

HE'S GOT 'EM ON THE LIST.

The Names of the Participants in the Glove Contest.

DISASTROUS RAILWAY ACCIDENT

It Happened on the O. R. V. Road—Other Railroad Matters—A German's Disappointment—No Legal Lots in Omaha.

The Sheriff is "On."

There has been considerable speculation as to whether or not the authorities would take any action in regard to the contest with hard gloves which occurred a few miles outside the city last Sunday night or early Monday morning.

The matter has been brought to the notice of Sheriff Coburn, who has received a partial list of those who were present. He understands, however, that the contest was in no sense of the word a prize fight, that it was conducted in an orderly manner, and that neither of the principals were injured to any great extent.

Under no circumstances will action be taken until District Attorney Estelle returns, and it is exceedingly doubtful if he will, under the existing circumstances, be inclined to give the matter any serious attention.

Gen. Estabrook, upon being asked to explain, said: "The matter arose and was put in issue in a case in which I was concerned. The court decided that the law was such that there were no legal lots on which taxes could be lawfully collected, but said it was against public policy to so promptly establish the law, and it found something better and superior to law to base its judgment in that case—Bryant vs. Estabrook, reported in the 11th Nebraska. Mr. Hanson, concurring in the opinion, said: 'If there was not some way out of the muddle, I told him that San Francisco had been in a like condition, and that we could get out of it. The city had asked me if I could prepare an amendment to obviate the difficulty. The council passed a resolution that this should be done, and I did it. Andrew Stokesser and James Creighton changed the amendment slightly, but the essential features remained the same. The amendment provided that the council should have the power to create or organize a board of engineers to go out and find all the lines of the lots as they had been understood and agreed upon by the occupants and owners, to set stakes and establish monuments by which the location could be ascertained, and report to the council, which would then be subject to examination for three months, and if there were no objections such report was to be and remain the record of the city in all courts. It was then a matter of record. Nothing whatever whatever has been done by the city under that law. There were several amendments to the charter, one of which gave power to the council to collect the street railway to do certain things, and another gave the council the right to control railway crossing. The railroad and street car companies, united to resist the law, and they made this very point, which I have raised—to kill the entire bill. At a meeting of the street car and railroad officials, one of them said it was a scheme to get rid of paying taxes. In another bill pending the same question is involved with another very important point, to wit, the fact that after the Jones' survey, Byers was retained to conduct the survey, and make a map of the Byers' survey, a new map was issued, and Poppleton & Byers' map was made to conform to that. In that map the lots were changed on Ninth and Tenth streets so as to front north and south instead of east and west. That question is involved in a suit now pending and entitled Rhodes vs. Estabrook. It has been submitted to Judge Wakeley on briefs and arguments. I feel doubtful as to some of my views, I called on Thomas M. Cooley, of Michigan, who has given an elaborate opinion in this and other questions. In view of all this, it does seem strange that the officers of this city can be persuaded to go ahead without paying any attention whatever to the law in regard to monuments and stakes. It is a matter to be longer neglected."

NO LEGAL LOTS IN OMAHA.

Owing to the Non-Observance of a Law Passed by the Last Legislature. "Do you know that the city of Omaha is without a monument or record to reveal its location on the banks of the Missouri, or to show its legal lots, streets, alleys and blocks, and length and breadth of the same?" asked Gen. Estabrook of a Big representative. "And it seems strange," continued he, "that Mayor Boyd should have failed in his message to call the attention of the council to this fact and to impress upon that body the importance of taking action upon this matter."

