WORST PLACE IN THE CITY.

Where a Person Can Sleep for "Ten Cents a Night."

TRAMPS, BAD WOMEN, BEER.

Ten in One Room—Beds a la Steamship—Dirty, Nauseating and "Alive"—A Petition to be Sent to the Council.

"Ten Cent Lodging House."

Last evening a BEE reporter was told that a petition would be presented to the city council, praying that body to take steps to have the "Cheap Lodgings" place at 1109 Farnam street abolished, and an investigation was made. The p ion was not sent in, not being quite fill^ed out. It reads as follows, and is signed by nearly all the business men in the block named:

To the Mayor and the Honorable Board of Aldermen of the City of Omaha, Neb.:

Your petitioners, residing and doing business in block 135, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, in the city of Omaha, would most respectfully represent that there is kept and operated at 1107 and 1109 Farnam street, a cheap lodging house, known as the "Ten Cent Lodging House," and operated by William Lewis and —— Lewis, his wife. That the character of the patrons of said house is of the lowest order, having little or no regard for common decency. That the same has been carried on and operated in such a manner as to become an intolerable nuisance, and as an illustration of the above statement state that from early in the morning until 10 and 11 o'clock a. m. the occupants and guests of said house are in the habit of exhibiting themselves in the hall and upon the back steps and porch in a nude and semi-nude condition. That they are constantly committing nuisances upon the floor and steps leading to said lodging rooms by attending to the calls of nature, throwing rubbish and cast-off clothing around, together with many other indecent and unclean acts.

We, therefore, ask that said nuisance be immediately abated and that your honorable body take such steps to have the same abated as you may deem necessary without unnecessary delay, and your petitioners will ever pray.

OMAHA, April 2, 1886.

A SCHEME AND THE RESULT.

The reporter, at about 10 o'clock last night, took off his collar and necktie, pulled his hat down over his eyes, and went up to the lodging house in question, acting hilariously "full."

"Ah, there, got five cents for the growler?" was asked by a bleary-eyed individual, who was sitting on a bench in the office. He got the money, took an old tin can and went for beer. On first looking around, after catching breath, the stench being so terrible as to almost take it away, a bare room, about 10x12, three dilapitated chairs, a bench, red-painted water keg and a dingy desk with a "register" on it was seen. On the seats was as hard a looking set of bums, drunks, etc., as one could wish to see. They were the very scum of the city.

"Shay, (hic) old boy, got ten cents and (hic) wanter bed," said the reporter to the proprietor. The latter took his pen and asked the applicant's name. "Bill William," was the answer. Bill was led across the hall to "No. 8," and told to "tumble inter any on' em; all the same price." The "room" was fitted up in nearly the same manner as the steerage on a vessel, that is, tiers of bunks, one about two feet above the other, and no one need complain of being lonesome, there are so many animals to sleep with. These alleged beds were made of old bed clothes, parts of old coats, etc., and the "soft side of a pine board" was not turned up, either.

The minute the proprietor had left, the people turned to the new-comer and demanded beer money, and on being told that he was busted they sympathized with him in a tramp manner. These fellows seemed perfectly at home, and said they always stopped in this house. There were in this room, common tramps, street beggars, fakirs and a full set of drunks. Leading them on, they "gave away" the plan of action in making a living. When they get up in the morning, the first thought is for a drink, which is usually secured by helping clean up some saloon. Then they go on the street and everyone they meet is asked for money. After enough is secured they eat breakfast. Then in the same manner they get a few dimes, go into a saloon or up to the lodging house, and drink stale beer all day, going into the low saloons, getting a glass of beer and eating lunch once in a while to satisfy their desire for food. This is their regular life.

SCENES AND INCIDENTS.

Hung upon the wall in the office was the sign:

NOTICE.

Not responsible for any articles of value unless left in my care.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Proprietor.

The sign was there, but no articles of value or any place to keep them were seen. One of the lodgers said that he had been there over a month, and in that time had not seen a single article of value handed to the proprietor.

The young, beardless bum who has been seen on the streets for some time time past, and called "Tim," is one of the regular habitues of the place, and gave "Bill William" lot of pointers as to life in the place, but many were too disgusting for publication. Several women stop in the house, and it is to be presumed that they are as bad as the men if not worse. The inmates come in at all hours of the night, and in every shape of intoxication, and if looks go very far the allegations of the above petition is true as to committing nuisances, only that it does not say all over the house.

The proprietor, William Lewis, is a young looking, slender man of foreign parentage, and does not shock his boarders by wearing a clean shirt or anything in the shape of it. His old pipe is terribly strong, but the smoke was a blessing, being much clearer and better than the unbearable smell coming from the rooms. Ten or twelve people occupy one room, and are a class who never bathe unless compelled to do so, and when they had partially disrobed and gotten into "bed" the odor was, to use a much hackneyed expression, "thick enough to be cut with a cheese knife." The women in the place are old, dissipated and the most filthy looking things one could imagine. It is a wonder that such a place does not breed disease, and any one who would stay in such a bed as was seen last night must be the lowest of the low.

