SOMETHING FOR OMAHA.

A Group of Photographs Which Attracted No Little Attention.

SOME VERY FINE BUILDINGS.

Minneapolis and Its Buildings—Its Exposition Building—Chamber of Commerce—Loan and Trust Building—A Description.

[*Written for the Omaha Sunday Bee.*]

As a rule, the BEE is not given to illustrations, but the reporter who this week called on the new architects, Hodgson & Son, in Nebraska National Bank building, saw so many photographs of large business blocks and public buildings, as well as handsome residences, located in Minneapolis, and St. Paul, that the BEE could not resist the temptation to reproduce them, believing that in this way it can best serve the interests of the people of Omaha and Nebraska, and by giving some idea of the kind of structures that are being erected all around us incite the capitalists and builders of small homes to erect similar buildings in Omaha. It is the intention, if the photographs can be procured in time, to publish cuts, next Sunday, and for several weeks following, not only of the most prominent public buildings, but also some of the fine residences of the two rival cities of the northwest. Minneapolis is noted for its fine buildings, and while Omaha is now being supplied with a number of elegant structures, a few examples will not come amiss. Prominent among the group of photographs seen by the BEE representative was the

MINNEAPOLIS EXPOSITION BUILDING.

Which is located on the corner of Central avenue and Main street, on the highest elevation and overlooking the entire city. It is without doubt the finest exposition building in the country, and is one of the most prominent buildings in Minneapolis, and during the exposition was visited by an average of 22,000 people daily. It is 400x400 feet square and 90 feet high, the three stories being built of brick, stone and terra cotta. The lookout tower is 280 feet high, with two elevators for the accommodation of visitors. The corner stone of this building was laid on the 23d day of April, 1886, and according to the contract entered into with Messrs. Hodgson & Son, it must be finished August 23d, and it was done. The building was erected in 120 days, 900 men being employed night and day to finish the task, all of which goes to show what can be done in a short time if the scheme is backed by men who know no such word as fail. The Minneapolis exposition building as it now stands cost the stockholders $225,000, which is considered a very low figure for a building so well appointed as it is. It is to be regretted that a larger cut of the building could not have been procured for publication, but the one published to-day gives a very good idea of the beauty of the structure. Near this building in the group of photos is the

MINNEAPOLIS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,

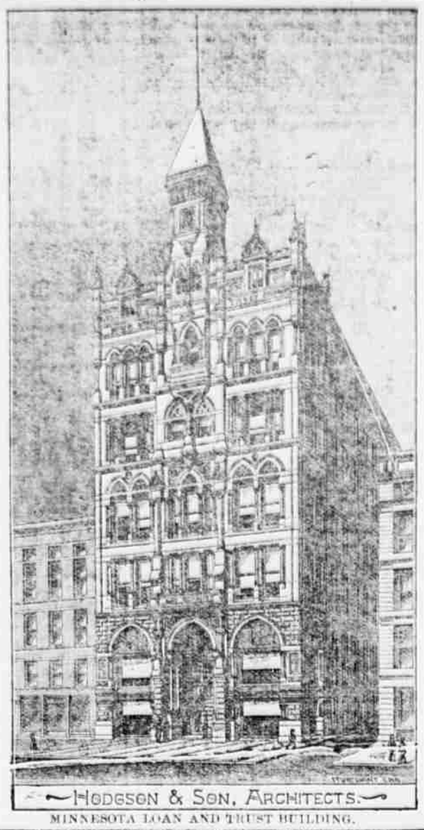
Which was erected at the corner of Fourth avenue and Third street, at a cost of $150,000. It is five stories high and 90x150 feet in size, and is built entirely of stone, style Elizabethan, and is the finest chamber of commerce building in the west. It contains 65 offices exclusive of stores and the chamber room. It is a small sized town within itself, and is occupied by grain and commission men, C., M. & St. P. railway offices, and many others.

MINNEAPOLIS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

The exchange room is 75 feet high, which allows excited members plenty of room for hat throwing. It is indeed a fine building and is Minneapolis' pride. Next in order is the

MINNESOTA LOAN AND TRUST BUILDING,

Which is said to be the finest office building in the west. There are larger buildings, of course, but none are finished so grandly nor is there anything like it in the whole country. Indeed, it is original with the architects, Hodgson & Son, who built it. It is seven stories high and 40x120 feet in size. The building is entirely constructed of stone, marble, glass and iron, no wood being used except for doors and finish. The interior is dadoed with Mexican onyx. All floors are marble, the doors and finishings being made of the finest mahogany. The safe deposit vaults and retiring rooms of the Loan and Trust Company are, without exception, the finest in the country, and as an office building it is unexcelled anywhere. Each office-holder on the various floors being provided with a safe for his own use in the main vault on each floor. Two elevators save a great deal of stair climbing and add not a little to the handsome appearance of the interior decorations. This building cost $225,000. Below is a cut representing the main entrance to the building which gives some idea of its exterior.

