

A DARE-DEVIL LAD'S FEAT.

He Successfully Climbs the Tall Cathedral Tower at Vienna.

HIS COOLNESS SAVES HIS LIFE.

Burial of the Sole Surviving Child of William von Humboldt—Gladstone Appreciates America's Sympathy for Ireland.

He Started Vienna.

VIENNA, April 20.—[New York Herald Cable.—Special to the Herald.—The latest Viennese lion is a young dare-devil pianoforte maker's apprentice, aged seventeen, named Johann Richter. He has just accomplished the senseless but startling feat of climbing 433 feet to the topmost point of the great tower which is the crowning glory of the grand old cathedral of St. Stephens. Richter's head had been slightly turned by reason of the wind blowing hard by a man named Pircher a few months ago. Pircher's example was contagious, for in the small hours of Saturday morning two other workmen had already tried and failed to climb up the tower. This was too much for Richter. He vowed he would succeed or perish in the attempt, and very next night he executed his pledge. No moon was shining as he stole to the foot of the tower, and, watching for his opportunity while the St. Stephens' platz was deserted, he strapped a black and yellow flag on his back and began to climb up the lightning conductor. Ere he had got half way up his clothes were torn in a dozen places, his boots were split and he scratched his body raw with his fingers. But he hung on like grim death, taking advantage of every chance protrance, and after heroic exertions actually reached the summit. The slightest head swaying, or the slightest nervousness, and he would have been dashed to pieces. Happily he never lost his presence of mind.

In the night, as when the Vienna looked up at the cross of the old "Steffen," as they affectionately call it, to their amazement they saw a trim black and yellow pennant fluttering in the breeze. Meanwhile Richter, who had seen enough of the tower from the outside, had stolen down the staircase inside, and given himself up to the watchman. He was promptly walked off to the police station. After a few hours detention, however, he was released and sent home with the well meant but probably superfluous warning that he had better not try it again.

A BOND REVEALED.

Burial of the Only Surviving Child of William von Humboldt.

BERLIN, April 20.—[New York Herald Cable.—Special to the Herald.—The burial this afternoon of Gabriel von Buelow, erfau auf Tezel, the last surviving child of William von Humboldt, cuts one of the last bonds between the two famous brothers and new Germany. The ceremony was held in state in the house of Kron Prinzess. All state Berlin sent wreaths and crosses of magnificent flowers. The emperor sent a representative Marshall Count Perponcher. The empress was represented by Countess Perponcher. Prince Alexander of Prussia, came personally. Other princes sent ladies and gentlemen in great numbers. The choir boys chanted "Christ My Life" before the body was taken from the room to the hearse, which carried it to Tezel, to which it was escorted by one of the emperor's state carriages to-day. The long procession of relatives and friends went with the corpse from Altdorf Schloss, Tegeln, where the emperor and William loved to live, to the pine-sketred grave beside the two famous brothers under the Humboldt monument. The country people crowded around the iron railing which enclosed the monument. An old family servant, guarding the open grave, shook hands with the Heister Buelow, when the son and heir, as chief mourner, took the place at the head of the grave. A dirge, which seemed echoed back by the swaying pine tops, announced the lowering of the body to its place beside the long dead father. There was a short prayer, after which the relatives advanced, with palm leaves in hand, to throw each three handfuls of earth upon the coffin. Several grand children added their little handfuls to the earth-covering of the body of their eighty-five-year-old grandmother. Among the flowers which covered the coffin enclosure were wreaths from the emperor, empress and many high officials of the court.

INTERESTING RECOLLECTIONS.

Dr. Shoushensky, an American pastor at Berlin, will soon take to America an interesting memorial of the Humboldts—namely, a writing table given by William upon which Alexander wrote "Cosmos." It is preserved precisely as left, with the remnants of the last candle used by Alexander before death.

Gladstone Values American Support.

LONDON, April 20.—Gladstone writes: "I attach very high value and importance to the manifestations now incessant of American as well as colonial sympathy with the Irish people in the crisis created by the American insulating, insidious bill at present before parliament. Apart from particular and more or less formal acknowledgements, I am not of the opinion that it will be proper or expedient for me to take it upon myself to address any general session of the American society on this subject, which, however, might and may gain notice in parliament. Still I am very anxious that the people of this country should have the means of understanding how much beyond the range of any sectional impulses and how truly national the movement of the afternoon was. In this view I would recommend that an endeavor be made to present some estimate of the aggregate number of persons by which the recent meetings were attended, and, if possible, likewise, especially, an estimate of the number of citizens, young or old, who, as representatives of persons by whom such meetings were countenanced or supported."

The Fisheries Dispute.

LONDON, April 20.—It is officially stated that Salisbury, in a dispatch sent to Washington March 24, said that the British government, understanding that the action of the United States in denouncing the fishery articles of the treaty of Washington to be, in a great degree, the result of dissatisfaction at being called upon to pay \$1,000,000

DON'T KNOW WHAT TO DO.

