

MOCK CONSPIRACY TRIALS.

The Cases of Dillon and His Colleagues On At Dublin.

HOW THE JURY WAS SELECTED.

The Bench as Well as the Box Packed—Parliamentary Inquiry Into Crofter Outrages Denied—Other Foreign News.

Testing the Plan of Campaign.

(Copyright 1887 by James Gordon Bennett.)

DUBLIN, Feb. 16.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to the Bee.]—The mock trial of the conspiring M. P.'s is now proceeding. A boycotted juror, who was challenged for partiality to the defendants, but who was actually decided upon as competent and impartial, is attentively listening to the solicitor general's opening. The latter is making the same kind of Orangeman speech that he usually makes in the house, where he represents the poor portion of Liverpool. Though not yet forty, Mr. Gibson has prematurely gray hair. He is a dangerous and unscrupulous. To obtain a jury thus with names having the prefixes O' and Mac had been told to stand aside.

The five accused have exhausted the six sittings only according to all. To give an idea of how the judge treated the challenges for bias by the accused I take the following from the official minutes: A juror named Eager was called and his name recalled. He was challenged for bias, as being a landlord and sharing an adverse opinion upon the plan of the campaign. The accused testifies that he is employed in the government Bank of England. As his last election is a rental tenant, he is not in this county. This is ruled out of the question. "Is your rent punctually paid?" is also ruled out, and so is the question, "Have you formed any opinion as to the legality of the plan of campaign?" Also the question, "Has it injured you?" Also the question, "Has it injured the land owner also?"

I select these because they will serve to show the American judges, lawyers and laymen how the familiar challenges for bias on questions probing the jurors' favor were persistently objected to by the crown attorneys, but by the fact that the jury was chosen that procedure challenge is one which it used to be under the common law of New York before the statute came to restrict questions as to a juror's opinion and his own impartiality on the evidence to come.

An English juror. I give the names of the jurors to show how un-English are the most of these, viz: Abraham, Adeock, Bailey, Bagot, Hadlock, Jacobs, Kane, Talbot, Young, two Jacks and one Jackman.

HISTORY REPEATING ITSELF. I had a talk in the court lobby with Manus McNeill, an Irish man, who has been arrested on the twenty-five days' trial of O'Donnell. He was a mere spectator, though called upon as a juror, but challenged because a Catholic.

"This trial," said he, "is history repeating itself. The members of parliament in the dock now are charged with the same kind of conspiracy as O'Donnell and his friends. The law now claims the same as then, viz: A mere conspiracy to do an illegal act, though the purpose is unaccomplished, makes the crime. On O'Donnell's panel every Catholic was excluded. Here there are three Catholics to nine Protestants. Lord Salisbury has even packed the jury for this trial. The lords quashed O'Donnell's conviction by only a majority of one of the law lords in place of Lord Bramwell, just retired. There has been appointed, as taken straight away from the ranks as judges, Mr. MacNaughten, M. P. for North Antrim, one of the bitterest of active Orangemen. So you see Lord Salisbury tries to pack the bench as well as the jury box.

"Then you think Mr. Dillon will be convicted?" I asked. He answered: "It is 1,000 to 1 for it. That's why Murphy is on the bench, and the jurors who sit yonder. Was not the attorney general charged with the conspiracy for this trial with the mastery of the rolls, and the solicitor general with a barony of the exchequer; and did not both the counselors for the crown successively become lord chancellors? The prosecutors are doing similar dirty work to earn promotion in office, but there is the possibility of a disagreement of course."

The Crofter Question.

(Copyright 1887 by James Gordon Bennett.) LONDON, Feb. 16.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to the Bee.]—The crofter question now, with the Welch titles, are the subject matters which are challenging parliamentary and popular attention next to the Irish grievances. The last two days of debates the commons have given an opportunity to the Scotch members to show how brutally Scotch dukes and lairds, and how unjust the Scotch courts had lately treated the crofters and the cotters. To-day Right Hon. A. W. Balfour, the nephew of Lord Salisbury and Scotch secretary, tried to reply. He is not yet forty and looks even younger, but he talks the Toryism of George I. as if he had then lived, and his reckless defense of the recent outrages in the Isle of Skye can be best estimated by my quoting this sentence of his speech:

"In America the law relating to property in land has ever been by a far harsher regard than has ever been in this country." The crofter controversies were asking for a parliamentary inquiry into the proceedings of the landlords, but bourgeois Toryism on the final vote this evening, refused it. The debates on the landlord tyranny in three counties are perhaps slowly but surely getting the voters to see the iniquity of the repression of about 100,000 Scotch crofters, almost allowing freeholds in the United Kingdom and Ireland.

A Loan Asked For Congo.