Gen. Estabrook, upon being asked to explain, said: "The matter arose and was put in issue in a case in which I was concerned. The court decided that the law was such that there were no legal lots on which taxes could be lawfully collected, but said it was against public policy to so promptly establish the law, and it found something better and superior to law to base its judgment in that case—Bryant vs. Estabrook, reported in the 11th Nebraska. Mr. Hanson, concurring in the opinion, said: 'If there was not some way out of the muddle, I told him that San Francisco had been in a like condition, and that we could get out of it. The city had asked me if I could prepare an amendment to obviate the difficulty. The council passed a resolution that this should be done, and I did it. Andrew Stokesser and James Creighton changed the amendment slightly, but the essential features remained the same. The amendment provided that the council should have the power to create or organize a board of engineers to go out and find all the lines of the lots as they had been understood and agreed upon by the occupants and owners, to set stakes and establish monuments by which the location could be ascertained, and report to the council, which would then be subject to examination for three months, and if there were no objections such report was to be and remain the record of the city in all courts. It was then a matter of record. Nothing whatever whatever has been done by the city under that law. There were several amendments to the charter, one of which gave power to the council to collect the street railway to do certain things, and another gave the council the right to control railway crossing. The railroad and street car companies, united to resist the law, and they made this very point, which I have raised—to kill the entire bill. At a meeting of the street car and railroad officials, one of them said it was a scheme to get rid of paying taxes. In another bill pending the same question is involved with another very important point, to wit, the fact that after the Jones' survey, Byers was retained to conduct the survey, and make a map of the Byers' survey, a new map was issued, and Poppleton & Byers' map was made to conform to that. In that map the lots were changed on Ninth and Tenth streets so as to front north and south instead of east and west. That question is involved in a suit now pending and entitled Rhodes vs. Estabrook. It has been submitted to Judge Wakeley on briefs and arguments. I feel doubtful as to some of my views, I called on Thomas M. Cooley, of Michigan, who has given an elaborate opinion in this and other questions. In view of all this, it does seem strange that the officers of this city can be persuaded to go ahead without paying any attention whatever to the law in regard to monuments and stakes. It is a matter to be longer neglected."

RAIL NOTES.

A Disastrous Accident on the O. R. V.—Other Matters.

Telegrams were received yesterday in the office of the general superintendent of the Union Pacific announcing that the Lincoln express (No. 42) on the O. & R. V. branch, bound for Marysville, Kansas, was derailed that morning near Barneston by some cause unknown. The cars were badly used up. One child was instantly killed, and a gentleman had an arm broken. No further particulars of the affair are yet known.

PASSENGER AGENTS MEET.

The general passenger agents of roads in Nebraska held a meeting Tuesday at the B. & M. office in this city for the purpose of organizing a pool on Nebraska business. Those present were Messrs. Enstis, of the B. & M.; Stebbins, of the Union Pacific; Buchanan, of the Sioux City and Pacific; Teasdale, of the C., St. P. & O.; Gowen, of the St. Joe and Grand Island; and Townsend, of the Missouri Pacific. Nearly the entire day was devoted to a general discussion of the project and all agreed to enter into a contract for the maintenance of pooling rates. Matters are constantly coming up between the lines in this state requiring joint action to adjust and settle, consequently the suggestion to form an association for that purpose was received with approval and has been almost unanimously adopted. Another meeting will be held in a few days to complete and adopt the agreement.

THE NEIGHBORS WANT BARROWS.

Salt Lake Herald: It is generally understood that Mr. Barrows, the new joint ticket agent-elect, who came on to assume charge of the Union Pacific and Denver & Rio Grande lines, is a man who, since his arrival, has been conspicuous from his hobnobbing with ex-Gov. Murray, and his numerous statements relative to his "influence" and "power" in a political way will be returned to the seclusion that Omaha grants, and that the local business will be combined as intended, but conducted by Mr. Benson, the present Union Pacific agent as chief, with Mr. F. F. Eccles, the present Denver & Rio Grande man, as his assistant. Mr. Shelby and Mr. S. W. Eccles held a conference over the matter at Benson's office, and the prevailing impression in both places is that Mr. Barrows would not count pastboards in this section in any considerable way.

HE WAS DISAPPOINTED.

Story of a German who Expected an Inheritance. One of the most disappointed, not to say maddest men in Omaha yesterday was George Henry Swartzlander, an employe of the smelting works. His sad state of feelings was caused in this way.

About three years ago, George Henry was drafted to enlist in the German army. He gave up his calling and entered upon the life of a soldier. After a short time he grew tired of his lot and deserted the army, slipping over to America. He landed shortly thereafter in Omaha, where he has since been working.

