### THE OMAHA DAILY BEE: SUNDAY, MAY 15, 1887 .- TWELVE PAGES



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요즘 소문가 계획	
den Bros	OUR MINISTERING ANGELS.
UUII DIVO	The Unfortunate Women Whose Sole Occu- pation is Gossip.
	AMERICAN WORKING WOMEN.
key fringed clothes at \$1,	"Too Many of We"-Travelling Per-
cey fringed cloths at 85c,worth	fumery Shops-Energetic Miss Callehan-The Girl of Muscle -Women's Wonders.
urkey red damask at 25c,worth	
urkeyred damask at 35c,worth	"Too Many of We." Womm's Workd. "Mamma, is there too many of we?" The little girl asked with a sigh.
ed bordered do <b>ylies at 95c, worth</b>	"Perhaps you wouldn't be tired, you see, If a few of your childs should die."
3 inch pure twine crash at 6jc,	She was only three years old—this one Who spoke in that strange, sad way. As she saw her mother's impatient frown At the children's boisterous play.
crepe towels, 18x34 at \$1.20 per orth \$1.75 cream damask towels at 15c.	There were a half dozen who round her stood, And the mother was sick and poor. Worn ont with the care of the noisey brood, And light with the wolf at the door.
huck towels at 12jc each, worth	For a smile or a kiss no time, no place; For the little one least of all;
	And the shadow that darkened the mother's face O'er the young life seemed to fall.
sard wide sheeting at 5c, worth yard wide bleached muslin at	More thoughtful than any she felt more care, And pondered in childish way How to lighten the burden she could not
8ic.	share, Growing heavier day by day.
preads at 49c worth 75c. ladies' unbleached hose, 15c,	Only a week, and the little Clarie In her tiny white trundle-bed Lay with her blue eyes closed and the sunny hair
ulies' fancy hose, regular made	Cut close from the golden head. "Don't cry," she said-and the words were
i 50c. ers lisle thread hose, plain and ic, worth 75c.	Now, Feeling tears that she could not see— "You won't have to work and be tired so, When there ain't so many of we."
isle thread vests, Jersey fitting ink and blue, 98c worth \$1.25	But the dear little daughter who went away From the home that for once was stilled,
fine balbriggan vests. long and ves, 39c worth 50c.	Showed the mother's heart from that dreary day, What a place she had always filled.
balbriggan vests, 35c worth	Women Who Work. Philadelphia Record: There are in the
India gauze vests, extra nice, 40c.	United States 2,847,157 women who earn their own living. Of this number 2,242,252 are laborers, (mainly agricul- tural) mill operatives, seamstresses,
gents' unlaundried shirts, dou- 48e worth 75c.	domestic servants and teachers-all of them, except the last, menial and poorly
styles in satin lined neckwear	paid employments, and the last is poorly paid when the teachers are women. With the above statistics Ida M. Van
fine baibriggan shirts and 85c each.	Etten opens an article in the current number of the North American . review. Continuing, she points out that we thus find a social condition which obliges
white laundried shirts only 69c.	their own exertions for a livlihood, and
British half hose, superfine, 19c	offers them a field of labor so circum- scribed as to afford employment for not more than one-tenth of the number.
percale shirts, in a variety of 47c, 75c, \$1 and \$1.25	Enormous overcrowding, tierce competi- tion, and a consequent undue pressure of wages necessarily follow. MERE HUMAN MACHINES.
	The number of mill operatives, which is given at 152,162, includes only those
DEN BROS.	engaged in the textile manufactures; but the number engaged in other manufac- tories would greatly swell these figures

