THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

SIXTEENTH YEAR. OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 29, 1886. NUMBER 194.

FROM A GRATEFUL PEOPLE.

Expressions of Sorrow for the Dead and Help for the Living.

THE "BLACK EAGLE'S" BIER.

Liberal Contribution to the Fund For the Benefit of the Family—Preparations For Interment at Chicago.

The Logan Memorial Fund.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—It is believed that a fund of $100,000 will be raised without solicitation before the end of this week. Captain Geo. E. Lemon, of the G. A. R. Post here, has already received ten or twelve telegrams from different parts of the country contributing as many thousand dollars. He says it looks as though $100,000 would come in from the outside and that as much would be contributed by senators, representatives and other public men here.

It is believed at this writing that the funeral services will take place in the senate chamber on Friday next, and that the remains will be removed to Chicago.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 28.—The Evening Wisconsin's Oskkosh special says Senator Sawyer has telegraphed the Logan Fund committee at Washington that he will subscribe $1,000.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—George E. Lemon, of the National Tribune, this morning started a subscription fund for the benefit of Mrs. Logan, with a subscription of $1,000, and sent hundreds of invitations to General Logan's friends throughout the country, asking them to contribute. The Western Union Telegraph company tendered the free use of its wires for transmitting subscriptions. Responses are now coming in rapidly and $1,000 subscriptions have been received from Senator Sawyer, William Walter Phelps, John B. Drake of Chicago, Governor Alger of Michigan, George M. Pullman and others. The receipts in five hours from the time the subscription started amounted to $10,000.

All persons desiring to contribute should telegraph George E. Lemon, Citizens' National bank, Washington, D. C., stating the amount of their subscription and send checks or drafts at once of J. A. J. Creswell, president of the Citizens' National bank, Washington.

Subscriptions are coming in steadily and now amount to over $15,000.

Among the hundreds of messages of condolence sent to Mrs. Logan is the following, dated Washington:

Dear Madam: The Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States desires me to express to you its sincere sympathy and condolence in this hour of your great trouble. In the death of your illustrious husband, the Loyal Legion has lost one of its most distinguished soldiers and a highly esteemed companion. Very respectfully, PH. SHERIDAN, Lt. Gen'l., Commander-in-chief of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion.

The Evening Star says: Among members of the house who visited the capital yesterday and to-day the suggestion was passed around that a liberal pension should be granted the widow of General Logan and it met with a hearty approval on every hand. The democrats manifested as much eagerness as the republicans to join in providing for the widow. The hearty manner in which the suggestion has been taken hold of renders it quite certain that among the first acts of congress upon reassembling will be to pass a pension bill for Mrs. Logan. It is agreed that there would be eminent propriety in granting a liberal pension based upon General Logan's military services. Some members are of the opinion that the pension should be $5,000 a year. It is claimed that no violence will be done to the letter or spirit of the law granting pensions, as General Logan was a sufferer up to his death from the effects of his army experience. In fact it is thought that rheumatism, which was the cause of his death, was contracted by exposure in the army.

There is a movement on foot to have the ex-confederate soldiers represented in the funeral procession that will follow the remains of Senator Logan. Many of the ex-confederates have expressed a desire to participate and it is probable that a place will be provided for them in the procession.

During the afternoon telegrams were received from Chicago throwing a measure of doubt upon arrangements supposed to have been already practically concluded for the funeral. The park commissioners telegraphed that after consultation with their attorney they were reluctantly led to the conclusion that they lacked authority to set apart a place for burial in the public park, but that authority, they say, will doubtless be granted at once by the legislature, which convenes next week. In the meantime, a citizens' committee of Chicago suggested other arrangements which could be perfected without delay. Upon receipt of the above mentioned telegrams it was decided that the funeral of General Logan will take place in a vault at Oak Hill cemetery here until the place of final burial is determined.

The Funeral Arrangements.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The following have been selected as the pall bearers: General Simon Cameron, Hon. Roscoe Conkling, Hon. Robert Lincoln, C. A. Andrews, of Youngstown, O.; Colonel Fred Grant, General Lucius Fairchild, M. L. Leggitt, of Cleveland, O.; Governor Jeremiah Rusk of Wisconsin, General W. T. Sherman, General W. F. Vilas, General John C. Black and Charles McMillan of the Loyal Legion.

The following despatch was received here this evening:

MADISON, Wis., Dec. 28.—Special Order No. 4: The commander-in-chief is informed that the remains of our comrade, General John A. Logan, will lie in state from next Thursday noon until Friday noon, when the funeral ceremonies will take place in the United States senate chamber at Washington. It is expected and hoped that all comrades of the Grand army who can do so will attend the funeral. LUCIUS FAIRCHILD, Commander-in-chief.