(Copyright 1887 by James Gordon Bennett.) BRUSSELS, Feb. 16.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to the Bee.]—In the house of representatives to-day the minister of finance presented a bill asking the authorization of parliament for the issuing of a loan in Belgium on behalf of the Congo free state. The bill does not mention the amount of the loan, but it is believed to be between eighty and one hundred million francs, a part of which is to be employed in constructing railways and a part to make up for the deficit in the Congo budget. The loan will bear no interest, but interest will be as in a lottery at the time of their redemption.

War Preparations in Austria.

VIENNA, Feb. 16.—The questions asked the government the reichsrath yesterday in regard to the proposed credit for military purposes, elicited the information that Hungary would only enroll in the landsturm such men as already had military training or were likely to make good soldiers. Numerous exemptions would be made. In Austria the enrollment of men under the age of forty-two years would be almost entirely suspended. Officers up to the age of sixty years would also be enrolled. Men who are only fitted for auxiliary or office work will be exempted. It is semi-officially stated that a Austro-Hungarian treaty, to continue ten years, will be arranged and will go into operation in 1888.

Battling With the Crowbar Brigade.

DUBLIN, Feb. 16.—A conflict occurred to-day, between a force of police on their way to execute a number of eviction orders, and a part of the population of Dingle, a seaport town in the county of Kerry. The people barricaded the roads and in some cases building stone walls across the streets. The police were driven away and compelled to retreat. They re-formed and charged with batons and clubbed rifles upon the crowd compelling them to scatter and to give way. A number of men and women were injured.

DESPERATE CHICAGO BOODLERS.

They Make an Unsuccessful Raid on Grinnell's Office.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—A morning paper quotes States Attorney Grinnell as saying: "I have enough evidence on hand to send every boodle county commissioner to the penitentiary if I can procure a fair and impartial jury to try them, and if they stand up like men and defend themselves squarely and honestly on the merits of their case." It is now conceded that several of the county commissioners have "squealed" and that indictments will probably be drawn against some of the members of the late Cook county board for corruption.

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Mr. Rice of Massachusetts gave notice that he would file a minority report. The only change in the substitute reported from that drawn up by the sub-committee of the committee on foreign affairs and heretofore published, aside from amendments as to the phraseology, is the insertion after the prohibition against the entry of any locomotive, car or other vehicle, of the words, "With any goods that may be contained therein." The third and last section of the sub-committee's bill providing for the appointment of a commission to take testimony relative to citizens of the United States who had been expelled from the country of the United States, the reason that a bill covering the same ground has been already reported by the committee. The report accompanying the substitute is identical to that drawn up by the sub-committee.

Mr. Hatch of Missouri attempted to secure passage of the bill, but was defeated. Mr. Belmont, in pursuance to a previous order, public business was discontinued and Mr. Thomas of Illinois called up the senate resolutions expressive of respect to the memory of the late John A. Logan. Mr. Logan said that in battle Logan was a born warrior, full of overflowing with military spirit and dash. Few men hold so many hearts in the bow of his hand as Logan. He was a man of high character, a man who had enjoyed John A. Logan's friendship for forty years and bore testimony to the uprightness of his character, the gallantry of his military career, and the ability which characterized his legislative life. It had been said that Logan was a man of high character, a man who had enjoyed John A. Logan's friendship for forty years and bore testimony to the uprightness of his character, the gallantry of his military career, and the ability which characterized his legislative life.

TELEGRAPH NOTES.

Snow or rain is predicted for to-day. Contracts have been made for a new \$300,000 jacking house at Sioux City. Kansas women can now vote at municipal elections, the governor having signed their bill.

General Kaubars has been appointed military attaché to the Russian legation at the capital of Peking. The state of G. A. R. encampment is on at Rock Island with over 1,000 delegates in attendance. Prince Hohenzollern, governor of Alsace-Lorraine, has been declared insane at Toppick, Kan. J. E. Stiles and H. C. Dean have been arrested in San Francisco as the perpetrators of the recent dynamite outrages.

The law prohibiting the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine. No mail has been received from the east since the blockade on the Central Pacific. The upper house of the New York legislature yesterday passed a bill granting women the right to vote in municipal elections. John W. Mackey, the bonanza king, and the Louisville base ball club are among the members of the board on the east-bound Central Pacific train.

The preliminary examination of George F. Joyce, charged with the murder of ex-Mayor Bowman, at East St. Louis, has been postponed until Wednesday next. A \$20,000 shortage has been discovered in the account of ex-Deputy Sheriff Abbin, of Albany, N. Y., who has been in Denver or possibly in Canada. The joint convention of the New Jersey legislature was very turbulent yesterday, and the vote for the New York Herald Cable-Special to the Bee.

THE BOOM IN ALBION.