ore care, ould not e sunny rds were red so, nt away at dreary e in the ho earn numbe agricul stresses -all of poorly poorly I. Van current review e thus obliges pend on d, and circumfor not umbe ompeti ssure of whiel 7 those res; but anufactories would greatly swell these figures. For instance, about 20,000 women and girls are cigar-makers. More than 21,000 work in the boot and shoe factories, where they do the meaner sort of work — binding, sewing on buttons, etc., and are very poorly paid. There is, moreover, no chance for advancement, as the work re-quires only a certain amount of manual dexterity, which is readily acquired by a In New Kennard Building, 16th Street, Near Douglas. means of a comfortable hving.' THE OPPRESSION OF THE WEAK Notwitnstanding these apparent drawbacks, the fact remains that 45 per cent. of the employes in many manufacturing enterprises are women. That they are in reality mere beasts of burden—part of the machinery—does not deter\_them from seeking such employment. Carroll D. Wright, United States Commissioner of Labor calls attention to the fact that in all departments where men only are employed the hours of labor are but ten, but where the women and children preponderate the hours are eleven or more, and asks why it is that the weakest, the most helpless and dependent, are loaded with more hours, while the strongest and those better able to bear it have fewer hours to work? This is a question that has botheres many a head, and has been vainly asked over and over again. Ways and means looking to a betterment of the condition of the workingwomen have discussed; a few have assumed ta been tangible them and have been followed shape by satisfactory results. These are mainly clubs, which look to the amelioration of the social condition of mill operatives, seamstresses and shop-girls, and to bu-reaus of employment and information. These are excellent in their way, but have no effect in relieving the over-crowded avenues of labor open to women or in protecting them from the demands for excessive hours so often imposed. METHODS FOR A CURE. As a remedy for this system of op-pression the writer in the Review, to whom we have referred, suggests that the workingwomen organize trades unions to determine the hours and wages on the same plan that the trades unions for men are now carried on. This might, it is true, better their condition in a measure. but the system is beset with difficulties that I fear would be more wearing and tearing to the average woman than the toiling and scrimping that she now en-dures. The kind of organization that would do away with child labor in the factories would be more to the point. It would woka zoom for work woman and would make room for more women and would undoubtedly raise their wages to the level of woman's work. WHERE ORGANIZATION MAY DO GOOD. But sad as is the condition of female operatives in the mills that of the women who fight the wolf from the door with the point of a needle is infinitely worse. For them there are no hours, no Sundays, absolutely no time for recreation. 1 do not refer to the skilled dressmakers, or the accomplished seamstresses who fash-ion dainty wear for fashion's favorites, and seven days in the week, that they are able to ward off starvation and keep the life in their wretched bodies at all. And the condition of the cloakmakers and those who make women's underclothing those who make women's underclothing is not much better. Comparatively few women nowadays have their underwear made at home. After buying the ma-terials scarcely anything is left to pay for the making; they find it much cheaper and quite as satisfactory to buy these garments ready-made. But it is clear that they are cheapened by the heart's blood of the sewing women who make them, and not by pecuniar-loss to the merchant who sells them. These are hard facts, but they are apparent. Cloak-makers are slightly better off, for their work calls for experience, taste and skill; but they are wretchedly paid, for all that. For this class of working women thorough organization might do much. hard facts, but they are apparent. Close-makers are slightly better off, for their work calls for experience, taste and skill; but they are wretchedly paid, for all that. For this class of workingwomen thorough organization might do much. A BETTER REMEDY STILL. But there is another way out of the dif-

GELS. ficulty-s way that requires no system of organization or concerted action. Every workingwoman has the matter in her own hands. There is a constant and ever-increasing demand for domestic servants. The cry of their scarcity and incompetency is heard on every hand. It is folly to say that this branch of employment is overcrowded, although nearly 1,000,000 women in the United States are household workers. We need more and if she is good and lucky. we need better servants. The newly landed immigrant, who has probably worked in fields all her life, does not fill the bill. We want intelligent women in g Perour houses, who if they do not know how already, are capable of learning how to perform houshold work acceptably, and at no great outlay of time and experienc POSITIONS OF LEISURE AND PROFIT. The talk about domestic service cur tailing the privileges of the worker is all sheer nonsense. In all well regulated households the maid has her weekly af-ternoon and evening out and her altern-ate Sunday. In almost every house these

regular outings are supplemented by others, so that her life is far from being the life of a prisoner, and infinitely more free than that of the sewing women, who must make the most of every available moment or starve. Mistresses are gen-erally kind and considerate if maids be cheerful and willing. Moreover, house-hold work is healthful, it affords a diver-sity that is of itself a relaxation of mind and body; and, finally, it is better paid than any other branch of labor open to uneducated workingwomen. Indeed, it is doubtfnl if many of the female teach-ers can save as much money as the do-mestic worker in the course of the year. QUESTIONS OF RESPECTABILITY CONSID-