After standing it about half an hour, the reporter skipped, saying he knew a saloon-keeper down the street who would give him some beer. It was an experience not to be wished again, and such a vile, filthy, disease-breeding place it would be hard to imagine.

District Court Notes.

The appeal to be taken in the Lauer case was to be argued to-day, but as Judge Thurston is not in the city, it will probably be postponed.

Judge Neville and District Attorney Estelle arrived home last night. Judge Wakeley goes to Sarpy county Monday to hold court there, and Judge Neville will take his place here.

The equity docket is not yet finished.

The prize fight question, it is expected, will come up to-day.

A young lady had a narrow escape from serious injury last night. She was crossing Tenth street just as a car came along and, slipping, the street being so slippery, fell, it seemed under the car. She was picked up not hurt in the least, having fallen a few inches away from the car, but the wheels had run over her dress.

THE NEW CITY COUNCIL.

Their First Regular Business Meeting Last Night—Matters Disposed Of.

The new city council met last night, every member being present. The session was a short one, though a goodly amount of business was disposed of. There was no quarreling done, and in this point, the meeting contrasted strongly with previous occasions. However, there were one or two little passages-at-arms which served to enliven the session.

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS.

From BEE Publishing company, presenting bill for advertising. Referred.

From property owners on Chicago street asking for the establishment of that thoroughfare from Twenty-third to twenty-sixth street.

From property owners on Chicago street asking for re-establishment of curb lines on that street, in certain sections.

From S. D. Mercer, calling attention to a sunken hole in the asphalt pavement on the west side of Twelfth street, in front of lot 8, block 151. Referred.

From Odd Fellows committee, inviting the mayor and council to participate in the parade on the anniversary celebration of that order, soon to be held in Omaha. Referred.

The city clerk's official bond was duly approved.

RESOLUTIONS.

Ford—That the street commissioner be and is hereby instructed to clean all the paved alleys. Adopted.

Schroeder—That the committee on police be directed to select some point on the Missouri river front, between the waterworks pumps and the settling works for dumping grounds, and that the same committee on police, with the committee on streets and alleys, have said roads and the road south of the distillery to the dumping grounds put in a passable condition as soon as possible. Referred.

Lee—That the city marshal be directed to have all obstructions removed from Fourteenth street between Leavenworth and Marcy, and from Marcy between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets. Adopted.

Schroeder—That the city auditor shall be instructed to furnish an accurate account of all funds created, on which disbursements have been made in full and on which balances have been left. Carried.

Bailey—Directing the street commissioner to repair at once the bridge at Twenty-seventh and Chicago streets.

Several resolutions ordering sidewalks, presented by Councilmen Kaspar and Schroeder, were passed.

ORDINANCES.

Councilman Dailey presented an ordinance amending section 1 of chapter 2 of the general ordinances of the city. The ordinance, as thus amended, makes it unlawful for any person to "cruelly, inhumanly or unnecessarily beat, injure, overload or overwork, etc., any horse, mule or dumb animal," etc., and provides penalties for the infringement of any of the provisions of the ordinance.

Some discussion followed on the matter, after which the ordinance was referred.

"This ordinance ought to be made to cover cock fighting," remarked Mr. Lee. That is just as cruel as dog fighting, or as beating a horse.

"I agree with the gentleman," said Mr. Dailey, "but won't this bear rather heavily on some of our members?" looking at the same time, straight at Councilman Ford.

P. Ford blushed audibly and a titter ran through the council chamber. The ordinance was referred.

At this point City Attorney Connell, who had usurped the section of the reporters' table usually occupied by the BEE man, finished writing a document and turned it hurriedly over to the acting clerk, Capt. Wood. It was dashed off very hurridly, but after some time, upon adjusting and readjusting his specs several times, Captain Wood managed to make out that it was an ordinance providing for allowing the Omaha Cable railway the right of way over the Eleventh street viaduct under certain conditions. He started to read the document, and progressed satisfactorily for a few moments, and then stalled.

"What's the matter?" asked the city attorney, who was sitting on the front bench.

"I can't exactly make this out," replied Captain Wood, scratching his head.

"Let me try it," suggested Mr. Connell. "I'm afraid, though, that I can't read my own writing after it's cold.

His fears came very near being realized. He looked at the document earnestly for a moment, but its illegibility appeared to stump him. He grew red in the face, and appeared to be rather discocerted. Finally he deciphered the hieroglyphics, and the reading of the ordinance was finished.

"I think the ordinance ought to be passed to-night on a suspension of rules, because certain parties in the east are awaiting our action before coming out here to go ahead with the work of building the viaduct," said Mr. Schroeder.