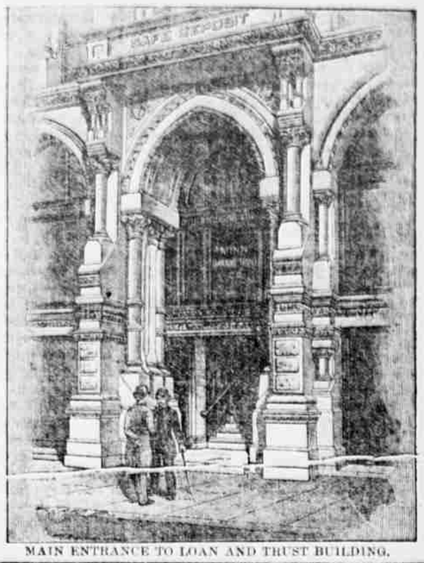


MINNESOTA LOAN AND TRUST BUILDING.

The architects, Hodgson & Son, a sample of whose work the above cuts represent, have permanently located in Omaha with offices in the Nebraska National Bank building. They have other offices in St. Paul and Minneapolis, the latter place being the main office, where their work is to be seen on almost every residence, office, or public building erected.

Those who admire handsome residences and buildings of all kinds can pass a pleasant half hour at their office looking at sketches and photos of their works.

A number of these sketches will probably be prepared in time for publication in next Sunday's BEE.



MAIN ENTRANCE TO LOAN AND TRUST BUILDING.

THE NORTHWESTERN ROAD.

Lincoln People Pin Great Hopes on Its Arrival at the Capital City.

A LONG LIST OF INDICTMENTS.

Lancaster's District Court Grinds Them Out Rapidly—The Y. M. C. A. Convention—State Odd Fellows—Lincoln News.

[FROM THE BEE'S LINCOLN BUREAU.]

The Northwestern road has practically reached Lincoln. Yesterday the laying of iron had reached the city limits, and a force of men were at work with the pile-driver on the banks of the Antelope, near the state fair grounds, commencing on the second track from that point into the city. A prominent man in the building of the Northwestern stated to a reporter yesterday that the construction train would land at the Missouri Pacific depot the first days of the week, and that before November 1 Chicago and Lincoln through trains would be running over the new line. While the Northwestern is one of four distinct railway systems, and the last of the number in reaching the city, it is the second through line from Chicago under one corporation that has reached Lincoln. Chicago is the great eastern centre, and while the Union Pacific through pools have given Lincoln a second railway connection with the east, the fact remains that the Northwestern is the second road to have a continuous line of steel rails between the two places. This is why, presumably, that a prominent wholesaler remarked yesterday that the Northwestern road meant more to the capital city than all the rest, since the first coming of the B. & M., and the expectancy afloat now is that the Missouri river rate pool, in so far as Lincoln is concerned, must go under, and the discrimination that ships freight to Kansas City from Chicago, by way of Lincoln, at a less rate than the same freight is allowed to stop at Lincoln must go and go speedily. The pernicious effects of such outrageous pools as that will sometimes press upon a community until forbearance ceases to be a virtue, and the Northwestern, if not hide bound and selfish, ought to see far enough to recognize that there is a brilliant opening for it to do justice to Lincoln at once and gain a good will that will stay with it.

INDICTMENTS IN COURT.

"The grand jury seems to be industrious if the balance of the court does grind slowly," said a court official yesterday, and he pointed to the long roll of indictments as corroboration of his statement. These indictments each premise a trial, and the criminal docket, with the assistance of the grand jury, is sufficient in length to furnish a month's work. Among the later indictments handed down is one against James McIntee, charging him with murder in the second degree. This is the case that created so much interest and attention the past summer, the particulars of which were given fully at the time and which related that McIntee, by cruel and unnatural abuse, caused the death of his daughter, who died after months of suffering. Among the additional indictments are three for house breaking and robbery cases that came up at state fair time, when the city was filled with crooks and when the officers did such valiant service that nearly every one of the offenders were nabbed and put in jail for District court trial. The grand jury seems to be supplementing this good work already done by bringing in the proper indictments, which will nail the offenders to the proper punishment. Lorenz Lozier, who created such consternation in South Lincoln by the free use of fire arms pointed at neighbors when discharged, has had his hearing in the grand jury room, and an indictment followed the hearing. Several more parties are having their hearing to-day and the grand jury will probably continue over to the coming week.

STATE CONVENTION Y. M. C. A.