General Fairchild will arrive in Washington on Thursday evening.

Rev. Dr. Newman is to be the officiating clergyman, assisted by Dr. Butler, chaplain of the senate, Bishop Fowler and Rev. Dr. O. H. Tiffany. The family of General Logan extend invitations to the various societies, military, social and masonic, of which General Logan was a member, to attend the funeral or to send delegations from their bodies for that purpose.

The formal announcement of the arrangements details awaits and depends upon the definite selection by the Chicago people of a suitable spot for the tomb of the patriot. Mrs. Logan has expressed the wish that the place shall be one which will never suffer from the encroachments of commerce and population; She refers to the site of Douglas monument, which, when selected, was remote from population, but is now surrounded by steam railroads and dwellings as an example of what she wishes to avoid. A suitable place, she thinks, will be found near the entrance of South park.

Mrs. Logan received this morning a long telegram from the city clerk of Chicago, embodying the resolutions adopted by the city council of Chicago. The council formally requests that the burial place of the dead statesman be selected in the city upon which he conferred so much honor in a site to be dedicated by the city to that purpose. The council appointed a committee to confer with committees of civic and military organizations in regard to the selection of a place of burial and to arrange for the reception and interment of the remains.

As announced informally last night, the decision is practically reached to have the funeral in the senate chamber next Friday and then to convey the remains to Chicago. A few of the details of arrangements have not yet been determined upon. The senate committee acting through the sergeant-at-arms will have immediate charge of the remains. By request of Mrs. Logan, General Sheridan will be in charge of the procession and will escort the remains from Calmuet place to the capitol. The following is the committee appointed by Senator Sherman to take charge of the remains of Senator Logan: Senators Cullom, Stanford, Cockrell, Allison, Beck, Voorhees, Hampton and Manderson.

The Burial Site.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—The several committees appointed by the various Grand Army posts and veteran clubs throughout the city to make arrangements regarding the funeral of General Logan, met to-day to confer with the sub-committee appointed at the citizen's meeting yesterday to prepare a programme to present to the general committee of the latter meeting. Collector Stone read a message from Senator Cullom stating that a site at the entrance of South Park for General Logan's last resting place would be acceptable if Mrs. Logan would be permitted to be buried by his side. The committee on the South Park site, through Mr. Stone, reported that after a conference with the South Park commissioners it was deemed expedient to tender a burial place in Oakwood cemetery that a site for a monument be offered in South Park and that the name Grand Boulevard be changed to Logan Boulevard. The report was adopted. On motion of Alderman Manierre a committee was appointed to urge the city council to make a tender of a site for a monument to General Logan on the lake front.

The choice of four different locations for the burial place of General Logan was this evening submitted to the dead general's family by citizens of Chicago. Lake park, the South park, Oakwood cemetery and a tract between Washington and Jackson parks are the places tendered. The city council special committee makes the offer of Lake park. At a meeting of the committee this afternoon it was decided to recommend that the city council to-morrow set aside for the purpose a plat of the south end of the park to include all the land south of the south line of Harmon court and extending eastward to the Illinois Central tracks. The frontage on Michigan boulevard is about 320 feet and the lot is 400 feet deep. The title to this track is absolute in the city authorities. The location is on the shore of Lake Michigan just outside of the business center, equally accessible from all parts of the city and is on one of the principal boulevards. A definite place of burial in one of the south parks has not been selected but the park commissioners have practically given carte blanch in the matter to the family, subject to approval by the state legislature, which, unfortunately for this plan, will not convene for over a fortnight. To offset the disadvantage of waiting upon the action of the legislature the officers of Oakwood cemetery, adjoining the South parks, have formally tendered any lot in their grounds in addition to the action of the South park commissioners and Oakwood cemetery officials. A number of gentlemen have pledged themselves to purchase, if desired, a tract midway between the two South parks, and in close proximity to some property owned by General Logan. All the places mentioned except the one tendered by the city council are in the extreme southern portion of the city, none far from the lake, and all in sight of the driveways which have made that section somewhat famous. In connection with the three propositions from the south end of the city are various plans in regard to a monument and changing the name of Grand Boulevard to Logan Boulevard.

The general committee of citizens has arranged for a public memorial meeting to-morrow night in Central Music hall. The chairman is to be ex-Secretary of War Robert T. Lincoln and the first vice president, Stephen A. Douglas.

Tribute From the Soldiers.