A Boone County Man Has Something to Say About It. Frederick G. Kiene, of Kiene & Maloney, of Albion, Boone county, in this state, arrived in town yesterday with a large assignment of hogs for the stock yards. These he sold through Adams & Burke at the highest prices. Mr. Kiene is a fervid admirer of Boone county and a strong supporter of Albion, which, he claims, is experiencing a real estate boom which, before long will, relatively speaking, equal that of some larger cities. The merchants of Albion are very busy with the advertising of the town, which is now enjoying unusual prosperity. The Union Pacific road reaches the town, the Chicago & Northwestern has struck, while the B. & O. has also struck, and the city is supplied with waterworks by means of which water for fuel purposes is conveyed in pipes along the streets. Hundreds of excellent farms surround it and are working them are of the temperate and healthy which will conduce to success. Mr. Kiene says that the population of the city and county will derive wonderful benefits from their present excellent condition, and the railroad advertisement, which both are now enjoying and looking for.

SIoux CITY TERRIFIED.

Fire-Bugs and Burglars Busy at Work. SIoux CITY, Ia., Feb. 15.—[Special Telegram to the Bee.]—Last night was one of the most exciting in all the history of Sioux City. Four fires in all, and a number of burglaries were sufficient to keep the people constantly nervous and give rise to many false rumors. It is evident at the present time that there is an organized band of thieves and fire-bugs infesting the city and our citizens are prepared for almost anything next. The police have received instructions to stop every individual found on the streets after midnight and make arrests if not satisfied as to their good intentions. The fire in Walter & Mulverstedt's store was extinguished, and also the one at the loss on the dwellings in the suburbs of the city, the livey barns in connection with the "Flatters" hotel and the new house, will not exceed \$2,000 or \$3,000. Walter & Mulverstedt's stock was valued at \$30,000, and is almost a total loss. The building in which the stock was stored, and also the one immediately adjoining, were badly damaged.

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IT IS WONDERFUL.

How easily rheumatism begins and how insidiously it grows in the system, until one is startled to find himself the victim in either the acute or chronic form. He then learns the fearful tenacity of its grip and the utter powerlessness of the ordinary remedies to give relief. Probably no disease have physicians given more study, and none has more completely baffled their efforts to provide a specific; and until Athlophoros was discovered there was no medicine that would surely cure rheumatism, neuralgia and nervous sick headache. Thousands of testimonials like the following prove beyond question that Athlophoros is the only reliable remedy, and that it will do all that is claimed for it. Englewood, Kansas.

Athlophoros has done me more good than all other medicine put together, for I was a great sufferer from rheumatism and neuralgia, and can say today, I am free from both complaints. Mrs. M. STONE. W. S. Hopkins, 179 C. Avenue, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, says: "My wife and daughter were both stricken with inflammatory rheumatism at the same time. The lower limbs were much swollen, the pain seemed much beyond endurance, sleep was out of the question. They suffered so much that to move or even touch the sheet on the bed would cause the most violent pain. They were confined to the bed four weeks. During that time and previous I bought many kinds of medicine; then I employed a physician, but nothing gave relief until I heard of Athlophoros. I bought a bottle at once, and am glad to say in a very short time the swelling was reduced, the pain gone and they were entirely well." Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist the Athlophoros Co., 125 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is \$1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills. For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, indigestion, rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, woman, constipation, headache, impure blood, etc., Athlophoros Pills are unequalled.

THOMSON'S PATENT GLOVE FITTING ARE STILL TRIUMPHANT. For all years, they have attained in popularity and success constantly increasing. They have become the most popular comfort throughout the world. The E. G. and H. grades are made in Strong's Men's and Extra Long Wrist, suitable for figures. The quality of the material is guaranteed to wear twice as long as ordinary suits. High awards from all the World's great fairs. The last medal received is for First Prize at the World's Fair, from the late Exposition held at New Orleans. While scores of patents have been found worthless, the Thomson's Patent Glove Fitter have proved invaluable. Retailers are authorized to refund money, if on examination, they are found to be not properly represented. FOR SALE EVERYWHERE. CATALOGUE FREE ON APPLICATION. THOMSON, LANGDON & CO., New York.

Advertisement for Thomson's Patent Glove Fitting, featuring an illustration of a man in a suit and a woman in a dress, and text describing the product's benefits and availability.

Advertisement for S'JACOBS OIL, THE BEST REMEDY, for man and beast, highlighting its effectiveness for various ailments.

Advertisement for PENNYROYAL PILLS, 'CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH', described as the original and only genuine.

Advertisement for WEAK MEN MADE STRONG, featuring testimonials and a list of ailments treated.

Advertisement for DEAFNESS, claiming successful cures and offering a free trial.

Advertisement for RUPTURE, offering a cure and a free trial.

Advertisement for DREXEL & MAUL, UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS, located at 1407 Farnam St.

Advertisement for S-A-KEAN & CO., BANKING AND BROKERS, located at 100 Washington St., Chicago.

Advertisement for ILLINOIS WASHER, highlighting its cleaning capabilities and ease of use.