On Thursday of this week the state convention of Y. M. C. A. of Nebraska will be held at the association rooms in Lincoln. This convention, from every indication already received, will be the greatest gathering of the kind ever held in the state, and the good people of Lincoln are actively at work in arranging all details for the reception and accommodation of delegates and guests in the best possible manner. Upon the arrival of these in the city they are requested to report at once to the rooms of the association, where the reception committee will assign them homes while they remain in the city, and none need hesitate about coming, for the people of Lincoln will care for all willingly and gladly. The railroads will give the customary one and a third rate on transportation, and from information already received, the local Young Men's Christian association are sanguine that the convention will be all that could be desired.

WHO WILL BE PRESENT.

Rev. H. E. Brown and C. K. Ober, of New York, who represent the international committee, will be present and take an active part in the work of the association. Robert Orr, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. at Pittsburg, Pa., will be in attendance; J. E. Brown, state secretary of Illinois, will be present; J. E. Ensigh, of Syracuse, N. Y., will be present; George A. Joslyn, secretary of the Y. M. C. A. at Omaha, will be in attendance, and Harry Curtis, general secretary at Council Bluffs, Ia., will be among the workers present.

THE PROGRAMME

covers a week laid out for four days, Thursday to Saturday next inclusive. Temporary organization is fixed for 4 p. m. Thursday, and permanent organization Friday at 9 a.m. The association reports from different parts of the state will be heard, also the state executive committee's report, and among the papers to be read before the convention will be one on boys' work, also "Value of Secular Agencies," and one upon the institution of faithful services. Numerous addresses are entered upon the programme for different sessions during the convention, and the programme is one that it is expected will make extra work for the convention in meeting it.

GRAND LODGE I. O. O. F.

The Odd Fellows of Nebraska will meet in grand lodge at Lincoln, commencing Wednesday, October 20. The local Odd Fellows are diligently at work making all preparations for the reception and care of delegates, and it is expected that a very large attendance will be received. The grand lodge will be given a reception Wednesday evening, which will be held at the Metropolitan skating rink. Governor Dawes, Mayor Burr and Attorney Sawyer will give addresses of welcome, and Grand Master Arthur Gibson and Brother O'Neill are also expected to make speeches appropriate for the occasion. All citizens having buggies and carriages have been invited to congregate at Odd Fellows' hall, Thursday afternoon, and each take a number of the delegates for a ride around the city. It is expected on this occasion that Lincoln and Lincoln people will do themselves proud and entertain their guests with true Lincoln hospitality.

TOWN TOPICS.

Rassmusson, the Dane who was found dead, and who had been left when very sick without care and attention, was buried from the coroner's office yesterday. He had $375 in the First National bank, on deposit, and Rasmus Johnson, of this city, was appointed administrator of his estate, which will revert to his relatives, who are all in Denmark.

Mr. Lemke, a former Lincoln resident, who was in the agricultural implement business in Lincoln, but who has lately lived on a farm in Stevens Creek precinct, had his skull crushed yesterday, and cannot recover. He was leading a fractious bull that dragged him over the ground with the above result.

W. W. Anderson, of St. Louis, a prominent attorney of that city, has come to Lincoln to defend James A. Chute, one of the Stewart Chute Lumber company partners, whose arrest and retention has been previously mentioned.

SOCIETY AT THE CAPITAL.

The Standard club gave its first ball of the season on Thursday evening at Masonic hall. It was a very select affair, numbering in its attendance many of Lincoln's most popular society people, and nothing was left unattended to that might in any way to contribute to the pleasure of the club membership or the club guests. The music furnished by Professor Hagenow and his philharmonic orchestra was delightful, and was prepared, especially for the occasion. Among those in attendance were noted: Mayor and Mrs. C. C. Burr, Mr. and Mrs. W. Meyer, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Lau, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Wise, Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Brock, Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Muir, Mr. and Mrs. J. Openheimer, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Lippincott, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Roche, Mr. and Mrs. J. Friend, Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Barr, Mr. and Mrs. David Wise, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Dennis, Mr. and Mrs. M. Ackerman, Mr. and Mrs. Bosselman, Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Mayer, Plattsmouth; Mrs. E. May, Chicago; the Misses Lowenskin, Hyams and Wells, of Cincinnati; Messrs. Strasburger, of Chicago; Mr. Lieberman, of Chicago, and a large number of the popular young people of Lincoln completed the list of attendants. To-morrow evening occurs the first annual ball of the letter carriers of Lincoln, which is booked for Masonic Temple hall, and the music will be furnished by Professor Thayer's great northwestern band. The committees having all matters in charge are as follows: Executive-G. W. Blake, Thos. McShane, A. D. Craig, D. D. Sullivan. Invitation—W. H. Dakin, E. A. Pierce, W. A. Eaton, O. C. Baker. Reception—J. V. Putnam, Chas. Slattery, G. B. Fairbanks, Bert Stewart, Miss Anna Tebbetts, Miss Della Walsh, Miss Bertha Childs, Miss Sara Lowman. Floor—A. D. Craig, D. D. Sullivan.