PEORIA, Dec. 28.—The following order was issued by General Post, commander of the department of Illinois G. A. R., to-day:

Headquarters Department of Illinois, Grand Army of the Republic, Galesburg, Dec. 27, 1886—General Forder No. 16: Another comrade has gone. Another great leader has fallen. The first commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic has been gathered to his eternal rest. Of all those who offered themselves and shed their blood in defense of the union none deserve more from fame than John A. Logan. In the first rank of soldiers, in the first rank of statesman, his fearless independence and integrity drew to him the hearts of all with whom he came in personal contact. Impulsive, genial, chivalrous, he possessed the nobility which fitted him to be a leader of men. Himself a brilliant representative of the citizen soldier, he was the champion of the rights and defender of the cause of those who were citizens in peace and soldiers in war. Fully appreciating how much the country owed his comrades in arms, he was their ablest advocate and never swerved in his duty to them. Who shall now be their champion? The first commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic deserves to be first in the hearts of his comrades. Reverse the arms and place the flags at half mast in honor of our distinguished comrade, John A. Logan. The department commander recommends that each post should hold some suitable memorial service, and that the colors of the post be draped. The usual badge of mourning will by worn by all comrades for sixty days. By order of P. S. POST, Official: Department Commander. H. P. THOMPSON, Adjutant General.

The General's Book.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—The publishers of General Logan's book, "The Great Conspiracy," have received a letter from W. B. Taylor, private secretary of General Logan, in which he says that the receipts from the sale of that book will be about the only legacy left to Mrs. Logan, and suggesting that if this fact should be make known to the public, "the patriotic impulses of a grateful people might, through this channel, place her beyond want. Knowing Mrs. Logan's circumstances as well as I do," adds the general's secretary, "I beg of you to take immediate steps to place this matter before the public."

Mrs. Logan's Future.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Mrs. Logan is already receiving a great many suggestions as to her future, and among others one that she write her reminiscences of the war. She has often thought of doing so and the book would have a very large sale. Her life has been full of adventures in war and politics that few women in any country have experienced and she can relate them in a most graphic way, as all who know her are aware.

Two River Boats Burned.

CAIRO, Ill., Dec. 28.—At 6 this morning the Mississippi Valley Transportation steamer R. S. Hayes and four barges and the Anchor Line steamer City of Natchez burned while lying at the bank. The fire is supposed to have originated in the steamer Hayes, which soon burned her to the water's edge. The fire then spread to the City of Natchez, lying just below Hayes, and was soon enveloped in flames. The barges alongside of Hayes loaded with cotton and sundries also took fire and was completely destroyed. The City of Natchez was valued at $100,000 and the Hayes was valued at $50,000. The loss of barges makes the loss amount to $1,000,000. The insurance is not known at present. A strong northwest wind at the time of the fire prevented the tugs from saving the fleet. The two barges lying on the outside of those burned were cut loose and saved by the tugs. The burning hulls were towed to the other side of the river.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 28.—The steamer Natchez, which burned at Cairo this morning, was valued at $120,000 and was insured for $50,000. The R. S. Hays was valued at $50,000 and insured for $20,000. The barges burned were the No. 2, No. 49 No. 94 and the Iron Duke and were valued at $10,000 each and not insured. The total loss is estimated at $400,000.

A Louisiana Lynching.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 28.—A special from Arcadia, La., to the Picayune says: John Eola, Jr., in jail here charged with the murder of Colin Lavalle on the night of December 14, was taken out last night and hanged to a tree.

Lamar's Marriage.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The World's Washington special says: It is currently reported that a private dispatch has been received from Macon announcing that the marriage of Secretary Lamar and Mrs. Holt took place this morning (Monday).

THE PRESIDENT'S CONDITION.

Cleveland Still Confined to His Room and Suffering From Rheumatism.

CABINET MEETING POSTPONED.

Preparations Progressing For the New Year's Reception at the White House—Another Bond Call—Washington News.

The President's Condition.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—It is feared at the white house that President Cleveland will not be able to participate in the regular public reception on New Year's day. The decorations and arrangements are progressing, however, with a view to having the reception conducted by Mrs. Cleveland and the cabinet in event of the president not being in condition to be a participant, and yet not so ill as to cause apprehension. The president's rheumatism has not assumed a malignant form, although it is very painful at times, affecting both knees, and making it impossible for him to stand. Dr. O'Reilley, the white house physician, says it will be necessary for the president to remain quietly in bed two or three days if he hopes to be able to withstand the fatigues of Saturday.

The president continues to show great concern about the death of General Logan. Colonel Lamont says Mr. Cleveland had an attack of rheumatism accompanied by fever, while at the executive mansion at Albany, covering three weeks and that the family and Mr. Cleveland were alarmed. The history of the president's trouble with rheumatism is about identical with that of Logan and his condition is much the same as that of the latter two weeks ago.

HOW HE PASSED THE AFTERNOON.

