposing character and were witnessed by many thousands of people.

A Seaboard Line from St. Louis.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Henry S. Ives, the newly elected president of the Vandalia system says the purchase of the Vandalia line gives a line from the St. Louis to the seaboard, via the Vandalia, Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, the Dayton & Ironton and the Baltimore & Ohio of 884 miles as against 954 via the Vandalia and Pennsylvania lines The Dayton & Ironton, and the Dayton & Chicago have been consolidated under the name of the Dayton, Ft. Wayne & Chicago. This line is virtually owned by the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, with which, during this month, it will be consolidated. The Dayton & Ironton is building a branch through the Hocking valley coal fields to a junction with the Baltimore & Ohio and the Indianapolis division of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton to Liberty, a distance of thirty-eight miles, when all lines in this chain of roads will be complete by this arrangement. The Baltimore & Ohio will get a through air line to and from St. Louis.

Preparing to Leave the Woods.

PROSPECT HOUSE, June 7.—The president will get his last full day of fishing to-morrow. His arrangements for leaving the woods are completed and will be carried out on Thursday. He caught nothing to-day. On Thursday afternoon the party will be driven to the station and take a special train to Albany by way of the Vermont Central railroad, arriving in that city at an early hour on Friday morning. The party will breakfast at the executive mansion. After a stay of three hours the journey to Washington will be resumed, and it is expected that the party will reach the executive mansion during Friday evening.

The Milwaukee and Potter.

CHICAGO, June 7.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—It is asserted that no president of the St. Paul road will be elected until spring, when the position will be tendered to Potter, vice president of the Union Pacific. Potter was offered the position the day he signed with the Union Pacific and would have considered the tender had he not completed other arrangements. Potter's contract with the Union Pacific road is for one year only.

A Sweeping Railroad Decision.

ST. LOUIS, June 7.—The decision rendered yesterday by the supreme court in the case in which the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern railway company appeared as respondent and the city as appellant, makes the railroad company independent of local legislation and gives it the right of way through all streets of the city for its tracks in making any extension which it wishes.

Convention of Leather Workers.

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More Smallpox in Chicago.

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Death of Bela Hicks.

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Insurance Losses.

NEW YORK, June 7.—The Daily Commercial Bulletin, in its monthly fire record, places the losses for May at $10,637,000. These figures are $2,500,000 larger than the average figures for May during the last twelve years.

SIMPLY A SLUGGING MATCH.

A Great Day For Base-Runners on the Omaha Diamond.

ST. JOE HITS THE HARDEST.

Progress of the Six-Day Contest on the Sawdust—Programme of the Grand Trotting Circuit Arranged—Other Sports.

Over the Fence is Home.

Two home runs, eight three-base hits and innumerable doubles and singles made the game between the Omahas and St. Joes at the ball park yesterday afternoon a real old-fashioned contest. Gray headed veterans who, in the forties, played with a soft ball when "wounding" was in order were carried back to their boyhood days and enjoyed the fun immensely. "Avaunt science" was the watchword of the hour—or, properly, two and a half hours—and every player had evidently been to the walking match and became imbued with the spirit of go-as-you please. It may be mentioned that St Joe won, by a score of 28 to 17. Sunday and Ehret, of the visitor's, batted the ball over the fence. In the third inning the St. Joe's scored ten runs, and then only stopped because they became out of wind. The score is as follows:

SCORE:

OMAHA.	POS.	AB.	R.	1B.	TB.	BS.	PO.	A.	E.
Swift	m and s	6	3	5	5	2	2	2	0
Walsh	s and m	6	2	3	5	1	2	0	2
Dwyer	1b	6	3	1	1	1	9	0	1
Krehmeyer	c	6	2	3	7	1	6	0	1
Bartson	r and p	5	3	3	3	2	0	0	2
Rourke	3b	5	2	2	3	0	1	3	1
Bader	lf	5	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Genins	2b	5	1	2	2	2	3	2	3
Healey	p and r	4	1	1	1	1	0	3	1
Totals		48	17	20	27	10	24	11	11

ST. JOE.	POS.	AB.	R.	1B.	TB.	BS.	PO.	A.	E.
Sunday	lf	7	4	4	8	0	2	0	0
Isaacson	1b	6	4	2	4	0	12	1	0
Ehret	p	7	6	5	10	1	1	0	0
Robinson	ss	6	1	3	3	0	1	2	3
Harding	r	7	2	5	10	0	0	0	2
Brimblecom	2b	7	3	3	4	0	2	2	0
Ike	3b	6	3	3	3	1	3	5	1
Daniels	m	6	2	0	0	0	4	1	0
Strueve	c	6	3	3	3	0	2	3	0
Totals		58	28	28	45	2	27	14	6

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Omaha	3	5	0	0	3	4	0	2	0	—17
St. Joe	1	1	10	4	3	6	0	3	*	—28

SUMMARY.