ERED. The ground covering the false notions of the loss of dignity and social position by entering domestic service has been gone over times without number, and the last word seems to have been said. the last word seems to have been said. Any woman of innate refinement and proper self-respect should not need to be assured that these qualities may be main-tained under any and all conditions, but if she have in addition her fair share of common sense she will know that the cleanly, well-ordered kitchen where she reigns as domestic is more favorable to their perpetuation than the sonalid tangtheir perpetuation than the squalid tene-ments she is able to provide for herself as seamstress. When the masses of mill as seamstress. When the masses of mill operatives, seamstresses, etc., shall have been educated up to an appreciation of the advantages of domestic service their condition will be bettered. The problem of women's wages will solve itself, and the servant girl question will no longer yex. And then there need be no fear that any field of undergoest will be that any field of employment will be overcrowded. There is no overplus of women or men; there is work for every pair of willing hands, and bread for every hungry mouth. But the energy of the hands should be expended where it is needed. A little judgment in this di-rection will help women more than all the labor organizations that can be de-vised. The remedy for each individual the case rests with individual.

However prominently gossip enters into the life of the average boardinghouse elsewhere, says a writer in the Philadelphia Press, in this city it is the characteristic that makes everthing else subordinate. The people live on it, cul-tivate it as an art, and make it the chief occupation of their daily lives. The in-terest of any friendly intercourse that exists consists chiefly in finding out

cost her, or just what is the matter with her if she remains in her room, are affairs

it is selfish of a woman to want the best of everything. She has the majority of the good looks in the world, and of the good times, too, I'll warrant, and it is quite her own fault if she don't get the majority of all the love. She has the watches don't get the most ends some reason Scotch plaids are just now in great favor in Paris, though notoriously difficult to handle tastefully.

When a popular young woman quit Wor-cester, Mass., the other day, she was accom-panied to the railway station by twenty other young women and one young usn's due after the train arrived, and while the con-ductor waited for her, she caimly kissed overy one of the twenty-one friends and then quietly got aboard. prettiest clothes and gets the most candy, and she has roses and violets heaped upon her from year's end to year's end-

The Girl of the Day Has Muscle. New York Mail and Express: From the

then quietly got aboard. Mrs. Mary Savage. of Greenwood, Mass., has a daughter, granddaughter, great-grand-daughter, and a great-great-granddaughter all residing in Norway. Me. It is an unbroken line of females of five generations. Their ages are as follows: First, eighty-four; sec-ond, sixty-two; third, thirty-six; fourth, sev-entcen; fifth, eight months. A new trimming is made of six or seven rows of extremely narrow ribbons, called haby ribbon, heid together by links of gilt thread and edged with loops of this feath-ered-edged ribbon, which is only a fourth of an Inch wide. This is especially effective when the ribbons are of white satin and the links of gilt thread. deck of a ferry boat crossing the East river I saw a young girl in a canoe. She was alone in the cockleshell, which pitched about merrily in the chop of the East river tide. It was high noon and the long doublo paddle glanced in the supplicience is the sail processed sailor sunshine as the self-possessed sailor picked her way through the procession of tugs, running under the bridges and heading for the battery. Shades of the grandmother. That good dame had nerves, but this little lady had nerve. Good sirs and ladies tair, the girl of the links of gilt thread.