"Let us wait and pass the ordinance regularly," suggested Mr. Ford. "We don't want to be too hasty in this matter."

"I agree with the gentleman from the Third," said Mr. Lee, "We ought to let this matter go till next week. I don't want any more lecturing from the mayor. He is only too ready to lecture us on slight provocation, anyway."

"That is not so," interposed Mr. Schroeder.

"It is so," returned Mr. Lee, warmly.

"I say it is not," jerked Mr. Schroeder, growing somewhat beet colored in the face, "Whenever we have been lectured by the mayor we have deserved it."

Several other councilmen aired their opinions on the matter, some being in favor of rushing the ordinance through, while othdrs were not.

City Attorney Connell, who drew up the ordinance, said that he thought there would be no harm in passing it at once. It was drawn up in such a way as to be entirely favorable to the city. The matter of rental for viaduct privileges was left undetermined, and could be settled easily when the proper time came.

Mr. S. R. Johnson, of the Cable Railway company, who was present, said that the Morse Bridge company wanted to know whether the cable railway was to cross the viaduct, in order to adjust their plans accordingly. So far as paying a bonus was concerned, Mr. Johnson thought that the cable company ought not to pay out any money in this direction at first, as their expenses in other ways would be very heavy.

The ordinance was referred to the committee on viaducts, to be reported on at Tuesday night's meeting. It may then be passed by a two-thirds vote, by a suspension of the rules.

The names of the newly appointed committees were read, as follows:

Judiciary—Goodman, Dailey, Bailey.

Finance and Claims—Dailey, Schroeder, Kaspar.

Grades and Grading—Lee, Manville, Lowry.

Streets and Alleys—Manville, Kaspar, Ford.

Police—Kaspar, Cheney, Goodman.

Public Property and Improvements—Cheney, Lee, Dailey.

Fire and Water Works—Goodrich, Lowry, Lee.

Gas and Electric Lights—Lowry, Goodrich, Schroeder.

Sidewalks and Bridges—Lee, Ford, Cheney.

Rules, Forms and Printing—Bailey, Goodman, Manville.

Sewerage—Ford, Bailey, Schroeder.

Paving, Curbing and Guttering—Bailey, Goodrich, Lowry.

Viadvducts and Railways—Schroeder, Kaspar, Goodrich.

Special Committee on Boulevards—Schroeder, Goodman, Daily, Goodrich, Lee.

Mr. Bailey made a motion that the board of public works be instructed to readvertise for curbing bids, inasmuch as the district court had just decided that the board could not award the Berea sandstone contract to Murphy, Creighton & Co. This motion was so amended that the matter was referred to the committee on curbing, paving and guttering, for report at the next meeting.

The council then adjourned.

"EXERT A GOOD INFLUENCE."

The Rev. Mr. Bitler Preaches Upon This Theme at the Revival.

The clouds cleared away last night in time to bring out a fair sized attendance at the exposition building. The air in the hall was cool enough to make overcoats and shawls comfortable. There was a larger proportion of men present than upon any of the previous meetings. This was perhaps owing to the fact that the christianity of the women was not sufficient to elevate to a pitch above the thick layers of mud in the streets. In fact, from the looks of the rubber boots of some of the men it seemed wonderful that anybody could be present.

Two ruddy cheeked boys, with pompadour, a new accession to the choir, sat at the right of the stage and furnished the tenor. Mr. Bitler's voice was ubiquitious. He had the faculty of helping out the weak parts of the choir, in fact seemed at times to think that the four parts were not enough, for his tones were occasionally either two or three notes off the proper key. This was undoubtedly due to the severe strain put upon his throat during the last two weeks.

After a short song service Mr. Joplin opened the exercises with a short, fervent prayer, the burden of which was thankfulness for the already great results of the revival.

The half has never yet been told was the refrain which gave the audience to believe that the managers were not dissatisfied with the results of the revival and that the meetings would be continued for some time to come. The Rev. Mr. McKaig announced that the young ladies would meet at the First M. E. church Sunday afternoon, the young men would meet in the exposition building, while at the same time the older Christians would collect in the First Baptist church and pray for the success of the two meetings.

During the evening a special prayer for reporters was requested and brought from Mr. Bitler the ejaculation, "God bless the reporters." The Rev. Mr. McKaig then knelt dangerously near the front of the platform and prayed that the request might be granted.

"None of us liveth to himself and no man dieth to himself," was the text which served as a basis.

The teaching of the text is that every one of us has an influence that must be exerted. "It is not only exerted while we are living, but even after we are dead and gone. The influences live on even after our bodies are dust in the ground."

The speaker continued in this strain and urged the congregation to exert their influences only for good. In concluding, he urged those in the audience who desired to become Christians to come forward. The invitation met with a few responses who were worked over by the brethren with more or less success.