President Cleveland sat up in his room for some time this afternoon. His left knee was swollen to twice its natural size and he suffered great pain. The president was wrapped in a blanket and refused to receive visitors. He read the newspapers and signed a number of pardons, but did no other business. Mrs. Cleveland was with him constantly. Preparations for the New Years public reception are going forward. It is the intention that Mrs. Cleveland and the cabinet officers shall conduct the reception if the president is not well enough to participate and not so ill as to cause concern. A messenger went to Mrs. Logan's house from the president to-day tendering any assistance that could be rendered. The question of locality for the depositing of the remains of the dead senator is so perplexing that nothing else can be attended to now. It is generally believed that Chicago will be the depository and that the funeral obsequies will take place in the senate chamber on Friday. Captain George E. Lemon, of the G. A. R. committee, who sent a hundred telegrams last night to well known personal friends of the deceased, soliciting contributions to a fund for Mrs. Logan, has received sufficient responses to-night to warrant him in saying that it will likely receive $100,000 before the end of the week and that altogether the fund may reach a quarter of a million. Mrs. Logan says the character of the expressions of sympathy she is receiving from the general's old friends is the warmest and most sincere that could come from human heads. It is a source of great comfort to her, but makes the loss appear even greater than it would otherwise if it were possible. She has about regained her self posession. The death is the all-absorbing topic here, together with the illness of the president.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Colonel Lamont to-day sent the following message to the members of the cabinet: "The president is feeling better this morning. But there being no business calling for immediate attention, directs me to say there will be no cabinet meeting to-day."

Late this afternoon the president and his wife drove out to Oak View, and after a stay of a few minutes returned to the white house. The ride proved beneficial to the president, and to-night he is feeling well and his condition is steadily improving.

ARMY MATTERS.

The badly arranged revised army regulations of 1881 have already become so nearly obsolete as to make a new code imperative. To-day the following board of officers was ordered for work: Brigadier General Stephen V. Benet, chief of ordnance; Colonel Elwell S. Otes, Twentieth infantry, and Lieutenant Colonel Robert N. Scott, Third artillery, with First Lieutenant Edward Davis, Third artillery, as recorder. The board will convene at the war department next Monday at noon.

Army orders: Second Lieutenant H. L. Roberts, Nineteenth infantry, has been relieved from duty at the Ohio normal university at Ada, O., and ordered to join his company; First Lieutenant William H. Coffin, Fifth artillery, has been relieved from duty at the university of Vermont at Burlington and ordered to join his battery.

Post Chaplain George B. Crocker has been placed on the retired list of the army from December 25.

Army leaves: Surgeon E. A. Koerper has been granted leave for two months; the leave of Assistant Surgeon John L. Phillips has been extended one month; the leave of Captain E. W. Stone, Twenty-first infantry, extended six months for disability; Captain Charles F. Roe, Eleventh infantry, granted leave for six months for disability; the leave of Second Lieutenant F. E. Hodgson, Sixth cavalry, is extended two months; Lieutenant Virgil J. Brumback, Second infantry, who recently tendered his resignation to go into the practice of law at Boise City, Idaho, with his father, has had the acceptance thereof revoked. He also relinquishes the leave granted.

PATENTS ISSUED.

The following patents were issued for Nebraskans and Iowans to-day: Ledyard D. Bailey, Central City, Neb., cigar wrapper cutter; Robert Buchanan, Sioux City, Ia., drum tightener; George W. Penn, Ottawa, Ia., wind mill; Joseph G. Schwaller, Hulber, Ia., wheel cultivator; George E. Slaughter, Atlantic Ia., hosiery exhibition and sale rack; Luther B. Wood, Omaha, lantern.

CAPITAL NOTES.

L. J. Stanton, of Iowa, has been appointed under the civil service rules to be a pension examiner, at $1,400 a year.

G. M. Cummings, of Omaha, is at Wormley's.

Another Bond Call.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The secretary of the treasury this afternoon issued the one hundred and forty-fifth call for the redemption of bonds. The call is for $10,000,000 of the 3 percent loan of 1882. The principal and accrued interest of the bonds below designated will be paid on February 1, 1887, and interest will cease on that day: 3 per cent bonds, numbered as follows: $50, original number 47 to original number 48, both inclusive; $100, original number 583 to 609, both inclusive, and original number 990 to original number 999, both inclusive; $500, original number 246 to 293, and number 429 to number 525, both inclusive; $1,000, original number 3017 to 3,175, and number 23,749 to number 23,777, both inclusive; $10,000, original number 5316 to number 6355, both inclusive; total $10,000,000. Three months' interest due February 1, 1887, on the above described bonds will be paid with the principal to holders at the time of presentation.