Inks of gilt thread. "Tone tollets" are all the rage. They dif-fer in no respect from other handsome gowns except in their names. They must be spoken of as "symphonies in gray and rose," "reveries in blue and amber," "nocturness in black and white," and the like. In spite of the warning conveyed in an old proverb, all fashionable girls are "Whistlers." When Needlework Was More Es-London Queen: "Sewing machines have revolutionized the working world, but when I see, as I only too frequently

RELIGIOUS.

do, intelligent and otherwise well edu The bishop of Tennessee is to sail for Europe on May 28, to be absent several months.

cated girls of ten and twelve, aye, and older too, so ignorant of plain needle-work that I would not care to use a pocket-handkerchief of their hemming, The collector at Bombay has among his do not feel quite sure that all innovasurjosities a Chinese god marked "heatnen dol," and next to it a gold dollar marked tions are improvements. A lovely young doctress of divinity, or of law, or of medi-Christian ide The venerable Bishop Kip, of California,

cine may be a very bewitching and fascinating personage, a potent evidence of the march of intellect, but it may be has for some time been in precarious health and quite incapacitated for work, but he is now steadily mending.

permitted to grandmammas to doubt if a beloved and loving wife, a sweet, devoted mother, skilled and deft in all woman's work, be not, even though innocent of any tongue save her own, the better of

now steadily mending. The subject of Saturday afternoon services in the synagogues has been brought up in Hebrew circles in connection with the new Saturday half-holiday law. Surpliced choirs are meeting with in-creased favor throughout the breadth of the country. One was introduced into St. Paul's church, Sacramento, on Easter day. At the opening of the duke of Albany's memorial church at Cannes, the priest word a moustache. The prince of Wales suggested that the ornament should be removed, and r

George W. Childs of Philadelphia is a bible society in miniature. He has presented (so some one says who has kept an account), more than 200 handsome bibles to churches and Sunday schools.

and Sunday schools. The latest statistics give the Evangelical Lutheran church in the United States an ag-gregate of 950,000 communicants, making it numerically the third in runk among the protestants of this country. A thank-offering of \$5,000 was handed in annonymously at St. James church, New York city, on Easter morning, for establish-ing a fund, the income of which is to be de-voted to the sick poor, The Rev. Wilbur F. Watkins, who for six years has been rector of Holy Trinity chuich New York, has accepted a call to the Church of Our Savior on Thirty-eighth street, above Chestnut, West Philadelphia. The Right Rev. Caspar H. Borgess, bishop

Chestnut, West Philadelphia. The Right Rev. Caspar H. Borgess, bishop of the diocese of Detroit, has resigned the mitre. His resignation has been accepted, and an administrator will soon be appointed to discharge his important functions. Grace church, New York, is to have four new stained glass windows, one of which— the Hutton memorial—has been designed by Miss Tillinghast, a New York artist, and is now being made under her supervision. The church missionary society hope to send

The church missionary society hope to send an expedition under Bishop Parker to try and treat with King Mwauga, for the release of Mr. Mackay. It is proposed to put a small steamer on Lake Victoria in aid of this pro-The old fashioned gigot or leg of mutton sleeves are, sad to say, in fashion again. They are extremely disliguring. In spite of attempts to introduce new col-

ors, pile drabs and grays continue to be the favorite shades for dressy tallor-made suits. Some of the new spring costumes in cloth very much resemble riding habits in effect, and are, in fact, called in Paris robes ama-The Anglican church in Rome was opened on Easter Monday, but owing to their being a debt upon it of £3,000, the Bishop of Gib-raltar, who preached the sermon at the morn-ing service, could not perform the coremony of conversition Ribbon ruches of bright colors are still worn inside the coliars and cuffs of frocks, although every authority declares them out of consecration.

The new governor of Nagasaki, a member of the English bar, is said to have subscribed liberally to a heathen festival, and to have at-tended with many others in a Buddhist tem-Silks are beginning already to drive the elaborate combination wool costumes out of favor again, though these latter are not more than a year old. ple, where prayers were offered for the repose of his wite's soul.

Faris is losing her prestige as the home of fashion. Good laste seems to have vanished with the empire, and unrestrained audacity has taken its place. Financial matters in the Montreal churches seem to be very satisfactory. Most of them reported surpluses at the Easter vestries, and we hear of decreased debts and increased sti-pends, notwithstanding the supposed com-margial damagian The newest shape in hats is called the co-