SEWER CONTRACTS.

The Board of Public Works Open the Bids For Sewer Work.

The board of public works opened the bids for sewer work as advertised yesterday afternoon. There were some sixteen bids sent in. A regular meeting of the board will be held to-day, when, in all probability, the following bids being the lowest, will be accepted and contracts let accordingly:

Names.	No. feet.	Dist.	Amt.
J. E. Riley	3,950	24	$13,162.15
Jno. J. Daley	775	25	491.65
Mount & Griffin	19,404	26	29,015.74
J. E. Riley	7,984	27	16,358.79
Mount & Griffin	5,785	28	4,621.00
Mount & Griffin	1,820	29	1,805.40
Total	38,718		$65,514.73

The Promenade Concert.

At the promenade concert to be given at the exposition building tonight Mrs. J. W. Cotton, the new soprano in the choir at Trinity, will make her debut. The exercises will be participated in by the Lotus Glee club and the Musical Union orchestra. An excellent program has been prepared, the last numbers being arranged for dancing. These concerts, if the first is as great a success as it deserves to be, will be a feature during the summer. The admission is 25 cents and the management expect fully 3,000 people to be present.

Personal Paragraphs.

Ira Brashears, a prominent citizen of Chappell, Neb., is in the city.

W. F. Cody (Buffalo Bill) is in the city, stopping at the Canfield.

John M. Hoffman and O. M. Druse, of Lincoln, were at the Paxton yesterday

W. A. Ensign, Little Rock, Ark.; Jason Moreledge, Beatrice, are Canfield guests.

H. A. Dowe, deputy internal revenue collector, returned yesterday from a short visit to California.

W. A. Downey, R. A. Moore, F. C. Dildine, George R. Sherwood and John H. Roe, of Kearney, are at the Paxton.

F. A. Thiston, Long Pine; F. G. Brown, Sioux City; B. C. McKelley, Blair, and E. Landman, Hastings, are registered at the Millard.

Ex-Chief of Police Givins, Philadelphia, says Red Star Cough Cure is invaluable.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A writer in the Atlanta Constitution says he once heard Mr. Jefferson Davis reprimand a second in a duel who boasted that he had brought his principal out with flying colors, to the utter confusion of his antagonist, by a little piece of generalship. He explained that the seconds were supposed to be arbitrators, each representing both parties, and that it was the duties of the seconds to see perfect fairness, both in arranging terms of settlement and on the field.

JAMES PYLE'S
PEARLINE
The Great Invention,
For EASY WASHING,
IN HARD OR SOFT, HOT OR COLD WATER
Without Harm to FABRIC or HANDS,
and particularly adapted to *Warm Climates.*
No family, rich or poor, should be without it.
Sold by all Grocers, but *beware* of vile imitations. *PEARLINE* is manufactured only by
JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK.

A NEW PACKING HOUSE.

It Will Be Started By a Well Known Chicago Firm.

ENTERPRISING MONIED MEN.

New Brokerage House to be Started in Chicago by Omaha Capitalists—The Injunction Case Decision—Realty.

Fowler Bros.'s Packing House.

Fowler Bros., a large Chicago packing house firm, have decided to come to Omaha and build an extensive branch house here. The Firm is a solid one and means business. The new packing house will be three times the size of Boyd's and will pack all the year round. Being extensively known, they will ship direct from here to Liverpool and other foreign ports. This will be a great thing for cattlemen throughout twe state and the people of this city in particular.

ENTERPRISING CAPITALISTS.

A Brokerage Firm to Be Opened in Chicago by Boyd, Paxton & Boyd.

Messrs. J. E. Boyd, William A. Paxton and Samuel Boyd have decided to start a brokerage house in Chicago, Their offices have been engaged, and about the 20th inst. they will move in. The new firm will be located in the board of trade rooms. It is a big enterprise, and those at the head intend to make it a success.

THE INJUNCTION CASE.

Judge Wakeley's Decision as Rendered Yesterday.

As was mentioned in last nights BEE, Judge Wakely rendered his decision in the case of Brennan & Co. vs. the City of Omaha et al. yesterday. His decision enjoins the city from entering into any contract for paving and guttering with Murphy & Co., on the ground that Brennan & Co.'s is the lowest, and as the lowest bidders they should be given the contract. The decision reads as follows:

In the district court of Douglas county:
Edward Brennan et al
vs.
The City of Omaha, et al.

An application for injunction. It is held as follows:

1. By the charter of this city it is required that all grading, paving, macadamizing or guttering for which a special tax is to be levied shall be done by contract with the lowest responsible bidder. The work in question comes under this provision.