The police force, not to be behind in the social race, propose to have a grand ball, and have, with that end in view, secured Temple Hall for the evening of October 29, when the policemen's ball will be given. Chief Beach is chairman and Charley Parsons secretary of the committees, and Policeman Hobson is general manager. Captain Post, James Malone, A. J. Hyatt and Policeman Kinchelo are the executive committee, and they will proceed at once to the work of making the ball a great success in every particular.

Miss Alice R. Carter, one of the bright and popular young ladies of Lincoln, was united in marriage to John B. Chapman, of Council Bluffs, at noon, Wednesday, October 13. A few of the more intimate friends of the contracting parties and the immediate relatives only witnessed the ceremony, which was quiet and impressive. Council Bluffs will be the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chapman, and a host of best wishes follow them from Lincoln friends.

William Leonard and wife, who have been visiting friends in Nebraska City, are at home again.

Mrs. M. Towne is visiting the present week with her sister, Mrs. West, at Fremont.

Mrs. Montrose is at home after a visit of several weeks in Chicago, her former home, and where her friends are many.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Parker, old-time residents of Lincoln, took their departure the past week for San Diego, Cal., where they make their home in future.

Mrs. Jacob Poehler and daughter are in Lincoln visiting with Geo. H. Poehler.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Roberts visited in Hastings several days the past week, and enjoyed the hospitalities of that city during the session of the Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias.

Dr. J. O. Carter and family have been enjoying a visit the past week from Mr. and Mrs. Robbins and Mr. and Mrs. Linseberg, all of Columbus, O.

Miss Helskell, of Springfield, O., who has been visiting her brother in this city, returned homeward Tuesday.

G. A. Turrill, of Cincinnati, who has been visiting friends in Lincoln, returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. Dr. Reed, who has been passing the summer months among the Green mountains of Vermont, returned home Wednesday to Lincoln.

Miss Emma Wilson, a young lady from Elizabeth, N. J., who has been in Lincoln the past week with friends, has continued her western trip to Denver for a visit with relatives in that place.

Miss Estelle Short, of Belle Centre, O., who has been a guest in the family of Dr. Blizzard, started homeward Friday for her home in Buckeyedom.

General and Mrs. J. E. Smith, of Omaha, were in Lincoln Monday en route for Hastings.

Mrs. Horr and daughter Mabel, of North Loup, are in the city, guests of Mrs. H. A. Babcock.

Miss Etta Collier returned home the past week from an extended visit with friends in Des Moines, and a visit of a few days in Omaha while en route.

Mrs. Viggers, who has been on a long visit to England, and with friends and relatives on the island, has safely reached home again at Lincoln.

Mrs. J. J. Underwood is enjoying a visit from her mother, Mrs. Howell, and her sister, Mrs. C. Raymond, both of Columbus, O.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Lemist, of Atchison, Kan., were visiting Lincoln the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Foster, who were a portion of the Lincoln delegation of St. Louis fair visitors, returned home from the south the first of the week.

Miss Laura Gemmill is in Lincoln for the purpose of obtaining classes in the art of china decoration. Miss Gemmill comes to Lincoln from Freeport, Ill.

Miss Libe, Miss Laura Easterday, Miss Pike and other Lincoln ladies, were delegates to the Lutheran missionary meeting at Waverly the past week.

Undertaker Heaton and family are enjoying a visit this week from Mrs. Wilhite, of Crawfordsville, Ind.

Mrs. Bond, of Peoria, Ill., who has been visiting Mrs. James Mahoney and other friends, has returned home.

D. G. Courtnay was agreeably surprised the first of the week to greet his brother, James Courtnay, of New York, whom he had not seen in years. Mr. Courtnay thinks of making Lincoln his home.

Attorney A. R. Talbot is enjoying a visit from his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Talbot, of Alexis, Ill., who have been in the city the past week.

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!

Basement—N. B. Falconer.

2,000 yards Black Gros Grain Silk that is worth $1.00, at 79c.

8,000 yards Colored Gros Grain Silk that is sold all over town at $1.00, our Basement price is 79c.

1,600 yards Colored Velvets in all colors at 79c, worth $1.00. None of these Silks or Velvets will be sold after Monday at less than the regular price.

COMBINATION SUITS! BASEMENT!