Fence Removals.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The general land office has received reports during the past week showing the removal of fences from twenty enclosures embracing over 274,000 acres of land, principally in the Denver land district.

Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Lemuel J. Stanton, of Iowa, has been appointed special examiner in the pension office. James A. Lydsten, of Illinois, has been appointed medical examiner in the same office.

The McQuade Case.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—Owing to the illness of Judge Pratt, the hearing of the motion for a new trial of ex-Alderman McQuade was this morning postponed until next Thursday.

POWDERLY AND POLITICS.

His Latest Order to the Chicago Assemblies.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Mrs. George Rodgers, master workman of district assembly 24, Knights of Labor, has received an order from General Master Workman Powderly which instructs her to visit the various local assemblies in her district and order them to return to their treasuries any money that has been drawn for "illegitimate" purposes. This includes all funds voted by various local assemblies for any particular purpose, for the defense of the anarchists, or for any object other than for subscriptions ordered by the master workman or for use of the assembly or for some member. A dispatch from New York says the order had reference merely to subscriptions to the anarchist defense fund, but in speaking on the subject Mrs. Rodgers said:

"I received the order day before yesterday, and have hastened to obey it. Last evening I visited four local assemblies in district 24, and would have visited six had I been able to get around. There has been very little done in district 24 in the way of subscribing to the anarchist defense fund, and I think that, as far as this assembly is concerned, the order affects subscriptions to the united labor party more than anything else. You see the Knights of Labor are too apt to think that a political party bearing such a name as the new one must necessarily be for and with the laboring men. I hope that this will prove to be so, but it will never do for assemblies of the knights to support any party with funds from their treasuries. Now, suppose an assembly was democratic by a slight majority, what will prevent members from voting a sum of money to the democratic campaign fund, or, if republican, the fund of that party? That would never do, and Powderly recognizes the fact. I have experienced no opposition from any of the assemblies except in a few cases where members are sympathizers with the socialistic movement. Some of the members of these assemblies expressed their conviction that they had a right to do as they pleased with their funds, but on a vote the assemblies always decided to obey Powderly's order."

The order from the general master workman was not alone sent to Mrs. Rodgers, but to the master workmen of the different district assemblies and is received with favor by all the more prominent and conservative knights. Another prominent knight, in commenting on the order, expressed Mrs. Rodgers' views and said that it was a mistake for laboring men to be enthusiastic over the new party until they had seen it in office. "All the parties," said he, "are laboring parties nowadays, and if the knights begin to squander their money in supporting them there won't be enough to pay the rent of the assembly hall."

THE DANCE OF DEATH.

A Lively Cotillion During Which Five Persons are Killed.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—News has just reached here of a terrible fight at Cooperton, in the mountain region, Christmas eve. Near Cooperton lives a family of Halls and a family of Gilberts, between whom there has existed a family feud for years. Frequent fights took place but with no fatal results until the night mentioned above, when a dance was given at the house of a mutual friend named Lovejoy. The Halls and Gilberts were all present, but remained quiet till the effects of the whisky which had been flowing freely began to be felt. Then a quarrel arose between two of the men regarding an engagement with one of the girls present and although friends interfered pistols, razors and knives were quickly drawn and a general shooting and cutting took place. Those not interested in either faction fled precipitately while about twenty remained. When the fight was over all who were able to leave did so and when those who had fled at the beginning of the fight returned with the sheriff and posse they found George Gilbert dead, with six pistol shots in his body, Eliza Gilbert killed by a pistol shot, John Lane with his throat cut and dead, Willis Hall stabbed fatally in the abdomen and John Montgomery fatally cut across the shoulders and breast. Others were doubtless wounded, but not so badly as to prevent their escape. But one of the party was arrested, and while in the magistrate's office, he jumped through a closed window, and though shot at and wounded, escaped.

THE ANDOVER TRIAL.

Beginning of the Famous Case at Boston.

BOSTON, Dec. 28.—At 10 a. m. to-day the famous Andover trial began in this city. There was present the full board of visitors, complainants and respondents, and counsel on both sides. The large dining room of the United States hotel was filled. A considerable portion of the audience was made up of clergymen, but many laymen and a number of ladies were present. Considerable time had been spent in preliminary debates. Judge French offered in evidence an editorial article in the Andover Review for April last, entitled, "The Bible a Theme for the Pulpit," and Professor Smith's speech at the American board meeting at Des Moines, Ia., last October, the said speech being printed in a pamphlet, entitled "The Great Debate." Counsel for respondents asked that whatever portion of any book or any document was to be urged against them should be definitely pointed out. On this point Governor Gaston, one of respondent's counsel, said: "Prof. Smith is willing that not only this tribunal shall know, but that the world shall know all that he has said and all that he has taught and all that he believes, but in the trial against him it is but fair and just, as it is legal, that what the charge against him is shall be specified. At 11 o'clock the complainants having rested their case without offering any other evidence than that specified above, and extractions from the Andover Review and a book made up mainly of republications from editorials in that review entitled "Progressive Orthodoxy," as specified in the charges, Prof. Dwight, of Columbia Law school, opened for the respondents in an address of great length, learning and vigorous eloquence.