A few weeks ago Swartzlander saw by an advertisement in a St. Louis paper that the German consul at Chicago had an official document addressed to him (Swartzlander). He came to Judge Weiss and told him the circumstances, remarking at the same time that he had no doubt but that the advertised letter contained information that he had fallen heir to a fortune in Germany. "You are sure of that, are you?" asked the judge.

"Yes," replied Swartzlander, "I am sure of it. I have been expecting the inheritance for some time and now I am positive it has come." Judge Weiss wrote to the consulate in Chicago, and Tuesday the official document came. It was enclosed in a registered letter. A looking into it, indeed, Swartzlander was sent for. He came into the room with a smile of eager expectancy on his face. The seal of the envelope was broken, and Judge Weiss

commenced reading. Gradually the smile on Swartzlander's face vanished. It gradually disappeared as if by a book of anguish, and inch by inch his jaw fell, until, by the time the judge finished reading the document, his face had assumed the proportions of a very long coffin. The document was nothing more than an official summons for Swartzlander to appear in Anspach, Bavaria, on Tuesday, Nov. 3, 1890, to answer to a charge of desertion from the German army. The papers were duly made out in the name of his royal highness, the king of Bavaria, and were registered with the high seal of state. Judge Weiss has written to the German authorities, stating that Swartzlander will not answer the summons on the date indicated. The court at Anspach will consequently pass sentence upon the deserter by default, and confiscate his property, if any can be found. In this way Swartzlander will lose the inheritance he is expecting, and furthermore, will be liable for a return to Germany, lest he should be arrested and made to serve out the sentence hanging over him.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Stray Leaves Gathered from the Reporter's Note Book.

"Do you know how I got these clothes?" said a bright little newsboy who appeared resplendent in a neat new suit. The reporter pleaded ignorance and the boy continued: "Yes, see 'leres more ways 'n one y' making money in every perfesh. De printers has wat dey call shylocks, who buy up de strings in advance, and dese same sort y' fellows in all de trades. I don't think it quite so de square, but I started in a month ago to get some new clothes. After buyin' my papers I had just fifty cents left, and wid dat as a starter got \$3. Y' see some of de boys shoot craps and play kerds, so sometimes dey'll come round in de mornin' to buy dey're papers. All I doois is just take 'em. Give 'em 50 cents in de mornin' on condition 't I give me 75 cents when dey gets sold out. Sometimes used ter have \$1.50 out in de mornin' and would make a nice little boodle. I had ter give de stuff I made from my papers ter my mother, but what I got on de side was mine. Did I get any more? Nothin' but it 'dough 'cause dey might make me give it up. At nights I use to keep de stuff in a hole in de wall and I take her up in de mornin'. Counted up yesterday and found I had just \$11.80—\$8 for a suit y' clothes, \$3 for a pair y' shoes and eighty cents fer to blow in."

THE GRAND LODGE.

Knights of Honor Now in Session—Some of the Proceedings.

The grand lodge of the Knights of Honor, of Nebraska, is now in session in this city. The first session was held Tuesday, at which time a committee on credentials was appointed and reported the names of those entitled to seats in the lodge as delegates from subordinate lodges throughout the state. Committees were appointed and a number of reports were referred to the proper committees without reading. About twenty visiting Knights were present, and a very instructive and enjoyable session was held.

The Gun Club.

The members of the Omaha gun club held their annual meeting Tuesday and elected officers and board of managers. The result is as follows: President, Jeff. W. Bedford; Vice President, Geo. W. Smith; Secretary and Treasurer, C. B. Lane; Board of Managers, Tom Cetter, Geo. Kay, Goodly Brucker. The club has decided to offer an elegant badge, and a \$125 gun as prizes for the first and second best averages made by the members during the coming season.

To Enforce the Sale.