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Satins are going out of favor. Tiny capotes are made of fancy Tuscan. Short-sleeved mantles are much in vogue. Ravelled edges on draperies are shown on few imported silk and wollen dresses. Cream laces make the most tasteful garniture for bright-colored India or China silks. Amber necklaces are very much worn with evening tonets. The effect is quite infautile. New capote bonnets of gauze are made with row upon row of plisse about two inches wide. Some of the very small capotes have pointed brims, shaped in front like the prow of a boat. Large wooden rosary beads, placed as closely together as possible, finish the edges of the street jacket. Collarettes, wristlets, and belts of vari-colored jets are worn with, and render effective, and simplest costumes. Burnouse shall draperies and jabot folds are favorite arrangements for the back of the skirts of spring dresses.

day.

day has muscles.

the twain. But the world is wide enough for both. I have heard my own mother

say that when she was seven she wore an

Iudian muslin of her own embroidery at a ball given by her parents on her birth-

**BONEY FOR THE LADIES.** 

portion being transparent.

istence is Gossip. Muslin parasols in the twelve pointed star designs have one star laid over the other, one

of fashion.

Women Whose Only Interest in Ex-

things about one another or about some-body else in the house. There is hardly a boarding house in Philadelphia where the private and do-mestic affairs of every one in it are not been been to more one of the trans-

mestic anairs of every one in it are not as well known to every one else in it as to themselves. What a woman is mak-ing or doing, what she bought yesterday or what she is going to buy to-day, who she visits, who visits her, how much her husband makes, where he is if absent from a meal, how much her last dress out her or inter what is the ments entitle



PRICE OF DASHER. \$1.25 Needs no talking, but really is the Prettiest Showing Article on the Market.

OMAHA, Neb., April 28, 1887.—This is to certify that we, the undersigned, have this day witnessed a churning by "The Perfect Self Revolving Churn Dashers," which resulted in producing 334 pounds of first class butter from one cellon of correspondence first class butter from one gallon of cream in just one minute and fifteen seconds.

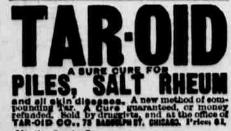
W. L. Wright, proprietor "Omaha Dairy;" O. W. Wheeler, manager "Omaha Dairy;" Paul B. Tate, Merohaniz National Bank: A. D. Touzalin, Nobraska National Bank: Prof. George R. Rathburn, proprietor "Omaha Business College:" Prof. L. J. Hinke, tonch-er of Shorthand; Harry Mirriam, editor "Pithian Sung."

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quite as well known to every woman in the house as to herself. There is in almost every boarding house one or two

women, usually unmarried and no longer particularly juvenile, who make this their business in life. To cat and know what is going on is all they care for. They seldom go out, have no interests or occupation, and gradually every feminine trait becomes subordinated until curiosity becomes a passion. Every time the bells rings they know it, as they do the contents of every buildle that ar-rives. They see the letters at the plates before the owner see them themselves. and cleverly draw out of the recipients who they are from if it takes six months to do it. They invite and cultivate the confidence of every newcomer solely to minister to their absorbing passion. Quite often the woman who keeps the

boarding house is afflicted with this frenzy able and all high. herself, and the case is well authenticated of the keeper of a fashionable boarding house in this city who opened and read. by steaming them, the letters of most of the ladies in the house for six months be-fore she was discovered. There are a number of boarding houses where every letter and every package received into the house is taken to the mistress before then reach their rooms. In all such espionage as this of course servants have a share, and, as a rule, not only lend themselves easily to it, but in time became adepts themselves.

Traveling Perfumery Shops.

A decided innovation is to have, be-tween the dress waist and the lining, sachet powder: in fact, the whole waist of the dress serves as one large sachet. While this may make the dress a little teral. Sailor styles are all the rage for children heavier, and consequently add to its Many boys are wearing authentic copies of United States naval uniforms and are liable to be mistaken for deserters from the train-ing squadron. The craze originated at Newwarmth, it is just what is needed for win-ter weather. Evening dresses are also treated in this way. Violet seems to be the favorite odor. port last year. Coronets and bunches of flowers are re-served for bonnets and dressy midsummer hats, while the street hat is trimmed with ribbon of two colors, ostrich tips and a facing of velvet which material is also effectively introduced in the front row.

No Lydia Languishes Here.