After recess Prof. Dwight continued his argument, the following being some of the most important points: This is an extraordinary case in many aspects. I will first call attention to the way in which the matter is presented to your board (board of visitors) by the self-constituted accusers of those professors. They described themselves as a "committee of the alumni." The object of this discription apparently was to gain credit for their charge by appearing to act in a representative character. It now appears that these four men comprise all the trustees and all the alumni who are engineering this movement. (Sensation). One fatal defect in these proceedings is that there is no legal representative of interests adverse to respondents. Upon this point counsel argued at length to show that this being in effect a trial involving the property rights of signers of charges having no interest cannot possibly be parties to the case and Prof. Dwight quoted extensively from a decision of Judge Thatcher in the case of the trustees of Phillip's academy vs James King, to the effect that the two creeds of Andover—that of the original and that of the associate founders—must be so interpreted as to secure great and leading purposes of their authors and that nothing inconsistency with be inferred on account of the slight and technical deviations. Prof. Smythe, whose case is being tried first, then took the floor and began an address in his own defense. He had not concluded when court adjourned. He will continue his address to-morrow.

Educators in Session.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 27.—The thirty-third annual meeting of the Illinois State Teachers' association began this morning at the state house. The address of welcome was made by Attorney General Hunt and the opening address by Charles Parker, superintendent of schools of South Chicago. About four hundred teachers are present and interesting discussions are now in progress. The county superintendents of the state are holding their annual meeting in conjunction with the teachers, about sixty counties being represented.

FATAL BOILER EXPLOSION.

Three Men Blown Into Eternity and Two Others Hurt at Angus.

SAD ACCIDENT IN OTOE COUNTY.

A Young Man Killed By the Accidental Discharge of a Gun—Jeff Long to Hang—Near-By News.

A Frightful Accident.

DES MOINES, Ia., Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—One of the large boilers used at the Armstrong coal mine in Angus, Boone county, exploded this afternoon, killing three men, injuring one man fatally and another seriously. Sol Piper, the fireman, was scalded and mangled. John Bly, the pit boss, had his head blown off, and Charles Carson was blown to pieces, portions of his body being found one hundred yards away. O. B. Armstrong, the engineer, had hold of the reverse lever when the explosion occurred, and it was found afterwards a hundred yards away. He was slightly injured. Ted Richards, another workman, was very badly injured and will die. The head of the boiler blew through a coal car on the track a short distance off and landed nearly a quarter of a mile away. Just before the explosion forty miners were lowered into the mine and thus escaped the fate of their comrades on the surface. The loss to the property will amount to several thousand dollars. The mine is chiefly owned by ex-Speaker Head, of Jefferson.

A Silver Wedding Surprise.

COLUMBUS, Neb., Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—A pleasant episode in our social life occurred last night at the house of Mr. Jonas Welch, a highly respected and successful business man of Columbus. Hons. J. P. Becker and J. E. North conspired against the peace and quiet of the family of Mr. Welch by raiding his premises with a surprise party, it being the twenty-fifth anniversary of his wedding. After the ceremony of re-marrying, to which Mr. Welch and his estimable wife submitted with the modesty and timidity of youth, a most enjoyable time was had for all, with the presentation of a silver tea service and a magnificent water pitcher, feasting and several hours of social chat and retrospect. Amongst the guests were several who were present at the marriage in Genoa in 1861. A general leave taking then followed, with wishes that the silver wedding and its enjoyments might be prolonged until the golden period had enclosed Mr. Jonas Welch and his lovable family in its cycle and halo of peace and good will.

Iowa Teachers' Association.

DES MOINES, Ia., Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The thirty-first annual meeting of the state teachers' association began in this city to-day with an unusually large attendance for this stage of the meeting. The initial work of the state teachers' association was done this forenoon in the convention of the educational council. A report from the committee on academies was made by Superintendent J. B. Young, of Davenport. It favored the introduction and use of academies in places not able to support high schools and a very general discussion was elicited by the subject. President Seerley, of the state normal school, read valuable papers on language work in schools, embodying in it the expression of the opinion of each member of the committee on the subject. This evening Prof. Bartlett, of Cedar Falls, delivered the annual president's address to the association, which was followed by an hour of social entertainment.

A Fatal Accident.