The case of Paul Waack against Lovett & Woodman was on trial in the district court yesterday before Judge Wakeley. The suit is brought to compel the specific performance of a contract selling a piece of land in Wisco's addition to Omaha. WILLIAM WOODMAN, of Lincoln, Neb., writes, Nov. 24, 1883: "I have been afflicted with Hay Fever and Asthma since 1850. I followed your directions and am happy to say that I never slept better in my life. I am glad that I am cured of this disease. I can speak so favorably of your remedies. A valuable 64 page treatise containing similar cases and testimonials from Canada and Great Britain will be mailed upon application. Any suggestion not having it in stock will procure it."

DR. HAIR'S Asthma Cure.

This invaluable specific readily and permanently cures all kinds of asthma, the most obstinate and long standing cases yield promptly to its wonderful curing properties. It is known throughout the world for its unrivaled efficacy. J. F. ALDRELL, city of Lincoln, Neb., writes, Jan. 25, 1884: "Since using Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure, for more than one year, my wife has been entirely well, and not even a symptom of the disease has appeared. WILLIAM WOODMAN, of Lincoln, Iowa, writes, Nov. 24, 1883: "I have been afflicted with Hay Fever and Asthma since 1850. I followed your directions and am happy to say that I never slept better in my life. I am glad that I am cured of this disease. I can speak so favorably of your remedies. A valuable 64 page treatise containing similar cases and testimonials from Canada and Great Britain will be mailed upon application. Any suggestion not having it in stock will procure it."

THE FAMILY MARKET BASKET.

What the Thrifty Housewife Can Buy in the Local Markets—Prices. New cauliflower is one of the delicacies at present obtainable, though scarce, selling at from 30 to 35 cents per head. Onions are selling at 30 cents a peck, while yellow Salt Lake onions bring 40 cents. Parsley is sold at 5 cents a bunch. Parsnips at 25 cents a peck. New hot-house radishes 60 cents a dozen. Lettuce five heads for a quarter. New California celery in man-moth bunches sell from 15 to 20 cents per bunch. Spinach from the southern states has now made its appearance and sells for 35 cents a peck. New green onions, three bunches for a dime. Watercress 5 cents a bunch. Pie-plant 15 cents a bunch. Oyster plants, three and four bunches for 25 cents. Wisconsin cranberries, 10 cents a quart. choicest Cape Cod, 15 cents a quart. Jersey sweet potatoes, 60 cents per pound. Turnips 20 cents a peck. Rutabagas 3 cents per pound. Carrots 25 cents a peck. Salt Lake potatoes, 85 cents per bushel. Nebraska potatoes, from 60 to 75 cents. California asparagus sells at 25 cents per pound.

FRUITS.

New California oranges from 25 to 40 cents a dozen. California seedless oranges sell from 45 to 75 cents a dozen. Lemons bring from 25 to 35 cents, the outside price being for very choice ones. Bananas are worth from 25 to 35 cents a dozen.

FISH.

White fish and trout are selling for 15 cents a pound. Salmon steaks are worth 25 cents a pound. Fresh codfish is to be purchased for 15 cents a pound, while halibut steaks are worth 35 cents. Eels are worth 30 cents a pound. Flounders are worth 14 cents a pound. Striped bass are so scarce as to be unquoted. Sea perch are worth 12 1/2 cents a pound. Salt codfish tongues sell for 12 cents a pound. Fresh fish are just coming in for the season. They sell at 25 cents per pound. North river shad are now to be purchased; they are arriving in finer condition than this market has ever seen them. They sell at \$1 each for roe and 45 cents each for bucks.

MEAT, POULTRY AND GAME.

The best cuts of sirloin sell for 15 cents; rumps and upper part of round steak at 12 1/2. Roasting ribs, firm and juicy, can be bought from 10 to 13 cents. Veal is extremely scarce and comes high, from 15 to 20 cents, according to the choiceness of the part. Sweet breads can be purchased at 35 cents a pair. Corn beef is selling at from 7 to 10 cents, according to cuts. Prime leg of mutton can be had for 12 1/2 cents; mutton chops 12 1/2 to 15 cents. Ham is worth 12 1/2 cents in bulk, 20 cents sliced. Pork, 10 to 12 cents. Sausage, 10 to 12 cents. Venison, rich and juicy, can be purchased for 20 cents.