40 Combination Suits that are worth from $10.00 to $12.00—On Monday the price will be $5.75. There are no duplicates of this lot. Come early if you want a cheap dress.

REMNANTS OF DRESS GOODS—BASEMENT.

On Monday we will offer about fifty new remnants of all wool dress goods at less than half price. This lot has to be sold, and we make the price to close them out in one day.

WOOL LACES, 5c. BASEMENT! BASEMENT!

2,400 yards of colored and black wool laces that are worth from 25c to 35c per yard. On Monday they will be sold at 5c per yard.

These laces are all new, and a splendid line of colors, also black. The price is 5c per yard.

Bargains in Handkerchiefs.
Bargains in Collars.
Bargains in Gloves.
Bargains in Laces.
Bargains in Blankets.
Bargains in Comforts.
Bargains in Hosiery.
Bargains in Underwear.
Basement! Basement!

N. B. FALCONER.

SPECIAL FOR MONDAY.

FALCONER'S

TURKEY RED DAMASK 45C.

1 case Turkey Red Damask at 45c per yard worth 60c.

TURKEY RED CLOTHS.

5-4 Turkey Red Cloths 30c.
15-8 Turkey Red Cloths at 87½c.
8-4 Turkey Red Cloths at $1.15.
8-10 Turkey Red Cloths at $1.60.

DOUBLE DAMASK CLOTHS AND NAPKINS HALF PRICE.

8-4 Double Damask Cloths at $3.25.
8-10 Double Damask Cloths at $3.75.
8-12 Double Damask Cloths at $4.75.
8-16 Double Damask Cloths at $6.
Napkins to match $3.50 per dozen.

BLEACHED DAMASK.

58 in. Bleached Damask at 47½c worth 65c—a large variety of patterns.

⅘ NAPKINS, $1.50.

70 dozen ⅘ Bleached Napkins at $1.50, worth $2.50.

BLEACHED DAMASK.

2-yards wide bleached Damask at $1.00, worth $1.35.

FRINGED CLOTHS.

8-12 Fringed Cloths, Red Border, at $3.00, worth $4.25.

200 dozen Fancy Bordered Napkins at $1.00, worth $1.50.

See Sunday papers for Special Sale in Basement. New Goods, New Prices, the Basement is a success.

N. B. FALCONER.

FREEDOM'S BREATH OF FIRE.

An Incident of the Great Conflagration in Chicago Fifteen Years Ago.

The Thieving Operations of William Constant—His Arrest, Imprisonment and Liberty—A Dishonored Name.

[*Written for the Omaha Sunday Bee.*]

The fifteenth anniversary of the great Chicago fire recalled to my mind the vivid scenes of that eventful night. Whatever desolation and ruin it brought to others, it was hailed with delight by one man at least, whom it released from a felon's cell.

William Constant was a young man who had been raised in a little Wisconsin village, and whom I knew intimately well as we had been school boys together. Young Constant came to Chicago and obtained employment with the well-known hardware firm of Hibbard & Spencer. He rose rapidly from one position to another, and finally became one of the stock-keepers. It was in this position that he betrayed the confidence of his employers and became a thief. He determined to steal a complete stock of hardware for a country store and go into business for himself. The manner in which he carried out this plan was rather ingenious. He had a harness made to fit over his shoulders, and concealed under his overcoat. This harness was so arranged that he could carry at least seventy-five or one hundred pounds of stolen goods, without much chance of detection. Having in his possession a key to the store, he generally managed to conceal himself until all others had gone. He then harnessed himself up and quickly loaded himself with stolen hardware, which he had carefully selected during the day. Leaving the store, having locked the door, he carried his plunder to a stable where he packed it in boxes and barrels, ready for shipment. Day after day he carried out this programme until he had accumulated a fine stock worth over $6,000 at wholesale prices. Resigning his position, he came to Nebraska and selected Weeping Water as the place to open his establishment. Constant built a neat little store, and furnished it with handsome and costly fixtures. His stolen goods were then shipped to him from Chicago, and he soon opened his store in fine style and commenced to do a profitable business. Everything seemed to go well with him, and he thought his future was certainly bright. So far he had not at all been disturbed by any thought that he would be detected in his wholesale theft. So confident was he of this that he finally proposed marriage to a handsome young lady, to whom he had been paying attention for some little time. His proposition was accepted, and the happy day was fixed.

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One September morning, however, the little town of Weeping Water was thrown into intense excitement by the announcement that William Constant, the prosperous and enterprising hardware merchant, was under arrest for grand larceny in having stolen from Hibbard & Spencer almost his entire stock of goods. A Chicago detective had arrived in town the night before, and had at once taken him into custody. The stealings of Constant had gradually been detected by the new stock-keeper in Hibbard & Spencer's establishment, and the case being placed in the hands of a detective agency every detail of the systematic robbery was soon learned.