Runs earned—Omaha 11, St. Joe 14.

Two-base hits—Krehmeyer, Rourke, Sunday, Harding and Brimblecom.

Three-base hits—Walsh, Harding (2), Rourke, Isaacson and Ehret.

Home runs—Krehmeyer, Ehret and Sunday.

Left on bases—Omaha 5, St. Joe 9.

Double plays—St. Joe 1.

Struck out—Healy 2.

Bases on balls—Healey 4, Bartson 1, Ehret 2.

Bases given for hitting man with ball—Healey 1, Bartson 1.

Passed balls—Krehmeyer 3, Strueve 1.

Wild pitches—Bartson 1, Ehret 2.

Bases stolen—Omaha 10, St. Joe 3.

Time of game—2 hours and 20 minutes.

Umpire—Hagan.

TO-DAY'S GAME.

The following are the positions of the players in to-day's game:

OMAHA.	POSITION.	ST JOE.
Harter	c	Harding
O'Leary	p	Weigriffe
Dwyer	1st b	Isaacson
Messitt	2d b	Brimblecom
Rourke	3d b	Ike
Walsh	s s	Robinson
Bader	l f	Sunday
Genins	c f	Daniels
Swift	r f	Strueve

Denver Defeats Kansas City.

DENVER, Colo., June 7.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The first game of the Denver-Kansas City series was played here to-day and resulted in the defeat of the visiting club by a score of 15 to 12. The Kansas City boys were simply outplayed. They had their best men in the box, but their fielding was not up to their average, which greatly aided in their defeat. The following is the score by innings and summary:

Denver	1	2	0	1	1	0	5	2	8	—15
Kansas City	2	0	0	4	2	1	2	1	0	—12

Runs Earned—Denver 7, Kansas City 7. Two-base hits—Briggs, German, Voss, McKeon, J. Manning, Hassamaer, Mansel, Ringo, Kenzie, McSorley, Ryan. Home runs—Hassamaer. Double plays—J. Manning to F. Manning to McKeon. Bases on balls—Voss 3, McKim 4. Hit by pitcher—McKim 1. Passed balls—Briggs 2, Ringo 1. Struck out—By Voss 1, McKim 1. Left on bases—Denver 8, Kansas City 12. Errors—Denver 9, Kansas City 9. Batteries—Denver: Voss and Briggs; Kansas City: McKim and Lillie, pitchers; Ringo, catcher.

The Milwaukee and Potter.

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—Baltimore 21, Louisville 12. Errors—Baltimore 6, Louisville 3. Umpire—Valentine.

NEW YORK, June 7.—The game between Metropolitan and St. Louis teams to-day resulted as follows:

Metropolitan	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	2—6
St. Louis	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—3

Pitchers—Shaffer and Foutz. Base hits—Metropolitans 14, St. Louis 10. Errors—Metropolitans 2, St. Louis, 5. Umpire—Knight.

BROOKLYN, June 7.—The game between Brooklyn and Cleveland to-day resulted as follows:

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0—2
Cleveland	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	*—3

Pitchers—Terry and Crowell. Base hits—Brooklyn 7, Cleveland 6. Errors—Brooklyn 4, Cleveland 2. Umpire—McQuade.

The Grand Circuit Programme.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 7.—At a meeting of the stewards of the grand trotting circuit, held here to-day, the following programme of classes and purses was adopted, subject to change by any association:

First day—2:29 class, 2:24 pacers, 2:21 class.

Second day—2:27 class, 2:18 pacing, 2:33 class.

Third day—2:25 class, free to all, 2:19 class.

Fourth day—2:33 class, special free to all pacing.

The purses aggregate $149,500, divided as follows: Cleveland, $27,000; Hartford, $25,000; Buffalo and Rochester, $24,000 each; Utica, Albany and Springfield, $16,500 each.

Racing at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 7.—The third day's racing had the benefit of clear, hot weather and a dry, good track. The attendance was good. The following is the summary:

Nine furlongs: Gold Flea won, Jim Nave second, War Sign third. Time—2:00.

One and one-quarter miles: Daruna won, Voltiguer second, St. Valentine third. Time—2:12.

For three-year-old fillies, one and one-half miles: Wary won, Unite second, Pouche Pas third. Time—2:43¾.

One and one-sixteenth miles: Rosalind won, Insolence second, W. H. H. third. Time—1:53.