SWIFT, Neb., Dec. 28.—[Special to the BEE.]—A terrible accident occurred eight miles north of Dunbar, Otoe county, yesterday afternoon. George Ames and Fred Kamm were out taking a sleigh ride with a gun along for the purpose of shooting any game that they might see along the road. In turning a corner at right angles the sleigh was upset and the shotgun accidentally discharged, fatally wounding Ames in the right side of the stomach. He was shot about 12:30 p. m. and died after terrible suffering before 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Ames was a young man about twenty-two years of age, of good character and respected by his friends and neighbors. His father, mother, brothers and sisters are prostrated with grief at the fearful accident. This is the first death in a family of thirteen children.

Professional Penmen.

DES MOINES, Ia., Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The professional penmen of the northwest, including teachers of penmanship and professional writers, have been in session here to-day perfecting an interstate organization. Delegates are present from Minnesota and Nebraska and a number of Iowa cities. Prof. Charles J. Conner, of Buena Vista county, has been elected president of the association. The day's proceedings have been devoted to perfecting the organization and discussing measures of professional interest.

Native Iowans Reunite.

DES MOINES, Ia., Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The annual reunion and banquet of the association of Native Iowans was held here to-night on the fortieth birthday of the state. There was a large attendance and speeches by Governor Larrabee, Lieutenant Governor Shedd, of Nebraska, and others. Great enthusiasm prevailed and the reunion was regarded as a complete success.

Long Sentenced to Hang.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Judge Hamer this afternoon overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Jeff Long, who was convicted of the murder of the Bascomb family, and sentenced Long to be hung on May 20. Long's attorneys will carry the case to the supreme court.

Educators and Sportsmen.

NORFOLK, Neb., Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The North Nebraska teachers' association convened to-night for a three day's session, with fifty in attendance. Rev. J. J. Parker, of this city, gave the opening address. The response was by Prof. Bond, of Blair. The North Nebraska sporting tournament opened to-day with a small attendance.

Williams Not Guilty.

BLOOMINGTON, Neb., Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—In the case of the State of Nebraska vs P. A. Williams for assault with intent to kill, tried in the district court to-day, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

No Russian Commands For Them.

SOFIA, Dec. 28.—The military commission is at present engaged in translating the words of command used in the Bulgarian army from the Russian language heretofore used in Bulgaria.

Impaled on a Pitchfork.

DES MOINES, Ia., Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—James Fox, a young man living near Perry, fell from a haystack this afternoon upon a pitchfork. Four tines were run clear through his body. He is not expected to live over night.

They Found the Leak.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The gas employes found a leak last night on the corner of Church and Fourth avenues. Taking a match to locate it the gas exploded, blowing up a street crossing and half a block additional sidewalk. There was, however, no other damage.

Cut His Own Throat.

POCAHONTAS, Ia., Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—O. L. Williams, aged thirty years, committed suicide at his home in Sherman township, this county, at 8 o'clock last night, by cutting his throat with a razor. No reason is given for the deed. Williams was not married and lived with his father and mother.

Sale of Railroad Stock.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The stockholders of the Dubuque & Sioux City railroad have negotiated with New York parties for the sale of $14,000 worth of stock at 105. Three weeks ago it was worth only 80.

Nebraska and Iowa Weather.

For Nebraska and Iowa: Fair weather, slightly warmer.

DR. M'GLYNN'S CASE.

He Must Answer For His Heresies at Rome.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The World says: Rev. Dr. McGlynn is under indefinite suspension both as rector and priest. A gentleman high in authority in the archepiscopal diocese and holding close official relations with Archbishop Corrigan said last night: "Statements that Dr. McGlynn has been summoned to Rome to defend himself are all at fault. Dr. McGlynn has been summoned to Rome for censure, and the only thing left for him to do is to recant. The idea of the Catholic church advocating the abolition of property in land is preposterous. The Catholic church does not advocate the abolition of property in land and will not do so. That is communism and the church has pronounced against communism. Besides it is absurd to say that the abolition of property in land will remedy the evils of poverty. Its effect, on the contrary, will be to intensify them. I do not know what Dr. McGlynn intends to do about going to Rome, but my own opinion is that he is not going. As to latitude, there is no latitude. He has been summoned to Rome, and he is expected to go at once. Of course, if he has written to Rome submitting any good reason why he cannot go immediately, he will be granted time to enable extension, but I don't believe he has done this. I believe he has simply ignored the whole matter. The fact is that Dr. McGlynn's whole attitude for many years has been one antagonistic to the policies of the Catholic church. He first opposed the establishment of parochial schools as un-American and antagonistic to the public school system. Now the establishment of parochial schools is designed for the purpose of teaching religion in schools, which we cannot expect to do in public schools, as they are designed for children of denominations. Then, again, when the question of depriving the pope of his temporal power came up, he rather took a position against the pope in this matter, which, to say the least, was not exactly catholic. And finally, when this agitation against property in land arose he took a stand against the church again. Now the archbishop has dealt very leniently with Dr. McGlynn and given him every opportunity to set himself right, but he declined to set himself right, and, as the matter was an important one, there was nothing left for the archbishop to do but refer his case to Rome. There it is at present and Rome must decide it. Rome does not care for individuals. The maintenance of discipline is much more important than the influence of an individual, not matter what he may be may held in by his congregation."