2. It is the settled law in this state, under decisions of the supreme court as it is so decided elsewhere in numerous cases, that such a provision is mandatory, leaving no discretion in the public body or authority to disregard it, and it is hidd that obedience to it can be compelled by mandamus, and when unnecesary disobedience of it can be prevented by injunction.

3. In this case bids were advertised for and made for curbing the streets ordered to be paved this year; and the plaintiffs in due form bid to put in the curbing with Berea sand stone at 7¾ cents per lineal foot. Murphy & Co., bid to do it in part for 90 cents, and in part for 94 cents per foot with Colorado sand stone. The bid of Murphy & Co., was the lowest; and it is here sought to enjoin the city from letting the contract to them under that award.

4. The board of public works had, previous to the bidding, graded or classified various kinds of stone as follows:

Granite, $1.00 or	$1.25
Colorado sand stone, 85c or	1.03½
Berea sand stone, 75c of	93¾

And other stones not necessary to mention.

By a simple and easy calculation it is demonstrated that, according to the proportionate efficiency and value as issued by the board, and in view of which the bids were made, the bid of Brennin & Co. was lower than that of Murphy & Co. A bid of 90 cents for Colorado sand stone is equal to, and no lower than a bid of 79-7-17-85, 75-90-79-7-17.

The solution of the board by deducting 90 cents from $1.03½ and 78¼ cents from 93¾ cents and determining that Murphy & Co. were the lowest bidders because 16¼ cents is a larger deduction than 15½ cents from the given standard of value in the two cases, is fallacious. It would lead to this result, that, if 1 cent a foot was bid for Berea and 10 cents a foot for Colorado stone, the latter would be the correct bid, because the deduction would be 96½ cents, against 92¾ cents from the respective standards of value, a result manifestly erroneous. And by other illustrations, equally convincing, the same result is arrived at.

5. The clause in Brennan & Co.'s bid, relative to extra grading is not a part of the bid for stone and does not affect it. But if this ought to be taken into account it would not change the result, because it is shown without construction that then the cost of this could not exceed $100, leaving their bid still lower than Murphy & Co.'s by several hundred dollars.

6. No other question necessary to be decided is presented by the record so far; and it follows that the injunction asked for should be allowed.

REAL ESTATE MATTERS.

What Was Done This Week, and a Few Pointers.

There is not much change in the real estate business, and the trade for the past week has been about the same as the week previous. The past four weeks real estate transactions have, however, been greatly in excess of the same period of a year ago, and prospects are good for an increased business this summer and fall. Several large sales are on foot, being mostly for good farming property throughout the state.

Here's a little pointer for real estate men. The other day a gentleman—a stranger in Omaha—bought some valuable property of an agent in the city, paying cash down for it. Yesterday he went to the recorder's office to have the deed recorded, but it was incorrect and could not be accepted. The deed had been made out by the agent. He rectified the mistake, however, and the man got the deed recorded. Now, this looks bad. Of course, the agent meant nothing, but still it looks bad, and for a short time the gentleman in question was under the impression that the agent had cheated him.

The largest sale reported this week is that of the corner of Seventeenth and Davenport streets, for $10,000, the purchaser being J. H. McShane.

The unpleasant reports from the big eastern railroad strike and other labor troubles keeping on, would-be buyers of Omaha property are getting very wary. This, it is thought, is entirely unnecessary, but it goes on. The bad weather retards business greatly.

In this connection it might be well to say something about manufacturers coming to Omaha to locate branch businesses, or move the main factory here. A BEE man, in conversation with several of the more prominent real estate agents yesterday, was told something that will seem pertinent to the question. These agents say that when a representative of one of the above firms come to Omaha they never see them, while if they did, some inducement would be offered them to come here. The Moline plow works man was looked for yesterday by two representative real estate agents with the object of offering him, gratis, a half acre of ground each, providing he locate the branch works in a certain part of the city. They, of course, intend to get a return by the increase in value of the property in that vicinity, but that is perfectly legitimate, and the offer, made in good faith, was very generous.

Following is what the agents say:

G. W. Ames—Business has been dull the past week. That must be admitted, but "better times are coming."

C. E. Mayne—Have not sold quite as much property this week as the previous one. Many things combined to cause this—the strike, inclement weather, etc.

Morse & Brunner—We are having as good a business as could be expected in such weather as this. The week opened auspicious, but the last two days have been dull.

Crum, Hervey & Co.—Business has been very fair. We have made preparations to make a change soon, however. Mr. Hervey will open a real estate agency at some point in McCook county, and Mr. Crum another in the northern part of the state.

Boggs & Hill—Trade with us has been good this week. We cannot complain.

J. L. McCague—Real estate business has been quiet the last two days. The first of the week we did quite a lively business. So much rain is bad for us land men.

AMUSEMENTS.

"A Bunch of Keys" Brings Out a Large Crowd at the Boyd.