Constant was taken back to Chicago and lodged in jail under the old court-house. Hibbard & Spencer recovered their goods, and employed Clarkson & Vankalenen, lawyers, to assist in the prosecution of the case. As I was a clerk and student in their office I had considerable to do with the matter. Of course I was greatly surprised at the turn affairs had taken in the career of my old school-mate. I called to see him one day in the jail, and had a long talk with him. He concealed nothing, and had no hesitancy in talking about the case. At intervals he broke down and shed tears, but they were not tears of repentance for his crime. They were tears caused by his unfortunate situation and the thought that he was booked for the penitentiary. His chief regret was that his plundering scheme had failed and that he had been foiled in his attempt to wed a beautiful and confiding girl. He seemed to have lost all sense of honor and appeared to be devoid of conscience, although he did intimate that if he could possibly get out of the scrape he would thereafter lead a straight life. I told him that he could hope for no assistance from me, and that in all probability he would have to go to Joliet. When I left him he appeared to be completely broken down.

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But within a few days William Constant was a free man. The great fire swept up from the southwest, taking everything in its path, and when it struck the dome of the court-house, I looked out from an alley window of No. 82 Dearborn street and wondered what would become of the prisoners, among whom was Constant. I packed my trunk, and carried it to a place of safety on the lake front. Returning to the vicinity of the court-house, the upper portion of which was now wrapped in flames, I saw a motley crowd of men coming out of the north door of the basement. They were the prisoners turned loose to save their lives. No prisoner, except murderers, were held in custody, as there was no place to take them. The murderers, however, were hurridly conducted to a West Side station house. All others were given their liberty. I caught a glance of William Constant as he hurried past me. He did not recognize me. His face was bright with hope. Little cared he for the ruin that was being wrought so long as he gained his liberty.

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That was the last I ever saw of William Constant. He became a wanderer upon the face of the earth, and a few years ago, as I have been told, he died far away from home and friends.

ALF SORENSON.

DAVITT'S COMING.

The Local Committees Making Arrangements for the Event.

A meeting of the joint committee from the E. M. A. and A. O. H. societies, for the purpose of making arrangements for reception and lecture of Michael Davitt, was held last evening at J. E. Riley's office.

There were present Messrs. Donovan, Graves, O'Malley, Minahan, Brennan, Smyth and McMahon.

It was announced that Mr. Davitt would lecture here on the 26th inst., and that the annex of the exposition building had been secured for the occasion.

It was decided that, in response to requests from the neighboring towns, that tickets be forwarded to leading citizens in Papillion, Elkhorn, Fremont, Blair, Calhoun, Council Bluffs and Plattsmouth.

It was also agreed to invite the leading clergymen and editors of this city to attend the lecture.

To-day one of the committees will go to Council Bluffs for the purpose of making arrangements for a number of the citizens of that place to be present on the night in question.

This is the first time that Michal Davitt has lectured in this country where a price of admission was charged. And yet, few of the the Irish leaders are more in need, and certainly none of them are more worthy of a liberal response. Although gifted by nature and endowed with attainments which might have secured a competence in any line he might have followed, Mr. Davitt is a poor man. He has given his his time and almost his life to the cause he represents. But advanced years have cautioned his friends to insist upon his looking out for the future. Accordingly he has consented to the present lecture tour. Mr. Davitt's lecture will be the most able, and at the same time interesting, exposition of the Irish question that has yet been delivered in Omaha.

Marx Speaks of McCormick.

Al Marx, the prize fighter who had his jaw broken in a recent fight, was in town yesterday. He was very bitter in his denunciation of McCormick and his backers who, he said, had determined from the start to defeat him. "That man McCormick," said Marx, "is a miserable, low-lived coward, and I should like to have one more go at him. He knew that he couldn't lick me by fair means and so he determined to do it by foul. Here is the lead that was found in his gloves after the fight."

Marx here produced two small bars of lead composition, which weighed together perhaps an ounce or two. On the lower part of his chin Marx exhibits a long bruise which he says was caused by one of the strips of lead. "You can depend upon it," he remarked, after the reporter had examined the leaden strips, "I am going to make McCormick's backers pay for this little piece of dirty work. Just as soon as I am well and able to secure a lawyer I shall commence suit against them."

Marx's face is rapidly healing, though still painful. Until within a day or so he could not eat any solid food. He is stopping at Ruser's road house, west of the city.

Licensed to Wed.