The Pacific Railroad Commissioners Trying to Find Out Their Duties.

AT OUTS WITH GEN. JOHNSTON.

He Says He Will Give Them No Assistance Whatever—Congressman Payson on the Inter-State Law—Capital News.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—[Special Telegram to the Herald.—Commissioner Little, of the Pacific railroad commission, speaking about the business which the commission had on hand, said: "Our first business is to find out what we are to do, what is expected of us and how we are to proceed. We have interviewed the president of the United States, Secretary Lamar, and the United States commissioners of railroads, and we have not yet ascertained what our duties are. We shall first proceed to ascertain what the law requires of us. For several days we shall not be able to do more than examine the law and authorities and determine what is expected of us. We have already taken steps to have all the records and evidence on file in the departments laid before the commission."

Hunting For Information.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—[Special Telegram to the Herald.—Commissioner Little, of the Pacific railroad commission, speaking about the business which the commission had on hand, said: "Our first business is to find out what we are to do, what is expected of us and how we are to proceed. We have interviewed the president of the United States, Secretary Lamar, and the United States commissioners of railroads, and we have not yet ascertained what our duties are. We shall first proceed to ascertain what the law requires of us. For several days we shall not be able to do more than examine the law and authorities and determine what is expected of us. We have already taken steps to have all the records and evidence on file in the departments laid before the commission."

Chairman Pattison, speaking about the matter, said they would be glad to hear from anyone interested in the investigation and any information would be thankfully received.

General Joe Johnston, commissioner of railroads, and the investigating commission. He says he is already clothed with all the power necessary to investigate the matter, and that he and his clerks can do the work just as well. He does not propose to show the restriction of the law, but that they may accomplish will be without the assistance of the commissioner of railroads.

Congressman Payson Disgusted.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—[Special Telegram to the Herald.—Congressman Payson said to-day that he was disappointed and disgusted at the failure to enforce the interstate commerce law. He declared that the commission had no warrant for the suspension of the long and short haul clause and exceeded their authority in suspending it.

Swindlers in an Arctic Explorer.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 20.—Lieutenant John W. Danenhow, the Arctic explorer, shot and killed himself at the naval academy this morning. He had mental trouble after he came back from the Arctic region. The remains of Danenhow will be taken to Washington to-morrow for burial.

Swindlers in an Arctic Explorer.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 20.—Lieutenant John W. Danenhow, the Arctic explorer, shot and killed himself at the naval academy this morning. He had mental trouble after he came back from the Arctic region. The remains of Danenhow will be taken to Washington to-morrow for burial.

Swindlers in an Arctic Explorer.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 20.—Lieutenant John W. Danenhow, the Arctic explorer, shot and killed himself at the naval academy this morning. He had mental trouble after he came back from the Arctic region. The remains of Danenhow will be taken to Washington to-morrow for burial.

Swindlers in an Arctic Explorer.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 20.—Lieutenant John W. Danenhow, the Arctic explorer, shot and killed himself at the naval academy this morning. He had mental trouble after he came back from the Arctic region. The remains of Danenhow will be taken to Washington to-morrow for burial.

Swindlers in an Arctic Explorer.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 20.—Lieutenant John W. Danenhow, the Arctic explorer, shot and killed himself at the naval academy this morning. He had mental trouble after he came back from the Arctic region. The remains of Danenhow will be taken to Washington to-morrow for burial.

Swindlers in an Arctic Explorer.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 20.—Lieutenant John W. Danenhow, the Arctic explorer, shot and killed himself at the naval academy this morning. He had mental trouble after he came back from the Arctic region. The remains of Danenhow will be taken to Washington to-morrow for burial.

Swindlers in an Arctic Explorer.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 20.—Lieutenant John W. Danenhow, the Arctic explorer, shot and killed himself at the naval academy this morning. He had mental trouble after he came back from the Arctic region. The remains of Danenhow will be taken to Washington to-morrow for burial.

Swindlers in an Arctic Explorer.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 20.—Lieutenant John W. Danenhow, the Arctic explorer, shot and killed himself at the naval academy this morning. He had mental trouble after he came back from the Arctic region. The remains of Danenhow will be taken to Washington to-morrow for burial.

Swindlers in an Arctic Explorer.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 20.—Lieutenant John W. Danenhow, the Arctic explorer, shot and killed himself at the naval academy this morning. He had mental trouble after he came back from the Arctic region. The remains of Danenhow will be taken to Washington to-morrow for burial.

EXPRESSIONS OF SORROW.

The Death of Judge Weaver Calls Out Messages of Condolence.

SYMPATHY FOR THE BEREAVED.

Preparations for the Funeral to Be Held on Friday Afternoon—Mourning at Falls City—Other State News.

They Mourn His Loss.