Steeplechase, full course: Tennessee won, Wellington second, Aurelian third. Time—5:24¼.

Jerome Park Races.

JEROME PARK, June 7.—The weather was bad, the track dead and the attendance good. The following is the summary:

For two-year-olds, five furlongs: My Own won, Petulance second, Sensation third. Time—1:05¾.

Handicap, one and one-sixteenth miles: Saxony won, Bess second, Jennie B. third. Time—1:51¾.

Handicap, three-year-olds, mile and a quarter: Tarbouche won, Hypasa second, Oneka third. Time—2:16.

Handicap, one and one-quarter miles: Richmond won, Lottery second, Strathberry third. Time—2:14.

Selling, seven-eighths mile: Le Clair won, Phil Lewis second, Blueline third. Time—2:12½.

Handicap, steeplechase, short course: Harsborough won, Will Davis second, Jack third. Time—4:30.

English Races.

LONDON, June 7.—The race for the jubilee cup at Ascot heath was won by Minung, St. Mirin second and Aintree third. The race for the Prince of Wales stakes was won by Claymore, Reve d'Or second and Phil third. The Ascot stakes were won by Eurasian, Exmoor second and Beaver third.

Triennial stakes, for foals of '83, was won by Duke Beaufort's colt, Button Park, by a length and a half; Holdsworth's colt, Morgan, second.

The Ascot biennial stakes, two-year-olds, was won by Lord Calthorpe's filly, Sea Breeze, by five lengths, Duke Beaufort's colt, Hark, second; General Pearson's colt, Anarch, third.

The gold vase given by her majesty for three-year-olds, distance two miles, was won by Albington's colt, Quilp, by a head; Captain Bowling's colt, Carrasso, second; Leopold de Rothschild's horse, Middlethorpe, third.

The Omaha Gun Club.

Yesterday was a great day for the sports men of the city and the members of the Omaha gun club made the most of the opportunity afforded, at the club grounds, on the river front opposite athletic park an interesting series of matches took place during the afternoon. The first of the series of events was the club contest for the badge. The match was at twenty-five bluerocks each and was very close between Kennedy and Brucker, the former winning by a single bird, Subjoined is the score:

Penrose	11110	11001	11100	01101	11111—18
Brucker	11011	01111	11111	10011	10111—20
Brewer	11111	10110	11110	10001	11000—17
Petty	11111	11100	01111	10101	10101—19
Cotter	01101	10101	11110	11110	01001—16
Ellis	10111	10101	11110	11111	01010—19
Krug	01011	10110	11001	01100	11100—12
Hullit	00001	01001	01000	00000	00011—6
Field	11111	11110	11011	01101	10101—19
Kennedy	01110	11110	11011	11111	11111—21
Robertson	10100	01101	10011	00110	10101—13
Gordon	00001	00100	00001	01000	10110—7
Lane	01110	01101	11001	11010	11011—16
T. Collins	00001	10010	01000	00010	00000—5
Kellogg	00101	00010	00100	11001	00101—8
Hardin	10101	11110	01101	10100	11110—16
Eckstein	11110	10010	11001	01011	01001—14
Hughes	01100	11111	11100	11100	11111—18

Following the club shoot was a team match, Ellis and Kennedy choosing sides. The latter team was successful by a total score of 39 to 34. Twelve blue rocks each were shot at. The score is as follows:

Ellis	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1—7
Penrose	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0—6
Brewer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1—11
Field	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1—6
Borke	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0—4
Total											—34
Ke'n'dy	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0—9
Brucker	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1—9
Petty	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0—9
Hullit	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0—4
Gordon	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1—8
Total											—39

The same members again choose sides for a second team shoot, the Ellis team this time proving victors by 47 to 42. Each man fired at nine blue rocks, with the following result:

Ellis	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	—7
Penrose	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	—9
Lane	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	—7
Field	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	—7
Blake	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	—4
Brewer	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	—7
Cotter	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	—6
Total										—47
Kennedy	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	—7
Brucker	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	—8
Petty	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	—9
Hullit	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	—4
Gordon	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	—4
Robertson	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	—5
Krug	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	—5
Total										—42

A sweepstakes match was arranged, each contestant putting in $1 entrance money; three highest to divide the purse. Ten bird seach were shot at. The result was as is shown below:

Kennedy	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0—6
Lane	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1—6
Hardin	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1—9
Field	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0—3
Krug	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—3
Cotter	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1—4
Stubbs	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1—7
Ellis	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1—6
Petty	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0—8
Penrose	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1—10
Eckstein	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1—7
McGreer	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1