BUTTER AND EGGS.

Butter, from 20 to 30 cents a pound. The latter price is for the best creamery. West Point butter, of the finer brand, sells for 25 cents. Eggs have a standard price of 10 and 2 cents a dozen.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE FOR STOCK OF HARD WARE AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Wanted to exchange for stock of hard ware and general merchandise, 500 acres of fine Thayer county (Neb.) land; five lots in Genoa (Neb.), good store building (best corner); good building (best location) in Essex (Iowa); also eighty acres one-half mile from town of Essex (Iowa), seeded in blue grass. For further particulars, address John Linderholm, Central City, Nebraska.

Haubens Talks About Lange.

Henry Haubens, the clerk in the First National bank who was fined \$10 and costs by Judge Stenberg, Tuesday for assaulting R. C. Lange, was asked this morning for his version of the affair. "I've got nothing to say about the matter," said he. "You can publish whatever you please."

"How did you happen to hit him?" "Oh! just because he got in my way. He had no business down by the cracker factory. I live there, he don't. I know what he was doing there, because he's been there before. I won't say what he was doing, but if he ever gets in my way again I'll give him another licking. Let him sue for damages. I can pay him all the damages he'll get. If he wants my money to keep him it won't be the first time he's lived on his friends."

Mr. Haubens said that there was not a woman in the case, and instead of being accompanied by a lady he was alone when the affair occurred.

Public sale of Short Horn cattle at Lincoln, Neb., April 14, 1887. Fifteen cows and heifers and twenty bulls. For catalogues apply to Col. F. M. Woods, Lincoln, Neb., or Williams & Lacy, Laconia, Iowa.

THE GRAND LODGE.

Knights of Honor Now in Session—Some of the Proceedings.

The grand lodge of the Knights of Honor, of Nebraska, is now in session in this city. The first session was held Tuesday, at which time a committee on credentials was appointed and reported the names of those entitled to seats in the lodge as delegates from subordinate lodges throughout the state. Committees were appointed and a number of reports were referred to the proper committees without reading. About twenty visiting Knights were present, and a very instructive and enjoyable session was held.

The Gun Club.

The members of the Omaha gun club held their annual meeting Tuesday and elected officers and board of managers. The result is as follows: President, Jeff. W. Bedford; Vice President, Geo. W. Smith; Secretary and Treasurer, C. B. Lane; Board of Managers, Tom Cetter, Geo. Kay, Goodly Brucker. The club has decided to offer an elegant badge, and a \$125 gun as prizes for the first and second best averages made by the members during the coming season.

To Enforce the Sale.

The case of Paul Waack against Lovett & Woodman was on trial in the district court yesterday before Judge Wakeley. The suit is brought to compel the specific performance of a contract selling a piece of land in Wisco's addition to Omaha. WILLIAM WOODMAN, of Lincoln, Neb., writes, Nov. 24, 1883: "I have been afflicted with Hay Fever and Asthma since 1850. I followed your directions and am happy to say that I never slept better in my life. I am glad that I am cured of this disease. I can speak so favorably of your remedies. A valuable 64 page treatise containing similar cases and testimonials from Canada and Great Britain will be mailed upon application. Any suggestion not having it in stock will procure it."

DR. HAIR'S Asthma Cure.

This invaluable specific readily and permanently cures all kinds of asthma, the most obstinate and long standing cases yield promptly to its wonderful curing properties. It is known throughout the world for its unrivaled efficacy. J. F. ALDRELL, city of Lincoln, Neb., writes, Jan. 25, 1884: "Since using Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure, for more than one year, my wife has been entirely well, and not even a symptom of the disease has appeared. WILLIAM WOODMAN, of Lincoln, Iowa, writes, Nov. 24, 1883: "I have been afflicted with Hay Fever and Asthma since 1850. I followed your directions and am happy to say that I never slept better in my life. I am glad that I am cured of this disease. I can speak so favorably of your remedies. A valuable 64 page treatise containing similar cases and testimonials from Canada and Great Britain will be mailed upon application. Any suggestion not having it in stock will procure it."