"A Bunch of Keys" drew a large crowd at the Boyd last night who thoroughly enjoyed its whimsical eccentricities. It is thoroughly an amusing piece, but depends, perhaps, more upon the capabilities of its artists for its success than upon the intrinsic merit of the play. Eugene Canfield, as "Grimesy," made his customary hit, while Morietta Nash, as "Teddy Keys," sang and danced in a manner which delighted the audience and called forth repeated encores. The medleys sung by the company, as a whole, were catching, and some of them were rendered exquisitely. On the whole the performance was a great success. "A Bunch of Keys," will be repeated this afternoon and evening.

A Denial.

Editor BEE: At a regular meeting of the Plasterers' Union we resolved to reply to the item headed "Late Election," and signed "Workman." This gentleman calling himself a workman, states: "A cowardly action of a few paid loafers calling themselves members of the Plasterers' Union." It is generally conceded that the greatest thief always cries out stop thief first, and if we are not very much mistaken, this self-styled workman is a greater loafer than any man that worked against Manville the day of election. He further states that he don't think they will be willing to try on their little game again. He will always find us ready to try and defeat any enemy of organized labor of any craft. He further states that he would advise the Plasterers' union as a Boyd factor to keep their posters at home. We will inform those gentlemen that the Plasterers' Union does not require advice from this self-styled workingman. We defy him or any one else to prove, directly, or indirectly, that the Plasterers' or any of their friends that assisted them on that day were employed by J. E. Boyd or any party. The same cannot be said of the only one of our craft who acted as stool pigeon for Manville. In conclusion we will state that we can prove the statements of the posters, and we tender any person or persons doubting the statements an invitation to come any Friday evening to our meetings held at the K. of P. hall, corner Fourteenth and Douglas, and they will be verified.

C. P. LEONARD, Pres.
J. F. GLASGLOW, Sec.

OMAHA, Neb., April 16, 1886.

[We know the gentleman villified in the above to be a steady, hard-working laborer, and that he is no loafer, but supports a large family by the fruits of his own labor. ED. BEE.]

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The young men will meet for Bible study to-morrow morning at 9:15 o'clock. All young men earnestly invited.

The usual service will be held to-morrow at the county jail commencing at 1 o'clock. You can assist and encourage this work by your presence.

The meeting at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon at the Exposition building will be under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. and will take the place of the Gospel meeting usually held in the afternoon. At the Exposition building Mr. Bitler will give a special talk to young men only. About 10,000 tickets are being distributed and it is hoped that no young man will fail to receive one. Admission will be by ticket only, and any not receiving one should make it known to some member or the secretary, who will gladly furnish one to all desiring any.

The noon-day prayer meeting is now held from 12 to 1 o'clock. This week the attendance has more than doubled—it being so large that it has been necessary to hold it in the large hall. The increased attendance is certainly encouraging, and it is hoped it may still continue to become greater every day. Remember you are welcome to come a part of the hour if you cannot the whole time. Drop in and spend at least a few minutes.

The senators will meet for their weekly deliberations next Monday evening at the usual hour.

The monthly social of the association will be postponed for the present.

The following is an extract from an article in a St. Paul paper: "The Young Men's Christian association is being recognized all over the world as one of the grandest institutions in existence for young men, and in this country alone during the past twenty-five years nearly $5,000,000 have been contributed to erect buildings in which to carry on the business of the association. Prominent business men and philanthropists in this and other lands are not only lending their influence, but are contributing largely of their means for the support of the work."

Small Fire.

An alarm of fire was sent in at about 12:30 this morning, calling out fire companies 2 and 3 to a small conflagration on Sixteenth street, between Douglas and Dodge. The fire was in a building occupied by Sullivan Bros., Allen's fish market and Shaw's blacksmith shop. When first discovered a small hole had been burned in the floor of the blacksmith shop, one in the ceiling and the flames were coming out of the windows. After a few moments' work the firemen had the fire under control. The cause could not be ascertained. The loss will be small.

She Swore Out a Warrant.

A warrant has been issued by Justice Anderson for the arrest of Henry C. Lebbert, of McArdle precinct. The complaint was filed by the brother of Mary E. Neuhans, a girl living in the neighborhood, who complains that Lebbert is the father of an illegitimate child born to her day before yesterday. Lebbert has since been married, and as he comes of an excellent family the case will probably create considerable scandal.

The June Festival.

The leading singers for the June festival have nearly all been engaged. Madam Fursch Madi will sing the mezzo-soprano parts, Miss Hortense Pierse, of New York, the high soprano parts and Agnes Huntington, of the Boston Ideals, the alto parts, both in the oratorio, the concert and operatic selections. Charles Noak, of Chicago, will take the tenor part. The bass soloist has not yet been decided upon.

Brevities.

A dance will be given this evening at Gilmore.

The bank clearances yesterday amounted to $468,734.27.