Judge McCulloch issued marriage licenses yesterday to the following parties:

NAME.	RESIDENCE.	AGE.
W. H. Snyder	Omaha	24
Kittie Revan	Omaha	18
Claus Junglohansen	Sarpy county	31
Catherine Brandt	Sarpy county	26
William Palmenteer	Florence	28
Amy West	Florence	29
Michael Munch	Omaha	27
Sabina Henrung	Omaha	25
Charles Slee	Omaha	26
Allie Roe	Denison, Ia	17

A Bohemian Marriage.

Last evening Judge Stenberg married Arthur Pulaski and Miss Elvina Klenke, the ceremony taking place at the residence of the former, on Sixteenth and Mason streets. Mr. Pulaski is one of the policemen recently appointed, and is one of the most popular and energetic men on the force.

W. G. Albright, while driving to South Omaha the other day, was thrown from his carriage, his team becoming frightened at the cars, and seriously hurt. The horses tore the buggy, a valuable one, to pieces, and were themselves injured.

CHANGING THE TICKET.

F. B. Hibbard Dropped from the Republican Legislative Ticket.

The republican county central committee met at the city hall at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Twenty-three members of the committee were present and were called to order by Chairm an Bechel. In the absence of Secretary W. F. Gurley, H. W. Dunn was chosen secretary pro tem.

Mr. Simeral reported a list of the names of the persons who have been naturalized in the district court since October 2. The secretary was instructed to furnish a copy of these names to those who have charge of the registration in the different wards.

Frank Walters, of the committee appointed to consult F. B. Hibbard, one of the candidates for the legislature concerning his position with reference to supporting the republican ticket, made a verbal report. He said he had met Mr. Hibbard and secured a promise from him to be present at the meetng yesterday. Mr. Hibbard admitted that he voted for Cleveland in '84 and that he was not in favor of Church Howe for congress. Mr. Walters thought that no man ought to be on the republican ticket who would not support the entire ticket.

At this point one Breckenridge, a member of the committee, made an effort to have the reporters excluded from the meeting, and made a motion to the effect, but was voted down. A motion was then made that Mr. Hibbard's name be dropped from the ticket. An amendment was offered by Mr. Gilmore of Union precinct, that Mr. Hibbard be given one week in which to appear before the committee to explain his position. The following letter was read from Mr. Hibbard explaining his absence from the meeting:

W. F. Bechel, Chairman Republican County Central Committee. Dear Sir—I feel myself unable to attend the meeting of your committee owing to being called away on business at Elk City. For the information of your committee, who, I am told, desire to know my intention with regard to the republican ticket, I will say that I propose to support the entire county ticket and stand firm on the platform on which I was nominated. I did express my disapproval of Church Howe's nomination when it was made. This was the general sentiment of a large number of republicans. I am not working against Howe nor do I regard myself bound to work hard for him. I received my credentials from Union precinct unanimously as its delegate to the republican county convention, and I have represented Union precinct in county conventions for the past three years. My record has been known to every voter in the precinct. I cannot comprehend why any member of your committee should attack my integrity as a republican when I am a candidate holding my commission at the hands of the county convention as regularly as Church Howe holds his commission from the congressional convention. I am most respectfully yours,

FRANK B. HIBBARD.

Mr. Whitmore also read a letter written to him by Mr. Hibbard, explaining his position and stating what he would do in case the committee dropped his name from the ticket. After a lengthy discussion of the two communications, the question came to a vote, resulting in the adoption of the motion dropping Mr. Hibbard's name from the ticket.

The country delegates then selected E. Gilmore, of Union precinct, as a candidate in Mr. Hibbard's stead. Mr. Gilmore said he would support the ticket as he had always done, although Church Howe had not been his choice for congress.

After some further business of a minor importance, the committee adjourned.

Mr. Gilmore, selected to take Mr. Hibbard's place on the ticket, is a farmer who has lived in Union precinct for eight years. He is 43 years of age, a Pennsylvanian by birth, and an all-wool republican.

St. Philomena Fair.

There was another large attendance at the St. Philomena fair in the exposition annex last night. The hall looked better than ever, and the tables, beautifully directed and attended by scores of attractive ladies, did not fail to induce hosts of the visitors to leave a considerable amount of their money in the treasury of the entertainment.

The new and elegant sewing machine, donated by the Singer Manufacturing company to the fair, is well worthy of notice. It is a token of generosity on the part of the management worthy of emulation and patronage by the public. The machine is to be seen at Mrs. O'Brien's table.

The voting for the gold headed cane among the friends of C. S. Higgins, George Duncan, John Kilkenny and John Woods will take place on Monday night.

The Dem's Meet.