THE FAMILY MARKET BASKET.

What the Thrifty Housewife Can Buy in the Local Markets—Prices. New cauliflower is one of the delicacies at present obtainable, though scarce, selling at from 30 to 35 cents per head. Onions are selling at 30 cents a peck, while yellow Salt Lake onions bring 40 cents. Parsley is sold at 5 cents a bunch. Parsnips at 25 cents a peck. New hot-house radishes 60 cents a dozen. Lettuce five heads for a quarter. New California celery in man-moth bunches sell from 15 to 20 cents per bunch. Spinach from the southern states has now made its appearance and sells for 35 cents a peck. New green onions, three bunches for a dime. Watercress 5 cents a bunch. Pie-plant 15 cents a bunch. Oyster plants, three and four bunches for 25 cents. Wisconsin cranberries, 10 cents a quart. choicest Cape Cod, 15 cents a quart. Jersey sweet potatoes, 60 cents per pound. Turnips 20 cents a peck. Rutabagas 3 cents per pound. Carrots 25 cents a peck. Salt Lake potatoes, 85 cents per bushel. Nebraska potatoes, from 60 to 75 cents. California asparagus sells at 25 cents per pound.

FRUITS.

New California oranges from 25 to 40 cents a dozen. California seedless oranges sell from 45 to 75 cents a dozen. Lemons bring from 25 to 35 cents, the outside price being for very choice ones. Bananas are worth from 25 to 35 cents a dozen.

FISH.

White fish and trout are selling for 15 cents a pound. Salmon steaks are worth 25 cents a pound. Fresh codfish is to be purchased for 15 cents a pound, while halibut steaks are worth 35 cents. Eels are worth 30 cents a pound. Flounders are worth 14 cents a pound. Striped bass are so scarce as to be unquoted. Sea perch are worth 12 1/2 cents a pound. Salt codfish tongues sell for 12 cents a pound. Fresh fish are just coming in for the season. They sell at 25 cents per pound. North river shad are now to be purchased; they are arriving in finer condition than this market has ever seen them. They sell at \$1 each for roe and 45 cents each for bucks.

MEAT, POULTRY AND GAME.

The best cuts of sirloin sell for 15 cents; rumps and upper part of round steak at 12 1/2. Roasting ribs, firm and juicy, can be bought from 10 to 13 cents. Veal is extremely scarce and comes high, from 15 to 20 cents, according to the choiceness of the part. Sweet breads can be purchased at 35 cents a pair. Corn beef is selling at from 7 to 10 cents, according to cuts. Prime leg of mutton can be had for 12 1/2 cents; mutton chops 12 1/2 to 15 cents. Ham is worth 12 1/2 cents in bulk, 20 cents sliced. Pork, 10 to 12 cents. Sausage, 10 to 12 cents. Venison, rich and juicy, can be purchased for 20 cents.

Haubens Talks About Lange.

Henry Haubens, the clerk in the First National bank who was fined \$10 and costs by Judge Stenberg, Tuesday for assaulting R. C. Lange, was asked this morning for his version of the affair. "I've got nothing to say about the matter," said he. "You can publish whatever you please."

"How did you happen to hit him?" "Oh! just because he got in my way. He had no business down by the cracker factory. I live there, he don't. I know what he was doing there, because he's been there before. I won't say what he was doing, but if he ever gets in my way again I'll give him another licking. Let him sue for damages. I can pay him all the damages he'll get. If he wants my money to keep him it won't be the first time he's lived on his friends."

Mr. Haubens said that there was not a woman in the case, and instead of being accompanied by a lady he was alone when the affair occurred.

Public sale of Short Horn cattle at Lincoln, Neb., April 14, 1887. Fifteen cows and heifers and twenty bulls. For catalogues apply to Col. F. M. Woods, Lincoln, Neb., or Williams & Lacy, Laconia, Iowa.

THE GRAND LODGE.

Knights of Honor Now in Session—Some of the Proceedings.