Mr. Turkelson took the Lincoln train last night, and will try to find his boy.

Lon George was arrested yesterday fo an aggravated case of assault and battery on J. H. Donavin.

The school census for the city and county is being sent in very slowly. The last day for them to be in was Thursday, but several are still out.

An appeal has been taken from Judge McCulloch's decision in the case of C. S. Goodrich & Co. against I. Oberfelder & Co. by which the plaintiff was awarded $900.

Lieutenant Chase, General Howard's aide-de-camp, is visiting relatives in Neosho, Mo. He will arrive here on the 29th, and depart immediately for San Francisco.

All arrangements have been made for the Milwaukee-Omaha game to-day and the visiting team will arrive here this morning. If the weather be good the game will doubtless be largely attended.

Tim Driscoll was ordered out of town yesterday by Judge Stenberg. Tim has two grave failings—getting drunk and while in that condition having a good time with somebody else's horse and buggy.

O'Donnell and Sullivan, the old battery of the Omaha league team of last year, will play with the Milwaukee team in Sunday's game with the Union Pacifics. They are said to have greatly improved since last year.

Rev. Bitler will give the young men a private talk to-morrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at the exposition building. Admission will be by ticket only. They are being largely distributed, and may be obtained by any young man at the Y. M. C. A. reading room.

The internal revenue collector commenced issuing stamps yesterday for the ensuing year, commencing May 1. As the applications come in so rapidly toward the first of the month, the collector thinks best to start early. About 100 were issued yesterday.

The Buchanan Comedy company will open at the People's theater next Sunday, opening in Flirtations; change of program nightly. Grand parade next Monday. W. W. Williams, agent, is in town making arrangements for the opening of the company at the People's.

A man, named Elliott, was adjudged insane by the commission yesterday, but as he is very sick they asked the county commissioners to care for him here until he is well enough to be taken to the asylum at Lincoln. Probably he is afflicted with softening of the brain. He cannot be induced to speak a word.

William Niles, living on Eighteenth street, near Cuming, appeared in police court yesterday and complained of the depredations of a gang of small boys, who, he says, have been maliciously destroying property, throwing stones, etc., in that neighborhood. A policeman will be detailed to bring the youthful pests to time.

John Weith, a man who had up to Thursday been in the employ of Albert Nast, on Seventeenth and Williams street, was responsible for serious trouble in that quiet neighborhood last night. About half past nine Thursday he hauled up at the Nast mansion, and commenced firing his revolver in a very reckless manner. Mr. Nast told Weith to go off, whereupon the latter threatened to kill him. Just then the neighbors came to the rescue and drove off the shootist at a double quick pace. At 11 o'clock he came back and commenced firing his revolver again. He was driven off once more, and since that time has not returned. The police are on the lookout for him.

Not With That Show.

Detroit Free Press: An advertisement of "A party wanted to travel with a theatrical company as treasurer" brought about a meeting between a Detroiter and a theatrical man at a hotel the other day.

"Did you ever act in such capacity?" was asked.

"No, but I feel equal to the emergency."

"Oh, you do? How will you go to work to get us out on the road for our first stand?"

"Why, haven't you got any money?"

"Not a dollar. We may strike luck the first night, and we may do poor business for a week. Can you arrange to keep us along until we hit pay dirt?"

"I don't see how."

"And are you a talker? Can you get us out of a hotel where we are owing $25 and have nothing to pay with? Can you give owners of halls the grand stand-off? Can you fix it with ticket agents to pass us as dead-heads? When salary day comes around can you smooth it over with the kickers?"

"I—I don't believe I could."

"Nor I, either. Young man, go hence! Go out and strike a job of sawing wood, shoveling dirt or ditch-digging. You'll have less on your mind and more in your pocket."

"For economy anp comfort every spring, we use Hood's Sarsaparilla," writes a Buffalo, N. Y.) lady. 100 doses One Dollar.

Dr. Hamilton Warren, Eclectic Physician and Surgeon, Room 6, Crounse block, corner 16th and Capitol avenue Day and night calls promptly attented to

As an evidence that troubles never come singly the following is offered: Donald McKenzie, an employe in a quarry at Limestone, Ontario, was injured by a large stone, which, loosened by a thaw, fell from an elevation and struck him on the back of the head, bruising it badly. He fell forward with great force upon some sharp stones, by which an ugly gash was cut in his forehead. When thus prostrated the large stone rolled on his left leg, breaking it below the knee. The poor fellow also had one of the fingers of his left hand badly crushed, besides being badly injured about the chest.

The great triumphs of Maud S., are largely due to applications of St. Jacobs Oil.

The city of Berlin, with about the same population as New York, has 900,000 more square yards of streets than the American metropolis. It has comprehensive educational and charitable systems, and maintains twenty-three circulating libraries. Its annual municipal expenditures are under $10,000,000. The annual expenditures of New York are nearly $36,000,000, over $10,000,000 being required for salaries of office holders alone.