A meeting of the democratic county central committee was held yesterday afternoon at the office of J. A. McShane. It was largely attended. It was presided over by Euclid Martin, and Louis Heimrod acted as secretary. Both of these gentlemen were elected to these positions immediately after the late county convention. L. H. Tower was elected treasurer. The resignation of Michael Donovan, as one of the legislative nominees, was considered, and after quite an amount of regret had been expressee at his withdrawal, the resignation was accepted. Phillip Andres was selected to fill the vacancy.

CRICKET.

The Last Game of the Season Played at the B. & M. Grounds.

The last game probably of the season, was played yesterday between the Omaha Cricket club and the eleven of the freight and ticket audit office of the B. & M. railroad. Owing to the want of daylight to finish it, the game resulted in a draw, somewhat in favor of the Omaha Cricket club, as the subjoined sores will show:

O. O. C., FIRST INNING.

1. J. Francis, catcher and bowler W. R. Vaughan	25
2. J. R. Griffiths, bowler G. H. Vaughan	8
3. R. Taaffe, run out	6
4. G. H. Roberts, bowler W. R. Vaughan	0
5. J. C. Doyle, bowler W. R. Vaughan	53
6. R. Shakeshaft, bowler G. H. Vaughan	1
7. W. F. Griffiths, run out	0
8. H. Eldridge, bowler G. H. Vaughan	2
9. M. Beall, bowler G. H. Vaughan	3
10. W. Broatch, not out	3
11. T. Atkins, absent	0
Extras	9
Total	123

B. & M. OFFICE, FIRST INNING.

1. F. Smith, bowler W. F. Griffiths	2
2. W. R. Vaughan, run out	0
3. W. Gavin, bowler Doyle	4
4. G. H. Vaughan, bowler W. F. Griffiths	0
5. R. W. Taylor, not out	2
6. J. M. Scott,	To bat.
7. G. W. West,	To bat.
8. J. Evans,	To bat.
9. S. S. Smith,	To bat.
10. A. S. Clarke,	To bat.
11. A. McLarty,	To bat.
Extras	8
Total	16

The past season's record of the Omaha Cricket club has been decidedly good, especially when the obstacles in the way of practice are taken into consideration. The club has played Hastings twice, once at home and the return match at Hastings, on both of which occations it came off victorious. The Lincoln club also suffered a signal defeat at its hands some few months ago. Taking everything into consideration, the club hopes to make a better record next season, when a couple of maches with Chicago are arranged.

WANTED.

An Anti-Monopoly Stumper.

A good deal of uneasiness is manifested at the B. & M. headquarters over Church Howe's canvass. Although that road has been playing possum on the congressional campaign, its managers find time enough between meals to set a few pegs for Howe. Last evening there was a dark-lantern caucus between Manager Holdrege, Jim Laird, George Ballantine, and Political Purser Taylor. Jim Laird had come from Lincoln all out of sorts over the situation. To a prominent republican who asked him what sort of a meeting he had in Lincoln on Thursday evening he said: "Nobody seemed to know that I was there to speak, although it was well advertised. Something must be done to wake the d—d fools up in this district, or Howe is liable to be snowed up."

"Well," said Mr. Holdrege, "what can we do?"

"Do; h—l! send John C. Cowin among the grangers and let him make one of his rattling speeches."

"Where is Cowin's office," asked Ballantine; "we must get him."

"You can not find Cowin at his office at this hour of the night," said Taylor, "you'll have to go to his house."

So they went to Cowin's residence, but found, to their disgust, that Cowin had gone to New York. Thurston was next talked of, but it was thought advisable, on account of his railroad connections, not to let him cut the eagle loose against McShane. What was finally resolved upon to save Howe in the south Platte country has not yet transpired.

It is rumored that a tracer has been sent out by Tom Miller for the Mendota Carpenter, but it is feared that they will be unable to get him out of "hoc."

People's Theatre.

To-night the Ramson Dramatic company closes with "Wronged, or a Father's Curse." The week so far has been successful, and the house under the new management is fast gaining in public favor.

Monday night H. M. Dixon's American Theatre company opens in the great Irish comedy, "Ireland As It Is." This company comes well recommended. Prices remain the same, 15, 25 and 35.

Brevities.

This morning at 9 o'clock there will be a solemn high mass in the chapel of Creighton college.

Professor Frank O. Trench, of Albany, N. Y., is in the city. He proposes to locate here, provided he can secure classes in vocal and instrumental music.

John Bates, a cabinet maker, while at work in his shop, on Cuming street, cut his leg with a sharp edged tool, severing an artery, from which he bled almost to exhaustion. Dr. Hanchett was called and dressed the wound. It is believed the man will recover.

An Iowa Tragedy.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Oct. 16.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—The coroner's jury found that Farmer Westmeyer, of Delaware county, killed his wife and then burned the dwelling. Lynching is threatened.