The grand lodge of the Knights of Honor, of Nebraska, is now in session in this city. The first session was held Tuesday, at which time a committee on credentials was appointed and reported the names of those entitled to seats in the lodge as delegates from subordinate lodges throughout the state. Committees were appointed and a number of reports were referred to the proper committees without reading. About twenty visiting Knights were present, and a very instructive and enjoyable session was held.

The Gun Club.

The members of the Omaha gun club held their annual meeting Tuesday and elected officers and board of managers. The result is as follows: President, Jeff. W. Bedford; Vice President, Geo. W. Smith; Secretary and Treasurer, C. B. Lane; Board of Managers, Tom Cetter, Geo. Kay, Goodly Brucker. The club has decided to offer an elegant badge, and a \$125 gun as prizes for the first and second best averages made by the members during the coming season.

To Enforce the Sale.

The case of Paul Waack against Lovett & Woodman was on trial in the district court yesterday before Judge Wakeley. The suit is brought to compel the specific performance of a contract selling a piece of land in Wisco's addition to Omaha. WILLIAM WOODMAN, of Lincoln, Neb., writes, Nov. 24, 1883: "I have been afflicted with Hay Fever and Asthma since 1850. I followed your directions and am happy to say that I never slept better in my life. I am glad that I am cured of this disease. I can speak so favorably of your remedies. A valuable 64 page treatise containing similar cases and testimonials from Canada and Great Britain will be mailed upon application. Any suggestion not having it in stock will procure it."

DR. HAIR'S Asthma Cure.

This invaluable specific readily and permanently cures all kinds of asthma, the most obstinate and long standing cases yield promptly to its wonderful curing properties. It is known throughout the world for its unrivaled efficacy. J. F. ALDRELL, city of Lincoln, Neb., writes, Jan. 25, 1884: "Since using Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure, for more than one year, my wife has been entirely well, and not even a symptom of the disease has appeared. WILLIAM WOODMAN, of Lincoln, Iowa, writes, Nov. 24, 1883: "I have been afflicted with Hay Fever and Asthma since 1850. I followed your directions and am happy to say that I never slept better in my life. I am glad that I am cured of this disease. I can speak so favorably of your remedies. A valuable 64 page treatise containing similar cases and testimonials from Canada and Great Britain will be mailed upon application. Any suggestion not having it in stock will procure it."

THE FAMILY MARKET BASKET.

What the Thrifty Housewife Can Buy in the Local Markets—Prices. New cauliflower is one of the delicacies at present obtainable, though scarce, selling at from 30 to 35 cents per head. Onions are selling at 30 cents a peck, while yellow Salt Lake onions bring 40 cents. Parsley is sold at 5 cents a bunch. Parsnips at 25 cents a peck. New hot-house radishes 60 cents a dozen. Lettuce five heads for a quarter. New California celery in man-moth bunches sell from 15 to 20 cents per bunch. Spinach from the southern states has now made its appearance and sells for 35 cents a peck. New green onions, three bunches for a dime. Watercress 5 cents a bunch. Pie-plant 15 cents a bunch. Oyster plants, three and four bunches for 25 cents. Wisconsin cranberries, 10 cents a quart. choicest Cape Cod, 15 cents a quart. Jersey sweet potatoes, 60 cents per pound. Turnips 20 cents a peck. Rutabagas 3 cents per pound. Carrots 25 cents a peck. Salt Lake potatoes, 85 cents per bushel. Nebraska potatoes, from 60 to 75 cents. California asparagus sells at 25 cents per pound.

FRUITS.

New California oranges from 25 to 40 cents a dozen. California seedless oranges sell from 45 to 75 cents a dozen. Lemons bring from 25 to 35 cents, the outside price being for very choice ones. Bananas are worth from 25 to 35 cents a dozen.

FISH.