PERSONAL

"Have tested its virtues, personally, and know that for Dyspepsia, Biliousness and Throbbing Headache, it is the best medicine the world ever saw. Have tried forty other remedies before Simmons Liver Regulator and none of them gave more than temporary relief, but the Regulator not only relieved but cured."—Telegraph, Macon, Ga.

BAD BREATH.

Nothing is so unpleasant, none so common as Bad Breath, and in nearly every case it comes from the stomach, and can be so easily corrected if you take Simmons Liver Regulator. Do not neglect so sure a remedy for this repulsive disorder. It will also improve your appetite, complexion and general health.

Tired and Despondent.

"For some time my liver had been out of order, and I felt generally good for nothing. I was induced to try Simmons Liver Regulator. Its action was quick and thorough, and it imparted a brisk and vigorous feeling. It is an excellent remedy."—J. H. HILAND, Monroe, Iowa.

BETTER PRICES FOR WHEAT.

Chicago Bulls Succeed in Putting the Market Up Another Peg.

TRADING STRONG AND STEADY.

Other Grains and Provisions Follow in the Wake of Wheat—The Cattle Market Easier and Lower.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

CHICAGO, April 16.—[Special Telegram.]—The army of small shorts saved the day for the bulls. Before trading began there was some little disposition to continue the old-time bearing operations, but in spite of this talk May wheat opened only ⅛@¼c under the closing price last night, and this quotation later proved to be the bottom for the day. It was agreed on all sides that the strength came principally from the army of small shorts who chose to cover now rather than run the risk of further loss by reason of the advancing market, the indications being just about as good for the market to decline as to advance. The reaction from the opening prices, 76⅝c for May, to 77⅞c, were only fractional, and did not come in with great frequency. Thus it happened that no weakness could be drawn from the declines. More than usual is alleged to have been done in the way of export business at home. One house is said to have taken 300,000 bushels, but the time of shipment was not mentioned. Lester was one of the earliest buyers of any size in the wheat pit, and his appearance there was followed by that of several others cutting an equally wide swath in the grain market when they choose to make things interesting. They all gave the market more attention before noon than after that time. Wheat was held up to top figures by guesses that next week the visible supply would show a decrease of about 2,000,000 bushels. This and local buying advanced May to 78¼c shortly before 1 o'clock. The morning session closed strong and steady.

CORN—Corn was very slow and featureless, the market prices only moving ¼c, but in a general way following the course of wheat, ruling firm and closing higher than it opened.

PROVISIONS—Hogs were said to be in over abundant supply at the yards, but notwithstanding this the feature of the market here was sustained by strength in other directions. June pork opened at $9.12½ and sold to $9.22½, closing firm.

AFTERNOON BOARD—The afternoon markets were steady. Wheat sold up to the top again, but closed a shade off, and provisions advanced slightly.

Twenty-four open puts on May wheat 77⅝c, calls 78¾c.

Chandler-Brown Co.'s Report.

The following report of Chicago's speculative markets is furnished the BEE by W. P. Peck, Omaha representative of Chandler, Brown Co., of Chicago and Milwaukee:

Wheat opened easy at 76¾ for May, but soon formed on good demand for shipment and adavnced 1⅛c from opening, closing at 78 bid for May at 1 p. m. Mr. Miller wires "Every effort being made to break wheat. It is now on big crop basis. Chicago is under all markets in the world. Receipts are small and shipments large, and no one can offer a sane reason for selling. The only argument is, Cudahy says, it will reach 75c. I again say buy wheat."

New York reports 343,000 wheat inspected outstore in last four days, which will all be shipped and not put back. Some thought it was taken out to improve condition. Corn and provisions firm.

OPTIONS.	Opening	Highest.	Lowest.	Close.
WHEAT—				
April	76⅝	77	76	77
May	76¾	78¼	76¾	78
June	78⅞	80⅛	78⅝	79¾
July	81	82⅝	81	82
CORN—				
April	36⅛	36¾	36⅛	36¾
May	37⅛	37⅝	37⅛	37⅝
June	37⅞	38	37⅞	38
July	38⅞	39	38⅞	39
OATS—				
March	.....	.....	.....	.....
April	28⅛	28¾	28⅛	28¾
May	29⅝	29⅞	29⅝	29⅞
June	30⅛	30¼	30⅛	30¼
LARD—				
April	5 87	5 90	5 87	5 90
May	5 87	5 90	5 87	5 90
June	5 90	5 95	5 90	5 95
July	5 97	6 00	5 97	6 00
PORK—				
April	9 00	9 22	9 00	9 22
May	9 05	9 22	9 05	9 22
June	9 12	9 30	9 12	9