Sierra Valley (Cal.) Leader: Miss Ellen Calleban, of Sierra Valley, sold to James Miller last week forty-six head of beef cattle at 84 cents a pound. This is the inghest price paid in this valley in two years for beef cattle. Miss Catlehan re-ceived \$2,312.75 for her cattle, and has a Embroidered crepe lisse is still used for draperies flounces, neck and sleeve ruffling, and is a lovely light miterial, whether em-broidered in finen or silk, but has an unfor-tunate habit of getting "flimsy" on the slightest possible provocation. band still growing. Some twelve or fif-teen years ago her brother died and left her two good ranches and a band of cat the and horses. Since then she has man-aged the ranches and stock herself as sole proprietor. She is a noted character here for her peculiar manner in attending to her household affairs as well as caring for her stock and gathering in her large crop of hay, etc., all of which she personally superintends. She can har-ness a team, break wild horses, run a mower or do anythiny of the work on a ranch. She shows great charity for stock, as often she has been known to take young calves, colts chick-ens and ducks into the kitchen to save them from the inclemency of the weather for several weeks at a time. She would hard bones these German women have." Fine checks in serge, cheviot and other summer woollens are the correct wear for travelling. They may be slightly trimmed with mohair soutache in rings and scrolls, Some use velvet for the collar, cuffs and re-verse, but it is dust-catching and unsuitable material. make a good match in marriage for a middle-aged man, with muscle cultivated to work, and it is our opinion that none others need apply. Dudes would not, we believe, be noticed as candidates for the matrimonial hand of Miss Callehan. She lives alone in her galory, and ap-pears to enjoy herself both indoors and out, especially when driving a pair of her unbitable steeds, over which she holds the reins in a manner peculiar to herself. She values her property at \$10,000. Her age we do not know, and should not mention it if we did.

The Apple of Our Eye.

"If you would be truly happy, my dear," said one young hely to another, "you will have neither eyes nor ears when your hus-band comes home late from the club." "Yes, I know," wearily answered the other, who abominates tobacce; "but what am I to de with my nose?" Barie dessemakers ate using bright colored

TOWN IS very wide and flaring. It is only becom ng to a very youthful face. Greens, grays, Gibelins blue, heliotropa and oid rose, and dull yellow shades are the col-ors most frequently repeated in the varie-

There was a ludicrous scene at a police

by, who, however, du not respond. "I beg your pardon, Miss," said a young man to a society belle the other night, "but I don't admire your last name," "Great heavens," man," she exclaimed, "havn't I done everything in my bower to change it? Must I knock a man down with a club?" Store mane mark with my bower to partie the mark and the my bower to mange it?

Stays were quite unknown in Russia until Peter the Great danced with some Hanoverian ladies on his journey to Pomerania. Quite astounded, the monarch exclaimed to his suite after the ball. "What confoundedly hard bones these German women have."

by, who, however, did not respond.

mercial depression. The Troy praying band was founded twenty-seven years are by twenty-seven christian business men of Troy, New York. Of these, Joseph Hillman, the leader, is the best known. It is estimated that the band has been instrumental in converting 25,000 people gated silks of the season. cople.

"Madam," said a gentleman to a lady, "pardon me, but your hair is coming down." "And yours, sir," replied the lady, indig-nantly, "Is coming out." In some London parishes, on Good Friday, the clergy, accompanied by their surpliced choirs, perambulated the streets of their dis-tricts. Latanies and hymns were sung dur-ing the pro ress of the procession, and ad-dresses were delivered at the corpers of the streets. Garibaldi waists are "in" a ain. The full plastron paved a way for them into refavor. They are very confortable, but are not be-coming except to poor figures.