FALLS CITY, Neb., April 20.—[Special to the Herald.—The time of the funeral of Nebraska's dead statesman, Hon. A. J. Weaver, has been fixed at 2 o'clock p. m., Friday, April 22. It will be held at the Methodist church in this city, and will be under the direction of the Knights Templar, assisted by other Masonic orders and the Knights of Pythias, all of which orders Judge Weaver was an honored member. Falls City is still stunned and dazed by the great blow. The whole city and county mourns. It is an irreparable loss to this community, as well as a personal affliction to thousands. The following are among the messages of condolence received from all parts of the country:

Another Bond Call Expected.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It is expected that another call for 3 per cent bonds will be made in a few days. There are now outstanding bonds of 3 per cent, \$1,000,000 are held by national banks, \$3,250,000 by residents of the United States, and \$7,000,000 by foreign residents.

Another Bond Call Expected.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It is expected that another call for 3 per cent bonds will be made in a few days. There are now outstanding bonds of 3 per cent, \$1,000,000 are held by national banks, \$3,250,000 by residents of the United States, and \$7,000,000 by foreign residents.

Another Bond Call Expected.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It is expected that another call for 3 per cent bonds will be made in a few days. There are now outstanding bonds of 3 per cent, \$1,000,000 are held by national banks, \$3,250,000 by residents of the United States, and \$7,000,000 by foreign residents.

Another Bond Call Expected.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It is expected that another call for 3 per cent bonds will be made in a few days. There are now outstanding bonds of 3 per cent, \$1,000,000 are held by national banks, \$3,250,000 by residents of the United States, and \$7,000,000 by foreign residents.

Another Bond Call Expected.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It is expected that another call for 3 per cent bonds will be made in a few days. There are now outstanding bonds of 3 per cent, \$1,000,000 are held by national banks, \$3,250,000 by residents of the United States, and \$7,000,000 by foreign residents.

Another Bond Call Expected.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It is expected that another call for 3 per cent bonds will be made in a few days. There are now outstanding bonds of 3 per cent, \$1,000,000 are held by national banks, \$3,250,000 by residents of the United States, and \$7,000,000 by foreign residents.

Another Bond Call Expected.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It is expected that another call for 3 per cent bonds will be made in a few days. There are now outstanding bonds of 3 per cent, \$1,000,000 are held by national banks, \$3,250,000 by residents of the United States, and \$7,000,000 by foreign residents.

Another Bond Call Expected.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It is expected that another call for 3 per cent bonds will be made in a few days. There are now outstanding bonds of 3 per cent, \$1,000,000 are held by national banks, \$3,250,000 by residents of the United States, and \$7,000,000 by foreign residents.

Another Bond Call Expected.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It is expected that another call for 3 per cent bonds will be made in a few days. There are now outstanding bonds of 3 per cent, \$1,000,000 are held by national banks, \$3,250,000 by residents of the United States, and \$7,000,000 by foreign residents.

Another Bond Call Expected.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It is expected that another call for 3 per cent bonds will be made in a few days. There are now outstanding bonds of 3 per cent, \$1,000,000 are held by national banks, \$3,250,000 by residents of the United States, and \$7,000,000 by foreign residents.

Another Bond Call Expected.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It is expected that another call for 3 per cent bonds will be made in a few days. There are now outstanding bonds of 3 per cent, \$1,000,000 are held by national banks, \$3,250,000 by residents of the United States, and \$7,000,000 by foreign residents.

Another Bond Call Expected.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It is expected that another call for 3 per cent bonds will be made in a few days. There are now outstanding bonds of 3 per cent, \$1,000,000 are held by national banks, \$3,250,000 by residents of the United States, and \$7,000,000 by foreign residents.

Another Bond Call Expected.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—It is expected that another call for 3 per cent bonds will be made in a few days. There are now outstanding bonds of 3 per cent, \$1,000,000 are held by national banks, \$3,250,000 by residents of the United States, and \$7,000,000 by foreign residents.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

The Missing Anarchist Writes From His Retreat in Norway.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

The Missing Anarchist Writes From His Retreat in Norway.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.

THE MISSING ANARCHIST HEARD FROM.

CHICAGO, April 20.—The Daily News to-morrow will say: A letter from Rudolph Sembratel, the much looked for anarchist and alleged thrower of the Haymarket bomb, has been received in Chicago, and those who are in a position to know do not for a moment doubt its authenticity. The letter is dated "Christiana, Norway, March, 1887," and reached here through the medium of an anarchist sheet issued in London by an Austrian socialist named Joseph Terker, who is an old friend of Sembratel. The fugitive denies throwing the bomb, but intimates he is sorry he did not do it, and that he only left because he knew it wasn't safe for him here. He declined to give his travels until he can write again, but it is understood by his friends here that he was on the Pacific coast until the anarchist trial ended in Chicago, and then worked his way to Canton, thence going to Sydney, later to Conway, and finally to New York, where he was taken aboard the steamer "Cedra," and from there to the vessels in the Northern sea fishing herrings.