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Coal Stocks the Leading Securities in the Advance.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—Owing to the interruption in the cable service no London stock quotations were received this morning and operators were greatly at sea, as it was admitted that the immediate course of prices would depend principally upon the action of foreign holders of American securities. Private cables sent last night represented affairs in the east of Europe to be in a precarious condition. It was claimed that all the great powers were actively preparing for war in the spring. The general opinion was that the rumors were greatly exaggerated, which belief was confirmed by the fact that English consols showed no decline. The announcement that the strike of employes on the Reading had been settled improved the late outlook and a fair amount of buyers for long account advanced the whole list. Coal stocks were leaders in the advance, Reading, Lackawanna, and Jersey Central each sharing the advance of about 1½ per cent. Grangers and Vanderbilts had a spurt of strength, but relapsed into dullness again. The forthcoming dividends of the Vanderbilt roads were discussed a good deal. The bear operators claimed that with a 2 per cent dividend on Lake Shore it ought to sell down to 90. The earnings of the Lake Shore for the first three weeks of December showed an increase of $250,000. The amount of gold received yesterday at the assay office was reported as $2,500,000. Cables received late in the day said that it was morally certain that the Bank of England rate of discount would be advanced Thursday to 6 per cent for the purpose of preventing other shipments of gold. There was a general improvement throughout the list during the afternoon. Lake Shore was advanced to 94½c, and the talk was especially bullish in regard to Western Union, Jersey Central and Lake Shore. Coal stocks were particularly buoyant. Reading was bid up 3 per cent and closed at the top. Very little news calculated to affect prices was received, but the temper of speculation seemed to be strongly bullish. The talk at the close was that while the market would likely have many backsets, it was on its way to a permanently higher level. The total sales were about 240,000 shares.

Winter in Yellowstone Park

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The World has organized a snow shoe expedition under the leadership of Lieutenant Frederick Schwatka, of Arctic fame, for the midwinter exploration of that wonderland of this hemisphere, the yellowstone park. The World expedition, consisting of Lieutenant Schwatka, a scientist, an artist and a photographer and several Crow Indians as guides, proposes to enter the park via Cinnabar early in January. The party will be as thoroughly equipped as an Arctic expedition and will doubtless be able to push the work of exploration regardless of the rigors of the season. The most remarkable features of the region will be carefully studied, photographed, sketched and described. It is hoped to supplement, in an important way, the government investigations and to add materially to the scientific data touching the natural wonders.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—In the dry goods market there was no general request present, but through an irregular inquiry very fair business was reported. The tone of the cotton goods market was very strong. Agents have made the price of Simpson's colored, black, silver and steel grey, black and white, and Eddystone fancy prints 6c, and plaids 5½c, with reduced discounts because of increased cost of cloths.

Cholera in Brazil.

BUENOS AYRES (via Galveston), Dec. 27.—Telegrams from Mendoza says that it is expected that the cholera epidemic will yield to the stringent measures adopted by the doctors. The municipality of Buenos Ayres has voted $20,000 for the relief of sufferers at Mendoza. Many families have arrived here from that place.

Postal Changes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The commissions of sixty presidential postmasters will expire in January, 1887. Among the more prominent offices are Monmouth, Ill., and Prairie Du Chein, Wis. G. J. Lund, assistant superintendent of the railway mail service, has resigned.

STORM-TOSSED OLD ENGLAND

Impeded Telegraph Service Delays News and Interferes With Commercial Doings.

THE MONEY AND STOCK MARKET.

Meeting of Cabinet and Churchill's Resignation Formally Accepted—Death of a Niece of Bobby Burns—Foreign News.

Little News in London.

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LONDON, Dec. 28.—[New York Herald Cable—Special to the BEE.]—Again I have to use a special train to Bristol to reach the commercial cable spur. This is within three and a half hours reach of London, and the commercial cable manager here dispatches cables by every regular train. The pool cables send by rail to Penzance, but that is in time distant eleven hours off. The wire route along the Great Western railway, leased by the commercial cable, reports 100 poles down and the violence of the g