White fish and trout are selling for 15 cents a pound. Salmon steaks are worth 25 cents a pound. Fresh codfish is to be purchased for 15 cents a pound, while halibut steaks are worth 35 cents. Eels are worth 30 cents a pound. Flounders are worth 14 cents a pound. Striped bass are so scarce as to be unquoted. Sea perch are worth 12 1/2 cents a pound. Salt codfish tongues sell for 12 cents a pound. Fresh fish are just coming in for the season. They sell at 25 cents per pound. North river shad are now to be purchased; they are arriving in finer condition than this market has ever seen them. They sell at \$1 each for roe and 45 cents each for bucks.

MEAT, POULTRY AND GAME.

The best cuts of sirloin sell for 15 cents; rumps and upper part of round steak at 12 1/2. Roasting ribs, firm and juicy, can be bought from 10 to 13 cents. Veal is extremely scarce and comes high, from 15 to 20 cents, according to the choiceness of the part. Sweet breads can be purchased at 35 cents a pair. Corn beef is selling at from 7 to 10 cents, according to cuts. Prime leg of mutton can be had for 12 1/2 cents; mutton chops 12 1/2 to 15 cents. Ham is worth 12 1/2 cents in bulk, 20 cents sliced. Pork, 10 to 12 cents. Sausage, 10 to 12 cents. Venison, rich and juicy, can be purchased for 20 cents.

PURE PRICE'S CREAM. MOST PERFECT MADE. Prepared with special regard to health. No Ammonia, Lipo or Alum. PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

OMAHA MEDICAL INSTITUTE. FOR THE TREATMENT OF ALL Chronic & Surgical Diseases. DR. MCENAMANY, Proprietor. We have the facilities, apparatus and remedies for the successful treatment of every form of chronic disease.

Best Goods in the Market. Rockford Silver Plate Company. Ask for our goods and see that the bear our trade mark.

DR. HAIR'S Asthma Cure. This invaluable specific readily and permanently cures all kinds of asthma, the most obstinate and long standing cases yield promptly to its wonderful curing properties.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS. A medicinal beverage of superior flavor, now and ever the most refreshing and healthful.

F. M. ELLIS & Co. Architects and Building Superintendent. OMAHA, NEB., and DES MOINES, IA.

OMAHA BRANCH OF Crne Bro's. Manufacturing Company. CHICAGO, ILLS., MANUFACTURERS OF AND JOBBERS IN Wrought Iron Pipes, Pumps, Belting and Hose.

Steam and Gas Fitters and Plumbers, Elevators and Factories. 14th and Dodge St., Omaha, Nebraska.

Western Mutual Benevolent Association. BEATRICE, NEBRASKA. THE LEADING ASSOCIATION OF THE WEST. CASH CAPITAL, PAID UP IN FULL, \$100,000.00. GROSS ASSETS, DECEMBER 31st, 1885, 150,826.30.

A certificate of membership in this Association furnishes benefit at the lowest cost. Men and women, between the ages of 17 and 65 years, who are in good health, may become members. There is no changing from one class to another, and assessments do not increase with advancing age. The Company has a guaranteed fund of \$100,000 paid up in cash, which is an additional security to that furnished by any company in the United States.

The Strength of This Association Consists of GUARANTEE FUND, RESERVE FUND, GRADED RATES, SELECTED RISKS, TONTINE SYSTEM, LIFE PLAN. The cost of life protection in this company is less than any company in the United States.

OFFICE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS, STATE OF NEBRASKA. LINCOLN, February 1, 1885. It is hereby certified that the Western Mutual Benevolent Association Insurance Company, of Beatrice, in the State of Nebraska, has complied with the insurance law of this state, and is authorized to transact the business of life insurance in this state for the current year.

Omaha National Bank, the company's financial agent, at Omaha, Nebraska. OLIVER C. SABIN, Secretary and General Manager, BEATRICE, NEBRASKA. OTIS HAYNES, Agent at Omaha.

THE TOWN OF SOUTH OMAHA. Fine Business Lots at the South End, and Beautiful Residence Lots! In the north end of this Town. Two and one half miles from the Omaha post-office.

1,000 LOTS FOR SALE. These are Quarter Acre Lots. (Taking into consideration the streets and alleys), and are sold One Quarter Down, Balance in 2 and 3 years at 7 per cent