Emma Thursby, the celebrated concert singer, was once offered \$10,000 a year to sing in St. Bartholomew's Episcopal church, New York. This is the highest salary ever offered by a New York church, and is accounted for Two young ladies recently graduated from the Medical college of Indiana, have taken out lkeenses to practice in Indianapolis. One is Dr. Mary A. Spinker and the other is Dr. Laura E. Boyd. by the fact that a number of wealthy families proposed to make up the amount. Hair dressing is more varied in Paris than in New York. Here we have one or two styles only of high coiffures; there one sees a dozen or more styles, all equally fashion-Clergymen and congregations who object to the prevalent plan of making an adver-tisement bureau and bulletin board of the pulpit, may provid by the plan of a church in Franklin, Connecticut. At the cost of \$1 a week the notices are printed and distributed to the neople as they pass out of the church. A girl's paper, published in British Colum-bia, announces that a young lady fainted when told that more than 30,000 men died last year, but was revived by the information that there were 19,000,000 left. to the people as they pass out of the church. It is proposed to hold a third mission con-It is proposed to hold a third mission con-ference somewhere in England next year similar to the one held in 1878. The confer-ence will represent all branches of the Re-formed church. Committees have already been appointed and the duties of secretary are being performed by R. Scott Moncrieff, of the Bible Society. The death of Bishop Lee, of Delaware, has caused the attention of the Kolegondians in A so-called Bagdad scarf of softest, flim-siest slik is with neglige costumes for the summer, when white lawns and nainsooks are possible. It is fastened loosely about the maint and tied low down on the him waist and tied low down on the hip.

Very light, thin sliks will be much worn for warm weather costumes. Plaid surahs, India sliks, Lausines and summer Benga, lines, slightly repred, but scarcely heavier than surah, are all adapted to such use. caused the attention of the Episcopalians in Maryland to be again directed to the consoli dation of the Delaware and Easton dioceses. The failure of all attempts to secure a bishop for the Easton diocese lends force to the ar-guments that the geographical connection of the latter with the state of Delaware would The gaudiest sorts of combinations of bright colors have come into favor into Paris for street costumes. As an instance, bright red draped with eastern stuffs, exceedingly costly, but looking like upholsterers' mamake the incorporation alike easy and ad-vantageous to both.



#### FOR POULTRY AND SWINE.

Mr. J. M. McCann, Bridgeport, W. Va., the first to discover the virtues of St. Jacobs Oil for chicken cholera, says: "A bread pill, saturated with St. Jacobs Oil, was forced down the throat of the fowl, and within hair an hour it was well as ever." "Mixed with dough," he says, "and fed to turkeys, chickens and other poultry suffer-ing from this hitherto incurable disease, all that are able to swalhow will be restored to perfect health, and if the saturated pills are forced down the throats of those that cannot swallow, they will flap their wings and crow in your face."

court the other day. A deaf witness, an old lady, was called upon to "kiss the book." Catching only the word "kiss," she at once offered her face to a solicitor, who was close Chicken Cholera.

Icken Cholera. Terre Haute, Champaign Co., Ohio. I received about ten days ago five very fine Polish chickens. A few days ago I noticed that two of them had something like the roup, and their throats seemed to be nearly stopped up and made wheezing sound at each respiration. One of them was not able to walk, or even stand on its feet. I took a small piece of bread, say about half an inch square, and saturated it with St. Jacobs Off, and feel it to them, once in the morning and again in the eve-ning. The next morning when I went out to look at them I could not tell which of the five chickens had been sick. CHAS. F. POWELL, P. M. CHAS. F. POWELL, P. M.

#### Hog Cholera.

g Cholera. Cherry Camp, West Va. Et. Jacobs Oil is the best remedy known to me for Hog Cholera. It may be given them in milk-say a leaspoonful to each animal twice a day. I think that anyono trying it will find it beneficial. E. M. ROBINSON.

# Insternal. Doctor's wife—Ah!, you may go a long way before you find another patient like our dear Councillor B—. My husband has had him ill in bed for the last twenty-nve years, and says it may be ten years longer before he departs this life. That's what I call a regular customer. Chicken Cholera.

Rev. T. S. Brooke, pastor Central Presby-terian Church, Clarksbury, W. Va., says: "I saturated a piece of bread size of my thumb, with St. Jacobs Oil, and forced it down the throat. Chickens were in the last stage. I mixed it with meal and gave them notiting else. They ate. In a week's time all were well."

St. Jacobs Off is an absolute cure for all bodily pains for which an external remody may be applied. It is sold by Draggists and Dealers throughout the world. Fries fifty cents per bottle. The Charles A. Vo-geter Co., Buittmore, Md.

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